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A bill to be entitled An act relating to health care; amending s. 393.064, F.S.; providing for the Department of Health rather than the Department of Children and Family Services to manage the Raymond C. Philips Research and Education Unit; amending s. 394.4615, F.S.; revising the standard under which a patient's access to his or her own clinical records may be restricted; amending s. 395.3025, F.S.; authorizing the release of patient records to a health care practitioner, the Department of Health, or a researcher or facility personnel under certain circumstances; revising a restriction on the use of patient information for certain purposes; amending s. 400.141, F.S.; providing for the release of certain nursing home resident records to the Department of Health pursuant to subpoena; amending s. 400.145, F.S., and creating s. 400.455, F.S.; requiring certification of certain records by the nursing home administrator or records custodian; amending s. 456.017, F.S.; authorizing the Department of Health to post examination scores electronically in lieu of mailing; amending s. 456.0375, F.S.; providing that a community college or university clinic is exempt from certain registration requirements; amending s. 456.041, F.S.; revising certain requirements concerning information on paid claims which is included in the practitioner profile; amending

1 s. 456.049, F.S.; revising requirements 2 concerning information on final judgments and 3 settlements which is included on reports filed with the department; amending s. 456.055, F.S.; 4 5 requiring claims for payment for services 6 submitted under the same payment code to be paid in the same amount; prohibiting the waiver 7 of such requirement by contract; amending s. 8 9 456.057, F.S.; specifying certain circumstances 10 under which a patient release for the 11 furnishing of records is not required; authorizing the department to obtain records 12 13 pursuant to subpoena; requiring the certification of certain records; amending s. 14 456.063, F.S.; authorizing the board, or the 15 department if there is no board, to adopt rules 16 17 for reporting allegations of sexual misconduct; amending s. 456.072, F.S.; revising provisions 18 19 specifying grounds under which disciplinary 20 actions may be taken; providing for attorney's fees under certain circumstances; requiring 21 that a revocation or suspension of a license be 22 established by clear and convincing evidence; 23 24 amending s. 456.073, F.S., relating to 25 disciplinary proceedings; revising the period for filing a response to a complaint; revising 26 27 requirements for the administrative hearing on 28 a complaint; providing for certain charges and filing fees; amending s. 456.077, F.S.; 29 revising provisions governing the issuance of 30 citations; amending s. 456.078, F.S.; providing 31

1 requirements for mediation; specifying events 2 that constitute an adverse incident and are not 3 subject to mediation; providing requirements for payment of the costs of mediation; 4 5 requiring each board to adopt rules designating 6 violations that are appropriate for mediation; 7 amending s. 458.311, F.S.; revising licensure 8 requirements; providing requirements for certification by the Board of Medicine; 9 10 providing education and examination 11 requirements; authorizing the board to adopt rules; amending s. 458.315, F.S.; providing 12 requirements for limited licenses; providing 13 for fees and waiver of fees under certain 14 circumstances; providing certain restrictions 15 on practice; providing for license renewal and 16 17 for converting an active or inactive license to a limited license; amending s. 458.331, F.S.; 18 19 revising requirements for determining a case of 20 repeated malpractice and for requiring an 21 investigation by the department; repealing s. 458.348(3), F.S., relating to protocols for the 22 practice of electrolysis or electrology; 23 24 amending s. 459.015, F.S.; revising 25 requirements for the department with respect to investigating a claim against an osteopathic 26 27 physician; amending s. 460.413, F.S.; revising 28 the period for a chiropractic physician to 29 respond to a complaint; amending s. 461.013, 30 F.S.; revising requirements for determining a 31 case of repeated malpractice and for requiring

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an investigation by the department; amending s. 464.203, F.S.; revising requirements for the screening of certified nursing assistants; revising hours required for inservice training; providing for certification renewal fees; amending s. 464.204, F.S.; revising the standards under which disciplinary sanctions may be imposed; amending s. 467.013, F.S.; providing for the department to adopt rules governing applications for inactive status for midwives; amending s. 467.0135, F.S.; revising the schedule of fees; amending s. 467.017, F.S.; requiring that the emergency care plan be available to the department; amending s. 468.352, F.S.; revising and providing definitions applicable to the regulation of respiratory therapy; amending s. 468.355, F.S.; revising provisions relating to respiratory therapy licensure and testing requirements; amending s. 468.368, F.S.; revising exemptions from respiratory therapy licensure requirements; repealing s. 468.356, F.S., relating to the approval of educational programs; repealing s. 468.357, F.S., relating to licensure by examination; amending s. 491.005, F.S.; revising certain licensing requirements for clinical social workers; amending s. 491.0145, F.S.; prohibiting the Department of Health from adopting certain rules governing licensure; creating s. 491.0146, F.S.; providing for effect of certain

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licenses; amending s. 627.912, F.S.; revising requirements for liability reports by insurers; amending s. 766.101, F.S.; providing immunity from liability for a medical review committee established by a university board of trustees and a committee of a college of medicine, college of nursing, or other health care discipline; repealing ss. 456.031, 456.033, 456.034, 458.313, 458.316, 458.3165, and 458.317, F.S., relating to instruction on domestic violence and on HIV and AIDS, licensure by endorsement, public health certificates and public psychiatry certificates, and limited licenses; providing for certain payments made by the Department of Health to the Division of Administrative Hearings to revert to the department; requiring the Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability and the Auditor General to study the hearings conducted by the division and the billings for those hearings; requiring a report to the Legislature; providing effective dates. Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: Section 1. Subsection (5) of section 393.064, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 393.064 Prevention.--(5) The Department of Health Children and Family

31 Services shall have the authority, within available resources,

to contract for the supervision and management of the Raymond C. Philips Research and Education Unit, and such contract shall include specific program objectives.

Section 2. Subsection (10) of section 394.4615, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

394.4615 Clinical records; confidentiality.--

(10) Patients shall have reasonable access to their clinical records, unless such access is determined by the patient's physician to be a danger to the patient's life or safety harmful to the patient. If the patient's right to inspect his or her clinical record is restricted by the facility, written notice of such restriction shall be given to the patient and the patient's guardian, guardian advocate, attorney, and representative. In addition, the restriction shall be recorded in the clinical record, together with the reasons for it. The restriction of a patient's right to inspect his or her clinical record shall expire after 7 days but may be renewed, after review, for subsequent 7-day periods.

Section 3. Paragraphs (a) and (e) of subsection (4) of section 395.3025, Florida Statutes, are amended, paragraph (1) is added to that subsection, and paragraph (b) of subsection (7) of that section is amended, to read:

395.3025 Patient and personnel records; copies; examination.--

(4) Patient records are confidential and must not be disclosed without the consent of the person to whom they pertain, but appropriate disclosure may be made without such consent to:

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- (a) Licensed <u>health care practitioners</u> $\frac{\text{facility}}{\text{personnel and attending physicians}}$ for use in connection with the treatment of the patient.
- (e) The Department of Health agency upon subpoena issued pursuant to s. 456.071, but the records obtained thereby must be used solely for the purpose of the department agency and the appropriate professional board in its investigation, prosecution, and appeal of disciplinary proceedings. The administrator or records custodian in a facility licensed under this chapter shall certify that a true and complete copy of the records requested pursuant to a subpoena or patient release has been provided to the department or otherwise identify those documents that have not been provided. If the department agency requests copies of the records, the facility shall charge no more than its actual copying costs, including reasonable staff time. The records must be sealed and must not be available to the public pursuant to s. 119.07(1) or any other statute providing access to records, nor may they be available to the public as part of the record of investigation for and prosecution in disciplinary proceedings made available to the public by the department agency or the appropriate regulatory board. However, the department agency must make available, upon written request by a practitioner against whom probable cause has been found, any such records that form the basis of the determination of probable cause.
- (1) Researchers or facility personnel for research purposes if the facility or researchers demonstrate compliance with the requirements of 45 C.F.R. s. 164.512(i).

30 (7)

(b) Absent a specific written release or authorization permitting utilization of patient information for solicitation or marketing the sale of goods or services, any use of that information for those purposes is prohibited. As used in this paragraph, the term "marketing" has the meaning set forth in 45 C.F.R. s. 164.501. Section 4. Subsection (10) of section 400.141, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 400.141 Administration and management of nursing home facilities. -- Every licensed facility shall comply with all applicable standards and rules of the agency and shall: (10) Keep full records of resident admissions and

discharges; medical and general health status, including medical records, personal and social history, and identity and address of next of kin or other persons who may have responsibility for the affairs of the residents; and individual resident care plans including, but not limited to, prescribed services, service frequency and duration, and service goals. The records shall be open to inspection by the agency. A certified complete copy of the records shall be provided to the Department of Health upon subpoena issued pursuant to ss. 456.057 and 456.071. The provisions of chapter 456 apply to records obtained pursuant to this section.

