1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to health care; providing a 3 short title; requiring the Agency for Workforce 4 Innovation to establish a pilot program for 5 delivery of certified geriatric specialty 6 nursing education; specifying eligibility 7 requirements for certified nursing assistants to obtain certified geriatric specialty nursing 8 9 education; specifying requirements for the education of certified nursing assistants to 10 prepare for certification as a certified 11 12 geriatric specialist; creating a Certified Geriatric Specialty Nursing Initiative Steering 13 14 Committee; providing for the composition of and 15 manner of appointment to the Certified Geriatric Specialty Nursing Initiative Steering 16 17 Committee; providing responsibilities of the 18 steering committee; providing for reimbursement 19 for per diem and travel expenses; requiring the 20 Agency for Workforce Innovation to conduct or 21 contract for an evaluation of the pilot program for delivery of certified geriatric specialty 22 23 nursing education; requiring the evaluation to include recommendations regarding the expansion 24 25 of the delivery of certified geriatric 26 specialty nursing education in nursing homes; 27 requiring the Agency for Workforce Innovation 28 to report to the Governor and Legislature 29 regarding the status and evaluation of the 30 pilot program; creating s. 464.0125, F.S.; providing definitions; providing requirements 31

for persons to become certified geriatric 1 2 specialists; specifying fees; providing for 3 articulation of geriatric specialty nursing 4 coursework and practical nursing coursework; 5 providing practice standards and grounds for 6 which certified geriatric specialists may be 7 subject to discipline by the Board of Nursing; creating restrictions on the use of 8 9 professional nursing titles; prohibiting the use of certain professional titles; providing 10 penalties; authorizing approved nursing 11 12 programs to provide education for the preparation of certified geriatric specialists 13 14 without further board approval; authorizing certified geriatric specialists to supervise 15 the activities of others in nursing home 16 17 facilities according to rules by the Board of Nursing; revising terminology relating to 18 19 nursing to conform to the certification of geriatric specialists; amending s. 381.00315, 20 21 F.S.; revising requirements for the 22 reactivation of the licenses of specified 23 health care practitioners in the event of public health emergency to include certified 24 geriatric specialists; amending s. 400.021, 25 26 F.S.; including services provided by a certified geriatric specialist within the 27 28 definition of nursing service; amending s. 29 400.211, F.S.; revising requirements for persons employed as nursing assistants to 30 conform to the certification of certified 31

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geriatric specialists; amending s. 400.23, F.S.; specifying that certified geriatric specialists shall be considered licensed nursing staff; authorizing licensed practical nurses to supervise the activities of certified geriatric specialists in nursing home facilities according to rules adopted by the Board of Nursing; amending s. 409.908, F.S.; revising the methodology for reimbursement of Medicaid program providers to include services of certified geriatric specialists; amending s. 458.303, F.S.; revising exceptions to the practice of medicine to include services delegated to a certified geriatric specialist under specified circumstances; amending s. 1009.65, F.S.; revising eligibility for the Medical Education Reimbursement and Loan Repayment Program to include certified geriatric specialists; amending s. 1009.66, F.S.; revising eligibility requirements for the Nursing Student Loan Forgiveness Program to include certified geriatric specialists; providing an appropriation; amending s. 464.201, F.S.; defining terms; amending s. 464.202, F.S.; authorizing the Board of Nursing to adopt rules regarding the practice and supervision of certified nursing assistants; creating the James and Esther King Center for Universal Research to Eradicate Disease; providing intent and duties; creating an advisory council; amending s. 215.5602, F.S.;

expanding the long-term goals and funding of 1 2 the Florida Biomedical Research Program to include the cure of specified diseases; 3 4 creating the Florida Cancer Research 5 Cooperative; providing for a board of 6 directors; providing the cooperative's mission 7 and duties; amending s. 484.0512, F.S.; providing a criminal penalty for failure of a 8 9 seller to refund within a specified time moneys required to be refunded to a purchaser for the 10 return or attempted return of a hearing aid; 11 12 providing a definition; amending s. 456.073, F.S.; providing that a state prisoner must 13 14 exhaust all available administrative remedies before filing a complaint with the Department 15 of Health against a health care practitioner 16 17 who is providing health care services within 18 the Department of Corrections, unless the 19 practitioner poses a serious threat to the health or safety of a person who is not a state 20 21 prisoner; requiring the Department of Health to 22 be notified if a health care practitioner is 23 disciplined or allowed to resign for a practice-related offense; requiring the 24 25 Division of Medical Quality Assurance of the 26 Department of Health to conduct a study of 27 clinical and academic training requirements of 28 certified optometric practitioners; providing 29 for appointment of members; requiring a report to be submitted to the Governor and 30 Legislature; amending s. 465.0265, F.S.; 31

providing requirements for the filing of 1 2 prescriptions by pharmacies that are under 3 common ownership or that have a contractual 4 relationship with one another; specifying 5 requirements for exceptions to prescription 6 transfers between certain pharmacies; amending 7 s. 466.006, F.S.; allowing certain dental students to take the examinations required to 8 9 practice dentistry in this state under specified conditions; providing a prerequisite 10 to licensure of such students; creating s. 11 12 466.0065, F.S.; allowing certain dental students to take regional licensure 13 14 examinations under specified conditions; 15 restricting the applicability of examination results to licensing in other jurisdictions; 16 17 requiring approval by the Board of Dentistry and providing prerequisites to such approval; 18 19 creating the "Nick Oelrich Gift of Life Act"; amending s. 765.512, F.S., relating to 20 21 anatomical gifts; prohibiting modification of a donor's intent; providing that a donor document 22 23 is legally binding; authorizing specified persons to furnish a donor's medical records 24 upon request; amending s. 765.516, F.S.; 25 26 revising procedures by which the terms of an anatomical gift may be amended or the gift may 27 be revoked; amending s. 765.401, F.S.; 28 29 providing additional persons who may be given a proxy for the making of health care decisions; 30 requiring review by the facility's bioethics 31

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committee of decisions to withhold or withdraw life-prolonging procedures; requiring documentation of efforts to locate certain proxies; amending s. 641.19, F.S.; providing that the term "specialty" does not include the services of a licensed chiropractic physician for purposes of the regulation of managed care; amending s. 1004.43, F.S.; authorizing the establishment of for-profit subsidiaries of the governing corporation; providing that the contract with the State Board of Education shall permit the use of lands and facilities for research, education, treatment, prevention, and early detection of cancer; authorizing the governing corporation and its subsidiaries to obtain their own property insurance coverage; providing that certain appropriations shall be paid directly to the board of directors of the governing corporation; changing the appointing authority for certain members of the council of scientific advisors; providing an effective date.

222324

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 2. <u>Certified Geriatric Specialist Preparation</u>
29 Pilot Program.--

(1) The Agency for Workforce Innovation shall establish a pilot program for delivery of geriatric nursing

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

education to certified nursing assistants who wish to become certified geriatric specialists. The agency shall select two pilot sites in nursing homes that have received the Gold Seal designation under section 400.235, Florida Statutes; have been designated as a teaching nursing home under section 430.80, Florida Statutes; or have not received a class I or class II deficiency within the 30 months preceding application for this program.

- (2) To be eligible to receive geriatric nursing education, a certified nursing assistant must have been employed by a participating nursing home for at least 1 year and have received a high school diploma or its equivalent.
- (3) The education shall be provided at the worksite and in coordination with the certified nursing assistant's work schedule.
- (4) Faculty shall provide the instruction under an approved nursing program pursuant to section 464.019, Florida Statutes.
- (5) The education shall prepare the certified nursing assistant to meet the requirements for certification as a geriatric specialist. The didactic and clinical education shall include all portions of the practical nursing curriculum pursuant to section 464.019, Florida Statutes, except for pediatric and obstetric/maternal-child education, and shall include additional education in the care of ill, injured, or infirm geriatric patients and the maintenance of health, the prevention of injury, and the provision of palliative care for geriatric patients.

