Bill No. CS for SB 2560

Amendment No. ___ Barcode 674272

	Americanent No Barcode 0/42/2
	CHAMBER ACTION <u>Senate</u> <u>House</u>
1	3/PD/2R 05/02/2003 05:14 PM
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11	Senator Clary moved the following amendment:
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13	Senate Amendment (with title amendment)
14	On page 1, lines 14 through 29, delete those lines
15	
16	and insert:
17	Section 1. Paragraph (a) of subsection (8) of section
18	1012.79, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
19	1012.79 Education Practices Commission;
20	organization
21	(8)(a) The commission shall, from time to time,
22	designate members of the commission to serve on panels for the
23	purpose of reviewing and issuing final orders upon cases
24	presented to the commission. A case concerning a complaint
25	against a teacher shall be reviewed and a final order thereon
26	shall be entered by a panel composed of <u>five</u> seven commission
27	members, three four of whom shall be teachers. A case
28	concerning a complaint against an administrator shall be
29	reviewed and a final order thereon shall be entered by a panel
30	composed of <u>five</u> seven commission members, <u>three</u> four of whom shall be administrators.
JΤ	I shall be administrators.

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Section 2. Section 1012.795, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1012.795 Education Practices Commission; authority to discipline.--

- (1) The Education Practices Commission may suspend the educator certificate of any person as defined in s. 1012.01(2) or (3) for a period of time not to exceed 5 + 3 years, thereby denying that person the privilege right to teach or otherwise be employed in a public school in any capacity that requires direct contact with students for that period of time, after which the holder may return to teaching as provided in subsection (4); may revoke the educator certificate of any person, thereby denying that person the privilege right to teach or otherwise be employed in a public school in any capacity that requires direct contact with students for a period of time not to exceed 10 years, with reinstatement subject to the provisions of subsection (4); may revoke permanently the educator certificate of any person, thereby denying that person the privilege to teach or otherwise be employed in a public school in any capacity that requires direct contact with students; may suspend the educator certificate, upon order of the court, of any person found to have a delinquent child support obligation; or may impose any other penalty provided by law, if provided it can be shown that the person:
- (a) Obtained <u>or attempted to obtain an</u> the educator certificate by fraudulent means.
- (b) Has proved to be incompetent to teach or to perform duties as an employee of the public school system or to teach in or to operate a private school.
 - (c) Has been guilty of gross immorality or an act

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1 | involving moral turpitude.

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- (d) Has had an educator certificate <u>sanctioned by</u> revoked in another state.
- (e) Has been convicted of a <u>crime in any jurisdiction</u> misdemeanor, felony, or any other criminal charge, other than a minor traffic violation.
- (f) Upon investigation, has been found guilty of personal conduct which seriously reduces that person's effectiveness as an employee of the district school board.
- (g) Has breached a contract, as provided in s. 1012.33(2).
- (h) Has been the subject of a court order directing the Education Practices Commission to suspend the certificate as a result of a delinquent child support obligation.
- 15 (i) Has violated the Principles of Professional
 16 Conduct for the Education Profession prescribed by State Board
 17 of Education rules.
 - (j) Has otherwise violated the provisions of law, the penalty for which is the revocation of the educator certificate.
 - (k) Has violated any order of the Education Practices Commission.
 - (1) Has been the subject of a court order or plea agreement in any jurisdiction which requires the certificateholder to surrender or otherwise relinquish his or her educator's certificate. Any surrender or relinquishment constitutes a permanent revocation of the certificate. A person may not surrender or otherwise relinquish his or her certificate prior to a finding of probable cause by the commissioner as provided in s. 1012.796.
 - (2) The plea of guilty in any court, the decision of

