Florida Senate - 2003

By Senator Alexander

17-2589-03 A bill to be entitled 1 2 An act relating to motor vehicle insurance costs; providing a short title; providing 3 4 legislative findings and purpose; amending s. 5 119.105, F.S.; prohibiting disclosure of confidential police reports for purposes of 6 7 commercial solicitation; amending s. 316.066, F.S.; requiring the filing of a sworn statement 8 9 as a condition to accessing a crash report 10 stating the report will not be used for commercial solicitation; providing a penalty; 11 12 creating part XIII of ch. 400, F.S., entitled the Health Care Clinic Act; providing for 13 definitions and exclusions; providing for the 14 licensure, inspection, and regulation of health 15 care clinics by the Agency for Health Care 16 17 Administration; requiring licensure and background screening; providing for clinic 18 19 inspections; providing rulemaking authority; 20 providing licensure fees; providing fines and 21 penalties for operating an unlicensed clinic; 22 providing for clinic responsibilities with 23 respect to personnel and operations; providing accreditation requirements; providing for 24 25 injunctive proceedings and agency actions; providing administrative penalties; amending s. 26 27 456.0375, F.S.; excluding certain entities from 2.8 clinic registration requirements; providing 29 retroactive application; amending s. 456.072, 30 F.S.; providing that making a claim with 31 respect to personal injury protection which is

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1	upcoded or which is submitted for payment of
2	services not rendered constitutes grounds for
3	disciplinary action; amending s. 626.7451,
4	F.S.; providing a per-policy fee to be remitted
5	to the insurer's Special Investigations Unit,
6	the Division of Insurance Fraud of the
7	Department of Financial Services, and the
8	Office of Statewide Prosecution for purposes of
9	preventing, detecting, and prosecuting motor
10	vehicle insurance fraud; amending s. 627.732,
11	F.S.; providing definitions; providing that
12	benefits are void if fraud is committed;
13	providing for award of attorney's fees in
14	actions to recover benefits; providing that
15	consideration shall be given to certain factors
16	regarding the reasonableness of charges;
17	specifying claims or charges that an insurer is
18	not required to pay; requiring the Department
19	of Health, in consultation with medical boards,
20	to identify certain diagnostic tests as
21	non-compensable; specifying effective dates;
22	deleting certain provisions governing
23	arbitration; providing for compliance with
24	billing procedures; requiring certain providers
25	to require an insured to sign a disclosure
26	form; prohibiting insurers from authorizing
27	physicians to change opinion in reports;
28	providing requirements for physicians with
29	respect to maintaining such reports; limiting
30	the application of contingency risk multipliers
31	for awards of attorney's fees; expanding

SB 32-A

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1	provisions providing for a demand letter;
2	authorizing the Financial Services Commission
3	to determine cost savings under personal injury
4	protection benefits under specified conditions;
5	allowing a person who elects a deductible or
6	modified coverage to claim the amount deducted
7	from a person legally responsible; amending s.
8	627.739, F.S.; specifying application of a
9	deductible amount; amending s. 817.234, F.S.;
10	providing that it is a material omission and
11	insurance fraud for a physician or other
12	provider to waive a deductible or copayment or
13	not collect the total amount of a charge;
14	increasing the penalties for certain acts of
15	solicitation of accident victims; providing
16	mandatory minimum penalties; prohibiting
17	certain solicitation of accident victims;
18	providing penalties; prohibiting a person from
19	participating in an intentional motor vehicle
20	accident for the purpose of making motor
21	vehicle tort claims; providing penalties,
22	including mandatory minimum penalties; amending
23	s. 817.236, F.S.; increasing penalties for
24	false and fraudulent motor vehicle insurance
25	application; creating s. 817.2361, F.S.;
26	prohibiting the creation or use of false or
27	fraudulent motor vehicle insurance cards;
28	providing penalties; amending s. 921.0022,
29	F.S.; revising the offense severity ranking
30	chart of the Criminal Punishment Code to
31	reflect changes in penalties and the creation

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1of additional offenses under the act; providing2legislative intent with respect to the3retroactive application of certain provisions;4repealing s. 456.0375, F.S., relating to the5regulation of clinics by the Department of6Health; requiring certain insurers to make a7rate filing to conform the per-policy fee to8the requirements of the act; specifying the9application of any increase in benefits10approved by the Financial Services Commission;11providing for application of other provisions12of the act; requiring reports; providing an13appropriation and authorizing additional14positions; repealing of ss. 627.736, 627.731,15627.739, 627.7401, 627.7403, and 627.7405,17F.S., relating to the Florida Motor Vehicle18No-Fault Law, unless reenacted by the 200519Regular Session, and specifying certain effect;20authorizing insurers to include in policies a21providing for construction of the act in pari23materia with laws enacted during the Regular24Session of the Legislature; providing effective25dates.26Pe It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:27Section 1. Florida Motor Vehicle Insurance28Affordability Reform Act; legislative findings; purpose31		
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31	30	Affordability Reform Act; legislative findings; purpose
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1 (1) This act may be cited as the "Florida Motor 2 Vehicle Insurance Affordability Reform Act." 3 (2) The Legislature finds and declares that: 4 (a) The Florida Motor Vehicle No-Fault Law, enacted 32 5 years ago, has provided valuable benefits over the years to б consumers in this state. The principle underlying the 7 philosophical basis of the no-fault or personal injury 8 protection (PIP) insurance system is that of a trade-off of one benefit for another, specifically providing medical and 9 10 other benefits in return for a limitation on the right to sue 11 for nonserious injuries. (b) The PIP insurance system has provided benefits in 12 the form of medical payments, lost wages, replacement 13 services, funeral payments, and other benefits, without regard 14 to fault, to consumers injured in automobile accidents. 15 (c) However, the goals behind the adoption of the 16 17 no-fault law in 1971, which were to quickly and efficiently compensate accident victims regardless of fault, to reduce the 18 19 volume of lawsuits by eliminating minor injuries from the tort system, and to reduce overall motor vehicle insurance costs, 20 have been significantly compromised due to the fraud and abuse 21 that has permeated the PIP insurance market. 22 (d) Motor vehicle insurance fraud and abuse, other 23 than in the hospital setting, whether in the form of 24 inappropriate medical treatments, inflated claims, staged 25 accidents, solicitation of accident victims, falsification of 26 27 records, or in any other form, has increased premiums for consumers and must be uncovered and vigorously prosecuted. The 28 29 problem of inappropriate medical treatment and inflated claims 30 for PIP have generally not occurred in the hospital setting. 31

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1	(e) The no-fault system has been weakened in part due
2	to certain insurers not adequately or timely compensating
3	injured accident victims or health care providers. In
4	addition, the system has become increasingly litigious with
5	attorneys obtaining large fees by litigating, in certain
б	instances, over relatively small amounts that are in dispute.
7	(f) It is a matter of great public importance that, in
8	order to provide a healthy and competitive automobile
9	insurance market, consumers be able to obtain affordable
10	coverage, insurers be entitled to earn an adequate rate of
11	return, and providers of services be compensated fairly.
12	(g) It is further a matter of great public importance
13	that, in order to protect the public's health, safety, and
14	welfare, it is necessary to enact the provisions contained in
15	this act in order to prevent PIP insurance fraud and abuse and
16	to curb escalating medical, legal, and other related costs,
17	and the Legislature finds that the provisions of this act are
18	the least restrictive actions necessary to achieve this goal.
19	(h) Therefore, the purpose of this act is to restore
20	the health of the PIP insurance market in Florida by
21	addressing these issues, preserving the no-fault system, and
22	realizing cost-savings for all people in this state.
23	Section 2. Section 119.105, Florida Statutes, is
24	amended to read:
25	119.105 Protection of victims of crimes or
26	accidentsPolice reports are public records except as
27	otherwise made exempt or confidential by general or special
28	law. Every person is allowed to examine nonexempt or
29	nonconfidential police reports. <u>A</u> No person who <u>comes into</u>
30	possession of exempt or confidential information contained in
31	police reports may not inspects or copies police reports for
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1 the purpose of obtaining the names and addresses of the 2 victims of crimes or accidents shall use that any information 3 contained therein for any commercial solicitation of the victims or relatives of the victims of the reported crimes or 4 5 accidents and may not knowingly disclose such information to б any third party for the purpose of such solicitation during the period of time that information remains exempt or 7 8 confidential. This section does not Nothing herein shall 9 prohibit the publication of such information to the general 10 public by any news media legally entitled to possess that 11 information or the use of such information for any other data collection or analysis purposes by those entitled to possess 12 13 that information. Section 3. Paragraph (c) of subsection (3) of section 14 15 316.066, Florida Statutes, is amended, and paragraph (f) is added to that subsection, to read: 16 17 316.066 Written reports of crashes.--(3) 18 19 (c) Crash reports required by this section which 20 reveal the identity, home or employment telephone number or 21 home or employment address of, or other personal information concerning the parties involved in the crash and which are 22 received or prepared by any agency that regularly receives or 23 24 prepares information from or concerning the parties to motor 25 vehicle crashes are confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution for a period of 26 60 days after the date the report is filed. However, such 27 28 reports may be made immediately available to the parties 29 involved in the crash, their legal representatives, their licensed insurance agents, their insurers or insurers to which 30 31 they have applied for coverage, persons under contract with

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such insurers to provide claims or underwriting information, prosecutorial authorities, radio and television stations licensed by the Federal Communications Commission, newspapers qualified to publish legal notices under ss. 50.011 and 50.031, and free newspapers of general circulation, published once a week or more often, available and of interest to the public generally for the dissemination of news. For the purposes of this section, the following products or publications are not newspapers as referred to in this section: those intended primarily for members of a particular profession or occupational group; those with the primary purpose of distributing advertising; and those with the primary purpose of publishing names and other personally identifying information concerning parties to motor vehicle crashes. Any local, state, or federal agency, agent, or employee that is authorized to have access to such reports by any provision of law shall be granted such access in the furtherance of the agency's statutory duties notwithstanding the provisions of this paragraph. Any local, state, or federal agency, agent, or employee receiving such crash reports shall maintain the confidential and exempt status of those reports and shall not disclose such crash reports to any person or entity. As a condition precedent to accessing a Any person attempting to access crash report reports within 60 days after the date the report is filed, a person must present a valid driver's license or other photographic identification, proof of status legitimate credentials or identification that demonstrates his or her qualifications to access that

- 29 information, and file a written sworn statement with the state
- 30 or local agency in possession of the information stating that
- 31 information from a crash report made confidential by this

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section will not be used for any commercial solicitation of 1 accident victims, or knowingly disclosed to any third party 2 3 for the purpose of such solicitation, during the period of 4 time that the information remains confidential. In lieu of 5 requiring the written sworn statement, an agency may provide б crash reports by electronic means to third-party vendors under 7 contract with one or more insurers, but only when such 8 contract states that information from a crash report made 9 confidential by this section will not be used for any 10 commercial solicitation of accident victims by the vendors, or 11 knowingly disclosed by the vendors to any third party for the purpose of such solicitation, during the period of time that 12 the information remains confidential, and only when a copy of 13 14 such contract is furnished to the agency as proof of the vendor's claimed status. This subsection does not prevent the 15 dissemination or publication of news to the general public by 16 17 any legitimate media entitled to access confidential information pursuant to this section. A law enforcement 18 19 officer as defined in s. 943.10(1) may enforce this 20 subsection. This exemption is subject to the Open Government Sunset Review Act of 1995 in accordance with s. 119.15, and 21 shall stand repealed on October 2, 2006, unless reviewed and 22 saved from repeal through reenactment by the Legislature. 23 24 (d) Any employee of a state or local agency in possession of information made confidential by this section 25 who knowingly discloses such confidential information to a 26 27 person not entitled to access such information under this 28 section is guilty of a felony of the third degree, punishable 29 as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. (e) Any person, knowing that he or she is not entitled 30 31 to obtain information made confidential by this section, who

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1 obtains or attempts to obtain such information is guilty of a 2 felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 3 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. 4 (f) Any person who knowingly uses confidential 5 information in violation of a filed written sworn statement or б contractual agreement required by this section commits a 7 felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 8 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. Section 4. Effective October 1, 2003, part XIII of 9 10 chapter 400, Florida Statutes, consisting of sections 400.901, 11 400.903, 400.905, 400.907, 400.909, 400.911, 400.913, 400.915, 400.917, 400.919, and 400.921 is created to read: 12 400.901 Short title; legislative findings .--13 (1) This part, consisting of ss. 400.901-400.921, may 14 be cited as the "Health Care Clinic Act." 15 The Legislature finds that the regulation of 16 (2) 17 health care clinics must be strengthened to prevent significant cost and harm to consumers. The purpose of this 18 19 part is to provide for the licensure, establishment, and 20 enforcement of basic standards for health care clinics and to provide administrative oversight by the Agency for Health Care 21 22 Administration. 400.903 Definitions.--23 (1) "Agency" means the Agency for Health Care 24 25 Administration. "Applicant" means an individual owner, 26 (2) 27 corporation, partnership, firm, business, association, or 28 other entity that owns or controls, directly or indirectly, 5 29 percent or more of an interest in the clinic and that applies 30 for a clinic license. 31

1 (3) "Clinic" means an entity at which health care services are provided to individuals and which tenders charges 2 3 for reimbursement for such services. For purposes of this part the term does not include and the licensure requirements of 4 5 this part do not apply to: (a) Entities licensed or registered by the state under б 7 chapter 390, chapter 394, chapter 395, chapter 397, this 8 chapter, chapter 463, chapter 465, chapter 466, chapter 478, chapter 480, chapter 484, or chapter 651. 9 10 (b) Entities that own, directly or indirectly, 11 entities licensed or registered by the state pursuant to chapter 390, chapter 394, chapter 395, chapter 397, this 12 chapter, chapter 463, chapter 465, chapter 466, chapter 478, 13 chapter 480, chapter 484, or chapter 651. 14 (c) Entities that are owned, directly or indirectly, 15 by an entity licensed or registered by the state pursuant to 16 17 chapter 390, chapter 394, chapter, 395, chapter 397, this chapter, chapter 463, chapter 465, chapter 466, chapter 478, 18 19 chapter 480, chapter 484, or chapter 651. (d) Entities that are under common ownership, directly 20 21 or indirectly, with an entity licensed or registered by the 22 state pursuant to chapter 390, chapter 394, chapter 395, chapter 397, this chapter, chapter 463, chapter 465, chapter 23 24 466, chapter 478, chapter 480, chapter 484, or chapter 651. 25 (e) An entity that is exempt from federal taxation 26 under 26 U.S.C. s. 501(c)(3) and any community college or 27 university clinic. (f) A sole proprietorship, group practice, 28 29 partnership, or corporation that provides health care services 30 by licensed health care practitioners under chapter 457, chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 460, chapter 461, chapter 31 11