Section 3. <u>Certified Geriatric Specialty Nursing</u>
Initiative Steering Committee.--

| 1 | (1) In order to guide the implementation of the |
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| 2 | Certified Geriatric Specialist Preparation Pilot Program, |
| 3 | there is created a Certified Geriatric Specialty Nursing |
| 4 | Initiative Steering Committee. The steering committee shall be |
| 5 | composed of the following members: |
| 6 | (a) The chair of the Board of Nursing or his or her |
| 7 | designee; |
| 8 | (b) A representative of the Agency for Workforce |
| 9 | Innovation, appointed by the Director of Workforce Innovation; |
| 10 | (c) A representative of Workforce Florida, Inc., |
| 11 | appointed by the chair of the Board of Directors of Workforce |
| 12 | Florida, Inc.; |
| 13 | (d) A representative of the Department of Education, |
| 14 | appointed by the Secretary of Education; |
| 15 | (e) A representative of the Agency for Health Care |
| 16 | Administration, appointed by the Secretary of Health Care |
| 17 | Administration; |
| 18 | (f) The Director of the Florida Center for Nursing; |
| 19 | and |
| 20 | (g) A representative of a Gold Seal nursing home that |
| 21 | is not one of the pilot program sites, appointed by the |
| 22 | Secretary of Health Care Administration. |
| 23 | (2) The steering committee shall: |
| 24 | (a) Provide consultation and guidance to the Agency |
| 25 | for Workforce Innovation on matters of policy during the |
| 26 | implementation of the pilot program; and |
| 27 | (b) Provide oversight to the evaluation of the pilot |
| 28 | program. |
| 29 | (3) Members of the steering committee are entitled to |
| 30 | reimbursement for per diem and travel expenses under section |

31 <u>112.061</u>, Florida Statutes.

(4) The steering committee shall complete its 1 activities by June 30, 2006, and the authorization for the 2 3 steering committee ends on that date. 4 Section 4. Evaluation of the Certified Geriatric 5 Specialist Preparation Pilot Program. -- The Agency for 6 Workforce Innovation, in consultation with the Certified 7 Geriatric Specialty Nursing Initiative Steering Committee, 8 shall conduct, or contract for an evaluation of the pilot 9 program. The agency shall ensure that an evaluation report is submitted to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and 10 the Speaker of the House of Representatives by January 1, 11 12 2006. The evaluation must address the experience and success of the certified nursing assistants in the pilot program and 13 14 must contain recommendations regarding the expansion of the 15 delivery of geriatric nursing education in nursing homes. Section 5. Reports. -- The Agency for Workforce 16 17 Innovation shall submit status reports and recommendations regarding legislation necessary to further the implementation 18 19 of the pilot program to the Governor, the President of the 20 Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives on 21 January 1, 2004, January 1, 2005, and January 1, 2006. 22 Section 6. Section 464.0125, Florida Statutes, is 23 created to read: 464.0125 Certified geriatric specialists; 24 25 certification requirements. --26 (1) DEFINITIONS; RESPONSIBILITIES. --27 (a) As used in this section, the term: 28 1. "Certified geriatric specialist" means a person who 29 meets the qualifications specified in this section and who is 30 certified by the board to practice as a certified geriatric 31 specialist.

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2. "Geriatric patient" means any patient who is 60 years of age or older.

- "Practice of certified geriatric specialty nursing" means the performance of selected acts in facilities licensed under part II or part III of chapter 400, including the administration of treatments and medications, in the care of ill, injured, or infirm geriatric patients and the promotion of wellness, maintenance of health, and prevention of illness of geriatric patients under the direction of a registered nurse, a licensed physician, a licensed osteopathic physician, a licensed podiatric physician, or a licensed dentist. The scope of practice of a certified geriatric specialist includes the practice of practical nursing as defined in s. 464.003 for geriatric patients only, except for any act in which instruction and clinical knowledge of pediatric nursing or obstetric/maternal-child nursing is required. A certified geriatric specialist, while providing nursing services in facilities licensed under part II or part III of chapter 400, may supervise the activities of certified nursing assistants and other unlicensed personnel providing services in such facilities in accordance with rules adopted by the board.
- (b) The certified geriatric specialist shall be responsible and accountable for making decisions that are based upon the individual's educational preparation and experience in performing certified geriatric specialty nursing.
 - (2) CERTIFICATION. --
- (a) Any certified nursing assistant desiring to be certified as a certified geriatric specialist shall apply to the department and submit proof that he or she holds a current

certificate as a certified nursing assistant under this part and has satisfactorily completed the following requirements:

- 1. Is in good mental and physical health, is a recipient of a high school diploma or its equivalent and has completed the requirements for graduation from an approved program for nursing or its equivalent, as determined by the board, for the preparation of licensed practical nurses, except for instruction and clinical knowledge of pediatric nursing or obstetric/maternal-child nursing. Any program that is approved on July 1, 2003, by the board for the preparation of registered nurses or licensed practical nurses may provide education for the preparation of certified geriatric specialists without further board approval.
- 2. Has the ability to communicate in the English language, which may be determined by an examination given by the department.
- 3. Has provided sufficient information, which must be submitted by the department for a statewide criminal records correspondence check through the Department of Law Enforcement.
- (b) Each applicant who meets the requirements of this subsection shall, unless denied pursuant to s. 464.018, be entitled to certification as a certified geriatric specialist. The board shall certify, and the department shall issue a certificate to practice as a certified geriatric specialist to, any certified nursing assistant meeting the qualifications in this section. The board shall establish an application fee not to exceed \$100 and a biennial renewal fee not to exceed \$50. The board may adopt rules to administer this section.
- (c) A person receiving certification under this
 section shall:

- 1. Work only within the confines of a facility licensed under part II or part III of chapter 400.
 - 2. Care for geriatric patients only.
- 3. Comply with the minimum standards of practice for nurses and be subject to disciplinary action for violations of s. 464.018.
- (3) ARTICULATION.--Any certified geriatric specialist who completes the additional instruction and coursework in an approved nursing program pursuant to s. 464.019 for the preparation of practical nursing in the areas of pediatric nursing and obstetric/maternal-child nursing shall, unless denied pursuant to s. 464.018, be entitled to licensure as a licensed practical nurse if the applicant otherwise meets the requirements of s. 464.008.
- (4) TITLES AND ABBREVIATIONS; RESTRICTIONS;
 PENALTIES.--
- (a) Only persons who hold certificates to practice as certified geriatric specialists in this state or who are performing services within the practice of certified geriatric specialty nursing pursuant to the exception set forth in s. 464.022(8) shall have the right to use the title "Certified Geriatric Specialist" and the abbreviation "C.G.S."
- (b) No person shall practice or advertise as, or assume the title of, certified geriatric specialist or use the abbreviation "C.G.S." or take any other action that would lead the public to believe that person was certified as such or is performing services within the practice of certified geriatric specialty nursing pursuant to the exception set forth in s. 464.022(8), unless that person is certified to practice as such.

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(c) A violation of this subsection is a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

(5) VIOLATIONS AND PENALTIES.--Practicing certified geriatric specialty nursing, as defined in this section, without holding an active certificate to do so constitutes a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

Section 7. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 381.00315, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

381.00315 Public health advisories; public health emergencies.—The State Health Officer is responsible for declaring public health emergencies and issuing public health advisories.

- (1) As used in this section, the term:
- "Public health emergency" means any occurrence, or threat thereof, whether natural or man made, which results or may result in substantial injury or harm to the public health from infectious disease, chemical agents, nuclear agents, biological toxins, or situations involving mass casualties or natural disasters. Prior to declaring a public health emergency, the State Health Officer shall, to the extent possible, consult with the Governor and shall notify the Chief of Domestic Security Initiatives as created in s. 943.03. The declaration of a public health emergency shall continue until the State Health Officer finds that the threat or danger has been dealt with to the extent that the emergency conditions no longer exist and he or she terminates the declaration. However, a declaration of a public health emergency may not continue for longer than 60 days unless the Governor concurs in the renewal of the declaration. The State Health Officer,

upon declaration of a public health emergency, may take actions that are necessary to protect the public health. Such actions include, but are not limited to:

- 1. Directing manufacturers of prescription drugs or over-the-counter drugs who are permitted under chapter 499 and wholesalers of prescription drugs located in this state who are permitted under chapter 499 to give priority to the shipping of specified drugs to pharmacies and health care providers within geographic areas that have been identified by the State Health Officer. The State Health Officer must identify the drugs to be shipped. Manufacturers and wholesalers located in the state must respond to the State Health Officer's priority shipping directive before shipping the specified drugs.
- 2. Notwithstanding chapters 465 and 499 and rules adopted thereunder, directing pharmacists employed by the department to compound bulk prescription drugs and provide these bulk prescription drugs to physicians and nurses of county health departments or any qualified person authorized by the State Health Officer for administration to persons as part of a prophylactic or treatment regimen.
- 3. Notwithstanding s. 456.036, temporarily reactivating the inactive license of the following health care practitioners, when such practitioners are needed to respond to the public health emergency: physicians licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459; physician assistants licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459; certified geriatric specialists certified under part I of chapter 464; licensed practical nurses, registered nurses, and advanced registered nurse practitioners licensed under part I of chapter 464; respiratory therapists licensed under part V of chapter 468;

and emergency medical technicians and paramedics certified under part III of chapter 401. Only those health care practitioners specified in this paragraph who possess an unencumbered inactive license and who request that such license be reactivated are eligible for reactivation. An inactive license that is reactivated under this paragraph shall return to inactive status when the public health emergency ends or prior to the end of the public health emergency if the State Health Officer determines that the health care practitioner is no longer needed to provide services during the public health emergency. Such licenses may only be reactivated for a period not to exceed 90 days without meeting the requirements of s. 456.036 or chapter 401, as applicable.

- 4. Ordering an individual to be examined, tested, vaccinated, treated, or quarantined for communicable diseases that have significant morbidity or mortality and present a severe danger to public health. Individuals who are unable or unwilling to be examined, tested, vaccinated, or treated for reasons of health, religion, or conscience may be subjected to quarantine.
- a. Examination, testing, vaccination, or treatment may be performed by any qualified person authorized by the State Health Officer.
- b. If the individual poses a danger to the public health, the State Health Officer may subject the individual to quarantine. If there is no practical method to quarantine the individual, the State Health Officer may use any means necessary to vaccinate or treat the individual.

Any order of the State Health Officer given to effectuate this paragraph shall be immediately enforceable by a law enforcement officer under s. 381.0012.

Section 8. Subsection (14) of section 400.021, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

400.021 Definitions.--When used in this part, unless the context otherwise requires, the term:

(14) "Nursing service" means such services or acts as may be rendered, directly or indirectly, to and in behalf of a person by individuals as defined in $\underline{ss.s.}464.003$ and $\underline{464.0125}$.

Section 9. Subsection (1) of section 400.211, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

400.211 Persons employed as nursing assistants; certification requirement.--

(1) To serve as a nursing assistant in any nursing home, a person must be certified as a nursing assistant under part II of chapter 464, unless the person is a registered nurse, a or practical nurse, or a certified geriatric specialist certified or licensed in accordance with part I of chapter 464 or an applicant for such licensure who is permitted to practice nursing in accordance with rules adopted by the Board of Nursing pursuant to part I of chapter 464.

Section 10. Paragraphs (a) and (c) of subsection (3) of section 400.23, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

400.23 Rules; evaluation and deficiencies; licensure status.--

(3)(a) The agency shall adopt rules providing for the minimum staffing requirements for nursing homes. These requirements shall include, for each nursing home facility, a minimum certified nursing assistant staffing of 2.3 hours of

direct care per resident per day beginning January 1, 2002, increasing to 2.6 hours of direct care per resident per day 2 beginning January 1, 2003, and increasing to 2.9 hours of 3 4 direct care per resident per day beginning January 1, 2004. 5 Beginning January 1, 2002, no facility shall staff below one certified nursing assistant per 20 residents, and a minimum 6 7 licensed nursing staffing of 1.0 hour of direct resident care per resident per day but never below one licensed nurse per 40 8 9 residents. For purposes of computing nursing staffing minimums and ratios, certified geriatric specialists shall be 10 considered licensed nursing staff. Nursing assistants employed 11 12 under s. 400.211(2) may be included in computing the staffing 13 ratio for certified nursing assistants only if they provide 14 nursing assistance services to residents on a full-time basis. 15 Each nursing home must document compliance with staffing standards as required under this paragraph and post daily the 16 17 names of staff on duty for the benefit of facility residents and the public. The agency shall recognize the use of licensed 18 19 nurses for compliance with minimum staffing requirements for certified nursing assistants, provided that the facility 20 otherwise meets the minimum staffing requirements for licensed 21 nurses and that the licensed nurses so recognized are 22 23 performing the duties of a certified nursing assistant. Unless otherwise approved by the agency, licensed nurses counted 24 towards the minimum staffing requirements for certified 25 26 nursing assistants must exclusively perform the duties of a 27 certified nursing assistant for the entire shift and shall not also be counted towards the minimum staffing requirements for 28 29 licensed nurses. If the agency approved a facility's request to use a licensed nurse to perform both licensed nursing and 30 certified nursing assistant duties, the facility must allocate 31

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the amount of staff time specifically spent on certified nursing assistant duties for the purpose of documenting compliance with minimum staffing requirements for certified and licensed nursing staff. In no event may the hours of a licensed nurse with dual job responsibilities be counted twice.

(c) Licensed practical nurses licensed under chapter 464 who are providing nursing services in nursing home facilities under this part may supervise the activities of other licensed practical nurses, certified geriatric specialists, certified nursing assistants, and other unlicensed personnel providing services in such facilities in accordance with rules adopted by the Board of Nursing.

Section 11. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 409.908, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

409.908 Reimbursement of Medicaid providers. -- Subject to specific appropriations, the agency shall reimburse Medicaid providers, in accordance with state and federal law, according to methodologies set forth in the rules of the agency and in policy manuals and handbooks incorporated by reference therein. These methodologies may include fee schedules, reimbursement methods based on cost reporting, negotiated fees, competitive bidding pursuant to s. 287.057, and other mechanisms the agency considers efficient and effective for purchasing services or goods on behalf of recipients. If a provider is reimbursed based on cost reporting and submits a cost report late and that cost report would have been used to set a lower reimbursement rate for a rate semester, then the provider's rate for that semester shall be retroactively calculated using the new cost report, and full payment at the recalculated rate shall be affected

retroactively. Medicare-granted extensions for filing cost reports, if applicable, shall also apply to Medicaid cost reports. Payment for Medicaid compensable services made on behalf of Medicaid eligible persons is subject to the availability of moneys and any limitations or directions provided for in the General Appropriations Act or chapter 216. Further, nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent or limit the agency from adjusting fees, reimbursement rates, lengths of stay, number of visits, or number of services, or making any other adjustments necessary to comply with the availability of moneys and any limitations or directions provided for in the General Appropriations Act, provided the adjustment is consistent with legislative intent.

(2)

- (b) Subject to any limitations or directions provided for in the General Appropriations Act, the agency shall establish and implement a Florida Title XIX Long-Term Care Reimbursement Plan (Medicaid) for nursing home care in order to provide care and services in conformance with the applicable state and federal laws, rules, regulations, and quality and safety standards and to ensure that individuals eligible for medical assistance have reasonable geographic access to such care.
- 1. Changes of ownership or of licensed operator do not qualify for increases in reimbursement rates associated with the change of ownership or of licensed operator. The agency shall amend the Title XIX Long Term Care Reimbursement Plan to provide that the initial nursing home reimbursement rates, for the operating, patient care, and MAR components, associated with related and unrelated party changes of ownership or

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licensed operator filed on or after September 1, 2001, are equivalent to the previous owner's reimbursement rate.

- The agency shall amend the long-term care reimbursement plan and cost reporting system to create direct care and indirect care subcomponents of the patient care component of the per diem rate. These two subcomponents together shall equal the patient care component of the per diem rate. Separate cost-based ceilings shall be calculated for each patient care subcomponent. The direct care subcomponent of the per diem rate shall be limited by the cost-based class ceiling, and the indirect care subcomponent shall be limited by the lower of the cost-based class ceiling, by the target rate class ceiling, or by the individual provider target. The agency shall adjust the patient care component effective January 1, 2002. The cost to adjust the direct care subcomponent shall be net of the total funds previously allocated for the case mix add-on. The agency shall make the required changes to the nursing home cost reporting forms to implement this requirement effective January 1, 2002.
- 3. The direct care subcomponent shall include salaries and benefits of direct care staff providing nursing services including registered nurses, licensed practical nurses, certified geriatric specialists, certified under part I of chapter 464, and certified nursing assistants who deliver care directly to residents in the nursing home facility. This excludes nursing administration, MDS, and care plan coordinators, staff development, and staffing coordinator.
- 4. All other patient care costs shall be included in the indirect care cost subcomponent of the patient care per diem rate. There shall be no costs directly or indirectly

allocated to the direct care subcomponent from a home office or management company.

