7-1039-03 See HB 901

A bill to be entitled
An act relating to educational leadership;
creating the BEST Florida Teaching Act of 2003;
creating s. 1000.041, F.S.; providing
legislative purposes and guiding principles of
the act; amending s. 1001.33, F.S.; requiring
cooperation to apply such guiding principles;
amending s. 1001.42, F.S.; requiring employment
of certain persons to perform tasks not related
to classroom instruction; requiring school
district support of authority; amending ss.
1001.51 and 1001.54, F.S.; requiring
cooperation and support of district school
superintendents and school principals; amending
s. 1002.20, F.S.; providing student rights with
respect to classroom orderliness; amending s.
1002.42, F.S.; correcting a cross-reference;
amending s. 1003.04, F.S.; requiring specified
student conduct; requiring parental cooperation
with school authority; amending s. 1003.31,
F.S.; requiring support of the authority of
teachers and bus drivers; amending s. 1003.32,
F.S.; revising provisions relating to teacher
authority and responsibility for control of
students; designating a school placement review
committee to determine placement for disruptive
students; requiring reports; requiring
Commissioner of Education review of success in
achieving orderly classrooms and use of
enforcement actions; requiring reporting of
knowledge or suspicion of crimes of violence on

1 school property and providing immunity; amending s. 1004.04, F.S.; revising provisions 2 3 relating to state approval of teacher 4 preparation programs; expanding State Board of 5 Education rules establishing core curricula; 6 requiring teacher preparation programs to 7 incorporate certain instruction; providing for 8 quarantee; providing for additional teacher training under certain circumstances; 9 10 authorizing pay for student teacher 11 internships; authorizing additional standards for program approval and certification; 12 providing priority consideration for 13 participation in teacher education pilot 14 programs; amending ss. 1006.08 and 1006.09, 15 F.S.; requiring district school superintendent 16 17 and school principal support relating to student discipline; amending s. 1009.59., F.S.; 18 19 renaming and revising eligibility criteria and loan reimbursement of the Critical Teacher 20 Shortage Student Loan Forgiveness Program; 21 creating s. 1009.591, F.S.; creating the 22 Teaching Fellows Program to encourage certain 23 24 graduate students to enter the teaching 25 profession; providing for stipends, signing bonuses upon employment, and waiver of tuition 26 27 and fees under certain circumstances; providing 28 repayment requirements; creating s. 1011.63, 29 F.S.; creating a categorical fund to provide 30 BEST Florida Teaching bonuses to top-performing 31 teachers; amending s. 1012.05, F.S.; requiring

1 the Department of Education to provide for 2 one-stop shopping for teacher career 3 information and on-line support; authorizing use of funds to recruit and prepare teachers; 4 5 creating s. 1012.231, F.S.; requiring district 6 school board plans for compensation of 7 beginning classroom teachers; providing performance pay to fund differentiated teacher 8 9 salaries; providing requirements and incentives 10 relating to teacher assignments; amending ss. 11 1012.27 and 1012.28, F.S.; providing duties of district school superintendents and school 12 principals; amending s. 1012.56, F.S.; revising 13 the time period for which an official statement 14 of status of eligibility for certification is 15 valid; revising requirements for mastery of 16 17 general knowledge, mastery of subject area knowledge, and mastery of professional 18 19 preparation and education competence; revising 20 provisions relating to temporary certificates; amending s. 1012.57, F.S.; requiring district 21 school boards to adopt rules to allow for the 22 issuance of adjunct teaching certificates; 23 24 revising provisions relating to determination 25 of expertise in the subject area to be taught; amending s. 1012.585, F.S.; revising certain 26 27 requirements for renewal of professional 28 certificates; correcting a cross-reference; 29 creating s. 1012.586, F.S.; authorizing school districts to process certain applications via 30 31 website; providing for a fee and the uses

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thereof; amending s. 1012.72, F.S.; expanding the Dale Hickam Excellent Teaching program to provide incentives for teachers who seek or are issued certain certification by the American Board for Certification of Teacher Excellence; restricting bonuses to certain teachers; amending s. 1012.73, F.S.; providing that teacher career development does not require graduation from a teacher preparation program; amending s. 1012.98, F.S.; revising provisions relating to the School Community Professional Development Act; deleting provisions relating to recruitment, preparation, and professional development of school administrative personnel; creating s. 1012.987, F.S.; authorizing a principal leadership designation and incentives therefor; requiring a system for recruitment, preparation, and education leadership development of school administrative personnel; authorizing request of resignation of a school principal and teachers under certain circumstances; providing an effective date. Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: Section 1. This act shall be known by the popular name "The BEST Florida Teaching Act of 2003." Section 2. Section 1000.041, Florida Statutes, is created to read: 1000.041 Better Educated Students and Teachers (BEST)

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Florida Teaching Act of 2003; legislative purposes; guiding

1 principles. -- The legislative purposes and guiding principles of the BEST Florida Teaching Act of 2003 are: 2 3 (1) Teachers lead, students learn. Teachers maintain orderly, disciplined classrooms 4 5 conducive to student learning. 6 (3) Teachers are trained, recruited, well compensated, 7 and retained for quality. 8 Teachers are well rewarded for their students' 9 high performance. 10 Teachers are most effective when served by 11 exemplary school administrators. 12 Each teacher preparation program, each postsecondary 13 educational institution providing dual enrollment or other 14 acceleration programs, each district school board, and each 15 district and school-based administrator fully supports and 16 17 cooperates in the accomplishment of these purposes and guiding 18 principles. 19 Section 3. Section 1001.33, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 20 21 1001.33 Schools under control of district school board and district school superintendent .--22 (1) Except as otherwise provided by law, all public 23 24 schools conducted within the district shall be under the direction and control of the district school board with the 25 26 district school superintendent as executive officer. 27 (2) Each district school board, each district school superintendent, and each district and school-based 28 29 administrator shall cooperate to apply the following guiding 30 principles of the Better Educated Students and Teachers (BEST)

Florida Teaching Act of 2003:

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- 1 Teachers lead, students learn. 2 (b) Teachers maintain orderly, disciplined classrooms 3 conducive to student learning. 4 Teachers are trained, recruited, well compensated, 5 and retained for quality. 6 (d) Teachers are well rewarded for their students' 7 high performance. 8 Teachers are most effective when served by (e) 9 exemplary school administrators. 10 Section 4. Subsections (5) and (6) of section 1001.42, 11 Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 1001.42 Powers and duties of district school 12 board. -- The district school board, acting as a board, shall 13 exercise all powers and perform all duties listed below: 14 (5) PERSONNEL.--15 (a) Designate positions to be filled, prescribe 16 17 qualifications for those positions, and provide for the appointment, compensation, promotion, suspension, and 18 19 dismissal of employees, subject to the requirements of chapter 20 1012. Each district school board shall employ personnel who are not classroom teachers to perform all paperwork and 21 recordkeeping requirements not directly related to classroom 22 23 instruction. 24 (b) Notwithstanding s. 1012.55 or any other provision 25
 - (b) Notwithstanding s. 1012.55 or any other provision of law or rule to the contrary, the district school board may, consistent with adopted district school board policy relating to alternative certification for school principals, appoint persons to the position of school principal who do not hold educator certification.
 - (c) Fully support and cooperate in the application of the guiding principles of the Better Educated Students and

 Teachers (BEST) Florida Teaching Act of 2003, pursuant to s. 1000.041.

- (6) STUDENT CHILD WELFARE. --
- (a) In accordance with the provisions of chapters 1003 and 1006, provide for the proper accounting for all <u>students</u> children of school age, for the attendance and control of students at school, and for proper attention to health, safety, and other matters relating to the welfare of <u>students</u> children.
- (b) In accordance with the provisions of ss. 1003.31 and 1003.32, fully support the authority of each teacher and school bus driver to remove disobedient, disrespectful, violent, abusive, uncontrollable, or disruptive students from the classroom and the school bus.

Section 5. Subsection (23) of section 1001.51, Florida Statutes, is renumbered as subsection (25), and new subsections (23) and (24) are added to that section to read:

superintendent.—The district school superintendent shall exercise all powers and perform all duties listed below and elsewhere in the law, provided that, in so doing, he or she shall advise and counsel with the district school board. The district school superintendent shall perform all tasks necessary to make sound recommendations, nominations, proposals, and reports required by law to be acted upon by the district school board. All such recommendations, nominations, proposals, and reports by the district school superintendent shall be either recorded in the minutes or shall be made in writing, noted in the minutes, and filed in the public records of the district school board. It shall be presumed that, in the absence of the record required in this section, the

recommendations, nominations, and proposals required of the 2 district school superintendent were not contrary to the action 3 taken by the district school board in such matters. 4 (23) QUALITY TEACHERS.--Fully support and cooperate in the application of the guiding principles of the Better 5 6 Educated Students and Teachers (BEST) Florida Teaching Act of 7 2003, pursuant to s. 1000.041. 8 (24) ORDERLY CLASSROOMS AND SCHOOL BUSES. -- Fully 9 support the authority of each teacher and school bus driver to 10 remove disobedient, disrespectful, violent, abusive, 11 uncontrollable, or disruptive students from the classroom and 12 the school bus. Section 6. Subsection (1) of section 1001.54, Florida 13 Statutes, is amended to read: 14 1001.54 Duties of school principals.--15 (1)(a) A district school board shall employ, through 16 17 written contract, public school principals. (b) The school principal has authority over school 18 19 district personnel in accordance with s. 1012.28. (c) The school principal shall fully support and 20 cooperate in the application of the guiding principles of the 21 Better Educated Students and Teachers (BEST) Florida Teaching 22 Act of 2003, pursuant to s. 1000.041. 23 (d) The school principal shall fully support the 24 25 authority of each teacher and school bus driver to remove disobedient, disrespectful, violent, abusive, uncontrollable, 26 27 or disruptive students from the classroom and the school bus. Section 7. Subsection (22) is added to section 28 29 1002.20, Florida Statutes, to read:

1002.20 K-12 student and parent rights.--K-12 students and their parents are afforded numerous statutory rights including, but not limited to, the following:

(22) ORDERLY, DISCIPLINED CLASSROOMS.--Public school students shall be in orderly, disciplined classrooms conducive to learning without the distraction caused by disobedient, disrespectful, violent, abusive, uncontrollable, or disruptive students, in accordance with s. 1003.32.

