${\bf By}$ the Committees on Appropriations; Health, Aging, and Long-Term Care; and Senators Saunders, Aronberg, Fasano and Lynn

309-2388-04

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A bill to be entitled An act relating to Medicaid; amending s. 16.56, F.S.; adding criminal violations of s. 409.920 or s. 409.9201, F.S., to the list of specified crimes within the jurisdiction of the Office of Statewide Prosecution; amending s. 400.408, F.S.; including the Medicaid Fraud Control Unit of the Department of Legal Affairs in the Agency for Health Care Administration's local coordinating workgroups for identifying unlicensed assisted living facilities; amending s. 400.434, F.S.; giving the Medicaid Fraud Control Unit of the Department of Legal Affairs the authority to enter and inspect facilities licensed under part III of ch. 400, F.S.; creating s. 409.9021, F.S.; requiring a Medicaid applicant to agree to forfeiture of all entitlements under the Medicaid program upon a judicial or administrative finding of fraud within a specified period; amending s. 409.912, F.S.; authorizing the Agency for Health Care Administration to require a confirmation or second physician's opinion of the correct diagnosis for purposes of authorizing future services under the Medicaid program; authorizing the Agency for Health Care Administration to impose mandatory enrollment in drug-therapy-management or disease-management programs for certain categories of recipients; requiring that the Agency for Health Care Administration and the

1 Drug Utilization Review Board consult with the 2 Department of Health; allowing termination of 3 certain practitioners from the Medicaid program; providing that Medicaid recipients may 4 5 be required to participate in a provider 6 lock-in program for not less than 1 year and up 7 to the duration of the time the recipient participates in the program; requiring the 8 agency to seek a federal waiver to terminate 9 10 eligibility; requiring the agency to conduct a 11 study of electronic verification systems; authorizing the agency to use credentialing 12 criteria for the purpose of including providers 13 in the Medicaid program; amending s. 409.913, 14 F.S.; providing specified conditions for 15 providers to meet in order to submit claims to 16 17 the Medicaid program; providing that claims may be denied if not properly submitted; providing 18 19 that the agency may seek any remedy under law 20 if a provider submits specified false or erroneous claims; providing that suspension or 21 termination precludes participation in the 22 Medicaid program; providing that the agency is 23 24 required to report administrative sanctions to licensing authorities for certain violations; 25 providing that the agency may withhold payment 26 27 to a provider under certain circumstances; 28 providing that the agency may deny payments to 29 terminated or suspended providers; authorizing the agency to implement amnesty programs for 30 31 providers to voluntarily repay overpayments;

1 authorizing the agency to adopt rules; providing for limiting, restricting, or 2 3 suspending Medicaid eligibility of Medicaid recipients convicted of certain crimes or 4 5 offenses; authorizing the agency and the Medicaid Fraud Control Unit of the Department 6 7 of Legal Affairs to review non-Medicaid-related records in order to determine reconciliation of 8 9 a provider's records; authorizing the agency 10 head or designee to limit, restrict, or suspend 11 Medicaid eligibility for a period not to exceed 1 year if a recipient is convicted of a federal 12 13 health care crime; authorizing the Agency for Health Care Administration to limit the number 14 of certain types of prescription claims 15 submitted by pharmacy providers; requiring the 16 17 agency to limit the allowable amount of certain types of prescriptions under specified 18 19 circumstances; amending s. 409.9131, F.S.; 20 requiring that the Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability report 21 to the Legislature on the agency's fraud and 22 abuse prevention, deterrence, detection, and 23 24 recovery efforts; redefining the term "peer 25 review"; providing for peer review for purposes of determining a potential overpayment if the 26 medical necessity or quality of care is 27 28 evaluated; requiring an additional statement on 29 Medicaid cost reports certifying that Medicaid providers are familiar with the laws and 30 31 regulations regarding the provision of health

1 care services under the Medicaid program; amending s. 409.920, F.S.; redefining the term 2 3 "knowingly" to include "willfully" or "willful"; making it unlawful to knowingly use 4 5 or endeavor to use a Medicaid provider's or a 6 Medicaid recipient's identification number or 7 cause to be made, or aid and abet in the making of, a claim for items or services that are not 8 authorized to be reimbursed under the Medicaid 9 10 program; defining the term "paid for"; creating 11 s. 409.9201, F.S.; providing definitions; providing that a person who knowingly sells or 12 13 attempts to sell legend drugs obtained through 14 the Medicaid program commits a felony; providing that a person who knowingly purchases 15 or attempts to purchase legend drugs obtained 16 17 through the Medicaid program and intended for the use of another commits a felony; providing 18 19 that a person who knowingly makes or conspires 20 to make false representations for the purpose of obtaining goods or services from the 21 Medicaid program commits a felony; providing 22 specified criminal penalties depending on the 23 24 value of the legend drugs or goods or services 25 obtained from the Medicaid program; amending s. 456.072, F.S.; providing an additional ground 26 27 under which a health care practitioner who 28 prescribes medicinal drugs or controlled 29 substances may be subject to discipline by the Department of Health or the appropriate board 30 31 having jurisdiction over the health care

1 practitioner; authorizing the Department of 2 Health to initiate a disciplinary investigation 3 of prescribing practitioners under specified 4 circumstances; amending s. 465.188, F.S.; 5 deleting the requirement that the Agency for 6 Health Care Administration give pharmacists at 7 least 1 week's notice prior to an audit; specifying an effective date for certain audit 8 criteria; creating s. 812.0191, F.S.; providing 9 10 definitions; providing that a person who 11 traffics in property paid for in whole or in part by the Medicaid program, or who knowingly 12 13 finances, directs, or traffics in such property, commits a felony; providing specified 14 15 criminal penalties depending on the value of the property; amending s. 895.02, F.S.; adding 16 17 Medicaid recipient fraud to the definition of the term "racketeering activity"; amending s. 18 19 905.34, F.S.; adding any criminal violation of s. 409.920 or s. 409.9201, F.S., to the list of 20 crimes within the jurisdiction of the statewide 21 grand jury; amending s. 932.701, F.S.; 22 expanding the definition of "contraband 23 24 article"; amending s. 932.7055, F.S.; requiring that proceeds collected under the Florida 25 Contraband Forfeiture Act be deposited in the 26 27 Department of Legal Affairs' Grants and 28 Donations Trust Fund; amending ss. 394.9082, 29 400.0077, 409.9065, 409.9071, 409.908, 409.91196, 409.9122, 409.9131, 430.608, 30 636.0145, 641.225, and 641.386, F.S.; 31

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drugs;

correcting cross-references; reenacting s. 921.0022(3)(g), F.S., relating to the offense severity ranking chart of the Criminal Punishment Code, to incorporate the amendment to s. 409.920, F.S., in a reference thereto; reenacting s. 705.101(6), F.S., relating to unclaimed evidence, to incorporate the amendment to s. 932.701, F.S., in a reference thereto; reenacting s. 932.703(4), F.S., relating to forfeiture of contraband articles, to incorporate the amendment to s. 932.701, F.S., in a reference thereto; providing an appropriation and authorizing positions; providing an effective date. Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: Section 1. Subsection (1) of section 16.56, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 16.56 Office of Statewide Prosecution. --(1) There is created in the Department of Legal Affairs an Office of Statewide Prosecution. The office shall be a separate "budget entity" as that term is defined in chapter 216. The office may: (a) Investigate and prosecute the offenses of: Bribery, burglary, criminal usury, extortion, gambling, kidnapping, larceny, murder, prostitution, perjury, robbery, carjacking, and home-invasion robbery; Any crime involving narcotic or other dangerous

- 1 Any violation of the provisions of the Florida RICO 2 (Racketeer Influenced and Corrupt Organization) Act, including 3 any offense listed in the definition of racketeering activity in s. 895.02(1)(a), providing such listed offense is 4 5 investigated in connection with a violation of s. 895.03 and 6 is charged in a separate count of an information or indictment 7 containing a count charging a violation of s. 895.03, the prosecution of which listed offense may continue independently 8 if the prosecution of the violation of s. 895.03 is terminated 9 10 for any reason;
 - 4. Any violation of the provisions of the Florida Anti-Fencing Act;
 - 5. Any violation of the provisions of the Florida Antitrust Act of 1980, as amended;
 - 6. Any crime involving, or resulting in, fraud or deceit upon any person;
 - 7. Any violation of s. 847.0135, relating to computer pornography and child exploitation prevention, or any offense related to a violation of s. 847.0135;
 - 8. Any violation of the provisions of chapter 815; or
 - 9. Any criminal violation of part I of chapter 499; or
 - 10. Any criminal violation of s. 409.920 or s. 409.9201.

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or any attempt, solicitation, or conspiracy to commit any of the crimes specifically enumerated above. The office shall have such power only when any such offense is occurring, or has occurred, in two or more judicial circuits as part of a related transaction, or when any such offense is connected with an organized criminal conspiracy affecting two or more judicial circuits. 1 2 attorneys and state and local law enforcement officials in 3 their efforts against organized crimes.

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(c) Request and receive from any department, division, board, bureau, commission, or other agency of the state, or of any political subdivision thereof, cooperation and assistance in the performance of its duties.

Upon request, cooperate with and assist state

Section 2. Paragraph (i) of subsection (1) of section 400.408, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

400.408 Unlicensed facilities; referral of person for residency to unlicensed facility; penalties; verification of licensure status.--

(1)

(i) Each field office of the Agency for Health Care Administration shall establish a local coordinating workgroup which includes representatives of local law enforcement agencies, state attorneys, the Medicaid Fraud Control Unit of the Department of Legal Affairs, local fire authorities, the Department of Children and Family Services, the district long-term care ombudsman council, and the district human rights advocacy committee to assist in identifying the operation of unlicensed facilities and to develop and implement a plan to ensure effective enforcement of state laws relating to such facilities. The workgroup shall report its findings, actions, and recommendations semiannually to the Director of Health Facility Regulation of the agency.

Section 3. Section 400.434, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

400.434 Right of entry and inspection. -- Any duly designated officer or employee of the department, the 31 Department of Children and Family Services, the agency, the

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Medicaid Fraud Control Unit of the Department of Legal Affairs, the state or local fire marshal, or a member of the state or local long-term care ombudsman council shall have the right to enter unannounced upon and into the premises of any facility licensed pursuant to this part in order to determine the state of compliance with the provisions of this part and of rules or standards in force pursuant thereto. The right of entry and inspection shall also extend to any premises which the agency has reason to believe is being operated or maintained as a facility without a license; but no such entry or inspection of any premises may be made without the permission of the owner or person in charge thereof, unless a warrant is first obtained from the circuit court authorizing such entry. The warrant requirement shall extend only to a facility which the agency has reason to believe is being operated or maintained as a facility without a license. Any application for a license or renewal thereof made pursuant to this part shall constitute permission for, and complete acquiescence in, any entry or inspection of the premises for which the license is sought, in order to facilitate verification of the information submitted on or in connection with the application; to discover, investigate, and determine the existence of abuse or neglect; or to elicit, receive, respond to, and resolve complaints. Any current valid license shall constitute unconditional permission for, and complete acquiescence in, any entry or inspection of the premises by authorized personnel. The agency shall retain the right of entry and inspection of facilities that have had a license revoked or suspended within the previous 24 months, to ensure that the facility is not operating unlawfully. However, before 31 entering the facility, a statement of probable cause must be

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filed with the director of the agency, who must approve or disapprove the action within 48 hours. Probable cause shall include, but is not limited to, evidence that the facility holds itself out to the public as a provider of personal care services or the receipt of a complaint by the long-term care ombudsman council about the facility. Data collected by the state or local long-term care ombudsman councils or the state or local advocacy councils may be used by the agency in investigations involving violations of regulatory standards.

Section 4. Section 409.9021, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

dondition of Medicaid eligibility, subject to federal approval, a Medicaid applicant shall agree in writing to forfeit all entitlements to any goods or services provided through the Medicaid program if he or she has been found to have committed fraud, through judicial or administrative proceedings, three times in a period of less than 36 months. This provision applies only to the Medicaid recipient found to have committed or participated in the fraud and does not apply to any family member of the recipient who was not involved in the fraud.

Section 5. Section 409.912, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

409.912 Cost-effective purchasing of health care.--The agency shall purchase goods and services for Medicaid recipients in the most cost-effective manner consistent with the delivery of quality medical care. To ensure that medical services are effectively utilized, the agency may, in any case, require a confirmation or second physician's opinion of the correct diagnosis for purposes of authorizing future

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services under the Medicaid program. This section does not restrict access to emergency services or poststabilization care services as defined in 42 C.F.R. part 438.114. Such confirmation or second opinion shall be rendered in a manner approved by the agency. The agency shall maximize the use of prepaid per capita and prepaid aggregate fixed-sum basis services when appropriate and other alternative service delivery and reimbursement methodologies, including competitive bidding pursuant to s. 287.057, designed to facilitate the cost-effective purchase of a case-managed continuum of care. The agency shall also require providers to minimize the exposure of recipients to the need for acute inpatient, custodial, and other institutional care and the inappropriate or unnecessary use of high-cost services. The agency may mandate establish prior authorization, drug therapy management, or disease management participation requirements for certain populations of Medicaid beneficiaries, certain drug classes, or particular drugs to prevent fraud, abuse, overuse, and possible dangerous drug interactions. The Pharmaceutical and Therapeutics Committee shall make recommendations to the agency on drugs for which prior authorization is required. The agency shall inform the Pharmaceutical and Therapeutics Committee of its decisions regarding drugs subject to prior authorization.

- (1) The agency shall work with the Department of Children and Family Services to ensure access of children and families in the child protection system to needed and appropriate mental health and substance abuse services.
- (2) The agency may enter into agreements with appropriate agents of other state agencies or of any agency of 31 the Federal Government and accept such duties in respect to

 social welfare or public aid as may be necessary to implement the provisions of Title XIX of the Social Security Act and ss. 409.901-409.920.

- (3) The agency may contract with health maintenance organizations certified pursuant to part I of chapter 641 for the provision of services to recipients.
 - (4) The agency may contract with:
- (a) An entity that provides no prepaid health care services other than Medicaid services under contract with the agency and which is owned and operated by a county, county health department, or county-owned and operated hospital to provide health care services on a prepaid or fixed-sum basis to recipients, which entity may provide such prepaid services either directly or through arrangements with other providers. Such prepaid health care services entities must be licensed under parts I and III by January 1, 1998, and until then are exempt from the provisions of part I of chapter 641. An entity recognized under this paragraph which demonstrates to the satisfaction of the Office of Insurance Regulation of the Financial Services Commission that it is backed by the full faith and credit of the county in which it is located may be exempted from s. 641.225.
- (b) An entity that is providing comprehensive behavioral health care services to certain Medicaid recipients through a capitated, prepaid arrangement pursuant to the federal waiver provided for by s. 409.905(5). Such an entity must be licensed under chapter 624, chapter 636, or chapter 641 and must possess the clinical systems and operational competence to manage risk and provide comprehensive behavioral health care to Medicaid recipients. As used in this paragraph, the term "comprehensive behavioral health care services" means

covered mental health and substance abuse treatment services 2 that are available to Medicaid recipients. The secretary of 3 the Department of Children and Family Services shall approve 4 provisions of procurements related to children in the 5 department's care or custody prior to enrolling such children 6 in a prepaid behavioral health plan. Any contract awarded 7 under this paragraph must be competitively procured. In 8 developing the behavioral health care prepaid plan procurement 9 document, the agency shall ensure that the procurement 10 document requires the contractor to develop and implement a 11 plan to ensure compliance with s. 394.4574 related to services provided to residents of licensed assisted living facilities 12 13 that hold a limited mental health license. The agency shall 14 seek federal approval to contract with a single entity meeting 15 these requirements to provide comprehensive behavioral health care services to all Medicaid recipients in an AHCA area. Each 16 17 entity must offer sufficient choice of providers in its network to ensure recipient access to care and the opportunity 18 19 to select a provider with whom they are satisfied. The network 20 shall include all public mental health hospitals. To ensure unimpaired access to behavioral health care services by 21 Medicaid recipients, all contracts issued pursuant to this 22 paragraph shall require 80 percent of the capitation paid to 23 24 the managed care plan, including health maintenance 25 organizations, to be expended for the provision of behavioral health care services. In the event the managed care plan 26 expends less than 80 percent of the capitation paid pursuant 27 28 to this paragraph for the provision of behavioral health care 29 services, the difference shall be returned to the agency. The agency shall provide the managed care plan with a 30 31 certification letter indicating the amount of capitation paid

during each calendar year for the provision of behavioral health care services pursuant to this section. The agency may reimburse for substance abuse treatment services on a fee-for-service basis until the agency finds that adequate funds are available for capitated, prepaid arrangements.

