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A bill to be entitled

An act relating to access to postsecondary education; amending s. 1003.43, F.S.; removing a requirement relating to life management course required for high school graduation; requiring rules for the provision of test accommodations and modifications for students with disabilities; renaming the certificate of completion; requiring certain instruction for students with disabilities and providing for the award of a standard diploma under certain circumstances; amending s. 1003.438, F.S.; conforming provisions; amending s. 1007.263, F.S.; providing for community college admissions counseling to students entering technical credit programs; authorizing admission with a certificate of graduation; providing that students awarded a special diploma or certificate of graduation may enroll in certificate career and technical education programs; amending s. 1007.27, F.S.; providing for the alignment of course weighting for credit and admission; amending s. 1008.22, F.S.; requiring certain instruction for students with disabilities; providing requirements for alternate assessments; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Paragraph (i) of subsection (1) and subsections (8), (9), and (10) of section 1003.43, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

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1003.43 General requirements for high school graduation .--



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(1) Graduation requires successful completion of either a minimum of 24 academic credits in grades 9 through 12 or an International Baccalaureate curriculum. The 24 credits shall be distributed as follows:

(i) One-half credit in life management skills to include consumer education, positive emotional development, marriage and relationship skill-based education, nutrition, prevention of human immunodeficiency virus infection and acquired immune deficiency syndrome and other sexually transmissible diseases, benefits of sexual abstinence and consequences of teenage pregnancy, information and instruction on breast cancer detection and breast self-examination, cardiopulmonary resuscitation, drug education, and the hazards of smoking. Such credit shall be given for a course to be taken by all students in either the 9th or 10th grade.

District school boards may award a maximum of one-half credit in social studies and one-half elective credit for student completion of nonpaid voluntary community or school service work. Students choosing this option must complete a minimum of 75 hours of service in order to earn the one-half credit in either category of instruction. Credit may not be earned for service provided as a result of court action. District school boards that approve the award of credit for student volunteer service shall develop guidelines regarding the award of the credit, and school principals are responsible for approving specific volunteer activities. A course designated in the Course Code Directory as grade 9 through grade 12 that is taken below the 9th grade may be used to satisfy high school graduation requirements or Florida Academic Scholars award requirements as



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specified in a district school board's student progression plan. A student shall be granted credit toward meeting the requirements of this subsection for equivalent courses, as identified pursuant to s. 1007.271(6), taken through dual enrollment.

- (8)(a) The State Board of Education, after a public hearing and consideration, shall adopt rules based on recommendations of the Commissioner of Education for the provision of test accommodations and modifications of procedures as necessary make provision for appropriate modification of testing instruments and procedures for students with identified handicaps or disabilities which will demonstrate the student's abilities in order to ensure that the results of the testing represent the student's achievement, rather than reflect reflecting the student's impaired sensory, manual, speaking, or psychological process skills. Accommodations should be provided in order to ensure that the results of the testing represent the student's achievement but do not negate the validity of the assessment.
- (b) The public hearing and consideration required in this subsection shall not be construed to amend or nullify the requirements of security relating to the contents of examinations or assessment instruments and related materials or data as prescribed in s. 1008.23.
- (9) A student who meets all requirements prescribed in subsections (1), (4), and (5) shall be awarded a standard diploma in a form prescribed by the State Board of Education. A district school board may attach the Florida gold seal career and technical endorsement to a standard diploma or, instead of the standard diploma, award differentiated diplomas to those



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exceeding the prescribed minimums. A student who completes the minimum number of credits and other requirements prescribed by subsections (1) and (4), but who is unable to meet the standards of paragraph (5)(a), paragraph (5)(b), or paragraph (5)(c), shall be awarded a certificate of graduation completion in a form prescribed by the State Board of Education. However, any student who is otherwise entitled to a certificate of graduation completion may elect to remain in the secondary school either as a full-time student or a part-time student for up to 1 additional year and receive special instruction designed to remedy his or her identified deficiencies.

District school boards must provide instruction to prepare students with disabilities to demonstrate proficiency in the skills and competencies necessary for successful grade-tograde progression and high school graduation. A student with a disability described in s. 1003.01(3)(a) who completes the minimum number of credits and other requirements prescribed by subsections (1) and (4) and who does not meet the requirements of paragraph (5)(a) after one opportunity in grade 10 and one opportunity in grade 11 but achieves a passing score on an alternate assessment, as provided for in s. 1008.22(3)(c)9., shall be awarded a standard diploma in a form prescribed by the State Board of Education. Any student with a disability who does not graduate with a standard diploma is eligible to remain in school through the age of 21 years or until he or she graduates with a standard diploma, whichever occurs first. The public hearing and consideration required in subsection (8) shall not be construed to amend or nullify the requirements of security relating to the contents of examinations or assessment instruments and related materials or data as prescribed in s.