Section 8. Subsection (13) of section 1002.42, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1002.42 Private schools.--

(13) PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT SYSTEM.--An organization of private schools that has no fewer than 10 member schools in this state may develop a professional development system to be filed with the Department of Education in accordance with the provisions of s. 1012.98(6)(7).

Section 9. Section 1003.04, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1003.04 Student conduct and parental involvement goals.--

- (1) It is the goal of the Legislature and each district school board that Each public K-12 student must remain in attendance throughout the school year, unless excused by the school for illness or other good cause, and must comply fully with the school's code of conduct.
- (2) The parent of each public K-12 student must cooperate with the authority of the student's school board, superintendent, principal, teachers, and school bus drivers to remove the student from the classroom or the school bus pursuant to ss. 1003.31 and 1003.32 if the student is

disobedient, disrespectful, violent, abusive, uncontrollable, or disruptive.

(3) (3) (2) It is the goal of the Legislature and each district school board that the parent of each public K-12 student comply with the school's reasonable and time-acceptable parental involvement requests.

Section 10. Subsection (1) of section 1003.31, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1003.31 Students subject to control of school.--

- (1) Subject to law and rules of the State Board of Education and of the district school board, each student enrolled in a school shall:
- (a) During the time she or he is being transported to or from school at public expense;
 - (b) During the time she or he is attending school;
- During the time she or he is on the school premises participating with authorization in a school-sponsored activity; and
- (d) During a reasonable time before and after the student is on the premises for attendance at school or for authorized participation in a school-sponsored activity, and only when on the premises,

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be under the control and direction of the principal or teacher in charge of the school, and under the immediate control and direction of the teacher or other member of the instructional staff or of the bus driver to whom such responsibility may be assigned by the principal. However, the State Board of Education or the district school board may, by rules, subject each student to the control and direction of the principal or 31 teacher in charge of the school during the time she or he is

otherwise en route to or from school or is presumed by law to be attending school. Each district school board, each district school superintendent, and each school principal shall fully support the authority of teachers and school bus drivers to remove disobedient, disrespectful, violent, abusive, uncontrollable, or disruptive students from the classroom and the school bus.

Section 11. Section 1003.32, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1003.32 Authority of teacher; responsibility for control of students; district school board and principal duties.—Subject to law and to the rules of the district school board, each teacher or other member of the staff of any school shall have such authority for the control and discipline of students as may be assigned to him or her by the principal or the principal's designated representative and shall keep good order in the classroom and in other places in which he or she is assigned to be in charge of students.

- (1) In accordance with this section and within the framework of the district school board's code of student conduct, teachers and other instructional personnel shall have the authority to undertake any of the following actions in managing student behavior and ensuring the safety of all students in their classes and school and their opportunity to learn in an orderly and disciplined classroom:
 - (a) Establish classroom rules of conduct.
- (b) Establish and implement consequences, designed to change behavior, for infractions of classroom rules.
- (c) Have disobedient, disrespectful, violent, abusive, uncontrollable, or disruptive students temporarily $\underline{\text{or}}$

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permanently removed from the classroom for behavior management intervention.

- (d) Have violent, abusive, uncontrollable, or disruptive students directed for information or assistance from appropriate school or district school board personnel.
- (e) Assist in enforcing school rules on school property, during school-sponsored transportation, and during school-sponsored activities.
- (f) Request and receive information as to the disposition of any referrals to the administration for violation of classroom or school rules.
- (g) Request and receive immediate assistance in classroom management if a student becomes uncontrollable or in case of emergency.
- Request and receive training and other assistance to improve skills in classroom management, violence prevention, conflict resolution, and related areas.
- (i) Press charges if a crime has been committed against the teacher or other instructional personnel on school property, during school-sponsored transportation, or during school-sponsored activities.
- (j) Use reasonable force, according to standards adopted by the State Board of Education, to protect himself or herself or others from injury.
- (k) Use corporal punishment according to school board policy and at least the following procedures, if a teacher feels that corporal punishment is necessary:
- The use of corporal punishment shall be approved in principle by the principal before it is used, but approval is not necessary for each specific instance in which it is used. 31 | The principal shall prepare guidelines for administering such

punishment which identify the types of punishable offenses, the conditions under which the punishment shall be administered, and the specific personnel on the school staff authorized to administer the punishment.

- 2. A teacher or principal may administer corporal punishment only in the presence of another adult who is informed beforehand, and in the student's presence, of the reason for the punishment.
- 3. A teacher or principal who has administered punishment shall, upon request, provide the student's parent with a written explanation of the reason for the punishment and the name of the other adult who was present.
 - (2) Teachers and other instructional personnel shall:
- (a) Set and enforce reasonable classroom rules that treat all students equitably.
- (b) Seek professional development to improve classroom management skills when data show that they are not effective in handling minor classroom disruptions.
- (c) Maintain <u>an orderly and disciplined classroom with</u> a positive and effective learning environment that maximizes learning and minimizes disruption.
- (d) Work with parents and other school personnel to solve discipline problems in their classrooms.
- office to maintain effective discipline in the classroom and may recommend an appropriate consequence consistent with the student code of conduct under s. 1006.07. The principal shall respond by employing the teacher's recommended consequence or a more serious disciplinary action if the student's history of disruptive behavior warrants it. If the principal determines that a lesser disciplinary action is appropriate, the

principal shall consult with the teacher prior to taking disciplinary action appropriate discipline-management techniques consistent with the student code of conduct under s. 1006.07.

- (4) A teacher may remove from class a student whose behavior the teacher determines interferes with the teacher's ability to communicate effectively with the students in the class or with the ability of the student's classmates to learn. Each district school board, each district school superintendent, and each school principal shall support the authority of teachers to remove disobedient, violent, abusive, uncontrollable, or disruptive students from the classroom.
- (5) If a teacher removes a student from class under subsection (4), the principal may place the student in another appropriate classroom, in in-school suspension, or in a dropout prevention and academic intervention program as provided by s. 1003.53; or the principal may recommend the student for out-of-school suspension or expulsion, as appropriate. The student may be prohibited from attending or participating in school-sponsored or school-related activities. The principal may not return the student to that teacher's class without the teacher's consent unless the committee established under subsection (6) determines that such placement is the best or only available alternative. The teacher and the placement review committee must render decisions within 5 days of the removal of the student from the classroom.
- (6) (a) Each school shall establish a <u>placement review</u> committee to determine placement of a student when a teacher withholds consent to the return of a student to the teacher's class.

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1 (b) The principal must report on a quarterly basis to the district school superintendent and district school board 2 3 each incidence of a teacher's withholding consent for a 4 removed student to return to the teacher's class and the 5 disposition of the incident, and the superintendent must 6 annually report these data to the department. 7 (c) The Commissioner of Education shall annually 8 review each school district's compliance with this section, and success in achieving orderly classrooms, and shall use all 9 10 appropriate enforcement actions up to and including the 11 withholding of disbursements from the Educational Enhancement Trust Fund until full compliance is verified. 12 13 (d) Placement review committee membership must include 14 at least the following: 15 1.(a) Two teachers, one selected by the school's faculty and one selected by the teacher who has removed the 16 17 student. 2.(b) One member from the school's staff who is 18 19 selected by the principal. 20 21 The teacher who withheld consent to readmitting the student may not serve on the committee. The teacher and the placement 22 review committee must render decisions within 5 days after the 23 24 removal of the student from the classroom. If the placement 25 review committee's decision is contrary to the decision of the teacher to withhold consent to the return of the removed 26 27 student to the teacher's class, the teacher may appeal the

(7) Any teacher who removes 25 percent of his or her

committee's decision to the district school superintendent.

total class enrollment shall be required to complete

 professional development to improve classroom management skills.

- (8) Each teacher or other member of the staff of any school who knows or has reason to suspect that any person has committed, or has made a credible threat to commit, a crime of violence on school property shall report such knowledge or suspicion in accordance with the provisions of s. 1006.13.

 Each district school superintendent and each school principal shall fully support good-faith reporting in accordance with the provisions of this subsection and s. 1006.13. Any person who makes a report required by this subsection in good faith shall be immune from civil or criminal liability for making the report.
- (9)(8) When knowledgeable of the likely risk of physical violence in the schools, the district school board shall take reasonable steps to ensure that teachers, other school staff, and students are not at undue risk of violence or harm.

Section 12. Section 1004.04, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1004.04 Public accountability and state approval for teacher preparation programs.--

(1) INTENT.--

- (a) The Legislature recognizes that skilled teachers make an important contribution to a system that allows students to obtain a high-quality education.
- (b) The intent of the Legislature is to require the State Board of Education to attain establish a system for development and approval of teacher preparation programs that allows will free postsecondary teacher preparation institutions to employ varied and innovative teacher

preparation techniques while being held accountable for producing graduates with the competencies and skills necessary to achieve the state education goals; help the state's diverse student population, including students who have substandard reading and computational skills and students with limited English proficiency, meet high standards for academic achievement; maintain safe, secure classroom learning environments; and sustain the state system of school improvement and education accountability established pursuant to ss. 1000.03(5) and 1008.345.

(2) UNIFORM CORE CURRICULA.--

- $\underline{(a)}$ The State Board of Education shall adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 that establish uniform core curricula for each state-approved teacher preparation program.
- (b) The rules to establish uniform core curricula for each state-approved teacher preparation program must include, but are not limited to, a State Board of Education identified foundation in scientifically researched, knowledge-based reading literacy and computational skills acquisition; classroom management; school safety; professional ethics; educational law; human development and learning; and understanding of the Sunshine State Standards content measured by state achievement tests, reading and interpretation of data, and use of data to improve student achievement.
- (c) These rules shall not require an additional period of time-to-degree but may be phased in to enable teacher preparation programs to supplant state board identified pedagogy courses with the courses identified pursuant to paragraph (b).

 $\underline{(3)(2)}$ DEVELOPMENT OF TEACHER PREPARATION PROGRAMS.--A system developed by the Department of Education in collaboration with postsecondary educational institutions shall assist departments and colleges of education in the restructuring of their programs $\underline{\text{in accordance with this}}$ $\underline{\text{section}}$ to meet the need for producing quality teachers now and in the future.