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- quilty by any court, the forfeiture by the teaching certificateholder of a bond in any court of law, or the 3 written acknowledgment, duly witnessed, of offenses listed in subsection (1) to the district school superintendent or a duly 4 5 appointed representative or to the district school board shall be prima facie proof of grounds for revocation of the 6 certificate as listed in subsection (1) in the absence of proof by the certificateholder that the plea of guilty, 8 forfeiture of bond, or admission of guilt was caused by 9 threats, coercion, or fraudulent means. 10
 - (3) The revocation by the Education Practices Commission of an educator certificate of any person automatically revokes any and all Florida educator certificates held by that person.
 - (4)(a) An educator certificate which has been suspended under this section is automatically reinstated at the end of the suspension period, provided the certificate did not expire during the period of suspension. If the certificate expired during the period of suspension, the holder of the former certificate may secure a new certificate by making application therefor and by meeting the certification requirements of the state board current at the time of the application for the new certificate. An educator certificate suspended pursuant to a court order for a delinquent child support obligation may only be reinstated upon notice from the court that the party has complied with the terms of the court order.
- (b) A person whose educator certificate has been revoked under this section may apply for a new certificate at the expiration of that period of ineligibility fixed by the 31 | Education Practices Commission by making application therefor

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and by meeting the certification requirements of the state board current at the time of the application for the new certificate.

- (5) Each district school superintendent and the governing authority of each university lab school, state-supported school, or private school shall report to the department the name of any person certified pursuant to this chapter or employed and qualified pursuant to s. 1012.39:
- (a) Who has been convicted of, or who has pled nolo contendere to, a misdemeanor, felony, or any other criminal charge, other than a minor traffic infraction;
- (b) Who that official has reason to believe has committed or is found to have committed any act which would be a ground for revocation or suspension under subsection (1); or
- (c) Who has been dismissed or severed from employment because of conduct involving any immoral, unnatural, or lascivious act.
- (6)(a) When an individual violates <u>any provision of</u> the provisions of a settlement agreement enforced by a final order of the Education Practices Commission, <u>the Department of Education may request that</u> an order to show cause may be issued by the clerk of the commission issue an order to show cause. The order shall require the individual to appear before the commission to show cause why further penalties should not be levied against the individual's certificate pursuant to the authority provided to the Education Practices Commission in subsection (1). The Education Practices Commission may fashion further penalties under the authority of subsection (1) as it deems deemed appropriate upon considering when the show cause order is responded to by the individual.
 - (b) The Education Practices Commission shall issue a

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1 | final order revoking an individual's Florida educator's certificate for a minimum of 1 year if the individual has been the subject of sanctions by the Education Practices Commission on two previous occasions. under the following circumstances: 5 1. If the individual: a. Has been found to have violated the provisions of 6 this section, such that the Education Practices Commission has 8 the authority to discipline the individual's Florida 9 educator's certificate on two separate occasions; b. Has twice entered into a settlement agreement 10 11 enforced by a final order of the Education Practices 12 Commission; or 13 c. Has been found to have violated the provisions of this section, such that the Education Practices Commission has 14 15 the authority to discipline the individual's Florida 16 educator's certificate on one occasion and entered into a settlement agreement enforced by a final order of the 17 Education Practices Commission on one occasion; and 18 19 2. A third finding of probable cause and a finding 20 that the allegations are proven or admitted to is subsequently 21 found by the Commissioner of Education. 2.2 If, in the third instance, the individual enters into a 23 24 settlement agreement with the Department of Education, that 25 agreement shall also include a penalty revoking that 26 individual's Florida educator's certificate for a minimum of 1 27 year. 28 Section 3. Paragraph (d) is added to subsection (1) of 29 section 1012.796, Florida Statutes, and subsections (6), (7), 30 and (8) of that section are amended, to read: 1012.796 Complaints against teachers and

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administrators; procedure; penalties.--