- 1. By January 1, 2001, the agency shall modify the contracts with the entities providing comprehensive inpatient and outpatient mental health care services to Medicaid recipients in Hillsborough, Highlands, Hardee, Manatee, and Polk Counties, to include substance abuse treatment services.
- 2. By July 1, 2003, the agency and the Department of Children and Family Services shall execute a written agreement that requires collaboration and joint development of all policy, budgets, procurement documents, contracts, and monitoring plans that have an impact on the state and Medicaid community mental health and targeted case management programs.
- 3. By July 1, 2006, the agency and the Department of Children and Family Services shall contract with managed care entities in each AHCA area except area 6 or arrange to provide comprehensive inpatient and outpatient mental health and substance abuse services through capitated prepaid arrangements to all Medicaid recipients who are eligible to participate in such plans under federal law and regulation. In AHCA areas where eligible individuals number less than 150,000, the agency shall contract with a single managed care plan. The agency may contract with more than one plan in AHCA areas where the eligible population exceeds 150,000. Contracts awarded pursuant to this section shall be competitively procured. Both for-profit and not-for-profit corporations shall be eligible to compete.

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- By October 1, 2003, the agency and the department shall submit a plan to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives which provides for the full implementation of capitated prepaid behavioral health care in all areas of the state. The plan shall include provisions which ensure that children and families receiving foster care and other related services are appropriately served and that these services assist the community-based care lead agencies in meeting the goals and outcomes of the child welfare system. The plan will be developed with the participation of community-based lead agencies, community alliances, sheriffs, and community providers serving dependent children.
 - Implementation shall begin in 2003 in those AHCA a. areas of the state where the agency is able to establish sufficient capitation rates.
 - If the agency determines that the proposed capitation rate in any area is insufficient to provide appropriate services, the agency may adjust the capitation rate to ensure that care will be available. The agency and the department may use existing general revenue to address any additional required match but may not over-obligate existing funds on an annualized basis.
 - c. Subject to any limitations provided for in the General Appropriations Act, the agency, in compliance with appropriate federal authorization, shall develop policies and procedures that allow for certification of local and state funds.
- Children residing in a statewide inpatient psychiatric program, or in a Department of Juvenile Justice or 31 a Department of Children and Family Services residential

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program approved as a Medicaid behavioral health overlay services provider shall not be included in a behavioral health care prepaid health plan pursuant to this paragraph.

- 6. In converting to a prepaid system of delivery, the agency shall in its procurement document require an entity providing comprehensive behavioral health care services to prevent the displacement of indigent care patients by enrollees in the Medicaid prepaid health plan providing behavioral health care services from facilities receiving state funding to provide indigent behavioral health care, to facilities licensed under chapter 395 which do not receive state funding for indigent behavioral health care, or reimburse the unsubsidized facility for the cost of behavioral health care provided to the displaced indigent care patient.
- Traditional community mental health providers under contract with the Department of Children and Family Services pursuant to part IV of chapter 394, child welfare providers under contract with the Department of Children and Family Services, and inpatient mental health providers licensed pursuant to chapter 395 must be offered an opportunity to accept or decline a contract to participate in any provider network for prepaid behavioral health services.
- (c) A federally qualified health center or an entity owned by one or more federally qualified health centers or an entity owned by other migrant and community health centers receiving non-Medicaid financial support from the Federal Government to provide health care services on a prepaid or fixed-sum basis to recipients. Such prepaid health care services entity must be licensed under parts I and III of chapter 641, but shall be prohibited from serving Medicaid 31 recipients on a prepaid basis, until such licensure has been

obtained. However, such an entity is exempt from s. 641.225 if the entity meets the requirements specified in subsections (15) and (16).

- (d) A provider service network may be reimbursed on a fee-for-service or prepaid basis. A provider service network which is reimbursed by the agency on a prepaid basis shall be exempt from parts I and III of chapter 641, but must meet appropriate financial reserve, quality assurance, and patient rights requirements as established by the agency. The agency shall award contracts on a competitive bid basis and shall select bidders based upon price and quality of care. Medicaid recipients assigned to a demonstration project shall be chosen equally from those who would otherwise have been assigned to prepaid plans and MediPass. The agency is authorized to seek federal Medicaid waivers as necessary to implement the provisions of this section.
- (e) An entity that provides comprehensive behavioral health care services to certain Medicaid recipients through an administrative services organization agreement. Such an entity must possess the clinical systems and operational competence to provide comprehensive health care to Medicaid recipients. As used in this paragraph, the term "comprehensive behavioral health care services" means covered mental health and substance abuse treatment services that are available to Medicaid recipients. Any contract awarded under this paragraph must be competitively procured. The agency must ensure that Medicaid recipients have available the choice of at least two managed care plans for their behavioral health care services.
- (f) An entity that provides in-home physician services to test the cost-effectiveness of enhanced home-based medical care to Medicaid recipients with degenerative neurological

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diseases and other diseases or disabling conditions associated with high costs to Medicaid. The program shall be designed to serve very disabled persons and to reduce Medicaid reimbursed costs for inpatient, outpatient, and emergency department services. The agency shall contract with vendors on a risk-sharing basis.

- (q) Children's provider networks that provide care coordination and care management for Medicaid-eligible pediatric patients, primary care, authorization of specialty care, and other urgent and emergency care through organized providers designed to service Medicaid eligibles under age 18 and pediatric emergency departments' diversion programs. The networks shall provide after-hour operations, including evening and weekend hours, to promote, when appropriate, the use of the children's networks rather than hospital emergency departments.
- (h) An entity authorized in s. 430.205 to contract with the agency and the Department of Elderly Affairs to provide health care and social services on a prepaid or fixed-sum basis to elderly recipients. Such prepaid health care services entities are exempt from the provisions of part I of chapter 641 for the first 3 years of operation. An entity recognized under this paragraph that demonstrates to the satisfaction of the Office of Insurance Regulation that it is backed by the full faith and credit of one or more counties in which it operates may be exempted from s. 641.225.
- (i) A Children's Medical Services network, as defined in s. 391.021.
- (5) By October 1, 2003, the agency and the department shall, to the extent feasible, develop a plan for implementing 31 new Medicaid procedure codes for emergency and crisis care,

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supportive residential services, and other services designed to maximize the use of Medicaid funds for Medicaid-eligible recipients. The agency shall include in the agreement developed pursuant to subsection (4) a provision that ensures that the match requirements for these new procedure codes are met by certifying eligible general revenue or local funds that are currently expended on these services by the department with contracted alcohol, drug abuse, and mental health providers. The plan must describe specific procedure codes to be implemented, a projection of the number of procedures to be delivered during fiscal year 2003-2004, and a financial analysis that describes the certified match procedures, and accountability mechanisms, projects the earnings associated with these procedures, and describes the sources of state match. This plan may not be implemented in any part until approved by the Legislative Budget Commission. If such approval has not occurred by December 31, 2003, the plan shall be submitted for consideration by the 2004 Legislature.

- (6) The agency may contract with any public or private entity otherwise authorized by this section on a prepaid or fixed-sum basis for the provision of health care services to recipients. An entity may provide prepaid services to recipients, either directly or through arrangements with other entities, if each entity involved in providing services:
- (a) Is organized primarily for the purpose of providing health care or other services of the type regularly offered to Medicaid recipients;
- (b) Ensures that services meet the standards set by the agency for quality, appropriateness, and timeliness;
- (c) Makes provisions satisfactory to the agency for insolvency protection and ensures that neither enrolled

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Medicaid recipients nor the agency will be liable for the debts of the entity;

- (d) Submits to the agency, if a private entity, a financial plan that the agency finds to be fiscally sound and that provides for working capital in the form of cash or equivalent liquid assets excluding revenues from Medicaid premium payments equal to at least the first 3 months of operating expenses or \$200,000, whichever is greater;
- (e) Furnishes evidence satisfactory to the agency of adequate liability insurance coverage or an adequate plan of self-insurance to respond to claims for injuries arising out of the furnishing of health care;
- (f) Provides, through contract or otherwise, for periodic review of its medical facilities and services, as required by the agency; and
- (g) Provides organizational, operational, financial, and other information required by the agency.
- (7) The agency may contract on a prepaid or fixed-sum basis with any health insurer that:
- Pays for health care services provided to enrolled Medicaid recipients in exchange for a premium payment paid by the agency;
 - (b) Assumes the underwriting risk; and
- (c) Is organized and licensed under applicable provisions of the Florida Insurance Code and is currently in good standing with the Office of Insurance Regulation.
- (8) The agency may contract on a prepaid or fixed-sum basis with an exclusive provider organization to provide health care services to Medicaid recipients provided that the exclusive provider organization meets applicable managed care 31 plan requirements in this section, ss. 409.9122, 409.9123,

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409.9128, and 627.6472, and other applicable provisions of law.

- (9) The Agency for Health Care Administration may provide cost-effective purchasing of chiropractic services on a fee-for-service basis to Medicaid recipients through arrangements with a statewide chiropractic preferred provider organization incorporated in this state as a not-for-profit corporation. The agency shall ensure that the benefit limits and prior authorization requirements in the current Medicaid program shall apply to the services provided by the chiropractic preferred provider organization.
- (10) The agency shall not contract on a prepaid or fixed-sum basis for Medicaid services with an entity which knows or reasonably should know that any officer, director, agent, managing employee, or owner of stock or beneficial interest in excess of 5 percent common or preferred stock, or the entity itself, has been found guilty of, regardless of adjudication, or entered a plea of nolo contendere, or guilty, to:
 - (a) Fraud;
- (b) Violation of federal or state antitrust statutes, including those proscribing price fixing between competitors and the allocation of customers among competitors;
- (c) Commission of a felony involving embezzlement, theft, forgery, income tax evasion, bribery, falsification or destruction of records, making false statements, receiving stolen property, making false claims, or obstruction of iustice; or
- (d) Any crime in any jurisdiction which directly relates to the provision of health services on a prepaid or 31 fixed-sum basis.

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- (11) The agency, after notifying the Legislature, may apply for waivers of applicable federal laws and regulations as necessary to implement more appropriate systems of health care for Medicaid recipients and reduce the cost of the Medicaid program to the state and federal governments and shall implement such programs, after legislative approval, within a reasonable period of time after federal approval. These programs must be designed primarily to reduce the need for inpatient care, custodial care and other long-term or institutional care, and other high-cost services.
- (a) Prior to seeking legislative approval of such a waiver as authorized by this subsection, the agency shall provide notice and an opportunity for public comment. Notice shall be provided to all persons who have made requests of the agency for advance notice and shall be published in the Florida Administrative Weekly not less than 28 days prior to the intended action.
- (b) Notwithstanding s. 216.292, funds that are appropriated to the Department of Elderly Affairs for the Assisted Living for the Elderly Medicaid waiver and are not expended shall be transferred to the agency to fund Medicaid-reimbursed nursing home care.
- (12) The agency shall establish a postpayment utilization control program designed to identify recipients who may inappropriately overuse or underuse Medicaid services and shall provide methods to correct such misuse.
- (13) The agency shall develop and provide coordinated systems of care for Medicaid recipients and may contract with public or private entities to develop and administer such systems of care among public and private health care providers 31 in a given geographic area.

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- The agency shall operate or contract for the operation of utilization management and incentive systems designed to encourage cost-effective use services.
- (15)(a) The agency shall operate the Comprehensive Assessment and Review (CARES) nursing facility preadmission screening program to ensure that Medicaid payment for nursing facility care is made only for individuals whose conditions require such care and to ensure that long-term care services are provided in the setting most appropriate to the needs of the person and in the most economical manner possible. The CARES program shall also ensure that individuals participating in Medicaid home and community-based waiver programs meet criteria for those programs, consistent with approved federal waivers.
- The agency shall operate the CARES program through an interagency agreement with the Department of Elderly Affairs.
- (c) Prior to making payment for nursing facility services for a Medicaid recipient, the agency must verify that the nursing facility preadmission screening program has determined that the individual requires nursing facility care and that the individual cannot be safely served in community-based programs. The nursing facility preadmission screening program shall refer a Medicaid recipient to a community-based program if the individual could be safely served at a lower cost and the recipient chooses to participate in such program.
- (d) By January 1 of each year, the agency shall submit a report to the Legislature and the Office of Long-Term-Care Policy describing the operations of the CARES program. The 31 | report must describe:

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- Rate of diversion to community alternative programs;
- CARES program staffing needs to achieve additional 2. diversions;
- 3. Reasons the program is unable to place individuals in less restrictive settings when such individuals desired such services and could have been served in such settings;
- 4. Barriers to appropriate placement, including barriers due to policies or operations of other agencies or state-funded programs; and
- Statutory changes necessary to ensure that individuals in need of long-term care services receive care in the least restrictive environment.
- (16)(a) The agency shall identify health care utilization and price patterns within the Medicaid program which are not cost-effective or medically appropriate and assess the effectiveness of new or alternate methods of providing and monitoring service, and may implement such methods as it considers appropriate. Such methods may include disease management initiatives, an integrated and systematic approach for managing the health care needs of recipients who are at risk of or diagnosed with a specific disease by using best practices, prevention strategies, clinical-practice improvement, clinical interventions and protocols, outcomes research, information technology, and other tools and resources to reduce overall costs and improve measurable outcomes.
- (b) The responsibility of the agency under this subsection shall include the development of capabilities to identify actual and optimal practice patterns; patient and 31 provider educational initiatives; methods for determining

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patient compliance with prescribed treatments; fraud, waste, and abuse prevention and detection programs; and beneficiary case management programs.

- The practice pattern identification program shall evaluate practitioner prescribing patterns based on national and regional practice guidelines, comparing practitioners to their peer groups. The agency and its Drug Utilization Review Board shall consult with the Department of Health and a panel of practicing health care professionals consisting of the following: the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the President of the Senate shall each appoint three physicians licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459; and the Governor shall appoint two pharmacists licensed under chapter 465 and one dentist licensed under chapter 466 who is an oral surgeon. Terms of the panel members shall expire at the discretion of the appointing official. The panel shall begin its work by August 1, 1999, regardless of the number of appointments made by that date. The advisory panel shall be responsible for evaluating treatment guidelines and recommending ways to incorporate their use in the practice pattern identification program. Practitioners who are prescribing inappropriately or inefficiently, as determined by the agency, may have their prescribing of certain drugs subject to prior authorization or may be terminated from all participation in the Medicaid program.
- 2. The agency shall also develop educational interventions designed to promote the proper use of medications by providers and beneficiaries.
- The agency shall implement a pharmacy fraud, waste, and abuse initiative that may include a surety bond or letter 31 of credit requirement for participating pharmacies, enhanced

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 provider auditing practices, the use of additional fraud and abuse software, recipient management programs for beneficiaries inappropriately using their benefits, and other steps that will eliminate provider and recipient fraud, waste, and abuse. The initiative shall address enforcement efforts to reduce the number and use of counterfeit prescriptions.

- 4. By September 30, 2002, the agency shall contract with an entity in the state to implement a wireless handheld clinical pharmacology drug information database for practitioners. The initiative shall be designed to enhance the agency's efforts to reduce fraud, abuse, and errors in the prescription drug benefit program and to otherwise further the intent of this paragraph.
- 5. The agency may apply for any federal waivers needed to implement this paragraph.
- basis shall, in addition to meeting any applicable statutory surplus requirements, also maintain at all times in the form of cash, investments that mature in less than 180 days allowable as admitted assets by the Office of Insurance Regulation, and restricted funds or deposits controlled by the agency or the Office of Insurance Regulation, a surplus amount equal to one-and-one-half times the entity's monthly Medicaid prepaid revenues. As used in this subsection, the term "surplus" means the entity's total assets minus total liabilities. If an entity's surplus falls below an amount equal to one-and-one-half times the entity's monthly Medicaid prepaid revenues, the agency shall prohibit the entity from engaging in marketing and preenrollment activities, shall cease to process new enrollments, and shall not renew the

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30 31 entity's contract until the required balance is achieved. The requirements of this subsection do not apply:

- (a) Where a public entity agrees to fund any deficit incurred by the contracting entity; or
- (b) Where the entity's performance and obligations are guaranteed in writing by a guaranteeing organization which:
- 1. Has been in operation for at least 5 years and has assets in excess of \$50 million; or
- 2. Submits a written guarantee acceptable to the agency which is irrevocable during the term of the contracting entity's contract with the agency and, upon termination of the contract, until the agency receives proof of satisfaction of all outstanding obligations incurred under the contract.
- (18)(a) The agency may require an entity contracting on a prepaid or fixed-sum basis to establish a restricted insolvency protection account with a federally guaranteed financial institution licensed to do business in this state. The entity shall deposit into that account 5 percent of the capitation payments made by the agency each month until a maximum total of 2 percent of the total current contract amount is reached. The restricted insolvency protection account may be drawn upon with the authorized signatures of two persons designated by the entity and two representatives of the agency. If the agency finds that the entity is insolvent, the agency may draw upon the account solely with the two authorized signatures of representatives of the agency, and the funds may be disbursed to meet financial obligations incurred by the entity under the prepaid contract. If the contract is terminated, expired, or not continued, the account balance must be released by the agency to the entity

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upon receipt of proof of satisfaction of all outstanding obligations incurred under this contract.