- (a) The system must be designed to assist teacher educators in conceptualizing, developing, implementing, and evaluating programs that meet state-adopted standards. These standards shall emphasize quality indicators drawn from research, professional literature, recognized guidelines, Florida essential teaching competencies and educator-accomplished practices, effective classroom practices, and the outcomes of the state system of school improvement and education accountability, as well as performance measures.
- (b) Departments and colleges of education shall emphasize the state system of school improvement and education accountability concepts and standards, including Sunshine State Standards.
- $\underline{\text{(c)}}$ State-approved teacher preparation programs must incorporate:
- 1. Appropriate English for Speakers of Other Languages instruction so that program graduates will have completed the requirements for teaching limited English proficient students in Florida public schools.
- 2. Scientifically researched, knowledge-based reading literacy and computational skills instruction so that program graduates will be able to provide the necessary academic

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foundations for their students at whatever grade levels they choose to teach.

(4)(3) INITIAL STATE PROGRAM APPROVAL.--

- (a) A program approval process based on standards adopted pursuant to subsections subsection (2) and (3) must be established for postsecondary teacher preparation programs, phased in according to timelines determined by the Department of Education, and fully implemented for all teacher preparation programs in the state. Each program shall be approved by the department, consistent with the intent set forth in subsection (1) and based primarily upon significant, objective, and quantifiable graduate performance measures.
- (b) Each teacher preparation program approved by the Department of Education, as provided for by this section, shall require students to meet the following as prerequisites for admission into the program:
- Have a grade point average of at least 2.5 on a 4.0 scale for the general education component of undergraduate studies or have completed the requirements for a baccalaureate degree with a minimum grade point average of 2.5 on a 4.0 scale from any college or university accredited by a regional accrediting association as defined by State Board of Education rule or otherwise approved pursuant to State Board of Education rule.
- Demonstrate mastery of general knowledge, including 2. the ability to read, write, and compute, by passing the College Level Academic Skills Test, a corresponding component of the National Teachers Examination series, or a similar test pursuant to rules of the State Board of Education.

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Each teacher preparation program may waive these admissions requirements for up to 10 percent of the students admitted. Programs shall implement strategies to ensure that students admitted under a waiver receive assistance to demonstrate competencies to successfully meet requirements for certification.

- (5)(4) CONTINUED PROGRAM APPROVAL.--Notwithstanding subsection(4)(3), failure by a public or nonpublic teacher preparation program to meet the criteria for continued program approval shall result in loss of program approval. The Department of Education, in collaboration with the departments and colleges of education, shall develop procedures for continued program approval that document the continuous improvement of program processes and graduates' performance.
- (a) Continued approval of specific teacher preparation programs at each public and nonpublic postsecondary educational institution within the state is contingent upon the passing of the written examination required by s. 1012.56 by at least 90 percent of the graduates of the program who take the examination. On request of an institution, the Department of Education shall provide an analysis of the performance of the graduates of such institution with respect to the competencies assessed by the examination required by s. 1012.56.
- (b) Additional criteria for continued program approval for public institutions may be approved by the State Board of Education. Such criteria must emphasize instruction in classroom management and must provide for the evaluation of the teacher candidates' performance in this area. The criteria shall also require instruction in working with underachieving students. Program evaluation procedures must include, but are

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30 31 not limited to, program graduates' satisfaction with instruction and the program's responsiveness to local school districts. Additional criteria for continued program approval for nonpublic institutions shall be developed in the same manner as for public institutions; however, such criteria must be based upon significant, objective, and quantifiable graduate performance measures. Responsibility for collecting data on outcome measures through survey instruments and other appropriate means shall be shared by the postsecondary educational institutions and the Department of Education. By January 1 of each year, the Department of Education shall report this information for each postsecondary educational institution that has state-approved programs of teacher education to the Governor, the State Board of Education, the Commissioner of Education, the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, all Florida postsecondary teacher preparation programs, and interested members of the public. This report must analyze the data and make recommendations for improving teacher preparation programs in the state.

(c) Continued approval for a teacher preparation program is contingent upon the results of annual reviews of the program conducted by the postsecondary educational institution, using procedures and criteria outlined in an institutional program evaluation plan approved by the Department of Education. This plan must incorporate the criteria established in paragraphs (a) and (b) and include provisions for involving primary stakeholders, such as program graduates, district school personnel, classroom teachers, principals, community agencies, and business representatives in the evaluation process. Upon request by an institution, the

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department shall provide assistance in developing, enhancing, or reviewing the institutional program evaluation plan and training evaluation team members.

- (d) Continued approval for a teacher preparation program is contingent upon standards being in place that are designed to adequately prepare elementary, middle, and high school teachers to instruct their students in reading and higher-level mathematics concepts and in the use of technology at the appropriate grade level.
- (e) Continued approval of teacher preparation programs is contingent upon compliance with the student admission requirements of subsection(4)(3)and upon the receipt of at least a satisfactory rating from public schools and private schools that employ graduates of the program. Each teacher preparation program shall guarantee the high quality of its graduates during the first 2 years immediately following graduation from the program or following initial certification, whichever occurs first. Any educator in a Florida school who fails to demonstrate the essential skills specified in subparagraphs 1.-5. shall be provided additional training by the teacher preparation program at no expense to the educator or the employer. Such training must consist of an individualized plan agreed upon by the school district and the postsecondary educational institution that includes specific learning outcomes. The postsecondary educational institution assumes no responsibility for the educator's employment contract with the employer. Employer satisfaction shall be determined by an annually administered survey instrument approved by the Department of Education that, at a minimum, must include employer satisfaction of the graduates' ability 31 | to do the following:

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- Write and speak in a logical and understandable style with appropriate grammar.
- Recognize signs of students' difficulty with the 2. . reading and computational process and apply appropriate measures to improve students' reading and computational performance.
- 3. Use and integrate appropriate technology in teaching and learning processes.
- 4. Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of Sunshine State Standards.
- 5. Maintain an orderly and disciplined classroom conducive to student learning.
- (f)1. Each Florida public and private institution that offers a state-approved teacher preparation program must annually report information regarding these programs to the state and the general public. This information shall be reported in a uniform and comprehensible manner that is consistent with definitions and methods approved by the Commissioner of the National Center for Educational Statistics and that is approved by the State Board of Education. This information must include, at a minimum:
- The percent of graduates obtaining full-time teaching employment within the first year of graduation.
- The average length of stay of graduates in their full-time teaching positions.
 - Satisfaction ratings required in paragraph (e).
- Each public and private institution offering training for school readiness related professions, including training in the fields of child care and early childhood education, whether offering technical credit, associate in 31 applied science degree programs, associate in science degree

programs, or associate in arts degree programs, shall annually report information regarding these programs to the state and the general public in a uniform and comprehensible manner that conforms with definitions and methods approved by the State Board of Education. This information must include, at a minimum:

- Average length of stay of graduates in their a. positions.
 - b. Satisfaction ratings of graduates' employers.

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This information shall be reported through publications, including college and university catalogs and promotional materials sent to potential applicants, secondary school guidance counselors, and prospective employers of the institution's program graduates.

(6)(5) PRESERVICE FIELD EXPERIENCE. -- All postsecondary instructors, school district personnel and instructional personnel, and school sites preparing instructional personnel through preservice field experience courses and internships shall meet special requirements. District school boards are authorized to pay student teachers during their internships.

- (a) All instructors in postsecondary teacher preparation programs who instruct or supervise preservice field experience courses or internships shall have at least one of the following: specialized training in clinical supervision; a valid professional teaching certificate pursuant to ss. 1012.56 and 1012.585; or at least 3 years of successful teaching experience in prekindergarten through grade 12.
- (b) All school district personnel and instructional 31 personnel who supervise or direct teacher preparation students

during field experience courses or internships must have evidence of "clinical educator" training and must successfully demonstrate effective classroom management strategies that consistently result in improved student performance. The State Board of Education shall approve the training requirements.

- (c) Preservice field experience programs must provide specific guidance and demonstration of effective classroom management strategies, strategies for incorporating technology into classroom instruction, and ways to link instructional plans to the Sunshine State Standards, as appropriate. The length of structured field experiences may be extended to ensure that candidates achieve the competencies needed to meet certification requirements.
- (d) Postsecondary teacher preparation programs in cooperation with district school boards and approved private school associations shall select the school sites for preservice field experience activities. These sites must represent the full spectrum of school communities, including, but not limited to, schools located in urban settings. In order to be selected, school sites must demonstrate commitment to the education of public school students and to the preparation of future teachers.
- (7)(6) STANDARDS OF EXCELLENCE.--The State Board of Education shall approve standards of excellence for teacher preparation. These standards must exceed the requirements for program approval pursuant to subsection (4)(3) and must incorporate state and national recommendations for exemplary teacher preparation programs.
- (8)(7) NATIONAL BOARD STANDARDS.--The State Board of Education shall review standards and recommendations developed by the National Board for Professional Teaching Standards and

 the American Board for Certification of Teacher Excellence and may incorporate those parts deemed appropriate into criteria for continued state program approval, standards of excellence, and requirements for inservice education.

(9)(8) COMMUNITY COLLEGES.--To the extent practical, postsecondary educational institutions offering teacher preparation programs shall establish articulation agreements on a core of liberal arts courses and introductory professional courses with field experience components which shall be offered at community colleges.

(10)(9) PRETEACHER AND TEACHER EDUCATION PILOT PROGRAMS.—State universities and community colleges may establish preteacher education and teacher education pilot programs to encourage promising minority students to prepare for a career in education. These pilot programs shall be designed to recruit and provide additional academic, clinical, and counseling support for students whom the institution judges to be potentially successful teacher education candidates, but who may not meet teacher education program admission standards. Priority consideration shall be given to those pilot programs that are jointly submitted by community colleges and state universities.

(a) These pilot programs shall be approved by the State Board of Education and shall be designed to provide help and support for program participants during the preteacher education period of general academic preparation at a community college or state university and during professional preparation in a state-approved teacher education program. Emphasis shall be placed on development of the basic skills needed by successful teachers.

