1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to water utilities; creating s. 3 367.172, F.S.; providing legislative findings 4 with respect to monopoly water utilities; 5 providing for a pilot project for Pasco County 6 to facilitate county response to certain 7 consumer complaints; providing legislative intent; allowing the chairman of the board of 8 9 county commissioners to establish a monopoly water utility ad hoc committee for a prescribed 10 period; providing for the membership and duties 11 12 of the ad hoc committee; allowing the county commission to adopt additional technological 13 14 standards to address issues relating to black water; requiring that utilities receive notice 15 of the standards and that they submit a 16 17 compliance plan to the county; prohibiting 18 county commissions from adopting standards that 19 relate to the finances of a monopoly water utility or that conflict with specified 20 21 standards imposed by other regulatory bodies; 22 providing procedures for challenging standards 23 adopted by the county; providing for a monopoly water utility to recover certain costs of 24 compliance with the county requirements; 25 26 providing that this act supersedes conflicting 27 provisions of ch. 367, F.S.; providing for 28 future repeal; providing an effective date. 29 30 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 31

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Section 1. Section 367.172, Florida Statutes, is 1 2 created to read: 3 367.172 Monopoly water utilities; legislative intent; Pasco County pilot project, countywide standards for black 4 water and customer service. --5 6 (1) The Legislature recognizes that by extending the 7 privilege of monopoly status to certain utilities, this 8 chapter creates a class of captive customers who cannot choose 9 to purchase service from an open market. Accordingly, the Legislature finds that it is a priority to ensure that 10 drinking water delivered to captive customers meets 11 12 appropriate quality standards. The Legislature further finds that there exists a variety of factors that affect the quality 13 14 of the water delivered into customers' homes. It is the 15 further intent of the Legislature to establish a pilot program in Pasco County regarding monopoly water utilities which is 16 17 intended to allow Pasco County the ability to respond to 18 consumer criticisms regarding black water and other consumer 19 complaints dealing with customer service. It is also the 20 intent of the Legislature to maintain a statewide uniform 21 system of regulation with respect to the establishment of 22 water quality standards. Therefore, the Legislature recognizes 23 that only the Department of Environmental Protection, the Public Service Commission, and the Environmental Protection 24 25 Agency are authorized to establish water quality criteria 26 requirements. Nonetheless, it is recognized that technology may be available to assist in lessening black water problems. 27 28 It is also recognized that monopoly water utilities have 29 established varying degrees of customer service programs that 30 are designed to respond to consumer complaints regarding 31 customer service. 2.

(2) If Pasco County is receiving black water or other customer service complaints from a significant number of those customers serviced by a monopoly water utility, the chairman of the county commission may establish a monopoly water utility ad hoc committee consisting of the chairman of the county commission, two utility representatives from monopoly water utilities, two customer representatives, the county health officer, and two independent scientific experts in water chemistry. The committee shall be in existence for no more than a 2-year period, and its function shall be:

- (a) To review and evaluate customer service complaints and, if deemed necessary, recommend to the county commission the establishment of uniform customer service criteria to be applied by all monopoly water utilities;
- (b) To review and evaluate black water concerns
 expressed by customers serviced by a monopoly water utility if
 similar complaints have also been filed with the Public
 Service Commission; and
- (c) If deemed necessary, recommend to the county commission the propriety of requiring new technology or new uniform minimum technology standards for use by monopoly water utilities in the treatment of black water and customer service responsiveness. The ad hoc committee may evaluate a monopoly water utility's operational protocol only insofar as it relates to customer service. The ad hoc committee may not recommend standards that deal with the financial aspects of a water utility or standards or criteria relating to water quality which would either conflict with or be more stringent than water quality standards presently imposed by the Public Service Commission, the Department of Environmental Protection Agency. However,

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the ad hoc committee may recommend the establishment of local technological standards or methods of treatment relating to 2 3 the esthetics of black water or other minimum standards 4 regarding general responsiveness to customer service complaints. Such technological standards relating to black water must be economically, technologically, and environmentally feasible. The ad hoc committee shall consult with the Public Service Commission, the Department of 9 Environmental Protection, or the Environmental Protection 10 Agency as necessary.

(3) On the recommendation of the ad hoc committee, the county commission may choose to adopt additional technological standards designed to resolve black water issues which are not required by the Public Service Commission, the Department of Environmental Protection, or the Environmental Protection Agency and may also choose to adopt other minimum standards for customer service responsiveness. Upon the adoption of any such standards, each monopoly water utility shall be informed of those new standards and shall be given 3 months to submit to the county a plan for compliance with those standards. The county shall allow for a reasonable time to bring such systems into compliance with the new standards. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this section, the county commission may not adopt standards that deal with the financial aspects of a monopoly water utility or standards or criteria relating to water quality as applied to a monopoly water utility which would either conflict with or be more stringent than water quality standards or criteria presently imposed by the Public Service Commission, the Department of Environmental Protection, or the Environmental Protection Agency. The county's decision to adopt any technological or customer

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service standards is agency action only for the purposes of this act and is subject to chapter 120, Florida Statutes. Any affected monopoly water utility, consumer, or state agency may challenge, pursuant to chapter 120, Florida Statutes, the county's decision to adopt such standards as not complying with the provisions contained in this section, and the county shall refer the petition to the Division of Administrative Hearings. Any decision of an administrative law judge is final agency action, subject to appeal pursuant to section 120.68, Florida Statutes. If there is no challenge to the decision of the county commission to impose additional standards as provided for in this section or the county prevails in an administrative challenge to the proposed standards, the full amount of any reasonable and prudent costs incurred in complying with the county requirements are recoverable by a monopoly water utility under section 367.081(4)(b), Florida Statutes. (4) If any other provision of this chapter is inconsistent with this section, this section shall prevail. (5) This section shall expire effective July 1, 2005. Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2003.

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