1 462, chapter 463, chapter 466, chapter 467, chapter 484, chapter 486, chapter 490, chapter 491, or part I, part III, 2 3 part X, part XIII, or part XIV of chapter 468, or s. 464.012, which are wholly owned by a licensed health care practitioner, 4 5 or the licensed health care practitioner and the spouse, б parent, or child of a licensed health care practitioner, so 7 long as one of the owners who is a licensed health care 8 practitioner is supervising the services performed therein and is legally responsible for the entity's compliance with all 9 federal and state laws. However, a health care practitioner 10 11 may not supervise services beyond the scope of the practitioner's license. 12 (q) Clinical facilities affiliated with an accredited 13 medical school at which training is provided for medical 14 students, residents, or fellows. 15 "Medical director" means a physician who is 16 (4) 17 employed or under contract with a clinic and who maintains a full and unencumbered physician license in accordance with 18 19 chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 460, or chapter 461. However, if the clinic is limited to providing health care 20 21 services pursuant to chapter 457, chapter 484, chapter 486, chapter 490, or chapter 491 or part I, part III, part X, part 22 XIII, or part XIV of chapter 468, the clinic may appoint a 23 24 health care practitioner licensed under that chapter to serve as a clinic director who is responsible for the clinic's 25 activities. A health care practitioner may not serve as the 26 27 clinic director if the services provided at the clinic are beyond the scope of that practitioner's license. 28 29 400.905 License requirements; background screenings; 30 prohibitions.--

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2 licensed and shall at all times maintain a valid license with the agency. Each clinic location shall be licensed separately regardless of whether the clinic is operated under the same business name or management as another clinic. Mobile clinics must provide to the agency, at least quarterly, their projected street locations to enable the agency to locate and inspect such clinics. (2) The initial clinic license application shall be filed with the agency by all clinics, as defined in s. (2) The initial clinic license application shall be filed with the agency by all clinics, as defined in s. (3) Applicants that submit an application on or before March 1, 2004, which meets all requirements for initial licensure as specified in this section shall receive a temporary license until the completion of an initial	1	(1) Each clinic, as defined in s. 400.903, must be
4 regardless of whether the clinic is operated under the same 5 business name or management as another clinic. Mobile clinics 6 must provide to the agency, at least quarterly, their 7 projected street locations to enable the agency to locate and 8 inspect such clinics. 9 (2) The initial clinic license application shall be 10 filed with the agency by all clinics, as defined in s. 11 400.903, on or before March 1, 2004. A clinic license must be 12 renewed biennially. 13 (3) Applicants that submit an application on or before 14 March 1, 2004, which meets all requirements for initial 15 licensure as specified in this section shall receive a	2	licensed and shall at all times maintain a valid license with
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8 <u>inspect such clinics.</u> 9 (2) The initial clinic license application shall be 10 <u>filed with the agency by all clinics, as defined in s.</u> 11 <u>400.903, on or before March 1, 2004. A clinic license must be</u> 12 <u>renewed biennially.</u> 13 (3) Applicants that submit an application on or before 14 <u>March 1, 2004, which meets all requirements for initial</u> 15 <u>licensure as specified in this section shall receive a</u>	б	must provide to the agency, at least quarterly, their
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11 400.903, on or before March 1, 2004. A clinic license must be 12 renewed biennially. 13 (3) Applicants that submit an application on or before 14 March 1, 2004, which meets all requirements for initial 15 licensure as specified in this section shall receive a	9	(2) The initial clinic license application shall be
12 renewed biennially. 13 (3) Applicants that submit an application on or before 14 March 1, 2004, which meets all requirements for initial 15 licensure as specified in this section shall receive a	10	filed with the agency by all clinics, as defined in s.
13 (3) Applicants that submit an application on or before 14 March 1, 2004, which meets all requirements for initial 15 licensure as specified in this section shall receive a	11	400.903, on or before March 1, 2004. A clinic license must be
14March 1, 2004, which meets all requirements for initial15licensure as specified in this section shall receive a	12	renewed biennially.
15 licensure as specified in this section shall receive a	13	(3) Applicants that submit an application on or before
	14	March 1, 2004, which meets all requirements for initial
16 temporary license until the completion of an initial	15	licensure as specified in this section shall receive a
	16	temporary license until the completion of an initial
17 inspection verifying that the applicant meets all requirements	17	inspection verifying that the applicant meets all requirements
18 in rules authorized by s. 400.911. However, a clinic engaged	18	in rules authorized by s. 400.911. However, a clinic engaged
19 in magnetic resonance imaging services may not receive a	19	in magnetic resonance imaging services may not receive a
20 temporary license unless it presents evidence satisfactory to	20	temporary license unless it presents evidence satisfactory to
21 the agency that such clinic is making a good-faith effort and	21	the agency that such clinic is making a good-faith effort and
22 substantial progress in seeking accreditation required under	22	substantial progress in seeking accreditation required under
23 <u>s. 400.915.</u>	23	<u>s. 400.915.</u>
24 (4) Application for an initial clinic license or for	24	(4) Application for an initial clinic license or for
25 renewal of an existing license shall be notarized on forms	25	renewal of an existing license shall be notarized on forms
26 furnished by the agency and must be accompanied by the	26	furnished by the agency and must be accompanied by the
27 appropriate license fee as provided in s. 400.911. The agency	27	appropriate license fee as provided in s. 400.911. The agency
28 shall take final action on an initial license application	28	shall take final action on an initial license application
29 within 60 days after receipt of all required documentation.	29	within 60 days after receipt of all required documentation.
30 (5) The application shall contain information that	30	(5) The application shall contain information that
31 includes, but need not be limited to, information pertaining	31	includes, but need not be limited to, information pertaining

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1 to the name, residence and business address, phone number, social security number, and license number of the medical or 2 3 clinic director, of the licensed medical providers employed or under contract with the clinic, and of each person who, 4 5 directly or indirectly, owns or controls 5 percent or more of б an interest in the clinic, or general partners in limited 7 liability partnerships. 8 The applicant must file with the application (6) 9 satisfactory proof that the clinic is in compliance with this 10 part and applicable rules, including: 11 (a) A listing of services to be provided either directly by the applicant or through contractual arrangements 12 13 with existing providers; The number and discipline of each professional 14 (b) staff member to be employed; and 15 Proof of financial ability to operate. An 16 (C) 17 applicant must demonstrate financial ability to operate a clinic by submitting a balance sheet and an income and expense 18 19 statement for the first year of operation which provide evidence of the applicant's having sufficient assets, credit, 20 and projected revenues to cover liabilities and expenses. The 21 applicant shall have demonstrated financial ability to operate 22 if the applicant's assets, credit, and projected revenues meet 23 or exceed projected liabilities and expenses. All documents 24 required under this subsection must be prepared in accordance 25 with generally accepted accounting principles, may be in a 26 27 compilation form, and the financial statement must be signed by a certified public accountant. As an alternative to 28 29 submitting a balance sheet and an income and expense statement 30 for the first year of operation, the applicant may file a 31 surety bond of at least \$500,000 which guarantees that the

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1 clinic will act in full conformity with all legal requirements for operating a clinic, payable to the agency. The agency may 2 3 adopt rules to specify related requirements for such surety 4 bond. 5 (7) Each applicant for licensure shall comply with the б following requirements: 7 (a) As used in this subsection, the term "applicant" 8 means individuals owning or controlling, directly or indirectly, 5 percent or more of an interest in a clinic; the 9 medical or clinic director, or a similarly titled person who 10 11 is responsible for the day-to-day operation of the licensed clinic; the financial officer or similarly titled individual 12 who is responsible for the financial operation of the clinic; 13 and licensed medical providers at the clinic. 14 (b) Upon receipt of a completed, signed, and dated 15 application, the agency shall require background screening of 16 17 the applicant, in accordance with the level 2 standards for screening set forth in chapter 435. Proof of compliance with 18 19 the level 2 background screening requirements of chapter 435 which has been submitted within the previous 5 years in 20 21 compliance with any other health care licensure requirements of this state is acceptable in fulfillment of this paragraph. 22 (c) Each applicant must submit to the agency, with the 23 24 application, a description and explanation of any exclusions, 25 permanent suspensions, or terminations of an applicant from the Medicare or Medicaid programs. Proof of compliance with 26 27 the requirements for disclosure of ownership and control 28 interest under the Medicaid or Medicare programs may be 29 accepted in lieu of this submission. The description and 30 explanation may indicate whether such exclusions, suspensions, 31

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1 or terminations were voluntary or not voluntary on the part of 2 the applicant. 3 (d) A license may not be granted to a clinic if the applicant has been found guilty of, regardless of 4 5 adjudication, or has entered a plea of nolo contendere or б guilty to, any offense prohibited under the level 2 standards for screening set forth in chapter 435, or a violation of 7 8 insurance fraud under s. 817.234, within the past 5 years. If the applicant has been convicted of an offense prohibited 9 10 under the level 2 standards or insurance fraud in any 11 jurisdiction, the applicant must show that his or her civil rights have been restored prior to submitting an application. 12 The agency may deny or revoke licensure if the 13 (e) 14 applicant has falsely represented any material fact or omitted any material fact from the application required by this part. 15 (8) Requested information omitted from an application 16 17 for licensure, license renewal, or transfer of ownership must be filed with the agency within 21 days after receipt of the 18 19 agency's request for omitted information, or the application shall be deemed incomplete and shall be withdrawn from further 20 21 consideration. The failure to file a timely renewal application 22 (9) shall result in a late fee charged to the facility in an 23 24 amount equal to 50 percent of the current license fee. 25 400.907 Clinic inspections; emergency suspension; 26 costs.--(1) Any authorized officer or employee of the agency 27 28 shall make inspections of the clinic as part of the initial 29 license application or renewal application. The application 30 for a clinic license issued under this part or for a renewal 31 license constitutes permission for an appropriate agency

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1 inspection to verify the information submitted on or in connection with the application or renewal. 2 3 (2) An authorized officer or employee of the agency may make unannounced inspections of clinics licensed pursuant 4 5 to this part as are necessary to determine that the clinic is б in compliance with this part and with applicable rules. A 7 licensed clinic shall allow full and complete access to the 8 premises and to billing records or information to any representative of the agency who makes an inspection to 9 10 determine compliance with this part and with applicable rules. 11 (3) Failure by a clinic licensed under this part to allow full and complete access to the premises and to billing 12 records or information to any representative of the agency who 13 makes a request to inspect the clinic to determine compliance 14 with this part or failure by a clinic to employ a qualified 15 medical director or clinic director constitutes a ground for 16 17 emergency suspension of the license by the agency pursuant to s. 120.60(6). 18 19 (4) In addition to any administrative fines imposed, the agency may assess a fee equal to the cost of conducting a 20 21 complaint investigation. 400.909 License renewal; transfer of ownership; 22 provisional license.--23 24 (1) An application for license renewal must contain 25 information as required by the agency. 26 (2) Ninety days before the expiration date, an 27 application for renewal must be submitted to the agency. 28 (3) The clinic must file with the renewal application 29 satisfactory proof that it is in compliance with this part and 30 applicable rules. If there is evidence of financial instability, the clinic must submit satisfactory proof of its 31

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1 financial ability to comply with the requirements of this 2 part. 3 (4) When transferring the ownership of a clinic, the transferee must submit an application for a license at least 4 5 60 days before the effective date of the transfer. An б application for change of ownership of a license is required 7 only when 45 percent or more of the ownership, voting shares, 8 or controlling interest of a clinic is transferred or assigned, including the final transfer or assignment of 9 10 multiple transfers or assignments over a 2-year period that 11 cumulatively total 45 percent or greater. (5) The license may not be sold, leased, assigned, or 12 otherwise transferred, voluntarily or involuntarily, and is 13 valid only for the clinic owners and location for which 14 15 originally issued. (6) A clinic against whom a revocation or suspension 16 17 proceeding is pending at the time of license renewal may be issued a provisional license effective until final disposition 18 19 by the agency of such proceedings. If judicial relief is sought from the final disposition, the agency that has 20 21 jurisdiction may issue a temporary permit for the duration of 22 the judicial proceeding. 400.911 Rulemaking authority; license fees.--23 24 (1) The agency shall adopt rules necessary to administer the clinic administration, regulation, and 25 licensure program, including rules establishing the specific 26 27 licensure requirements, procedures, forms, and fees. It shall adopt rules establishing a procedure for the biennial renewal 28 29 of licenses. The rules shall specify the expiration dates of 30 licenses, the process of tracking compliance with financial 31

1 responsibility requirements, and any other conditions of renewal required by law or rule. 2 3 (2) The agency shall adopt rules specifying limitations on the number of licensed clinics and licensees 4 5 for which a medical director or a clinic director may assume б responsibility for purposes of this part. In determining the 7 quality of supervision a medical director or a clinic director 8 can provide, the agency shall consider the number of clinic employees, the clinic location, and the health care services 9 10 provided by the clinic. 11 (3) License application and renewal fees must be reasonably calculated by the agency to cover its costs in 12 carrying out its responsibilities under this part, including 13 the cost of licensure, inspection, and regulation of clinics, 14 and must be of such amount that the total fees collected do 15 not exceed the cost of administering and enforcing compliance 16 17 with this part. Clinic licensure fees are nonrefundable and may not exceed \$2,000. The agency shall adjust the license fee 18 19 annually by not more than the change in the Consumer Price Index based on the 12 months immediately preceding the 20 increase. All fees collected under this part must be deposited 21 in the Health Care Trust Fund for the administration of this 22 23 part. 24 400.913 Unlicensed clinics; penalties; fines; 25 verification of licensure status .--26 It is unlawful to own, operate, or maintain a (1) clinic without obtaining a license under this part. 27 (2) Any person who owns, operates, or maintains an 28 29 unlicensed clinic commits a felony of the third degree, 30 punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 31

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1 775.084. Each day of continued operation is a separate 2 offense. 3 (3) Any person found guilty of violating subsection (2) a second or subsequent time commits a felony of the second 4 5 degree, punishable as provided under s. 775.082, s. 775.083, б or s. 775.084. Each day of continued operation is a separate 7 offense. 8 (4) Any person who owns, operates, or maintains an unlicensed clinic due to a change in this part or a 9 10 modification in agency rules within 6 months after the 11 effective date of such change or modification and who, within 10 working days after receiving notification from the agency, 12 fails to cease operation or apply for a license under this 13 part commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as 14 provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. Each day of 15 continued operation is a separate offense. 16 17 (5) Any clinic that fails to cease operation after agency notification may be fined for each day of noncompliance 18 19 pursuant to this part. (6) When a person has an interest in more than one 20 21 clinic, and fails to obtain a license for any one of these clinics, the agency may revoke the license, impose a 22 moratorium, or impose a fine pursuant to this part on any or 23 24 all of the licensed clinics until such time as the unlicensed 25 clinic is licensed or ceases operation. Any person aware of the operation of an unlicensed 26 (7) 27 clinic must report that facility to the agency. 28 (8) Any health care provider who is aware of the 29 operation of an unlicensed clinic shall report that facility 30 to the agency. Failure to report a clinic that the provider 31