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Facilities that have been awarded a Gold Seal under the program established in s. 400.235 may develop a plan to provide certified nursing assistant training as prescribed by federal regulations and state rules and may apply to the agency for approval of their program.

Section 5. Subsection (3) is added to section 400.145, 31 Florida Statutes, to read:

1 400.145 Records of care and treatment of resident; 2 copies to be furnished .--3 (3) The administrator or records custodian in a 4 facility licensed under this chapter shall certify that a true 5 and complete copy of the records requested pursuant to a 6 subpoena or patient release has been provided to the 7 department or otherwise identify those documents that have not 8 been provided. 9 Section 6. Section 400.455, Florida Statutes, is 10 created to read: 11 400.455 Certified copy of subpoenaed records. -- Upon a subpoena issued by the Department of Health pursuant to s. 12 456.057 or s. 456.071, a certified complete copy of the 13 14 requested records shall be provided. The provisions of chapter 15 456 apply to the records obtained pursuant to this section. Section 7. Subsection (7) is added to section 456.017, 16 17 Florida Statutes, to read: 18 456.017 Examinations.--19 (7) The department may post examination scores electronically on the Internet in lieu of mailing the scores 20 21 to each applicant. Such electronic posting of the examination scores shall meet the requirements of chapter 120 if the 22 department also posts with the examination scores a 23 notification of rights, as set forth in chapter 120. The date 24 of receipt for purposes of the requirements of chapter 120 25 shall be the date the examination scores are posted 26 27 electronically. The department shall also notify the examinee 28 when scores are posted electronically of the availability of a post-examination review, if applicable. 29 30 Section 8. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section

31 | 456.0375, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

456.0375 Registration of certain clinics; requirements; discipline; exemptions.--

(1)

- (b) For purposes of this section, the term "clinic" does not include and the registration requirements herein do not apply to:
- 1. Entities licensed or registered by the state pursuant to chapter 390, chapter 394, chapter 395, chapter 397, chapter 400, chapter 463, chapter 465, chapter 466, chapter 478, chapter 480, or chapter 484.
- 2. Entities exempt from federal taxation under 26 U.S.C. s. 501(c)(3) and community college and university clinics.
- 3. Sole proprietorships, group practices, partnerships, or corporations that provide health care services by licensed health care practitioners pursuant to chapters 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 466, 467, 484, 486, 490, 491, or part I, part III, part X, part XIII, or part XIV of chapter 468, or s. 464.012, which are wholly owned by licensed health care practitioners or the licensed health care practitioner and the spouse, parent, or child of a licensed health care practitioner, so long as one of the owners who is a licensed health care practitioner is supervising the services performed therein and is legally responsible for the entity's compliance with all federal and state laws. However, no health care practitioner may supervise services beyond the scope of the practitioner's license.
- 4. Clinical facilities affiliated with an accredited medical school at which training is provided for medical students, residents, or fellows.

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31 Statutes, is amended to read:

Section 9. Subsection (4) of section 456.041, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

456.041 Practitioner profile; creation.--

(4) The Department of Health shall include, with respect to a practitioner licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459, a statement of how the practitioner has elected to comply with the financial responsibility requirements of s. 458.320 or s. 459.0085. The department shall include, with respect to practitioners subject to s. 456.048, a statement of how the practitioner has elected to comply with the financial responsibility requirements of that section. The department shall include, with respect to practitioners licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, or chapter 461, information relating to liability actions which has been reported under s. 456.049 or s. 627.912 within the previous 10 years for any paid claim of \$50,000 or more that exceeds \$5,000. Such claims information shall be reported in the context of comparing an individual practitioner's claims to the experience of other practitioners within the same specialty, or profession if the practitioner is not a specialist, to the extent such information is available to the Department of Health. If information relating to a liability action is included in a practitioner's practitioner profile, the profile must also include the following statement: "Settlement of a claim may occur for a variety of reasons that do not necessarily reflect negatively on the professional competence or conduct of the practitioner. A payment in settlement of a medical malpractice action or claim should not be construed as creating a presumption that medical malpractice has occurred." Section 10. Subsection (1) of section 456.049, Florida

 456.049 Health care practitioners; reports on professional liability claims and actions.--

- (1) Any practitioner of medicine licensed pursuant to the provisions of chapter 458, practitioner of osteopathic medicine licensed pursuant to the provisions of chapter 459, podiatric physician licensed pursuant to the provisions of chapter 461, or dentist licensed pursuant to the provisions of chapter 466 shall report to the department any claim or action for damages for personal injury alleged to have been caused by error, omission, or negligence in the performance of such licensee's professional services or based on a claimed performance of professional services without consent if the claim was not covered by an insurer required to report under s. 627.912 and the claim resulted in:
- (a) A final judgment of \$50,000 or more or, for a dentist licensed under chapter 466, a final judgment of \$25,000 or more in any amount.
- (b) A settlement of \$50,000 or more or, for a dentist licensed under chapter 466, a settlement of \$25,000 or more in any amount.
- (c) A final disposition not resulting in payment on behalf of the licensee.

Reports shall be filed with the department no later than 60 days following the occurrence of any event listed in paragraph (a), paragraph (b), or paragraph (c).

Section 11. Section 456.055, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

456.055 Chiropractic and podiatric Health care providers; denial of payment; limitation; payment of claims.--

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(1) A chiropractic physician licensed under chapter 460 or a podiatric physician licensed under chapter 461 shall not be denied payment for treatment rendered solely on the basis that the chiropractic physician or podiatric physician is not a member of a particular preferred provider organization or exclusive provider organization which is composed only of physicians licensed under the same chapter.

- (2) Notwithstanding any other law, a claim for payment for a service performed by a health care provider licensed in this state which is identified on the claim by a current procedural terminology code and is submitted under a health insurance policy or health care services plan, or submitted to a preferred provider organization, an exclusive provider organization, or a health maintenance organization in which the health care provider participates, shall be paid in the same amount to all health care providers submitting a claim for payment of a service identified by the same procedural terminology code, regardless of the chapter under which the health care provider is licensed.
- (3) The provisions of this section may not be waived, voided, or nullified by contract.

Section 12. Paragraph (a) of subsection (7) and subsection (16) of section 456.057, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

456.057 Ownership and control of patient records; report or copies of records to be furnished .--

(7)(a)1. The department may obtain patient records pursuant to a subpoena without written authorization from the patient if the department and the probable cause panel of the appropriate board, if any, find reasonable cause to believe 31 | that a health care practitioner has excessively or

inappropriately prescribed any controlled substance specified in chapter 893 in violation of this chapter or any professional practice act or that a health care practitioner has practiced his or her profession below that level of care, skill, and treatment required as defined by this chapter or any professional practice act and also find that appropriate, reasonable attempts were made to obtain a patient release. However, if the matter under investigation was reported to the department as a professional liability claim or action pursuant to s. 456.049 or s. 627.912, an attempt to obtain a patient release is not required.

- 2. The department may obtain patient records and insurance information pursuant to a subpoena without written authorization from the patient if the department and the probable cause panel of the appropriate board, if any, find reasonable cause to believe that a health care practitioner has provided inadequate medical care based on termination of insurance and also find that appropriate, reasonable attempts were made to obtain a patient release.
- 3. The department may obtain patient records, billing records, insurance information, provider contracts, and all attachments thereto pursuant to a subpoena without written authorization from the patient if the department and probable cause panel of the appropriate board, if any, find reasonable cause to believe that a health care practitioner has submitted a claim, statement, or bill using a billing code that would result in payment greater in amount than would be paid using a billing code that accurately describes the services performed, requested payment for services that were not performed by that health care practitioner, used information derived from a written report of an automobile accident generated pursuant to

chapter 316 to solicit or obtain patients personally or through an agent regardless of whether the information is derived directly from the report or a summary of that report or from another person, solicited patients fraudulently, received a kickback as defined in s. 456.054, violated the patient brokering provisions of s. 817.505, or presented or caused to be presented a false or fraudulent insurance claim within the meaning of s. 817.234(1)(a), and also find that, within the meaning of s. 817.234(1)(a), patient authorization cannot be obtained because the patient cannot be located or is deceased, incapacitated, or suspected of being a participant in the fraud or scheme, and if the subpoena is issued for specific and relevant records.