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- State universities and community colleges may admit into the pilot program those incoming students who demonstrate an interest in teaching as a career, but who may not meet the requirements for entrance into an approved teacher education program.
- Flexibility may be given to colleges of education to develop and market innovative teacher training programs directed at specific target groups such as graduates from the colleges of arts and sciences, employed education paraprofessionals, substitute teachers, early federal retirees, and nontraditional college students. Programs must be submitted to the State Board of Education for approval.
- 2. Academically successful graduates in the fields of liberal arts and science may be encouraged to embark upon a career in education.
- Models may be developed to provide a positive initial experience in teaching in order to encourage retention. Priority should be given to models that encourage minority graduates.
- (c) In order to be certified, a graduate from a pilot program shall meet all requirements for teacher certification specified by s. 1012.56. Should a graduate of a pilot program not meet the requirements of s. 1012.56, that person shall not be included in the calculations required by paragraph (5) $\frac{(4)}{(a)}$ and State Board of Education rules for continued program approval, or in the statutes used by the State Board of Education in deciding which teacher education programs to approve.
- (d) Institutions participating in the pilot program shall submit an annual report evaluating the success of the 31 program to the Commissioner of Education by March 1 of each

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year. The report shall include, at a minimum, contain, but shall not be limited to:the number of pilot program participants, including the number participating in general education and the number admitted to approved teacher education programs, the number of pilot program graduates, and the number of pilot program graduates who met the requirements of s. 1012.56. The commissioner shall consider the number of participants recruited, the number of graduates, and the number of graduates successfully meeting the requirements of s. 1012.56 reported by each institution, and shall make an annual recommendation to the State Board of Education regarding the institution's continued participation in the pilot program.

(11)(10) TEACHER EDUCATION PILOT PROGRAMS FOR HIGH-ACHIEVING STUDENTS. -- Pilot teacher preparation programs shall be established at the University of Central Florida, the University of North Florida, and the University of South Florida. These programs shall include a year-long paid teaching assignment and competency-based learning experiences and shall be designed to encourage high-achieving students, as identified by the institution, to pursue a career in education. Priority consideration shall be given to students obtaining academic degrees in mathematics, science, engineering, reading, or identified critical shortage areas. Students chosen to participate in the pilot programs shall agree to teach for at least 1 year after they receive their degrees. Criteria for identifying high-achieving students shall be developed by the institution and shall include, at a minimum, requirements that the student have a 3.3 grade point average or above and that the student has demonstrated mastery 31 of general knowledge pursuant to s. 1012.56. The year-long

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30 31 paid teaching assignment shall begin after completion of the equivalent of 3 years of the state university teacher preparation program.

- (a) Each pilot program shall be designed to include:
- 1. A year-long paid teaching assignment at a low-performing specified school site during the fourth year of the state university teacher preparation program, which includes intense supervision by a support team trained in clinical education. The support team shall include a state university supervisor and experienced school-based mentors. A mentor teacher shall be assigned to each fourth year employed teacher to implement an individualized learning plan. This mentor teacher will be considered an adjunct professor for purposes of this program and may receive credit for time spent as a mentor teacher in the program. The mentor teacher must have a master's degree or above, a minimum of 3 years of teaching experience, and clinical education training or certification by the National Board for of Professional Teaching Standards or the American Board for Certification of Teacher Excellence. Experiences and instruction may be delivered by other mentors, assigned teachers, professors, individualized learning, and demonstrations. Students in this paid teaching assignment shall assume full responsibility of all teaching duties.
- 2. Professional education curriculum requirements that address the educator-accomplished practices and other competencies specified in state board rule.
- 3. A modified instructional delivery system that provides onsite training during the paid teaching assignment in the professional education areas and competencies specified in this subsection. The institutions participating in this

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pilot program shall be given a waiver to provide a modified instructional delivery system meeting criteria that allows earned credit through nontraditional approaches. The modified system may provide for an initial evaluation of the candidate's competencies to determine an appropriate individualized professional development plan and may provide for earned credit by:

- Internet learning and competency acquisition. a.
- Learning acquired by observing demonstrations and being observed in application.
- Independent study or instruction by mentor teachers c. or adjunct teachers.
- Satisfactory demonstration of the educator-accomplished practices and content area competencies for program completion.
- For program completion, required achievement of passing scores on all tests required for certification by State Board of Education rules.
- (b) Beginning in July 2003, each institution participating in the pilot program shall submit to the Commissioner of Education an annual report evaluating the effectiveness of the program. The report shall include, but shall not be limited to, the number of students selected for the pilot program, the number of students successfully completing the pilot program, the number of program participants who passed all required examinations, the number of program participants who successfully demonstrated all required competencies, and a followup study to determine the number of pilot program completers who were employed in a teaching position and employers' satisfaction with the 31 performance of pilot program completers.

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30 31 (c) This subsection shall be implemented to the extent specifically funded in the General Appropriations Act.

 $\underline{(12)}$ (11) RULES.--The State Board of Education shall adopt necessary rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to implement this section.

Section 13. Subsection (1) of section 1006.08, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1006.08 District school superintendent duties relating to student discipline and school safety.--

The district school superintendent shall recommend plans to the district school board for the proper accounting for all students of school age, for the attendance and control of students at school, and for the proper attention to health, safety, and other matters which will best promote the welfare of students. Each district school superintendent shall fully support the authority of his or her principals, teachers, and school bus drivers to remove disobedient, disrespectful, violent, abusive, uncontrollable, or disruptive students from the classroom and the school bus. When the district school superintendent makes a recommendation for expulsion to the district school board, he or she shall give written notice to the student and the student's parent of the recommendation, setting forth the charges against the student and advising the student and his or her parent of the student's right to due process as prescribed by ss. 120.569 and 120.57(2). When district school board action on a recommendation for the expulsion of a student is pending, the district school superintendent may extend the suspension assigned by the principal beyond 10 school days if such suspension period expires before the next regular or special meeting of the district school board.

Section 14. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 1006.09, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1006.09 Duties of school principal relating to student discipline and school safety.--

(1)(a) Subject to law and to the rules of the State Board of Education and the district school board, the principal in charge of the school or the principal's designee shall develop policies for delegating to any teacher or other member of the instructional staff or to any bus driver transporting students of the school responsibility for the control and direction of students. Each school principal shall fully support the authority of his or her teachers and school bus drivers to remove disobedient, disrespectful, violent, abusive, uncontrollable, or disruptive students from the classroom and the school bus. The principal or the principal's designee must give full consideration to shall consider the recommendation for discipline made by a teacher, other member of the instructional staff, or a bus driver when making a decision regarding student referral for discipline.

Section 15. Section 1009.59, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

Reimbursement Forgiveness Program is established to encourage qualified personnel with undergraduate or graduate degrees in mathematics, science, engineering, reading, or State Board of Education designated critical teacher shortage areas to seek employment as teachers in Florida's publicly funded schools in subject areas in which critical teacher shortages exist, as identified annually by the State Board of Education. The

primary <u>purpose</u> <u>function</u> of the program is to <u>enhance the</u> <u>quality of Florida's teacher workforce by making make</u> repayments toward loans received by <u>the selected</u> students from federal programs or commercial lending institutions for the support of postsecondary education study. Repayments are intended to be made to qualified applicants <u>with undergraduate</u> or graduate degrees in mathematics, science, engineering, reading, or State Board of Education designated critical <u>teacher shortage areas</u> who begin teaching for the first time in designated subject areas, and who apply during their first <u>full</u> year of teaching <u>in a publicly funded school in Florida</u> as certified teachers in these subject areas. <u>Repayment shall</u> be prorated if a teacher teaches at least 90 days during the <u>first year of teaching</u>.

- (2) From the funds available, the Department of Education may make loan principal repayments on behalf of persons with degrees in mathematics, science, engineering, reading, or state board designated critical teacher shortage areas who are certified to teach in Florida public schools.

 The repayments may be made as follows:
- (a) Up to\$1,500 the first year the person is employed as a teacher in a publicly funded school in Florida\$2,500 a year for up to 4 years on behalf of selected graduates of state-approved undergraduate postsecondary teacher preparation programs, persons certified to teach pursuant to any applicable teacher certification requirements, or selected teacher preparation graduates from any state participating in the Interstate Agreement on the Qualification of Educational Personnel.
- (b) Up to \$2,500 for the second year the person is employed as a teacher in a publicly funded school in Florida

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\$5,000 a year for up to 2 years on behalf of selected graduates of state-approved graduate postsecondary teacher preparation programs, persons with graduate degrees certified to teach pursuant to any applicable teacher certification requirements, or selected teacher preparation graduates from any state participating in the Interstate Agreement on the Qualification of Educational Personnel.

- (c) Up to \$3,500 for the third year the person is employed as a teacher in a publicly funded school in Florida.
- (d) Up to \$4,500 for the fourth year and each subsequent year, up to a maximum of 10 years, the person is employed as a teacher in a publicly funded school in Florida.

(e) (c) All repayments shall be contingent on continued proof of satisfactory employment in a teacher position the designated subject areas in a publicly funded school in this state and shall be made directly to the holder of the loan or the applicant. The state shall not bear responsibility for the collection of any interest charges or other remaining balance. In the event that designated critical teacher shortage subject areas are changed by the State Board of Education, A teacher shall continue to be eligible for loan reimbursement in accordance with paragraphs (a)-(d) for up to the maximum of 10 years if forgiveness as long as he or she continues to teach in a subject area or in a critical shortage area pursuant to this section at a publicly funded school in Florida in the subject area for which the original loan repayment was made and otherwise meets all conditions of eligibility.

(3) Students receiving a state scholarship loan or a fellowship loan are not eligible to participate in the Critical Teacher Shortage Student Loan Reimbursement 31 Forgiveness Program.

(4) The Department of Education must advertise the availability of this program and must advise school districts, postsecondary educational institutions, and the public of the criteria and application procedures.

 $\underline{(5)(4)}$ The State Board of Education may adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 necessary for the administration of this program.

 $\underline{(6)}$ (5) This section shall be implemented only to the extent as specifically funded and authorized by law.