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- (d) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, all law enforcement agencies, state attorneys, social service agencies, and district school boards, and the Division of Administrative Hearings, shall fully cooperate with, and upon request shall provide unredacted documents to, the Department of Education to further investigations and prosecutions conducted as authorized by this section. Any such document may not be redisclosed except as authorized by law.
- (6) Upon the finding of probable cause, the commissioner shall file a formal complaint and prosecute the complaint pursuant to the provisions of chapter 120, except as provided in s. 1012.561. An administrative law judge shall be assigned by the Division of Administrative Hearings of the Department of Management Services to hear the complaint if there are disputed issues of material fact. The administrative law judge shall make recommendations in accordance with the provisions of subsection (7) to the appropriate Education Practices Commission panel which shall conduct a formal review of such recommendations and other pertinent information and issue a final order. The commission shall consult with its legal counsel prior to issuance of a final order.
- (7) A panel of the commission shall enter a final order either dismissing the complaint or imposing one or more of the following penalties:
- (a) Denial of an application for a teaching certificate or for an administrative or supervisory endorsement on a teaching certificate. The denial may provide that the applicant may not reapply for certification, and that 31 | the department may refuse to consider that applicant's

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application, for a specified period of time or permanently.

- (b) Revocation or suspension of a certificate.
- (c) Imposition of an administrative fine not to exceed \$2,000 for each count or separate offense.
- (d) Placement of the teacher, administrator, or supervisor on probation for a period of time and subject to such conditions as the commission may specify, including requiring the certified teacher, administrator, or supervisor to complete additional appropriate college courses or work with another certified educator, with the administrative costs of monitoring the probation assessed to the educator placed on probation. At a minimum, an educator who is on probation shall:
- 1. Immediately notify the Bureau of Educator Standards upon his or her employment or termination of employment in the state in any public or private position that requires a Florida educator's certificate.
- 2. Have his or her immediate supervisor submit annual performance reports to the Bureau of Educator Standards.
- 3. Pay to the commission within the first 6 months of each probation year the administrative costs of monitoring probation which have been assessed to him or her.
- 4. Not violate any law and shall fully comply with all district school board policies, school rules, and State Board of Education rules.
- 5. Satisfactorily perform his or her assigned duties in a competent, professional manner.
- 6. Bear all costs of complying with the terms of a final order entered by the commission.
- 30 (e) Restriction of the authorized scope of practice of 31 the teacher, administrator, or supervisor.

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- (f) Reprimand of the teacher, administrator, or supervisor in writing, with a copy to be placed in the certification file of such person.
- (g) Imposition of an administrative sanction, upon a person whose teaching certificate has expired, for an act or acts committed while that person possessed a teaching certificate or an expired certificate subject to late renewal, which sanction bars that person from applying for a new certificate for a period of 10 years or less, or permanently.
- (h) Refer the teacher, administrator, or supervisor to the recovery network program provided in s. 1012.798 under such terms and conditions as the commission specifies.
- probation shall result in an order to show cause issued by the clerk of the Education Practices Commission when requested by the Department of Education. Upon failure of the educator probationer, at the time and place stated in the order, to show cause satisfactorily to the Education Practices

 Commission why a penalty for violating the provisions of a final order probation should not be imposed, the Education Practices Commission shall impose whatever penalty is appropriate as established in s. 1012.795(6). Any probation period will be tolled when an order to show cause has been issued until the issue is resolved by the Education Practices Commission.
- Section 4. Subsections (1), (3), and (10) and paragraph (c) of subsection (6) of section 1012.798, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
- 29 1012.798 Recovery network program for educators.--
- 30 (1) RECOVERY NETWORK ESTABLISHED.—There is created
 31 within the Department of Education, a recovery network program

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- to assist educators who are impaired as a result of alcohol abuse, drug abuse, or a mental condition in obtaining 3 treatment to permit their continued contribution to the education profession. Any person who has applied for or holds 4 5 certification issued by the department pursuant to s. 1012.56 6 is eliqible for the program assistance. The individual may enter the program voluntarily or may be directed to 7 8 participate through a deferred prosecution agreement with the Commissioner of Education or a final order of the Education 9 Practices Commission pursuant to s. 1012.796. 10
 - assist educators in obtaining treatment and services from approved treatment providers, but each impaired educator must pay for his or her treatment under terms and conditions agreed upon by the impaired educator and the treatment provider. A person who is admitted to the recovery network program must contract with the treatment provider and the program. The treatment contract must prescribe the type of treatment and the responsibilities of the impaired educator and of the provider and must provide that the impaired educator's progress will be monitored by the recovery network program.
 - (6) PARTICIPATION.--The recovery network program shall operate independently of employee assistance programs operated by local school districts, and the powers and duties of school districts to make employment decisions, including disciplinary decisions, is not affected except as provided in this section:
 - (c) A person who has not previously been under investigation by the department may be enrolled in a treatment program by the recovery network <u>program</u> after an investigation <u>pursuant to s. 1012.796</u> has commenced, if the person:
 - 1. Acknowledges his or her impairment.