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1 knows or has reasonable cause to suspect is unlicensed shall be reported to the provider's licensing board. 2 3 (9) The agency may not issue a license to a clinic that has any unpaid fines assessed under this part. 4 5 400.915 Clinic responsibilities.-б (1) Each clinic shall appoint a medical director or 7 clinic director who shall agree in writing to accept legal 8 responsibility for the following activities on behalf of the clinic. The medical director or the clinic director shall: 9 10 (a) Have signs identifying the medical director or 11 clinic director posted in a conspicuous location within the clinic readily visible to all patients. 12 (b) Ensure that all practitioners providing health 13 care services or supplies to patients maintain a current 14 active and unencumbered Florida license. 15 Review any patient referral contracts or 16 (C) 17 agreements executed by the clinic. 18 Ensure that all health care practitioners at the (d) 19 clinic have active appropriate certification or licensure for the level of care being provided. 20 21 Serve as the clinic records owner as defined in s. (e) 22 456.057. (f) Ensure compliance with the recordkeeping, office 23 24 surgery, and adverse incident reporting requirements of 25 chapter 456, the respective practice acts, and rules adopted under this part. 26 27 (q) Conduct systematic reviews of clinic billings to ensure that the billings are not fraudulent or unlawful. Upon 28 29 discovery of an unlawful charge, the medical director or 30 clinic director shall take immediate corrective action. 31

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1 (2) Any business that becomes a clinic after commencing operations must, within 5 days after becoming a 2 3 clinic, file a license application under this part and shall be subject to all provisions of this part applicable to a 4 5 clinic. б (3) Any contract to serve as a medical director or a 7 clinic director entered into or renewed by a physician or a 8 licensed health care practitioner in violation of this part is void as contrary to public policy. This subsection shall apply 9 10 to contracts entered into or renewed on or after March 1, 11 2004. (4) All charges or reimbursement claims made by or on 12 behalf of a clinic that is required to be licensed under this 13 part, but that is not so licensed, or that is otherwise 14 operating in violation of this part, are unlawful charges, and 15 therefore are noncompensable and unenforceable. 16 (5) Any person establishing, operating, or managing an 17 unlicensed clinic otherwise required to be licensed under this 18 19 part, or any person who knowingly files a false or misleading license application or license renewal application, or false 20 21 or misleading information related to such application or department rule, commits a felony of the third degree, 22 punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 23 24 775.084. 25 (6) Any licensed health care provider who violates 26 this part is subject to discipline in accordance with this 27 chapter and his or her respective practice act. (7) The agency may fine, or suspend or revoke the 28 29 license of, any clinic licensed under this part for operating 30 in violation of the requirements of this part or the rules

31 adopted by the agency.

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1	(8) The agency shall investigate allegations of
2	noncompliance with this part and the rules adopted under this
3	part.
4	(9) Any person or entity providing health care
5	services which is not a clinic, as defined under s. 400.903,
6	may voluntarily apply for licensure under its exempt status
7	with the agency on a form that sets forth its name or names
8	and addresses, a statement of the reasons why it cannot be
9	defined as a clinic, and other information deemed necessary by
10	the agency.
11	(10) The clinic shall display its license in a
12	conspicuous location within the clinic readily visible to all
13	patients.
14	(11)(a) Each clinic engaged in magnetic resonance
15	imaging services must be accredited by the Joint Commission on
16	Accreditation of Healthcare Organizations, the American
17	College of Radiology, or the Accreditation Association for
18	Ambulatory Health Care, within 1 year after licensure.
19	However, a clinic may request a single, 6-month extension if
20	it provides evidence to the agency establishing that, for good
21	cause shown, such clinic can not be accredited within 1 year
22	after licensure, and that such accreditation will be completed
23	within the 6-month extension. After obtaining accreditation as
24	required by this subsection, each such clinic must maintain
25	accreditation as a condition of renewal of its license.
26	(b) The agency may disallow the application of any
27	entity formed for the purpose of avoiding compliance with the
28	accreditation provisions of this subsection and whose
29	principals were previously principals of an entity that was
30	unable to meet the accreditation requirements within the
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1 specified timeframes. The agency may adopt rules as to the accreditation of magnetic resonance imaging clinics. 2 3 (12) The agency shall give full faith and credit pertaining to any past variance and waiver granted to a 4 5 magnetic resonance imaging clinic from Rule 64-2002, Florida б Administrative Code, by the Department of Health, until 7 September 2004. After that date, such clinic must request a 8 variance and waiver from the agency under s. 120.542. 9 400.917 Injunctions.--10 (1)The agency may institute injunctive proceedings in 11 a court of competent jurisdiction in order to: 12 (a) Enforce the provisions of this part or any minimum standard, rule, or order issued or entered into pursuant to 13 this part if the attempt by the agency to correct a violation 14 through administrative fines has failed; if the violation 15 materially affects the health, safety, or welfare of clinic 16 patients; or if the violation involves any operation of an 17 18 unlicensed clinic. 19 (b) Terminate the operation of a clinic if a violation of any provision of this part, or any rule adopted pursuant to 20 21 this part, materially affects the health, safety, or welfare 22 of clinic patients. 23 (2) Such injunctive relief may be temporary or 24 permanent. 25 (3) If action is necessary to protect clinic patients 26 from life-threatening situations, the court may allow a 27 temporary injunction without bond upon proper proof being made. If it appears by competent evidence or a sworn, 28 29 substantiated affidavit that a temporary injunction should 30 issue, the court, pending the determination on final hearing, shall enjoin operation of the clinic. 31

1	400.919 Agency actionsAdministrative proceedings
2	challenging agency licensure enforcement action shall be
3	reviewed on the basis of the facts and conditions that
4	resulted in the agency action.
5	400.921 Agency administrative penalties
6	(1) The agency may impose administrative penalties
7	against clinics of up to \$5,000 per violation for violations
8	of the requirements of this part. In determining if a penalty
9	is to be imposed and in fixing the amount of the fine, the
10	agency shall consider the following factors:
11	(a) The gravity of the violation, including the
12	probability that death or serious physical or emotional harm
13	to a patient will result or has resulted, the severity of the
14	action or potential harm, and the extent to which the
15	provisions of the applicable laws or rules were violated.
16	(b) Actions taken by the owner, medical director, or
17	clinic director to correct violations.
18	(c) Any previous violations.
19	(d) The financial benefit to the clinic of committing
20	or continuing the violation.
21	(2) Each day of continuing violation after the date
22	fixed for termination of the violation, as ordered by the
23	agency, constitutes an additional, separate, and distinct
24	violation.
25	(3) Any action taken to correct a violation shall be
26	documented in writing by the owner, medical director, or
27	clinic director of the clinic and verified through followup
28	visits by agency personnel. The agency may impose a fine and,
29	in the case of an owner-operated clinic, revoke or deny a
30	clinic's license when a clinic medical director or clinic
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1 director fraudulently misrepresents actions taken to correct a 2 violation. 3 (4) For fines that are upheld following administrative or judicial review, the violator shall pay the fine, plus 4 5 interest at the rate as specified in s. 55.03, for each day б beyond the date set by the agency for payment of the fine. 7 (5) Any unlicensed clinic that continues to operate 8 after agency notification is subject to a \$1,000 fine per day. 9 (6) Any licensed clinic whose owner, medical director, 10 or clinic director concurrently operates an unlicensed clinic 11 shall be subject to an administrative fine of \$5,000 per day. (7) Any clinic whose owner fails to apply for a 12 change-of-ownership license in accordance with s. 400.909 and 13 14 operates the clinic under the new ownership is subject to a 15 fine of \$5,000. The agency, as an alternative to or in conjunction 16 (8) 17 with an administrative action against a clinic for violations of this part and adopted rules, shall make a reasonable 18 19 attempt to discuss each violation and recommended corrective action with the owner, medical director, or clinic director of 20 the clinic, prior to written notification. The agency, instead 21 of fixing a period within which the clinic shall enter into 22 compliance with standards, may request a plan of corrective 23 24 action from the clinic which demonstrates a good-faith effort 25 to remedy each violation by a specific date, subject to the 26 approval of the agency. 27 (9) Administrative fines paid by any clinic under this 28 section shall be deposited into the Health Care Trust Fund. 29 Section 5. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 30 456.0375, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 31

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1 456.0375 Registration of certain clinics; 2 requirements; discipline; exemptions. --3 (1)(b) For purposes of this section, the term "clinic" 4 5 does not include and the registration requirements herein do б not apply to: 7 Entities licensed or registered by the state 1. 8 pursuant to chapter 390, chapter 394, chapter 395, chapter 9 397, chapter 400, chapter 463, chapter 465, chapter 466, 10 chapter 478, chapter 480, or chapter 484, or chapter 651. 11 2. Entities that own, directly or indirectly, entities licensed or registered by the state pursuant to chapter 390, 12 chapter 394, chapter 395, chapter 397, chapter 400, chapter 13 463, chapter 465, chapter 466, chapter 478, chapter 480, 14 15 chapter 484, or chapter 651. 3. Entities that are owned, directly or indirectly, by 16 17 an entity licensed or registered by the state pursuant to chapter 390, chapter 394, chapter 395, chapter 397, chapter 18 19 400, chapter 463, chapter 465, chapter 466, chapter 478, chapter 480, chapter 484, or chapter 651. 20 21 4. Entities that are under common ownership, directly or indirectly, with an entity licensed or registered by the 22 state pursuant to chapter 390, chapter 394, chapter 395, 23 24 chapter 397, chapter 400, chapter 463, chapter 465, chapter 25 466, chapter 478, chapter 480, chapter 484, or chapter 651. 5.2. Entities exempt from federal taxation under 26 26 U.S.C. s. 501(c)(3) and community college and university 27 28 clinics. 29 6.3. Sole proprietorships, group practices, 30 partnerships, or corporations that provide health care 31 services by licensed health care practitioners pursuant to 27

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1 chapters 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 466, 467, 484, 486, 490, 491, or part I, part III, part X, part XIII, or part 2 3 XIV of chapter 468, or s. 464.012, which are wholly owned by licensed health care practitioners or the licensed health care 4 5 practitioner and the spouse, parent, or child of a licensed 6 health care practitioner, so long as one of the owners who is 7 a licensed health care practitioner is supervising the 8 services performed therein and is legally responsible for the 9 entity's compliance with all federal and state laws. However, 10 no health care practitioner may supervise services beyond the 11 scope of the practitioner's license. 7. Clinical facilities affiliated with an accredited 12 medical school at which training is provided for medical 13 students, residents, or fellows. 14 Section 6. Paragraphs (dd) and (ee) are added to 15 subsection (1) of section 456.072, Florida Statutes, to read: 16 17 456.072 Grounds for discipline; penalties; 18 enforcement.--19 (1) The following acts shall constitute grounds for 20 which the disciplinary actions specified in subsection (2) may 21 be taken: 22 (dd) With respect to making a personal injury protection claim as required by s. 627.736, intentionally 23 24 submitting a claim statement, or bill that has been "upcoded" 25 as defined in s. 627.732. (ee) With respect to making <u>a personal injury</u> 26 protection claim as required by s. 627.736, intentionally 27 28 submitting a claim, statement, or bill for payment of services 29 that were not rendered. 30 Section 7. Subsection (11) of section 626.7451, 31 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 2.8

1	626.7451 Managing general agents; required contract
2	provisionsNo person acting in the capacity of a managing
3	general agent shall place business with an insurer unless
4	there is in force a written contract between the parties which
5	sets forth the responsibility for a particular function,
6	specifies the division of responsibilities, and contains the
7	following minimum provisions:
8	(11) A licensed managing general agent, when placing
9	business with an insurer under this code, may charge a
10	per-policy fee not to $exceed$ \$40 \$25. In no instance shall
11	the aggregate of per-policy fees for a placement of business
12	authorized under this section, when combined with any other
13	per-policy fee charged by the insurer, result in per-policy
14	fees which exceed the aggregate amount of $\frac{40}{25}$. The
15	per-policy fee shall be a component of the insurer's rate
16	filing and shall be fully earned. A managing general agent
17	that collects a per-policy fee shall remit a minimum of \$5 per
18	policy to the Division of Insurance Fraud of the Department of
19	Financial Services, which shall be dedicated to the prevention
20	and detection of motor vehicle insurance fraud, and an
21	additional \$5 per policy, 95 percent of which shall be
22	remitted to the Justice Administration Commission, which shall
23	distribute the collected fees to the state attorneys of the 20
24	judicial circuits for investigating and prosecuting cases of
25	motor vehicle insurance fraud. The state attorneys must adopt
26	an allocation formula that ensures equitable distribution
27	among the 20 circuits which includes, but is not limited to,
28	the population area served. The remaining 5 percent shall be
29	remitted to the Office of Statewide Prosecution for
30	investigating and prosecuting cases of motor vehicle insurance
31	fraud. An insurer that writes directly without a managing
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1 general agent and that charges a per-policy fee shall charge an additional policy fee of \$5 per policy to be remitted to 2 3 the Division of Insurance Fraud of the Department of Financial 4 Services, which shall be dedicated to the prevention and 5 detection of motor vehicle insurance fraud, and an additional б per-policy fee of \$5, 95 percent of which is to be remitted to 7 the Justice Administration Commission, to be distributed as 8 provided in this subsection. The remaining 5 percent shall be remitted to the Office of Statewide Prosecution for 9 10 investigating and prosecuting cases of motor vehicle insurance 11 fraud. No later than July 1, 2005, the state attorneys and the Office of Statewide Prosecutor must provide a report to the 12 President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of 13 14 Representatives evaluating the effectiveness of the investigation, detection, and prosecution of motor vehicle 15 insurance fraud as it related to the moneys generated by the 16 17 per-policy fee. 18 19 For the purposes of this section and ss. 626.7453 and 20 626.7454, the term "controlling person" or "controlling" has the meaning set forth in s. 625.012(5)(b)1., and the term 21 22 "controlled person" or "controlled" has the meaning set forth in s. 625.012(5)(b)2. 23 24 Section 8. Subsection (1) of section 627.732, Florida Statutes, as amended by chapter 2003-2, Laws of Florida, is 25 amended, and subsections (8) through (16) are added to that 26 section, to read: 27 28 627.732 Definitions.--As used in ss. 627.730-627.7405, 29 the term: "Broker" means any person not possessing a license 30 (1)31 under chapter 395, chapter 400, chapter 458, chapter 459, 30