- 4. For purposes of this subsection, the department may obtain patient records pursuant to a subpoena without written authorization from the patient if the patient refuses to cooperate or if, in the department's discretion, an attempt to obtain a patient release would be detrimental to the investigation.
- (16) A health care practitioner or records owner furnishing copies of reports or records or making the reports or records available for digital scanning pursuant to this section shall charge no more than the actual cost of copying, including reasonable staff time, or the amount specified in administrative rule by the appropriate board, or the department when there is no board. The health care practitioner or owner of the records shall certify that a true and complete copy of the records requested pursuant to a subpoena or patient release has been provided to the department or otherwise identify those documents that have not been provided.

Section 13. Subsection (3) of section 456.063, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

456.063 Sexual misconduct; disqualification for license, certificate, or registration.--

(3) Licensed health care practitioners shall report allegations of sexual misconduct to the department, regardless of the practice setting in which the alleged sexual misconduct occurred. Each board, or the department if there is no board, may adopt rules to administer the requirements for reporting allegations of sexual misconduct, including rules to determine the sufficiency of the allegations.

Section 14. Paragraph (bb) of subsection (1) of section 456.072, Florida Statutes, is amended, paragraph (dd) is added to that subsection, subsection (4) of that section is amended, and subsection (7) is added to that section, to read:

456.072 Grounds for discipline; penalties; enforcement.--

- (1) The following acts shall constitute grounds for which the disciplinary actions specified in subsection (2) may be taken:
- (bb) Leaving a foreign body in a patient, such as a sponge, clamp, forceps, surgical needle, or other paraphernalia commonly used in surgical, examination, or other diagnostic procedures, unless leaving the foreign body is medically indicated and documented in the patient record. For the purposes of this paragraph, it shall be legally presumed that retention of a foreign body is not in the best interest of the patient and is not within the standard of care of the profession, unless medically indicated and documented in the patient record regardless of the intent of the professional.

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(dd) Prescribing, administering, dispensing, or distributing a legend drug, including a controlled substance, if the practitioner knows or reasonably should know that the receiving patient has not established a valid professional relationship with the prescribing practitioner. A medical questionnaire completed via Internet, telephone, electronic transfer, or mail does not establish a valid professional relationship.

(4) In any addition to any other discipline imposed through final order, or citation, entered on or after July 1, 2001, which imposes a penalty or other form of discipline pursuant to this section or discipline imposed through final order, or citation, entered on or after July 1, 2001, for a violation of any practice act, the board, or the department when there is no board, shall assess costs related to the investigation and prosecution of the case, including attorney's fees. The amount of costs to be assessed shall be determined by the board, or the department when there is no board, following its consideration of an affidavit of itemized costs and any written objections to those costs. In any case where the board or the department imposes a fine or assessment of costs imposed by the board or the department and the fine or assessment is not paid within a reasonable time, such reasonable time to be prescribed in the rules of the board, or the department when there is no board, or in the order assessing such fines or costs, the department or the Department of Legal Affairs may contract for the collection of, or bring a civil action to recover, the fine or assessment.

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revocation or suspension of a license by clear and convincing evidence. Any other form of discipline must be established by the greater weight of the evidence.

Section 15. Subsections (1) and (5) of section 456.073, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

456.073 Disciplinary proceedings.--Disciplinary proceedings for each board shall be within the jurisdiction of the department.

(1) The department, for the boards under its jurisdiction, shall cause to be investigated any complaint that is filed before it if the complaint is in writing, signed by the complainant, and legally sufficient. A complaint is legally sufficient if it contains ultimate facts that show that a violation of this chapter, of any of the practice acts relating to the professions regulated by the department, or of any rule adopted by the department or a regulatory board in the department has occurred. In order to determine legal sufficiency, the department may require supporting information or documentation. The department may investigate, and the department or the appropriate board may take appropriate final action on, a complaint even though the original complainant withdraws it or otherwise indicates a desire not to cause the complaint to be investigated or prosecuted to completion. The department may investigate an anonymous complaint if the complaint is in writing and is legally sufficient, if the alleged violation of law or rules is substantial, and if the department has reason to believe, after preliminary inquiry, that the violations alleged in the complaint are true. The department may investigate a complaint made by a confidential informant if the complaint is legally sufficient, if the 31 alleged violation of law or rule is substantial, and if the

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department has reason to believe, after preliminary inquiry, that the allegations of the complainant are true. The department may initiate an investigation if it has reasonable cause to believe that a licensee or a group of licensees has violated a Florida statute, a rule of the department, or a rule of a board. Except as provided in ss. 458.331(9), 459.015(9), 460.413(5), and 461.013(6), When an investigation of any subject is undertaken, the department shall promptly furnish to the subject or the subject's attorney a copy of the complaint or document that resulted in the initiation of the investigation. The subject may submit a written response to the information contained in such complaint or document within 30 20 days after service to the subject of the complaint or document. The subject's written response shall be considered by the probable cause panel. The right to respond does not prohibit the issuance of a summary emergency order if necessary to protect the public. However, if the secretary, or the secretary's designee, and the chair of the respective board or the chair of its probable cause panel agree in writing that such notification would be detrimental to the investigation, the department may withhold notification. The department may conduct an investigation without notification to any subject if the act under investigation is a criminal offense.

(5)(a) A formal hearing before an administrative law judge from the Division of Administrative Hearings shall be requested held pursuant to chapter 120 if there are any disputed issues of material fact raised within 45 days after service of the administrative complaint. The administrative law judge shall issue a recommended order pursuant to chapter 120. If any party raises an issue of disputed fact during an

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informal hearing, the hearing shall be terminated and a formal hearing pursuant to chapter 120 shall be held.

- (b) Notwithstanding s. 120.569(2), the department shall notify the division within 45 days after receipt of a petition or request for a hearing which the department has determined requires a formal hearing before an administrative law judge.
- (c) The division shall maintain time records for each case it receives. The division shall charge its expenses to the Medical Quality Assurance Trust Fund based on an hourly rate set forth in this paragraph. The costs charged shall include actual travel and copying expenses, plus a \$100 hourly fee for the actual time spent on the case by the administrative law judge or hearing officer. There shall be a one-time filing fee per case of \$50. There shall be no charge if the hearing is canceled more than 21 days in advance. If the hearing is canceled between 3 and 21 days in advance, the charge shall be for actual expenses incurred. If a formal hearing is canceled less than 72 hours before the start of the hearing, the charge shall be for the actual expenses incurred and a cancellation fee of \$250.

Section 16. Section 456.077, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

456.077 Authority to issue citations.--

(1) Notwithstanding s. 456.073, the board, or the department if there is no board, shall adopt rules to permit the issuance of citations. The citation shall be issued to the subject and shall contain the subject's name and address, the subject's license number if applicable, a brief factual statement, the sections of the law allegedly violated, and the 31 penalty imposed. The citation must clearly state that the

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27 28 subject may choose, in lieu of accepting the citation, to follow the procedure under s. 456.073. If the subject disputes the matter in the citation, the procedures set forth in s. 456.073 must be followed. However, if the subject does not dispute the matter in the citation with the department within 30 days after the citation is served, the citation becomes a public final order and does not constitute constitutes discipline for a first offense. The penalty shall be a fine or other conditions as established by rule.

- The board, or the department if there is no board, shall adopt rules designating violations for which a citation may be issued. Such rules shall designate as citation violations those violations for which there is no substantial threat to the public health, safety, and welfare. Violations for which a citation may be issued shall include violations of continuing education requirements; failure to timely pay required fees and fines; failure to comply with the requirements of ss. 381.026 and 381.0261 regarding the dissemination of information regarding patient rights; failure to comply with advertising requirements; failure to timely update practitioner profile and credentialing files; failure to display signs, licenses, and permits; failure to have required reference books available; and all other violations that do not pose a direct and serious threat to the health and safety of the patient.
- (3) The department shall be entitled to recover the costs of investigation, in addition to any penalty provided according to board or department rule, as part of the penalty levied pursuant to the citation.

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1 (4) A citation must be issued within 6 months after
2 the filing of the complaint that is the basis for the
3 citation.

 $\underline{(4)}$ (5) Service of a citation may be made by personal service or certified mail, restricted delivery, to the subject at the subject's last known address.

(5)(6) A board has 6 months in which to enact rules designating violations and penalties appropriate for citation offenses. Failure to enact such rules gives the department exclusive authority to adopt rules as required for implementing this section. A board has continuous authority to amend its rules adopted pursuant to this section.