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- 2. Agrees to evaluation, as approved by the recovery network.
- 3. Agrees to enroll in an appropriate treatment program approved by the recovery network.
- 4. Executes releases for all medical and treatment records regarding his or her impairment and participation in a treatment program to the recovery network, pursuant to 42 U.S.C. s. 290dd-3 and the federal regulations adopted thereunder.
- 5. Enters into a deferred prosecution agreement with the commissioner, which provides that no prosecution shall be instituted concerning the matters enumerated in the agreement if the person is properly enrolled in the treatment program and successfully completes the program as certified by the recovery network. The commissioner is under no obligation to enter into a deferred prosecution agreement with the educator but may do so if he or she determines that it is in the best interest of the educational program of the state and the educator: -
- a.6. Has not previously entered a substance abuse program.
- b.7. Is not being investigated for any action involving commission of a felony or violent act against another person.
- c.8. Has not had multiple arrests for minor drug use, possession, or abuse of alcohol.
 - (10) DECLARATION OF INELIGIBILITY. --
- (a) A person may be declared ineligible for further assistance from the recovery network program if he or she does not progress satisfactorily in a treatment program or leaves a 31 prescribed program or course of treatment without the approval

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of the treatment provider.

- (b) The determination of ineligibility must be made by the commissioner in cases referred to him or her by the program administrator or his or her designee after review of the circumstances of the case. Before referring a case to the commissioner, the administrator must discuss the circumstances with the treatment provider. The commissioner may direct the Office of Professional Practices Services to investigate the case and provide a report.
- (c) If a treatment through contract with the program is a condition of a deferred prosecution agreement, and the program administrator commissioner determines that the person is ineligible for further assistance, the commissioner may agree to modify the terms and conditions of the deferred prosecution agreement or may issue an administrative complaint, pursuant to s. 1012.796, alleging the charges regarding which prosecution was deferred. The person may dispute the determination as an affirmative defense to the administrative complaint by including with his or her request for hearing on the administrative complaint a written statement setting forth the facts and circumstances that show that the determination of ineligibility was erroneous. If administrative proceedings regarding the administrative complaint, pursuant to ss. 120.569 and 120.57, result in a finding that the determination of ineligibility was erroneous, the person is eligible to participate in the program. If the determination of ineligibility was the only reason for setting aside the deferred prosecution agreement and issuing the administrative complaint and the administrative proceedings result in a finding that the determination was erroneous, the 31 complaint shall be dismissed and the deferred prosecution

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- agreement reinstated without prejudice to the commissioner's right to reissue the administrative complaint for other 3 breaches of the agreement.
- (d) If a treatment through contract with the program is a condition of a final order of the Education Practices Commission, the program administrator's commissioner's determination of ineligibility constitutes a finding of probable cause that the person failed to comply with the final order. Pursuant to ss. 1012.795 and 1012.796, upon the request of the Department of Education, the clerk of the Education Practices Commission shall issue to the educator an order to show cause, or the commissioner may shall issue an administrative complaint, and the case shall proceed under ss. 1012.795 and 1012.796, in the same manner as <u>in</u> cases based on 15 a failure to comply with an order of the Education Practices Commission.
 - (e) If the person voluntarily entered into a treatment contract with the program, the program administrator commissioner shall issue a written notice stating the reasons for the determination of ineligibility. Within 20 days after the date of such notice, the person may contest the determination of ineligibility pursuant to ss. 120.569 and 120.57.
 - Section 5. Subsection (4) of section 943.0585, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 943.0585 Court-ordered expunction of criminal history records. -- The courts of this state have jurisdiction over their own procedures, including the maintenance, expunction, and correction of judicial records containing criminal history information to the extent such procedures are not inconsistent 31 | with the conditions, responsibilities, and duties established