- 5. On July 1 of each year, the agency shall report to the Legislature direct and indirect care costs, including average direct and indirect care costs per resident per facility and direct care and indirect care salaries and benefits per category of staff member per facility.
- 6. In order to offset the cost of general and professional liability insurance, the agency shall amend the plan to allow for interim rate adjustments to reflect increases in the cost of general or professional liability insurance for nursing homes. This provision shall be implemented to the extent existing appropriations are available.

It is the intent of the Legislature that the reimbursement plan achieve the goal of providing access to health care for nursing home residents who require large amounts of care while encouraging diversion services as an alternative to nursing home care for residents who can be served within the community. The agency shall base the establishment of any maximum rate of payment, whether overall or component, on the available moneys as provided for in the General Appropriations Act. The agency may base the maximum rate of payment on the results of scientifically valid analysis and conclusions derived from objective statistical data pertinent to the particular maximum rate of payment.

Section 12. Subsection (2) of section 458.303, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

458.303 Provisions not applicable to other practitioners; exceptions, etc.--

(2) Nothing in s. 458.301, s. 458.303, s. 458.305, s. 458.307, s. 458.309, s. 458.311, s. 458.313, s. 458.319, s. 458.321, s. 458.327, s. 458.329, s. 458.331, s. 458.337, s. 458.339, s. 458.341, s. 458.343, s. 458.345, or s. 458.347 shall be construed to prohibit any service rendered by a registered nurse, or a licensed practical nurse, or a certified geriatric specialist certified under part I of chapter 464, if such service is rendered under the direct supervision and control of a licensed physician who provides specific direction for any service to be performed and gives final approval to all services performed. Further, nothing in this or any other chapter shall be construed to prohibit any service rendered by a medical assistant in accordance with the provisions of s. 458.3485.

Section 13. Subsection (1) and paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 1009.65, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1009.65 Medical Education Reimbursement and Loan Repayment Program.--

(1) To encourage qualified medical professionals to practice in underserved locations where there are shortages of such personnel, there is established the Medical Education Reimbursement and Loan Repayment Program. The function of the program is to make payments that offset loans and educational expenses incurred by students for studies leading to a medical or nursing degree, medical or nursing licensure, or advanced registered nurse practitioner certification or physician assistant licensure. The following licensed or certified health care professionals are eligible to participate in this program: medical doctors with primary care specialties, doctors of osteopathic medicine with primary care specialties,

physician's assistants, <u>certified geriatric specialists</u>
<u>certified under part I of chapter 464</u>, licensed practical
nurses and registered nurses, and advanced registered nurse
practitioners with primary care specialties such as certified
nurse midwives. Primary care medical specialties for
physicians include obstetrics, gynecology, general and family
practice, internal medicine, pediatrics, and other specialties
which may be identified by the Department of Health.

- (2) From the funds available, the Department of Health shall make payments to selected medical professionals as follows:
- (a) Up to \$4,000 per year for certified geriatric specialists certified under part I of chapter 464, licensed practical nurses, and registered nurses, up to \$10,000 per year for advanced registered nurse practitioners and physician's assistants, and up to \$20,000 per year for physicians. Penalties for noncompliance shall be the same as those in the National Health Services Corps Loan Repayment Program. Educational expenses include costs for tuition, matriculation, registration, books, laboratory and other fees, other educational costs, and reasonable living expenses as determined by the Department of Health.

Section 14. Subsection (2) of section 1009.66, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1009.66 Nursing Student Loan Forgiveness Program.--

(2) To be eligible, a candidate must have graduated from an accredited or approved nursing program and have received a Florida license as a licensed practical nurse, a certified geriatric specialist certified under part I of chapter 464, or a registered nurse or a Florida certificate as an advanced registered nurse practitioner.

Section 15. The sum of \$157,017 is appropriated from the General Revenue Fund to the Agency for Workforce

Innovation to support the work of the Certified Geriatric

Specialty Nursing Initiative Steering Committee, to administer the pilot sites, contract for an evaluation, and to provide, if necessary, nursing faculty, substitute certified nursing assistants for those who are in clinical education, and technical support to the pilot sites during the 2003-2004 fiscal year.

Section 16. Subsection (6) is added to section 464.201, Florida Statutes, to read:

464.201 Definitions.--As used in this part, the term:

providing care and assisting persons with tasks relating to the activities of daily living. Such tasks are those associated with personal care, maintaining mobility, nutrition and hydration, toileting and elimination, assistive devices, safety and cleanliness, data gathering, reporting abnormal signs and symptoms, post mortem care, patient socialization and reality orientation, end-of-life care, CPR and emergency care, residents' or patients' rights, documentation of nursing assistant services, and other tasks that a certified nurse assistant may perform after training beyond that required for initial certification and upon validation of competence in that skill by a registered nurse. This section does not restrict the ability of any person who is otherwise trained and educated from performing such tasks.

Section 17. Section 464.202, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

464.202 Duties and powers of the board.--The board shall maintain, or contract with or approve another entity to

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maintain, a state registry of certified nursing assistants. The registry must consist of the name of each certified nursing assistant in this state; other identifying information defined by board rule; certification status; the effective date of certification; other information required by state or federal law; information regarding any crime or any abuse, neglect, or exploitation as provided under chapter 435; and any disciplinary action taken against the certified nursing assistant. The registry shall be accessible to the public, the certificateholder, employers, and other state agencies. The board shall adopt by rule testing procedures for use in certifying nursing assistants and shall adopt rules regulating the practice of certified nursing assistants which specify the scope of practice authorized and level of supervision required for the practice of certified nursing assistants to enforce this part. The board may contract with or approve another entity or organization to provide the examination services, including the development and administration of examinations. The board shall require that the contract provider offer certified nursing assistant applications via the Internet, and may require the contract provider to accept certified nursing assistant applications for processing via the Internet. board shall require the contract provider to provide the preliminary results of the certified nursing examination on the date the test is administered. The provider shall pay all reasonable costs and expenses incurred by the board in evaluating the provider's application and performance during the delivery of services, including examination services and procedures for maintaining the certified nursing assistant registry.

Section 18. <u>James and Esther King Center for Universal</u> Research to Eradicate Disease.--

- million Americans suffer from acute, chronic, and degenerative diseases and that biomedical research is the key to finding cures for these diseases that negatively affect all Floridians. The Legislature further finds that, while there is much research being conducted throughout this state and throughout the world, there is a lack of coordination of efforts among researchers. The Legislature, therefore, finds that there is a significant need for a coordinated effort if the goal of curing disease is to be achieved. Moreover, the Legislature finds that the biomedical technology sector meets the criteria of a high-impact sector, pursuant to section 288.108, Florida Statutes, having a high importance to this state's economy with a significant potential for growth and contribution to our universities and quality of life.
- (2) It is the intent of the Legislature that Florida strive to become the nation's leader in biomedical research and commit itself to being the state to find cures for the most deadly and widespread diseases. It is further the intent of the Legislature that there be a coordinated effort among the state's public and private universities and the biomedical industry to discover such cures. Moreover, it is the intent of the Legislature to expand the state economy by attracting biomedical researchers and research companies to this state.
- (3) There is established the James and Esther King Center for Universal Research to Eradicate Disease, which shall be known as the "CURED."
- (a) The purpose of the center is to coordinate, improve, expand, and monitor all biomedical research programs

within the state, facilitate funding opportunities, and foster improved technology transfer of research findings into clinical trials and widespread public use.