Section 17. Section 456.078, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

456.078 Mediation.--

- (1) Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 456.073, the board, or the department when there is no board, shall adopt rules to designate which violations of the applicable professional practice act are appropriate for mediation. The board, or the department when there is no board, shall may designate as mediation offenses those complaints where harm caused by the licensee is economic in nature, except complaints involving fraud, or can be remedied by the licensee or does not result in an adverse incident. For purposes of this section, the term "adverse incident" means an event that results in:
 - (a) The death of a patient;
 - (b) Brain or spinal damage to a patient;
- (c) The performance of a surgical procedure on the wrong patient;

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- $\underline{\text{(d)} \ \ \text{The performance of a wrong-site surgical}}$ procedure;
 - (e) The performance of a wrong surgical procedure;
- (f) The performance of a surgical procedure that is medically unnecessary or otherwise unrelated to the patient's diagnosis or medical condition;
- (g) The surgical repair of damage resulting to a patient from a planned surgical procedure, where the damage is not a recognized specific risk, as disclosed to the patient and documented through the informed-consent process; or
- (h) The performance of procedures to remove unplanned foreign objects remaining from a surgical procedure.
- (2) After the department determines a complaint is legally sufficient and the alleged violations are defined as mediation offenses, the department or any agent of the department may conduct informal mediation to resolve the complaint. If the complainant and the subject of the complaint agree to a resolution of a complaint within 14 days after contact by the mediator, the mediator shall notify the department of the terms of the resolution. The department or board shall take no further action unless the complainant and the subject each fail to record with the department an acknowledgment of satisfaction of the terms of mediation within 60 days of the mediator's notification to the department. A successful mediation shall include a statement of whether or not the resolution constitutes discipline. However, if In the event the complainant and subject fail to reach settlement terms or to record the required acknowledgment, the department shall process the complaint according to the provisions of s. 456.073.

- (3) Conduct or statements made during mediation are inadmissible in any proceeding pursuant to s. 456.073. Further, any information relating to the mediation of a case shall be subject to the confidentiality provisions of s. 456.073.
- shall pay the department's administrative cost for the mediation. A licensee may not go through the mediation process more than once if the allegation relates to the breach of the standard of care for that health care professional. In any event, a No licensee may not shall go through the mediation process more than three times without approval of the department. The department may consider the subject and dates of the earlier complaints in rendering its decision. Such decision shall not be considered a final agency action for purposes of chapter 120.
- (5) Any board created on or after January 1, 1995, shall have 6 months to adopt rules designating which violations are appropriate for mediation, after which time the department shall have exclusive authority to adopt rules pursuant to this section. Each board shall adopt rules designating violations appropriate for mediation by January 1, 2004. Failure to adopt such rules gives the department exclusive authority to adopt rules as required for administering this section. A board shall have continuing authority to amend its rules adopted pursuant to this section.

Section 18. Sections 458.311, Florida Statutes is amended to read:

29 (Substantial rewording of section. See
30 s. 458.311, F.S., for present text.)
31 458.311 Licensure requirements; fee.--

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- (1) Any person desiring to be licensed as a physician shall apply to the department on forms furnished by the department. The department shall license each applicant who the board certifies: Has completed the application form and remitted a
- nonrefundable application fee, not to exceed \$500.
 - Is at least 21 years of age. (b)
 - Is of good moral character. (C)
- (d) Has not committed any act or offense in this or any other jurisdiction which would constitute the basis for disciplining a physician pursuant to s. 458.331.
- (e) Has submitted to the department a set of fingerprints on a form and under procedures specified by the department, along with a payment in an amount equal to the costs incurred by the Department of Health for the criminal background check of the applicant.
- (f) Has caused to be submitted verification of core credentials by the Federation Credentials Verification Services of the Federation of State Medical Boards.
- (g) For applicants holding a valid active license in another state, has submitted evidence of the active licensed practice of medicine in another jurisdiction for at least 2 of the immediately preceding 4 years, or evidence of successful completion of a board-approved postgraduate training program within 2 years preceding filing of an application or a board-approved clinical competency examination within the year preceding the filing of an application for licensure. As used in this paragraph, the term "active licensed practice of medicine" means the practice of medicine by a physician, including a physician employed by any governmental entity in community or public health as defined by this chapter, a

medical director under s. 641.495(11) who is practicing medicine, or an active member of the teaching faculty of an accredited medical school. If the applicant fails to meet the requirements of this subsection, the board may impose conditions on the license, including, but not limited to, supervision of practice.

- (2) Each applicant must demonstrate that he or she:
- (a) Meets one of the following medical education requirements:
- 1. Is a graduate of an allopathic medical school or allopathic college recognized and approved by an accrediting agency recognized by the United States Department of Education or is a graduate of an allopathic medical school or allopathic college within a territorial jurisdiction of the United States recognized by the accrediting agency of the governmental body of that jurisdiction; or
- 2. Is a graduate of an allopathic international medical school registered with the World Health Organization and has had his or her medical credentials evaluated by the Educational Commission for Foreign Medical Graduates, holds an active, valid certificate issued by that commission, and has passed the examination used by that commission.
- (b) If the language of instruction of the medical school is other than English, has demonstrated competency in English through presentation of a satisfactory grade on the Test of Spoken English of the Educational Testing Service or a similar test approved by rule of the board.
- (c) Has completed an approved residency, as defined by board rule, of at least 2 years, or a fellowship of at least 2 years, in one specialty area which is counted toward regular

or subspecialty certification by a board recognized and certified by the American Board of Medical Specialties.

- 1. Applicants who meet the requirements of paragraph (a)1., and who completed their training prior to October 1,

 2003, must demonstrate completion of an approved residency of at least 1 year.
- 2. Applicants who meet the requirements of paragraph (a)2., and who completed their training prior to October 1,

 1992, must demonstrate completion of an approved residency of at least 1 year.
- (3) A graduate of a foreign medical school need not present the certificate issued by the Educational Commission for Foreign Medical Graduates or pass the examination used by that commission if the graduate has:
- (a) Received a bachelor's degree from an accredited United States college or university.
- (b) Studied at a medical school that is recognized by the World Health Organization.
- (c) Completed all of the formal requirements of the foreign medical school, except the internship or social service requirements, and has passed part I of the National Board of Medical Examiners examination or the Educational Commission for Foreign Medical Graduates examination equivalent.
- (d) Completed an academic year of supervised clinical training in a hospital affiliated with a medical school approved by the Council on Medical Education of the American Medical Association and upon completion has passed part II of the National Board of Medical Examiners examination or the Educational Commission for Foreign Medical Graduates examination equivalent.

(4)(a) Prior to January 1, 2000, each applicant must have obtained a passing score, as established by rule of the board, on the licensure examination of the National Board of Medical Examiners, on the examination of the Federation of State Medical Boards of the United States, Inc., or on the United States Medical Licensing Examination, or on a combination thereof, and on or after January 1, 2000, must have obtained a passing score on the United States Medical Licensing Examination.

- (b) As prescribed by board rule, the board may require an applicant who does not pass any step of the national licensing examination after five attempts to complete additional remedial education or training.
- (c) As prescribed by board rule, the board may require an applicant who does not pass all steps of the United States

 Medical Licensing Examination within 7 years to complete

 additional remedial education or training or to retake the step of the exam which the applicant passed first.
- (d) An applicant must have obtained a passing score on a state board examination or the LLMCC if the applicant has a current active license in at least one other jurisdiction of the United States or Canada, and has practiced pursuant to such licensure continuously for the immediately preceding 10 years without encumbrance on the license.
- (5) The department and the board shall assure that applicants for licensure meet the criteria in subsection (1) through an investigative process.
- (6) The board may not certify to the department for licensure any applicant who is under investigation in another jurisdiction for an offense that would constitute a violation of this chapter until such investigation is completed. Upon

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completion of the investigation, the provisions of s. 458.331
shall apply. Furthermore, the department may not issue an
unrestricted license to any applicant who has committed any
act or offense in any jurisdiction which would constitute the
basis for disciplining a physician under s. 458.331. If the
board finds that an individual has committed an act or offense
in any jurisdiction which would constitute the basis for
disciplining a physician under s. 458.331, the board may enter
an order imposing one or more of the terms set forth in s.
456.072(2).
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- (7) The board may adopt rules, to be applied on a uniform and consistent basis, as necessary to carry out the provisions of this section.
- If the board determines that any applicant for licensure has failed to meet, to the board's satisfaction, each of the appropriate requirements set forth in this section, it may enter an order:
- (a) Refusing to certify to the department an application for licensure, certification, or registration;
- (b) Certifying to the department an application for licensure, certification, or registration, with restrictions on the scope of practice of the licensee; or
- (c) Certifying to the department an application for licensure, certification, or registration, with placement of the physician on probation for a period of time and subject to such conditions as the board specifies, including, but not limited to, requiring the physician to submit to treatment, attend continuing education courses, submit to reexamination, or work under the supervision of another physician.
- Section 19. Section 458.315, Florida Statutes, is 31 amended to read:

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          (Substantial rewording of section. See
           s. 458.315, F.S., for present text.)
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           458.315 Limited licenses.--
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          (1)(a) Any person desiring to obtain a limited license
    shall:
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           1. Submit to the department, along with an application
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    and fee not to exceed $300, a statement stating that he or she
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   has been licensed to practice medicine in any jurisdiction in
    the United States, any territory of the United States, or
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    Canada for at least 2 years and intends to practice only
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    pursuant to the restrictions of a limited license granted
    under this section. However, if the physician will use the
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    limited license only for noncompensated practice and submits a
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    statement from the employing agency or institution stating
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    that he or she will not receive compensation for any service
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    involving the practice of medicine, the application fee and
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    all licensure fees shall be waived.
               Submit evidence of the active licensed practice of
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   medicine in any jurisdiction in the United States, any
    territory of the United States, or Canada for at least 2 of
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    the immediately preceding 4 years. As used in this paragraph,
    the term "active licensed practice of medicine" means the
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    practice of medicine by a physician, including a physician
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    employed by any government entity in community or public
    health as defined by this chapter, a medical director under s.
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    641.495(11) who is practicing medicine, or an active member of
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    the teaching faculty of an accredited medical school. If the
    applicant has not been in active licensed practice of medicine
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    within the prior 3 years, a licensed physician, approved by
    the board, shall supervise the applicant for 6 months after he
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    or she is granted a limited license for practice, unless the
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board determines that a shorter period of supervision will be sufficient to ensure that the applicant is qualified for licensure. Procedures for such supervision shall be established by the board.

- (b) The board may issue a limited license if the
 applicant:
- 1. Has not committed any act or offense in this or any other jurisdiction which would constitute the basis for disciplining a physician pursuant to s. 458.331.
- 2. Has submitted to the department a set of fingerprints on a form and under procedures by the Department of Health for the criminal background check of the applicant and a search of the federation databank.

After approval of an application under this section, the license may not be issued until the applicant provides to the board an affidavit that there have been no substantial changes in status since initial application.

noncompensated practice shall practice only in the employ of a program or facility that provides uncompensated health care services by volunteer licensed health care professionals to low-income persons whose income does not exceed 150 percent of the federal poverty level or to uninsured persons. These facilities include, but are not limited to, community and migrant health centers of the Department of Health funded under s. 330 of the United States Public Health Service Act and volunteer health care provider programs under contract with the Department of Health to provide uncompensated care pursuant to s. 766.1115. The recipient of a limited license used for compensated practice may practice only in the employ

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of programs and facilities that provide health care services.
    These programs and facilities include, but are not limited to,
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    the Department of Corrections, county or municipal
    correctional facilities, the Department of Juvenile Justice,
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    the Department of Children and Family Services, the Department
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    of Health, and programs and facilities funded under s. 330 of
    the United States Public Health Service Act. Programs and
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    facilities must be located within a federally designated
    primary care health professional shortage area, unless
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    otherwise approved by the Secretary of Health.
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- (3)(a) The recipient of a limited license shall, within 30 days after accepting employment, notify the board of all approved institutions in which the licensee practices and of all approved institutions where practice privileges have been denied. Evidence of noncompensated employment shall be required for the fee waiver.
- (b) The licensee must renew the limited license biennially and verify compliance with the restrictions prescribed in this section and other applicable provisions of this chapter.
- (c) Any person who holds an active or inactive license to practice medicine in the state may convert that license to a limited license for the purpose of providing volunteer, uncompensated care for low-income persons. The applicant must submit a statement from the employing agency or institution stating that he or she will not receive compensation for any service involving the practice of medicine. The application and all licensure fees, including neurological injury compensation assessments, shall be waived.
- 30 (4) This section does not limit any policy by the 31 board, otherwise authorized by law, to grant licenses to

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physicians duly licensed in other states under conditions less restrictive than the requirements of this section. Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, the board may refuse to authorize a physician otherwise qualified to practice in the employ of any agency or institution if the agency or institution has caused or permitted violations of the provisions of this chapter which it knew or should have known were occurring.

Section 20. Paragraph (t) of subsection (1) and subsections (6) and (9) of section 458.331, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

458.331 Grounds for disciplinary action; action by the board and department. --

- (1) The following acts constitute grounds for denial of a license or disciplinary action, as specified in s. 456.072(2):
- (t) Gross or repeated malpractice or the failure to practice medicine with that level of care, skill, and treatment which is recognized by a reasonably prudent similar physician as being acceptable under similar conditions and circumstances. The board shall give great weight to the provisions of s. 766.102 when enforcing this paragraph. used in this paragraph, "repeated malpractice" includes, but is not limited to, three or more claims for medical malpractice within the previous 5-year period resulting in indemnities being paid in excess of \$50,000 \$25,000 each to the claimant in a judgment or settlement and which incidents involved negligent conduct by the physician. As used in this paragraph, "gross malpractice" or "the failure to practice medicine with that level of care, skill, and treatment which 31 is recognized by a reasonably prudent similar physician as

being acceptable under similar conditions and circumstances," shall not be construed so as to require more than one instance, event, or act. Nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to require that a physician be incompetent to practice medicine in order to be disciplined pursuant to this paragraph.

- (6) Upon the department's receipt from an insurer or self-insurer of a report of a closed claim against a physician pursuant to s. 627.912 or from a health care practitioner of a report pursuant to s. 456.049, or upon the receipt from a claimant of a presuit notice against a physician pursuant to s. 766.106, the department shall review each report and determine whether it potentially involved conduct by a licensee that is subject to disciplinary action, in which case the provisions of s. 456.073 shall apply. However, if it is reported that a physician has had three or more claims with indemnities exceeding\$50,000\$25,000 each within the previous 5-year period, the department shall investigate the occurrences upon which the claims were based and determine if action by the department against the physician is warranted.
- undertaken, the department shall promptly furnish to the physician or the physician's attorney a copy of the complaint or document which resulted in the initiation of the investigation. For purposes of this subsection, such documents include, but are not limited to: the pertinent portions of an annual report submitted to the department pursuant to s. 395.0197(6); a report of an adverse incident which is provided to the department pursuant to s. 395.0197; a report of peer review disciplinary action submitted to the department pursuant to s. 395.0193(4) or s. 458.337, providing that the

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investigations, proceedings, and records relating to such peer review disciplinary action shall continue to retain their privileged status even as to the licensee who is the subject of the investigation, as provided by ss. 395.0193(8) and 458.337(3); a report of a closed claim submitted pursuant to s. 627.912; a presuit notice submitted pursuant to s. 766.106(2); and a petition brought under the Florida Birth-Related Neurological Injury Compensation Plan, pursuant to s. 766.305(2). The physician may submit a written response to the information contained in the complaint or document which resulted in the initiation of the investigation within 30 45 days after service to the physician of the complaint or document. The physician's written response shall be considered by the probable cause panel. 14

Section 21. Subsection (3) of section 458.348, Florida Statutes, is repealed.

Section 22. Subsections (6) and (9) of section 459.015, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

459.015 Grounds for disciplinary action; action by the board and department. --

(6) Upon the department's receipt from an insurer or self-insurer of a report of a closed claim against an osteopathic physician pursuant to s. 627.912 or from a health care practitioner of a report pursuant to s. 456.049, or upon the receipt from a claimant of a presuit notice against an osteopathic physician pursuant to s. 766.106, the department shall review each report and determine whether it potentially involved conduct by a licensee that is subject to disciplinary action, in which case the provisions of s. 456.073 shall apply. However, if it is reported that an osteopathic 31 physician has had three or more claims with indemnities

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30 31 exceeding \$50,000 \$25,000 each within the previous 5-year period, the department shall investigate the occurrences upon which the claims were based and determine if action by the department against the osteopathic physician is warranted.

(9) When an investigation of an osteopathic physician is undertaken, the department shall promptly furnish to the osteopathic physician or his or her attorney a copy of the complaint or document which resulted in the initiation of the investigation. For purposes of this subsection, such documents include, but are not limited to: the pertinent portions of an annual report submitted to the department pursuant to s. 395.0197(6); a report of an adverse incident which is provided to the department pursuant to s. 395.0197; a report of peer review disciplinary action submitted to the department pursuant to s. 395.0193(4) or s. 459.016, provided that the investigations, proceedings, and records relating to such peer review disciplinary action shall continue to retain their privileged status even as to the licensee who is the subject of the investigation, as provided by ss. 395.0193(8) and 459.016(3); a report of a closed claim submitted pursuant to s. 627.912; a presuit notice submitted pursuant to s. 766.106(2); and a petition brought under the Florida Birth-Related Neurological Injury Compensation Plan, pursuant to s. 766.305(2). The osteopathic physician may submit a written response to the information contained in the complaint or document which resulted in the initiation of the investigation within 30 45 days after service to the osteopathic physician of the complaint or document. The osteopathic physician's written response shall be considered by the probable cause panel.

