By the Committee on Natural Resources; and Senator Dockery

312-2235-03

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A bill to be entitled An act relating to water policy; repealing s. 373.0693(11), F.S.; deleting a provision requiring legislative approval to abolish or combine basins existing within the Southwest Florida Water Management District; amending s. 373.451, F.S.; revising legislative intent with respect to the Surface Water Improvement and Management Act; deleting requirement that state and local funds be provided for certain purposes; amending s. 373.453, F.S.; revising criteria to be applied in determining the priority of water bodies under surface water improvement and management plans and programs; providing for periodic lists of water bodies of regional or statewide significance; authorizing participation by additional persons in the development of plans and programs; deleting certain reporting requirements; requiring identification of potential funding sources for the plans and programs; requiring review of plans developed by water management districts by various state agencies within a specified time; deleting the requirement that state agencies be on certain advisory committees; authorizing water management districts to enter into contracts with governmental agencies regarding the development and implementation of water improvement and management programs; amending s. 373.459, F.S.; providing for appropriation of funds for surface water

1 improvement and management activities by water management districts; providing for release of 2 3 funds by the Department of Environmental 4 Protection; repealing s. 373.455, F.S., 5 relating to review of surface water improvement 6 and management plans; repealing s. 373.456, 7 F.S., relating to approval of surface water improvement and management plans; repealing s. 8 9 373.457, F.S., relating to implementation of 10 surface water improvement and management plans 11 and programs; amending ss. 259.101, 373.4136, 403.067, and 403.1835, F.S.; deleting 12 13 cross-references; providing an effective date. 14 15 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 16 17 Section 1. Subsection (11) of section 373.0693, 18 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 19 373.0693 Basins; basin boards.--20 (11)(a) Basins existing within the Southwest Florida 21 Water Management District, as described in rule 40D-0.061, Florida Administrative Code, may not be abolished or combined 22 without the approval of the Legislature, except that the 23 24 entire area lying to the East of the Hillsborough County line 25 and presently located within the Hillsborough Basin is hereby annexed into the Peace River Basin. Within the Southwest 26 27 Florida Water Management District, the entire area lying to 28 the East of the Hillsborough County line and presently located 29 within the Alafia Basin is hereby annexed into the Peace River 30 Basin. 31

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 (b) Assets or liabilities of the basin located in those areas transferred from the Hillsborough and Alafia
Basins into the Peace River Basin pursuant to this section, including funds held in trust, shall be transferred to the Peace River Basin.

Section 2. Subsections (5), (7), and (8) of section 373.451, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

373.451 Short title; legislative findings and intent.--

- (5) The Legislature finds that <u>many</u> surface water problems can be <u>and have been</u> corrected and prevented through plans and programs for surface water improvement and management that are <u>developed</u> <u>planned</u>, <u>designed</u>, and implemented by the water management districts, the <u>department</u>, and local governments.
- (7) It is also the intent of the Legislature that the department, the water management districts, and others shall conduct or coordinate statewide research by the water management districts or others to provide a better scientific understanding of the causes and effects of surface water pollution and of the destruction of natural systems in order to improve and manage surface waters and associated natural systems.
- (8) The state, through the department, shall provide funds to assist with the implementation of the district plans and programs under this act. However, to achieve the goals of this act, cooperation and funding is necessary from the state, the water management districts, and local governments.

Section 3. Section 373.453, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

373.453 Surface water improvement and management plans and programs.--

- (1)(a) Each water management district, in cooperation with the department, the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, the Department of Community Affairs, the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission, and local governments, and others, shall prepare and maintain a list that prioritizes which shall prioritize water bodies of regional or statewide significance within the each water management district. The list shall be reviewed and updated every 5 3 years. The list shall be based on criteria adopted by rule of the department and shall assign priorities to the water bodies based on their need for protection and restoration.
- developed by the department shall include, but need not be limited to, consideration of violations of water quality standards occurring in the water body, the amounts of nutrients entering the water body and the water body's trophic state, water bodies on the department's list of impaired waters, water bodies with established total maximum daily loads, the existence of or need for a continuous aquatic weed control program in the water body, the biological condition of the water body, reduced fish and wildlife values, and threats to agricultural and urban water supplies, threats to and public recreational opportunities, the management of the water body through federal, state, or local water quality programs or plans, and public input.
- (c) In <u>maintaining</u> developing their respective priority <u>water body</u> lists, water management districts shall give consideration to the following priority areas:

- 1. The South Florida Water Management District shall give priority to the restoration needs of Lake Okeechobee, Biscayne Bay, the Lake Worth Lagoon, and the Indian River Lagoon system and their tributaries.
- 2. The Southwest Florida Water Management District shall give priority to the restoration needs of Tampa Bay and its tributaries.
- 3. The St. Johns River Water Management District shall give priority to the restoration needs of Lake Apopka, the Lower St. Johns River, and the Indian River Lagoon system and their tributaries.
- lists are approved by the department, the water management districts, in cooperation with state agencies, the department, the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission, the Department of Community Affairs, the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, and local governments, and others, may shall develop surface water improvement and management plans and programs for the water bodies identified based on the priority lists. The department shall establish a uniform format for such plans and a schedule for reviewing and updating the plans. These Plans developed pursuant to this subsection shall include, but not be limited to:
- (a) A description of the water body system, its historical and current uses, its hydrology, and a history of the conditions that which have led to the need for restoration or protection;
- (b) An identification of all governmental units that have jurisdiction over the water body and its drainage basin within the approved surface water improvement and management

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plan area, including local, regional, state, and federal units;

- (c) A description of land uses within the drainage basin of the priority water body within the approved surface water improvement and management plan area and those of important tributaries, point and nonpoint sources of pollution, and permitted discharge activities;
- Identification A list of the owners of point and nonpoint sources of water pollution that are discharged into the each water body and its important tributaries tributary thereto and that adversely affect the public interest, including separate lists of those sources that are:
 - 1. Operating without a permit;
 - 2. Operating with a temporary operating permit; and
- 3. Presently violating effluent limits or water quality standards.

The plan shall also include recommendations and schedules for bringing all sources into compliance with state standards when not contrary to the public interest. This paragraph does not authorize any existing or future violation of any applicable statute, regulation, or permit requirement, and does not diminish the authority of the department or the water management district;

- (e) A description of strategies and a schedule for related management actions potential strategies for restoring or protecting the water body to Class III or better, including those needed to help achieve state-adopted total maximum daily loads for the water body;
- (f) A listing of studies that are being or have been 31 prepared for the water body;

water body; and

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The department shall specifically comment on the likelihood 31 that implementing the plan will significantly improve or

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

(g) A description of the research and feasibility

studies which will be performed to determine the particular

strategy or strategies to restore or protect the water body;

measures needed to manage and maintain the water body once it

(i) A schedule for restoration and protection of the

(g)(j) An estimate of the funding needed to carry out

(f) (h) A description of the management actions

has been restored and to prevent future degradation; and

the restoration or protection strategies and a listing of

(3) Each water management district shall be

protection strategies for the priority water bodies within the

district which have been approved by the department as water

appropriate water management district shall hold at least one

public hearing and public workshop workshops in the vicinity

developed to obtain under consideration as may be necessary for obtaining public input prior to finalizing the surface

bodies on the priority list. The water management district

water improvement and management plan plans for the water body

shall then forward a copy of the plan plans to the department, the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission, the Department

of Agriculture and Consumer Services, and to appropriate local

governmental units for their review and comment within 45

calendar days after the date the plan is forwarded to them.

responsible for planning and coordinating restoration or

bodies of regional and statewide significance in need of

protection or restoration. The governing board of the

of a priority the water body for which a plan is being

available and potential funding sources and amounts.

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protect water quality and associated natural systems. At the end of the 45-day review period, the water management district may proceed to approve the plan, whether or not comments have been submitted.

- Plans shall be updated as necessary to ensure that (4)they effectively address the restoration and protection needs of the priority water bodies and that they reflect current scientific understandings and budgetary adjustments. If a district determines that modifications of or additions to a plan are necessary, such modifications or additions shall be subject to the review process established in this section. Each September 1, the water management districts shall submit a funding proposal for the next state fiscal year to the department for its review and approval. The proposal shall specify the activities that need state funding and the amounts of funding, and shall describe the specific restoration or protection activities proposed. The department shall review water management district funding proposals and shall consider them in making its annual budget request.
- district is encouraged to appoint advisory committees as necessary to assist in formulating and evaluating strategies for water body protection and restoration activities and to increase public awareness and intergovernmental cooperation. Such committees should include representatives of the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission, the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, appropriate local governments, state and federal agencies, existing advisory councils for the priority subject water body, and representatives of the public who use the water body.

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The water management districts may contract with appropriate state, local, and regional agencies and others to perform various tasks associated with the development and implementation of the surface water improvement and management plans and programs.

