${\bf By}$ the Committee on Regulated Industries; and Senator Diaz de la Portilla

315-2649-03

1

3 4

5

6

7

8

10

11 12

13

14 15

16 17

18 19

20

2122

23

2425

26

2728

2930

31

A bill to be entitled An act relating to the Florida Clean Indoor Air Act; implementing s. 20, Art. X of the State Constitution; reenacting s. 386.201, F.S., relating to a short title; amending s. 386.202, F.S.; providing legislative intent and findings; amending s. 386.203, F.S.; providing definitions; amending s. 386.204, F.S.; prohibiting smoking in certain places; creating s. 386.2045, F.S.; establishing specific exceptions where smoking is permitted; amending s. 386.205, F.S.; providing for designated smoking rooms; providing certain exceptions; requiring state agencies to adopt rules; amending s. 386.206, F.S.; providing requirements for the posting of signs in rooms designated as smoking rooms; amending s. 386.207, F.S.; providing for enforcement of the act by the Department of Business and Professional Regulation and the Department of Health; providing penalties; providing for the use of moneys collected as fines under the act; amending s. 386.208, F.S.; providing penalties; reenacting s. 386.209, F.S., relating to preemption by the state of the regulation of smoking; amending s. 386.211, F.S.; providing for announcements at certain facilities; amending s. 386.212, F.S.; prohibiting smoking near school property; creating s. 386.2125, F.S.; requiring the Department of Health and the Department of Business and Professional

31 building as a smoking area.

1 Regulation to adopt rules; providing for 2 construction of the act in pari materia with 3 laws enacted during the Regular Session of the Legislature; providing for severability; 4 5 providing an effective date. 6 7 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 8 Section 1. Section 386.201, Florida Statutes, is 9 10 reenacted to read: 11 386.201 Short title.--This part may be cited as the "Florida Clean Indoor Air Act." 12 Section 2. Section 386.202, Florida Statutes, is 13 amended to read: 14 386.202 Legislative intent. -- The purpose of this part 15 is to protect people from the public health hazards of 16 17 second-hand, comfort, and environment by creating areas in public places and at public meetings that are reasonably free 18 19 from tobacco smoke and to implement the Florida health initiative in s. 20, Art. X of the State Constitution by 20 providing a uniform statewide maximum code. It is the intent 21 22 of the Legislature to not inhibit, or otherwise obstruct, smoking cessation programs, medical research, or scientific 23 24 research in this state. The Legislature finds that tobacco 25 smoking that is integral to a smoking cessation program, medical research, or scientific research does not present a 26 27 credible public health hazard from second-hand smoke. This 28 part shall not be interpreted to require the designation of 29 smoking areas. However, it is the intent of the Legislature to discourage the designation of any area within a government 30

 Section 3. Section 386.203, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

386.203 Definitions.--As used in this part, the term:

- (1) "Commercial use of a private residence" means any time during which the owner, lessee, or other person occupying or controlling the use of a private residence is furnishing in the private residence, or causing or allowing to be furnished in the private residence, child care, adult care, or health care, or any combination thereof, and receiving or expecting to receive compensation therefor.
- (2) "Common area" means a hallway, corridor, lobby, aisle, water fountain area, restroom, stairwell, entryway, or conference room in a public place.
 - (3) "Department" means the Department of Health.
- establishments" means the sleeping rooms and directly associated private areas, such as bathrooms, living rooms, and kitchen areas, if any, rented to guests for their exclusive transient occupancy in public lodging establishments, including hotels, motels, resort condominiums, transient apartments, transient lodging establishments, rooming houses, boarding houses, resort dwellings, bed and breakfast inns, and the like and designated by the person or persons having management authority over such public lodging establishment as rooms in which smoking may be permitted.
- (5) "Enclosed indoor workplace" means a workplace that is predominantly or totally bounded on all sides and above by physical barriers. The term does not include a workplace without physical barriers of any kind from above; a workplace that is totally or partially bounded from above with at least 25 percent of the contiguous surface area of the sides without

```
a physical barrier; or a workplace that is bounded on all
    sides and above by physical barriers consisting of no more
2
3
    than 50 percent of the total bounded surface area of the
4
   workplace.
5
          (6) "Essential services" means those services that are
6
    essential to the maintenance of any enclosed indoor room,
7
    regardless of whether the room is a workplace, including, but
8
   not limited to, janitorial services, repairs, or renovations.
9
          (7) "Government building" means a building or portion
10
    of a building owned by or leased to the state or a political
11
    subdivision of the state and used for governmental purposes.
          (8) "Physical barrier" includes an uncovered opening,
12
    a screened or otherwise partially covered opening, or an open
13
    or closed window, jalousie, or door.
14
          (9)(1) "Public place" means the following enclosed,
15
    indoor areas used by the general public:
16
17
           (a) Government buildings;
18
           (b) Public means of mass transportation and their
19
    associated terminals not subject to federal smoking
20
    regulation;
21
           (c) Elevators;
22
           (d) Hospitals;
               Nursing homes;
23
           (e)
24
           (f)
                Educational facilities;
           (q) Public school buses;
25
           (h) Libraries;
26
27
           (i) Courtrooms;
28
                Jury waiting and deliberation rooms;
           (j)
29
           (k)
               Museums;
               Theaters;
30
           (1)
31
           (m)
               Auditoriums;
```