- (b) The goal of the center is to find cures for diseases such as cancer, heart disease, lung disease, diabetes, and neurological disorders, including Alzheimer's disease, epilepsy, and Parkinson's disease.
- (c) The center shall hold an annual biomedical technology summit in Florida to which biomedical researchers, biomedical technology companies, business incubators, pharmaceutical manufacturers, and others around the nation and world are invited to share biomedical research findings in order to expedite the discovery of cures. Summit attendees will be required to cover the costs of such attendance or obtain sponsorship for such attendance.
- (d) The center shall encourage clinical trials in this state on research that holds promise of curing a disease or condition. The center shall facilitate partnerships between researchers, treating physicians, and community hospitals for the purpose of sharing new techniques and new research findings, as well as coordinating voluntary donations to ensure an adequate supply of adult stem cells or cord blood.
- (e) The center shall also encourage the discovery and production in Florida of vaccines that prevent disease.
- (f) The center shall monitor the supply and demand needs of researchers relating to stem cell research and other types of human tissue research. If the center determines that there is a need for increased donation of human tissue, it shall notify hospitals licensed pursuant to chapter 395, Florida Statutes, that have entered into partnership agreements with research institutes conducting stem cell

research located in the same geographic region as the researchers demanding the stem cells or other tissues. Such hospitals shall then implement programs that encourage voluntary donations of cord blood or other needed adult tissue.

- (g) The center shall be funded through private, state, and federal sources.
- (h) The center shall serve as a registry of all known biomedical grant opportunities and may assist any public or private biomedical research program in this state in preparing grant requests.
- (i) The center shall maintain a website with links to peer-reviewed biomedical research. The website shall also contain a list of all known biomedical research being conducted in Florida and shall facilitate communication among researchers and other interested parties.
- (j) The center shall submit an annual report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives no later than January 15 which contains recommendations for legislative change necessary to foster a positive climate for biomedical research in this state.
- (k) The duties of the center may be outsourced by the Department of Health to a private entity or state university.
- (4) There is established within the center an advisory council which shall meet at least annually.
- (a) The council shall consist of the members of the board of directors of the Florida Research Consortium and at least one representative from:
 - 1. The Emerging Technology Commission.
 - 2. Enterprise Florida, Inc.

- 3. BioFlorida.
- 4. The Florida Biomedical Research Advisory Council.
- 5. The Florida Medical Foundation.
- 6. Pharmaceutical Research and Manufacturers of America.
- (b) Members of the council shall serve without compensation and each organization represented shall cover all expenses of its representative.

Section 19. Paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (1), subsection (2), and paragraph (f) of subsection (10) of section 215.5602, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

215.5602 Florida Biomedical Research Program. --

- (1) There is established within the Department of Health the Florida Biomedical Research Program funded by the proceeds of the Lawton Chiles Endowment Fund pursuant to s. 215.5601. The purpose of the Florida Biomedical Research Program is to provide an annual and perpetual source of funding in order to support research initiatives that address the health care problems of Floridians in the areas of tobacco-related cancer, cardiovascular disease, stroke, and pulmonary disease. The long-term goals of the program are to:
- (a) Improve the health of Floridians by researching better prevention, diagnoses, and treatments, and cures for cancer, cardiovascular disease, stroke, and pulmonary disease.
- (b) Expand the foundation of biomedical knowledge relating to the prevention, diagnosis, and treatment, and cure of diseases related to tobacco use, including cancer, cardiovascular disease, stroke, and pulmonary disease.
- (2) Funds appropriated for the Florida Biomedical Research Program shall be used exclusively for the award of grants and fellowships as established in this section; for

research relating to the prevention, diagnosis, and treatment, and cure of diseases related to tobacco use, including cancer, cardiovascular disease, stroke, and pulmonary disease; and for expenses incurred in the administration of this section.

Priority shall be granted to research designed to prevent or

Priority shall be granted to research designed to prevent or cure disease.

- (10) The council shall submit an annual progress report on the state of biomedical research in this state to the Governor, the Secretary of Health, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by February 1. The report must include:
- (f) Progress in the prevention, diagnosis, and treatment, and cure of diseases related to tobacco use, including cancer, cardiovascular disease, stroke, and pulmonary disease.

Section 20. Florida Cancer Research Cooperative. --

- (1) Effective July 1, 2003, the Florida Cancer

 Research Cooperative is established for the purpose of making
 the State of Florida a world class center for cancer research.
- (2)(a) A not-for-profit corporation, acting as an instrumentality of the Florida Dialogue on Cancer, shall be organized for the purpose of governing the affairs of the cooperative.
- (b) The Florida Cancer Research Cooperative, Inc., may create not-for-profit corporate subsidiaries to fulfill its mission. The not-for-profit corporation and its subsidiaries are authorized to receive, hold, invest, and administer property and any moneys acquired from private, local, state, and federal sources, as well as technical and professional income generated or derived from the mission-related activities of the cooperative.

| 1 | (c) The affairs of the not-for-profit corporation |
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| 2 | shall be managed by a board of directors which shall consist |
| 3 | of: |
| 4 | 1. The Secretary of the Department of Health or his or |
| 5 | her designee; |
| 6 | 2. The Chief Executive Officer of the H. Lee Moffitt |
| 7 | Cancer Center or his or her designee; |
| 8 | 3. The President of the University of Florida Shands |
| 9 | Cancer Center or his or her designee; |
| 10 | 4. The Chief Executive Officer of the University of |
| 11 | Miami Sylvester Comprehensive Cancer Center or his or her |
| 12 | designee; |
| 13 | 5. The Chief Executive Officer of the Mayo Clinic, |
| 14 | Jacksonville or his or her designee; |
| 15 | 6. The Chief Executive Officer of the American Cancer |
| 16 | Society, Florida Division or his or her designee; |
| 17 | 7. The President of the American Cancer Society, |
| 18 | Florida Division Board of Directors or his or her designee; |
| 19 | 8. The President of the Florida Society of Clinical |
| 20 | Oncology or his or her designee; |
| 21 | 9. The Chief Executive Officer of Enterprise Florida, |
| 22 | Inc., or his or her designee; |
| 23 | 10. Three representatives from large Florida hospitals |
| 24 | or institutions, not delineated in subparagraphs 1. through |
| 25 | 6., that treat a large volume of cancer patients. One shall be |
| 26 | appointed by the Governor, one shall be appointed by the |
| 27 | Speaker of the House of Representatives, and one shall be |
| 28 | appointed by the President of the Senate; |
| 29 | 11. Three representatives from community-based, |
| 30 | statewide organizations serving populations that experience |
| 31 | cancer disparities, one of whom shall be appointed by the |

Governor, one of whom shall be appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and one of whom shall be appointed by the President of the Senate;

- 12. One member of the Florida House of

 Representatives, to be appointed by the Speaker of the House
 of Representatives;
- 13. One member of the Florida Senate, to be appointed by the President of the Senate;
- 14. Three university presidents, one of whom shall be appointed by the Governor, one of whom shall be appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and one of whom shall be appointed by the President of the Senate; and
- 15. Five representatives from other statewide public health organizations whose missions include public education and the eradication of cancer, three of whom shall be appointed by the Governor, one of whom shall be appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and one of whom shall be appointed by the President of the Senate.
- (d) Appointments made by the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the President of the Senate pursuant to paragraph (c) shall be for 2-year terms, concurrent with the bienniums in which they serve as presiding officers.
- (e) Appointments made by the Governor pursuant to paragraph (c) shall be for 2-year terms, although the Governor may reappoint directors.
- (f) Members of the board of directors of the not-for-profit corporation or any subsidiaries shall serve without compensation.
- (3) The cooperative shall issue an annual report to the Governor, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the President of the Senate, by December 15 of each year, with

policy and funding recommendations regarding cancer research capacity in Florida and related issues.

Section 21. <u>Florida Cancer Research Cooperative;</u> mission and duties.--

- (1) The cooperative shall develop and centralize the processes and shared services for expanding cancer research in Florida through:
- (a) Support through bioinformatics, in order to create a cancer informatics infrastructure that enhances information and resource exchange and integration through researchers working in diverse disciplines to facilitate the full spectrum of cancer investigations;
- (b) Technical coordination, business development, and support of intellectual property;
- (c) Development of a statewide cancer clinical trials network as contemplated in section 1; and
- (d) Other multidisciplinary research support activities.
- (2) The cooperative shall work in concert with the Center for Universal Research to Eradicate Disease created in section 1 to ensure that the goals of the center are advanced.