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Section 23. Subsection (5) of section 460.413, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

460.413 Grounds for disciplinary action; action by board or department. --

(5) When an investigation of a chiropractic physician is undertaken, the department shall promptly furnish to the chiropractic physician or her or his attorney a copy of the complaint or document which resulted in the initiation of the investigation. The chiropractic physician may submit a written response to the information contained in such complaint or document within 30 45 days after service to the chiropractic physician of the complaint or document. The chiropractic physician's written response shall be considered by the probable cause panel.

Section 24. Paragraph (s) of subsection (1) of section 461.013, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

461.013 Grounds for disciplinary action; action by the board; investigations by department. --

- (1) The following acts constitute grounds for denial of a license or disciplinary action, as specified in s. 456.072(2):
- (s) Gross or repeated malpractice or the failure to practice podiatric medicine at a level of care, skill, and treatment which is recognized by a reasonably prudent podiatric physician as being acceptable under similar conditions and circumstances. The board shall give great weight to the standards for malpractice in s. 766.102 in interpreting this section. As used in this paragraph, "repeated malpractice" includes, but is not limited to, three or more claims for medical malpractice within the previous 31 | 5-year period resulting in indemnities being paid in excess of

 \$50,000 \$10,000 each to the claimant in a judgment or settlement and which incidents involved negligent conduct by the podiatric physicians. As used in this paragraph, "gross malpractice" or "the failure to practice podiatric medicine with the level of care, skill, and treatment which is recognized by a reasonably prudent similar podiatric physician as being acceptable under similar conditions and circumstances" shall not be construed so as to require more than one instance, event, or act.

Section 25. Section 464.203, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

464.203 Certified nursing assistants; certification requirement.--

- (1) The board shall issue a certificate to practice as a certified nursing assistant to any person who demonstrates a minimum competency to read and write and successfully passes the required Level I or Level II screening required under paragraph (e) and pursuant to s. 400.215 and meets one of the following requirements:
- (a) Has successfully completed an approved training program and achieved a minimum score, established by rule of the board, on the nursing assistant competency examination, which consists of a written portion and skills-demonstration portion approved by the board and administered at a site and by personnel approved by the department.
- (b) Has achieved a minimum score, established by rule of the board, on the nursing assistant competency examination, which consists of a written portion and skills-demonstration portion, approved by the board and administered at a site and by personnel approved by the department and:
 - 1. Has a high school diploma, or its equivalent; or

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- 2. Is at least 18 years of age.
- (c) Is currently certified in another state; is listed on that state's certified nursing assistant registry; and has not been found to have committed abuse, neglect, or exploitation in that state.
- (d) Has completed the curriculum developed under the Enterprise Florida Jobs and Education Partnership Grant and achieved a minimum score, established by rule of the board, on the nursing assistant competency examination, which consists of a written portion and skills-demonstration portion, approved by the board and administered at a site and by personnel approved by the department.
- (e) Has submitted to the department a set of fingerprints on a form and under procedures specified by the department, along with a payment in an amount equal to the costs incurred by the Department of Health for the criminal background check of the applicant. The Department of Health shall submit the fingerprints provided by the applicant to the Department of Law Enforcement for a statewide criminal history check, and the Department of Law Enforcement shall forward the fingerprints to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for a national criminal history check of the applicant. The Department of Health shall review the results of the criminal history check, issue a license to an applicant who has met all of the other requirements for licensure and has no criminal history, and shall refer all applicants with criminal histories back to the board for determination as to whether a license should be issued and under what conditions.
- (2) If an applicant fails to pass the nursing assistant competency examination in three attempts, the

applicant is not eligible for reexamination unless the applicant completes an approved training program.

- (3) An oral examination shall be administered as a substitute for the written portion of the examination upon request. The oral examination shall be administered at a site and by personnel approved by the department.
- (4) The board shall adopt rules to provide for the initial certification of certified nursing assistants.
- (5) Certification as a nursing assistant, in accordance with this part, <u>may be renewed</u> continues in effect until such time as the nursing assistant allows a period of 24 consecutive months to pass during which period the nursing assistant fails to perform any nursing-related services for monetary compensation. When a nursing assistant fails to perform any nursing-related services for monetary compensation for a period of 24 consecutive months, the nursing assistant must complete a new training and competency evaluation program or a new competency evaluation program.
- (6) A certified nursing assistant shall maintain a current address with the board in accordance with s. 456.035.
- (7) A certified nursing assistant shall complete $\underline{12}$ $\underline{18}$ hours of inservice training during each calendar year. The certified nursing assistant shall be responsible for maintaining documentation demonstrating compliance with these provisions. The Council on Certified Nursing Assistants, in accordance with s. 464.2085(2)(b), shall propose rules to implement this subsection.
- (8) The department shall renew a certificate upon receipt of the renewal application and a fee, which may not exceed \$50 biennially. The department shall adopt rules

 <u>establishing a procedure for the biennial renewal of certificates.</u>

Section 26. Subsection (1) of section 464.204, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

464.204 Denial, suspension, or revocation of certification; disciplinary actions.--

- (1) The following acts constitute grounds for which the board may impose disciplinary sanctions as specified in subsection (2):
- (a) Obtaining or attempting to obtain certification or an exemption, or possessing or attempting to possess certification or a letter of exemption, by bribery, misrepresentation, deceit, or through an error of the board.
- (b) Intentionally Violating any provision of part I or part II of this chapter, chapter 456, or the rules adopted by the board.

Section 27. Section 467.013, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

467.013 Inactive status.--A licensee may request that his or her license be placed in an inactive status by making application to the department <u>pursuant to department rule</u> and paying a fee.

(1) An inactive license may be renewed for one additional biennium upon application to the department and payment of the applicable biennium renewal fee. The department shall establish by rule procedures and fees for applying to place a license on inactive status, renewing an inactive license, and reactivating an inactive license. The fee for any of these procedures may not exceed the biennial renewal fee established by the department.

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(2) Any license that is not renewed by the end of the biennium established by the department automatically reverts to involuntary inactive status unless the licensee has applied for voluntary inactive status. Such license may be reactivated only if the licensee meets the requirements for reactivating the license established by department rule.

- (3) A midwife who desires to reactivate an inactive license shall apply to the department, complete the reactivation application, remit the applicable fees, and submit proof of compliance with the requirements for continuing education established by department rule.
- (4) Each licensed midwife whose license has been placed on inactive status for more than 1 year must complete continuing education hours as a condition of reactivating the inactive license.
- (5) The licensee shall submit to the department evidence of participation in 10 hours of continuing education, approved by the department and clinically related to the practice of midwifery, for each year of the biennium in which the license was inactive. This requirement is in addition to submitting evidence of completing the continuing education required for the most recent biennium in which the licensee held an active license.

Section 28. Section 467.0135, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

467.0135 Fees.--The department shall establish fees for application, examination, initial licensure, renewal of licensure, licensure by endorsement, inactive status, delinquent status, and reactivation of an inactive license. The appropriate fee must be paid at the time of application 31 and is payable to the Department of Health, in accordance with

rules adopted by the department. A fee is nonrefundable, 2 unless otherwise provided by rule. A fee may not exceed: 3 (1) Five hundred dollars for examination. 4 (1) Five hundred dollars for initial licensure. 5 (2)(3) Five hundred dollars for renewal of an active 6 license licensure. 7 (3)(4) Two hundred dollars for application, which fee 8 is nonrefundable. 9 (4)(5) Five hundred dollars for renewal reactivation 10 of an inactive license. 11 (5)(6) Five hundred dollars for licensure by endorsement. 12 13 A fee for inactive status, reactivation of an inactive 14 15 license, or delinquency may not exceed the fee established by the department for biennial renewal of an active license. All 16 17 fees collected under this section shall be deposited in the Medical Quality Assurance Trust Fund. 18 19 Section 29. Subsection (1) of section 467.017, Florida 20 Statutes, is amended to read: 21 467.017 Emergency care plan; immunity.--(1) Every licensed midwife shall develop a written 22 plan for the appropriate delivery of emergency care. A copy 23 24 of the plan shall accompany any application for license 25 issuance and must be made available upon the request of the department or renewal. The plan shall address the following: 26 27 (a) Consultation with other health care providers. 28 (b) Emergency transfer. 29 (c) Access to neonatal intensive care units and

obstetrical units or other patient care areas.

