

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

2728

29

30

HB 0337 2003

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to uniform traffic control; providing a popular name; amending s. 316.003, F.S.; defining the term "traffic infraction detector"; amending s. 316.008, F.S.; authorizing the creation of pilot projects in Palm Beach County; authorizing adoption of ordinances permitting the use of traffic infraction detectors under certain circumstances; providing for penalties for violations detected by such detectors; exempting certain vehicles from the ordinance under specified condition; providing procedures for participation in the project; providing for citation content; providing for process of citations issued under the ordinance; limiting scope; providing for responsibility and liability for payment of fine; providing for contest of citation in court; providing for evidence of facts; providing procedures for enforcement of outstanding violations; providing for personnel for enforcement of ordinance; providing for use of funds and excess funds collected; requiring a report to the Governor and the Legislature; providing for future repeal; amending s. 316.0745, F.S.; providing that traffic infraction detectors must meet requirements established by the Department of Transportation; providing for testing according to procedures established by that department; amending s. 320.03, F.S.; prohibiting the issuance of license plates or revalidation stickers when fines are outstanding for violations detected by traffic infraction detectors; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:



HB 0337 2003

Section 1. <u>Popular name.--This act shall be known by the</u> popular name the "Red Light Safety Act of 2003."

Section 2. Subsection (84) is added to section 316.003, Florida Statutes, to read:

316.003 Definitions.--The following words and phrases, when used in this chapter, shall have the meanings respectively ascribed to them in this section, except where the context otherwise requires:

vehicle sensor installed to work in conjunction with a traffic control signal and a camera synchronized to automatically record two or more sequenced photographs, microphotographs, or electronic images, that utilize wet film, of only the rear of a motor vehicle at the time the vehicle fails to stop when facing a steady red traffic control signal. Any citation issued by the utilization of a traffic infraction detector must include a photograph showing both the license tag of the offending vehicle and the traffic control device being violated in the same frame.

Section 3. Subsection (7) is added to section 316.008, Florida Statutes, to read:

316.008 Powers of local authorities.--

(7) (a) There is created a pilot project in Palm Beach
County to determine the potential statewide benefits to traffic
safety resulting from the use of traffic infraction detectors
for the enforcement of s. 316.075(1)(c), which requires the
driver of a vehicle to stop the vehicle when facing a steady red
traffic control signal. For purposes of this subsection, the
word "county" means Palm Beach County. The county and
municipalities therein may choose to participate in the pilot

Page 2 of 9



HB 0337 2003

project by adopting an ordinance that provides for the use of traffic infraction detectors to enforce s. 316.075(1)(c) on the streets and highways under their respective jurisdictions. An ordinance adopted pursuant to this subsection shall authorize traffic infraction enforcement officers to issue a citation for a violation of s. 316.075(1)(c) and shall establish a schedule of fines to be assessed against the registered owner of a motor vehicle whose vehicle fails to stop when facing a steady red traffic control signal, as determined through the use of a traffic infraction detector. Such fines may not exceed \$100. Emergency vehicles responding to an emergency call shall be exempt from an ordinance adopted under this subsection.

- (b) The county and municipalities choosing to participate in the pilot project shall:
- 1. Post a sign notifying motorists that a traffic infraction detector is in use at each location that a traffic infraction detector is being used to enforce s. 316.075(1)(c). Signs must conform to the standards and requirements adopted by the Department of Transportation under s. 316.0745.
- 2. Conduct a public awareness campaign of the proposed use of traffic infraction detectors at least 30 days prior to commencing enforcement under an ordinance adopted pursuant to this subsection.
- (c) The procedures set forth in s. 316.1967(2), (3), and (4) shall apply to an ordinance adopted under this subsection.
- (d) Citations issued pursuant to an ordinance adopted under this subsection must contain the following information:
- 1. The name and address of the person alleged to be liable as the registered owner or operator of the motor vehicle involved in the violation.



HB 0337 2003

- 2. The registration number of the vehicle.
  - 3. The location where the violation occurred.
  - 4. The date and time of the violation.
- 5. Information that identifies the traffic infraction detector that recorded the violation.
  - 6. The amount of the fine.
  - 7. The date by which the fine must be paid.
- 8. The procedure for contesting the violation alleged in the citation.
- 9. A warning that failure to contest the violation in the manner and time provided shall be deemed an admission of liability and that a default may be entered thereon.
- (e) Violations of s. 316.075(1)(c) being enforced in accordance with an ordinance adopted under this subsection shall be processed by the county or municipality that has traffic jurisdiction over the street or highway where the violation occurred or by any entity authorized by the county or municipality to prepare and mail the citation. Chapter 318 and s. 322.27 shall not apply to a violation of s. 316.075(1)(c) when being enforced pursuant to an ordinance adopted under this subsection. In addition, such a violation shall not:
- 1. Be a conviction of the registered owner of the motor vehicle or operator;
- 2. Be made part of the driving record of the registered owner of the motor vehicle or operator;
- 3. Be used for the purposes of setting motor vehicle insurance rates; or
- 4. Result in points being assessed against the registered owner of the motor vehicle or operator.
  - (f) The registered owner of the motor vehicle that was



HB 0337

involved in a violation is responsible and liable for payment of
the fine assessed in accordance with this subsection unless the
owner can establish that the motor vehicle was, at the time of
the violation, in the care, custody, or control of another
person. In order to establish such facts, the registered owner
must, within 20 days after receipt of notification of the
alleged violation, furnish to the county or municipality, as
appropriate, an affidavit that sets forth:

- 1. The name, address, and, if known, the driver license number of the person who leased, rented, or otherwise had care, custody, or control of the motor vehicle at the time of the alleged violation; or
- 2. That the vehicle was stolen, with a copy of the police report attached indicating that the vehicle was stolen at the time of the alleged violation.