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1 chapter 460, chapter 461, or chapter 641 who charges or 2 receives compensation for any use of medical equipment and is 3 not the 100-percent owner or the 100-percent lessee of such equipment. For purposes of this section, such owner or lessee 4 5 may be an individual, a corporation, a partnership, or any б other entity and any of its 100-percent-owned affiliates and 7 subsidiaries. For purposes of this subsection, the term 8 "lessee" means a long-term lessee under a capital or operating lease, but does not include a part-time lessee. The term 9 10 "broker" does not include a hospital or physician management 11 company whose medical equipment is ancillary to the practices managed, a debt collection agency, or an entity that has 12 contracted with the insurer to obtain a discounted rate for 13 such services; nor does the term include a management company 14 that has contracted to provide general management services for 15 a licensed physician or health care facility and whose 16 17 compensation is not materially affected by the usage or frequency of usage of medical equipment or an entity that is 18 19 100-percent owned by one or more hospitals or physicians. The 20 term "broker" does not include a person or entity that certifies, upon request of an insurer, that: 21 22 (a) It is a clinic registered under s. 456.0375 or licensed under ss. 400.901-400.921; 23 24 (b) It is a 100-percent owner of medical equipment; 25 and 26 The owner's only part-time lease of medical (C) 27 equipment for personal injury protection patients is on a 28 temporary basis not to exceed 30 days in a 12-month period, 29 and such lease is solely for the purposes of necessary repair 30 or maintenance of the 100-percent-owned medical equipment or 31 pending the arrival and installation of the newly purchased or

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1 a replacement for the 100-percent-owned medical equipment, or for patients for whom, because of physical size or 2 3 claustrophobia, it is determined by the medical director or clinical director to be medically necessary that the test be 4 5 performed in medical equipment that is open-style. The leased б medical equipment cannot be used by patients who are not 7 patients of the registered clinic for medical treatment of 8 services. Any person or entity making a false certification under this subsection commits insurance fraud as defined in s. 9 10 817.234. However, the 30-day period provided in this paragraph 11 may be extended for an additional 60 days as applicable to magnetic resonance imaging equipment if the owner certifies 12 that the extension otherwise complies with this paragraph. 13 14 (8) "Certify" means to swear or attest to being true 15 or represented in writing. "Immediate personal supervision," as it relates to 16 (9) 17 the performance of medical services by nonphysicians not in a hospital, means that an individual licensed to perform the 18 19 medical service or provide the medical supplies must be present within the confines of the physical structure where 20 the medical services are performed or where the medical 21 supplies are provided such that the licensed individual can 22 respond immediately to any emergencies if needed. 23 "Incident," with respect to services considered 24 (10)25 as incident to a physician's professional service, for a physician licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 26 27 460, or chapter 461, if not furnished in a hospital, means such services must be an integral, even if incidental, part of 28 29 a covered physician's service. 30 (11) "Knowingly" means that a person, with respect to

31 information, has actual knowledge of the information; acts in

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1 deliberate ignorance of the truth or falsity of the information; or acts in reckless disregard of the information, 2 3 and proof of specific intent to defraud is not required. (12) "Lawful" or "lawfully" means in substantial 4 5 compliance with all relevant applicable criminal, civil, and administrative requirements of state and federal law related б 7 to the provision of medical services or treatment. 8 (13) "Hospital" means a facility that, at the time 9 services or treatment were rendered, was licensed under chapter 395. 10 11 (14) "Properly completed" means providing truthful, substantially complete, and substantially accurate responses 12 as to all material elements to each applicable request for 13 14 information or statement by a means that may lawfully be provided and that complies with this section, or as agreed by 15 16 the parties. 17 (15) "Upcoding" means an action that submits a billing code that would result in payment greater in amount than would 18 19 be paid using a billing code that accurately describes the services performed. The term does not include an otherwise 20 21 lawful bill by a magnetic resonance imaging facility, which globally combines both technical and professional components 22 for services listed in that definition, if the amount of the 23 24 global bill is not more than the components if billed 25 separately; however, payment of such a bill constitutes payment in full for all components of such service. 26 27 "Unbundling" means an action that submits a (16) 28 billing code that is properly billed under one billing code, 29 but that has been separated into two or more billing codes, 30 and would result in payment greater in amount than would be

31 paid using one billing code.

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4 5 Section 9. Subsections (3), (4), (5), (6), (7), (8), (10), (11), and (12) of section 627.736, Florida Statutes, are amended, present subsection (13) of that section is redesignated as subsection (14), and amended, and a new

subsection (13) is added to that section, to read:

6 627.736 Required personal injury protection benefits;
7 exclusions; priority; claims.--

8 (3) INSURED'S RIGHTS TO RECOVERY OF SPECIAL DAMAGES IN TORT CLAIMS.--No insurer shall have a lien on any recovery in 9 10 tort by judgment, settlement, or otherwise for personal injury 11 protection benefits, whether suit has been filed or settlement has been reached without suit. An injured party who is 12 entitled to bring suit under the provisions of ss. 13 627.730-627.7405, or his or her legal representative, shall 14 have no right to recover any damages for which personal injury 15 protection benefits are paid or payable. The plaintiff may 16 17 prove all of his or her special damages notwithstanding this 18 limitation, but if special damages are introduced in evidence, 19 the trier of facts, whether judge or jury, shall not award 20 damages for personal injury protection benefits paid or payable. In all cases in which a jury is required to fix 21 damages, the court shall instruct the jury that the plaintiff 22 shall not recover such special damages for personal injury 23 24 protection benefits paid or payable.

(4) BENEFITS; WHEN DUE.--Benefits due from an insurer under ss. 627.730-627.7405 shall be primary, except that benefits received under any workers' compensation law shall be credited against the benefits provided by subsection (1) and shall be due and payable as loss accrues, upon receipt of reasonable proof of such loss and the amount of expenses and loss incurred which are covered by the policy issued under ss.

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1 627.730-627.7405. When the Agency for Health Care 2 Administration provides, pays, or becomes liable for medical 3 assistance under the Medicaid program related to injury, 4 sickness, disease, or death arising out of the ownership, 5 maintenance, or use of a motor vehicle, benefits under ss. 6 627.730-627.7405 shall be subject to the provisions of the 7 Medicaid program.

8 (a) An insurer may require written notice to be given 9 as soon as practicable after an accident involving a motor 10 vehicle with respect to which the policy affords the security 11 required by ss. 627.730-627.7405.

(b) Personal injury protection insurance benefits paid 12 13 pursuant to this section shall be overdue if not paid within 30 days after the insurer is furnished written notice of the 14 fact of a covered loss and of the amount of same. If such 15 written notice is not furnished to the insurer as to the 16 17 entire claim, any partial amount supported by written notice is overdue if not paid within 30 days after such written 18 19 notice is furnished to the insurer. Any part or all of the 20 remainder of the claim that is subsequently supported by written notice is overdue if not paid within 30 days after 21 such written notice is furnished to the insurer. When an 22 insurer pays only a portion of a claim or rejects a claim, the 23 24 insurer shall provide at the time of the partial payment or 25 rejection an itemized specification of each item that the insurer had reduced, omitted, or declined to pay and any 26 information that the insurer desires the claimant to consider 27 28 related to the medical necessity of the denied treatment or to 29 explain the reasonableness of the reduced charge, provided that this shall not limit the introduction of evidence at 30 trial; and the insurer shall include the name and address of 31

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1 the person to whom the claimant should respond and a claim 2 number to be referenced in future correspondence. However, 3 notwithstanding the fact that written notice has been 4 furnished to the insurer, any payment shall not be deemed 5 overdue when the insurer has reasonable proof to establish б that the insurer is not responsible for the payment. For the 7 purpose of calculating the extent to which any benefits are overdue, payment shall be treated as being made on the date a 8 9 draft or other valid instrument which is equivalent to payment 10 was placed in the United States mail in a properly addressed, 11 postpaid envelope or, if not so posted, on the date of delivery. This paragraph does not preclude or limit the 12 13 ability of the insurer to assert that the claim was unrelated, 14 was not medically necessary, or was unreasonable or that the amount of the charge was in excess of that permitted under, or 15 in violation of, subsection (5). Such assertion by the insurer 16 17 may be made at any time, including after payment of the claim 18 or after the 30-day time period for payment set forth in this 19 paragraph.

(c) All overdue payments shall bear simple interest at the rate established by the Comptroller under s. 55.03 or the rate established in the insurance contract, whichever is greater, for the year in which the payment became overdue, calculated from the date the insurer was furnished with written notice of the amount of covered loss. Interest shall be due at the time payment of the overdue claim is made.

27 (d) The insurer of the owner of a motor vehicle shall28 pay personal injury protection benefits for:

29 1. Accidental bodily injury sustained in this state by 30 the owner while occupying a motor vehicle, or while not an 31

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occupant of a self-propelled vehicle if the injury is caused
 by physical contact with a motor vehicle.

Accidental bodily injury sustained outside this
state, but within the United States of America or its
territories or possessions or Canada, by the owner while
occupying the owner's motor vehicle.

3. Accidental bodily injury sustained by a relative of
the owner residing in the same household, under the
circumstances described in subparagraph 1. or subparagraph 2.,
provided the relative at the time of the accident is domiciled
in the owner's household and is not himself or herself the
owner of a motor vehicle with respect to which security is
required under ss. 627.730-627.7405.

4. Accidental bodily injury sustained in this state by
any other person while occupying the owner's motor vehicle or,
if a resident of this state, while not an occupant of a
self-propelled vehicle, if the injury is caused by physical
contact with such motor vehicle, provided the injured person
is not himself or herself:

a. The owner of a motor vehicle with respect to which
security is required under ss. 627.730-627.7405; or

b. Entitled to personal injury benefits from theinsurer of the owner or owners of such a motor vehicle.

(e) If two or more insurers are liable to pay personal
injury protection benefits for the same injury to any one
person, the maximum payable shall be as specified in
subsection (1), and any insurer paying the benefits shall be
entitled to recover from each of the other insurers an
equitable pro rata share of the benefits paid and expenses
incurred in processing the claim.

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(f) It is a violation of the insurance code for an insurer to fail to timely provide benefits as required by this section with such frequency as to constitute a general business practice. Benefits shall not be due or payable to or on the (g) behalf of an insured person if that person has committed, by a material act or omission, any insurance fraud relating to personal injury protection coverage under his or her policy, if the fraud is admitted to in a sworn statement by the insured or if it is established in a court of competent jurisdiction. Any insurance fraud shall void all coverage arising from the claim related to such fraud under the personal injury protection coverage of the insured person who committed the fraud, irrespective of whether a portion of the insured person's claim may be legitimate, and any benefits paid prior to the discovery of the insured person's insurance fraud shall be recoverable by the insurer from the person who committed insurance fraud in their entirety. The prevailing party is entitled to its costs and attorney's fees in any action in which it prevails in an insurer's action to enforce its right of recovery under this paragraph. (5) CHARGES FOR TREATMENT OF INJURED PERSONS.--(a) Any physician, hospital, clinic, or other person or institution lawfully rendering treatment to an injured person for a bodily injury covered by personal injury protection insurance may charge the insurer and injured party only a reasonable amount pursuant to this section for the services and supplies rendered, and the insurer providing such

31 receiving such treatment or his or her guardian has

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coverage may pay for such charges directly to such person or institution lawfully rendering such treatment, if the insured

1 countersigned the properly completed invoice, bill, or claim 2 form approved by the Department of Insurance upon which such 3 charges are to be paid for as having actually been rendered, to the best knowledge of the insured or his or her guardian. 4 5 In no event, however, may such a charge be in excess of the б amount the person or institution customarily charges for like 7 services or supplies in cases involving no insurance. With 8 respect to a determination of whether a charge for a particular service, treatment, or otherwise is reasonable, 9 10 consideration may be given to evidence of usual and customary 11 charges and payments accepted by the provider involved in the dispute, and reimbursement levels in the community and various 12 federal and state medical fee schedules applicable to 13 automobile and other insurance coverages, and other 14 information relevant to the reasonableness of the 15 reimbursement for the service, treatment or supply. 16 17 (b)1. An insurer or insured is not required to pay a claim or charges: 18 19 a. Made by a broker or by a person making a claim on 20 behalf of a broker; -21 b. For any service or treatment that was not lawful at 22 the time rendered; 23 To any person who knowingly submits a false or с. misleading statement relating to the claim or charges; 24 25 d. With respect to a bill or statement that does not substantially meet the applicable requirements of paragraph 26 27 (d); 28 e. For any treatment or service that is upcoded, or 29 that is unbundled when such treatment or services should be 30 bundled, in accordance with paragraph (d). To facilitate prompt payment of lawful services, an insurer may change codes 31 39

1 that it determines to have been improperly or incorrectly upcoded or unbundled, and may make payment based on the 2 3 changed codes, without affecting the right of the provider to dispute the change by the insurer, provided that before doing 4 5 so, the insurer must contact the health care provider and б discuss the reasons for the insurer's change and the health 7 care provider's reason for the coding, or make a reasonable 8 good-faith effort to do so, as documented in the insurer's file; and 9 10 f. For medical services or treatment billed by a 11 physician and not provided in a hospital unless such services are rendered by the physician or are incident to his or her 12 professional services and are included on the physician's 13 14 bill, including documentation verifying that the physician is responsible for the medical services that were rendered and 15 16 billed. 17 2. Charges for medically necessary cephalic 18 thermograms, peripheral thermograms, spinal ultrasounds, 19 extremity ultrasounds, video fluoroscopy, and surface 20 electromyography shall not exceed the maximum reimbursement allowance for such procedures as set forth in the applicable 21 fee schedule or other payment methodology established pursuant 22 to s. 440.13. 23 24 3. Allowable amounts that may be charged to a personal 25 injury protection insurance insurer and insured for medically necessary nerve conduction testing when done in conjunction 26 27 with a needle electromyography procedure and both are 28 performed and billed solely by a physician licensed under 29 chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 460, or chapter 461 who is also certified by the American Board of Electrodiagnostic 30 31 Medicine or by a board recognized by the American Board of

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1 Medical Specialties or the American Osteopathic Association or 2 who holds diplomate status with the American Chiropractic 3 Neurology Board or its predecessors shall not exceed 200 4 percent of the allowable amount under the participating 5 physician fee schedule of Medicare Part B for year 2001, for 6 the area in which the treatment was rendered, adjusted 7 annually on July 1 to reflect the prior calendar year's 8 changes in the annual Medical Care Item of the Consumer Price 9 Index for All Urban Consumers in the South Region as 10 determined by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the United 11 States Department of Labor by an additional amount equal to the medical Consumer Price Index for Florida. 12 4. Allowable amounts that may be charged to a personal 13 injury protection insurance insurer and insured for medically 14 necessary nerve conduction testing that does not meet the 15 requirements of subparagraph 3. shall not exceed the 16 17 applicable fee schedule or other payment methodology established pursuant to s. 440.13. 18 19 5. Effective upon this act becoming a law and before 20 November 1, 2001, allowable amounts that may be charged to a 21 personal injury protection insurance insurer and insured for magnetic resonance imaging services shall not exceed 200 22 percent of the allowable amount under Medicare Part B for year 23 24 2001, for the area in which the treatment was rendered. Beginning November 1, 2001, allowable amounts that may be 25 charged to a personal injury protection insurance insurer and 26 27 insured for magnetic resonance imaging services shall not 28 exceed 175 percent of the allowable amount under Medicare Part 29 B for year 2001, for the area in which the treatment was 30 rendered, adjusted annually to reflect the changes in the 31 annual Medical Care Item of the Consumer Price Index for All