1	(n) Arenas;
2	(o) Recreational facilities;
3	(p) Restaurants;
4	(q) Retail stores , except a retail store the primary
5	business of which is the sale of tobacco or tobacco related
6	products;
7	(r) Grocery stores;
8	(s) Buildings that contain an enclosed indoor
9	workplace Places of employment;
10	(t) Health care facilities;
11	(u) Day care centers; and
12	(\mathtt{v}) Common areas of retirement homes and condominiums.
13	(2) "Government building" means any building or any
14	portion of any building owned by or leased to the state or any
15	political subdivision thereof and used for governmental
16	purposes.
17	$\frac{(10)}{(3)}$ "Public meeting" means all meetings open to
18	the public, including meetings of homeowner, condominium, or
19	renter or tenant associations unless such meetings are held in
20	a private residence.
21	(11) "Second-hand smoke" means smoke emitted from
22	lighted, smoldering, or burning tobacco when the smoker is not
23	inhaling; smoke emitted at the mouthpiece during puff drawing;
24	and smoke exhaled by the smoker.
25	(12) (4) "Smoking" means inhaling, exhaling, burning,
26	carrying, or possessing a lighted tobacco product, including
27	cigarettes, cigars, pipe tobacco possession of a lighted
28	cigarette, lighted cigar, lighted pipe , or any other lighted
29	tobacco product.
30	(13) "Work" means performing an employment or
31	employment-type service for, or at the request of, another

person or a public or private entity, regardless of whether the employment or employment-type service is performed for 2 3 compensation or on a full-time or part-time basis, whether 4 legally or not. The term includes employment or 5 employment-type service performed by an employee, independent 6 contractor, agent, partner, proprietor, manager, officer, 7 director, apprentice, trainee, associate, servant, volunteer, 8 or similar person. The term does not include noncommercial activities performed by members of a membership association. 9 10 (14)"Workplace" means a room where one or more 11 persons perform work. This section applies to all such workplaces without regard to whether work is occurring at any 12 given time. The term does not include any facility owned or 13 leased by and used exclusively for noncommercial activities 14 performed by the members and guests of a membership 15 association, including social gatherings, meetings, dining, 16 17 and dances, if no person or persons are engaged in work as defined in subsection (13). Each facility in which tobacco 18 19 smoking is permitted during the activities of a membership association must conspicuously post, or cause to be posted, in 20 21 the facility signs stating that smoking is permitted. (15) "Membership association" means a charitable, 22 nonprofit, or veterans' organization that holds a current 23 24 exemption under s. 501(c)(3), s. 501(c)(4), s. 501(c)(7), s. 25 501(c)(8), s. 501(c)(10), s. 501(c)(19), or s. 501(d) of the Internal Revenue Code. 26 27 (5) "Smoking area" means any designated area meeting 28 the requirements of ss. 386.205 and 386.206. 29 (6) "Common area" means any hallway, corridor, lobby, 30 aisle, water fountain area, restroom, stairwell, entryway, or 31 conference room in any public place.