Section 16. Section 1009.591, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

1009.591 Teaching Fellows Program.--There is created the Teaching Fellows Program to encourage graduate students in mathematics, science, or engineering disciplines or state board designated critical teacher shortage areas to enter the teaching profession in public schools in Florida. The program shall be administered by the Department of Education.

- annual stipend of \$5,000 for each approved teaching fellow who is enrolled full-time in one of Florida's public or private universities in a graduate program in a mathematics, science, or engineering discipline or a state board designated critical teacher shortage area and commits to teach in a publicly funded school in Florida for 5 consecutive years immediately following completion of the graduate program.
- (2) It is the intent of the Legislature that the total amount appropriated annually for the program be sufficient to provide 200 teaching fellows with stipends of \$5,000 per year and to provide a \$5,000 signing bonus to each fellow upon initial employment as a teacher in a Florida public school graded "A," "B," or "C," or a \$10,000 signing bonus upon

employment in a Florida public school graded "D" or "F" with \$5,000 at initial employment and \$5,000 upon completion of the first year of teaching.

- (3) A teaching fellow may receive a stipend from the program for up to 4 consecutive years if the teaching fellow remains enrolled full-time in an eligible program and makes satisfactory progress toward a graduate degree in a program in a mathematics, science, or engineering discipline or a state board designated critical teacher shortage area.
- (4) A teaching fellow who receives a stipend pursuant to this section and attends a state university shall also receive a waiver of tuition and out-of-state fees, if applicable, at that university.
- (5) If a teaching fellow graduates and is employed following graduation as a teacher in a publicly funded school in Florida for 5 consecutive years, the teaching fellow is not required to repay the amount received as stipends, bonus, or tuition and fee waivers pursuant to this program.
- degree within 4 years, or if the fellow graduates but does not teach in a publicly funded school in Florida for 5 consecutive years following graduation, the teaching fellow must repay the Department of Education, on a schedule to be determined by the department, the total amount awarded for stipends, bonus, and tuition and fee waivers received pursuant to this program plus annual interest of 8 percent accruing from the date of the scholarship payment. Moneys repaid shall be deposited into the State Student Financial Assistance Trust Fund established in s. 1010.73. However, the department may provide additional time for repayment if the department finds that circumstances

beyond the control of the recipient caused or contributed to default on the repayment.

- (7) Recipients under this program are not eligible to participate in the Teacher Student Loan Reimbursement Program.
- (8) The department must advertise the availability of this program and advise school districts, postsecondary educational institutions, and the public of the criteria and application procedures.
- (9) The State Board of Education may adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 necessary for the administration of this program.
- (10) This section shall be implemented only to the extent as specifically funded and authorized by law.
- Section 17. Section 1011.63, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
- 1011.63 Better Educated Students and Teachers (BEST)
 Florida Teaching bonuses; categorical fund.--
- (1) There is created a categorical fund to provide performance bonuses to reward the top-performing 10 percent of classroom teachers in each school district with an annual performance bonus based on outstanding performance pursuant to s. 1012.34(3)(a).
- (2) Categorical funds for BEST Florida Teaching bonuses shall be allocated annually to each school district in the amount provided in the General Appropriations Act. These funds shall be in addition to the funds appropriated on the basis of full-time equivalent student membership in the Florida Education Finance Program and shall be included in the total potential funds of each school district. These funds shall be used only to provide BEST Florida Teaching bonuses to

full-time K-12 classroom teachers who demonstrate outstanding performance in each category itemized in s. 1012.34(3)(a)1.-7.

- (3) To be eligible for categorical funds, each district school superintendent shall submit to the Commissioner of Education, and receive the commissioner's approval of, a plan detailing the school district's methodology for selecting the teachers who receive the bonuses.
- (4) Each BEST Florida Teaching bonus shall be in the amount of \$5,000, unless the teacher has taught for the full school year in a school that was graded "D" or "F" the prior school year, in which case the bonus shall be in the amount of \$10,000. Any teacher who is not a mentor teacher and who receives a bonus 2 years in a 4-year period shall be promoted to the next higher classroom teacher category which reflects differentiated salary levels, pursuant to s. 1012.231(2).

Section 18. Section 1012.05, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1012.05 Teacher recruitment and retention.--

- (1) The Department of Education, in cooperation with teacher organizations, district personnel offices, and schools, colleges, and departments of <u>all</u> education in public and nonpublic postsecondary educational institutions, shall concentrate on the recruitment of qualified teachers.
 - (2) The Department of Education shall:
- (a) Develop and implement a system for posting teaching vacancies and establish a database of teacher applicants that is accessible within and outside the state.
- (b) Advertise in major newspapers, national professional publications, and other professional publications

 and in public and nonpublic postsecondary educational institutions schools of education.

- (c) Utilize state and nationwide toll-free numbers.
- (d) Conduct periodic communications with district personnel directors regarding applicants.
- (e) Provide district access to the applicant database by computer or telephone.
- (f) Develop and distribute promotional materials related to teaching as a career.
- (g) Publish and distribute information pertaining to employment opportunities, application procedures, <u>all routes</u> <u>toward</u> teacher certification, <u>in Florida</u>, and teacher salaries.
- (h) Provide information related to certification procedures.
- (i) Develop and sponsor the Florida Future Educator of America Program throughout the state.
- (j) Develop, in consultation with school district staff including, but not limited to, district school superintendents, district school board members, and district human resources personnel, a long-range plan for educator recruitment and retention.
- (k) Identify best practices for retaining high-quality teachers.
- (1) Develop, in consultation with Workforce Florida, Inc., and the Agency for Workforce Innovation, created pursuant to ss. 445.004 and 20.50, respectively, a plan for accessing and identifying available resources in the state's workforce system for the purpose of enhancing teacher recruitment and retention.

(m) Develop and implement a First Response Center to provide educator candidates one-stop shopping for information on teaching careers in Florida and establish the Teacher Lifeline Network to provide on-line support to beginning teachers.
(3) The Department of Education, in cooperation with

- (3) The Department of Education, in cooperation with district personnel offices, shall sponsor a job fair in a central part of the state to match in-state educators and potential educators and out-of-state educators and potential educators with teaching opportunities in this state.
- Act, the Commissioner of Education may use funds appropriated by the Legislature and funds from federal grants and other sources to provide incentives for teacher recruitment and preparation programs. The purpose of the use of such funds is to recruit and prepare individuals who do not graduate from state-approved teacher preparation programs to teach in a Florida public school. The commissioner may contract with entities other than, and including, approved teacher preparation programs to provide intensive teacher training leading to passage of the required certification exams for the desired subject area or coverage. The commissioner shall survey school districts to evaluate the effectiveness of such programs.

Section 19. Section 1012.231, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

1012.231 Teacher compensation; assignment of teachers.--

(1) STARTING SALARY.--Beginning with the 2003-2004 academic year, each district school board shall develop, and shall present to the State Board of Education by June 30,

1 2004, a plan, to be implemented beginning with the 2004-2005 academic year, for compensation of beginning classroom 2 3 teachers at no less than the amount of \$31,000, in 2003 dollars, indexed to the Consumer Price Index thereafter, 4 5 pursuant to legislative appropriations. The plan shall provide 6 for phased-in incremental implementation that maintains 7 separation between years of service for each differentiated 8 classroom teacher category as required pursuant to subsection (2). Effective the 2004-2005 academic year, this minimum 9 beginning salary shall be considered a statewide minimum 10 11 standard similar to minimum number of school days, designation of duties of instructional personnel, and minimum 12 certification standards, and as such shall not be subject to 13 collective bargaining under chapter 447. 14 PERFORMANCE PAY. -- Beginning with the 2003-2004 15 academic year, each district school board shall use a portion 16 17 of its teacher salary supplement categorical to fund differentiated teacher salaries, with the highest level of 18 19 differentiation based on outstanding performance and assignment of additional duties. Performance shall be defined 20 21 as designated in s. 1012.34(3) and shall also include course pretests and posttests to determine student learning gains in 22 grades and classes not measured by the FCAT. District school 23 24 boards shall designate categories of classroom teachers reflecting these differentiated salary levels as follows: 25 26 Associate Teacher.--Classroom teachers who have 27 not yet fully validated all essential teaching competencies, including the educator-accomplished practices as established 28 29 in State Board of Education rule, or who have not qualified 30 through reciprocal certification options identified in s. 31 1012.56(4).

- (b) Teacher.--Classroom teachers who have fully validated all essential teaching competencies, including the educator-accomplished practices as established in State Board of Education rule, or who have qualified through reciprocal certification options identified in s. 1012.56(4).
- (c) Senior Teacher.--Classroom teachers who have demonstrated outstanding performance as evidenced by improved student achievement and who are responsible for leading others in the school as department chair, lead teacher, grade-level leader, intern coordinator, or professional development coordinator. Senior teachers must serve as faculty for professional development activities as determined by the State Board of Education.
- demonstrated sustained outstanding performance as evidenced by improved student achievement and other factors as defined by the State Board of Education and who serve as regular mentors to other teachers who are either not performing satisfactorily or who strive to become more proficient. Mentor teachers must serve as faculty-based professional development coordinators and regularly demonstrate and share their expertise with other teachers in order to remain mentor teachers.
- assign a higher percentage of first-time teachers, temporarily certified teachers, teachers in need of improvement, or out-of-field teachers to schools with above the school district average of minority and economically disadvantaged students or schools that are graded "D" or "F." District school boards are authorized to provide salary incentives to meet this requirement. No district school board shall sign a

 collective bargaining agreement that fails to provide sufficient incentives to meet this requirement.

Section 20. Section 1012.27, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1012.27 Public school personnel; powers and duties of district school superintendent.--The district school superintendent is shall be responsible, as required herein, for directing the work of the personnel, subject to the requirements of this chapter, and in addition the district school superintendent shall perform have the following duties:

- (1) POSITIONS, QUALIFICATIONS, AND NOMINATIONS.--
- (a) Recommend to the district school board duties and responsibilities which need to be performed and positions which need to be filled to make possible the development of an adequate school program in the district. Beginning with the 2003-2004 academic year, this recommendation shall provide for the employment of OPS personnel who are not classroom teachers to perform all paperwork and recordkeeping requirements not directly related to classroom instruction.
- (b) Recommend minimum qualifications of personnel for these various positions, and nominate in writing persons to fill such positions.