- (b) The agency may waive the insolvency protection account requirement in writing when evidence is on file with the agency of adequate insolvency insurance and reinsurance that will protect enrollees if the entity becomes unable to meet its obligations.
- (19) An entity that contracts with the agency on a prepaid or fixed-sum basis for the provision of Medicaid services shall reimburse any hospital or physician that is outside the entity's authorized geographic service area as specified in its contract with the agency, and that provides services authorized by the entity to its members, at a rate negotiated with the hospital or physician for the provision of services or according to the lesser of the following:
- (a) The usual and customary charges made to the general public by the hospital or physician; or
- The Florida Medicaid reimbursement rate (b) established for the hospital or physician.
- (20) When a merger or acquisition of a Medicaid prepaid contractor has been approved by the Office of Insurance Regulation pursuant to s. 628.4615, the agency shall approve the assignment or transfer of the appropriate Medicaid prepaid contract upon request of the surviving entity of the merger or acquisition if the contractor and the other entity have been in good standing with the agency for the most recent 12-month period, unless the agency determines that the assignment or transfer would be detrimental to the Medicaid recipients or the Medicaid program. To be in good standing, an entity must not have failed accreditation or committed any 31 | material violation of the requirements of s. 641.52 and must

meet the Medicaid contract requirements. For purposes of this section, a merger or acquisition means a change in controlling interest of an entity, including an asset or stock purchase.

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(21) Any entity contracting with the agency pursuant to this section to provide health care services to Medicaid recipients is prohibited from engaging in any of the following practices or activities:

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(a) Practices that are discriminatory, including, but not limited to, attempts to discourage participation on the basis of actual or perceived health status.

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(b) Activities that could mislead or confuse recipients, or misrepresent the organization, its marketing representatives, or the agency. Violations of this paragraph include, but are not limited to:

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1. False or misleading claims that marketing representatives are employees or representatives of the state or county, or of anyone other than the entity or the organization by whom they are reimbursed.

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2. False or misleading claims that the entity is recommended or endorsed by any state or county agency, or by any other organization which has not certified its endorsement in writing to the entity.

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3. False or misleading claims that the state or county recommends that a Medicaid recipient enroll with an entity.

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4. Claims that a Medicaid recipient will lose benefits under the Medicaid program, or any other health or welfare benefits to which the recipient is legally entitled, if the recipient does not enroll with the entity.

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(c) Granting or offering of any monetary or other valuable consideration for enrollment, except as authorized by 31 subsection (22).

make a presentation.

(d) Door-to-door solicitation of recipients who have

(e) Solicitation of Medicaid recipients by marketing

not contacted the entity or who have not invited the entity to

representatives stationed in state offices unless approved and

affected state agency when solicitation occurs in an office of

representatives stationed in state offices shall market their

managed care plans to Medicaid recipients only in designated

this section or the contract with the agency by a person or

entity that is under contract with the agency. With respect

to any nonwillful violation, such fine shall not exceed \$2,500

(22) The agency may impose a fine for a violation of

supervised by the agency or its agent and approved by the

the state agency. The agency shall ensure that marketing

areas and in such a way as to not interfere with the

(f) Enrollment of Medicaid recipients.

per violation. In no event shall such fine exceed an

aggregate amount of \$10,000 for all nonwillful violations

arising out of the same action. With respect to any knowing and willful violation of this section or the contract with the

agency, the agency may impose a fine upon the entity in an

event shall such fine exceed an aggregate amount of \$100,000

for all knowing and willful violations arising out of the same

entity exempt from chapter 641 that is under contract with the

(23) A health maintenance organization or a person or

amount not to exceed \$20,000 for each such violation.

recipients' activities in the state office.

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- agency for the provision of health care services to Medicaid
- recipients may not use or distribute marketing materials used to solicit Medicaid recipients, unless such materials have
- CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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been approved by the agency. The provisions of this subsection do not apply to general advertising and marketing materials used by a health maintenance organization to solicit both non-Medicaid subscribers and Medicaid recipients.

- (24) Upon approval by the agency, health maintenance organizations and persons or entities exempt from chapter 641 that are under contract with the agency for the provision of health care services to Medicaid recipients may be permitted within the capitation rate to provide additional health benefits that the agency has found are of high quality, are practicably available, provide reasonable value to the recipient, and are provided at no additional cost to the state.
- (25) The agency shall utilize the statewide health maintenance organization complaint hotline for the purpose of investigating and resolving Medicaid and prepaid health plan complaints, maintaining a record of complaints and confirmed problems, and receiving disenrollment requests made by recipients.
- (26) The agency shall require the publication of the health maintenance organization's and the prepaid health plan's consumer services telephone numbers and the "800" telephone number of the statewide health maintenance organization complaint hotline on each Medicaid identification card issued by a health maintenance organization or prepaid health plan contracting with the agency to serve Medicaid recipients and on each subscriber handbook issued to a Medicaid recipient.
- (27) The agency shall establish a health care quality improvement system for those entities contracting with the 31 agency pursuant to this section, incorporating all the

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standards and guidelines developed by the Medicaid Bureau of the Health Care Financing Administration as a part of the quality assurance reform initiative. The system shall include, but need not be limited to, the following:

- (a) Guidelines for internal quality assurance programs, including standards for:
 - 1. Written quality assurance program descriptions.
- 2. Responsibilities of the governing body for monitoring, evaluating, and making improvements to care.
 - 3. An active quality assurance committee.
 - 4. Quality assurance program supervision.
- 5. Requiring the program to have adequate resources to effectively carry out its specified activities.
- 6. Provider participation in the quality assurance program.
 - 7. Delegation of quality assurance program activities.
 - 8. Credentialing and recredentialing.
 - 9. Enrollee rights and responsibilities.
 - 10. Availability and accessibility to services and care.
 - 11. Ambulatory care facilities.
 - 12. Accessibility and availability of medical records, as well as proper recordkeeping and process for record review.
 - 13. Utilization review.
 - 14. A continuity of care system.
 - 15. Quality assurance program documentation.
 - 16. Coordination of quality assurance activity with other management activity.
- 29 17. Delivering care to pregnant women and infants; to 30 elderly and disabled recipients, especially those who are at 31 risk of institutional placement; to persons with developmental

disabilities; and to adults who have chronic, high-cost medical conditions.

- (b) Guidelines which require the entities to conduct quality-of-care studies which:
- 1. Target specific conditions and specific health service delivery issues for focused monitoring and evaluation.
- 2. Use clinical care standards or practice guidelines to objectively evaluate the care the entity delivers or fails to deliver for the targeted clinical conditions and health services delivery issues.
- 3. Use quality indicators derived from the clinical care standards or practice guidelines to screen and monitor care and services delivered.
- (c) Guidelines for external quality review of each contractor which require: focused studies of patterns of care; individual care review in specific situations; and followup activities on previous pattern-of-care study findings and individual-care-review findings. In designing the external quality review function and determining how it is to operate as part of the state's overall quality improvement system, the agency shall construct its external quality review organization and entity contracts to address each of the following:
- 1. Delineating the role of the external quality review organization.
- 2. Length of the external quality review organization contract with the state.
- 3. Participation of the contracting entities in designing external quality review organization review activities.

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- 4. Potential variation in the type of clinical conditions and health services delivery issues to be studied at each plan.
- 5. Determining the number of focused pattern-of-care studies to be conducted for each plan.
 - 6. Methods for implementing focused studies.
 - 7. Individual care review.
 - 8. Followup activities.
- (28) In order to ensure that children receive health care services for which an entity has already been compensated, an entity contracting with the agency pursuant to this section shall achieve an annual Early and Periodic Screening, Diagnosis, and Treatment (EPSDT) Service screening rate of at least 60 percent for those recipients continuously enrolled for at least 8 months. The agency shall develop a method by which the EPSDT screening rate shall be calculated. For any entity which does not achieve the annual 60 percent rate, the entity must submit a corrective action plan for the agency's approval. If the entity does not meet the standard established in the corrective action plan during the specified timeframe, the agency is authorized to impose appropriate contract sanctions. At least annually, the agency shall publicly release the EPSDT Services screening rates of each entity it has contracted with on a prepaid basis to serve Medicaid recipients.
- (29) The agency shall perform enrollments and disenrollments for Medicaid recipients who are eliqible for MediPass or managed care plans. Notwithstanding the prohibition contained in paragraph (19)(f), managed care plans may perform preenrollments of Medicaid recipients under the 31 supervision of the agency or its agents. For the purposes of

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this section, "preenrollment" means the provision of marketing and educational materials to a Medicaid recipient and assistance in completing the application forms, but shall not include actual enrollment into a managed care plan. An application for enrollment shall not be deemed complete until the agency or its agent verifies that the recipient made an informed, voluntary choice. The agency, in cooperation with the Department of Children and Family Services, may test new marketing initiatives to inform Medicaid recipients about their managed care options at selected sites. The agency shall report to the Legislature on the effectiveness of such initiatives. The agency may contract with a third party to perform managed care plan and MediPass enrollment and disenrollment services for Medicaid recipients and is authorized to adopt rules to implement such services. The agency may adjust the capitation rate only to cover the costs of a third-party enrollment and disenrollment contract, and for agency supervision and management of the managed care plan enrollment and disenrollment contract.

- (30) Any lists of providers made available to Medicaid recipients, MediPass enrollees, or managed care plan enrollees shall be arranged alphabetically showing the provider's name and specialty and, separately, by specialty in alphabetical order.
- (31) The agency shall establish an enhanced managed care quality assurance oversight function, to include at least the following components:
- (a) At least quarterly analysis and followup, including sanctions as appropriate, of managed care participant utilization of services.

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- (b) At least quarterly analysis and followup, including sanctions as appropriate, of quality findings of the Medicaid peer review organization and other external quality assurance programs.
- (c) At least quarterly analysis and followup, including sanctions as appropriate, of the fiscal viability of managed care plans.
- (d) At least quarterly analysis and followup, including sanctions as appropriate, of managed care participant satisfaction and disenrollment surveys.
- (e) The agency shall conduct regular and ongoing Medicaid recipient satisfaction surveys.
- The analyses and followup activities conducted by the agency under its enhanced managed care quality assurance oversight function shall not duplicate the activities of accreditation reviewers for entities regulated under part III of chapter 641, but may include a review of the finding of such reviewers.
- (32) Each managed care plan that is under contract with the agency to provide health care services to Medicaid recipients shall annually conduct a background check with the Florida Department of Law Enforcement of all persons with ownership interest of 5 percent or more or executive management responsibility for the managed care plan and shall submit to the agency information concerning any such person who has been found quilty of, regardless of adjudication, or has entered a plea of nolo contendere or quilty to, any of the offenses listed in s. 435.03.
- (33) The agency shall, by rule, develop a process 31 | whereby a Medicaid managed care plan enrollee who wishes to

 enter hospice care may be disenrolled from the managed care plan within 24 hours after contacting the agency regarding such request. The agency rule shall include a methodology for the agency to recoup managed care plan payments on a pro rata basis if payment has been made for the enrollment month when disenrollment occurs.

- (34) The agency and entities which contract with the agency to provide health care services to Medicaid recipients under this section or s. 409.9122 must comply with the provisions of s. 641.513 in providing emergency services and care to Medicaid recipients and MediPass recipients.
- (35) All entities providing health care services to Medicaid recipients shall make available, and encourage all pregnant women and mothers with infants to receive, and provide documentation in the medical records to reflect, the following:
 - (a) Healthy Start prenatal or infant screening.
- (b) Healthy Start care coordination, when screening or other factors indicate need.
- (c) Healthy Start enhanced services in accordance with the prenatal or infant screening results.
- (d) Immunizations in accordance with recommendations of the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices of the United States Public Health Service and the American Academy of Pediatrics, as appropriate.
- (e) Counseling and services for family planning to all women and their partners.
- (f) A scheduled postpartum visit for the purpose of voluntary family planning, to include discussion of all methods of contraception, as appropriate.

- (g) Referral to the Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children (WIC).
- (36) Any entity that provides Medicaid prepaid health plan services shall ensure the appropriate coordination of health care services with an assisted living facility in cases where a Medicaid recipient is both a member of the entity's prepaid health plan and a resident of the assisted living facility. If the entity is at risk for Medicaid targeted case management and behavioral health services, the entity shall inform the assisted living facility of the procedures to follow should an emergent condition arise.
- (37) The agency may seek and implement federal waivers necessary to provide for cost-effective purchasing of home health services, private duty nursing services, transportation, independent laboratory services, and durable medical equipment and supplies through competitive bidding pursuant to s. 287.057. The agency may request appropriate waivers from the federal Health Care Financing Administration in order to competitively bid such services. The agency may exclude providers not selected through the bidding process from the Medicaid provider network.
- (38) The Agency for Health Care Administration is directed to issue a request for proposal or intent to negotiate to implement on a demonstration basis an outpatient specialty services pilot project in a rural and urban county in the state. As used in this subsection, the term "outpatient specialty services" means clinical laboratory, diagnostic imaging, and specified home medical services to include durable medical equipment, prosthetics and orthotics, and infusion therapy.

- (a) The entity that is awarded the contract to provide Medicaid managed care outpatient specialty services must, at a minimum, meet the following criteria:
- 1. The entity must be licensed by the Office of Insurance Regulation under part II of chapter 641.
- 2. The entity must be experienced in providing outpatient specialty services.
- 3. The entity must demonstrate to the satisfaction of the agency that it provides high-quality services to its patients.
- 4. The entity must demonstrate that it has in place a complaints and grievance process to assist Medicaid recipients enrolled in the pilot managed care program to resolve complaints and grievances.
- (b) The pilot managed care program shall operate for a period of 3 years. The objective of the pilot program shall be to determine the cost-effectiveness and effects on utilization, access, and quality of providing outpatient specialty services to Medicaid recipients on a prepaid, capitated basis.
- (c) The agency shall conduct a quality assurance review of the prepaid health clinic each year that the demonstration program is in effect. The prepaid health clinic is responsible for all expenses incurred by the agency in conducting a quality assurance review.
- (d) The entity that is awarded the contract to provide outpatient specialty services to Medicaid recipients shall report data required by the agency in a format specified by the agency, for the purpose of conducting the evaluation required in paragraph (e).

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- (e) The agency shall conduct an evaluation of the pilot managed care program and report its findings to the Governor and the Legislature by no later than January 1, 2001.
- (39) The agency shall enter into agreements with not-for-profit organizations based in this state for the purpose of providing vision screening.
- (40)(a) The agency shall implement a Medicaid prescribed-drug spending-control program that includes the following components:
- Medicaid prescribed-drug coverage for brand-name drugs for adult Medicaid recipients is limited to the dispensing of four brand-name drugs per month per recipient. Children are exempt from this restriction. Antiretroviral agents are excluded from this limitation. No requirements for prior authorization or other restrictions on medications used to treat mental illnesses such as schizophrenia, severe depression, or bipolar disorder may be imposed on Medicaid recipients. Medications that will be available without restriction for persons with mental illnesses include atypical antipsychotic medications, conventional antipsychotic medications, selective serotonin reuptake inhibitors, and other medications used for the treatment of serious mental illnesses. The agency shall also limit the amount of a prescribed drug dispensed to no more than a 34-day supply. The agency shall continue to provide unlimited generic drugs, contraceptive drugs and items, and diabetic supplies. Although a drug may be included on the preferred drug formulary, it would not be exempt from the four-brand limit. The agency may authorize exceptions to the brand-name-drug restriction based upon the treatment needs of the patients, only when such 31 exceptions are based on prior consultation provided by the

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agency or an agency contractor, but the agency must establish procedures to ensure that:

- There will be a response to a request for prior а. consultation by telephone or other telecommunication device within 24 hours after receipt of a request for prior consultation;
- b. A 72-hour supply of the drug prescribed will be provided in an emergency or when the agency does not provide a response within 24 hours as required by sub-subparagraph a.; and
- Except for the exception for nursing home residents and other institutionalized adults and except for drugs on the restricted formulary for which prior authorization may be sought by an institutional or community pharmacy, prior authorization for an exception to the brand-name-drug restriction is sought by the prescriber and not by the pharmacy. When prior authorization is granted for a patient in an institutional setting beyond the brand-name-drug restriction, such approval is authorized for 12 months and monthly prior authorization is not required for that patient.
- Reimbursement to pharmacies for Medicaid prescribed drugs shall be set at the average wholesale price less 13.25 percent.
- The agency shall develop and implement a process for managing the drug therapies of Medicaid recipients who are using significant numbers of prescribed drugs each month. The management process may include, but is not limited to, comprehensive, physician-directed medical-record reviews, claims analyses, and case evaluations to determine the medical necessity and appropriateness of a patient's treatment plan 31 and drug therapies. The agency may contract with a private

organization to provide drug-program-management services. The Medicaid drug benefit management program shall include initiatives to manage drug therapies for HIV/AIDS patients, patients using 20 or more unique prescriptions in a 180-day period, and the top 1,000 patients in annual spending. The agency shall enroll any Medicaid recipient in the drug benefit management program if he or she meets the specifications of this provision and is not enrolled in a Medicaid health maintenance organization.

- 4. The agency may limit the size of its pharmacy network based on need, competitive bidding, price negotiations, credentialing, or similar criteria. The agency shall give special consideration to rural areas in determining the size and location of pharmacies included in the Medicaid pharmacy network. A pharmacy credentialing process may include criteria such as a pharmacy's full-service status, location, size, patient educational programs, patient consultation, disease-management services, and other characteristics. The agency may impose a moratorium on Medicaid pharmacy enrollment when it is determined that it has a sufficient number of Medicaid-participating providers.
- 5. The agency shall develop and implement a program that requires Medicaid practitioners who prescribe drugs to use a counterfeit-proof prescription pad for Medicaid prescriptions. The agency shall require the use of standardized counterfeit-proof prescription pads by Medicaid-participating prescribers or prescribers who write prescriptions for Medicaid recipients. The agency may implement the program in targeted geographic areas or statewide.