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Section 2. Section 1003.438, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

Special high school graduation requirements for certain exceptional students .-- A student who has been properly classified, in accordance with rules established by the State Board of Education, as "educable mentally handicapped," "trainable mentally handicapped," "hearing impaired," "specific learning disabled, " "physically or language impaired, " or "emotionally handicapped" shall not be required to meet all requirements of s. 1003.43 and shall, upon meeting all applicable requirements prescribed by the district school board pursuant to s. 1008.25, be awarded a special diploma in a form prescribed by the commissioner; however, such special graduation requirements prescribed by the district school board must include minimum graduation requirements as prescribed by the commissioner. Any such student who meets all special requirements of the district school board for exceptionality, but is unable to meet the appropriate special state minimum requirements, shall be awarded a special certificate of graduation completion in a form prescribed by the commissioner. A student who has been properly classified as "profoundly handicapped" and who meets the special requirements of the district school board for a special diploma in accordance with requirements for any exceptional student identified in this section shall be awarded a special diploma; however, such a student shall alternatively be eligible for a special certificate of graduation completion, in a form prescribed by the commissioner, if all school requirements for students who are "profoundly handicapped" have been met. However, this

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.



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section does not limit or restrict the right of an exceptional student solely to a special diploma or special certificate of graduation completion. Any such student shall, upon proper request, be afforded the opportunity to fully meet all requirements of s. 1003.43 through the standard procedures established therein and thereby to qualify for a standard diploma upon graduation.

Section 3. Section 1007.263, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1007.263 Community colleges; admissions of students.--Each community college board of trustees is authorized to adopt rules governing admissions of students subject to this section and rules of the State Board of Education. These rules shall include the following:

- (1) Admissions counseling shall be provided to all students entering college or technical credit programs. which Counseling shall utilize tests to measure achievement of college-level communication and computation competencies by all students entering college credit programs or tests to measure achievement of basic skills for certificate technical education programs as prescribed in s. 1004.91.
- (2) Admission to associate degree programs is subject to minimum standards adopted by the State Board of Education and shall require:
- (a) A standard high school diploma, a certificate of graduation, a high school equivalency diploma as prescribed in s. 1003.435, previously demonstrated competency in college credit postsecondary coursework, or, in the case of a student who is home educated, a signed affidavit submitted by the student's parent or legal guardian attesting that the student

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has completed a home education program pursuant to the requirements of s. 1002.41. Students who are enrolled in a dual enrollment or early admission program pursuant to ss. 1007.27 and 1007.271 and secondary students enrolled in college-level instruction creditable toward the associate degree, but not toward the high school diploma, shall be exempt from this requirement.

- (b) A demonstrated level of achievement of college-level communication and computation skills.
- (c) Any other requirements established by the board of trustees.
- (3) Admission to other programs within the community college shall include education requirements as established by the board of trustees.

Each board of trustees shall establish policies that notify students about, and place students into, adult basic education, adult secondary education, or other instructional programs that provide students with alternatives to traditional college-preparatory instruction, including private provider instruction. A student is prohibited from enrolling in additional college-level courses until the student scores above the cut-score on all sections of the common placement test.

(4) Students who have been awarded a special diploma pursuant to s. 1003.438 or a certificate of graduation pursuant to s. 1003.43 are eligible for enrollment in certificate career and technical education programs. Students seeking admission to college credit postsecondary career and technical certificate programs and applied technology diploma programs offered for



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HB 0851 2003 college credit shall meet the same standards for admission as required for associate degree programs. Students with documented disabilities may be eligible for reasonable substitutions as prescribed in s. 1007.264. Section 4. Subsection (1) of section 1007.27, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 1007.27 Articulated acceleration mechanisms. --It is the intent of the Legislature that a variety of articulated acceleration mechanisms be available for secondary and postsecondary students attending public educational institutions. It is intended that articulated acceleration serve to shorten the time necessary for a student to complete the requirements associated with the conference of a high school diploma and a postsecondary degree, broaden the scope of curricular options available to students, or increase the depth of study available for a particular subject. Articulated acceleration mechanisms shall include, but not be limited to, dual enrollment as provided for in s. 1007.271, early admission, advanced placement, credit by examination, the International Baccalaureate Program, and the Advanced International Certificate of Education Program. Credit earned through the Florida Virtual School shall provide additional opportunities for early graduation and acceleration. To maximize clear and consistent guidance to students seeking advanced curriculum and accelerated access to higher education, the State Board of Education shall align the weighting of courses for credit and admission. Section 5. Paragraph (c) of subsection (3) of section

1008.22, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1008.22 Student assessment program for public schools.--

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(3) STATEWIDE ASSESSMENT PROGRAM.--The commissioner shall design and implement a statewide program of educational assessment that provides information for the improvement of the operation and management of the public schools, including schools operating for the purpose of providing educational services to youth in Department of Juvenile Justice programs. Pursuant to the statewide assessment program, the commissioner shall:

- (c) Develop and implement a student achievement testing program known as the Florida Comprehensive Assessment Test (FCAT) as part of the statewide assessment program, to be administered annually in grades 3 through 10 to measure reading, writing, science, and mathematics. Other content areas may be included as directed by the commissioner. The testing program must be designed so that:
- 1. The tests measure student skills and competencies adopted by the State Board of Education as specified in paragraph (a). The tests must measure and report student proficiency levels in reading, writing, mathematics, and science. The commissioner shall provide for the tests to be developed or obtained, as appropriate, through contracts and project agreements with private vendors, public vendors, public agencies, postsecondary educational institutions, or school districts. The commissioner shall obtain input with respect to the design and implementation of the testing program from state educators and the public.
- 2. The testing program will include a combination of norm-referenced and criterion-referenced tests and include, to the extent determined by the commissioner, questions that require the student to produce information or perform tasks in such a



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way that the skills and competencies he or she uses can be measured.

- 3. Each testing program, whether at the elementary, middle, or high school level, includes a test of writing in which students are required to produce writings that are then scored by appropriate methods.
- 4. A score is designated for each subject area tested, below which score a student's performance is deemed inadequate. The school districts shall provide appropriate remedial instruction to students who score below these levels.
- Students must earn a passing score on the grade 10 assessment test described in this paragraph in reading, writing, and mathematics to qualify for a regular high school diploma. The State Board of Education shall designate a passing score for each part of the grade 10 assessment test. In establishing passing scores, the state board shall consider any possible negative impact of the test on minority students. All students who took the grade 10 FCAT during the 2000-2001 school year shall be required to earn the passing scores in reading and mathematics established by the State Board of Education for the March 2001 test administration. Such students who did not earn the established passing scores and must repeat the grade 10 FCAT are required to earn the passing scores established for the March 2001 test administration. All students who take the grade 10 FCAT for the first time in March 2002 and thereafter shall be required to earn the passing scores in reading and mathematics established by the State Board of Education for the March 2002 test administration. The State Board of Education shall adopt rules which specify the passing scores for the grade 10 FCAT. Any such rules, which have the effect of raising the required



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passing scores, shall only apply to students taking the grade 10 FCAT after such rules are adopted by the State Board of Education.

- Participation in the testing program is mandatory for all students attending public school, including students served in Department of Juvenile Justice programs, except as otherwise prescribed by the commissioner. If a student does not participate in the statewide assessment, the district must notify the student's parent and provide the parent with information regarding the implications of such nonparticipation. If modifications are made in the student's instruction to provide accommodations that would not be permitted on the statewide assessment tests, the district must notify the student's parent of the implications of such instructional modifications. A parent must provide signed consent for a student to receive instructional modifications that would not be permitted on the statewide assessments and must acknowledge in writing that he or she understands the implications of such accommodations. The State Board of Education shall adopt rules, based upon recommendations of the commissioner, for the provision of test accommodations and modifications of procedures as necessary for students in exceptional education programs and for students who have limited English proficiency. Accommodations that negate the validity of a statewide assessment are not allowable.
- 7. A student seeking an adult high school diploma must meet the same testing requirements that a regular high school student must meet.
- 8. District school boards must provide instruction to prepare students to demonstrate proficiency in the skills and



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competencies necessary for successful grade-to-grade progression and high school graduation. If a student is provided with accommodations or modifications that are not allowable in the statewide assessment program, as described in the test manuals, the district must inform the parent in writing and must provide the parent with information regarding the impact on the student's ability to meet expected proficiency levels in

- the district must inform the parent in writing and must provide the parent with information regarding the impact on the student's ability to meet expected proficiency levels in reading, writing, and math. The commissioner shall conduct studies as necessary to verify that the required skills and competencies are part of the district instructional programs.

 9. District school boards must provide instruction to
- prepare students with disabilities to demonstrate proficiency in the skills and competencies necessary for successful grade-to-grade progression and high school graduation. For the purpose of implementing s. 1003.43(10) for students with disabilities, alternate assessments for the grade 10 FCAT shall include existing standardized assessments that are administered to high school students as an assessment of their general knowledge, skills, and abilities, or administered for community college or postsecondary education entry or placement purposes. The State Board of Education shall adopt rules identifying the students with disabilities eligible for the grade 10 alternate assessment, the appropriate standards to be assessed that are aligned to the maximum extent possible with the Sunshine State Standards, appropriate assessment instruments or procedures, and passing scores as required.
- 10.9. The Department of Education must develop, or select, and implement a common battery of assessment tools that will be used in all juvenile justice programs in the state. These tools



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must accurately measure the skills and competencies established	b
in the Florida Sunshine State Standards.	
The commissioner may design and implement student testing	
The commissioner may design and implement student testing	
programs, for any grade level and subject area, necessary to	
effectively monitor educational achievement in the state.	
Section 6 This act shall take effect July 1 2003	

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