An act relating to sentencing; amending s. 921.16, F.S.; prohibiting a court from directing that a sentence be served coterminously with a sentence imposed by another court or a court of another state; removing provisions providing for notification to another jurisdiction in the event of a coterminous sentence; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Section 921.16, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

921.16 When sentences to be concurrent and when consecutive.--

charged in the same indictment, information, or affidavit or in consolidated indictments, informations, or affidavits shall serve the sentences of imprisonment concurrently unless the court directs that two or more of the sentences be served consecutively. Sentences of imprisonment for offenses not charged in the same indictment, information, or affidavit shall be served consecutively unless the court directs that two or more of the sentences be served concurrently. Any sentence for sexual battery as defined in chapter 794 or murder as defined in s. 782.04 must be imposed consecutively to any other sentence for sexual battery or murder which arose out of a separate criminal episode or transaction.

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1	(2) A county court or circuit court of this state may
2	direct that the sentence imposed by such court be served
3	concurrently with a sentence imposed by a court of another
4	state or of the United States or, for purposes of this
5	section, concurrently with a sentence to be imposed in another
6	jurisdiction. In such case, the Department of Corrections may
7	designate the correctional institution of the other
8	jurisdiction as the place for reception and confinement of
9	such person and may also designate the place in Florida for
10	reception and confinement of such person in the event that
11	confinement in the other jurisdiction terminates before the
12	expiration of the Florida sentence. The sheriff shall forward
13	commitment papers and other documents specified in s. 944.17
14	to the department. Upon imposing such a sentence, the court
15	shall notify the Parole Commission as to the jurisdiction in
16	which the sentence is to be served. Any prisoner so released
17	to another jurisdiction shall be eligible for consideration
18	for parole by the Parole Commission pursuant to the provisions
19	of chapter 947, except that the commission shall determine the
20	presumptive parole release date and the effective parole
21	release date by requesting such person's file from the
22	receiving jurisdiction. Upon receiving such records, the
23	commission shall determine these release dates based on the
24	relevant information in that file and shall give credit toward
25	reduction of the Florida sentence for gain-time granted by the
26	jurisdiction where the inmate is serving the sentence. The
27	Parole Commission may concur with the parole release decision
28	of the jurisdiction granting parole and accepting supervision.
29	(3) A county court or circuit court of this state may

state or imposed by a court of another state. In the event the court directs the Florida sentence to be coterminous as well as concurrent with a sentence in another jurisdiction, the department shall notify the other jurisdiction of the department's interest in the offender until the offender has satisfied the commitment in the other jurisdiction, or the Florida sentence has expired, whichever occurs first. This interest does not prevent or interfere with any program participation approved by the other jurisdiction, nor does it prohibit parole or any similar release granted by the other jurisdiction. If the offender is paroled by the other jurisdiction, or the sentence is otherwise interrupted prior to satisfaction, the department shall maintain an interest until supervision is terminated or the sentence has been satisfied. Section 2. This act shall take effect October 1, 2003, and shall apply to offenses committed on or after that date.

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.