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- The agency may enter into arrangements that require manufacturers of generic drugs prescribed to Medicaid recipients to provide rebates of at least 15.1 percent of the average manufacturer price for the manufacturer's generic products. These arrangements shall require that if a generic-drug manufacturer pays federal rebates for Medicaid-reimbursed drugs at a level below 15.1 percent, the manufacturer must provide a supplemental rebate to the state in an amount necessary to achieve a 15.1-percent rebate level.
- The agency may establish a preferred drug formulary in accordance with 42 U.S.C. s. 1396r-8, and, pursuant to the establishment of such formulary, it is authorized to negotiate supplemental rebates from manufacturers that are in addition to those required by Title XIX of the Social Security Act and at no less than 10 percent of the average manufacturer price as defined in 42 U.S.C. s. 1936 on the last day of a quarter unless the federal or supplemental rebate, or both, equals or exceeds 25 percent. There is no upper limit on the supplemental rebates the agency may negotiate. The agency may determine that specific products, brand-name or generic, are competitive at lower rebate percentages. Agreement to pay the minimum supplemental rebate percentage will guarantee a manufacturer that the Medicaid Pharmaceutical and Therapeutics Committee will consider a product for inclusion on the preferred drug formulary. However, a pharmaceutical manufacturer is not guaranteed placement on the formulary by simply paying the minimum supplemental rebate. Agency decisions will be made on the clinical efficacy of a drug and recommendations of the Medicaid Pharmaceutical and Therapeutics Committee, as well as the price of competing 31 products minus federal and state rebates. The agency is

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authorized to contract with an outside agency or contractor to conduct negotiations for supplemental rebates. For the purposes of this section, the term "supplemental rebates" may include, at the agency's discretion, cash rebates and other program benefits that offset a Medicaid expenditure. Such other program benefits may include, but are not limited to, disease management programs, drug product donation programs, drug utilization control programs, prescriber and beneficiary counseling and education, fraud and abuse initiatives, and other services or administrative investments with guaranteed savings to the Medicaid program in the same year the rebate reduction is included in the General Appropriations Act. The agency is authorized to seek any federal waivers to implement this initiative.

- 8. The agency shall establish an advisory committee for the purposes of studying the feasibility of using a restricted drug formulary for nursing home residents and other institutionalized adults. The committee shall be comprised of seven members appointed by the Secretary of Health Care Administration. The committee members shall include two physicians licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459; three pharmacists licensed under chapter 465 and appointed from a list of recommendations provided by the Florida Long-Term Care Pharmacy Alliance; and two pharmacists licensed under chapter 465.
- 9. The Agency for Health Care Administration shall expand home delivery of pharmacy products. To assist Medicaid patients in securing their prescriptions and reduce program costs, the agency shall expand its current mail-order-pharmacy diabetes-supply program to include all generic and brand-name drugs used by Medicaid patients with diabetes. Medicaid

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recipients in the current program may obtain nondiabetes drugs 2 on a voluntary basis. This initiative is limited to the 3 geographic area covered by the current contract. The agency may seek and implement any federal waivers necessary to 4 5 implement this subparagraph.

- (b) The agency shall implement this subsection to the extent that funds are appropriated to administer the Medicaid prescribed-drug spending-control program. The agency may contract all or any part of this program to private organizations.
- (c) The agency shall submit quarterly reports to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives which must include, but need not be limited to, the progress made in implementing this subsection and its effect on Medicaid prescribed-drug expenditures.
- (41) Notwithstanding the provisions of chapter 287, the agency may, at its discretion, renew a contract or contracts for fiscal intermediary services one or more times for such periods as the agency may decide; however, all such renewals may not combine to exceed a total period longer than the term of the original contract.
- (42) The agency shall provide for the development of a demonstration project by establishment in Miami-Dade County of a long-term-care facility licensed pursuant to chapter 395 to improve access to health care for a predominantly minority, medically underserved, and medically complex population and to evaluate alternatives to nursing home care and general acute care for such population. Such project is to be located in a health care condominium and colocated with licensed facilities providing a continuum of care. The establishment of this 31 project is not subject to the provisions of s. 408.036 or s.

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408.039. The agency shall report its findings to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by January 1, 2003.

- (43) The agency shall develop and implement a utilization management program for Medicaid-eligible recipients for the management of occupational, physical, respiratory, and speech therapies. The agency shall establish a utilization program that may require prior authorization in order to ensure medically necessary and cost-effective treatments. The program shall be operated in accordance with a federally approved waiver program or state plan amendment. The agency may seek a federal waiver or state plan amendment to implement this program. The agency may also competitively procure these services from an outside vendor on a regional or statewide basis.
- (44) The agency may contract on a prepaid or fixed-sum basis with appropriately licensed prepaid dental health plans to provide dental services.
- participation in a provider lock-in program, subject to the availability of funds, if a recipient is found to have committed fraud or abuse, limiting the receipt of goods or services to a single specified provider after the 21-day appeal process has ended for a period of not less than 1 year. If the Medicaid recipient in a lock-in program is found to have committed fraud or abuse in the Medicaid program on a second occasion, the Medicaid recipient shall remain in the lock-in program for the duration of his or her participation in the Medicaid program. The lock-in programs shall include, but are not limited to, pharmacies, medical doctors, and infusion clinics. The limitation does not apply to emergency

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the program.

services and care provided to the recipient in a hospital emergency department. The agency shall seek any federal 2 3 waivers necessary to implement this subsection. (46) The agency shall seek a federal waiver for 4 5 permission to terminate the eligibility of a Medicaid 6 recipient who has been found to have committed fraud, through 7 judicial or administrative proceedings, for a third time in a 8 period of less than 36 months. 9 (47) The agency shall conduct a study of available 10 electronic systems for the purpose of verifying the identity 11 and eligibility of a Medicaid recipient. The agency shall recommend to the Legislature a plan to implement an electronic 12 13 verification system for Medicaid recipients by January 31, 2005. 14 (48) A provider is not entitled to enrollment in the 15 Medicaid provider network. The agency may implement a Medicaid 16 fee for service provider network controls, including, but not 17 limited to, competitive procurement and provider 18 19 credentialing. If a credentialing process is used, the agency may limit its provider network based upon the following 20 21 considerations: beneficiary access to care, provider availability, provider quality standards and quality assurance 22 processes, cultural competency, demographic characteristics of 23 24 beneficiaries, practice standards, service wait times, provider turnover, provider licensure and accreditation 25 history, program integrity history, peer review, Medicaid 26 27 policy and billing compliance records, clinical and medical record audit findings, and such other areas that are 28 29 considered necessary by the agency to ensure the integrity of

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Section 6. Section 409.913, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

409.913 Oversight of the integrity of the Medicaid program. -- The agency shall operate a program to oversee the activities of Florida Medicaid recipients, and providers and their representatives, to ensure that fraudulent and abusive behavior and neglect of recipients occur to the minimum extent possible, and to recover overpayments and impose sanctions as appropriate. Beginning January 1, 2003, and each year thereafter, the agency and the Medicaid Fraud Control Unit of the Department of Legal Affairs shall submit a joint report to the Legislature documenting the effectiveness of the state's efforts to control Medicaid fraud and abuse and to recover Medicaid overpayments during the previous fiscal year. The report must describe the number of cases opened and investigated each year; the sources of the cases opened; the disposition of the cases closed each year; the amount of overpayments alleged in preliminary and final audit letters; the number and amount of fines or penalties imposed; any reductions in overpayment amounts negotiated in settlement agreements or by other means; the amount of final agency determinations of overpayments; the amount deducted from federal claiming as a result of overpayments; the amount of overpayments recovered each year; the amount of cost of investigation recovered each year; the average length of time to collect from the time the case was opened until the overpayment is paid in full; the amount determined as uncollectible and the portion of the uncollectible amount subsequently reclaimed from the Federal Government; the number of providers, by type, that are terminated from participation in the Medicaid program as a result of fraud and abuse; and

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all costs associated with discovering and prosecuting cases of Medicaid overpayments and making recoveries in such cases. The report must also document actions taken to prevent overpayments and the number of providers prevented from enrolling in or reenrolling in the Medicaid program as a result of documented Medicaid fraud and abuse and must recommend changes necessary to prevent or recover overpayments. For the 2001-2002 fiscal year, the agency shall prepare a report that contains as much of this information as is available to it.

- (1) For the purposes of this section, the term:
- "Abuse" means: (a)
- 1. Provider practices that are inconsistent with generally accepted business or medical practices and that result in an unnecessary cost to the Medicaid program or in reimbursement for goods or services that are not medically necessary or that fail to meet professionally recognized standards for health care.
- 2. Recipient practices that result in unnecessary cost to the Medicaid program.
- "Complaint" means an allegation that fraud, abuse, or an overpayment has occurred.
- "Fraud" means an intentional deception or misrepresentation made by a person with the knowledge that the deception results in unauthorized benefit to herself or himself or another person. The term includes any act that constitutes fraud under applicable federal or state law.
- (d) "Medical necessity" or "medically necessary" means any goods or services necessary to palliate the effects of a terminal condition, or to prevent, diagnose, correct, cure, 31 alleviate, or preclude deterioration of a condition that

threatens life, causes pain or suffering, or results in illness or infirmity, which goods or services are provided in accordance with generally accepted standards of medical practice. For purposes of determining Medicaid reimbursement, the agency is the final arbiter of medical necessity.

Determinations of medical necessity must be made by a licensed physician employed by or under contract with the agency and must be based upon information available at the time the goods or services are provided.

- (e) "Overpayment" includes any amount that is not authorized to be paid by the Medicaid program whether paid as a result of inaccurate or improper cost reporting, improper claiming, unacceptable practices, fraud, abuse, or mistake.
- (f) "Person" means any natural person, corporation, partnership, association, clinic, group, or other entity, whether or not such person is enrolled in the Medicaid program or is a provider of health care.
- (2) The agency shall conduct, or cause to be conducted by contract or otherwise, reviews, investigations, analyses, audits, or any combination thereof, to determine possible fraud, abuse, overpayment, or recipient neglect in the Medicaid program and shall report the findings of any overpayments in audit reports as appropriate.
- (3) The agency may conduct, or may contract for, prepayment review of provider claims to ensure cost-effective purchasing; to ensure that, billing by a provider to the agency is in accordance with applicable provisions of all Medicaid rules, regulations, handbooks, and policies and in accordance with federal, state, and local law; and to ensure that appropriate provision of care is rendered to Medicaid recipients. Such prepayment reviews may be conducted as

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determined appropriate by the agency, without any suspicion or allegation of fraud, abuse, or neglect, and may last for up to 1 year. Unless the agency has reliable evidence of fraud, misrepresentation, abuse, or neglect, claims shall be adjudicated for denial or payment within 90 days after the date complete documentation is received by the agency for review. If there is reliable evidence of fraud, misrepresentation, abuse, or neglect, claims shall be adjudicated for denial or payment within 180 days after the date complete documentation is received by the agency for review.

- (4) Any suspected criminal violation identified by the agency must be referred to the Medicaid Fraud Control Unit of the Office of the Attorney General for investigation. The agency and the Attorney General shall enter into a memorandum of understanding, which must include, but need not be limited to, a protocol for regularly sharing information and coordinating casework. The protocol must establish a procedure for the referral by the agency of cases involving suspected Medicaid fraud to the Medicaid Fraud Control Unit for investigation, and the return to the agency of those cases where investigation determines that administrative action by the agency is appropriate. Offices of the Medicaid program integrity program and the Medicaid Fraud Control Unit of the Department of Legal Affairs, shall, to the extent possible, be collocated. The agency and the Department of Legal Affairs shall periodically conduct joint training and other joint activities designed to increase communication and coordination in recovering overpayments.
- (5) A Medicaid provider is subject to having goods and 31 services that are paid for by the Medicaid program reviewed by

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an appropriate peer-review organization designated by the agency. The written findings of the applicable peer-review organization are admissible in any court or administrative proceeding as evidence of medical necessity or the lack thereof.

- (6) Any notice required to be given to a provider under this section is presumed to be sufficient notice if sent to the address last shown on the provider enrollment file. is the responsibility of the provider to furnish and keep the agency informed of the provider's current address. United States Postal Service proof of mailing or certified or registered mailing of such notice to the provider at the address shown on the provider enrollment file constitutes sufficient proof of notice. Any notice required to be given to the agency by this section must be sent to the agency at an address designated by rule.
- (7) When presenting a claim for payment under the Medicaid program, a provider has an affirmative duty to supervise the provision of, and be responsible for, goods and services claimed to have been provided, to supervise and be responsible for preparation and submission of the claim, and to present a claim that is true and accurate and that is for goods and services that:
- (a) Have actually been furnished to the recipient by the provider prior to submitting the claim.
- (b) Are Medicaid-covered goods or services that are medically necessary.
- (c) Are of a quality comparable to those furnished to the general public by the provider's peers.
- (d) Have not been billed in whole or in part to a 31 recipient or a recipient's responsible party, except for such

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30 31 copayments, coinsurance, or deductibles as are authorized by the agency.

- (e) Are provided in accord with applicable provisions of all Medicaid rules, regulations, handbooks, and policies and in accordance with federal, state, and local law.
- (f) Are documented by records made at the time the goods or services were provided, demonstrating the medical necessity for the goods or services rendered. Medicaid goods or services are excessive or not medically necessary unless both the medical basis and the specific need for them are fully and properly documented in the recipient's medical record.
- The agency may deny payment or require repayment for goods or services that are not presented as required in this subsection.
- (8) The agency shall not reimburse any person or entity for any prescription for medications, medical supplies, or medical services if the prescription was written by a physician or other prescribing practitioner who is not enrolled in the Medicaid program. This section does not apply:
- (a) In instances involving bona fide emergency medical conditions as determined by the agency;
- To a provider of medical services to a patient in a hospital emergency department, hospital inpatient, or hospital outpatient setting;
- To bono fide pro bono services by preapproved non-Medicaid providers as determined by the agency;
- To prescribing physicians who are board-certified specialists treating Medicaid recipients referred for

treatment by a treating physician who is enrolled in the Medicaid program;

- (e) To prescriptions written for dually eligible

 Medicare beneficiaries by an authorized Medicare provider who is not enrolled in the Medicaid program;
- (f) To other physicians who are not enrolled in the Medicaid program but who provide a medically necessary service or prescription not otherwise reasonably available from a Medicaid-enrolled physician; or
- (g) In instances where the agency cannot practically notify a pharmacy at the point of sale that a prescription will be approved for processing under paragraphs (a)-(f).

(9)(8) A Medicaid provider shall retain medical, professional, financial, and business records pertaining to services and goods furnished to a Medicaid recipient and billed to Medicaid for a period of 5 years after the date of furnishing such services or goods. The agency may investigate, review, or analyze such records, which must be made available during normal business hours. However, 24-hour notice must be provided if patient treatment would be disrupted. The provider is responsible for furnishing to the agency, and keeping the agency informed of the location of, the provider's Medicaid-related records. The authority of the agency to obtain Medicaid-related records from a provider is neither curtailed nor limited during a period of litigation between the agency and the provider.

(10)(9) Payments for the services of billing agents or persons participating in the preparation of a Medicaid claim shall not be based on amounts for which they bill nor based on the amount a provider receives from the Medicaid program.

 (11)(10) The agency may deny payment or require repayment for inappropriate, medically unnecessary, or excessive goods or services from the person furnishing them, the person under whose supervision they were furnished, or the person causing them to be furnished.

(12)(11) The complaint and all information obtained pursuant to an investigation of a Medicaid provider, or the authorized representative or agent of a provider, relating to an allegation of fraud, abuse, or neglect are confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1):

- (a) Until the agency takes final agency action with respect to the provider and requires repayment of any overpayment, or imposes an administrative sanction;
- (b) Until the Attorney General refers the case for criminal prosecution;
- (c) Until 10 days after the complaint is determined without merit; or
- (d) At all times if the complaint or information is otherwise protected by law.
- (13)(12) The agency may terminate participation of a Medicaid provider in the Medicaid program and may seek civil remedies or impose other administrative sanctions against a Medicaid provider, if the provider has been:
- (a) Convicted of a criminal offense related to the delivery of any health care goods or services, including the performance of management or administrative functions relating to the delivery of health care goods or services;
- (b) Convicted of a criminal offense under federal law or the law of any state relating to the practice of the provider's profession; or

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(c) Found by a court of competent jurisdiction to have neglected or physically abused a patient in connection with the delivery of health care goods or services.

(14) (13) If the provider has been suspended or terminated from participation in the Medicaid program or the Medicare program by the Federal Government or any state, the agency must immediately suspend or terminate, as appropriate, the provider's participation in the Florida Medicaid program for a period no less than that imposed by the Federal Government or any other state, and may not enroll such provider in the Florida Medicaid program while such foreign suspension or termination remains in effect. This sanction is in addition to all other remedies provided by law.