The district school superintendent's recommendations for filling instructional positions at the school level must consider nominations received from school principals of the respective schools. Before transferring a teacher who holds a professional teaching certificate from one school to another, the district school superintendent shall consult with the principal of the receiving school and allow the principal to review the teacher's records and interview the teacher. If, in

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the judgment of the principal, students would not benefit from the placement, an alternative placement may be sought.

- (2) COMPENSATION AND SALARY SCHEDULES.--Prepare and recommend to the district school board for adoption a salary schedule or salary schedules. The district school superintendent must recommend a salary schedule for instructional personnel which bases a portion of each employee's compensation on performance demonstrated under s. 1012.34. In developing the recommended salary schedule, the district school superintendent shall include input from parents, teachers, and representatives of the business community. Beginning with the 2003-2004 academic year, the recommended salary schedule for classroom teachers shall be consistent with the requirements of s. 1012.231.
- (3) CONTRACTS AND TERMS OF SERVICE.—Recommend to the district school board terms for contracting with employees and prepare such contracts as are approved.
- (4) TRANSFER.--Recommend employees for transfer and transfer any employee during any emergency and report the transfer to the district school board at its next regular meeting.
- (5) SUSPENSION AND DISMISSAL.—Suspend members of the instructional staff and other school employees during emergencies for a period extending to and including the day of the next regular or special meeting of the district school board and notify the district school board immediately of such suspension. When authorized to do so, serve notice on the suspended member of the instructional staff of charges made against him or her and of the date of hearing. Recommend employees for dismissal under the terms prescribed herein.

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1 (6) DIRECT WORK OF EMPLOYEES AND SUPERVISE 2 INSTRUCTION. -- Direct or arrange for the proper direction and 3 improvement, under rules of the district school board, of the work of all members of the instructional staff and other 4 5 employees of the district school system, supervise or arrange 6 under rules of the district school board for the supervision 7 of instruction in the district, and take such steps as are 8 necessary to bring about continuous improvement. 9 Section 21. Subsections (3) and (4) of section 10 1012.28, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 11 1012.28 Public school personnel; duties of school 12 principals.--13 (3) Each school principal is responsible for the 14 performance of all personnel employed by the district school board and assigned to the school to which the principal is 15 assigned. The school principal shall faithfully and 16 17 effectively apply the personnel assessment system approved by 18 the district school board pursuant to s. 1012.34 and, 19 beginning with the 2003-2004 academic year, s. 1012.231. 20 (4) Each school principal shall assist the teachers within the school to use student assessment data, as measured 21 by student learning gains pursuant to s. 1008.22, for 22 23

self-evaluation. Each school principal shall also ensure that OPS school personnel who are not classroom teachers perform all paperwork and recordkeeping requirements not directly related to classroom instruction.

Section 22. Subsections (1) through (6) of section 1012.56, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1012.56 Educator certification requirements.--

(1) APPLICATION. -- Each person seeking certification 31 pursuant to this chapter shall submit a completed application

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containing the applicant's social security number to the Department of Education and remit the fee required pursuant to s. 1012.59 and rules of the State Board of Education. Pursuant to the federal Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996, each party is required to provide his or her social security number in accordance with this section. Disclosure of social security numbers obtained through this requirement <u>is</u> shall be limited to the purpose of administration of the Title IV-D program of the Social Security Act for child support enforcement. Pursuant to s. 120.60, the department shall issue within 90 calendar days after the stamped receipted date of the completed application:

- (a) A certificate covering the classification, level, and area for which the applicant is deemed qualified; or
- (b) An official statement of status of eligibility. The statement of status of eligibility must advise the applicant of any qualifications that must be completed to qualify for certification. Each statement of status of eligibility is valid for 3 2 years after its date of issuance, except as provided in paragraph (2)(d). A statement of status of eligibility may be reissued for one additional 2-year period if application is made while the initial statement of status of eligibility is valid or within 1 year after the initial statement expires, and if the certification subject area is authorized to be issued by the state board at the time the application requesting a reissued statement of status of eligibility is received.
- (2) ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA.--To be eligible to seek certification pursuant to this chapter, a person must:
 - (a) Be at least 18 years of age.

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- (b) File a written statement, under oath, that the applicant subscribes to and will uphold the principles incorporated in the Constitution of the United States and the Constitution of the State of Florida.
- (c) Document receipt of a bachelor's or higher degree from an accredited institution of higher learning, or a nonaccredited institution of higher learning that the Department of Education has identified as having a quality program resulting in a bachelor's degree, or higher. Each applicant seeking initial certification must have attained at least a 2.5 overall grade point average on a 4.0 scale in the applicant's major field of study. The applicant may document the required education by submitting official transcripts from institutions of higher education or by authorizing the direct submission of such official transcripts through established electronic network systems. The bachelor's or higher degree may not be required in areas approved in rule by the State Board of Education as nondegreed areas.
- (d) Submit to a fingerprint check from the Department of Law Enforcement and the Federal Bureau of Investigation pursuant to s. 1012.32. If the fingerprint reports indicate a criminal history or if the applicant acknowledges a criminal history, the applicant's records shall be referred to the Bureau of Educator Standards for review and determination of eligibility for certification. If the applicant fails to provide the necessary documentation requested by the Bureau of Educator Standards within 90 days after the date of the receipt of the certified mail request, the statement of eligibility and pending application shall become invalid.
 - (e) Be of good moral character.

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- (f) Be competent and capable of performing the duties, functions, and responsibilities of an educator.
- (g) Demonstrate mastery of general knowledge, pursuant to subsection (3).
- (h) Demonstrate mastery of subject area knowledge, pursuant to subsection (4).
- (i) Demonstrate mastery of professional preparation and education competence, pursuant to subsection (5).
- (3) MASTERY OF GENERAL KNOWLEDGE.--Acceptable means of demonstrating mastery of general knowledge are:
- (a) Achievement of passing scores on basic skills examination required by state board rule;
- (b) Achievement of passing scores on the College Level Academic Skills Test earned prior to July 1, 2002;
- (c) A valid professional standard teaching certificate
 issued by another state that requires an examination of
 mastery of general knowledge;
- (d) A valid standard teaching certificate issued by another state and valid certificate issued by the National Board for Professional Teaching Standards or other such nationally recognized organization as determined by the State Board of Education; or
- (e) <u>Documentation of two semesters of successful</u>
 teaching in a community college, state university, or private
 college or university that awards an associate or higher
 degree and is an accredited institution or an institution of
 higher education identified by the Department of Education as
 having a quality program. A valid standard teaching
 certificate issued by another state and documentation of 2
 years of continuous successful full-time teaching or

administrative experience during the 5-year period immediately preceding the date of application for certification.

(4) MASTERY OF SUBJECT AREA KNOWLEDGE.--Acceptable means of demonstrating mastery of subject area knowledge are:

(a) Achievement of passing scores on subject area

examinations required by state board rule;

 (b) Completion of the subject area specialization requirements specified in state board rule and verification of the attainment of the essential subject matter competencies by the district school superintendent of the employing school district or chief administrative officer of the employing state-supported or private school for a subject area for which a subject area examination has not been developed and required by state board rule;

(c) Completion of the graduate level subject area specialization requirements specified in state board rule for a subject coverage requiring a master's or higher degree and achievement of a passing score on the subject area examination specified in state board rule;

(d) A valid <u>professional</u> standard teaching certificate issued by another state that requires an examination of mastery of subject area knowledge; or

(e) A valid standard teaching certificate issued by another state and valid certificate issued by the National Board for Professional Teaching Standards or other such nationally recognized organization as determined by the State Board of Education.

(f) A valid standard teaching certificate issued by another state and documentation of 2 years of continuous successful full-time teaching or administrative experience

during the 5-year period immediately preceding the date of application for certification.

(5) MASTERY OF PROFESSIONAL PREPARATION AND EDUCATION COMPETENCE.--Acceptable means of demonstrating mastery of professional preparation and education competence are:

- (a) Completion of an approved teacher preparation program at a postsecondary educational institution within this state and achievement of a passing score on the professional education competency examination required by state board rule;
- (b) Completion of a teacher preparation program at a postsecondary educational institution outside Florida and achievement of a passing score on the professional education competency examination required by state board rule;
- (c) A valid <u>professional</u> standard teaching certificate issued by another state that requires an examination of mastery of professional education competence;
- (d) A valid standard teaching certificate issued by another state and valid certificate issued by the National Board for Professional Teaching Standards or other such nationally recognized organization as determined by the State Board of Education;
- teaching in a community college, state university, or private college or university that awards an associate or higher degree and is an accredited institution or an institution of higher education identified by the Department of Education as having a quality program A valid standard teaching certificate issued by another state and documentation of 2 years of continuous successful full-time teaching or administrative experience during the 5-year period immediately preceding the date of application for certification;

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- Completion of professional preparation courses as specified in state board rule, successful completion of a professional education competence demonstration program pursuant to paragraph (7)(b), and achievement of a passing score on the professional education competency examination required by state board rule; or
- (q) Successful completion of a professional preparation alternative certification and education competency program, outlined in paragraph (7)(a).
- State Board of Education rule governing mastery of professional preparation and education competence shall be revised as necessary in accordance with s. 1004.04(2).
 - (6) TYPES AND TERMS OF CERTIFICATION. --
- (a) The Department of Education shall issue a professional certificate for a period not to exceed 5 years to any applicant who meets all the requirements outlined in subsection (2).
- (b) The department shall issue a temporary certificate to any applicant who completes the requirements outlined in paragraphs (2)(a)-(f) and completes the subject area content requirements specified in state board rule or demonstrates mastery of subject area knowledge pursuant to subsection (4) and holds an accredited degree or a degree approved by the Department of Education at the level required for the subject area specialization in state board rule.
- (c) The department shall issue one nonrenewable 2-year temporary certificate and one nonrenewable 5-year professional certificate to a qualified applicant who holds a bachelor's degree in the area of speech-language impairment to allow for

completion of a master's degree program in speech-language impairment. 2 3 Each temporary certificate is valid for 3 school fiscal years 4 5 and is nonrenewable. However, the requirement in paragraph 6 (2)(q) must be met within 1 calendar year of the date of 7 employment under the temporary certificate. Individuals who are employed under contract at the end of the 1 calendar year 8 9 time period may continue to be employed through the end of the 10 school year in which they have been contracted. A school 11 district shall not employ, or continue the employment of, an individual in a position for which a temporary certificate is 12 required beyond this time period if the individual has not met 13 14 the requirement of paragraph (2)(g). The State Board of Education shall adopt rules to allow the department to extend 15 the validity period of a temporary certificate for 2 years 16 17 when the requirements for the professional certificate, not 18 including the requirement in paragraph (2)(g), were not 19 completed due to the serious illness or injury of the 20 applicant or other extraordinary extenuating circumstances. 21 Based on emergency need, the department shall reissue the temporary certificate for 2 additional years upon approval by 22 the Commissioner of Education. A written request for such 23 reissuance must first of the certificate shall be submitted, 24 25 stating the basis for the emergency need, by the district school superintendent, the governing authority of a university 26 27 lab school, the governing authority of a state-supported 28 school, or the governing authority of a private school. 29 Section 23. Subsection (1) of section 1012.57, Florida 30 Statutes, is amended to read: 31 1012.57 Certification of adjunct educators.--