Section 4. Section 373.459, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

373.459 Funds for surface water improvement and management.--

- (1) Legislative appropriations provided to the water management districts for surface water improvement and management activities shall be available for detailed planning and plan and program implementation.
- (2) (1) The Ecosystem Management and Restoration Trust Fund shall be used for the deposit of funds appropriated by the Legislature for the purposes of ss. 373.451-373.4595. The department shall administer all funds appropriated to or received for surface water improvement and management activities. Expenditure of the moneys shall be limited to the costs of detailed planning for and plan and program implementation of programs prepared for priority surface water bodies waters. Moneys from the fund shall not be expended for planning for, or construction or expansion of, treatment facilities for domestic or industrial waste disposal.
- (3) (2) The secretary of the department shall authorize the release of money from the fund in accordance with the provisions of s. 373.501(2) and procedures in s. 373.59(4) and 5) within 30 days after receipt of a request adopted by the governing board of a water management district or by the executive director when authority has been delegated by the 31 governing board, certifying that the money is needed for

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detailed planning for or implementation of plans approved pursuant to ss. 373.453, 373.455, and 373.456. A water management district may not receive more than 50 percent of the moneys appropriated to the fund for the purposes of ss. 373.451-373.4595 in any fiscal year unless otherwise provided for by law. Each year after funds are appropriated, each water management district shall receive the amount requested pursuant to s. 373.453(4) or 10 percent of the money appropriated for the purposes of ss. 373.451-373.4595, whichever is less. The department shall allocate the remaining money in the appropriation for such purposes annually, based upon the specific needs of the districts. The department, at its discretion, may include any funds allocated to a district for such purposes in previous years which remain unencumbered by the district on July 1, to the amount of money to be distributed based upon specific needs of the districts.

- water management district from the fund for approved plans, or continuations of approved plans, to improve and manage the surface waters described in ss. 373.451-373.4595 is limited to not more than 60 percent of the amount of money necessary for the approved plans of the South Florida Water Management District, the Southwest Florida Water Management District, and the St. Johns River Water Management District, and not more than 80 percent of the amount of money necessary for the approved plans of the Northwest Florida Water Management District. The remaining funds necessary for the approved plans shall be provided by the district.
- (4) Moneys in the fund which are not needed to meet current obligations incurred under this section shall be

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30 31 transferred to the State Board of Administration, to the credit of the trust fund, to be invested in the manner provided by law. Interest received on such investments shall be credited to the trust fund.

Section 5. <u>Sections 373.455, 373.456, and 373.457,</u> Florida Statutes, are repealed.

Section 6. Paragraph (b) of subsection (3) of section 259.101, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

259.101 Florida Preservation 2000 Act.--

- (3) LAND ACQUISITION PROGRAMS SUPPLEMENTED. -- Less the costs of issuance, the costs of funding reserve accounts, and other costs with respect to the bonds, the proceeds of bonds issued pursuant to this act shall be deposited into the Florida Preservation 2000 Trust Fund created by s. 375.045. In fiscal year 2000-2001, for each Florida Preservation 2000 program described in paragraphs (a)-(g), that portion of each program's total remaining cash balance which, as of June 30, 2000, is in excess of that program's total remaining appropriation balances shall be redistributed by the department and deposited into the Save Our Everglades Trust Fund for land acquisition. For purposes of calculating the total remaining cash balances for this redistribution, the Florida Preservation 2000 Series 2000 bond proceeds, including interest thereon, and the fiscal year 1999-2000 General Appropriations Act amounts shall be deducted from the remaining cash and appropriation balances, respectively. The remaining proceeds shall be distributed by the Department of Environmental Protection in the following manner:
- (b) Thirty percent to the Department of Environmental Protection for the purchase of water management lands pursuant to s. 373.59, to be distributed among the water management

districts as provided in that section. Funds received by each 2 district may also be used for acquisition of lands necessary 3 to implement surface water improvement and management plans approved in accordance with s. 373.456 or for acquisition of 4 5 lands necessary to implement the Everglades Construction 6 Project authorized by s. 373.4592. 7 8 Local governments may use federal grants or loans, private 9 donations, or environmental mitigation funds, including 10 environmental mitigation funds required pursuant to s. 11 338.250, for any part or all of any local match required for the purposes described in this subsection. Bond proceeds 12 13 allocated pursuant to paragraph (c) may be used to purchase lands on the priority lists developed pursuant to s. 259.035. 14 Title to lands purchased pursuant to paragraphs (a), (d), (e), 15 (f), and (g) shall be vested in the Board of Trustees of the 16 17 Internal Improvement Trust Fund. Title to lands purchased pursuant to paragraph (c) may be vested in the Board of 18 19 Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund. The board of 20 trustees shall hold title to land protection agreements and conservation easements that were or will be acquired pursuant 21 to s. 380.0677, and the Southwest Florida Water Management 22 District and the St. Johns River Water Management District 23 24 shall monitor such agreements and easements within their 25 respective districts until the state assumes this responsibility. 26 27 Section 7. Paragraph (a) of subsection (6) of section 28 373.4136, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 29 373.4136 Establishment and operation of mitigation 30 banks. --31