(15)(14) The agency may seek any remedy provided by law, including, but not limited to, the remedies provided in subsections(13)(12)and(16)(15)and s. 812.035, if:

- (a) The provider's license has not been renewed, or has been revoked, suspended, or terminated, for cause, by the licensing agency of any state;
- (b) The provider has failed to make available or has refused access to Medicaid-related records to an auditor, investigator, or other authorized employee or agent of the agency, the Attorney General, a state attorney, or the Federal Government;
- (c) The provider has not furnished or has failed to make available such Medicaid-related records as the agency has found necessary to determine whether Medicaid payments are or were due and the amounts thereof;
- (d) The provider has failed to maintain medical records made at the time of service, or prior to service if

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 prior authorization is required, demonstrating the necessity and appropriateness of the goods or services rendered;

- (e) The provider is not in compliance with provisions of Medicaid provider publications that have been adopted by reference as rules in the Florida Administrative Code; with provisions of state or federal laws, rules, or regulations; with provisions of the provider agreement between the agency and the provider; or with certifications found on claim forms or on transmittal forms for electronically submitted claims that are submitted by the provider or authorized representative, as such provisions apply to the Medicaid program;
- (f) The provider or person who ordered or prescribed the care, services, or supplies has furnished, or ordered the furnishing of, goods or services to a recipient which are inappropriate, unnecessary, excessive, or harmful to the recipient or are of inferior quality;
- (g) The provider has demonstrated a pattern of failure to provide goods or services that are medically necessary;
- (h) The provider or an authorized representative of the provider, or a person who ordered or prescribed the goods or services, has submitted or caused to be submitted false or a pattern of erroneous Medicaid claims that have resulted in overpayments to a provider or that exceed those to which the provider was entitled under the Medicaid program;
- (i) The provider or an authorized representative of the provider, or a person who has ordered or prescribed the goods or services, has submitted or caused to be submitted a Medicaid provider enrollment application, a request for prior authorization for Medicaid services, a drug exception request,

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30 31 or a Medicaid cost report that contains materially false or incorrect information;

- (j) The provider or an authorized representative of the provider has collected from or billed a recipient or a recipient's responsible party improperly for amounts that should not have been so collected or billed by reason of the provider's billing the Medicaid program for the same service;
- (k) The provider or an authorized representative of the provider has included in a cost report costs that are not allowable under a Florida Title XIX reimbursement plan, after the provider or authorized representative had been advised in an audit exit conference or audit report that the costs were not allowable;
- (1) The provider is charged by information or indictment with fraudulent billing practices. The sanction applied for this reason is limited to suspension of the provider's participation in the Medicaid program for the duration of the indictment unless the provider is found guilty pursuant to the information or indictment;
- (m) The provider or a person who has ordered, or prescribed the goods or services is found liable for negligent practice resulting in death or injury to the provider's patient;
- (n) The provider fails to demonstrate that it had available during a specific audit or review period sufficient quantities of goods, or sufficient time in the case of services, to support the provider's billings to the Medicaid program;
- (o) The provider has failed to comply with the notice and reporting requirements of s. 409.907;

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- (p) The agency has received reliable information of patient abuse or neglect or of any act prohibited by s. 409.920; or
- (q) The provider has failed to comply with an agreed-upon repayment schedule.
- (16)(15) The agency shall impose any of the following sanctions or disincentives on a provider or a person for any of the acts described in subsection(15) $\frac{(14)}{(14)}$:
- (a) Suspension for a specific period of time of not more than 1 year. Suspension shall preclude participation in the Medicaid program, which includes any action that results in a claim for payment to the Medicaid program as a result of furnishing, supervising a person who is furnishing, or causing a person to furnish goods or services.
- (b) Termination for a specific period of time of from more than 1 year to 20 years. Termination shall preclude participation in the Medicaid program, which includes any action that results in a claim for payment to the Medicaid program as a result of furnishing, supervising a person who is furnishing, or causing a person to furnish goods or services.
- (C) Imposition of a fine of up to \$5,000 for each Each day that an ongoing violation continues, such violation. as refusing to furnish Medicaid-related records or refusing access to records, is considered, for the purposes of this section, to be a separate violation. Each instance of improper billing of a Medicaid recipient; each instance of including an unallowable cost on a hospital or nursing home Medicaid cost report after the provider or authorized representative has been advised in an audit exit conference or previous audit report of the cost unallowability; each instance of furnishing a Medicaid recipient goods or

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professional services that are inappropriate or of inferior quality as determined by competent peer judgment; each instance of knowingly submitting a materially false or erroneous Medicaid provider enrollment application, request for prior authorization for Medicaid services, drug exception request, or cost report; each instance of inappropriate prescribing of drugs for a Medicaid recipient as determined by competent peer judgment; and each false or erroneous Medicaid claim leading to an overpayment to a provider is considered, for the purposes of this section, to be a separate violation.

- (d) Immediate suspension, if the agency has received information of patient abuse or neglect or of any act prohibited by s. 409.920. Upon suspension, the agency must issue an immediate final order under s. 120.569(2)(n).
- (e) A fine, not to exceed \$10,000, for a violation of $paragraph(15)(i)\frac{(14)(i)}{i}$.
- (f) Imposition of liens against provider assets, including, but not limited to, financial assets and real property, not to exceed the amount of fines or recoveries sought, upon entry of an order determining that such moneys are due or recoverable.
- (g) Prepayment reviews of claims for a specified period of time.
- (h) Comprehensive followup reviews of providers every 6 months to ensure that they are billing Medicaid correctly.
- (i) Corrective-action plans that would remain in effect for providers for up to 3 years and that would be monitored by the agency every 6 months while in effect.
- (j) Other remedies as permitted by law to effect the recovery of a fine or overpayment.

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The Secretary of Health Care Administration may make a determination that imposition of a sanction or disincentive is not in the best interest of the Medicaid program, in which case a sanction or disincentive shall not be imposed.

(17)(16) In determining the appropriate administrative sanction to be applied, or the duration of any suspension or termination, the agency shall consider:

- (a) The seriousness and extent of the violation or violations.
- (b) Any prior history of violations by the provider relating to the delivery of health care programs which resulted in either a criminal conviction or in administrative sanction or penalty.
- (c) Evidence of continued violation within the provider's management control of Medicaid statutes, rules, regulations, or policies after written notification to the provider of improper practice or instance of violation.
- The effect, if any, on the quality of medical care provided to Medicaid recipients as a result of the acts of the provider.
- (e) Any action by a licensing agency respecting the provider in any state in which the provider operates or has operated.
- The apparent impact on access by recipients to Medicaid services if the provider is suspended or terminated, in the best judgment of the agency.

The agency shall document the basis for all sanctioning actions and recommendations.

(18) (18) (17) The agency may take action to sanction, 31 suspend, or terminate a particular provider working for a

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group provider, and may suspend or terminate Medicaid participation at a specific location, rather than or in addition to taking action against an entire group.

(19)(18) The agency shall establish a process for conducting followup reviews of a sampling of providers who have a history of overpayment under the Medicaid program. This process must consider the magnitude of previous fraud or abuse and the potential effect of continued fraud or abuse on Medicaid costs.

(20)(19) In making a determination of overpayment to a provider, the agency must use accepted and valid auditing, accounting, analytical, statistical, or peer-review methods, or combinations thereof. Appropriate statistical methods may include, but are not limited to, sampling and extension to the population, parametric and nonparametric statistics, tests of hypotheses, and other generally accepted statistical methods. Appropriate analytical methods may include, but are not limited to, reviews to determine variances between the quantities of products that a provider had on hand and available to be purveyed to Medicaid recipients during the review period and the quantities of the same products paid for by the Medicaid program for the same period, taking into appropriate consideration sales of the same products to non-Medicaid customers during the same period. In meeting its burden of proof in any administrative or court proceeding, the agency may introduce the results of such statistical methods as evidence of overpayment.

 $(21)\frac{(20)}{(20)}$ When making a determination that an overpayment has occurred, the agency shall prepare and issue an audit report to the provider showing the calculation of 31 overpayments.

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(22)(21) The audit report, supported by agency work papers, showing an overpayment to a provider constitutes evidence of the overpayment. A provider may not present or elicit testimony, either on direct examination or cross-examination in any court or administrative proceeding, regarding the purchase or acquisition by any means of drugs, goods, or supplies; sales or divestment by any means of drugs, goods, or supplies; or inventory of drugs, goods, or supplies, unless such acquisition, sales, divestment, or inventory is documented by written invoices, written inventory records, or other competent written documentary evidence maintained in the normal course of the provider's business. Notwithstanding the applicable rules of discovery, all documentation that will be offered as evidence at an administrative hearing on a Medicaid overpayment must be exchanged by all parties at least 14 days before the administrative hearing or must be excluded from consideration.

(23)(22)(a) In an audit or investigation of a violation committed by a provider which is conducted pursuant to this section, the agency is entitled to recover all investigative, legal, and expert witness costs if the agency's findings were not contested by the provider or, if contested, the agency ultimately prevailed.

(b) The agency has the burden of documenting the costs, which include salaries and employee benefits and out-of-pocket expenses. The amount of costs that may be recovered must be reasonable in relation to the seriousness of the violation and must be set taking into consideration the financial resources, earning ability, and needs of the provider, who has the burden of demonstrating such factors.

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(c) The provider may pay the costs over a period to be determined by the agency if the agency determines that an extreme hardship would result to the provider from immediate full payment. Any default in payment of costs may be collected by any means authorized by law.

(24) (24) (23) If the agency imposes an administrative sanction pursuant to subsection (13), subsection (14), or subsection (15), except paragraphs (15)(e) and (o), under this section upon any provider or other person who is regulated by another state entity, the agency shall notify that other entity of the imposition of the sanction. Such notification must include the provider's or person's name and license number and the specific reasons for sanction.

(25)(24)(a) The agency may withhold Medicaid payments, in whole or in part, to a provider upon receipt of reliable evidence that the circumstances giving rise to the need for a withholding of payments involve fraud, willful misrepresentation, or abuse under the Medicaid program, or a crime committed while rendering goods or services to Medicaid recipients, pending completion of legal proceedings. If it is determined that fraud, willful misrepresentation, abuse, or a crime did not occur, the payments withheld must be paid to the provider within 14 days after such determination with interest at the rate of 10 percent a year. Any money withheld in accordance with this paragraph shall be placed in a suspended account, readily accessible to the agency, so that any payment ultimately due the provider shall be made within 14 days.

The agency may deny payment, or require repayment, if the goods or services were furnished, supervised, or caused to be furnished by a person who has been suspended or

 terminated from the Medicaid program or Medicare program by the Federal Government or any state.

(c)(b) Overpayments owed to the agency bear interest at the rate of 10 percent per year from the date of determination of the overpayment by the agency, and payment arrangements must be made at the conclusion of legal proceedings. A provider who does not enter into or adhere to an agreed-upon repayment schedule may be terminated by the agency for nonpayment or partial payment.

(d)(c) The agency, upon entry of a final agency order, a judgment or order of a court of competent jurisdiction, or a stipulation or settlement, may collect the moneys owed by all means allowable by law, including, but not limited to, notifying any fiscal intermediary of Medicare benefits that the state has a superior right of payment. Upon receipt of such written notification, the Medicare fiscal intermediary shall remit to the state the sum claimed.

(e) The agency may institute amnesty programs to allow Medicaid providers the opportunity to voluntarily repay overpayments. The agency may adopt rules to administer such programs.

(26)(25) The agency may impose administrative sanctions against a Medicaid recipient, or the agency may seek any other remedy provided by law, including, but not limited to, the remedies provided in s. 812.035, if the agency finds that a recipient has engaged in solicitation in violation of s. 409.920 or that the recipient has otherwise abused the Medicaid program.

 $\underline{(27)}\overline{(26)}$ When the Agency for Health Care Administration has made a probable cause determination and

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30 31 alleged that an overpayment to a Medicaid provider has occurred, the agency, after notice to the provider, may:

- (a) Withhold, and continue to withhold during the pendency of an administrative hearing pursuant to chapter 120, any medical assistance reimbursement payments until such time as the overpayment is recovered, unless within 30 days after receiving notice thereof the provider:
 - 1. Makes repayment in full; or
- Establishes a repayment plan that is satisfactory to the Agency for Health Care Administration.
- (b) Withhold, and continue to withhold during the pendency of an administrative hearing pursuant to chapter 120, medical assistance reimbursement payments if the terms of a repayment plan are not adhered to by the provider.
- (28)(27) Venue for all Medicaid program integrity overpayment cases shall lie in Leon County, at the discretion of the agency.
- (29)(28) Notwithstanding other provisions of law, the agency and the Medicaid Fraud Control Unit of the Department of Legal Affairs may review a provider's Medicaid-related and non-Medicaid-related records in order to determine the total output of a provider's practice to reconcile quantities of goods or services billed to Medicaid with against quantities of goods or services used in the provider's total practice.
- (30)(29) The agency may terminate a provider's participation in the Medicaid program if the provider fails to reimburse an overpayment that has been determined by final order, not subject to further appeal, within 35 days after the date of the final order, unless the provider and the agency have entered into a repayment agreement.

 (31)(30) If a provider requests an administrative hearing pursuant to chapter 120, such hearing must be conducted within 90 days following assignment of an administrative law judge, absent exceptionally good cause shown as determined by the administrative law judge or hearing officer. Upon issuance of a final order, the outstanding balance of the amount determined to constitute the overpayment shall become due. If a provider fails to make payments in full, fails to enter into a satisfactory repayment plan, or fails to comply with the terms of a repayment plan or settlement agreement, the agency may withhold medical assistance reimbursement payments until the amount due is paid in full.

(32)(31) Duly authorized agents and employees of the agency shall have the power to inspect, during normal business hours, the records of any pharmacy, wholesale establishment, or manufacturer, or any other place in which drugs and medical supplies are manufactured, packed, packaged, made, stored, sold, or kept for sale, for the purpose of verifying the amount of drugs and medical supplies ordered, delivered, or purchased by a provider. The agency shall provide at least 2 business days' prior notice of any such inspection. The notice must identify the provider whose records will be inspected, and the inspection shall include only records specifically related to that provider.

(33) In accordance with federal law, Medicaid recipients convicted of a crime pursuant to 42 U.S.C. 1320a-7b may be limited, restricted, or suspended from Medicaid eligibility for a period not to exceed 1 year, as determined by the agency head or designee.

1 (34) To deter fraud and abuse in the Medicaid program, the agency may limit the number of Schedule II and Schedule 2 3 III refill prescription claims submitted from a pharmacy provider. The agency shall limit the allowable amount of 4 5 reimbursement of prescription refill claims for Schedule II 6 and Schedule III pharmaceuticals if the agency or the Medicaid Fraud Control Unit determines that the specific prescription 7 8 refill was not requested by the Medicaid recipient or authorized representative for whom the refill claim is 9 10 submitted or was not prescribed by the recipient's medical 11 provider or physician. Any such refill request must be consistent with the original prescription. 12 13 (35) The Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability shall provide a report to the 14 15 President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives on a biennial basis, beginning January 31, 16 17 2006, on the agency's efforts to prevent, detect, and deter, as well as recover funds lost to, fraud and abuse in the 18 19 Medicaid program. Section 7. Paragraph (d) of subsection (2) and 20 paragraph (b) of subsection (5) of section 409.9131, Florida 21 22 Statutes, are amended, and subsection (6) is added to that 23 section, to read: 24 409.9131 Special provisions relating to integrity of 25 the Medicaid program. --(2) DEFINITIONS.--For purposes of this section, the 26 27 term: 28 "Peer review" means an evaluation of the 29 professional practices of a Medicaid physician provider by a

peer or peers in order to assess the medical necessity,

compared to that customarily furnished by the physician's peers and to recognized health care standards, and, in cases involving determination of medical necessity, to determine whether the documentation in the physician's records is adequate.

- (5) DETERMINATIONS OF OVERPAYMENT.--In making a determination of overpayment to a physician, the agency must:
- (b) Refer all physician service claims for peer review when the agency's preliminary analysis indicates that an evaluation of the medical necessity, appropriateness, and quality of care needs to be undertaken to determine a potential overpayment, and before any formal proceedings are initiated against the physician, except as required by s. 409.913.
- (6) COST REPORTS.--For any Medicaid provider
 submitting a cost report to the agency by any method, and in
 addition to any other certification, the following statement
 must immediately precede the dated signature of the provider's
 administrator or chief financial officer on such cost report:

"I certify that I am familiar with the laws and regulations regarding the provision of health care services under the Florida Medicaid program, including the laws and regulations relating to claims for Medicaid reimbursements and payments, and that the services identified in this cost report were provided in compliance with such laws and regulations."

Section 8. Section 409.920, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

409.920 Medicaid provider fraud. --

(1) For the purposes of this section, the term:

- 1 (a) "Agency" means the Agency for Health Care 2 Administration.
 - (b) "Fiscal agent" means any individual, firm, corporation, partnership, organization, or other legal entity that has contracted with the agency to receive, process, and adjudicate claims under the Medicaid program.
 - (c) "Item or service" includes:
 - 1. Any particular item, device, medical supply, or service claimed to have been provided to a recipient and listed in an itemized claim for payment; or
 - 2. In the case of a claim based on costs, any entry in the cost report, books of account, or other documents supporting such claim.
 - voluntarily and intentionally and not because of mistake or accident. As used in this section, the term "knowingly" also includes the word "willfully" or "willful" which, as used in this section, means that an act was committed voluntarily and purposely, with the specific intent to do something that the law forbids, and that the act was committed with bad purpose, either to disobey or disregard the law done by a person who is aware or should be aware of the nature of his or her conduct and that his or her conduct is substantially certain to cause the intended result.
 - (2) It is unlawful to:
 - (a) Knowingly make, cause to be made, or aid and abet in the making of any false statement or false representation of a material fact, by commission or omission, in any claim submitted to the agency or its fiscal agent for payment.