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1 | by this section. Any court of competent jurisdiction may order a criminal justice agency to expunge the criminal history 3 record of a minor or an adult who complies with the requirements of this section. The court shall not order a 4 5 criminal justice agency to expunge a criminal history record until the person seeking to expunge a criminal history record 6 7 has applied for and received a certificate of eligibility for 8 expunction pursuant to subsection (2). A criminal history record that relates to a violation of s. 787.025, chapter 794, 9 s. 796.03, s. 800.04, s. 817.034, s. 825.1025, s. 827.071, 10 11 chapter 839, s. 847.0133, s. 847.0135, s. 847.0145, s. 893.135, or a violation enumerated in s. 907.041 may not be 12 13 expunged, without regard to whether adjudication was withheld, if the defendant was found guilty of or pled guilty or nolo 14 15 contendere to the offense, or if the defendant, as a minor, 16 was found to have committed, or pled guilty or nolo contendere to committing, the offense as a delinquent act. The court may 17 18 only order expunction of a criminal history record pertaining 19 to one arrest or one incident of alleged criminal activity, 20 except as provided in this section. The court may, at its sole 21 discretion, order the expunction of a criminal history record pertaining to more than one arrest if the additional arrests 22 23 directly relate to the original arrest. If the court intends 24 to order the expunction of records pertaining to such 25 additional arrests, such intent must be specified in the 26 order. A criminal justice agency may not expunge any record 27 pertaining to such additional arrests if the order to expunge 28 does not articulate the intention of the court to expunge a record pertaining to more than one arrest. This section does 29 not prevent the court from ordering the expunction of only a 30 31 portion of a criminal history record pertaining to one arrest

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or one incident of alleged criminal activity. Notwithstanding
any law to the contrary, a criminal justice agency may comply
with laws, court orders, and official requests of other
jurisdictions relating to expunction, correction, or
confidential handling of criminal history records or
information derived therefrom. This section does not confer
any right to the expunction of any criminal history record,

and any request for expunction of a criminal history record

may be denied at the sole discretion of the court.

- (4) EFFECT OF CRIMINAL HISTORY RECORD EXPUNCTION.--Any criminal history record of a minor or an adult which is ordered expunged by a court of competent jurisdiction pursuant to this section must be physically destroyed or obliterated by any criminal justice agency having custody of such record; except that any criminal history record in the custody of the department must be retained in all cases. A criminal history record ordered expunged that is retained by the department is confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution and not available to any person or entity except upon order of a court of competent jurisdiction. A criminal justice agency may retain a notation indicating compliance with an order to expunge.
- (a) The person who is the subject of a criminal history record that is expunged under this section or under other provisions of law, including former s. 893.14, former s. 901.33, and former s. 943.058, may lawfully deny or fail to acknowledge the arrests covered by the expunged record, except when the subject of the record:
- 1. Is a candidate for employment with a criminal justice agency;

