32-136-03

A bill to be entitled 1 2 An act relating to pharmacy; providing a short title; defining the term "pharmaceutical 3 4 adverse incident and requiring that such 5 incidents be reported to the Department of 6 Health; providing exceptions; requiring the 7 department to review reported incidents to determine whether the incidents potentially 8 9 involve conduct by a health care practitioner that is subject to disciplinary action; 10 specifying that any disciplinary action shall 11 12 be taken by the appropriate board; providing for the adoption of rules and forms; providing 13 effective dates. 14 15 16 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 17 18 Section 1. This act may be cited as the "Ernest Belles 19 Act." 20 Section 2. (1) As used in this section, the term 21 "pharmaceutical adverse incident" means the dispensing of a 22 different medication, a different dose, or the correct 23 medication in a container with different instructions than those specified in the prescription, which dispensation 24 25 results in actual harm to a patient, but does not include the dispensing of a generic equivalent medication with the 26 27 patient's consent. 28 (2) A pharmacist licensed under chapter 465, Florida 29 Statutes, or other health care practitioner as defined in 30 section 456.001, Florida Statutes, who becomes aware of a patient's allegation that a pharmaceutical adverse incident

has occurred which was caused by a health care practitioner
must report such allegation to the Department of Health on
forms provided by the department. This section does not apply
to:

- (a) Pharmacists employed by pharmacies that participate in the program provided by Rule 64B16-27.300, Florida Administrative Code; or
- (b) Pharmacists employed by pharmacies that have notified the Board of Pharmacy that they will establish a continuous quality-improvement program consistent with the requirements of Rule 64B16-27.300, Florida Administrative Code.
- (3) The required notification to the department must be submitted in writing by certified mail and postmarked within 15 days after the pharmacist or health care practitioner became aware of the patient's allegation that a pharmaceutical adverse incident has occurred.
- of the Legislature and a specific appropriation sufficient to cover the actual costs, the department shall review each incident and determine whether it potentially involved conduct by a pharmacist or health care practitioner who is subject to disciplinary action, in which case section 465.073, Florida Statutes, applies. Disciplinary action, if any, shall be taken by the board under which the pharmacist or health care practitioner is licensed.
- (5) The Department of Health shall adopt forms and rules for administering this section.
- Section 3. Section 2 of this act shall take effect only upon the effective date of legislation that makes any such information provided to the Department of Health

confidential and exempt from section 119.07(1), Florida Statutes, and Section 24(a) of Article I of the State Constitution, until 10 days after probable cause is found that a violation of law occurred. Such legislation must also provide that information may be used by the department or the Board of Pharmacy only in a disciplinary proceeding brought against the pharmacist or by the department in any study of adverse incidents without identifying the patient, pharmacist, pharmacy, office, or entity by name, location, or other identifier. Section 4. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this act, this act shall take effect July 1, 2003. SENATE SUMMARY Requires health care practitioners to report certain prescription-filling incidents to the Department of Health. Provides for the adoption of rules and forms. Defines the term "pharmaceutical adverse incident". Specifies that a pharmacist or other health care practitioner is required to report an allegation of a "pharmaceutical adverse incident" if he or she is aware of a patient allegation that such an incident was caused by the health care practitioner. Makes exceptions for by the health care practitioner. Makes exceptions for which certain pharmacists may be excluded from reporting requirements.