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- (b) Knowingly make, cause to be made, or aid and abet in the making of a claim for items or services that are not authorized to be reimbursed by the Medicaid program.
- (c) Knowingly charge, solicit, accept, or receive anything of value, other than an authorized copayment from a Medicaid recipient, from any source in addition to the amount legally payable for an item or service provided to a Medicaid recipient under the Medicaid program or knowingly fail to credit the agency or its fiscal agent for any payment received from a third-party source.
- (d) Knowingly make or in any way cause to be made any false statement or false representation of a material fact, by commission or omission, in any document containing items of income and expense that is or may be used by the agency to determine a general or specific rate of payment for an item or service provided by a provider.
- (e) Knowingly solicit, offer, pay, or receive any remuneration, including any kickback, bribe, or rebate, directly or indirectly, overtly or covertly, in cash or in kind, in return for referring an individual to a person for the furnishing or arranging for the furnishing of any item or service for which payment may be made, in whole or in part, under the Medicaid program, or in return for obtaining, purchasing, leasing, ordering, or arranging for or recommending, obtaining, purchasing, leasing, or ordering any goods, facility, item, or service, for which payment may be made, in whole or in part, under the Medicaid program.
- (f) Knowingly submit false or misleading information or statements to the Medicaid program for the purpose of being accepted as a Medicaid provider.

(g) Knowingly use or endeavor to use a Medicaid provider's identification number or a Medicaid recipient's identification number to make, cause to be made, or aid and abet in the making of a claim for items or services that are not authorized to be reimbursed by the Medicaid program.

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A person who violates this subsection commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

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(3) The repayment of Medicaid payments wrongfully obtained, or the offer or endeavor to repay Medicaid funds wrongfully obtained, does not constitute a defense to, or a ground for dismissal of, criminal charges brought under this section.

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(4) Property "paid for" includes all property furnished to or intended to be furnished to any recipient of benefits under the Medicaid program, regardless of whether reimbursement is ever actually made by the program.

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(5) (4) All records in the custody of the agency or its fiscal agent which relate to Medicaid provider fraud are business records within the meaning of s. 90.803(6).

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(6) (6) Proof that a claim was submitted to the agency or its fiscal agent which contained a false statement or a false representation of a material fact, by commission or omission, unless satisfactorily explained, gives rise to an inference that the person whose signature appears as the provider's authorizing signature on the claim form, or whose signature appears on an agency electronic claim submission agreement submitted for claims made to the fiscal agent by electronic means, had knowledge of the false statement or 31 | false representation. This subsection applies whether the

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signature appears on the claim form or the electronic claim submission agreement by means of handwriting, typewriting, facsimile signature stamp, computer impulse, initials, or otherwise.

(7) Proof of submission to the agency or its fiscal agent of a document containing items of income and expense, which document is used or that may be used by the agency or its fiscal agent to determine a general or specific rate of payment and which document contains a false statement or a false representation of a material fact, by commission or omission, unless satisfactorily explained, gives rise to the inference that the person who signed the certification of the document had knowledge of the false statement or representation. This subsection applies whether the signature appears on the document by means of handwriting, typewriting, facsimile signature stamp, electronic transmission, initials, or otherwise.

(8) (8) (7) The Attorney General shall conduct a statewide program of Medicaid fraud control. To accomplish this purpose, the Attorney General shall:

- Investigate the possible criminal violation of any applicable state law pertaining to fraud in the administration of the Medicaid program, in the provision of medical assistance, or in the activities of providers of health care under the Medicaid program.
- Investigate the alleged abuse or neglect of patients in health care facilities receiving payments under the Medicaid program, in coordination with the agency.
- (c) Investigate the alleged misappropriation of patients' private funds in health care facilities receiving 31 payments under the Medicaid program.

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- CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

- (d) Refer to the Office of Statewide Prosecution or the appropriate state attorney all violations indicating a substantial potential for criminal prosecution.
- (e) Refer to the agency all suspected abusive activities not of a criminal or fraudulent nature.
- (f) Safeguard the privacy rights of all individuals and provide safequards to prevent the use of patient medical records for any reason beyond the scope of a specific investigation for fraud or abuse, or both, without the patient's written consent.
- (g) Publicize to state employees and the public the ability of persons to bring suit under the provisions of the Florida False Claims Act and the potential for the persons bringing a civil action under the Florida False Claims Act to obtain a monetary award.
- (9)(8) In carrying out the duties and responsibilities under this section, the Attorney General may:
- (a) Enter upon the premises of any health care provider, excluding a physician, participating in the Medicaid program to examine all accounts and records that may, in any manner, be relevant in determining the existence of fraud in the Medicaid program, to investigate alleged abuse or neglect of patients, or to investigate alleged misappropriation of patients' private funds. A participating physician is required to make available any accounts or records that may, in any manner, be relevant in determining the existence of fraud in the Medicaid program, alleged abuse or neglect of patients, or alleged misappropriation of patients' private funds. The accounts or records of a non-Medicaid patient may not be reviewed by, or turned over to, the Attorney General without 31 the patient's written consent.

- (b) Subpoena witnesses or materials, including medical records relating to Medicaid recipients, within or outside the state and, through any duly designated employee, administer oaths and affirmations and collect evidence for possible use in either civil or criminal judicial proceedings.
- (c) Request and receive the assistance of any state attorney or law enforcement agency in the investigation and prosecution of any violation of this section.
- (d) Seek any civil remedy provided by law, including, but not limited to, the remedies provided in ss. 68.081-68.092 and 812.035 and this chapter.
- (e) Refer to the agency for collection each instance of overpayment to a provider of health care under the Medicaid program which is discovered during the course of an investigation.
- Section 9. Section 409.9201, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
 - 409.9201 Medicaid fraud.--
 - (1) As used in this section, the term:
- (a) "Legend drug" means any drug, including, but not limited to, finished dosage forms or active ingredients that are subject to, defined by, or described by s. 503(b) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act or by s. 465.003(8), s. 499.007(12), or s. 499.0122(1)(b) or (c).
- (b) "Value" means the amount billed to the Medicaid program for the property dispensed or the market value of a legend drug or goods or services at the time and place of the offense. If the market value cannot be determined, the term means the replacement cost of the legend drug or goods or services within a reasonable time after the offense.

775.084.

- (2) Any person who knowingly sells, who knowingly attempts or conspires to sell, or who knowingly causes any other person to sell or attempt or conspire to sell a legend drug that was paid for by the Medicaid program commits a felony.

 (a) If the value of the legend drug involved is less than \$20,000, the crime is a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s.
- (b) If the value of the legend drug involved is \$20,000 or more but less than \$100,000, the crime is a felony of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
- (c) If the value of the legend drug involved is \$100,000 or more, the crime is a felony of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
- (3) Any person who knowingly purchases, or who knowingly attempts or conspires to purchase, a legend drug that was paid for by the Medicaid program and intended for use by another person commits a felony.
- (a) If the value of the legend drug is less than \$20,000, the crime is a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
- (b) If the value of the legend drug is \$20,000 or more but less than \$100,000, the crime is a felony of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
- 29 (c) If the value of the legend drug is \$100,000 or
 30 more, the crime is a felony of the first degree, punishable as
 31 provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

1 (4) Any person who knowingly makes or knowingly causes to be made, or who attempts or conspires to make, any false 2 3 statement or representation to any person for the purpose of obtaining goods or services from the Medicaid program commits 4 5 a felony. 6 (a) If the value of the goods or services is less than \$20,000, the crime is a felony of the third degree, punishable 7 8 as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. 9 (b) If the value of the goods or services is \$20,000 10 or more but less than \$100,000, the crime is a felony of the 11 second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. 12 (c) If the value of the goods or services involved is 13 14 \$100,000 or more, the crime is a felony of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 15 16 775.084. 17 The value of individual items of the legend drugs or goods or 18 19 services involved in distinct transactions committed during a 20 single scheme or course of conduct, whether involving a single person or several persons, may be aggregated when determining 21 22 the punishment for the offense. Section 10. Paragraph (ff) is added to subsection (1) 23 24 of section 456.072, Florida Statutes, to read: 25 456.072 Grounds for discipline; penalties; enforcement. --26 27 (1) The following acts shall constitute grounds for 28 which the disciplinary actions specified in subsection (2) may 29 be taken: 30 (ff) Engaging in a pattern of practice when

prescribing medicinal drugs or controlled substances which

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demonstrates a lack of reasonable skill or safety to patients, a violation of any provision of this chapter, a violation of the applicable practice act, or a violation of any rules adopted pursuant to this chapter or the applicable practice act of the prescribing practitioner. Notwithstanding s. 456.073(13), the department may initiate an investigation and establish such a pattern from billing records, data, or any other information obtained by the department.

Section 11. Subsection (1) of section 465.188, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

465.188 Medicaid audits of pharmacies.--

- (1) Notwithstanding any other law, when an audit of the Medicaid-related records of a pharmacy licensed under chapter 465 is conducted, such audit must be conducted as provided in this section.
- (a) The agency conducting the audit must give the pharmacist at least 1 week's prior notice of the initial audit for each audit cycle.
- (b) An audit must be conducted by a pharmacist licensed in this state.
- (c) Any clerical or recordkeeping error, such as a typographical error, scrivener's error, or computer error regarding a document or record required under the Medicaid program does not constitute a willful violation and is not subject to criminal penalties without proof of intent to commit fraud.
- (d) A pharmacist may use the physician's record or other order for drugs or medicinal supplies written or transmitted by any means of communication for purposes of validating the pharmacy record with respect to orders or 31 refills of a legend or narcotic drug.

- (e) A finding of an overpayment or underpayment must be based on the actual overpayment or underpayment and may not be a projection based on the number of patients served having a similar diagnosis or on the number of similar orders or refills for similar drugs.

 (f) Each pharmacy shall be audited under the same
 - (f) Each pharmacy shall be audited under the same standards and parameters.
 - (g) A pharmacist must be allowed at least 10 days in which to produce documentation to address any discrepancy found during an audit.
 - $\mbox{(h)}$ The period covered by an audit may not exceed 1 calendar year.
 - (i) An audit may not be scheduled during the first 5 days of any month due to the high volume of prescriptions filled during that time.
 - (j) The audit report must be delivered to the pharmacist within 90 days after conclusion of the audit. A final audit report shall be delivered to the pharmacist within 6 months after receipt of the preliminary audit report or final appeal, as provided for in subsection (2), whichever is later.
 - (k) The audit criteria set forth in this section applies only to audits of claims submitted for payment subsequent to July 11, 2003.

Section 12. Section 812.0191, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

- 812.0191 Dealing in property paid for in whole or in part by the Medicaid program.--
 - (1) As used in this section, the term:
- 30 (a) "Property paid for in whole or in part by the
 31 Medicaid program" means any devices, goods, services, drugs,

or any other property furnished or intended to be furnished to a recipient of benefits under the Medicaid program.

- (b) "Value" means the amount billed to Medicaid for the property dispensed or the market value of the devices, goods, services, or drugs at the time and place of the offense. If the market value cannot be determined, the term means the replacement cost of the devices, goods, services, or drugs within a reasonable time after the offense.
- (2) Any person who traffics in, or endeavors to traffic in, property that he or she knows or should have known was paid for in whole or in part by the Medicaid program commits a felony.
- (a) If the value of the property involved is less than \$20,000, the crime is a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
- (b) If the value of the property involved is \$20,000 or more but less than \$100,000, the crime is a felony of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
- (c) If the value of the property involved is \$100,000 or more, the crime is a felony of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

The value of individual items of the devices, goods, services, drugs, or other property involved in distinct transactions committed during a single scheme or course of conduct, whether involving a single person or several persons, may be aggregated when determining the punishment for the offense.

(3) Any person who knowingly initiates, organizes, plans, finances, directs, manages, or supervises the obtaining of property paid for in whole or in part by the Medicaid

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adulterated drugs.

program and who traffics in, or endeavors to traffic in, such property commits a felony of the first degree, punishable as 2 3 provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. 4 Section 13. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 5 895.02, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 6 895.02 Definitions.--As used in ss. 895.01-895.08, the 7 term: 8 "Racketeering activity" means to commit, to 9 attempt to commit, to conspire to commit, or to solicit, 10 coerce, or intimidate another person to commit: 11 (a) Any crime which is chargeable by indictment or information under the following provisions of the Florida 12 13 Statutes: 1. 14 Section 210.18, relating to evasion of payment of 15 cigarette taxes. Section 403.727(3)(b), relating to environmental 16 17 control. 3. Section 414.39, relating to public assistance 18 19 fraud. Section 409.920 or s. 409.9201, relating to 20 21 Medicaid provider fraud. 22 Section 440.105 or s. 440.106, relating to workers' 23 compensation.

7. Part IV of chapter 501, relating to telemarketing.

6. Sections 499.0051, 499.0052, 499.0053, 499.0054,

8. Chapter 517, relating to sale of securities and investor protection.

and 499.0691, relating to crimes involving contraband and

9. Section 550.235, s. 550.3551, or s. 550.3605,31 relating to dogracing and horseracing.

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1 Chapter 550, relating to jai alai frontons. 2 11. Chapter 552, relating to the manufacture, 3 distribution, and use of explosives. 4 Chapter 560, relating to money transmitters, if 5 the violation is punishable as a felony. 6 Chapter 562, relating to beverage law enforcement. 7 Section 624.401, relating to transacting insurance 8 without a certificate of authority, s. 624.437(4)(c)1., 9 relating to operating an unauthorized multiple-employer 10 welfare arrangement, or s. 626.902(1)(b), relating to 11 representing or aiding an unauthorized insurer. 15. Section 655.50, relating to reports of currency 12 13 transactions, when such violation is punishable as a felony. 14 Chapter 687, relating to interest and usurious 15 practices. Section 721.08, s. 721.09, or s. 721.13, relating 16 17. 17 to real estate timeshare plans. Chapter 782, relating to homicide. 18 18. Chapter 784, relating to assault and battery. 19 19. 20 20. Chapter 787, relating to kidnapping. Chapter 790, relating to weapons and firearms. 21 21. Section 796.03, s. 796.04, s. 796.05, or s. 22 22. 23 796.07, relating to prostitution. 24 23. Chapter 806, relating to arson. 25 24. Section 810.02(2)(c), relating to specified burglary of a dwelling or structure. 26 27 Chapter 812, relating to theft, robbery, and related crimes. 28

Chapter 815, relating to computer-related crimes.

Chapter 817, relating to fraudulent practices,

31 | false pretenses, fraud generally, and credit card crimes.

1 Chapter 825, relating to abuse, neglect, or 2 exploitation of an elderly person or disabled adult. 3 Section 827.071, relating to commercial sexual exploitation of children. 4 5 30. Chapter 831, relating to forgery and 6 counterfeiting. 7 Chapter 832, relating to issuance of worthless 31. 8 checks and drafts. Section 836.05, relating to extortion. 9 32. 10 Chapter 837, relating to perjury. 11 34. Chapter 838, relating to bribery and misuse of public office. 12 Chapter 843, relating to obstruction of justice. 13 35. Section 847.011, s. 847.012, s. 847.013, s. 14 847.06, or s. 847.07, relating to obscene literature and 15 16 profanity. 17 Section 849.09, s. 849.14, s. 849.15, s. 849.23, 18 or s. 849.25, relating to gambling. 19 Chapter 874, relating to criminal street gangs. 20 Chapter 893, relating to drug abuse prevention and 21 control. Chapter 896, relating to offenses related to 22 23 financial transactions. 24 41. Sections 914.22 and 914.23, relating to tampering 25 with a witness, victim, or informant, and retaliation against a witness, victim, or informant. 26 27 42. Sections 918.12 and 918.13, relating to tampering 28 with jurors and evidence. 29 Section 14. Section 905.34, Florida Statutes, is 30 amended to read:

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1 905.34 Powers and duties; law applicable. -- The 2 jurisdiction of a statewide grand jury impaneled under this 3 chapter shall extend throughout the state. The subject matter 4 jurisdiction of the statewide grand jury shall be limited to 5 the offenses of:

- (1) Bribery, burglary, carjacking, home-invasion robbery, criminal usury, extortion, gambling, kidnapping, larceny, murder, prostitution, perjury, and robbery;
- (2) Crimes involving narcotic or other dangerous drugs;
- Any violation of the provisions of the Florida RICO (Racketeer Influenced and Corrupt Organization) Act, including any offense listed in the definition of racketeering activity in s. 895.02(1)(a), providing such listed offense is investigated in connection with a violation of s. 895.03 and is charged in a separate count of an information or indictment containing a count charging a violation of s. 895.03, the prosecution of which listed offense may continue independently if the prosecution of the violation of s. 895.03 is terminated for any reason;
- (4) Any violation of the provisions of the Florida Anti-Fencing Act;
- (5) Any violation of the provisions of the Florida Antitrust Act of 1980, as amended;
 - (6) Any violation of the provisions of chapter 815;
- (7) Any crime involving, or resulting in, fraud or deceit upon any person;
- (8) Any violation of s. 847.0135, s. 847.0137, or s. 847.0138 relating to computer pornography and child exploitation prevention, or any offense related to a violation 31 of s. 847.0135, s. 847.0137, or s. 847.0138; or

1 (9) Any criminal violation of part I of chapter 499; 2 or 3 (10) Any criminal violation of s. 409.920 or s. 4 409.9201; 5 6 or any attempt, solicitation, or conspiracy to commit any 7 violation of the crimes specifically enumerated above, when any such offense is occurring, or has occurred, in two or more 8 9 judicial circuits as part of a related transaction or when any 10 such offense is connected with an organized criminal 11 conspiracy affecting two or more judicial circuits. The statewide grand jury may return indictments and presentments 12 13 irrespective of the county or judicial circuit where the offense is committed or triable. If an indictment is 14 returned, it shall be certified and transferred for trial to 15 the county where the offense was committed. The powers and 16 17 duties of, and law applicable to, county grand juries shall apply to a statewide grand jury except when such powers, 18 19 duties, and law are inconsistent with the provisions of ss. 905.31-905.40. 20 Section 15. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 21 932.701, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 22 932.701 Short title; definitions.--23 24 (2) As used in the Florida Contraband Forfeiture Act: "Contraband article" means: 25 (a) Any controlled substance as defined in chapter 893 26 or any substance, device, paraphernalia, or currency or other 27 28 means of exchange that was used, was attempted to be used, or 29 was intended to be used in violation of any provision of chapter 893, if the totality of the facts presented by the 30 31 state is clearly sufficient to meet the state's burden of

establishing probable cause to believe that a nexus exists
between the article seized and the narcotics activity, whether
or not the use of the contraband article can be traced to a
specific narcotics transaction.