(7) "Department" means the Department of Health. 1 2 (8) "Division" means the Division of Hotels and 3 Restaurants of the Department of Business and Professional 4 Regulation. 5 Section 4. Section 386.204, Florida Statutes, is 6 amended to read: 7 386.204 Prohibition.--8 (1) ENCLOSED INDOOR WORKPLACES.--A person may not 9 smoke in an enclosed indoor workplace, except as otherwise 10 provided in s. 386.2045. 11 (2) PUBLIC PLACES. -- A person may not smoke in a public place or at a public meeting except as provided in this part 12 in designated smoking areas. These prohibitions do not apply 13 in cases in which an entire room or hall is used for a private 14 function and seating arrangements are under the control of the 15 sponsor of the function and not of the proprietor or person in 16 17 charge of the room or hall. Section 5. Section 386.2045, Florida Statutes, is 18 19 created to read: 386.2045 Enclosed indoor workplaces; specific 20 21 exceptions. -- Notwithstanding s. 386.204(1), tobacco smoking may be permitted in each of the following places: 22 23 (1) PRIVATE RESIDENCE. -- A private residence whenever 24 it is not being used commercially to provide child care, adult care, or health care, or any combination thereof. 25 (2) RETAIL TOBACCO SHOP. -- Any enclosed indoor 26 27 workplace dedicated to or predominantly for the retail sale of tobacco, tobacco products, and accessories for such products, 28 29 in which the sale of other products or services is merely 30 incidental. Any enclosed indoor workplace of a business that

tobacco leaf dealer is a business dedicated to or predominantly for the retail sale of tobacco and tobacco products when, as a necessary and integral part of the process of making, manufacturing, importing, or distributing a tobacco product for the eventual retail sale of such tobacco or tobacco product, tobacco is heated, burned, or smoked or a lighted tobacco product is tested.

- (3) DESIGNATED SMOKING GUEST ROOM.--A designated smoking guest room at a public lodging establishment.
- (4) STAND-ALONE BAR. -- Any place of business that during all times of operation is devoted predominantly or totally to serving alcoholic beverages, intoxicating beverages, or intoxicating liquors, or any combination thereof, for consumption on the licensed premises; in which the serving of food, if any, is merely incidental to the consumption of any such beverage; and the licensed premises is not located within, and does not share any common entryway or common indoor area with, any other enclosed indoor workplace, including any business for which the sale of food or any other product or service is more than an incidental source of gross revenue. A business must not derive more than 10 percent of its gross revenue from the sale of food for consumption on the licensed premises.
- SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH. -- Any enclosed indoor workplace or public place, to the extent that tobacco smoking is an integral part of a smoking-cessation program, medical research, or scientific research. Each room in which tobacco smoking is permitted must post, or conspicuously cause to be posted, a sign stating that tobacco smoking is permitted as part of a

smoking-cessation program, medical research, or scientific
research.

workplace or public place, to the extent that tobacco smoking is a part of a theatrical, commercial advertising, music video, television, or motion picture performance. Each room in which tobacco smoking is permitted as part of a performance must post or conspicuously cause to be posted, a sign stating that tobacco smoking is permitted as part of a performance.

Section 6. Section 386.205, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

386.205 Designation of smoking rooms areas.--

- (1) A smoking room areas may be designated by the person in charge of an airport in-transit lounge under the authority and control of the Bureau of Customs and Border

 Protection of the United States Department of Homeland

 Security a public place. A smoking room may be designated in an airport in-transit lounge under the authority and control of the Bureau of Customs and Border Protection of the United States Department of Homeland Security. A smoking room may not be designated in an elevator, restroom, or any common area as defined in s. 386.203. Each designated smoking room must conform to the following requirements:
- (a) Work, other than essential services defined in s. 386.203, must not be performed in the room at any given time.
- (b) Tobacco smoking must not be permitted in the room while any essential services are being performed in the room.
- (c) Each smoking room must be enclosed by physical barriers that are impenetrable by second-hand tobacco smoke and prevent the escape of second-hand tobacco smoke into a common area or an enclosed indoor workplace.

(d) Each designated smoking room must exhaust tobacco smoke directly to the outside and away from air intake ducts, and be maintained under negative pressure, with respect to surrounding spaces, sufficient to contain tobacco smoke within the designated room.

(e) Each smoking room must conspicuously post, or cause to be posted, in the room and at the entrance to the room signs stating that smoking is permitted. If a smoking area is designated, existing physical barriers and ventilation systems shall be used to minimize smoke in adjacent nonsmoking areas. This provision shall not be construed to require fixed structural or other physical modifications in providing these areas or to require operation of any existing heating, ventilating, and air-conditioning system (HVAC system) in any manner which decreases its energy efficiency or increases its electrical demand, or both, nor shall this provision be construed to require installation of new or additional HVAC systems.