Section 22. Section 484.0512, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 484.0512 <u>Thirty-day</u> trial period; <u>purchaser's right to cancel; notice; refund; cancellation <u>fee; criminal penalty</u> <u>procedures.--</u></u>
- (1) A person selling a hearing aid in this state must provide the buyer with written notice of a 30-day trial period and money-back guarantee. The guarantee must permit the purchaser to cancel the purchase for a valid reason as defined by rule of the board within 30 days after receiving the

hearing aid, by returning the hearing aid or mailing written notice of cancellation to the seller. If the hearing aid must be repaired, remade, or adjusted during the 30-day trial period, the running of the 30-day trial period is suspended 1 day for each 24-hour period that the hearing aid is not in the purchaser's possession. A repaired, remade, or adjusted hearing aid must be claimed by the purchaser within 3 working days after notification of availability. The running of the 30-day trial period resumes on the day the purchaser reclaims the repaired, remade, or adjusted hearing aid or on the fourth day after notification of availability.

- (2) The board, in consultation with the Board of Speech-Language Pathology and Audiology, shall prescribe by rule the terms and conditions to be contained in the money-back guarantee and any exceptions thereto. Such rule shall provide, at a minimum, that the charges for earmolds and service provided to fit the hearing aid may be retained by the licensee. The rules shall also set forth any reasonable charges to be held by the licensee as a cancellation fee. Such rule shall be effective on or before December 1, 1994. Should the board fail to adopt such rule, a licensee may not charge a cancellation fee which exceeds 5 percent of the total charge for a hearing aid alone. The terms and conditions of the guarantee, including the total amount available for refund, shall be provided in writing to the purchaser prior to the signing of the contract.
- (3) Within 30 days after the return or attempted return of the hearing aid, the seller shall refund all moneys that must be refunded to a purchaser pursuant to this section.

 A violation of this subsection is a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

(4) For purposes of this section, the term "seller" or "person selling a hearing aid" includes:

(a) Any natural person licensed under this part or any other natural person who signs a sales receipt required by s. 484.051(2) or s. 468.1245(2) or who otherwise fits, delivers, or dispenses a hearing aid.

- (b) Any business organization, whether a sole proprietorship, partnership, corporation, professional association, joint venture, business trust, or other legal entity, which dispenses a hearing aid or enters into an agreement to dispense a hearing aid.
- (c) Any person who controls, manages, or operates an establishment or business that dispenses a hearing aid or enters into an agreement to dispense a hearing aid.

Section 23. Effective upon this act becoming a law, subsection (1) of section 456.073, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

456.073 Disciplinary proceedings.--Disciplinary proceedings for each board shall be within the jurisdiction of the department.

(1) The department, for the boards under its jurisdiction, shall cause to be investigated any complaint that is filed before it if the complaint is in writing, signed by the complainant, and legally sufficient. A complaint filed by a state prisoner against a health care practitioner employed by or otherwise providing health care services within a facility of the Department of Corrections is not legally sufficient unless there is a showing that the prisoner complainant has exhausted all available administrative remedies within the state correctional system before filing the complaint. However, if the department determines after a

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preliminary inquiry of a state prisoner's complaint, that the practitioner may present a serious threat to the health and safety of any individual who is not a state prisoner, the department may determine legal sufficiency and proceed with discipline. The Department of Health shall be notified within 15 days whenever the Department of Corrections disciplines or allows a health care practitioner to resign for an offense related to the practice of his or her profession. A complaint is legally sufficient if it contains ultimate facts that show that a violation of this chapter, of any of the practice acts relating to the professions regulated by the department, or of any rule adopted by the department or a regulatory board in the department has occurred. In order to determine legal sufficiency, the department may require supporting information or documentation. The department may investigate, and the department or the appropriate board may take appropriate final action on, a complaint even though the original complainant withdraws it or otherwise indicates a desire not to cause the complaint to be investigated or prosecuted to completion. The department may investigate an anonymous complaint if the complaint is in writing and is legally sufficient, if the alleged violation of law or rules is substantial, and if the department has reason to believe, after preliminary inquiry, that the violations alleged in the complaint are true. The department may investigate a complaint made by a confidential informant if the complaint is legally sufficient, if the alleged violation of law or rule is substantial, and if the department has reason to believe, after preliminary inquiry, that the allegations of the complainant are true. The department may initiate an investigation if it has reasonable cause to believe that a licensee or a group of licensees has

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violated a Florida statute, a rule of the department, or a rule of a board. Except as provided in ss. 458.331(9), 459.015(9), 460.413(5), and 461.013(6), when an investigation of any subject is undertaken, the department shall promptly furnish to the subject or the subject's attorney a copy of the complaint or document that resulted in the initiation of the investigation. The subject may submit a written response to the information contained in such complaint or document within 20 days after service to the subject of the complaint or document. The subject's written response shall be considered by the probable cause panel. The right to respond does not prohibit the issuance of a summary emergency order if necessary to protect the public. However, if the secretary, or the secretary's designee, and the chair of the respective board or the chair of its probable cause panel agree in writing that such notification would be detrimental to the investigation, the department may withhold notification. The department may conduct an investigation without notification to any subject if the act under investigation is a criminal offense.

Section 24. (1) The Division of Medical Quality

Assurance of the Department of Health shall conduct a study of clinical and academic training requirements of certified optometric practitioners, licensed pursuant to chapter 463,

Florida Statutes, to determine the extent to which prescribing authority may be expanded. The study group shall be composed of the following members:

- (a) One pharmacologist representing the University of Florida;
- (b) One pharmacologist representing Nova Southeastern University;

| | (c) One pharmacologist representing Florida |
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| 2 | Agricultural and Mechanical University; |
| 3 | (d) One ophthalmologist representing Mayo Clinic |
| 4 | Jacksonville; |
| 5 | (e) One ophthalmologist representing Bascom Palmer Eye |
| 6 | <pre>Institute;</pre> |
| 7 | (f) One board-certified internist appointed by the |
| 8 | University of South Florida; |
| 9 | (g) One optometrist representing the Florida Board of |
| LO | <pre>Optometry;</pre> |
| L1 | (h) One certified optometric practitioner representing |
| L2 | the Florida Optometric Association; and |
| L3 | (i) One certified optometric practitioner appointed by |
| L4 | the Nova Southeastern University College of Optometry. |
| L5 | (2) The study group shall be chaired by the Secretary |
| L6 | of Health or his or her designee. The study shall be completed |
| L7 | and a final report presented to the Governor, the President of |
| L8 | the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by |
| L9 | January 15, 2004. If applicable, a minority report shall be |
| 20 | completed and presented to the Governor, the President of the |
| 21 | Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by |
| 22 | January 31, 2004. |
| 23 | (3) This section shall take effect upon becoming a |
| 24 | law. |
| 25 | Section 25. Present subsection (4) of section |
| 26 | 465.0265, Florida Statutes, is redesignated as subsection (5), |
| 27 | and a new subsection (4) is added to that section, to read: |
| 28 | 465.0265 Centralized prescription filling |
| 29 | (4) Pharmacies accessing the same prescription records |
| 30 | in a centralized database or pharmacy computers linked in any |
| 31 | other manner may refill or dispense prescriptions at the |
| | 20 |

request of another pharmacy so linked if the pharmacies have the same owner or have a written contract specifying the services to be provided by each pharmacy, the responsibilities of each pharmacy, and the manner in which the pharmacies will comply with federal and state laws and rules. Prescriptions refilled or dispensed using such a system shall not be considered prescription transfers or copies if the computer system registers a complete and full audit trail of all activities and includes the identification of the pharmacies and pharmacists accessing the centralized database and if the system restricts access to the computerized prescription records to pharmacies or other authorized personnel.

Section 26. Subsection (2) of section 466.006, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

466.006 Examination of dentists.--

- (2) An applicant shall be entitled to take the examinations required in this section to practice dentistry in this state if the applicant:
 - (a) Is 18 years of age or older.
- (b)1. Is a graduate of a dental school accredited by the Commission on Accreditation of the American Dental Association or its successor agency, if any, or any other nationally recognized accrediting agency; or.
- 2. Is a dental student in the final year of a program at such an accredited school who has completed all the coursework necessary to prepare the student to perform the clinical and diagnostic procedures required to pass the examinations. With respect to a dental student in the final year of a program at a dental school, a passing score on the examinations is valid for 180 days after the date the examinations were completed. A dental school student who takes

the licensure examinations during the student's final year of an approved dental school must have graduated before being certified for licensure pursuant to s. 466.011.

