6-1372-03 See HB 253

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1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to the statewide assessment
3	program for public schools; amending s.
4	1008.22, F.S.; revising provisions relating to
5	the design and implementation of the FCAT;
6	requiring universal design principles that will
7	prevent unintended obstacles for students with
8	disabilities; providing field testing and
9	analysis requirements; requiring the
10	Commissioner of Education to expand the
11	statewide assessment program to include
12	multiple assessment options leading to a
13	standard high school diploma for students with
14	disabilities; requiring development of
15	assessment options; providing for student
16	accommodations when taking the FCAT or
17	alternate assessments; providing for an appeals
18	process; specifying features and methods for
19	implementation of alternate assessment options
20	for students with disabilities; requiring the
21	commissioner to establish a State
22	Accommodations Panel to review, consider,
23	approve, or disapprove new testing
24	accommodations; providing duties of the panel;
25	providing that the commissioner shall require
26	school districts to be accountable for all
27	students and to provide certain remediation;
28	providing requirements relating to assessment
29	scores; providing an effective date.
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31	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

 Section 1. Paragraph (c) of subsection (3) of section 1008.22, Florida Statutes, is amended, and paragraphs (g) and (h) are added to that subsection, to read:

1008.22 Student assessment program for public schools.--

- (3) STATEWIDE ASSESSMENT PROGRAM.--The commissioner shall design and implement a statewide program of educational assessment that provides information for the improvement of the operation and management of the public schools, including schools operating for the purpose of providing educational services to youth in Department of Juvenile Justice programs. Pursuant to the statewide assessment program, the commissioner shall:
- (c) Develop and implement a student achievement testing program known as the Florida Comprehensive Assessment Test (FCAT) as part of the statewide assessment program, to be administered annually in grades 3 through 10 to measure reading, writing, science, and mathematics. Other content areas may be included as directed by the commissioner. The testing program must be designed so that:
- 1. The tests measure student skills and competencies adopted by the State Board of Education as specified in paragraph (a). The tests must measure and report student proficiency levels of all students in reading, writing, mathematics, and science. The commissioner shall provide for the tests to be developed or obtained, as appropriate, through contracts and project agreements with private vendors, public vendors, public agencies, postsecondary educational institutions, or school districts. The commissioner shall obtain input with respect to the design and implementation of

 the testing program from state <u>regular and exceptional student</u> educators, assistive technology experts, and the public.

- 2. The testing program will include a combination of norm-referenced and criterion-referenced tests and include, to the extent determined by the commissioner, questions that require the student to produce information or perform tasks in such a way that the skills and competencies he or she uses can be measured.
- 3. Each testing program, whether at the elementary, middle, or high school level, includes a test of writing in which students are required to produce writings that are then scored by appropriate and timely methods.
- 4. A score is designated for each subject area tested, below which score a student's performance is deemed inadequate. The school districts shall provide appropriate remedial instruction to students who score below these levels.
- 5. Students must earn a passing score on the grade 10 assessment test described in this paragraph in reading, writing, and mathematics to qualify for a standard regular high school diploma. The State Board of Education shall designate a passing score for each part of the grade 10 assessment test. In establishing passing scores, the state board shall consider any possible negative impact of the test on minority students. All students who took the grade 10 FCAT during the 2000-2001 school year shall be required to earn the passing scores in reading and mathematics established by the State Board of Education for the March 2001 test administration. Such students who did not earn the established passing scores and must repeat the grade 10 FCAT are required to earn the passing scores established for the March 2001 test administration. All students who take the grade 10 FCAT for

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30 31 the first time in March 2002 and thereafter shall be required to earn the passing scores in reading and mathematics established by the State Board of Education for the March 2002 test administration. The State Board of Education shall adopt rules which specify the passing scores for the grade 10 FCAT. Any such rules, which have the effect of raising the required passing scores, shall only apply to students taking the grade 10 FCAT after such rules are adopted by the State Board of Education.

Participation in the testing program is mandatory for all students attending public school, including students served in Department of Juvenile Justice programs, except as otherwise prescribed by the commissioner. If a student does not participate in the statewide assessment, the district must notify the student's parent and provide the parent with information regarding the implications of such nonparticipation. If modifications are made in the student's instruction to provide modifications accommodations that would not be permitted on the statewide assessment tests, the district must notify the student's parent of the implications of such instructional modifications. A parent must provide signed consent for a student to receive instructional modifications that would not be permitted on the statewide assessment assessments and must acknowledge in writing that he or she understands the implications of such modifications accommodations. The State Board of Education shall adopt rules, based upon recommendations of the commissioner, for the provision of test accommodations and modifications of procedures as necessary for students in exceptional education programs and for students who have limited English

proficiency. Accommodations that negate the validity of a statewide assessment are not allowable.

- 7. A student seeking an adult high school diploma must meet the same testing requirements that a regular high school student must meet.
- 8. District school boards must provide instruction to prepare students to demonstrate proficiency in the skills and competencies necessary for successful grade-to-grade progression and high school graduation. If a student is provided with accommodations or modifications that are not allowable in the statewide assessment program, as described in the test manuals, the district must inform the parent in writing and must provide the parent with information regarding the impact on the student's ability to meet expected proficiency levels in reading, writing, and math. The commissioner shall conduct studies as necessary to verify that the required skills and competencies are part of the district instructional programs.
- 9. The Department of Education must develop, or select, and implement a common battery of assessment tools that will be used in all juvenile justice programs in the state. These tools must accurately measure the skills and competencies established in the Florida Sunshine State Standards.