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1 Urban Consumers in the South Region as determined by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the United States Department of 2 3 Labor for the 12-month period ending June 30 of that year by an additional amount equal to the medical Consumer Price Index 4 5 for Florida, except that allowable amounts that may be charged б to a personal injury protection insurance insurer and insured 7 for magnetic resonance imaging services provided in facilities accredited by the American College of Radiology or the Joint 8 Commission on Accreditation of Healthcare Organizations shall 9 10 not exceed 200 percent of the allowable amount under Medicare 11 Part B for year 2001, for the area in which the treatment was rendered, adjusted annually to reflect the changes in the 12 annual Medical Care Item of the Consumer Price Index for All 13 Urban Consumers in the South Region as determined by the 14 Bureau of Labor Statistics of the United States Department of 15 Labor for the 12-month period ending June 30 of that year by 16 17 an additional amount equal to the medical Consumer Price Index 18 for Florida. This paragraph does not apply to charges for 19 magnetic resonance imaging services and nerve conduction 20 testing for inpatients and emergency services and care as 21 defined in chapter 395 rendered by facilities licensed under 22 chapter 395. 23 6. The Department of Health, in consultation with the 24 appropriate professional licensing boards, shall adopt, by 25 rule, a list of diagnostic tests deemed not be medically necessary for use in the treatment of persons sustaining 26 27 bodily injury covered by personal injury protection benefits

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the respective professional licensing boards. Inclusion of a 42

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under this section. The initial list shall be adopted by

January 1, 2004, and shall be revised from time to time as

determined by the Department of Health, in consultation with

test on the list of invalid diagnostic tests shall be based on 1 2 lack of demonstrated medical value and a level of general 3 acceptance by the relevant provider community and shall not be 4 dependent for results entirely upon subjective patient 5 response. Notwithstanding its inclusion on a fee schedule in б this subsection, an insurer or insured is not required to pay 7 any charges or reimburse claims for any invalid diagnostic 8 test as determined by the Department of Health.

9 (c)1. With respect to any treatment or service, other 10 than medical services billed by a hospital or other provider 11 for emergency services as defined in s. 395.002 or inpatient services rendered at a hospital-owned facility, the statement 12 13 of charges must be furnished to the insurer by the provider 14 and may not include, and the insurer is not required to pay, 15 charges for treatment or services rendered more than 35 days before the postmark date of the statement, except for past due 16 17 amounts previously billed on a timely basis under this paragraph, and except that, if the provider submits to the 18 19 insurer a notice of initiation of treatment within 21 days after its first examination or treatment of the claimant, the 20 statement may include charges for treatment or services 21 rendered up to, but not more than, 75 days before the postmark 22 date of the statement. The injured party is not liable for, 23 24 and the provider shall not bill the injured party for, charges 25 that are unpaid because of the provider's failure to comply with this paragraph. Any agreement requiring the injured 26 person or insured to pay for such charges is unenforceable. 27 28 2. If, however, the insured fails to furnish the 29 provider with the correct name and address of the insured's personal injury protection insurer, the provider has 35 days 30 31 from the date the provider obtains the correct information to

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1 furnish the insurer with a statement of the charges. The
2 insurer is not required to pay for such charges unless the
3 provider includes with the statement documentary evidence that
4 was provided by the insured during the 35-day period
5 demonstrating that the provider reasonably relied on erroneous
6 information from the insured and either:

a.1. A denial letter from the incorrect insurer; or

8 <u>b.2.</u> Proof of mailing, which may include an affidavit
9 under penalty of perjury, reflecting timely mailing to the
10 incorrect address or insurer.

11 3. For emergency services and care as defined in s. 12 395.002 rendered in a hospital emergency department or for 13 transport and treatment rendered by an ambulance provider 14 licensed pursuant to part III of chapter 401, the provider is 15 not required to furnish the statement of charges within the time periods established by this paragraph; and the insurer 16 17 shall not be considered to have been furnished with notice of the amount of covered loss for purposes of paragraph (4)(b) 18 19 until it receives a statement complying with paragraph(d) (e), or copy thereof, which specifically identifies the place 20 of service to be a hospital emergency department or an 21 ambulance in accordance with billing standards recognized by 22 the Health Care Finance Administration. 23

24 <u>4.</u> Each notice of insured's rights under s. 627.7401
25 must include the following statement in type no smaller than
26 12 points:

BILLING REQUIREMENTS.--Florida Statutes provide
that with respect to any treatment or services,
other than certain hospital and emergency
services, the statement of charges furnished to
the insurer by the provider may not include,

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1 and the insurer and the injured party are not 2 required to pay, charges for treatment or 3 services rendered more than 35 days before the 4 postmark date of the statement, except for past 5 due amounts previously billed on a timely б basis, and except that, if the provider submits 7 to the insurer a notice of initiation of treatment within 21 days after its first 8 examination or treatment of the claimant, the 9 10 statement may include charges for treatment or 11 services rendered up to, but not more than, 75 days before the postmark date of the statement. 12 (d) Every insurer shall include a provision in its 13 14 policy for personal injury protection benefits for binding arbitration of any claims dispute involving medical benefits 15 16 arising between the insurer and any person providing medical 17 services or supplies if that person has agreed to accept assignment of personal injury protection benefits. The 18 19 provision shall specify that the provisions of chapter 682 20 relating to arbitration shall apply. The prevailing party 21 shall be entitled to attorney's fees and costs. For purposes 22 of the award of attorney's fees and costs, the prevailing party shall be determined as follows: 23 24 1. When the amount of personal injury protection 25 benefits determined by arbitration exceeds the sum of the 26 amount offered by the insurer at arbitration plus 50 percent 27 of the difference between the amount of the claim asserted by 28 the claimant at arbitration and the amount offered by the 29 insurer at arbitration, the claimant is the prevailing party. 30 2. When the amount of personal injury protection 31 benefits determined by arbitration is less than the sum of the 45

1amount offered by the insurer at arbitration plus 50 percent2of the difference between the amount of the claim asserted by3the claimant at arbitration and the amount offered by the4insurer at arbitration, the insurer is the prevailing party.53. When neither subparagraph 1. nor subparagraph 2.applies, there is no prevailing party. For purposes of thisparagraph, the amount of the offer or claim at arbitration is8the amount of the last written offer or claim made at least 309days prior to the arbitration.104. In the demand for arbitration, the party requesting11arbitration must include a statement specifically identifying12the issues for arbitration for each examination or treatment13in dispute. The other party must subsequently issue a14statement specifying any other examinations or treatment and15any other issues that it intends to raise in the arbitration.16these identified issues and neither party may add additional17issues during arbitration.20(d)(t) the statements and bills for medical services21rendered by any physician, hospital, clinic, or other person22or institution shall be submitted to the insurer on a properly23completed Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services24Health Care Finance Administration 1500 form, UB 92 forms, or25any other standard form approved by the department for26purposes of this paragraph. All billings for such services27rendered by provi	_	
 the claimant at arbitration and the amount offered by the insurer at arbitration, the insurer is the prevailing party. 3. When neither subparagraph 1. nor subparagraph 2. applies, there is no prevailing party. For purposes of this paragraph, the amount of the offer or claim at arbitration is the amount of the last written offer or claim made at least 30 days prior to the arbitration. 4. In the demand for arbitration, the party requesting arbitration must include a statement specifically identifying the issues for arbitration for each examination or treatment in dispute. The other party must subsequently issue a statement specifying any other examinations or treatment and any other issues that it intends to raise in the arbitration. The parties may amend their statements up to 30 days prior to arbitration, provided that arbitration shall be limited to those identified issues and neither party may add additional issues during arbitration. (d)(te) All statements and bills for medical services rendered by any physician, hospital, clinic, or other person or institution shall be submitted to the insurer on a properly completed Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) Health Care Finance Administration 1500 form, UB 92 forms, or any other standard form approved by the department for purposes of this paragraph. All billings for such services rendered by providers shall, to the extent applicable, follow the Physicians' Current Procedural Terminology (CPT) or Healthcare Correct Procedural Coding System (HCPCS), or ICD-9 in effect for the year in which services are rendered and 	1	amount offered by the insurer at arbitration plus 50 percent
 insurer at arbitration, the insurer is the prevailing party. 3. When neither subparagraph 1. nor subparagraph 2. applies, there is no prevailing party. For purposes of this paragraph, the amount of the offer or claim at arbitration is the amount of the last written offer or claim made at least 30 days prior to the arbitration. 4. In the demand for arbitration, the party requesting arbitration must include a statement specifically identifying the issues for arbitration for each examination or treatment in dispute. The other party must subsequently issue a statement specifying any other examinations or treatment and any other issues that it intends to raise in the arbitration. The parties may amend their statements up to 30 days prior to arbitration, provided that arbitration shall be limited to those identified issues and neither party may add additional issues during arbitration. (d)(te) All statements and bills for medical services rendered by any physician, hospital, clinic, or other person or institution shall be submitted to the insurer on a properly completed Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) Health Care Finance Administration 1500 form, UB 92 forms, or any other standard form approved by the department for purposes of this paragraph. All billings for such services rendered by providers shall, to the extent applicable, follow the Physicians' Current Procedural Terminology (CPT) or Healthcare Correct Procedural Coding System (HCPCS), or ICD-9 in effect for the year in which services are rendered and 	2	of the difference between the amount of the claim asserted by
53. When neither subparagraph 1. nor subparagraph 2.applies, there is no prevailing party. For purposes of thisparagraph, the amount of the offer or claim at arbitration isthe amount of the last written offer or claim made at least 30days prior to the arbitration.104. In the demand for arbitration, the party requesting11arbitration must include a statement specifically identifying12the issues for arbitration for each examination or treatment13141515161718181919191010101011111213141515161718181919191010101112131414151516161717181919101111121314151516161718181919191910111112131415	3	the claimant at arbitration and the amount offered by the
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27 <u>rendered by providers</u> shall, to the extent applicable, follow 28 the Physicians' Current Procedural Terminology (CPT) <u>or</u> 29 <u>Healthcare Correct Procedural Coding System (HCPCS), or ICD-9</u> 30 in <u>effect for</u> the year in which services are rendered <u>and</u>	25	any other standard form approved by the department for
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29 <u>Healthcare Correct Procedural Coding System (HCPCS), or ICD-9</u> 30 in <u>effect for</u> the year in which services are rendered <u>and</u>	27	rendered by providers shall, to the extent applicable, follow
30 in <u>effect for</u> the year in which services are rendered <u>and</u>	28	the Physicians' Current Procedural Terminology (CPT) <u>or</u>
	29	Healthcare Correct Procedural Coding System (HCPCS), or ICD-9
31 comply with the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services	30	in <u>effect for</u> the year in which services are rendered <u>and</u>
	31	comply with the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services

1 (CMS) 1500 form instructions and the American Medical Association Current Procedural Terminology (CPT) Editorial 2 3 Panel and Healthcare Correct Procedural Coding System (HCPCS). All providers other than hospitals shall include on the 4 5 applicable claim form the professional license number of the б provider in the line or space provided for "Signature of 7 Physician or Supplier, Including Degrees or Credentials." In 8 determining compliance with applicable CPT and HCPCS coding, guidance shall be provided by the Physicians' Current 9 10 Procedural Terminology (CPT) or the Healthcare Correct 11 Procedural Coding System (HCPCS) in effect for the year in which services were rendered, the Office of the Inspector 12 General (OIG), Physicians Compliance Guidelines, and other 13 authoritative treatises designated by rule by the Agency for 14 Health Care Administration.No statement of medical services 15 may include charges for medical services of a person or entity 16 17 that performed such services without possessing the valid licenses required to perform such services. For purposes of 18 19 paragraph (4)(b), an insurer shall not be considered to have been furnished with notice of the amount of covered loss or 20 21 medical bills due unless the statements or bills comply with this paragraph, and unless the statements or bills are 22 properly completed in their entirety as to all material 23 24 provisions, with all relevant information being provided 25 therein. (e)1. At the initial treatment or service provided, 26 27 each physician, other licensed professional, clinic, or other medical institution providing medical services upon which a 28 29 claim for personal injury protection benefits is based shall 30 require an insured person, or his or her guardian, to execute 31

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1 a disclosure and acknowledgment form, which reflects at a 2 minimum that: 3 a. The insured, or his or her guardian, must 4 countersign the form attesting to the fact that the services 5 set forth therein were actually rendered; б b. The insured, or his or her guardian, has both the 7 right and affirmative duty to confirm that the services were 8 actually rendered; 9 c. The insured, or his or her guardian, was not 10 solicited by any person to seek any services from the medical 11 provider; d. That the physician, other licensed professional, 12 clinic, or other medical institution rendering services for 13 which payment is being claimed explained the services to the 14 insured or his or her guardian; and 15 e. If the insured notifies the insurer in writing of a 16 billing error, the insured may be entitled to a certain 17 percentage of a reduction in the amounts paid by the insured's 18 19 motor vehicle insurer. 2. The physician, other licensed professional, clinic, 20 21 or other medical institution rendering services for which payment is being claimed has the affirmative duty to explain 22 the services rendered to the insured, or his or her guardian, 23 24 so that the insured, or his or her guardian, countersigns the 25 form with informed consent. 3. Countersignature by the insured, or his or her 26 27 guardian, is not required for the reading of diagnostic tests 28 or other services that are of such a nature that they are not 29 required to be performed in the presence of the insured. 30 31

1	4. The licensed medical professional rendering
2	treatment for which payment is being claimed must sign, by his
3	or her own hand, the form complying with this paragraph.
4	5. The original completed disclosure and
5	acknowledgement form shall be furnished to the insurer
б	pursuant to paragraph (4)(b) and may not be electronically
7	furnished.
8	6. This disclosure and acknowledgement form is not
9	required for services billed by a provider for emergency
10	services as defined in s. 395.002, for emergency services and
11	care as defined in s. 395.002 rendered in a hospital emergency
12	department, or for transport and treatment rendered by an
13	ambulance provider licensed pursuant to part III of chapter
14	401.
15	7. The Financial Services Commission shall adopt, by
16	rule, a standard disclosure and acknowledgment form that shall
17	be used to fulfill the requirements of this paragraph,
18	effective 90 days after such form is adopted and becomes
19	final. The commission shall adopt a proposed rule by October
20	1, 2003. Until the rule is final, the provider may use a form
21	of its own which otherwise complies with the requirements of
22	this paragraph.
23	8. As used in this paragraph, "countersigned" means a
24	second or verifying signature, as on a previously signed
25	document, and is not satisfied by the statement "signature on
26	file" or any similar statement.
27	9. The requirements of this paragraph apply only with
28	respect to the initial treatment or service of the insured by
29	a provider. For subsequent treatments or service, the provider
30	must maintain a patient log signed by the patient, in
31	

1 chronological order by date of service, that is consistent with the services being rendered to the patient as claimed. 2 3 (f) Upon written notification by any person, an insurer shall investigate any claim of improper billing by a 4 5 physician or other medical provider. The insurer shall б determine if the insured was properly billed for only those services and treatments that the insured actually received. If 7 8 the insurer determines that the insured has been improperly billed, the insurer shall notify the insured, the person 9 10 making the written notification and the provider of its 11 findings and shall reduce the amount of payment to the provider by the amount determined to be improperly billed. If 12 a reduction is made due to such written notification by any 13 14 person, the insurer shall pay to the person 20 percent of the amount of the reduction, up to \$500. If the provider is 15 arrested due to the improper billing, then the insurer shall 16 17 pay to the person 40 percent of the amount of the reduction, up to \$500. 18 19 (h) An insurer may not systematically downcode with the intent to deny reimbursement otherwise due. Such action 20 21 constitutes a material misrepresentation under s. 22 626.9541(1)(i)2. (6) DISCOVERY OF FACTS ABOUT AN INJURED PERSON; 23 24 DISPUTES.--(a) Every employer shall, if a request is made by an 25 insurer providing personal injury protection benefits under 26 27 ss. 627.730-627.7405 against whom a claim has been made, furnish forthwith, in a form approved by the department, a 28 29 sworn statement of the earnings, since the time of the bodily injury and for a reasonable period before the injury, of the 30 31 person upon whose injury the claim is based.