(2)(a) A smoking area may not be designated in an elevator, school bus, public means of mass transportation subject only to state smoking regulation, restroom, hospital, doctor's or dentist's waiting room, jury, deliberation room, county health department, day care center, school or other educational facility, or any common area as defined in s. 386.203. However, a patient's room in a hospital, nursing home, or other health care facility may be designated as a smoking area if such designation is ordered by the attending physician and agreed to by all patients assigned to that room.

(b) Notwithstanding anything in this part to the contrary, no more than one-half of the rooms in any health care facility may be designated as smoking areas.

designated as a smoking area.

1

2 3

4 5

6

7

9

10

11

12

13

14

15 16

17

18 19

20

21

22

23 24

25

26

2.7

28

29

30

(3) In a workplace where there are smokers and nonsmokers, employers shall develop, implement, and post a policy regarding designation of smoking and nonsmoking areas. Such a policy shall take into consideration the proportion of smokers and nonsmokers. Employers who make reasonable efforts to develop, implement, and post such a policy shall be deemed in compliance. An entire area may be designated as a smoking area if all workers routinely assigned to work in that area at the same time agree. With respect to the square footage in any public place as described in subsection (4), this square footage shall not include private office work space which is not a common area as defined in s. 386.203(6) and which is ordinarily inaccessible to the public. (4)(a) No more than one-half of the total square footage in any public place within a single enclosed indoor area used for a common purpose shall be reserved and

- (b) The square footage limitation set forth in paragraph (a) shall not apply to any restaurant subject to this part. With respect to such restaurants:
- 1. No more than 50 percent of the seats existing in a restaurant's dining room at any time shall be located in an area designated as a smoking area.
- 2. Effective October 1, 2001, no more than 35 percent of the seats existing in a restaurant's dining room at any time shall be located in an area designated as a smoking area.
- (3)(5) A smoking room area may not contain common areas that which are expected to be used by the public.
- (4)(6) Each state agency may adopt rules for administering this section which take into consideration the 31 provisions of this part.

 Section 7. Section 386.206, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

386.206 Posting of signs.—The person in charge of a public place shall conspicuously post, or cause to be posted, in any <u>public place</u> area designated as a smoking area signs stating that smoking is not permitted in the <u>public place</u> such area. Each sign posted <u>under pursuant to</u> this section <u>must shall</u> have letters of reasonable size which can be easily read. The color, design, and precise place of posting of these such signs shall be left to the discretion of the person in charge of the premises. In order to increase public awareness, the person in charge of a public place may, at his or her discretion, also post "NO SMOKING EXCEPT IN DESIGNATED AREAS" signs as appropriate.

Section 8. Section 386.207, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

386.207 Administration; enforcement; civil penalties; exceptions exemptions.--

- Professional Regulation or the division shall enforce this part ss. 386.205 and 386.206 and to implement such enforcement shall adopt, in consultation with the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services and the State Fire Marshal, rules specifying procedures to be followed by enforcement personnel in investigating complaints and notifying alleged violators, rules defining types of cases for which exceptions exemptions may be granted, and rules specifying procedures by which appeals may be taken by aggrieved parties.
- (2) Public agencies responsible for the management and maintenance of government buildings shall report observed violations to the department and the Department of Business

3

4 5

6

7

9

10 11

12 13

14

15

16 17

18 19

20

21

22

2324

25

26

2728

29

30

31

and Professional Regulation or division. The State Fire Marshal shall report to the department and the Department of Business and Professional Regulation or division observed violations of this part ss. 386.205 and 386.206 found during its periodic inspections conducted under pursuant to its regulatory authority. The department and the Department of Business and Professional Regulation or the division, upon notification of observed violations of this part ss. 386.205 and 386.206, shall issue to the proprietor or other person in charge of such public place or enclosed indoor workplace a notice to comply with this part ss. 386.205 and 386.206. the such person fails to comply within 30 days after receipt of the such notice, the department and the Department of Business and Professional Regulation or the division shall assess a civil penalty against the person of not less than \$250 and him or her not to exceed\$750\$100 for the first violation and not less than \$500 and not to exceed\$2,000 \$500 for each subsequent violation. The imposition of the such fine must shall be in accordance with the provisions of chapter 120. If a person refuses to comply with this part ss. 386.205 and 386.206, after having been assessed such penalty, the department and the Department of Business and Professional Regulation or the division may file a complaint in the circuit court of the county in which the such public place or enclosed indoor workplace is located to require compliance. (3) A person may request an exemption from ss. 386.205

(3) A person may request an exemption from ss. 386.205 and 386.206 by applying to the department or the division.