The commissioner may design and implement student testing programs, for any grade level and subject area, necessary to effectively measure educational achievements as established in the Sunshine State Standards monitor educational achievement in the state. Development and refinement shall include universal design principles that will prevent any unintended

obstacles for students with disabilities. The field testing process and psychometric analyses for the statewide assessment program formats must include students with disabilities and an evaluation or determination of the impact of test items on such students.

- assessment options leading to a standard high school diploma, including the current version of the FCAT with a broad array of reasonable accommodations and alternate assessment options for students with disabilities to demonstrate their achievement of the skills and competencies of the Sunshine State Standards. Alternate assessment options, such as a portfolio assessment, juried assessment, oral or capability-focused presentation or demonstration, and web-based assessment, shall be developed by the Department of Education to measure the same Sunshine State Standard benchmarks measured by the FCAT.
- a. School districts shall provide students with disabilities any reasonable accommodation when taking the FCAT or any alternate assessment within the statewide assessment program that has been included as part of the student's individual education plan (IEP) or Section 504 plan and that cannot be demonstrated by the State Accommodations Panel to jeopardize the reliability, validity, or security of the FCAT and that is routinely used in the classroom.
- b. School districts shall be monitored to ensure that they offer and implement testing modifications that are included within student IEPs and Section 504 plans.
- 29 <u>c. Only options and formats within the statewide</u>
 30 <u>assessment program that are developed to be valid for</u>
 31 measuring assessment progress toward the benchmarks of the

Sunshine State Standards and that reliably measure the performance of students with disabilities shall be administered to such students.

- d. The scores of students with disabilities shall not be singled out or flagged in the statewide assessment program reporting process regardless of the assessment format used.
- e. Statewide assessment development and selection of test items shall include persons with disabilities, experts knowledgeable about testing students in the various disabilities, and persons knowledgeable about assistive technology for students with disabilities.
- f. A well-defined, well-communicated appeals process shall be developed and implemented so that students with disabilities may appeal certain issues and decisions, including, but not limited to: denial of eligibility for an alternate assessment leading to a standard or special high school diploma; type of alternate assessment to be used; scoring process; disapproval of testing accommodations; failure to implement an approved accommodation; and use of FCAT scores for promotion.
- g. All students with disabilities shall be included in all school-level activities related to statewide assessment test preparation and school-level remediation activities.
- 2. Provide for alternate assessment options that have the following features and methods for implementation:
- a. An alternate assessment must be a state uniform system of assessing the achievement and progress of students with disabilities in grades 3 through 10 for whom the FCAT, even with expanded accommodations and formats, is not appropriate.

b. An alternate assessment leading to a standard diploma must measure the same areas in reading, writing, science, and mathematics in grade 10 as the FCAT measures.

- c. An alternate assessment must be developed, field tested, validated, and implemented by the State Board of Education, following established guidelines and standards for sound test development and administration.
- d. An alternate assessment must have specific criteria for what is addressed, how it is measured, observed, and documented, and how it is scored. The State Board of Education shall develop the scoring process and scoring rubrics appropriate to each type of assessment, grade level, and content area, including reading, writing, science, and mathematics. The State Board of Education shall be responsible for scoring to ensure consistency across all schools and districts.
- e. Students who are eligible to participate in an alternate assessment must be required to demonstrate the same high levels of performance expected of other students for student progression and to meet the requirements for graduation. Scores on an alternate assessment that are comparable to specific FCAT achievement levels for student progression in grades 3 through 10 and for graduation shall be established by the State Board of Education.
- g. Students who participate in an alternate assessment option within the statewide assessment program must be eligible for all of the programs, services, and activities as students who participate in the FCAT.

h. Specific student eligibility criteria shall be established by the State Board of Education in collaboration with a representative group of school district and school educators. Once criteria are established, a student's IEP team or Section 504 team must determine if the student is eligible to participate in the alternate assessment, and for which mode or option.

- i. School districts must inform IEP and Section 504 team members, including parents, regarding alternate assessment options within the statewide assessment program.
- 3. Establish a State Accommodations Panel to review, consider, approve, or disapprove new testing accommodations requested by an IEP team or 504 team through the school districts. The State Accommodations Panel shall include a parent, a state testing expert, a state exceptional student education representative, a researcher, a teacher, an assistive technology expert, and other area or content specialists depending on the type of accommodation being considered by the panel. The State Accommodations Panel shall:
- a. Establish a timely process for decisionmaking, including documentation for requesting and receiving approval or disapproval for requested accommodations.
- b. Approve assessment accommodations that are part of the student's IEP plan or 504 plan unless research-based evidence demonstrates that the accommodation invalidates the score interpretation.
- c. Disseminate an annual update of approved and disapproved testing accommodations to parents and school districts using a variety of dissemination mechanisms.
- d. Review annual reports required by the Department of Education from school districts about reasonable

accommodations utilized for students with disabilities within the school districts during any statewide assessment program component administration. e. Eliminate the discrepancy between accommodations available to students in postsecondary education that are not presently available during the statewide assessment program administration. (h) Require school districts to be accountable for the academic progress of all students and to provide any necessary remediation for students who do not meet grade-level benchmarks relative to the Sunshine State Standards. Assessment scores for all students with disabilities shall be included in the reporting procedures as well as the accountability system of the statewide assessment program. Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2003.