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- 2. Is a defendant in a criminal prosecution;
- 3. Concurrently or subsequently petitions for relief under this section or s. 943.059;
 - 4. Is a candidate for admission to The Florida Bar;
- 5 5. Is seeking to be employed or licensed by or to 6 contract with the Department of Children and Family Services or the Department of Juvenile Justice or to be employed or 8 used by such contractor or licensee in a sensitive position having direct contact with children, the developmentally 9 disabled, the aged, or the elderly as provided in s. 10 11 110.1127(3), s. 393.063(15), s. 394.4572(1), s. 397.451, s. 402.302(3), s. 402.313(3), s. 409.175(2)(i), s. 415.102(4), s. 12 13 985.407, or chapter 400; or
 - 6. Is seeking to be employed or licensed by the Office of Teacher Education, Certification, Staff Development, and Professional Practices of the Department of Education, any district school board, any university laboratory school, any charter school, any private or parochial school, or any local governmental entity that licenses child care facilities.
 - (b) Subject to the exceptions in paragraph (a), a person who has been granted an expunction under this section, former s. 893.14, former s. 901.33, or former s. 943.058 may not be held under any provision of law of this state to commit perjury or to be otherwise liable for giving a false statement by reason of such person's failure to recite or acknowledge an expunged criminal history record.
- (c) Information relating to the existence of an expunged criminal history record which is provided in accordance with paragraph (a) is confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the 31 | State Constitution, except that the department shall disclose

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- 1 | the existence of a criminal history record ordered expunged to
- 2 the entities set forth in subparagraphs (a)1., 4., 5., and 6.
- 3 | for their respective licensing and employment purposes, and to
- 4 | criminal justice agencies for their respective criminal
- 5 | justice purposes. It is unlawful for any employee of an entity
- 6 set forth in subparagraph (a)1., subparagraph (a)4.,
- 7 | subparagraph (a)5., or subparagraph (a)6. to disclose
- 8 information relating to the existence of an expunged criminal
- 9 history record of a person seeking employment or licensure
- 10 with such entity or contractor, except to the person to whom
- 11 the criminal history record relates or to persons having
- 12 direct responsibility for employment or licensure decisions.
- 13 Any person who violates this paragraph commits a misdemeanor
- 14 of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or
- 15 s. 775.083.
- 16 Section 6. Subsection (4) of section 943.059, Florida
- 17 | Statutes, is amended to read:
- 18 943.059 Court-ordered sealing of criminal history
- 19 records. -- The courts of this state shall continue to have
- 20 jurisdiction over their own procedures, including the
- 21 maintenance, sealing, and correction of judicial records
- 22 containing criminal history information to the extent such
- 23 procedures are not inconsistent with the conditions,
- 24 responsibilities, and duties established by this section. Any
- 25 | court of competent jurisdiction may order a criminal justice
- 26 agency to seal the criminal history record of a minor or an
- 27 adult who complies with the requirements of this section. The
- 28 | court shall not order a criminal justice agency to seal a
- 29 criminal history record until the person seeking to seal a
- 30 criminal history record has applied for and received a
- 31 | certificate of eligibility for sealing pursuant to subsection

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(2). A criminal history record that relates to a violation of s. 787.025, chapter 794, s. 796.03, s. 800.04, s. 817.034, s. 3 825.1025, s. 827.071, chapter 839, s. 847.0133, s. 847.0135, s. 847.0145, s. 893.135, or a violation enumerated in s. 4 5 907.041 may not be sealed, without regard to whether adjudication was withheld, if the defendant was found quilty 6 of or pled guilty or nolo contendere to the offense, or if the defendant, as a minor, was found to have committed or pled 8 guilty or nolo contendere to committing the offense as a 9 delinquent act. The court may only order sealing of a criminal 10 11 history record pertaining to one arrest or one incident of alleged criminal activity, except as provided in this section. 12 13 The court may, at its sole discretion, order the sealing of a criminal history record pertaining to more than one arrest if 14 15 the additional arrests directly relate to the original arrest. 16 If the court intends to order the sealing of records pertaining to such additional arrests, such intent must be 17 specified in the order. A criminal justice agency may not seal 18 19 any record pertaining to such additional arrests if the order 20 to seal does not articulate the intention of the court to seal 21 records pertaining to more than one arrest. This section does not prevent the court from ordering the sealing of only a 22 23 portion of a criminal history record pertaining to one arrest 24 or one incident of alleged criminal activity. Notwithstanding 25 any law to the contrary, a criminal justice agency may comply 26 with laws, court orders, and official requests of other 27 jurisdictions relating to sealing, correction, or confidential 28 handling of criminal history records or information derived therefrom. This section does not confer any right to the sealing of any criminal history record, and any request for 30 31 | sealing a criminal history record may be denied at the sole

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discretion of the court.