(c) Has successfully completed the National Board of Dental Examiners dental examination within 10 years of the date of application.

Section 27. Section 466.0065, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

466.0065 Regional licensure examinations.--

- of dentistry be allowed to offer regional licensure
 examinations to dental students who are in the final year of a
 program at an approved dental school for the sole purpose of
 facilitating the student's licensing in other jurisdictions.
 This section does not allow a person to be licensed as a
 dentist in this state without taking the examinations as set
 forth in s. 466.006, nor does this section mean that regional
 examinations administered under this section may be
 substituted for complying with testing requirements under s.
 466.006.
- (2) Each school of dentistry in this state which is accredited by the Commission on Accreditation of the American Dental Association or its successor agency may, upon written approval by the Board of Dentistry, offer regional licensure examinations only to dental students in the final year of a program at an approved dental school, if the board has approved the hosting school's written plan to comply with the following conditions:
- (a) The examining body must be a member of the American Association of Dental Examiners.

(b) The student must have successfully completed parts

I and II of the National Board of Dental Examiners examination
within 2 years before taking the regional examination.

- (c) The student must possess medical malpractice insurance in amounts that the board determines to be sufficient to cover any reasonably forseeable incident of harm to a patient during the clinical portion of the regional examination.
- (d) At least one of the examination monitors must be a dentist licensed in this state who has completed all necessary standardization exercises required by the regional examination body.
- (e) Adequate arrangements must be made, when necessary, for patients who require followup care as a result of procedures performed during the clinical portion of the regional examination.
- (f) The board chair or the chair's designee must be allowed to observe testing while it is in progress.
- examination, must receive written disclosure in at least

 12-point boldface type which states: "This examination does

 not meet the licensure requirements of chapter 466, Florida

 Statutes, for licensure in the State of Florida. Persons

 wishing to practice dentistry in Florida must pass the Florida

 licensure examinations. For more information on Florida's

 licensure examination procedures, please contact the Florida

 Board of Dentistry."
- (h) The student must be enrolled as a dental student in the student's final year of a program at an approved dental school that is accredited by the Commission on Accreditation of the American Dental Association or its successor agency.

(i) The student must have completed all the coursework
necessary to prepare the student to perform all clinical and
diagnostic procedures required to pass the regional
examination.

- (j) The student's academic record must not include any evidence suggesting that the student poses an unreasonable risk to any live patients who are required for the clinical portion of the regional examination. In order to protect the health and safety of the public, the board may request additional information and documents pertaining to the candidate's mental and physical health in order to fully assess the candidate's fitness to engage in exercises involving a live patient.
- (3) A student who takes the examination pursuant to this section, a dental school that submits a plan pursuant to this section, or a regional examination body that a dental school proposes to host under this section does not have standing to assert that a state agency has taken action for which a hearing may be sought under ss. 120.569 and 120.57.

Section 28. This act may be cited as the "Nick Oelrich Gift of Life Act."

Section 29. Subsections (1), (2), and (6) of section 765.512, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

765.512 Persons who may make an anatomical gift.--

(1) Any person who may make a will may give all or part of his or her body for any purpose specified in s. 765.510, the gift to take effect upon death. An anatomical gift made by an adult donor and not revoked by the donor as provided in s. 765.516 is irrevocable and does not require the consent or concurrence of any person after the donor's death. A family member, guardian, representative ad litem, or health

care surrogate of an adult donor who has made an anatomical gift pursuant to subsection (2) may not modify, deny or prevent a donor's wish or intent to make an anatomical gift from being made after the donor's death.

- concerning an anatomical gift, by including signing an organ and tissue donor card, by expressing his or her wish to donate in a living will or advance directive, or by signifying his or her intent to donate on his or her driver's license or in some other written form has indicated his or her wish to make an anatomical gift, and in the absence of actual notice of contrary indications by the decedent, the document is evidence of legally sufficient informed consent to donate an anatomical gift and is legally binding. Any surrogate designated by the decedent pursuant to part II of this chapter may give all or any part of the decedent's body for any purpose specified in s. 765.510.
 - (6) A gift of all or part of a body authorizes:
- (a) Any examination necessary to assure medical acceptability of the gift for the purposes intended.
- (b) The decedent's medical provider, family, or a third party to furnish medical records requested concerning the decedent's medical and social history.

Section 30. Section 765.516, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

765.516 Amendment of the terms of or the revocation of the gift.--

- (1) A donor may amend $\underline{\text{the terms of}}$ or revoke an anatomical gift by:
- (a) The execution and delivery to the donee of a signed statement.

(b) An oral statement that is:

1. Made to the donor's spouse; or

2.made in the presence of two persons, one of whom must not be a family member, and communicated to the donor's family or attorney or to the donee.

- (c) A statement during a terminal illness or injury addressed to an attending physician, who must communicate the revocation of the gift to the procurement organization that is certified by the state.
- (d) A signed document found on $\underline{\text{or about}}$ the donor's person $\underline{\text{or in the donor's effects}}$.
- (2) Any gift made by a will may also be amended or revoked in the manner provided for amendment or revocation of wills or as provided in subsection (1).

Section 31. Subsection (1) of section 765.401, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

765.401 The proxy.--

- (1) If an incapacitated or developmentally disabled patient has not executed an advance directive, or designated a surrogate to execute an advance directive, or the designated or alternate surrogate is no longer available to make health care decisions, health care decisions may be made for the patient by any of the following individuals, in the following order of priority, if no individual in a prior class is reasonably available, willing, or competent to act:
- (a) The judicially appointed guardian of the patient or the guardian advocate of the person having a developmental disability as defined in s. 393.063, who has been authorized to consent to medical treatment, if such guardian has previously been appointed; however, this paragraph shall not

be construed to require such appointment before a treatment decision can be made under this subsection;

- (b) The patient's spouse;
- (c) An adult child of the patient, or if the patient has more than one adult child, a majority of the adult children who are reasonably available for consultation;
 - (d) A parent of the patient;
- (e) The adult sibling of the patient or, if the patient has more than one sibling, a majority of the adult siblings who are reasonably available for consultation;
- (f) An adult relative of the patient who has exhibited special care and concern for the patient and who has maintained regular contact with the patient and who is familiar with the patient's activities, health, and religious or moral beliefs; or
 - (g) A close friend of the patient; or.
- (h) A clinical social worker licensed pursuant to chapter 491, or a graduate of a court-approved guardianship program. Such a proxy must be selected by the provider's bioethics committee and must not be employed by the provider. If the provider does not have a bioethics committee, then such a proxy may be chosen through an arrangement with the bioethics committee of another provider. The proxy must be notified that upon request the provider shall make available a second physician, not involved in the patient's care, to assist the proxy in evaluating treatment. Decisions to withhold or withdraw life-prolonging procedures must be reviewed by the facility's bioethics committee. Documentation of efforts to locate proxies from prior classes must be recorded in the patient record.

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Section 32. Subsection (22) is added to section 641.19, Florida Statutes, to read:

641.19 Definitions.--As used in this part, the term:

(22) "Specialty" does not include services performed
by a chiropractic physician licensed under chapter 460.

Section 33. Section 1004.43, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1004.43 H. Lee Moffitt Cancer Center and Research Institute.--There is established the H. Lee Moffitt Cancer Center and Research Institute at the University of South Florida.

(1) The State Board of Education shall enter into an agreement for the utilization of the facilities on the campus of the University of South Florida to be known as the H. Lee Moffitt Cancer Center and Research Institute, including all furnishings, equipment, and other chattels used in the operation of said facilities, with a Florida not-for-profit corporation organized solely for the purpose of governing and operating the H. Lee Moffitt Cancer Center and Research Institute. This not-for-profit corporation, acting as an instrumentality of the State of Florida, shall govern and operate the H. Lee Moffitt Cancer Center and Research Institute in accordance with the terms of the agreement between the State Board of Education and the not-for-profit corporation. The not-for-profit corporation may, with the prior approval of the State Board of Education, create not-for-profit corporate subsidiaries to fulfill its mission. For-profit subsidiaries of the not-for-profit corporation shall not compete with for-profit health care providers in the delivery of radiation therapy services to patients. The not-for-profit corporation and its subsidiaries are authorized

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to receive, hold, invest, and administer property and any moneys received from private, local, state, and federal sources, as well as technical and professional income generated or derived from practice activities of the institute, for the benefit of the institute and the fulfillment of its mission. The affairs of the corporation shall be managed by a board of directors who shall serve without compensation. The President of the University of South Florida and the chair of the State Board of Education, or his or her designee, shall be directors of the not-for-profit corporation, together with 5 representatives of the state 12 universities and no more than 14 nor fewer than 10 directors who are not medical doctors or state employees. Each director 14 shall have only one vote, shall serve a term of 3 years, and may be reelected to the board. Other than the President of the University of South Florida and the chair of the State Board 16 of Education, directors shall be elected by a majority vote of the board. The chair of the board of directors shall be selected by majority vote of the directors.

