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	HB 0079 200
1	CHAMBER ACTION
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6	The Committee on Judiciary recommends the following:
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8	Committee Substitute
9	Remove the entire bill and insert:
10	A bill to be entitled
11	An act relating to communications services; amending s.
12	812.15, F.S.; revising definition of "cable operator" and
13	"cable system" and defining "communications device,"
14	"communications service," "communications service
15	provider," and "manufacture, development, or assembly of a
16	communications device"; prohibiting certain interception,
17	reception, decryption, disruption, transmission,
18	retransmission, or acquisition of access to described
19	communications services and prohibiting assisting others
20	in doing so; prohibiting described communications devices
21	for certain purposes and promotion of such devices;
22	providing criminal and civil penalties; providing for
23	actual and statutory damages; exempting described entities
24	under certain circumstances; providing an effective date.
25	
26	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
27	

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28	Section 1. Section 812.15, Florida Statutes, is amended to
29	read:
30	812.15 Unauthorized reception of communications cable
31	television services; penalties
32	(1) As used in this section, the term:
33	(a) "Cable operator" means <u>a communications service</u>
34	provider who provides some or all of its communications services
35	pursuant to a "cable television franchise" issued by a
36	"franchising authority" as those terms are defined in 47 U.S.C.
37	s. 522(9) and (10) (1992) "cable operator" as defined in 47
38	U.S.C. s. 522(4) (1988) .
39	(b) "Cable system" means any communications service
40	network, system, or facility owned or operated by a cable
41	operator "cable system" as defined in 47 U.S.C. s. 522(6)
42	(1988) .
43	(c) "Communications device" means any type of electronic
44	mechanism, transmission line or connections and appurtenances
45	thereto, instrument, device, machine, equipment, or software
46	which is capable of intercepting, transmitting, acquiring,
47	decrypting, or receiving any communications service, or any
48	part, accessory, or component thereof, including any computer
49	circuit, splitter, connector, switches, transmission hardware,
50	security module, smart card, software, computer chip, electronic
51	mechanism, or other component, accessory, or part of any
52	communications device which is capable of facilitating the
53	interception, transmission, retransmission, acquisition,
54	decryption, or reception of any communications service.

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55	(d) "Communications service" means any service lawfully
56	provided for a charge or compensation by any cable system or by
57	any radio, telephone, fiber optic, photo-optical,
58	electromagnetic, photoelectronic, satellite, microwave, data
59	transmission, Internet-based or wireless distribution network,
60	system, or facility, including, but not limited to, any and all
61	electronic, data, video, audio, Internet access, microwave, and
62	radio communications, transmissions, signals, and services, and
63	any such communications, transmissions, signals, and services
64	lawfully provided directly or indirectly by or through any of
65	those networks, systems, or facilities.
66	(e) "Communications service provider" means:
67	1. Any person or entity owning or operating any cable
68	system or any fiber optic, photo-optical, electromagnetic,
69	photoelectronic, satellite, wireless, microwave, radio, data
70	transmission, or Internet-based distribution network, system, or
71	facility.
72	2. Any person or entity providing any communications
73	service, whether directly or indirectly, as a reseller or
74	licensee, by or through any such distribution network, system,
75	or facility.
76	(f) "Manufacture, development, or assembly of a
77	communications device" means to make, produce, develop, or
78	assemble a communications device or any part, accessory, or
79	component thereof, or to modify, alter, program, or reprogram
80	any communications device so that it is capable of facilitating
81	the commission of a violation of this section.

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82 (2)(a) No person shall knowingly intercept, or receive, 83 decrypt, disrupt, transmit, retransmit, or acquire access to or assist in intercepting or receiving any communications service 84 85 offered by over a cable operator or any other communications 86 service provider, or knowingly assist others in doing so system, 87 unless specifically authorized to do so by a cable operator or 88 other communications service provider, or as may otherwise be 89 specifically authorized by law. For the purpose of this section, 90 the term to "assist others" in committing any of these acts 91 shall include: 92 1. The sale, transfer, license, distribution, deployment, 93 lease, manufacture, development, or assembly of a communications 94 device for the purpose of facilitating the unauthorized receipt, 95 acquisition, interception, disruption, decryption, transmission, 96 retransmission, or access to any communications service offered 97 by a cable operator or any other communications service 98 provider; or 99 2. The sale, transfer, distribution, deployment, lease, 100 manufacture, development, or assembly of a communications device 101 for the purpose of defeating or circumventing any technology, 102 device, or software, or any component or part thereof, used by a 103 cable operator or other communications service provider to 104 protect any communications service from unauthorized receipt, 105 acquisition, interception, disruption, access, decryption, 106 transmission, or retransmission "assist in intercepting or receiving" shall include the manufacture of or distribution of 107 108 equipment intended by the manufacturer or distributor, as the 109 case may be, for unauthorized reception of any communications

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service offered over a cable system in violation of this section.

(b) Any person who willfully violates this subsection
shall be guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable
as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

(3)(a) Any person who willfully violates paragraph(2)(a), paragraph (4)(a), or subsection (5) and who has been previously convicted of any such provision shall be guilty of a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

(b) Any person who willfully and for purposes of direct or indirect commercial advantage <u>or private financial gain</u> violates paragraph (2)(a), paragraph(4)(a), or subsection (5) shall be guilty of a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

125 (4)(a) Any person who intentionally possesses a 126 communications device equipment, knowing or having reason to 127 know that the design of such device equipment renders it 128 primarily useful for the purpose of committing or assisting 129 others in committing a violation of paragraph (2)(a) the 130 unauthorized reception of any communications service offered 131 over a cable system, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 132 133 775.083.