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- (4) EFFECT OF CRIMINAL HISTORY RECORD SEALING. -- A criminal history record of a minor or an adult which is ordered sealed by a court of competent jurisdiction pursuant to this section is confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution and is available only to the person who is the subject of the record, to the subject's attorney, to criminal justice agencies for their respective criminal justice purposes, or to those entities set forth in subparagraphs (a)1., 4., 5., and 6. for their respective licensing and employment purposes.
- (a) The subject of a criminal history record sealed under this section or under other provisions of law, including former s. 893.14, former s. 901.33, and former s. 943.058, may lawfully deny or fail to acknowledge the arrests covered by the sealed record, except when the subject of the record:
- 1. Is a candidate for employment with a criminal justice agency;
 - 2. Is a defendant in a criminal prosecution;
- 20 3. Concurrently or subsequently petitions for relief under this section or s. 943.0585; 21
 - 4. Is a candidate for admission to The Florida Bar;
 - 5. Is seeking to be employed or licensed by or to contract with the Department of Children and Family Services or the Department of Juvenile Justice or to be employed or used by such contractor or licensee in a sensitive position having direct contact with children, the developmentally disabled, the aged, or the elderly as provided in s. 110.1127(3), s. 393.063(15), s. 394.4572(1), s. 397.451, s.
- 402.302(3), s. 402.313(3), s. 409.175(2)(i), s. 415.102(4), s. 30
- 31 | 415.103, s. 985.407, or chapter 400; or

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- 6. Is seeking to be employed or licensed by the Office of Teacher Education, Certification, Staff Development, and Professional Practices of the Department of Education, any district school board, any university laboratory school, any charter school, any private or parochial school, or any local governmental entity that which licenses child care facilities.
- (b) Subject to the exceptions in paragraph (a), a person who has been granted a sealing under this section, former s. 893.14, former s. 901.33, or former s. 943.058 may not be held under any provision of law of this state to commit perjury or to be otherwise liable for giving a false statement by reason of such person's failure to recite or acknowledge a sealed criminal history record.
- (c) Information relating to the existence of a sealed criminal record provided in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (a) is confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution, except that the department shall disclose the sealed criminal history record to the entities set forth in subparagraphs (a)1., 4., 5., and 6. for their respective licensing and employment purposes. It is unlawful for any employee of an entity set forth in subparagraph (a)1., subparagraph (a)4., subparagraph (a)5., or subparagraph (a)6. to disclose information relating to the existence of a sealed criminal history record of a person seeking employment or licensure with such entity or contractor, except to the person to whom the criminal history record relates or to persons having direct responsibility for employment or licensure decisions. Any person who violates the provisions of this paragraph commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, 31 | punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

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    (Redesignate subsequent sections.)
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   ====== T I T L E A M E N D M E N T =========
   And the title is amended as follows:
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          On page 1, line 3, after the semicolon through line 9,
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   after the semicolon, delete those lines
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   and insert: amending s. 1012.79, F.S.; amending the number of
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   members required for certain panels of the Education Practices
   Commission; amending s. 1012.795, F.S., relating to the
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   Education Practices Commission's authority to discipline;
   revising grounds for discipline; providing penalties; amending
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   s. 1012.796, F.S.; requiring certain agencies to provide
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   unredacted documents to the Department of Education for
   purposes of investigating and prosecuting certified educators
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   and applicants for certification; providing minimum standards
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   that a probationer must meet; revising penalties that the
   Education Practices Commission may impose; revising criteria
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   for the use of an order to show cause; amending s. 1012.798,
   F.S.; revising provisions relating to the recovery network
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   program for educators; amending s. 943.0585, F.S.; allowing
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   certain employers of educators to have access to expunded
   records; amending s. 943.059, F.S.; allowing certain employers
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   of educators to have access to sealed records;
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