1 Section 30. Section 468.352, Florida Statutes, is 2 amended to read: 3 (Substantial rewording of section. See s. 468.352, F.S., for present text.) 4 5 468.352 Definitions.--As used in this part, the term: 6 "Board" means the Board of Respiratory Care. 7 "Certified respiratory therapist" means any person 8 licensed pursuant to this part who is certified by the National Board for Respiratory Care or its successor; who is 9 employed to deliver respiratory care services, under the order 10 11 of a physician licensed pursuant to chapter 458 or chapter 459, in accordance with protocols established by a hospital or 12 other health care provider or the board; and who functions in 13 situations of unsupervised patient contact requiring 14 individual judgment. 15 "Critical care" means care given to a patient in 16 any setting involving a life-threatening emergency. 17 "Department" means the Department of Health. 18 (4)19 (5) "Direct supervision" means practicing under the direction of a licensed, registered, or certified respiratory 20 21 therapist who is physically on the premises and readily available, as defined by the board. 22 23 "Physician supervision" means supervision and 24 control by a physician licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459 who assumes the legal liability for the services rendered 25 by the personnel employed in his or her office. Except in the 26 27 case of an emergency, physician supervision requires the easy availability of the physician within the office or the 28 physical presence of the physician for consultation and 29 30 direction of the actions of the persons who deliver 31 respiratory care services.

therapy" means the allied health specialty associated with the cardiopulmonary system that is practiced under the orders of a physician licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459 and in accordance with protocols, policies, and procedures established by a hospital or other health care provider or the board, including the assessment, diagnostic evaluation, treatment, management, control, rehabilitation, education, and care of patients in all care settings.

(8) "Registered respiratory therapist" means any

- (8) "Registered respiratory therapist" means any person licensed under this part who is registered by the National Board for Respiratory Care or its successor, and who is employed to deliver respiratory care services under the order of a physician licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459, in accordance with protocols established by a hospital or other health care provider or the board, and who functions in situations of unsupervised patient contact requiring individual judgment.
- (9) "Respiratory care practitioner" means any person licensed under this part who is employed to deliver respiratory care services, under direct supervision, pursuant to the order of a physician licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459.
 - (10) "Respiratory care services" includes:
 - (a) Evaluation and disease management.
- (b) Diagnostic and therapeutic use of respiratory equipment, devices, or medical gas.
- (c) Administration of drugs, as duly ordered or prescribed by a physician licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459 and in accordance with protocols, policies, and

1 procedures established by a hospital or other health care 2 provider or the board. 3 (d) Initiation, management, and maintenance of equipment to assist and support ventilation and respiration. 4 5 (e) Diagnostic procedures, research, and therapeutic 6 treatment and procedures, including measurement of ventilatory 7 volumes, pressures, and flows; specimen collection and 8 analysis of blood for gas transport and acid/base determinations; pulmonary-function testing; and other related 9 10 physiological monitoring of cardiopulmonary systems. 11 (f) Cardiopulmonary rehabilitation. (g) Cardiopulmonary resuscitation, advanced cardiac 12 life support, neonatal resuscitation, and pediatric advanced 13 life support, or equivalent functions. 14 Insertion and maintenance of artificial airways 15 and intravascular catheters. 16 17 (i) Performing sleep-disorder studies. Education of patients, families, the public, or 18 19 other health care providers, including disease process and management programs and smoking prevention and cessation 20 21 programs. 22 (k) Initiation and management of hyperbaric oxygen. Section 31. Section 468.355, Florida Statutes, is 23 24 amended to read: 25 (Substantial rewording of section. See s. 468.355, F.S., for present text.) 26 27 468.355 Licensure requirements. -- To be eligible for licensure by the board, an applicant must be an active 28 29 "Certified Respiratory Therapist" or be an active "Registered Respiratory Therapist" by the National Board for Respiratory 30 31 Care, or its successor.

1 Section 32. Section 468.368, Florida Statutes, is 2 amended to read: 3 (Substantial rewording of section. See s. 468.368, F.S., for present text.) 4 5 468.368 Exemptions. -- This part may not be construed to 6 prevent or restrict the practice, service, or activities of: 7 (1) Any person licensed in this state by any other law 8 from engaging in the profession or occupation for which he or 9 she is licensed. 10 (2) Any legally qualified person in the state or 11 another state or territory who is employed by the United States Government or any agency thereof while such person is 12 discharging his or her official duties. 13 (3) A friend or family member who is providing 14 respiratory care services to an ill person and who does not 15 represent himself or herself to be a respiratory care 16 17 practitioner or respiratory therapist. (4) An individual providing respiratory care services 18 19 in an emergency who does not represent himself or herself as a respiratory care practitioner or respiratory therapist. 20 21 (5) Any individual employed to deliver, assemble, set up, or test equipment for use in a home, upon the order of a 22 physician licensed pursuant to chapter 458 or chapter 459. 23 This subsection does not, however, authorize the practice of 24 25 respiratory care without a license. 26 (6) Any individual credentialed by the Board of 27 Registered Polysomnographic Technologists as a registered polysomnographic technologist, as related to the diagnosis and 28 29 evaluation of treatment for sleep disorders. 30 (7) Any individual certified or registered as a

pulmonary function technologist who is credentialed by the

National Board for Respiratory Care for performing cardiopulmonary diagnostic studies.

- (8) Any student who is enrolled in an accredited respiratory care program approved by the board, while performing respiratory care as an integral part of a required course.
- (9) The delivery of incidental respiratory care to noninstitutionalized persons by surrogate family members who do not represent themselves as registered or certified respiratory care therapists.
- (10) Any individual credentialed by the Underseas

 Hyperbaric Society in hyperbaric medicine or its equivalent as

 determined by the board, while performing related duties. This
 subsection does not, however, authorize the practice of
 respiratory care without a license.

Section 33. <u>Sections 468.356 and 468.357, Florida</u>
Statutes, are repealed, effective January 1, 2004.

Section 34. Subsection (1) of section 491.005, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

491.005 Licensure by examination. --

- (1) CLINICAL SOCIAL WORK.--Upon verification of documentation and payment of a fee not to exceed \$200, as set by board rule, plus the actual per applicant cost to the department for purchase of the examination from the American Association of State Social Worker's Boards or a similar national organization, the department shall issue a license as a clinical social worker to an applicant who the board certifies:
- (a) Has made application therefor and paid the appropriate fee.

- (b)1. Has received a doctoral degree in social work from a graduate school of social work which at the time the applicant graduated was accredited by an accrediting agency recognized by the United States Department of Education or has received a master's degree in social work from a graduate school of social work which at the time the applicant graduated:
- a. Was accredited by the Council on Social Work Education;
- b. Was accredited by the Canadian Association of Schools of Social Work; or
- c. Has been determined to have been a program equivalent to programs approved by the Council on Social Work Education by the Foreign Equivalency Determination Service of the Council on Social Work Education. An applicant who graduated from a program at a university or college outside of the United States or Canada must present documentation of the equivalency determination from the council in order to qualify.
- 2. The applicant's graduate program must have emphasized direct clinical patient or client health care services, including, but not limited to, coursework in clinical social work, psychiatric social work, medical social work, social casework, psychotherapy, or group therapy. The applicant's graduate program must have included all of the following coursework:
- a. A supervised field placement which was part of the applicant's advanced concentration in direct practice, during which the applicant provided clinical services directly to clients.

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- Completion of 24 semester hours or 32 quarter hours in theory of human behavior and practice methods as courses in clinically oriented services, including a minimum of one course in psychopathology, and no more than one course in research, taken in a school of social work accredited or approved pursuant to subparagraph 1.
- 3. If the course title which appears on the applicant's transcript does not clearly identify the content of the coursework, the applicant shall be required to provide additional documentation, including, but not limited to, a syllabus or catalog description published for the course.
- (c) Has had not less than 2 years of clinical social work experience, which took place subsequent to completion of a graduate degree in social work at an institution meeting the accreditation requirements of this section, under the supervision of a licensed clinical social worker or the equivalent who is a qualified supervisor as determined by the board. An individual who intends to practice in Florida to satisfy clinical experience requirements must register pursuant to s. 491.0045 prior to commencing practice. If the applicant's graduate program was not a program which emphasized direct clinical patient or client health care services as described in subparagraph (b)2., the supervised experience requirement must take place after the applicant has completed a minimum of 15 semester hours or 22 quarter hours of the coursework required. A doctoral internship may be applied toward the clinical social work experience requirement. The experience requirement may be met by work performed on or off the premises of the supervising clinical social worker or the equivalent, provided the off-premises 31 work is not the independent private practice rendering of

clinical social work that does not have a licensed mental health professional, as determined by the board, on the premises at the same time the intern is providing services.