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1 (1) Notwithstanding the provisions of ss. 1012.32, 2 1012.55, and 1012.56, or any other provision of law or rule to 3 the contrary, district school boards shall adopt rules to allow for the issuance of may issue an adjunct teaching certificate to any applicant who fulfills the requirements of s. 1012.56(2)(a)-(f) and who has expertise in the subject area to be taught. An applicant shall be considered to have expertise in the subject area to be taught if the applicant has at least a major minor in the subject area or demonstrates 10 sufficient subject area mastery through passage of a subject 11 area test as determined by district school board policy. The adjunct teaching certificate shall be used for part-time 12 13 teaching positions. The intent of this provision is to allow school districts to tap the wealth of talent and expertise 14 represented in Florida's citizens who may wish to teach 15 part-time in a Florida public school by permitting school 16 17 districts to issue adjunct certificates to qualified applicants. Adjunct certificateholders should be used as a 18 19 strategy to reduce the teacher shortage; thus, adjunct 20 certificateholders should supplement a school's instructional 21 staff, not supplant it. Each school principal shall assign an experienced peer mentor to assist the adjunct teaching 22 certificateholder during the certificateholder's first year of 23 24 teaching, and an adjunct certificateholder may participate in 25 a district's new teacher training program. District school boards shall provide the adjunct teaching certificateholder an 26 27 orientation in classroom management prior to assigning the 28 certificateholder to a school. Each adjunct teaching 29 certificate is valid for 5 school years and is renewable if: (a) The applicant completes a minimum of 60 inservice 30 31 points or 3 semester hours of college credit. The earned

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credits must include instruction in classroom management, district school board procedures, school culture, and other activities that enhance the professional teaching skills of the certificateholder.

(b) The applicant has received satisfactory performance evaluations during each year of teaching under adjunct teaching certification.

Section 24. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1), subsection (2), and paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section 1012.585, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1012.585 Process for renewal of professional certificates.--

- (1)(a) District school boards in this state shall renew state-issued professional certificates as follows:
- 1. Each district school board shall renew state-issued professional certificates for individuals who hold a state-issued professional certificate by this state and are employed by that district pursuant to criteria established in subsections (2), (3), and (4) and rules of the State Board of Education.
- The employing school district may charge the individual an application fee not to exceed the amount charged by the Department of Education for such services, including associated late renewal fees. Each district school board shall transmit monthly to the department a fee in an amount established by the State Board of Education for each renewed certificate. The fee shall not exceed the actual cost for maintenance and operation of the statewide certification database and for the actual costs incurred in printing and mailing such renewed certificates. As defined in current rules 31 of the state board, the department shall contribute a portion

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of such fee for purposes of funding the Educator Recovery Network established in s. 1012.798. The department shall deposit all funds into the Educational Certification Trust Fund for use as specified in s. 1012.59.

- (2)(a) All professional certificates, except a nonrenewable professional certificate, shall be renewable for successive periods not to exceed 5 years after the date of submission of documentation of completion of the requirements for renewal provided in subsection (3). Only one renewal may be granted during each 5-year validity period of a professional certificate.
- (b) A teacher with national certification from the National Board for Professional Teaching Standards is deemed to meet state renewal requirements for the life of the teacher's national certificate in the subject shown on the national certificate. A complete renewal application and fee shall be submitted.
- (c) As authorized by State Board of Education rule, a teacher with a valid certificate issued by the American Board for Certification of Teacher Excellence is deemed to meet state renewal requirements for the life of the teacher's American Board certificate in the subject shown on the American Board certificate. A complete renewal application and fee shall be submitted.
- (d) (d) (c) If the renewal application form is not received by the department or by the employing school district before the expiration of the professional certificate, the application form, application fee, and a late fee must be submitted before July 1 of the year following expiration of the certificate in order to renew the professional 31 certificate.

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30 31 (e)(d) The State Board of Education shall adopt rules to allow a 1-year extension of the validity period of a professional certificate in the event of serious illness, injury, or other extraordinary extenuating circumstances of the applicant. The department shall grant such 1-year extension upon written request by the applicant or by the district school superintendent or the governing authority of a university lab school, state-supported school, or private school that employs the applicant.

- (3) For the renewal of a professional certificate, the following requirements must be met:
- (a) The applicant must earn a minimum of 6 college credits or 120 inservice points or a combination thereof. For each area of specialization to be retained on a certificate, the applicant must earn at least 3 of the required credit hours or equivalent inservice points in the specialization area. Education in "clinical educator" training pursuant to s. $1004.04(6)(b)\frac{1004.04(5)(b)}{and}$ credits or points that provide training in the area of exceptional student education, normal child development, and the disorders of development may be applied toward any specialization area. Credits or points that provide training in the areas of drug abuse, child abuse and neglect, strategies in teaching students having limited proficiency in English, or dropout prevention, or training in areas identified in the educational goals and performance standards adopted pursuant to ss. 1000.03(5) and 1001.23 may be applied toward any specialization area. Credits or points earned through approved summer institutes may be applied toward the fulfillment of these requirements. Inservice points may also be earned by participation in professional growth components approved by the State Board of Education and

specified pursuant to s. 1012.98 in the district's approved master plan for inservice educational training, including, but not limited to, serving as a trainer in an approved teacher training activity, serving on an instructional materials committee or a state board or commission that deals with educational issues, or serving on an advisory council created pursuant to s. 1001.452.

Section 25. Section 1012.586, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

1012.586 Additions or changes to certificates;
duplicate certificates.--A school district may process via a

Department of Education website certificates for the following applications of public school employees:

- (1) Addition of a subject coverage or endorsement to a valid Florida certificate on the basis of the completion of the appropriate subject area testing requirements of s.

 1012.56(4)(a) or the completion of the requirements of an approved school district program or the inservice components for an endorsement.
 - (2) A reissued certificate to reflect a name change.
- (3) A duplicate certificate to replace a lost or damaged certificate.

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The employing school district shall charge the employee a fee not to exceed the amount charged by the Department of

Education for such services. Each district school board shall retain a portion of the fee as defined in the rules of the State Board of Education. The portion sent to the department shall be used for maintenance of the technology system, the web application, and posting and mailing of the certificate.

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Section 26. Subsections (1) and (2) and paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section 1012.72, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1012.72 Dale Hickam Excellent Teaching Program. --

- (1) The Legislature recognizes that teachers play a critical role in preparing students to achieve the high levels of academic performance expected by the Sunshine State Standards. The Legislature further recognizes the importance of identifying and rewarding teaching excellence and of encouraging good teachers to become excellent teachers. The Legislature finds that the National Board for of Professional Teaching Standards (NBPTS) has established high and rigorous standards for accomplished teaching and has developed a national voluntary system for assessing and certifying teachers who demonstrate teaching excellence by meeting those standards. It is therefore the Legislature's intent to provide incentives for teachers to seek NBPTS certification and to reward teachers who demonstrate teaching excellence by attaining NBPTS certification and sharing their expertise with other teachers. Contingent upon approval by the State Board of Education, the incentives and privileges extended to the NBPTS and to a teacher who holds a valid certificate issued by the NBPTS shall be extended to the American Board for Certification of Teacher Excellence (ABCTE) and to a teacher who holds a valid Master Teacher Certificate issued by the ABCTE.
- (2) The Dale Hickam Excellent Teaching Program is created to provide categorical funding for monetary incentives and bonuses for teaching excellence. The Department of Education shall distribute to each school district or to the 31 NBPTS, or to the ABCTE if approved by the State Board of

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Education, an amount as prescribed annually by the Legislature for the Dale Hickam Excellent Teaching Program. For purposes of this section, the Florida School for the Deaf and the Blind shall be considered a school district. Unless otherwise provided in the General Appropriations Act, each distribution shall be the sum of the amounts earned for the following incentives and bonuses:

- (a) A fee subsidy to be paid by the Department of Education to the NBPTS, or to the ABCTE if approved by the State Board of Education, on behalf of each individual who is an employee of a district school board or a public school within the school district, who is certified by the district to have demonstrated satisfactory teaching performance pursuant to s. 1012.34 and who satisfies the prerequisites for participating in the NBPTS certification program, or the ABCTE master teacher certification program if approved by the State Board of Education, and who agrees, in writing, to pay 10 percent of the NBPTS or ABCTE participation fee and to participate in the NBPTS certification program, or the ABCTE master teacher certification program if approved by the State Board of Education, during the school year for which the fee subsidy is provided. The fee subsidy for each eligible participant shall be an amount equal to 90 percent of the fee charged for participating in the NBPTS certification program. The fee subsidy is a one-time award and may not be duplicated for any individual.
- (b) A portfolio-preparation incentive of \$150 paid by the Department of Education to each teacher employed by a district school board or a public school within a school district who is participating in the NBPTS certification program, or the ABCTE master teacher certification program if

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approved by the State Board of Education. The portfolio-preparation incentive is a one-time award paid during the school year for which the NBPTS fee subsidy is provided.