2. Any gambling paraphernalia, lottery tickets, money,

- 2. Any gambling paraphernalia, lottery tickets, money, currency, or other means of exchange which was used, was attempted, or intended to be used in violation of the gambling laws of the state.
- 3. Any equipment, liquid or solid, which was being used, is being used, was attempted to be used, or intended to be used in violation of the beverage or tobacco laws of the state.
- 4. Any motor fuel upon which the motor fuel tax has not been paid as required by law.
- 5. Any personal property, including, but not limited to, any vessel, aircraft, item, object, tool, substance, device, weapon, machine, vehicle of any kind, money, securities, books, records, research, negotiable instruments, or currency, which was used or was attempted to be used as an instrumentality in the commission of, or in aiding or abetting in the commission of, any felony, whether or not comprising an element of the felony, or which is acquired by proceeds obtained as a result of a violation of the Florida Contraband Forfeiture Act.
- 6. Any real property, including any right, title, leasehold, or other interest in the whole of any lot or tract of land, which was used, is being used, or was attempted to be used as an instrumentality in the commission of, or in aiding or abetting in the commission of, any felony, or which is acquired by proceeds obtained as a result of a violation of the Florida Contraband Forfeiture Act.

- 7. Any personal property, including, but not limited to, equipment, money, securities, books, records, research, negotiable instruments, currency, or any vessel, aircraft, item, object, tool, substance, device, weapon, machine, or vehicle of any kind in the possession of or belonging to any person who takes aquaculture products in violation of s. 812.014(2)(c).

 8. Any motor vehicle offered for sale in violation of
- 8. Any motor vehicle offered for sale in violation of s. 320.28.
- 9. Any motor vehicle used during the course of committing an offense in violation of s. 322.34(9)(a).
- 10. Any real property, including any right, title, leasehold, or other interest in the whole of any lot or tract of land, which is acquired by proceeds obtained as a result of Medicaid fraud under s. 409.920 or s. 409.9201; any personal property, including, but not limited to, equipment, money, securities, books, records, research, negotiable instruments, or currency; or any vessel, aircraft, item, object, tool, substance, device, weapon, machine, or vehicle of any kind in the possession of or belonging to any person which is acquired by proceeds obtained as a result of Medicaid fraud under s. 409.920 or s. 409.9201.

Section 16. Paragraph (1) is added to subsection (5) of section 932.7055, Florida Statutes, to read:

932.7055 Disposition of liens and forfeited property.--

- (5) If the seizing agency is a state agency, all remaining proceeds shall be deposited into the General Revenue Fund. However, if the seizing agency is:
- (1) The Medicaid Fraud Control Unit of the Department of Legal Affairs, the proceeds accrued pursuant to the

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provisions of the Florida Contraband Forfeiture Act shall be deposited into the Department of Legal Affairs Grants and Donations Trust Fund to be used for investigation and prosecution of Medicaid fraud, abuse, neglect, and other related cases by the Medicaid Fraud Control Unit.

Section 17. Paragraphs (a), (b), and (e) of subsection (4) of section 394.9082, Florida Statutes, are amended to

394.9082 Behavioral health service delivery strategies.--

- (4) CONTRACT FOR SERVICES.--
- (a) The Department of Children and Family Services and the Agency for Health Care Administration may contract for the provision or management of behavioral health services with a managing entity in at least two geographic areas. Both the Department of Children and Family Services and the Agency for Health Care Administration must contract with the same managing entity in any distinct geographic area where the strategy operates. This managing entity shall be accountable at a minimum for the delivery of behavioral health services specified and funded by the department and the agency. The geographic area must be of sufficient size in population and have enough public funds for behavioral health services to allow for flexibility and maximum efficiency. Notwithstanding the provisions of s. $409.912(4)\frac{(3)}{(5)}(b)1$. and 2., at least one service delivery strategy must be in one of the service districts in the catchment area of G. Pierce Wood Memorial Hospital.
- (b) Under one of the service delivery strategies, the Department of Children and Family Services may contract with a 31 prepaid mental health plan that operates under s. 409.912 to

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be the managing entity. Under this strategy, the Department of 2 Children and Family Services is not required to competitively 3 procure those services and, notwithstanding other provisions 4 of law, may employ prospective payment methodologies that the 5 department finds are necessary to improve client care or 6 institute more efficient practices. The Department of Children 7 and Family Services may employ in its contract any provision 8 of the current prepaid behavioral health care plan authorized 9 under s. $409.912(4)\frac{(3)}{(3)}(a)$ and (b), or any other provision 10 necessary to improve quality, access, continuity, and price. 11 Any contracts under this strategy in Area 6 of the Agency for Health Care Administration or in the prototype region under s. 12 13 20.19(7) of the Department of Children and Family Services may be entered with the existing substance abuse treatment 14 provider network if an administrative services organization is 15 part of its network. In Area 6 of the Agency for Health Care 16 17 Administration or in the prototype region of the Department of Children and Family Services, the Department of Children and 18 19 Family Services and the Agency for Health Care Administration 20 may employ alternative service delivery and financing methodologies, which may include prospective payment for 21 22 certain population groups. The population groups that are to be provided these substance abuse services would include at a 23 24 minimum: individuals and families receiving family safety 25 services; Medicaid-eligible children, adolescents, and adults who are substance-abuse-impaired; or current recipients and 26 persons at risk of needing cash assistance under Florida's 27 28 welfare reform initiatives. 29 (e) The cost of the managing entity contract shall be

funded through a combination of funds from the Department of

Children and Family Services and the Agency for Health Care

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Administration. To operate the managing entity, the Department of Children and Family Services and the Agency for Health Care Administration may not expend more than 10 percent of the annual appropriations for mental health and substance abuse treatment services prorated to the geographic areas and must include all behavioral health Medicaid funds, including psychiatric inpatient funds. This restriction does not apply to a prepaid behavioral health plan that is authorized under s. 409.912(4)(3)(a) and (b).

Section 18. Subsection (6) of section 400.0077, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

400.0077 Confidentiality.--

(6) This section does not limit the subpoena power of the Attorney General pursuant to s. 409.920(9)(8)(b).

Section 19. Paragraph (a) of subsection (4) of section 409.9065, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

409.9065 Pharmaceutical expense assistance.--

- (4) ADMINISTRATION. -- The pharmaceutical expense assistance program shall be administered by the agency, in collaboration with the Department of Elderly Affairs and the Department of Children and Family Services.
- (a) The agency shall, by rule, establish for the pharmaceutical expense assistance program eligibility requirements; limits on participation; benefit limitations, including copayments; a requirement for generic drug substitution; and other program parameters comparable to those of the Medicaid program. Individuals eligible to participate in this program are not subject to the limit of four brand name drugs per month per recipient as specified in s. $409.912(40)\frac{(38)}{(38)}$ (a). There shall be no monetary limit on 31 prescription drugs purchased with discounts of less than 51

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percent unless the agency determines there is a risk of a funding shortfall in the program. If the agency determines there is a risk of a funding shortfall, the agency may establish monetary limits on prescription drugs which shall not be less than \$160 worth of prescription drugs per month.

Section 20. Subsection (1) of section 409.9071, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

409.9071 Medicaid provider agreements for school districts certifying state match. --

(1) The agency shall submit a state plan amendment by September 1, 1997, for the purpose of obtaining federal authorization to reimburse school-based services as provided in former s. 236.0812 pursuant to the rehabilitative services option provided under 42 U.S.C. s. 1396d(a)(13). For purposes of this section, billing agent consulting services shall be considered billing agent services, as that term is used in s. 409.913(10)(9), and, as such, payments to such persons shall not be based on amounts for which they bill nor based on the amount a provider receives from the Medicaid program. This provision shall not restrict privatization of Medicaid school-based services. Subject to any limitations provided for in the General Appropriations Act, the agency, in compliance with appropriate federal authorization, shall develop policies and procedures and shall allow for certification of state and local education funds which have been provided for school-based services as specified in s. 1011.70 and authorized by a physician's order where required by federal Medicaid law. Any state or local funds certified pursuant to this section shall be for children with specified disabilities who are eligible for both Medicaid and part B or part H of the 31 Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA), or the

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exceptional student education program, or who have an individualized educational plan.

Section 21. Subsection (4) of section 409.908, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

409.908 Reimbursement of Medicaid providers. -- Subject to specific appropriations, the agency shall reimburse Medicaid providers, in accordance with state and federal law, according to methodologies set forth in the rules of the agency and in policy manuals and handbooks incorporated by reference therein. These methodologies may include fee schedules, reimbursement methods based on cost reporting, negotiated fees, competitive bidding pursuant to s. 287.057, and other mechanisms the agency considers efficient and effective for purchasing services or goods on behalf of recipients. If a provider is reimbursed based on cost reporting and submits a cost report late and that cost report would have been used to set a lower reimbursement rate for a rate semester, then the provider's rate for that semester shall be retroactively calculated using the new cost report, and full payment at the recalculated rate shall be affected retroactively. Medicare-granted extensions for filing cost reports, if applicable, shall also apply to Medicaid cost reports. Payment for Medicaid compensable services made on behalf of Medicaid eligible persons is subject to the availability of moneys and any limitations or directions provided for in the General Appropriations Act or chapter 216. Further, nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent or limit the agency from adjusting fees, reimbursement rates, lengths of stay, number of visits, or number of services, or making any other adjustments necessary to comply with the 31 | availability of moneys and any limitations or directions

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provided for in the General Appropriations Act, provided the adjustment is consistent with legislative intent.

(4) Subject to any limitations or directions provided for in the General Appropriations Act, alternative health plans, health maintenance organizations, and prepaid health plans shall be reimbursed a fixed, prepaid amount negotiated, or competitively bid pursuant to s. 287.057, by the agency and prospectively paid to the provider monthly for each Medicaid recipient enrolled. The amount may not exceed the average amount the agency determines it would have paid, based on claims experience, for recipients in the same or similar category of eligibility. The agency shall calculate capitation rates on a regional basis and, beginning September 1, 1995, shall include age-band differentials in such calculations. Effective July 1, 2001, the cost of exempting statutory teaching hospitals, specialty hospitals, and community hospital education program hospitals from reimbursement ceilings and the cost of special Medicaid payments shall not be included in premiums paid to health maintenance organizations or prepaid health care plans. Each rate semester, the agency shall calculate and publish a Medicaid hospital rate schedule that does not reflect either special Medicaid payments or the elimination of rate reimbursement ceilings, to be used by hospitals and Medicaid health maintenance organizations, in order to determine the Medicaid rate referred to in ss. $409.912(19)\frac{(17)}{(17)}$, 409.9128(5), and 641.513(6).

Section 22. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 409.91196, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

30 409.91196 Supplemental rebate agreements; 31 confidentiality of records and meetings.--

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- (1) Trade secrets, rebate amount, percent of rebate, manufacturer's pricing, and supplemental rebates which are contained in records of the Agency for Health Care Administration and its agents with respect to supplemental rebate negotiations and which are prepared pursuant to a supplemental rebate agreement under s. $409.912(40)\frac{(38)}{(38)}$ are confidential and exempt from s. 119.07 and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution.
- (2) Those portions of meetings of the Medicaid Pharmaceutical and Therapeutics Committee at which trade secrets, rebate amount, percent of rebate, manufacturer's pricing, and supplemental rebates are disclosed for discussion or negotiation of a supplemental rebate agreement under s. $409.912(40)\frac{(38)}{(38)}(a)$ 7. are exempt from s. 286.011 and s. 24(b), Art. I of the State Constitution.

Section 23. Paragraph (f) of subsection (2) of section 409.9122, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

409.9122 Mandatory Medicaid managed care enrollment; programs and procedures .--

(2)

(f) When a Medicaid recipient does not choose a managed care plan or MediPass provider, the agency shall assign the Medicaid recipient to a managed care plan or MediPass provider. Medicaid recipients who are subject to mandatory assignment but who fail to make a choice shall be assigned to managed care plans until an enrollment of 40 percent in MediPass and 60 percent in managed care plans is achieved. Once this enrollment is achieved, the assignments shall be divided in order to maintain an enrollment in MediPass and managed care plans which is in a 40 percent and 31 | 60 percent proportion, respectively. Thereafter, assignment of

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Medicaid recipients who fail to make a choice shall be based 2 proportionally on the preferences of recipients who have made 3 a choice in the previous period. Such proportions shall be 4 revised at least quarterly to reflect an update of the 5 preferences of Medicaid recipients. The agency shall 6 disproportionately assign Medicaid-eligible recipients who are required to but have failed to make a choice of managed care 7 8 plan or MediPass, including children, and who are to be 9 assigned to the MediPass program to children's networks as 10 described in s. $409.912(4)\frac{(3)}{(9)}$, Children's Medical Services 11 network as defined in s. 391.021, exclusive provider organizations, provider service networks, minority physician 12 13 networks, and pediatric emergency department diversion 14 programs authorized by this chapter or the General Appropriations Act, in such manner as the agency deems 15 appropriate, until the agency has determined that the networks 16 17 and programs have sufficient numbers to be economically 18 operated. For purposes of this paragraph, when referring to 19 assignment, the term "managed care plans" includes health maintenance organizations, exclusive provider organizations, 20 21 provider service networks, minority physician networks, Children's Medical Services network, and pediatric emergency 22 department diversion programs authorized by this chapter or 23 24 the General Appropriations Act. When making assignments, the 25 agency shall take into account the following criteria: 26

- 1. A managed care plan has sufficient network capacity to meet the need of members.
- The managed care plan or MediPass has previously enrolled the recipient as a member, or one of the managed care plan's primary care providers or MediPass providers has 31 previously provided health care to the recipient.

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- The agency has knowledge that the member has previously expressed a preference for a particular managed care plan or MediPass provider as indicated by Medicaid fee-for-service claims data, but has failed to make a choice.
- The managed care plan's or MediPass primary care providers are geographically accessible to the recipient's residence.

Section 24. Subsection (3) of section 409.9131, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

409.9131 Special provisions relating to integrity of the Medicaid program. --

(3) ONSITE RECORDS REVIEW. -- As specified in s. 409.913(9)(8), the agency may investigate, review, or analyze a physician's medical records concerning Medicaid patients. The physician must make such records available to the agency during normal business hours. The agency must provide notice to the physician at least 24 hours before such visit. The agency and physician shall make every effort to set a mutually agreeable time for the agency's visit during normal business hours and within the 24-hour period. If such a time cannot be agreed upon, the agency may set the time.

Section 25. Subsection (2) of section 430.608, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

430.608 Confidentiality of information.--

(2) This section does not, however, limit the subpoena authority of the Medicaid Fraud Control Unit of the Department of Legal Affairs pursuant to s. $409.920(9)\frac{(8)}{(b)}$.

Section 26. Section 636.0145, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

636.0145 Certain entities contracting with 31 | Medicaid. -- Notwithstanding the requirements of s.

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 $409.912(4)\frac{(3)}{(b)}$, an entity that is providing comprehensive inpatient and outpatient mental health care services to certain Medicaid recipients in Hillsborough, Highlands, Hardee, Manatee, and Polk Counties through a capitated, prepaid arrangement pursuant to the federal waiver provided for in s. 409.905(5) must become licensed under chapter 636 by December 31, 1998. Any entity licensed under this chapter which provides services solely to Medicaid recipients under a contract with Medicaid shall be exempt from ss. 636.017, 636.018, 636.022, 636.028, and 636.034.