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1 (b) Every physician, hospital, clinic, or other medical institution providing, before or after bodily injury 2 3 upon which a claim for personal injury protection insurance benefits is based, any products, services, or accommodations 4 5 in relation to that or any other injury, or in relation to a б condition claimed to be connected with that or any other 7 injury, shall, if requested to do so by the insurer against whom the claim has been made, furnish forthwith a written 8 9 report of the history, condition, treatment, dates, and costs 10 of such treatment of the injured person and why the items 11 identified by the insurer were reasonable in amount and medically necessary, together with a sworn statement that the 12 13 treatment or services rendered were reasonable and necessary 14 with respect to the bodily injury sustained and identifying which portion of the expenses for such treatment or services 15 was incurred as a result of such bodily injury, and produce 16 17 forthwith, and permit the inspection and copying of, his or her or its records regarding such history, condition, 18 19 treatment, dates, and costs of treatment; provided that this shall not limit the introduction of evidence at trial. Such 20 sworn statement shall read as follows: "Under penalty of 21 perjury, I declare that I have read the foregoing, and the 22 facts alleged are true, to the best of my knowledge and 23 24 belief." No cause of action for violation of the 25 physician-patient privilege or invasion of the right of privacy shall be permitted against any physician, hospital, 26 clinic, or other medical institution complying with the 27 28 provisions of this section. The person requesting such records 29 and such sworn statement shall pay all reasonable costs connected therewith. If an insurer makes a written request for 30 31 documentation or information under this paragraph within 30

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1 days after having received notice of the amount of a covered loss under paragraph (4)(a), the amount or the partial amount 2 3 which is the subject of the insurer's inquiry shall become overdue if the insurer does not pay in accordance with 4 5 paragraph (4)(b) or within 10 days after the insurer's receipt 6 of the requested documentation or information, whichever 7 occurs later. For purposes of this paragraph, the term 8 "receipt" includes, but is not limited to, inspection and 9 copying pursuant to this paragraph. Any insurer that requests 10 documentation or information pertaining to reasonableness of 11 charges or medical necessity under this paragraph without a reasonable basis for such requests as a general business 12 13 practice is engaging in an unfair trade practice under the insurance code. 14

(c) In the event of any dispute regarding an insurer's 15 right to discovery of facts under this section about an 16 17 injured person's earnings or about his or her history, condition, or treatment, or the dates and costs of such 18 19 treatment, the insurer may petition a court of competent 20 jurisdiction to enter an order permitting such discovery. The order may be made only on motion for good cause shown and upon 21 notice to all persons having an interest, and it shall specify 22 the time, place, manner, conditions, and scope of the 23 24 discovery. Such court may, in order to protect against 25 annoyance, embarrassment, or oppression, as justice requires, enter an order refusing discovery or specifying conditions of 26 27 discovery and may order payments of costs and expenses of the 28 proceeding, including reasonable fees for the appearance of 29 attorneys at the proceedings, as justice requires. 30 (d) The injured person shall be furnished, upon

31 request, a copy of all information obtained by the insurer

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under the provisions of this section, and shall pay a
 reasonable charge, if required by the insurer.

3 (e) Notice to an insurer of the existence of a claim4 shall not be unreasonably withheld by an insured.

5 (7) MENTAL AND PHYSICAL EXAMINATION OF INJURED PERSON;
6 REPORTS.--

7 (a) Whenever the mental or physical condition of an 8 injured person covered by personal injury protection is 9 material to any claim that has been or may be made for past or 10 future personal injury protection insurance benefits, such 11 person shall, upon the request of an insurer, submit to mental or physical examination by a physician or physicians. 12 The 13 costs of any examinations requested by an insurer shall be borne entirely by the insurer. Such examination shall be 14 conducted within the municipality where the insured is 15 receiving treatment, or in a location reasonably accessible to 16 17 the insured, which, for purposes of this paragraph, means any location within the municipality in which the insured resides, 18 19 or any location within 10 miles by road of the insured's residence, provided such location is within the county in 20 which the insured resides. If the examination is to be 21 conducted in a location reasonably accessible to the insured, 22 and if there is no qualified physician to conduct the 23 24 examination in a location reasonably accessible to the 25 insured, then such examination shall be conducted in an area of the closest proximity to the insured's residence. Personal 26 protection insurers are authorized to include reasonable 27 28 provisions in personal injury protection insurance policies 29 for mental and physical examination of those claiming personal injury protection insurance benefits. An insurer may not 30 31 withdraw payment of a treating physician without the consent 53

1 of the injured person covered by the personal injury 2 protection, unless the insurer first obtains a valid report by 3 a Florida physician licensed under the same chapter as the 4 treating physician whose treatment authorization is sought to 5 be withdrawn, stating that treatment was not reasonable, б related, or necessary. A valid report is one that is prepared 7 and signed by the physician examining the injured person or 8 reviewing the treatment records of the injured person and is 9 factually supported by the examination and treatment records 10 if reviewed and that has not been modified by anyone other 11 than the physician. The physician preparing the report must be in active practice, unless the physician is physically 12 13 disabled. Active practice means that during the 3 years immediately preceding the date of the physical examination or 14 review of the treatment records the physician must have 15 devoted professional time to the active clinical practice of 16 17 evaluation, diagnosis, or treatment of medical conditions or to the instruction of students in an accredited health 18 professional school or accredited residency program or a 19 20 clinical research program that is affiliated with an accredited health professional school or teaching hospital or 21 accredited residency program. The physician preparing a report 22 at the request of an insurer and physicians rendering expert 23 24 opinions on behalf of persons claiming medical benefits for 25 personal injury protection, or on behalf of an insured through an attorney or another entity, shall maintain, for at least 3 26 27 years, copies of all examination reports as medical records 28 and shall maintain, for at least 3 years, records of all 29 payments for the examinations and reports. Neither an insurer 30 nor any person acting at the direction of or on behalf of an 31 insurer may materially change an opinion in a report prepared

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1 <u>under this paragraph or direct the physician preparing the</u> 2 <u>report to change such opinion. The denial of a payment as the</u> 3 <u>result of such a changed opinion constitutes a material</u> 4 <u>misrepresentation under s. 626.9541(1)(i)2.; however, this</u> 5 <u>provision does not preclude the insurer from calling to the</u> 6 <u>attention of the physician errors of fact in the report based</u> 7 <u>upon information in the claim file.</u>

8 If requested by the person examined, a party (b) causing an examination to be made shall deliver to him or her 9 10 a copy of every written report concerning the examination 11 rendered by an examining physician, at least one of which reports must set out the examining physician's findings and 12 13 conclusions in detail. After such request and delivery, the party causing the examination to be made is entitled, upon 14 request, to receive from the person examined every written 15 report available to him or her or his or her representative 16 17 concerning any examination, previously or thereafter made, of 18 the same mental or physical condition. By requesting and 19 obtaining a report of the examination so ordered, or by taking the deposition of the examiner, the person examined waives any 20 21 privilege he or she may have, in relation to the claim for benefits, regarding the testimony of every other person who 22 has examined, or may thereafter examine, him or her in respect 23 24 to the same mental or physical condition. If a person 25 unreasonably refuses to submit to an examination, the personal injury protection carrier is no longer liable for subsequent 26 27 personal injury protection benefits.

(8) APPLICABILITY OF PROVISION REGULATING ATTORNEY'S
FEES.--With respect to any dispute under the provisions of ss.
627.730-627.7405 between the insured and the insurer, or
between an assignee of an insured's rights and the insurer,

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the provisions of s. 627.428 shall apply, except as provided
 in subsection (11).

3 (10) An insurer may negotiate and enter into contracts with licensed health care providers for the benefits described 4 5 in this section, referred to in this section as "preferred б providers," which shall include health care providers licensed 7 under chapters 458, 459, 460, 461, and 463. The insurer may provide an option to an insured to use a preferred provider at 8 9 the time of purchase of the policy for personal injury 10 protection benefits, if the requirements of this subsection 11 are met. If the insured elects to use a provider who is not a preferred provider, whether the insured purchased a preferred 12 13 provider policy or a nonpreferred provider policy, the medical benefits provided by the insurer shall be as required by this 14 section. If the insured elects to use a provider who is a 15 preferred provider, the insurer may pay medical benefits in 16 17 excess of the benefits required by this section and may waive 18 or lower the amount of any deductible that applies to such 19 medical benefits. If the insurer offers a preferred provider 20 policy to a policyholder or applicant, it must also offer a nonpreferred provider policy. The insurer shall provide each 21 policyholder with a current roster of preferred providers in 22 the county in which the insured resides at the time of 23 24 purchase of such policy, and shall make such list available 25 for public inspection during regular business hours at the principal office of the insurer within the state. 26

(11) DEMAND LETTER.--

(a) As a condition precedent to filing any action for an overdue claim for benefits under this section paragraph (4)(b), the insurer must be provided with written notice of an intent to initiate litigation; provided, however, that, except

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1 with regard to a claim or amended claim or judgment for 2 interest only which was not paid or was incorrectly 3 calculated, such notice is not required for an overdue claim 4 that the insurer has denied or reduced, nor is such notice 5 required if the insurer has been provided documentation or 6 information at the insurer's request pursuant to subsection 7 (6). Such notice may not be sent until the claim is overdue, including any additional time the insurer has to pay the claim 8 9 pursuant to paragraph (4)(b). 10 (b) The notice required shall state that it is a 11 "demand letter under s. 627.736(11)" and shall state with 12 specificity: 13 The name of the insured upon which such benefits 1. are being sought, including a copy of the assignment giving 14 rights to the claimant if the claimant is not the insured. 15 The claim number or policy number upon which such 16 2. 17 claim was originally submitted to the insurer. 18 To the extent applicable, the name of any medical 3. 19 provider who rendered to an insured the treatment, services, 20 accommodations, or supplies that form the basis of such claim; 21 and an itemized statement specifying each exact amount, the date of treatment, service, or accommodation, and the type of 22 benefit claimed to be due. A completed form satisfying the 23 24 requirements of paragraph (5)(d) or the lost-wage statement 25 previously submitted Health Care Finance Administration 1500 form, UB 92, or successor forms approved by the Secretary of 26 27 the United States Department of Health and Human Services may 28 be used as the itemized statement. To the extent that the 29 demand involves an insurer's withdrawal of payment under 30 paragraph (7)(a) for future treatment not yet rendered, the 31 claimant shall attach a copy of the insurer's notice

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1 withdrawing such payment and an itemized statement of the type, frequency, and duration of future treatment claimed to 2 3 be reasonable and medically necessary. Each notice required by this subsection section 4 (C) 5 must be delivered to the insurer by United States certified or б registered mail, return receipt requested. Such postal costs 7 shall be reimbursed by the insurer if so requested by the 8 claimant provider in the notice, when the insurer pays the 9 overdue claim. Such notice must be sent to the person and 10 address specified by the insurer for the purposes of receiving 11 notices under this subsection section, on the document denying or reducing the amount asserted by the filer to be overdue. 12 Each licensed insurer, whether domestic, foreign, or alien, 13 shall may file with the office department designation of the 14 name and address of the person to whom notices pursuant to 15 this subsection section shall be sent which the office shall 16 17 make available on its Internet website when such document does not specify the name and address to whom the notices under 18 19 this section are to be sent or when there is no such document. 20 The name and address on file with the office department pursuant to s. 624.422 shall be deemed the authorized 21 representative to accept notice pursuant to this subsection 22 section in the event no other designation has been made. 23 If, within 15 7 business days after receipt of 24 (d) 25 notice by the insurer, the overdue claim specified in the notice is paid by the insurer together with applicable 26 27 interest and a penalty of 10 percent of the overdue amount paid by the insurer, subject to a maximum penalty of \$250, no 28 29 action for nonpayment or late payment may be brought against 30 the insurer. If the demand involves an insurer's withdrawal of 31 payment under paragraph (7)(a) for future treatment not yet

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1 rendered, no action may be brought against the insurer if, within 15 days after its receipt of the notice, the insurer 2 3 mails to the person filing the notice a written statement of 4 the insurer's agreement to pay for such treatment in 5 accordance with the notice and to pay a penalty of 10 percent, б subject to a maximum penalty of \$250, when it pays for such 7 future treatment in accordance with the requirements of this 8 section. To the extent the insurer determines not to pay any 9 the overdue amount demanded, the penalty shall not be payable 10 in any subsequent action for nonpayment or late payment. For 11 purposes of this subsection, payment or the insurer's agreement shall be treated as being made on the date a draft 12 13 or other valid instrument that is equivalent to payment, or 14 the insurer's written statement of agreement, is placed in the 15 United States mail in a properly addressed, postpaid envelope, or if not so posted, on the date of delivery. The insurer 16 17 shall not be obligated to pay any attorney's fees if the 18 insurer pays the claim or mails its agreement to pay for 19 future treatment within the time prescribed by this subsection. 20

(e) The applicable statute of limitation for an action under this section shall be tolled for a period of 15 business days by the mailing of the notice required by this subsection. (f) Any insurer making a general business practice of not paying valid claims until receipt of the notice required by this <u>subsection</u> <u>section</u> is engaging in an unfair trade

27 practice under the insurance code.