- (c) An annual bonus equal to 10 percent of the prior fiscal year's statewide average salary for classroom teachers to be distributed to the school district to be paid to each individual who holds NBPTS certification, or ABCTE master teacher certification if approved by the State Board of Education, and is employed by the district school board or by a public school within the school district. The district school board shall distribute the annual bonus to each individual who meets the requirements of this paragraph and who is certified annually by the district to have demonstrated satisfactory teaching performance pursuant to s. 1012.34. The annual bonus may be paid as a single payment or divided into not more than three payments.
- (d) An annual bonus equal to 10 percent of the prior fiscal year's statewide average salary for classroom teachers to be distributed to the school district to be paid to each individual who meets the requirements of paragraph (c) and agrees, in writing, to provide the equivalent of 12 workdays of mentoring and related services to public school teachers within the state who do not hold NBPTS certification or ABCTE certification if approved by the State Board of Education. The district school board shall distribute the annual bonus in a single payment following the completion of all required mentoring and related services for the year. It is not the intent of the Legislature to remove excellent teachers from their assigned classrooms; therefore, credit may not be granted by a school district or public school for mentoring or

related services provided during student contact time during the 196 days of required service for the school year.

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Beginning with the 2003-2004 academic year, annual bonuses pursuant to this section shall be limited to teachers who demonstrate outstanding performance in teaching subjects in student performance measurable areas, as measured by the FCAT, and who also demonstrate significant successful efforts in mentoring beginning or struggling teachers. A teacher for whom the state pays the certification fee and who does not complete the certification program or does not teach in a public school of this state for at least 1 year after completing the certification program must repay the amount of the certification fee to the state. However, a teacher who completes the certification program but fails to be awarded NBPTS certification, or ABCTE master teacher certification if approved by the State Board of Education, is not required to repay the amount of the certification fee if the teacher meets the 1-year teaching requirement. Repayment is not required of a teacher who does not complete the certification program or fails to fulfill the teaching requirement because of the teacher's death or disability or because of other extenuating circumstances as determined by the State Board of Education.

(3)(a) In addition to any other remedy available under the law, any person who is a recipient of a certification fee subsidy paid to the NBPTS, or the ABCTE if approved by the State Board of Education, and who is an employee of the state or any of its political subdivisions is considered to have consented, as a condition of employment, to the voluntary or involuntary withholding of wages to repay to the state the 31 amount of such a certification fee subsidy awarded under this

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section. Any such employee who defaults on the repayment of such a certification fee subsidy must, within 60 days after service of a notice of default by the Department of Education to the employee, establish a repayment schedule which must be agreed to by the department and the employee, for repaying the defaulted sum through payroll deductions. The department may not require the employee to pay more than 10 percent of the employee's pay per pay period under such a repayment schedule or plan. If the employee fails to establish a repayment schedule within the specified period of time or fails to meet the terms and conditions of the agreed upon or approved repayment schedule as authorized by this subsection, the employee has breached an essential condition of employment and is considered to have consented to the involuntary withholding of wages or salary for the repayment of the certification fee subsidy.

Section 27. Subsection (3) of section 1012.73, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 1012.73 Florida Mentor Teacher School Pilot Program.--
- (3) The five teacher career development positions and minimum requirements are:
- (a) Education paraprofessional learning guide.--An education paraprofessional learning guide must hold an associate degree from a postsecondary educational institution and must demonstrate appropriate writing, speaking, and computation skills.
- (b) Associate teacher.--An associate teacher must hold a bachelor's degree from a postsecondary educational institution and a valid Florida teaching certificate as provided by s. 1012.56.

- (c) Teacher.--A teacher must hold a bachelor's degree or higher from a postsecondary educational institution and a valid Florida teaching certificate, have a minimum of 3 years' full-time teaching experience, document satisfactory teaching performance, and document evidence of positive student learning gains, when data become available.
- (d) Lead teacher.--A lead teacher must hold a bachelor's degree or higher from a postsecondary educational institution and a valid Florida professional teaching certificate, have a minimum of 3 years' full-time teaching experience, document exemplary teaching performance, and document evidence of significant positive student learning gains, when data become available. A lead teacher shall provide intensive support for associate teachers and teachers.
 - (e) Mentor teacher.--A mentor teacher must:
- 1. Hold a bachelor's degree or higher from a postsecondary educational institution and a valid Florida professional teaching certificate.
- 2. Have a minimum of 5 years' full-time teaching experience.
 - 3. Document exemplary teaching performance.
- 4. Document evidence of significant positive student learning gains, when data become available.
- 5. Hold a valid National Board for Professional Teaching Standards certificate; have been selected as a school, district, or state teacher of the year; or hold an equivalent status as determined by the commissioner.
 - 6. Demonstrate expertise as a staff developer.

Teacher career development does not require graduation from a teacher preparation program.

Section 28. Subsection (2), paragraph (b) of subsection (3), and subsections (5) through (10) of section 1012.98, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1012.98 School Community Professional Development Act.--

- parents, administrative personnel, managers, instructional personnel, support personnel, members of district school boards, members of school advisory councils, parents, business partners, and personnel that provide health and social services to students school children. School districts may identify and include additional members of the school community in the professional development activities required by this section.
- $\hbox{(3)} \quad \hbox{The activities designed to implement this section} \\$ $\hbox{must:} \\$
- (b) Assist the school community in providing stimulating, scientifically research-based educational activities that encourage and motivate students to achieve at the highest levels and to become active learners.
- (5)(a) The Department of Education shall provide a system for the recruitment, preparation, and professional development of school administrative personnel. This system shall:
- 1. Identify the knowledge, competencies, and skills necessary for effective school management and instructional leadership that align with student performance standards and accountability measures.
 - 2. Include performance evaluation methods.
- 30 3. Provide for alternate means for preparation of school administrative personnel which may include programs

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designed by school districts and postsecondary educational institutions pursuant to quidelines developed by the commissioner. Such preparation programs shall be approved by the Department of Education.

- 4. Provide for the hiring of qualified out-of-state school administrative personnel.
- 5. Provide advanced educational opportunities for school-based instructional leaders.
- (b) The Commissioner of Education shall appoint a task force that includes a district school superintendent, a district school board member, a principal, an assistant principal, a teacher, a dean of a college of education, and parents. The task force shall convene periodically to provide recommendations to the department in the areas of recruitment, certification, preparation, professional development, and evaluation of school administrators.

(5)(6) Each district school board shall provide funding for the professional development system as required by s. 1011.62 and the General Appropriations Act, and shall direct expenditures from other funding sources to strengthen the system and make it uniform and coherent. A school district may coordinate its professional development program with that of another district, with an educational consortium, or with a community college or university, especially in preparing and educating personnel. Each district school board shall make available inservice activities to instructional personnel of nonpublic schools in the district and the state certified teachers who are not employed by the district school board on a fee basis not to exceed the cost of the activity per all participants.

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30 31 (6)(7) An organization of private schools which has no fewer than 10 member schools in this state, which publishes and files with the Department of Education copies of its standards, and the member schools of which comply with the provisions of part II of chapter 1003, relating to compulsory school attendance, may also develop a—professional development system that includes a master plan for inservice activities. The system and inservice plan must be submitted to the commissioner for approval pursuant to rules of the State Board of Education.

(7) The Department of Education shall design methods by which the state and district school boards may evaluate and improve the professional development system. The evaluation must include an annual assessment of data that indicate progress or lack of progress of all students. If the review of the data indicates progress, the department shall identify the best practices that contributed to the progress. If the review of the data indicates a lack of progress, the department shall investigate the causes of the lack of progress, provide technical assistance, and require the school district to employ a different approach to professional development. The department shall report annually to the State Board of Education and the Legislature any school district that, in the determination of the department, has failed to provide an adequate professional development system. This report must include the results of the department's investigation and of any intervention provided.

(8) (9) The State Board of Education may adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to administer this section.

(9)(10) This section does not limit or discourage a district school board from contracting with independent entities for professional development services and inservice education if the district school board can demonstrate to the Commissioner of Education believes that, through such a contract, a better product can be acquired or its goals for education improvement can be better met.

(10)(11) For teachers, managers, and administrative personnel who have been evaluated as less than satisfactory, a district school board shall require participation in specific professional development programs as part of the improvement prescription.

Section 29. Section 1012.987, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

1012.987 Education leadership development.--

- (1) The State Board of Education shall adopt rules through which school principals may earn a principal leadership designation based on teacher retention, overall student performance, and school grade. The State Board of Education must designate incentives available to personnel who earn a principal leadership designation including, but not limited to, merit pay, expanded discretionary spending flexibility, relaxed regulation or reporting requirements, additional professional development resources, and public recognition.
- (2)(a) The Department of Education shall provide a system for the recruitment, preparation, and education leadership development of school administrative personnel.

 This system shall be based on standards adopted by the State Board of Education that include, but are not limited to:
 - 1. Improved student achievement.

1	2. Increased emphasis on reading using the latest
2	scientific knowledge-based research in reading and the
3	administrator's role as a successful school leader in reading
4	reform efforts.
5	3. Instructional leadership.
6	4. Data analysis.
7	5. School safety.
8	6. Community and family involvement.
9	7. Operational management.
LO	8. School finance.
L1	(b) Each education leadership development program must
L2	provide all program participants full information on not less
L3	than an annual basis to update the participants on the status
L4	of, and rationale for changes to, state and federal law and
L5	funding policies.
L6	(c) Education leadership development programs must be
L7	consistent with standards adopted by the State Board of
L8	Education and must be approved by the department.
L9	(d) Alternative education leadership development
20	programs that meet the standards of, and are approved by, the
21	Department of Education may be offered by a school district or
22	postsecondary educational institution.
23	(e) The Commissioner of Education may conduct K-20
24	education leadership institutes for the purpose of
25	communicating the state's education priorities, best
26	practices, and other related research and facilitating the
27	formation of a K-20 partnership.
28	Section 30. Notwithstanding any provision of law to
29	the contrary, when a school is graded "F" or receives a second
30	consecutive grade of "D," the elected district school

31 superintendent, or if the district school superintendent is

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appointed, the district school board, may request the
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    resignation of the school principal and teachers.
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           Section 31. This act shall take effect upon becoming a
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