Upon receipt of an affidavit, the person designated as having had care, custody, or control of the motor vehicle at the time of the violation may be issued a citation. The affidavit is admissible in a proceeding pursuant to this subsection for the purpose of proving that the person identified in the affidavit was in actual care, custody, or control of the motor vehicle.

(g) A person may elect to contest the determination that such person failed to stop when faced with a steady red traffic control signal as evidenced by a traffic infraction detector by electing to appear before any judge authorized by law to preside over a court or hearing that adjudicates traffic infractions.

Any person who elects to appear before the court to present evidence is deemed to have waived the limitation of civil penalties imposed for the violation. The court, after hearing,



HB 0337 2003

shall determine whether the violation was committed and may impose a civil penalty not to exceed \$100 plus court costs. The court may take appropriate measures to enforce collection of any penalty not paid within the time permitted by the court.

- (h) A certificate sworn to or affirmed by a person who is employed by or under contract with the county or municipality where the violation occurred, or a facsimile thereof, which is based upon inspection of photographs or other recorded images produced by a traffic infraction detector, is prima facie evidence of the facts contained in the certificate. A photograph or other recorded image evidencing such a violation must be available for inspection in any proceeding to adjudicate liability for violation of an ordinance adopted under this subsection.
- (i) In the county and municipalities in which citations are issued as provided in this subsection, the names of persons who have one or more outstanding violations may be included on the list authorized under s. 316.1967(6).
- (j) For the purpose of enforcing violations of s.

  316.075(1)(c) pursuant to an ordinance adopted under this subsection, the county and municipalities choosing to participate in the pilot project may employ independent contractors or designate employees as traffic infraction enforcement officers; however, any such traffic infraction officer must successfully meet the training and qualification standards for traffic infraction enforcement officers provided for in s. 316.640(5)(a). Nothing in this subsection shall be construed as authorizing a traffic infraction enforcement officer to carry a firearm or other weapon or to make arrests. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, traffic



182

183

184

185

186

187

188

189

190

191

192

193

194

195

196

197

198

199

200

201

202

203

204

205

206

207

208

209

210

HB 0337 2003

infraction enforcement officers shall have the authority to issue citations in accordance with an ordinance adopted pursuant to this subsection by the county and any municipality choosing to participate in the pilot project.

- (k) The uniform traffic citation prepared by the department under s. 316.650 shall not be used for any violation for which a citation is issued pursuant to an ordinance adopted under this subsection.
- (1) The county and municipalities choosing to participate in the pilot project shall deposit fines into a separate county or municipal account to be used for the purposes of funding the cost of administration of and equipment for the pilot project.

  Any excess funds may only be used by the county and municipalities for driver education programs.
- The county and any municipality choosing to participate in the pilot project shall submit an annual report to the department, which report details the results of using traffic infraction detectors to enforce s. 316.075(1)(c) and the procedures for enforcement. The department shall provide a summary report to the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the Governor regarding the use and operation of traffic infraction detectors under the pilot project. The summary report must include a review of the information submitted to the department by the county and municipalities choosing to participate in the pilot project and must describe the potential for enhancement of the traffic safety and enforcement programs. The department shall report its recommendations on or before December 1, 2004, to the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the Governor, including recommendations for any necessary



HB 0337 2003

legislation in the event that the pilot project would be beneficial for application on a statewide basis.

(n) This subsection is repealed December 1, 2006.
Section 4. Subsection (6) of section 316.0745, Florida

215 Statutes, is amended to read:

- 316.0745 Uniform signals and devices.--
- (6) (a) Any system of traffic control devices controlled and operated from a remote location by electronic computers or similar devices <u>must shall</u> meet all requirements established for the uniform system, and, if any where such system affects systems affect the movement of traffic on state roads, the design of that the system <u>must shall</u> be reviewed and approved by the Department of Transportation.
- (b) Any traffic infraction detector deployed on the streets and highways of the state must meet requirements established by the Department of Transportation and must be tested according to procedures and at regular intervals as prescribed by the department.
- Section 5. Subsection (8) of section 320.03, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 320.03 Registration; duties of tax collectors; International Registration Plan.--
- (8) If the applicant's name appears on the list referred to in <u>s. 316.008(7)(i)</u>, s. 316.1001(4), s. 316.1967(6), or s. 713.78(13), a license plate or revalidation sticker may not be issued until that person's name no longer appears on the list or until the person presents a receipt from the clerk showing that the <u>outstanding</u> fines <u>outstanding</u> have been paid. The tax collector and the clerk of the court are each entitled to receive monthly, as costs for implementing and administering



242

243

244

245

246

247

248

249

250

251

252

253

254

255

256

257

258

259

260

261

HB 0337 2003

this subsection, 10 percent of the civil penalties and fines recovered from such persons. As used in this subsection, the term "civil penalties and fines" does not include a wrecker operator's lien as described in s. 713.78(13). If the tax collector has private tag agents, such tag agents are entitled to receive a pro rata share of the amount paid to the tax collector, based upon the percentage of license plates and revalidation stickers issued by the tag agent compared to the total issued within the county. The authority of any private agent to issue license plates shall be revoked, after notice and a hearing as provided in chapter 120, if he or she issues any license plate or revalidation sticker contrary to the provisions of this subsection. This section applies only to the annual renewal in the owner's birth month of a motor vehicle registration and does not apply to the transfer of a registration of a motor vehicle sold by a motor vehicle dealer licensed under this chapter, except for the transfer of registrations which is inclusive of the annual renewals. This section does not affect the issuance of the title to a motor vehicle, notwithstanding s. 319.23(7)(b).

Section 6. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law.