(12) CIVIL ACTION FOR INSURANCE FRAUD.--An insurer shall have a cause of action against any person convicted of, or who, regardless of adjudication of guilt, pleads guilty or nolo contendere to insurance fraud under s. 817.234, patient

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1 brokering under s. 817.505, or kickbacks under s. 456.054, 2 associated with a claim for personal injury protection 3 benefits in accordance with this section. An insurer 4 prevailing in an action brought under this subsection may 5 recover compensatory, consequential, and punitive damages 6 subject to the requirements and limitations of part II of 7 chapter 768, and attorney's fees and costs incurred in 8 litigating a cause of action against any person convicted of, 9 or who, regardless of adjudication of guilt, pleads guilty or 10 nolo contendere to insurance fraud under s. 817.234, patient 11 brokering under s. 817.505, or kickbacks under s. 456.054, associated with a claim for personal injury protection 12 13 benefits in accordance with this section. (13) MINIMUM BENEFIT COVERAGE.--If the Financial 14 15 Services Commission determines that the cost savings under personal injury protection insurance benefits paid by insurers 16 17 have been realized due to the provisions of this act, prior legislative reforms, or other factors, the commission may 18 19 increase the minimum \$10,000 benefit coverage requirement. In 20 establishing the amount of such increase, the commission must determine that the additional premium for such coverage is 21 22 approximately equal to the premium cost savings that have been realized for the personal injury protection coverage with 23 24 limits of \$10,000. 25 Section 10. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 627.739, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 26 27 627.739 Personal injury protection; optional 28 limitations; deductibles.--29 (1) The named insured may elect a deductible or 30 modified coverage or combination thereof to apply to the named 31 insured alone or to the named insured and dependent relatives 60

1 residing in the same household, but may not elect a deductible 2 or modified coverage to apply to any other person covered 3 under the policy. Any person electing a deductible or modified 4 coverage, or a combination thereof, or subject to such 5 deductible or modified coverage as a result of the named 6 insured's election, shall have no right to claim or to recover 7 any amount so deducted from any owner, registrant, operator, 8 or occupant of a vehicle or any person or organization legally 9 responsible for any such person's acts or omissions who is 10 made exempt from tort liability by ss. 627.730-627.7405. 11 (2) Insurers shall offer to each applicant and to each policyholder, upon the renewal of an existing policy, 12 deductibles, in amounts of \$250, \$500, and \$1,000, and \$2,000. 13 The deductible amount must be applied to 100 percent of the 14 expenses and losses described in s. 627.736. After the 15 deductible is met, each insured is eligible to receive up to 16 17 \$10,000 in total benefits described in s. 627.736(1)., such amount to be deducted from the benefits otherwise due each 18 19 person subject to the deduction. However, this subsection shall not be applied to reduce the amount of any benefits 20 21 received in accordance with s. 627.736(1)(c). Section 11. Subsections (7), (8), and (9) of section 22 817.234, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 23 24 817.234 False and fraudulent insurance claims.--25 (7)(a) It shall constitute a material omission and insurance fraud for any physician or other provider, other 26 27 than a hospital, to engage in a general business practice of 28 billing amounts as its usual and customary charge, if such 29 provider has agreed with the patient or intends to waive 30 deductibles or copayments, or does not for any other reason

31 intend to collect the total amount of such charge.

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(b) The provisions of this section shall also apply as to any insurer or adjusting firm or its agents or representatives who, with intent, injure, defraud, or deceive

any claimant with regard to any claim. The claimant shall 4 5 have the right to recover the damages provided in this б section. 7 (c) An insurer, or any person acting at the direction 8 of or on behalf of an insurer, may not change an opinion in a mental or physical report prepared under s. 627.736(7) or 9 10 direct the physician preparing the report to change such 11 opinion; however, this provision does not preclude the insurer from calling to the attention of the physician errors of fact 12 in the report based upon information in the claim file. Any 13 14 person who violates this paragraph commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 15 775.083, or s. 775.084. 16 (8)(a) It is unlawful for any person intending to 17 defraud any other person, in his or her individual capacity or 18 19 in his or her capacity as a public or private employee, or for 20 any firm, corporation, partnership, or association, to solicit or cause to be solicited any business from a person involved 21 in a motor vehicle accident by any means of communication 22 other than advertising directed to the public for the purpose 23 24 of making, adjusting, or settling motor vehicle tort claims or claims for personal injury protection benefits required by s. 25 627.736. Charges for any services rendered by a health care 26 provider or attorney who violates this subsection in regard to 27 the person for whom such services were rendered are 28 29 noncompensable and unenforceable as a matter of law. Any person who violates the provisions of this paragraph 30 31 subsection commits a felony of the second third degree,

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punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 1 2 775.084. A person who is convicted of a violation of this 3 subsection shall be sentenced to a minimum term of 4 imprisonment of 2 years. 5 (b) A person may not solicit or cause to be solicited б any business from a person involved in a motor vehicle 7 accident by any means of communication other than advertising 8 directed to the public for the purpose of making motor vehicle tort claims or claims for personal injury protection benefits 9 10 required by s. 627.736, within 60 days after the occurrence of 11 the motor vehicle accident. Any person who violates this paragraph commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as 12 provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. 13 (c) A lawyer, health care practitioner as defined in 14 s. 456.001, or owner or medical director of a clinic required 15 to be licensed pursuant to s. 400.903 may not, at any time 16 17 after 60 days have elapsed from the occurrence of a motor vehicle accident, solicit or cause to be solicited any 18 19 business from a person involved in a motor vehicle accident by 20 means of in-person or telephone contact at the person's 21 residence, for the purpose of making motor vehicle tort claims or claims for personal injury protection benefits required by 22 s. 627.736. Any person who violates this paragraph commits a 23 24 felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 25 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. (d) Charges for any services rendered by any person 26 27 who violates this subsection in regard to the person for whom such services were rendered are noncompensable and 28 29 unenforceable as a matter of law. 30 (9) A person may not organize, plan, or knowingly participate in an intentional motor vehicle crash for the 31

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1 purpose of making motor vehicle tort claims or claims for personal injury protection benefits as required by s. 627.736. 2 3 It is unlawful for any attorney to solicit any business relating to the representation of a person involved in a motor 4 5 vehicle accident for the purpose of filing a motor vehicle б tort claim or a claim for personal injury protection benefits 7 required by s. 627.736. The solicitation by advertising of 8 any business by an attorney relating to the representation of 9 a person injured in a specific motor vehicle accident is 10 prohibited by this section. Any person attorney who violates 11 the provisions of this paragraph subsection commits a felony of the second third degree, punishable as provided in s. 12 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. A person who is convicted 13 of a violation of this subsection shall be sentenced to a 14 minimum term of imprisonment of 2 years. Whenever any circuit 15 or special grievance committee acting under the jurisdiction 16 17 of the Supreme Court finds probable cause to believe that an attorney is guilty of a violation of this section, such 18 19 committee shall forward to the appropriate state attorney a 20 copy of the finding of probable cause and the report being 21 filed in the matter. This section shall not be interpreted to prohibit advertising by attorneys which does not entail a 22 solicitation as described in this subsection and which is 23 24 permitted by the rules regulating The Florida Bar as promulgated by the Florida Supreme Court. 25 Section 12. Section 817.236, Florida Statutes, is 26 27 amended to read: 817.236 False and fraudulent motor vehicle insurance 28 29 application .-- Any person who, with intent to injure, defraud, 30 or deceive any motor vehicle insurer, including any 31 statutorily created underwriting association or pool of motor 64

1 vehicle insurers, presents or causes to be presented any written application, or written statement in support thereof, 2 3 for motor vehicle insurance knowing that the application or statement contains any false, incomplete, or misleading 4 5 information concerning any fact or matter material to the б application commits a felony misdemeanor of the third first 7 degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, or s. 775.083, 8 or s. 775.084. Section 13. Section 817.2361, Florida Statutes, is 9 10 created to read: 11 817.2361 False or fraudulent motor vehicle insurance card. -- Any person who, with intent to deceive any other 12 person, creates, markets, or presents a false or fraudulent 13 motor vehicle insurance card commits a felony of the third 14 15 degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. <u>775.084</u>. 16 17 Section 14. Effective October 1, 2003, paragraphs (c) 18 and (g) of subsection (3) of section 921.0022, Florida 19 Statutes, are amended to read: 20 921.0022 Criminal Punishment Code; offense severity 21 ranking chart .--22 (3) OFFENSE SEVERITY RANKING CHART 23 24 Florida Felony 25 Statute Description Degree 26 27 28 (c) LEVEL 3 29 119.10(3) Unlawful use of confidential 3rd 30 information from police reports. 31

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1	316.066(3)(d)-(f)	3rd	Unlawfully obtaining or using
2			confidential crash reports.
3	316.193(2)(b)	3rd	Felony DUI, 3rd conviction.
4	316.1935(2)	3rd	Fleeing or attempting to elude
5			law enforcement officer in marked
6			patrol vehicle with siren and
7			lights activated.
8	319.30(4)	3rd	Possession by junkyard of motor
9			vehicle with identification
10			number plate removed.
11	319.33(1)(a)	3rd	Alter or forge any certificate of
12			title to a motor vehicle or
13			mobile home.
14	319.33(1)(c)	3rd	Procure or pass title on stolen
15			vehicle.
16	319.33(4)	3rd	With intent to defraud, possess,
17			sell, etc., a blank, forged, or
18			unlawfully obtained title or
19			registration.
20	327.35(2)(b)	3rd	Felony BUI.
21	328.05(2)	3rd	Possess, sell, or counterfeit
22			fictitious, stolen, or fraudulent
23			titles or bills of sale of
24			vessels.
25	328.07(4)	3rd	Manufacture, exchange, or possess
26			vessel with counterfeit or wrong
27			ID number.
28	376.302(5)	3rd	Fraud related to reimbursement
29			for cleanup expenses under the
30			Inland Protection Trust Fund.
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400.903(3)	3rd	<u>Operating a clinic without a</u>
		license or filing false license
		application or other required
		information.
501.001(2)(b)	2nd	Tampers with a consumer product
		or the container using materially
		false/misleading information.
697.08	3rd	Equity skimming.
790.15(3)	3rd	Person directs another to
		discharge firearm from a vehicle.
796.05(1)	3rd	Live on earnings of a prostitute.
806.10(1)	3rd	Maliciously injure, destroy, or
		interfere with vehicles or
		equipment used in firefighting.
806.10(2)	3rd	Interferes with or assaults
		firefighter in performance of
		duty.
810.09(2)(c)	3rd	Trespass on property other than
		structure or conveyance armed
		with firearm or dangerous weapon.
812.014(2)(c)2.	3rd	Grand theft; \$5,000 or more but
		less than \$10,000.
812.0145(2)(c)	3rd	Theft from person 65 years of age
		or older; \$300 or more but less
		than \$10,000.
815.04(4)(b)	2nd	Computer offense devised to
		defraud or obtain property.
817.034(4)(a)3.	3rd	Engages in scheme to defraud
		(Florida Communications Fraud
		Act), property valued at less
		than \$20,000.
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	501.001(2)(b) 697.08 790.15(3) 796.05(1) 806.10(1) 806.10(2) 810.09(2)(c) 812.014(2)(c)2. 812.0145(2)(c) 815.04(4)(b)	501.001(2)(b)2nd 697.08 3rd $790.15(3)$ 3rd $796.05(1)$ 3rd $806.10(1)$ 3rd $806.10(2)$ 3rd $810.09(2)(c)$ 3rd $812.014(2)(c)2.$ 3rd $812.0145(2)(c)$ 3rd $815.04(4)(b)$ 2nd

1	817.233	3rd	Burning to defraud insurer.
2	817.234(8)		
3	(b)-(c) &(9)	3rd	Unlawful solicitation of persons
4			involved in motor vehicle
5			accidents.
6	817.234(11)(a)	3rd	Insurance fraud; property value
7			less than \$20,000.
8	817.236	3rd	Filing a false motor vehicle
9			insurance application.
10	817.2361	<u>3rd</u>	Creating, marketing, or
11			presenting a false or fraudulent
12			motor vehicle insurance card.
13	817.505(4)	3rd	Patient brokering.
14	828.12(2)	3rd	Tortures any animal with intent
15			to inflict intense pain, serious
16			physical injury, or death.
17	831.28(2)(a)	3rd	Counterfeiting a payment
18			instrument with intent to defraud
19			or possessing a counterfeit
20			payment instrument.
21	831.29	2nd	Possession of instruments for
22			counterfeiting drivers' licenses
23			or identification cards.
24	838.021(3)(b)	3rd	Threatens unlawful harm to public
25			servant.
26	843.19	3rd	Injure, disable, or kill police
27			dog or horse.
28	870.01(2)	3rd	Riot; inciting or encouraging.
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31			
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Florida	Senate	-	2003
17-2589-	-03		

1	893.13(1)(a)2.	3rd	Sell, manufacture, or deliver
2			cannabis (or other s.
3			893.03(1)(c), (2)(c)1., (2)(c)2.,
4			(2)(c)3., (2)(c)5., (2)(c)6.,
5			(2)(c)7., (2)(c)8., (2)(c)9.,
6			(3), or (4) drugs).
7	893.13(1)(d)2.	2nd	Sell, manufacture, or deliver s.
8			893.03(1)(c), (2)(c)1., (2)(c)2.,
9			(2)(c)3., (2)(c)5., (2)(c)6.,
10			(2)(c)7., (2)(c)8., (2)(c)9.,
11			(3), or (4) drugs within 200 feet
12			of university or public park.
13	893.13(1)(f)2.	2nd	Sell, manufacture, or deliver s.
14			893.03(1)(c), (2)(c)1., (2)(c)2.,
15			(2)(c)3., (2)(c)5., (2)(c)6.,
16			(2)(c)7., (2)(c)8., (2)(c)9.,
17			(3), or (4) drugs within 200 feet
18			of public housing facility.
19	893.13(6)(a)	3rd	Possession of any controlled
20			substance other than felony
21			possession of cannabis.
22	893.13(7)(a)8.	3rd	Withhold information from
23			practitioner regarding previous
24			receipt of or prescription for a
25			controlled substance.
26	893.13(7)(a)9.	3rd	Obtain or attempt to obtain
27			controlled substance by fraud,
28			forgery, misrepresentation, etc.
29	893.13(7)(a)10.	3rd	Affix false or forged label to
30			package of controlled substance.
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Florida	Senate	-	2003
17-2589-	-03		

1	893.13(7)(a)11.	3rd	Furnish false or fraudulent
2			material information on any
3			document or record required by
4			chapter 893.
5	893.13(8)(a)1.	3rd	Knowingly assist a patient, other
6			person, or owner of an animal in
7			obtaining a controlled substance
8			through deceptive, untrue, or
9			fraudulent representations in or
10			related to the practitioner's
11			practice.
12	893.13(8)(a)2.	3rd	Employ a trick or scheme in the
13			practitioner's practice to assist
14			a patient, other person, or owner
15			of an animal in obtaining a
16			controlled substance.
17	893.13(8)(a)3.	3rd	Knowingly write a prescription
18			for a controlled substance for a
19			fictitious person.
20	893.13(8)(a)4.	3rd	Write a prescription for a
21			controlled substance for a
22			patient, other person, or an
23			animal if the sole purpose of
24			writing the prescription is a
25			monetary benefit for the
26			practitioner.
27	918.13(1)(a)	3rd	Alter, destroy, or conceal
28			investigation evidence.
29	944.47		
30	(1)(a)12.	3rd	Introduce contraband to
31			correctional facility.
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CODING:Words stricken are deletions; words <u>underlined</u> are additions.