- (2) The State Board of Education shall provide in the agreement with the not-for-profit corporation for the following:
- (a) Approval of the articles of incorporation of the not-for-profit corporation by the State Board of Education.
- (b) Approval of the articles of incorporation of any not-for-profit corporate subsidiary created by the not-for-profit corporation.
- (c) Utilization of lands, hospital facilities, and personnel by the not-for-profit corporation and its subsidiaries for research, education, treatment, prevention, and the early detection of cancer and for mutually approved

teaching and research programs conducted by the University of South Florida or other accredited medical schools or research institutes.

- (d) Preparation of an annual financial audit of the not-for-profit corporation's accounts and records and the accounts and records of any subsidiaries to be conducted by an independent certified public accountant. The annual audit report shall include a management letter, as defined in s. 11.45, and shall be submitted to the Auditor General and the State Board of Education. The State Board of Education, the Auditor General, and the Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability shall have the authority to require and receive from the not-for-profit corporation and any subsidiaries or from their independent auditor any detail or supplemental data relative to the operation of the not-for-profit corporation or subsidiary.
- (e) Provision by the not-for-profit corporation and its subsidiaries of equal employment opportunities to all persons regardless of race, color, religion, sex, age, or national origin.
- (3) The State Board of Education is authorized to secure comprehensive general liability protection, including professional liability protection, for the not-for-profit corporation and its subsidiaries pursuant to s. 1004.24. The not-for-profit corporation and its subsidiaries shall be exempt from any participation in any property insurance trust fund established by law, including any property insurance trust fund established pursuant to chapter 284, so long as the not-for-profit corporation and its subsidiaries maintain property insurance protection with comparable or greater coverage limits.

In the event that the agreement between the not-for-profit corporation and the State Board of Education is terminated for any reason, the State Board of Education shall resume governance and operation of said facilities.

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(5) The institute shall be administered by a chief executive officer who shall serve at the pleasure of the board of directors of the not-for-profit corporation and who shall have the following powers and duties subject to the approval of the board of directors:

- (a) The chief executive officer shall establish programs which fulfill the mission of the institute in research, education, treatment, prevention, and the early detection of cancer; however, the chief executive officer shall not establish academic programs for which academic credit is awarded and which terminate in the conference of a degree without prior approval of the State Board of Education.
- (b) The chief executive officer shall have control over the budget and the dollars appropriated or donated to the institute from private, local, state, and federal sources, as well as technical and professional income generated or derived from practice activities of the institute. However, professional income generated by university faculty from practice activities at the institute shall be shared between the institute and the university as determined by the chief executive officer and the appropriate university dean or vice president.
- (c) The chief executive officer shall appoint members to carry out the research, patient care, and educational activities of the institute and determine compensation, benefits, and terms of service. Members of the institute shall be eligible to hold concurrent appointments at affiliated

academic institutions. University faculty shall be eligible to hold concurrent appointments at the institute.

- (d) The chief executive officer shall have control over the use and assignment of space and equipment within the facilities.
- (e) The chief executive officer shall have the power to create the administrative structure necessary to carry out the mission of the institute.
- (f) The chief executive officer shall have a reporting relationship to the Commissioner of Education.
- (g) The chief executive officer shall provide a copy of the institute's annual report to the Governor and Cabinet, the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the chair of the State Board of Education.
- (6) The board of directors of the not-for-profit corporation shall create a council of scientific advisers to the chief executive officer comprised of leading researchers, physicians, and scientists. This council shall review programs and recommend research priorities and initiatives so as to maximize the state's investment in the institute. The council shall be appointed by the board of directors of the not-for-profit corporation and shall include five appointees of the State Board of Education. Each member of the council shall be appointed to serve a 2-year term and may be reappointed to the council.
- (7) In carrying out the provisions of this section, the not-for-profit corporation and its subsidiaries are not "agencies" within the meaning of s. 20.03(11).

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(8)(a) Records of the not-for-profit corporation and of its subsidiaries are public records unless made confidential or exempt by law.

(b) Proprietary confidential business information is confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution. However, the Auditor General, the Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability, and the State Board of Education, pursuant to their oversight and auditing functions, must be given access to all proprietary confidential business information upon request and without subpoena and must maintain the confidentiality of information so received. As used in this paragraph, the term "proprietary confidential business information" means information, regardless of its form or characteristics, which is owned or controlled by the not-for-profit corporation or its subsidiaries; is intended to be and is treated by the not-for-profit corporation or its subsidiaries as private and the disclosure of which would harm the business operations of the not-for-profit corporation or its subsidiaries; has not been intentionally disclosed by the corporation or its subsidiaries unless pursuant to law, an order of a court or administrative body, a legislative proceeding pursuant to s. 5, Art. III of the State Constitution, or a private agreement that provides that the information may be released to the public; and which is information concerning:

- Internal auditing controls and reports of internal auditors;
- 2. Matters reasonably encompassed in privileged attorney-client communications;

- 3. Contracts for managed-care arrangements, including preferred provider organization contracts, health maintenance organization contracts, and exclusive provider organization contracts, and any documents directly relating to the negotiation, performance, and implementation of any such contracts for managed-care arrangements;
- 4. Bids or other contractual data, banking records, and credit agreements the disclosure of which would impair the efforts of the not-for-profit corporation or its subsidiaries to contract for goods or services on favorable terms;
- 5. Information relating to private contractual data, the disclosure of which would impair the competitive interest of the provider of the information;
- 6. Corporate officer and employee personnel information;
- 7. Information relating to the proceedings and records of credentialing panels and committees and of the governing board of the not-for-profit corporation or its subsidiaries relating to credentialing;
- 8. Minutes of meetings of the governing board of the not-for-profit corporation and its subsidiaries, except minutes of meetings open to the public pursuant to subsection (9);
- 9. Information that reveals plans for marketing services that the corporation or its subsidiaries reasonably expect to be provided by competitors;
- 10. Trade secrets as defined in s. 688.002, including reimbursement methodologies or rates; or
- 11. The identity of donors or prospective donors of property who wish to remain anonymous or any information identifying such donors or prospective donors. The anonymity

of these donors or prospective donors must be maintained in the auditor's report.

As used in this paragraph, the term "managed care" means systems or techniques generally used by third-party payors or their agents to affect access to and control payment for health care services. Managed-care techniques most often include one or more of the following: prior, concurrent, and retrospective review of the medical necessity and appropriateness of services or site of services; contracts with selected health care providers; financial incentives or disincentives related to the use of specific providers, services, or service sites; controlled access to and coordination of services by a case manager; and payor efforts to identify treatment alternatives and modify benefit restrictions for high-cost patient care.

- (9) Meetings of the governing board of the not-for-profit corporation and meetings of the subsidiaries of the not-for-profit corporation at which the expenditure of dollars appropriated to the not-for-profit corporation by the state are discussed or reported must remain open to the public in accordance with s. 286.011 and s. 24(b), Art. I of the State Constitution, unless made confidential or exempt by law. Other meetings of the governing board of the not-for-profit corporation and of the subsidiaries of the not-for-profit corporation are exempt from s. 286.011 and s. 24(b), Art. I of the State Constitution.
- (10) In addition to the continuing appropriation to the institute provided in s. 210.20(2), any appropriation to the institute provided in a general appropriations act shall be paid directly to the board of directors of the

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not-for-profit corporation by warrant drawn by the Chief
    Financial Officer from the State Treasury.
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           Section 34. This act shall take effect upon becoming a
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    law.
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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.