The department or the division may grant exemptions on a case-by-case basis where it determines that substantial good faith efforts have been made to comply or that emergency or extraordinary circumstances exist.

 (3)(4) All fine moneys collected pursuant to this section shall be used by the department for children's medical services programs pursuant to the provisions of part I of chapter 391.

Section 9. Section 386.208, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

386.208 Penalties.--Any person who violates s. 386.204 commits a noncriminal violation as <u>defined</u> provided for in s. 775.08(3), punishable by a fine of not more than \$100 for the first violation and not more than \$500 for each subsequent violation. Jurisdiction shall be with the appropriate county court.

Section 10. Section 386.209, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

386.209 Regulation of smoking preempted to state.—This part expressly preempts regulation of smoking to the state and supersedes any municipal or county ordinance on the subject.

Section 11. Section 386.211, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

386.211 Public announcements in mass transportation terminals.—Announcements about the Florida Clean Indoor Air Act shall be made regularly over public address systems in terminals of public transportation carriers located in metropolitan statistical areas with populations over 230,000 according to the latest census. These announcements shall be made at least every 30 minutes and shall be made in appropriate languages. Each announcement <u>must shall</u> include a statement to the effect that Florida is a clean indoor air state and that smoking is <u>not</u> allowed <u>except as provided in</u> this part <u>only in designated areas</u>.

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12 13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23 24

25

26 27

28

29

30

Section 12. Section 386.212, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

386.212 Smoking prohibited near school property; penalty.--

- (1) It is unlawful for any person under 18 years of age to smoke tobacco in, on, or within 1,000 feet of the real property comprising a public or private elementary, middle, or secondary school between the hours of 6 a.m. and midnight. This section does shall not apply to any person occupying a moving vehicle or within a private residence.
- (2) A law enforcement officer may issue a citation in such form as prescribed by a county or municipality to any person violating the provisions of this section. Any such citation must contain:
 - The date and time of issuance. (a)
 - The name and address of the person cited. (b)
- (C) The date and time the civil infraction was committed.
 - (d) The statute violated.
 - The facts constituting the violation. (e)
- The name and authority of the law enforcement (f) officer.
- The procedure for the person to follow to pay the civil penalty, to contest the citation, or to appear in court.
- The applicable civil penalty if the person elects (h) not to contest the citation.
- The applicable civil penalty if the person elects to contest the citation.
- (3) Any person issued a citation pursuant to this section shall be deemed to be charged with a civil infraction 31 punishable by a maximum civil penalty not to exceed \$25, or 50

hours of community service or, where available, successful completion of a school-approved anti-tobacco "alternative to suspension" program.

(4) Any person who fails to comply with the directions on the citation shall be deemed to waive his or her right to contest the citation and an order to show cause may be issued by the court.

Section 13. Section 386.2125, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

386.2125 Rulemaking.--The department and the

Department of Business and Professional Regulation shall, in

consultation with the State Fire Marshal and the Department of

Agriculture and Consumer Services, have the authority to adopt

rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to implement the

provisions of this part.

Section 14. If any law that is amended by this act was also amended by a law enacted at the 2003 Regular Session of the Legislature, such laws shall be construed as if they had been enacted during the same session of the Legislature, and full effect should be given to each if that is possible.

Section 15. If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the invalidity does not affect other provisions or applications of the act that can be given effect without the invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions of this act are declared severable.

Section 16. This act shall take effect July 1, 2003.

1	STATEMENT OF SUBSTANTIAL CHANGES CONTAINED IN
2	COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR SB 44-A
3	
4 5	Eliminates the provisions regarding restaurant patios and the ventilation system requirements.
	Eliminates the provisions regarding entryways and intakes.
6 7	Provides incidental sale of food in stand-alone bars of up to
8	10%. Modifies the penalty provisions for violations of the act by
9	proprietors.
10	Maintains the current penalties under the Clean Indoor Air Act for persons who violate the act.
11	for persons who violate the act.
12	
13	
14	
15	
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	
26	
27	
28	
29	
30	
31	