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- 1 (6) MITIGATION SERVICE AREA. -- The department or water 2 management district shall establish a mitigation service area 3 for each mitigation bank permit. The department or water management district shall notify and consider comments 4 5 received on the proposed mitigation service area from each 6 local government within the proposed mitigation service area. 7 Except as provided herein, mitigation credits may be withdrawn 8 and used only to offset adverse impacts in the mitigation 9 service area. The boundaries of the mitigation service area 10 shall depend upon the geographic area where the mitigation 11 bank could reasonably be expected to offset adverse impacts. Mitigation service areas may overlap, and mitigation service 12 13 areas for two or more mitigation banks may be approved for a regional watershed. 14
 - (a) In determining the boundaries of the mitigation service area, the department or the water management district shall consider the characteristics, size, and location of the mitigation bank and, at a minimum, the extent to which the mitigation bank:
 - Contributes to a regional integrated ecological network;
 - 2. Will significantly enhance the water quality or restoration of an offsite receiving water body that is designated as an Outstanding Florida Water, a Wild and Scenic River, an aquatic preserve, a water body designated in a plan approved adopted pursuant to s. 373.456 of the Surface Water Improvement and Management Act, or a nationally designated estuarine preserve;
 - 3. Will provide for the long-term viability of endangered or threatened species or species of special concern;

- 4. Is consistent with the objectives of a regional
 management plan adopted or endorsed by the department or water
 management districts; and

 5. Can reasonably be expected to offset specific types
 - 5. Can reasonably be expected to offset specific types of wetland impacts within a specific geographic area. A mitigation bank need not be able to offset all expected impacts within its service area.

Section 8. Paragraph (b) of subsection (3) and paragraph (a) of subsection (7) of section 403.067, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

403.067 Establishment and implementation of total maximum daily loads.--

- (3) ASSESSMENT.--
- (b) The department shall adopt by rule a methodology for determining those waters which are impaired. The rule shall provide for consideration as to whether water quality standards codified in chapter 62-302, Florida Administrative Code, are being exceeded, based on objective and credible data, studies and reports, including surface water improvement and management plans approved by water management districts under s. 373.456 and pollutant load reduction goals developed according to department rule. Such rule also shall set forth:
- Water quality sample collection and analysis requirements, accounting for ambient background conditions, seasonal and other natural variations;
 - 2. Approved methodologies;
 - 3. Quality assurance and quality control protocols;
 - 4. Data modeling; and
- 5. Other appropriate water quality assessment measures.
 - (7) IMPLEMENTATION OF TOTAL MAXIMUM DAILY LOADS.--

- (a) The department shall be the lead agency in coordinating the implementation of the total maximum daily loads through water quality protection programs. Application of a total maximum daily load by a water management district shall be consistent with this section and shall not require the issuance of an order or a separate action pursuant to s. 120.536(1) or s. 120.54 for adoption of the calculation and allocation previously established by the department. Such programs may include, but are not limited to:
 - 1. Permitting and other existing regulatory programs;
- 2. Nonregulatory and incentive-based programs, including best management practices, cost sharing, waste minimization, pollution prevention, and public education;
- 3. Other water quality management and restoration activities, for example surface water improvement and management plans approved by water management districts under s. 373.456 or watershed or basin management plans developed pursuant to this subsection;
- 4. Pollutant trading or other equitable economically based agreements;
 - 5. Public works including capital facilities; or
 - 6. Land acquisition.

Section 9. Subsection (7) of section 403.1835, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

403.1835 Water pollution control financial assistance.--

(7) Eligible projects must be given priority according to the extent each project is intended to remove, mitigate, or prevent adverse effects on surface or ground water quality and public health. The relative costs of achieving environmental and public health benefits must be taken into consideration

during the department's assignment of project priorities. The department shall adopt a priority system by rule. In developing the priority system, the department shall give priority to projects that:

- (a) Eliminate public health hazards;
- (b) Enable compliance with laws requiring the elimination of discharges to specific water bodies;
- (c) Assist in the implementation of total maximum daily loads adopted under s. 403.067;
- (d) Enable compliance with other pollution control requirements, including, but not limited to, toxics control, wastewater residuals management, and reduction of nutrients and bacteria;
- (e) Assist in the implementation of surface water improvement and management plans approved under s. 373.456 and pollutant load reduction goals developed under state water policy;
 - (f) Promote reclaimed water reuse;
- (g) Eliminate failing onsite sewage treatment and disposal systems or those that are causing environmental damage; or
- (h) Reduce pollutants to and otherwise promote the restoration of Florida's surface and ground waters.

Section 10. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law.

STATEMENT OF SUBSTANTIAL CHANGES CONTAINED IN COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR Senate Bill 2260 The committee substitute deletes provisions requiring that Basins within the Southwest Florida Water Management District may not be abolished or combined without the approval of the Legislature. The committee substitute also adds the Lake Worth Lagoon to the priority areas which must be considered by the South Florida Water Management District when developing a SWIM priority water body list.