Bill No. CS for CS for CS for SB 564, SB 2120 & SB 2620

Amendment No. \_\_\_\_ Barcode 034944

CHAMBER ACTION Senate House 8/AD/2R 1 04/23/2003 03:11 PM 2 3 4 5 б 7 8 9 10 11 Senator Smith moved the following amendment: 12 Senate Amendment (with title amendment) 13 On page 24, line 24, through 14 15 page 27, line 15, delete those lines 16 17 and insert: Section 12. Subsection (2) of section 768.13, Florida 18 19 Statutes, is amended to read: 20 768.13 Good Samaritan Act; immunity from civil liability.--21 22 (2)(a) Any person, including those licensed to 23 practice medicine, who gratuitously and in good faith renders 24 emergency care or treatment either in direct response to emergency situations related to and arising out of a public 25 26 health emergency declared pursuant to s. 381.00315, a state of 27 emergency which has been declared pursuant to s. 252.36 or at the scene of an emergency outside of a hospital, doctor's 28 office, or other place having proper medical equipment, 29 30 without objection of the injured victim or victims thereof, 31 | shall not be held liable for any civil damages as a result of 1:43 PM 04/22/03 s0564c3c-14m0a

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such care or treatment or as a result of any act or failure to 1 1 2 act in providing or arranging further medical treatment where 3 the person acts as an ordinary reasonably prudent person would have acted under the same or similar circumstances. 4 5 (b)1. Any <u>health care provider</u>, including a hospital б licensed under chapter 395, providing emergency services pursuant to obligations imposed by 42 U.S.C. s. 1395dd, s. 7 8 <u>395.401, or s. 401.45</u> any employee of such hospital working in 9 a clinical area within the facility and providing patient 10 care, and any person licensed to practice medicine who in good 11 faith renders medical care or treatment necessitated by a 12 sudden, unexpected situation or occurrence resulting in a 13 serious medical condition demanding immediate medical 14 attention, for which the patient enters the hospital through 15 its emergency room or trauma center, or necessitated by a 16 public health emergency declared pursuant to s. 381.00315 shall not be held liable for any civil damages as a result of 17 such medical care or treatment unless such damages result from 18 19 providing, or failing to provide, medical care or treatment 20 under circumstances demonstrating a reckless disregard for the 21 consequences so as to affect the life or health of another. 22 2. The immunity provided by this paragraph applies 23 does not apply to damages as a result of any act or omission of providing medical care or treatment, including diagnosis: 24 25 a. Which occurs prior to the time after the patient is 26 stabilized and is capable of receiving medical treatment as a 27 nonemergency patient, unless surgery is required as a result 28 of the emergency within a reasonable time after the patient is stabilized, in which case the immunity provided by this 29 paragraph applies to any act or omission of providing medical 30 31 care or treatment which occurs prior to the stabilization of

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Bill No. CS for CS for CS for SB 564, SB 2120 & SB 2620 Amendment No. Barcode 034944 the patient following the surgery; and or 1 2 b. Related Unrelated to the original medical 3 emergency. 4 3. For purposes of this paragraph, "reckless 5 disregard" as it applies to a given health care provider б rendering emergency medical services shall be such conduct 7 that which a health care provider knew or should have known, 8 at the time such services were rendered, created an unreasonable risk of injury so as to affect the life or health 9 of another, and such risk was substantially greater than that 10 11 which is necessary to make the conduct negligent. would be likely to result in injury so as to affect the life or health 12 of another, taking into account the following to the extent 13 14 they may be present; 15 a. The extent or serious nature of the circumstances 16 prevailing. 17 b. The lack of time or ability to obtain appropriate 18 consultation. 19 c. The lack of a prior patient-physician relationship. 20 d. The inability to obtain an appropriate medical 21 history of the patient. 2.2 e. The time constraints imposed by coexisting 23 emergencies. 24 4. Every emergency care facility granted immunity 25 under this paragraph shall accept and treat all emergency care patients within the operational capacity of such facility 26 27 without regard to ability to pay, including patients 28 transferred from another emergency care facility or other health care provider pursuant to Pub. L. No. 99-272, s. 9121. 29 The failure of an emergency care facility to comply with this 30 31 subparagraph constitutes grounds for the department to

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1 | initiate disciplinary action against the facility pursuant to
   chapter 395.
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         (c) Any person who is licensed to practice medicine,
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   while acting as a staff member or with professional clinical
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   privileges at a nonprofit medical facility, other than a
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   hospital licensed under chapter 395, or while performing
   health screening services, shall not be held liable for any
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   civil damages as a result of care or treatment provided
   gratuitously in such capacity as a result of any act or
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   failure to act in such capacity in providing or arranging
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   further medical treatment, if such person acts as a reasonably
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   prudent person licensed to practice medicine would have acted
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   under the same or similar circumstances.
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   And the title is amended as follows:
          On page 2, lines 13-15, delete those lines
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   and insert:
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          F.S.; revising guidelines for immunity from
2.2
          liability under the "Good Samaritan Act";
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          amending s.
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