(b) Any person who intentionally possesses five or more
 <u>communications</u> devices or pieces of equipment and knows or has
 reason to know that the design of such devices or pieces of
 equipment renders them primarily useful for <u>committing or</u>

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138 <u>assisting others in committing a violation of paragraph(2)(a)</u> 139 the unauthorized reception of any communications services 140 offered over a cable system is guilty of a felony of the third 141 degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 142 775.084.

143 (C) Any person who intentionally possesses fifty or more 144 communications devices or pieces of equipment and knows or has 145 reason to know that the design of such devices or equipment 146 renders them primarily useful for committing or assisting others 147 in committing a violation of paragraph(2)(a) the unauthorized 148 reception of any communications services offered over a cable 149 system is guilty of a felony in the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. 150

151 It is unlawful for any person to place in any (5) newspaper, magazine, handbill, or other publication, including 152 153 any electronic medium, any advertisement that, in whole or in 154 part, promotes the sale of a communications device equipment, if 155 the person placing the advertisement knows or has reason to know 156 that the device equipment is designed to be primarily useful for 157 committing or assisting others in committing a violation of 158 paragraph(2)(a) the unauthorized reception of any communications 159 service offered over a cable system. Any person who violates 160 this subsection shall be guilty of a misdemeanor of the first 161 degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. 162 (6) All fines shall be imposed as provided in s. 775.083 163 for each communications device involved in the prohibited 164 activity or for each day a defendant is in violation of this

165 section.

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167	authorized by law, sentence a person convicted of violating this
168	section to make restitution as authorized by law.
169	(8) Upon conviction of a defendant for violating this
170	section, the court may, in addition to any other sentence
171	authorized by law, direct that the defendant forfeit any
172	communications devices in the defendant's possession or control
173	which were involved in the violation for which the defendant was
174	convicted.
175	(9) A violation of paragraph (2)(a) may be deemed to have
176	been committed at either place where the defendant manufactures,
177	develops, or assembles any communications devices involved in
178	the violation, or assists others in doing so, or the places
179	where those communications devices are sold or delivered to a
180	purchaser or recipient. It shall be no defense to a violation of
181	paragraph (2)(a) that some of the acts constituting the
182	violation occurred outside the state.
183	(10) (6) (a) Any person aggrieved by any violation of this
184	section may bring a civil action in a circuit court or in any
185	other court of competent jurisdiction.
186	(b) The court may:
187	1. Grant temporary and final injunctions on such terms as
188	it may deem reasonable to prevent or restrain violations of this
189	section in conformity with the principles that govern the
190	granting of injunctive relief from threatened loss or damage in
191	other civil cases, except that no showing of special or
192	irreparable damages to the person shall have to be made. $\dot{\cdot}$
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193	2. At any time while the action is pending, order the
194	impounding, on such terms as it seems reasonable, of any
195	communications device that is in the custody or control of the
196	violator and that the court has reasonable cause to believe was
197	involved in the alleged violation of this section and grant
198	other equitable relief, including the imposition of a
199	constructive trust, as the court considers reasonable and
200	necessary.
201	3.2. Award damages pursuant to paragraphs (c), (d), and
202	(e) <u>.</u> ; and
203	4.3. Direct the recovery of full costs, including awarding
204	reasonable attorney's fees, to an aggrieved party who prevails.
205	5. As part of a final judgment or decree finding a
206	violation of this section, order the remedial modification or
207	destruction of any communications devices, or any other devices
208	or equipment, involved in the violation that are in the custody
209	or control of the violator, or have been impounded under
210	subparagraph 2.
211	(c) Damages awarded by any court under this section shall
212	be computed in accordance with either subparagraph 1. or
213	subparagraph 2. of the following:
214	1. The party aggrieved may recover the actual damages
215	suffered by him or her as a result of the violation and any
216	profits of the violator that are attributable to the violation
217	which are not taken into account in computing the actual
218	damages <u>.</u> ÷
219	a. Actual damages include the retail value of all
220	communications services to which the violator had unauthorized
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221 access as a result of the violation and the retail value of any 222 communications services illegally available to those persons to 223 whom the violator directly or indirectly provided or distributed 224 any communications device. In proving actual damages, the party 225 aggrieved shall be required to prove only that the violator 226 manufactured, distributed, or sold any communications devices, 227 but shall not be required to prove that those devices were 228 actually used in violation of this section.

<u>b.</u> In determining the violator's profits, the party
aggrieved shall be required to prove only the violator's gross
revenue, and the violator is required to prove his or her
deductible expenses and the elements of profit attributable to
factors other than the violation.; or

2. <u>Upon election of such damages at any time before final</u> <u>judgment is entered</u>, the party aggrieved may recover an award of statutory damages for each <u>communications device</u> violation involved in the action, in a sum of not less than \$250 or more than \$10,000 <u>for each such device the defendant is in violation</u> of this section, as the court considers just.

240 (d) In any case in which the court finds that the violation involved the possession or sale of five or more 241 242 communication devices and was committed willfully and for 243 purposes of commercial advantage or private financial gain, the 244 court in its discretion may increase the award of damages, 245 whether actual or statutory under this section, by an amount of 246 not more than \$50,000 for each communications device involved in 247 the action and for each day the defendant is in violation of

248 this section violation.

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(e) In any case in which the court finds that the violator was not aware and had no reason to believe that his or her acts constituted a violation of this section, the court in its discretion may reduce the award of damages to a sum of not less than \$100.

(11) This section shall not apply to any state or local
 law enforcement agency, any state or local government agency,
 municipality, or authority, or any provider of communications
 services, lawfully acting as such in accordance with any other

258 state or federal law.

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Section 2. This act shall take effect October 1, 2003.