- (d) Has passed a theory and practice examination approved provided by the board department for this purpose, which may be taken only following completion of the clinical experience requirement.
- (e) Has demonstrated, in a manner designated by rule of the board, knowledge of the laws and rules governing the practice of clinical social work, marriage and family therapy, and mental health counseling.

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All coursework requirements in this section shall be satisfied by successfully completing the required course as a student or by teaching the required graduate course as an instructor or professor in an accredited institution.

Section 35. Section 491.0145, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

491.0145 Certified master social worker.--The department may not adopt any rules that would allow a person who was not licensed as a certified master social worker in accordance with this chapter on January 1, 1990, to become licensed. The department may certify an applicant for a designation as a certified master social worker upon the following conditions:

(1) The applicant completes an application to be provided by the department and pays a nonrefundable fee not to exceed \$250 to be established by rule of the department. The completed application must be received by the department at least 60 days before the date of the examination in order for 31 the applicant to qualify to take the scheduled exam.

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- The applicant submits proof satisfactory to the department that the applicant has received a doctoral degree in social work, or a master's degree with a major emphasis or specialty in clinical practice or administration, including, but not limited to, agency administration and supervision, program planning and evaluation, staff development, research, community organization, community services, social planning, and human service advocacy. Doctoral degrees must have been received from a graduate school of social work which at the time the applicant was enrolled and graduated was accredited by an accrediting agency approved by the United States Department of Education. Master's degrees must have been received from a graduate school of social work which at the time the applicant was enrolled and graduated was accredited by the Council on Social Work Education or the Canadian Association of Schools of Social Work or by one that meets comparable standards.
- experience, as defined by rule, including, but not limited to, clinical services or administrative activities as defined in subsection (2), 2 years of which must be at the post-master's level under the supervision of a person who meets the education and experience requirements for certification as a certified master social worker, as defined by rule, or licensure as a clinical social worker under this chapter. A doctoral internship may be applied toward the supervision requirement.
- (4) Any person who holds a master's degree in social work from institutions outside the United States may apply to the department for certification if the academic training in social work has been evaluated as equivalent to a degree from

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a school accredited by the Council on Social Work Education. Any such person shall submit a copy of the academic training from the Foreign Equivalency Determination Service of the Council on Social Work Education.

- (5) The applicant has passed an examination required by the department for this purpose. The nonrefundable fee for such examination may not exceed \$250 as set by department rule.
- (6) Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to authorize a certified master social worker to provide clinical social work services.

Section 36. Section 491.0146, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

491.0146 Savings clause. -- All licenses to practice as a certified master social worker issued pursuant to this chapter and valid on October 1, 2002, shall remain in full force and effect.

Section 37. Subsection (1) of section 627.912, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

627.912 Professional liability claims and actions; reports by insurers. --

(1) Each self-insurer authorized under s. 627.357 and each insurer or joint underwriting association providing professional liability insurance to a practitioner of medicine licensed under chapter 458, to a practitioner of osteopathic medicine licensed under chapter 459, to a podiatric physician licensed under chapter 461, to a dentist licensed under chapter 466, to a hospital licensed under chapter 395, to a crisis stabilization unit licensed under part IV of chapter 394, to a health maintenance organization certificated under 31 part I of chapter 641, to clinics included in chapter 390, to

an ambulatory surgical center as defined in s. 395.002, or to a member of The Florida Bar shall report in duplicate to the Department of Insurance any claim or action for damages for personal injuries claimed to have been caused by error, omission, or negligence in the performance of such insured's professional services or based on a claimed performance of professional services without consent, if the claim resulted in:

- (a) A final judgment in any amount.
- (b) A settlement in any amount.

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Reports shall be filed with the department and, if the insured party is licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, or chapter 461, and the final judgment or settlement amount was \$50,000 or more, if the insured party is licensed under chapter 466 and the final judgment or settlement amount was \$25,000 or more or chapter 466, with the Department of Health, no later than 30 days following the occurrence of any event listed in paragraph (a) or paragraph (b). The Department of Health shall review each report and determine whether any of the incidents that resulted in the claim potentially involved conduct by the licensee that is subject to disciplinary action, in which case the provisions of s. 456.073 shall apply. The Department of Health, as part of the annual report required by s. 456.026, shall publish annual statistics, without identifying licensees, on the reports it receives, including final action taken on such reports by the Department of Health or the appropriate regulatory board.

Section 38. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 766.101, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

 766.101 Medical review committee, immunity from liability.--

- (1) As used in this section:
- (a) The term "medical review committee" or "committee"
 means:
- 1.a. A committee of a hospital or ambulatory surgical center licensed under chapter 395 or a health maintenance organization certificated under part I of chapter 641,
- b. A committee of a physician-hospital organization, a provider-sponsored organization, or an integrated delivery system,
- c. A committee of a state or local professional society of health care providers,
- d. A committee of a medical staff of a licensed hospital or nursing home, provided the medical staff operates pursuant to written bylaws that have been approved by the governing board of the hospital or nursing home,
- e. A committee of the Department of Corrections or the Correctional Medical Authority as created under s. 945.602, or employees, agents, or consultants of either the department or the authority or both,
- f. A committee of a professional service corporation formed under chapter 621 or a corporation organized under chapter 607 or chapter 617, which is formed and operated for the practice of medicine as defined in s. 458.305(3), and which has at least 25 health care providers who routinely provide health care services directly to patients,
- g. A committee of a mental health treatment facility licensed under chapter 394 or a community mental health center as defined in s. 394.907, provided the quality assurance

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program operates pursuant to the guidelines which have been approved by the governing board of the agency,

- h. A committee of a substance abuse treatment and education prevention program licensed under chapter 397 provided the quality assurance program operates pursuant to the quidelines which have been approved by the governing board of the agency,
- i. A peer review or utilization review committee organized under chapter 440,
- j. A committee of the Department of Health, a county health department, healthy start coalition, or certified rural health network, when reviewing quality of care, or employees of these entities when reviewing mortality records, or
- k. A continuous quality improvement committee of a pharmacy licensed pursuant to chapter 465,
- 1. A committee established by a university board of trustees, or
- m. A committee comprised of faculty, residents, students, and administrators of an accredited college of medicine, college of nursing, or other health care discipline.

which committee is formed to evaluate and improve the quality of health care rendered by providers of health service or to determine that health services rendered were professionally indicated or were performed in compliance with the applicable standard of care or that the cost of health care rendered was considered reasonable by the providers of professional health services in the area; or

2. A committee of an insurer, self-insurer, or joint underwriting association of medical malpractice insurance, or 31 other persons conducting review under s. 766.106.

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               Section 39.
                                 Sections 456.031, 456.033, 456.034,
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     458.313, 458.316, 458.3165, and 458.317, Florida Statutes, are
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     repealed.
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               Section 40. (1) All payments made after July 1, 2003,
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     by the Department of Health to the Division of Administrative
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     Hearings which are based on a formula in effect prior to that
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     date shall revert to the Department of Health. Effective July
     1, 2004, the Division of Administrative Hearings shall bill
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     the Department of Health in accordance with section
     456.073(5), Florida Statutes.
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              (2) The Office of Program Policy Analysis and
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     Government Accountability and the Auditor General shall
     conduct a joint audit of all hearings and billings therefore
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     conducted by the Division of Administrative Hearings for all
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     state agencies and nonstate agencies and shall present a
     report to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the
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     House of Representatives by January 1, 2004, which contains
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     findings and recommendations regarding the manner in which the
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     division charges for its services. The report shall provide
     recommendations for alternative billing formulas.
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                                 Except as otherwise expressly provided in
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               Section 41.
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     this act, this act shall take effect July 1, 2003.
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                                       SENATE SUMMARY
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       Revises various provisions governing the regulation of health care providers by the Department of Health.
Revises certain requirements for the department with respect to investigating claims against practitioners.
Requires the practice boards to establish requirements for mediation. Revises licensure requirements for physicians under ch. 458, F.S., and provides requirements for a limited license. Revises provisions governing the licensure of respiratory therapists. Provides that medical review committees established by a university board of trustees or a college of medicine or nursing are immune from liability. (See bill for details.)
        Revises various provisions governing the regulation of
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