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1	944.47(1)(c)	2nd	Possess contraband while upon the
2			grounds of a correctional
3			institution.
4	985.3141	3rd	Escapes from a juvenile facility
5			(secure detention or residential
б			commitment facility).
7			(g) LEVEL 7
8	316.193(3)(c)2.	3rd	DUI resulting in serious bodily
9			injury.
10	327.35(3)(c)2.	3rd	Vessel BUI resulting in serious
11			bodily injury.
12	402.319(2)	2nd	Misrepresentation and negligence
13			or intentional act resulting in
14			great bodily harm, permanent
15			disfiguration, permanent
16			disability, or death.
17	409.920(2)	3rd	Medicaid provider fraud.
18	456.065(2)	3rd	Practicing a health care
19			profession without a license.
20	456.065(2)	2nd	Practicing a health care
21			profession without a license
22			which results in serious bodily
23			injury.
24	458.327(1)	3rd	Practicing medicine without a
25			license.
26	459.013(1)	3rd	Practicing osteopathic medicine
27			without a license.
28	460.411(1)	3rd	Practicing chiropractic medicine
29			without a license.
30	461.012(1)	3rd	Practicing podiatric medicine
31			without a license.
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1	462.17	3rd	Practicing naturopathy without a
2			license.
3	463.015(1)	3rd	Practicing optometry without a
4			license.
5	464.016(1)	3rd	Practicing nursing without a
6			license.
7	465.015(2)	3rd	Practicing pharmacy without a
8			license.
9	466.026(1)	3rd	Practicing dentistry or dental
10			hygiene without a license.
11	467.201	3rd	Practicing midwifery without a
12			license.
13	468.366	3rd	Delivering respiratory care
14			services without a license.
15	483.828(1)	3rd	Practicing as clinical laboratory
16			personnel without a license.
17	483.901(9)	3rd	Practicing medical physics
18			without a license.
19	484.013(1)(c)	3rd	Preparing or dispensing optical
20			devices without a prescription.
21	484.053	3rd	Dispensing hearing aids without a
22			license.
23	494.0018(2)	lst	Conviction of any violation of
24			ss. 494.001-494.0077 in which the
25			total money and property
26			unlawfully obtained exceeded
27			\$50,000 and there were five or
28			more victims.
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Florida Senate - 2003 17-2589-03

1	560.123(8)(b)1.	3rd	Failure to report currency or
2			payment instruments exceeding
3			\$300 but less than \$20,000 by
4			money transmitter.
5	560.125(5)(a)	3rd	Money transmitter business by
6			unauthorized person, currency or
7			payment instruments exceeding
8			\$300 but less than \$20,000.
9	655.50(10)(b)1.	3rd	Failure to report financial
10			transactions exceeding \$300 but
11			less than \$20,000 by financial
12			institution.
13	782.051(3)	2nd	Attempted felony murder of a
14			person by a person other than the
15			perpetrator or the perpetrator of
16			an attempted felony.
17	782.07(1)	2nd	Killing of a human being by the
18			act, procurement, or culpable
19			negligence of another
20			(manslaughter).
21	782.071	2nd	Killing of human being or viable
22			fetus by the operation of a motor
23			vehicle in a reckless manner
24			(vehicular homicide).
25	782.072	2nd	Killing of a human being by the
26			operation of a vessel in a
27			reckless manner (vessel
28			homicide).
29	784.045(1)(a)1.	2nd	Aggravated battery; intentionally
30			causing great bodily harm or
31			disfigurement.
			73

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1	784.045(1)(a)2.	2nd	Aggravated battery; using deadly
2			weapon.
3	784.045(1)(b)	2nd	Aggravated battery; perpetrator
4			aware victim pregnant.
5	784.048(4)	3rd	Aggravated stalking; violation of
6			injunction or court order.
7	784.07(2)(d)	1st	Aggravated battery on law
8			enforcement officer.
9	784.074(1)(a)	lst	Aggravated battery on sexually
10			violent predators facility staff.
11	784.08(2)(a)	lst	Aggravated battery on a person 65
12			years of age or older.
13	784.081(1)	lst	Aggravated battery on specified
14			official or employee.
15	784.082(1)	lst	Aggravated battery by detained
16			person on visitor or other
17			detainee.
18	784.083(1)	lst	Aggravated battery on code
19			inspector.
20	790.07(4)	lst	Specified weapons violation
21			subsequent to previous conviction
22			of s. 790.07(1) or (2).
23	790.16(1)	1st	Discharge of a machine gun under
24			specified circumstances.
25	790.165(2)	2nd	Manufacture, sell, possess, or
26			deliver hoax bomb.
27	790.165(3)	2nd	Possessing, displaying, or
28			threatening to use any hoax bomb
29			while committing or attempting to
30			commit a felony.
31			

1	790.166(3)	2nd	Possessing, selling, using, or
2			attempting to use a hoax weapon
3			of mass destruction.
4	790.166(4)	2nd	Possessing, displaying, or
5			threatening to use a hoax weapon
б			of mass destruction while
7			committing or attempting to
8			commit a felony.
9	796.03	2nd	Procuring any person under 16
10			years for prostitution.
11	800.04(5)(c)1.	2nd	Lewd or lascivious molestation;
12			victim less than 12 years of age;
13			offender less than 18 years.
14	800.04(5)(c)2.	2nd	Lewd or lascivious molestation;
15			victim 12 years of age or older
16			but less than 16 years; offender
17			18 years or older.
18	806.01(2)	2nd	Maliciously damage structure by
19			fire or explosive.
20	810.02(3)(a)	2nd	Burglary of occupied dwelling;
21			unarmed; no assault or battery.
22	810.02(3)(b)	2nd	Burglary of unoccupied dwelling;
23			unarmed; no assault or battery.
24	810.02(3)(d)	2nd	Burglary of occupied conveyance;
25			unarmed; no assault or battery.
26	812.014(2)(a)	lst	Property stolen, valued at
27			\$100,000 or more; cargo stolen
28			valued at \$50,000 or more;
29			property stolen while causing
30			other property damage; 1st degree
31			grand theft.
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1	812.014(2)(b)3.	2nd	Property stolen, emergency
2			medical equipment; 2nd degree
3			grand theft.
4	812.0145(2)(a)	1st	Theft from person 65 years of age
5			or older; \$50,000 or more.
6	812.019(2)	1st	Stolen property; initiates,
7			organizes, plans, etc., the theft
8			of property and traffics in
9			stolen property.
10	812.131(2)(a)	2nd	Robbery by sudden snatching.
11	812.133(2)(b)	1st	Carjacking; no firearm, deadly
12			weapon, or other weapon.
13	817.234(8)(a)	2nd	Solicitation of motor vehicle
14			accident victims with intent to
15			defraud.
16	817.234(9)	2nd	Organizing, planning, or
17			participating in an intentional
18			motor vehicle collision.
19	817.234(11)(c)	1st	Insurance fraud; property value
20			\$100,000 or more.
21	825.102(3)(b)	2nd	Neglecting an elderly person or
22			disabled adult causing great
23			bodily harm, disability, or
24			disfigurement.
25	825.103(2)(b)	2nd	Exploiting an elderly person or
26			disabled adult and property is
27			valued at \$20,000 or more, but
28			less than \$100,000.
29	827.03(3)(b)	2nd	Neglect of a child causing great
30			bodily harm, disability, or
31			disfigurement.
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1	827.04(3)	3rd	Impregnation of a child under 16
2			years of age by person 21 years
3			of age or older.
4	837.05(2)	3rd	Giving false information about
5			alleged capital felony to a law
6			enforcement officer.
7	872.06	2nd	Abuse of a dead human body.
8	893.13(1)(c)1.	1st	Sell, manufacture, or deliver
9			cocaine (or other drug prohibited
10			under s. 893.03(1)(a), (1)(b),
11			(1)(d), $(2)(a)$, $(2)(b)$, or
12			(2)(c)4.) within 1,000 feet of a
13			child care facility or school.
14	893.13(1)(e)1.	1st	Sell, manufacture, or deliver
15			cocaine or other drug prohibited
16			under s. 893.03(1)(a), (1)(b),
17			(1)(d), $(2)(a)$, $(2)(b)$, or
18			(2)(c)4., within 1,000 feet of
19			property used for religious
20			services or a specified business
21			site.
22	893.13(4)(a)	1st	Deliver to minor cocaine (or
23			other s. 893.03(1)(a), (1)(b),
24			(1)(d), $(2)(a)$, $(2)(b)$, or
25			(2)(c)4. drugs).
26	893.135(1)(a)1.	1st	Trafficking in cannabis, more
27			than 25 lbs., less than 2,000
28			lbs.
29	893.135		
30	(1)(b)1.a.	1st	Trafficking in cocaine, more than
31			28 grams, less than 200 grams.
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893.135
 1
 2
     (1)(c)1.a.
                        1st
                                 Trafficking in illegal drugs,
 3
                                 more than 4 grams, less than 14
 4
                                  grams.
 5
    893.135
 б
     (1)(d)1.
                        1st
                                 Trafficking in phencyclidine,
 7
                                 more than 28 grams, less than 200
 8
                                 grams.
9
                                 Trafficking in methaqualone, more
    893.135(1)(e)1.
                        1st
10
                                  than 200 grams, less than 5
11
                                 kilograms.
12
    893.135(1)(f)1.
                                 Trafficking in amphetamine, more
                        1st
13
                                  than 14 grams, less than 28
14
                                  grams.
    893.135
15
16
                                 Trafficking in flunitrazepam, 4
     (1)(g)1.a.
                        1st
17
                                  grams or more, less than 14
18
                                  grams.
19
    893.135
20
     (1)(h)1.a.
                        1st
                                 Trafficking in
21
                                 gamma-hydroxybutyric acid (GHB),
22
                                  1 kilogram or more, less than 5
23
                                 kilograms.
24
    893.135
25
                                 Trafficking in 1,4-Butanediol, 1
     (1)(j)1.a.
                        1st
26
                                 kilogram or more, less than 5
27
                                 kilograms.
    893.135
28
29
     (1)(k)2.a.
                        1st
                                 Trafficking in Phenethylamines,
30
                                  10 grams or more, less than 200
31
                                  grams.
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896.101(5)(a) 1 3rd Money laundering, financial 2 transactions exceeding \$300 but 3 less than \$20,000. 896.104(4)(a)1. Structuring transactions to evade 4 3rd 5 reporting or registration б requirements, financial 7 transactions exceeding \$300 but 8 less than \$20,000. 9 Section 15. The amendment made by this act to section 456.0375(1)(b), Florida Statutes, is intended to clarify the 10 11 legislative intent of this provision as it existed at the time the provision initially took effect. Accordingly, section 12 456.0375(1)(b), Florida Statutes, as amended by this act shall 13 operate retroactively to October 1, 2001. 14 Section 16. Effective March 1, 2004, section 456.0375, 15 Florida Statutes, is repealed. 16 17 Section 17. (1) On or before January 1, 2004, every 18 insurer writing with a managing general agent and having a 19 per-policy fee in its rate filing shall make a rate filing under section 627.062 or section 627.0651, Florida Statutes, 20 21 to conform its per-policy fee to the requirements of this act. (2) Any increase in benefits approved by the Financial 22 Services Commission under subsection (12) of section 627.736, 23 24 Florida Statutes, as added by this act, shall apply to new and 25 renewal policies that are effective 120 days after the order issued by the commission becomes final. Subsection (2) of 26 27 section 627.739, Florida Statutes, as amended by this act, shall apply to new and renewal policies issued on or after 28 29 October 1, 2003. 30 31

1	(3) Subsection (11) of section 627.736, Florida			
2	Statutes, as amended by this act, shall apply to actions filed			
3	on and after the effective date of this act.			
4	(4) Paragraph (7)(a) of section 627.736, Florida			
5	Statutes, as amended by this act, and paragraph (7)(c) of			
6	section 817.234, Florida Statutes, as amended by this act,			
7	shall apply to examinations conducted on and after October 1,			
8	2003.			
9	Section 18. By December 31, 2004, the Department of			
10	Financial Services, the Department of Health, and the Agency			
11	for Health Care Administration each shall submit a report on			
12	the implementation of this act and recommendations, if any, to			
13	further improve the automobile insurance market, reduce			
14	automobile insurance costs, and reduce automobile insurance			
15	fraud and abuse to the President of the Senate and the Speaker			
16	of the House of Representatives. The report by the Department			
17	of Financial Services shall include a study of the medical and			
18	legal costs associated with personal injury protection			
19	insurance claims.			
20	Section 19. There is appropriated \$2.5 million from			
21	the Health Care Trust Fund, and 51 full-time equivalent			
22	positions are authorized, for the Agency for Health Care			
23	Administration to implement the provisions of this act.			
24	Section 20. (1) Effective October 1, 2007, sections			
25	<u>627.730, 627.731, 627.732, 627.733, 627.734, 627.736, 627.737,</u>			
26	627.739, 627.7401, 627.7403, and 627.7405, Florida Statutes,			
27	constituting the Florida Motor Vehicle No-Fault Law, are			
28	repealed, unless reenacted by the Legislature during the 2006			
29	Regular Session and such reenactment becomes law to take			
30	effect for policies issued or renewed on or after October 1,			
31	2006.			

(2) Insurers are authorized to provide, in all policies issues or renewed after October 1, 2006, that such policies may terminate on or after October 1, 2007, as provided in subsection (1). Section 21. If any law that is amended by this act was б also amended by a law enacted at the 2003 Regular Session of the Legislature, such laws shall be construed as if they had been enacted during the same session of the Legislature, and full effect should be given to each if that is possible. Section 22. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this act, this act shall take effect July 1, 2003. SENATE SUMMARY Creates the "Florida Motor Vehicle Insurance Affordability Reform Act." Restricts the use of crash reports for the purpose of soliciting accident victims. Creates the "Health Care Clinic Act." Transfers Creates the "Health Care Clinic Act." Transfers regulation of clinics from the Department of Health to the Agency for Health Care Administration. Provides penalties for fraudulent actions by insurers and providers. Revises payment schedules for injuries covered by personal injury protection benefits. Requires the Department of Financial Services, the Department of Health, and the Agency for Health Care Administration to submit reports and recommendations to the Legislature. Provides an appropriation. (See bill for details.)

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