Section 27. Subsection (3) of section 641.225, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

641.225 Surplus requirements.--

- (3)(a) An entity providing prepaid capitated services which is authorized under s. 409.912(4)(3)(a) and which applies for a certificate of authority is subject to the minimum surplus requirements set forth in subsection (1), unless the entity is backed by the full faith and credit of the county in which it is located.
- (b) An entity providing prepaid capitated services which is authorized under s. 409.912(4)(3)(b) or (c), and which applies for a certificate of authority is subject to the minimum surplus requirements set forth in s. 409.912.

Section 28. Subsection (4) of section 641.386, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 641.386 Agent licensing and appointment required; exceptions. --
- (4) All agents and health maintenance organizations shall comply with and be subject to the applicable provisions of ss. 641.309 and 409.912(21)(19), and all companies and 31 entities appointing agents shall comply with s. 626.451, when

marketing for any health maintenance organization licensed pursuant to this part, including those organizations under contract with the Agency for Health Care Administration to provide health care services to Medicaid recipients or any private entity providing health care services to Medicaid recipients pursuant to a prepaid health plan contract with the Agency for Health Care Administration.

Section 29. For the purposes of incorporating the amendment to section 409.920, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, paragraph (g) of subsection (3) of section 921.0022, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

921.0022 Criminal Punishment Code; offense severity ranking chart.--

(3) OFFENSE SEVERITY RANKING CHART

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16	Florida	Felony	
17	Statute	Degree	Description
18			
19			
20			(g) LEVEL 7
21	316.027(1)(b)	2nd	Accident involving death, failure
22			to stop; leaving scene.
23	316.193(3)(c)2.	3rd	DUI resulting in serious bodily
24			injury.
25	327.35(3)(c)2.	3rd	Vessel BUI resulting in serious
26			bodily injury.
27	402.319(2)	2nd	Misrepresentation and negligence
28			or intentional act resulting in
29			great bodily harm, permanent
30			disfiguration, permanent
31			disability, or death.

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1	409.920(2)	3rd	Medicaid provider fraud.
2	456.065(2)	3rd	Practicing a health care
3			profession without a license.
4	456.065(2)	2nd	Practicing a health care
5			profession without a license
6			which results in serious bodily
7			injury.
8	458.327(1)	3rd	Practicing medicine without a
9			license.
10	459.013(1)	3rd	Practicing osteopathic medicine
11			without a license.
12	460.411(1)	3rd	Practicing chiropractic medicine
13			without a license.
14	461.012(1)	3rd	Practicing podiatric medicine
15			without a license.
16	462.17	3rd	Practicing naturopathy without a
17			license.
18	463.015(1)	3rd	Practicing optometry without a
19			license.
20	464.016(1)	3rd	Practicing nursing without a
21			license.
22	465.015(2)	3rd	Practicing pharmacy without a
23			license.
24	466.026(1)	3rd	Practicing dentistry or dental
25			hygiene without a license.
26	467.201	3rd	Practicing midwifery without a
27			license.
28	468.366	3rd	Delivering respiratory care
29			services without a license.
30	483.828(1)	3rd	Practicing as clinical laboratory
31			personnel without a license.

1	483.901(9)	3rd	Practicing medical physics
2			without a license.
3	484.013(1)(c)	3rd	Preparing or dispensing optical
4			devices without a prescription.
5	484.053	3rd	Dispensing hearing aids without a
6			license.
7	494.0018(2)	1st	Conviction of any violation of
8			ss. 494.001-494.0077 in which the
9			total money and property
10			unlawfully obtained exceeded
11			\$50,000 and there were five or
12			more victims.
13	560.123(8)(b)1.	3rd	Failure to report currency or
14			payment instruments exceeding
15			\$300 but less than \$20,000 by
16			money transmitter.
17	560.125(5)(a)	3rd	Money transmitter business by
18			unauthorized person, currency or
19			payment instruments exceeding
20			\$300 but less than \$20,000.
21	655.50(10)(b)1.	3rd	Failure to report financial
22			transactions exceeding \$300 but
23			less than \$20,000 by financial
24			institution.
25	782.051(3)	2nd	Attempted felony murder of a
26			person by a person other than the
27			perpetrator or the perpetrator of
28			an attempted felony.
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1	782.07(1)	2nd	Killing of a human being by the
2			act, procurement, or culpable
3			negligence of another
4			(manslaughter).
5	782.071	2nd	Killing of human being or viable
6			fetus by the operation of a motor
7			vehicle in a reckless manner
8			(vehicular homicide).
9	782.072	2nd	Killing of a human being by the
10			operation of a vessel in a
11			reckless manner (vessel
12			homicide).
13	784.045(1)(a)1.	2nd	Aggravated battery; intentionally
14			causing great bodily harm or
15			disfigurement.
16	784.045(1)(a)2.	2nd	Aggravated battery; using deadly
17			weapon.
18	784.045(1)(b)	2nd	Aggravated battery; perpetrator
19			aware victim pregnant.
20	784.048(4)	3rd	Aggravated stalking; violation of
21			injunction or court order.
22	784.07(2)(d)	1st	Aggravated battery on law
23			enforcement officer.
24	784.074(1)(a)	1st	Aggravated battery on sexually
25			violent predators facility staff.
26	784.08(2)(a)	1st	Aggravated battery on a person 65
27			years of age or older.
28	784.081(1)	1st	Aggravated battery on specified
29			official or employee.
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1	784.082(1)	1st	Aggravated battery by detained
2			person on visitor or other
3			detainee.
4	784.083(1)	1st	Aggravated battery on code
5			inspector.
6	790.07(4)	1st	Specified weapons violation
7			subsequent to previous conviction
8			of s. 790.07(1) or (2).
9	790.16(1)	1st	Discharge of a machine gun under
10			specified circumstances.
11	790.165(2)	2nd	Manufacture, sell, possess, or
12			deliver hoax bomb.
13	790.165(3)	2nd	Possessing, displaying, or
14			threatening to use any hoax bomb
15			while committing or attempting to
16			commit a felony.
17	790.166(3)	2nd	Possessing, selling, using, or
18			attempting to use a hoax weapon
19			of mass destruction.
20	790.166(4)	2nd	Possessing, displaying, or
21			threatening to use a hoax weapon
22			of mass destruction while
23			committing or attempting to
24			commit a felony.
25	796.03	2nd	Procuring any person under 16
26			years for prostitution.
27	800.04(5)(c)1.	2nd	Lewd or lascivious molestation;
28			victim less than 12 years of age;
29			offender less than 18 years.
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1	800.04(5)(c)2.	2nd	Lewd or lascivious molestation;
2		21101	victim 12 years of age or older
3			but less than 16 years; offender
4			18 years or older.
5	806.01(2)	2nd	Maliciously damage structure by
6		21101	fire or explosive.
7	810.02(3)(a)	2nd	Burglary of occupied dwelling;
8			unarmed; no assault or battery.
9	810.02(3)(b)	2nd	Burglary of unoccupied dwelling;
10			unarmed; no assault or battery.
11	810.02(3)(d)	2nd	Burglary of occupied conveyance;
12	, , , ,		unarmed; no assault or battery.
13	812.014(2)(a)	1st	Property stolen, valued at
14			\$100,000 or more; cargo stolen
15			valued at \$50,000 or more;
16			property stolen while causing
17			other property damage; 1st degree
18			grand theft.
19	812.014(2)(b)3.	2nd	Property stolen, emergency
20			medical equipment; 2nd degree
21			grand theft.
22	812.0145(2)(a)	1st	Theft from person 65 years of age
23			or older; \$50,000 or more.
24	812.019(2)	1st	Stolen property; initiates,
25			organizes, plans, etc., the theft
26			of property and traffics in
27			stolen property.
28	812.131(2)(a)	2nd	Robbery by sudden snatching.
29	812.133(2)(b)	1st	Carjacking; no firearm, deadly
30			weapon, or other weapon.
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1	817.234(8)(a)	2nd	Solicitation of motor vehicle
2	017.234(0)(a)	2110	accident victims with intent to
3			defraud.
4	817.234(9)	2nd	Organizing, planning, or
5	017.234())	2110	participating in an intentional
6			motor vehicle collision.
7	817.234(11)(c)	1st	Insurance fraud; property value
8	017.234(11)(0)	ISC	\$100,000 or more.
9	817.2341(2)(b)&		proof of more.
10	(3)(b)	1st	Making false entries of material
11	(3)(D)	150	fact or false statements
12			regarding property values
13			relating to the solvency of an
14			insuring entity which are a
15			significant cause of the
16			insolvency of that entity.
17	825.102(3)(b)	2nd	Neglecting an elderly person or
18	023.102(3)(2)	2114	disabled adult causing great
19			bodily harm, disability, or
20			disfigurement.
21	825.103(2)(b)	2nd	Exploiting an elderly person or
22	, , , , ,		disabled adult and property is
23			valued at \$20,000 or more, but
24			less than \$100,000.
25	827.03(3)(b)	2nd	Neglect of a child causing great
26			bodily harm, disability, or
27			disfigurement.
28	827.04(3)	3rd	Impregnation of a child under 16
29			years of age by person 21 years
30			of age or older.
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1	837.05(2)	3rd	Giving false information about
2			alleged capital felony to a law
3			enforcement officer.
4	838.015	2nd	Bribery.
5	838.016	2nd	Unlawful compensation or reward
6			for official behavior.
7	838.021(3)(a)	2nd	Unlawful harm to a public
8			servant.
9	838.22	2nd	Bid tampering.
10	872.06	2nd	Abuse of a dead human body.
11	893.13(1)(c)1.	1st	Sell, manufacture, or deliver
12			cocaine (or other drug prohibited
13			under s. 893.03(1)(a), (1)(b),
14			(1)(d), (2)(a), (2)(b), or
15			(2)(c)4.) within 1,000 feet of a
16			child care facility, school, or
17			state, county, or municipal park
18			or publicly owned recreational
19			facility or community center.
20	893.13(1)(e)1.	1st	Sell, manufacture, or deliver
21			cocaine or other drug prohibited
22			under s. 893.03(1)(a), (1)(b),
23			(1)(d), (2)(a), (2)(b), or
24			(2)(c)4., within 1,000 feet of
25			property used for religious
26			services or a specified business
27			site.
28	893.13(4)(a)	1st	Deliver to minor cocaine (or
29			other s. 893.03(1)(a), (1)(b),
30			(1)(d), (2)(a), (2)(b), or
31			(2)(c)4. drugs).

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

1	893.135(1)(a)1.	1st	Trafficking in cannabis, more
2			than 25 lbs., less than 2,000
3			lbs.
4	893.135		
5	(1)(b)1.a.	1st	Trafficking in cocaine, more than
6			28 grams, less than 200 grams.
7	893.135		
8	(1)(c)1.a.	1st	Trafficking in illegal drugs,
9			more than 4 grams, less than 14
10			grams.
11	893.135		
12	(1)(d)1.	1st	Trafficking in phencyclidine,
13			more than 28 grams, less than 200
14			grams.
15	893.135(1)(e)1.	1st	Trafficking in methaqualone, more
16			than 200 grams, less than 5
17			kilograms.
18	893.135(1)(f)1.	1st	Trafficking in amphetamine, more
19			than 14 grams, less than 28
20			grams.
21	893.135		
22	(1)(g)1.a.	1st	Trafficking in flunitrazepam, 4
23			grams or more, less than 14
24			grams.
25	893.135		
26	(1)(h)1.a.	1st	Trafficking in
27			gamma-hydroxybutyric acid (GHB),
28			1 kilogram or more, less than 5
29			kilograms.
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31			I

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

1	893.135		
2	(1)(j)1.a.	1st	Trafficking in 1,4-Butanediol, 1
3			kilogram or more, less than 5
4			kilograms.
5	893.135		
6	(1)(k)2.a.	1st	Trafficking in Phenethylamines,
7			10 grams or more, less than 200
8			grams.
9	896.101(5)(a)	3rd	Money laundering, financial
10			transactions exceeding \$300 but
11			less than \$20,000.
12	896.104(4)(a)1.	3rd	Structuring transactions to evade
13			reporting or registration
14			requirements, financial
15			transactions exceeding \$300 but
16			less than \$20,000.
17	Section 30.	For the	purpose of incorporating the
18	amendment to section	on 932.70	1, Florida Statutes, in a reference
19	thereto, subsection	n (6) of	section 705.101, Florida Statutes,
20	is reenacted to re	ad:	
21	705.101 De	finitions	As used in this chapter:
22	(6) "Uncla	imed evid	ence" means any tangible personal
23	property, including	g cash, n	ot included within the definition
24	of "contraband art	icle," as	provided in s. 932.701(2), which
25	was seized by a la	w enforce	ment agency, was intended for use
26	in a criminal or q	uasi-crim	inal proceeding, and is retained by
27	the law enforcemen	t agency	or the clerk of the county or
28	circuit court for	60 days a	fter the final disposition of the
29	proceeding and to	which no	claim of ownership has been made.
30	Section 31.	For the	purpose of incorporating the
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31 amendment to section 932.701, Florida Statutes, in references

thereto, subsection (4) of section 932.703, Florida Statutes, 2 is reenacted to read: 3 932.703 Forfeiture of contraband article; exceptions. --4 5 (4) In any incident in which possession of any 6 contraband article defined in s. 932.701(2)(a) constitutes a 7 felony, the vessel, motor vehicle, aircraft, other personal property, or real property in or on which such contraband 8 9 article is located at the time of seizure shall be contraband 10 subject to forfeiture. It shall be presumed in the manner 11 provided in s. 90.302(2) that the vessel, motor vehicle, aircraft, other personal property, or real property in which 12 or on which such contraband article is located at the time of 13 seizure is being used or was attempted or intended to be used 14 15 in a manner to facilitate the transportation, carriage, conveyance, concealment, receipt, possession, purchase, sale, 16 17 barter, exchange, or giving away of a contraband article defined in s. 932.701(2). 18 19 Section 32. The sum of \$262,087 is appropriated from 20 the Medical Quality Assurance Trust Fund to the Department of 21 Health, and four full-time equivalent positions are 22 authorized, for the purpose of implementing the provisions of this act during the 2004-2005 fiscal year. 23 24 Section 33. This act shall take effect July 1, 2004. 25 26 27 28 29 30

1	STATEMENT OF SUBSTANTIAL CHANGES CONTAINED IN COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR
2	<u>CS/SB 1064</u>
3	
4	Requires the Agency for Health Care Administration (AHCA) to enroll Medicaid recipients in the drug benefit management
5	program if they are using significant numbers of prescribed drugs each month and are not enrolled in a health maintenance
6	organization.
7	Deletes language that gave the Medicaid Fraud Control Unit authorization to review non-Medicaid patient records without
8	the patient's consent when the unit is investigating suspected Medicaid fraud.
9	Requires a Medicaid applicant to forfeit his or her
10 11	entitlement to goods and services in the Medicaid program if found, through administrative or judicial proceedings, to have committed fraud three times in a period of less than 36
12	months. Requires AHCA to seek a federal waiver to terminate the eligibility of the recipient from the Medicaid program.
13	Gives AHCA the authority to require a confirmation, or second
14	physician's opinion of the correct diagnosis, for the purpose of authorizing future services under the Medicaid program.
15	Requires AHCA to mandate a Medicaid recipient's participation
16	in a provider lock-in program, limiting the receipt of goods or services to a single provider for a period of no less than one year, and for the duration of the recipient's
17	participation in the program if he or she commits a second offense of fraud or abuse. The lock-in programs include, but
18	are not limited to, pharmacies, medical doctors, and infusion clinics.
19	Requires AHCA to conduct a study and recommend a plan to
20	implement an electronic verification system in the Medicaid program.
21	Authorizes AHCA to implement provider network controls,
22	including but not limited to, competitive bidding and provider credentialing.
23	Clarifies that AHCA may reimburse a person or entity for a
24	prescription for medication or medical supplies under the Medicaid program if the prescriber is a physician who is not
25	enrolled in the Medicaid program but has provided a medically necessary service or prescription not otherwise reasonably
26	available from a Medicaid-enrolled physician, or in instances where AHCA cannot practically notify a pharmacy at the point
27	of sale that a prescription will be approved for processing under the specified instances.
28	Provides that the Office of Program Policy and Governmental
29 30	Accountability must report on AHCA's efforts to deter fraud and abuse in the Medicaid program.
31	Clarifies that Medicaid fraud committed under s. 409.920, F.S., and s. 409.9201, F.S., applies to individuals other than Medicaid providers and recipients.

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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Provides that proceeds accrued pursuant to the Contraband Forfeiture Act through fraud and abuse efforts by the Medicaid Fraud Control Unit in the Department of Legal Affairs are to be deposited in the Department of Legal Affairs Trust Fund.
  3
         Appropriates $262,087 from the Medical Quality Assurance Trust Fund to the Department of Health and authorizes four full-time equivalent positions for the purpose of implementing the provisions of this act.
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         Requires AHCA to give pharmacies at least one week prior notice of the initial audit for each audit cycle.
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