## **HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES STAFF ANALYSIS**

**BILL #**: HB 1077

Florida Forever Act

SPONSOR(S): Machek

TIED BILLS: IDEN./SIM. BILLS: SB 2308

REFERENCE	ACTION	ANALYST	STAFF DIRECTOR	
1) Natural Resources		Perkins	Lotspeich	
2) State Administration				
3) Agriculture & Environment App. (Sub)				
4) Appropriations				
5)				

### **SUMMARY ANALYSIS**

The bill provides for a local government to obtain an interest in title to state-owned lands when matching funds are provided by a local government under the Florida Forever Act. Agreements with local governments for such title interests are subject to approval by the Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund and will contain covenants, reverter clauses, or other restrictions sufficient to protect the interests of the citizens of Florida. The bill provides that land purchases completed under the Preservation 2000 program and land purchases completed under the Florida Forever Act prior to the effective date of this act will be eligible for title vesting with a local government.

The fiscal impact of the bill is indeterminate due to the unknown title interests acquired by local governments.

This document does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill sponsor or House of Representatives.

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### **FULL ANALYSIS**

### I. SUBSTANTIVE ANALYSIS

## A. DOES THE BILL:

1.	Reduce government?	Yes[]	No[x]	N/A[]
2.	Lower taxes?	Yes[]	No[]	N/A[x]
3.	Expand individual freedom?	Yes[]	No[]	N/A[x]
4.	Increase personal responsibility?	Yes[]	No[]	N/A[x]
5.	Empower families?	Yes[]	No[]	N/A[x]

For any principle that received a "no" above, please explain:

Lands currently under state ownership are subject to title amendments which would require staff to allocate time and resources necessary to transfer title to local governments.

## B. EFFECT OF PROPOSED CHANGES:

### Issue – Florida Forever Act (Sharing of Title With Local Governments)

## **Present Situation**

## Background

Section 259.105, F.S., is known as the Florida Forever Act. The Florida Forever Program was enacted by the 1999 Legislature and is a successor program to Preservation 2000 (P2000), a \$3 billion, 10-year land acquisition program designed to protect, conserve, and preserve environmentally sensitive lands. The Florida Forever Program is funded through the sale of bonds. The bonds are paid back through the appropriation of documentary stamp tax revenue. The Florida Forever Program is the largest program of its kind in the United States and the world.

Nearly a third of Florida's counties have a local conservation land acquisition program. Most of these counties have participated with the state, as well as water management districts, in acquiring environmentally sensitive land. In 1994, section 259.041(16), F.S., was created to authorize the sharing of title with water management districts and allow the water management districts to become acquisition agents for the Trustees. Historically, joint acquisitions were performed under the "Bargain/Shared" category of Conservation and Recreation Lands (CARL) projects. The definition for "Bargain" projects is that the state would spend no more than 50 percent of the cost of the acquisition, while receiving 100 percent title to the land. The definition for "Shared" projects is that the cost and title is split 50-50 between the state, the federal government, or a water management district. Local governments were able to contribute funds to projects to improve their CARL priority ranking, but the Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund (Trustees) would continue to hold 100 percent title to the land acquired.<sup>1</sup>

Currently under the Florida Forever Act, title to lands acquired under section 259.105(7)(c), F.S., vest in the Trustees, except that title to lands acquired by a water management district will vest in the name of that district and lands acquired by a local government will vest in the name of the local government.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Certificate for approval of Substitute Item 17 entitled "BOT/Counties Joint Title Report/Delegation of Authority," Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund of the State of Florida, agenda for December 14, 1999.

## Land Acquisition and Management Advisory Council (LAMAC) White Paper

In 1999, the LAMAC issued a white paper entitled "Joint Title to Land Purchased by the Trustees and Counties" to address the idea of shared title between the Board and a county who participated in a joint acquisition. Although local governments could contribute funds to projects to improve their ranking on the CARL list, title always vested in the Trustees. The white paper found that "The Trustees and the water management districts routinely divide title (undivided fee simple interest), although there is no actual division of property. There is no legal impediment to prevent the counties, as political subdivisions of the state, from doing the same." The white paper also contained several recommendations for joint titles including funding requirements, management planning, perpetual conservation easements that clearly defined the use of the property, and restrictive covenants on the property to ensure future conservation use.

The recommendations were presented to the Trustees, and on December 14, 1999, the Trustees directed the Department of Environmental Protection's (DEP) staff to develop procedures to enter into joint title contracts with local governments on a case-by-case basis. The Trustees provided that the joint title was conditioned upon prior approval by both parties of a management agreement, and of the covenants and restrictions to be recorded in a deed.<sup>2</sup> However, this direction appears to conflict with statutory requirements that P2000 and Florida Forever acquisitions purchased by the state must be titled in the name of the Board.<sup>3</sup>

# **Effect of Proposed Change**

# Issue – Florida Forever Act (Sharing of Title With Local Governments)

The bill provides that title to lands acquired in partnership with a local government under the Florida Forever Act is to vest in the sole ownership of a local government or is to vest jointly with the state pursuant to the following:

- The local government must request to participate in the title interest;
- Matching funds must be provided by the local government; and
- The proposed title interest by the local government must appear in an agreement before the Trustees for approval and provide covenants, reverter clauses, or other restrictions as are sufficient to protect the interests of the citizens of the state.

The bill provides that purchases completed under the Preservation 2000 program and land purchases completed under the Florida Forever program prior to the effective date of this act are eligible for the title vesting provisions contained within this bill. This authorization would provide for lands currently held solely under state ownership be subject to partial or whole ownership by a local government. This may make the land which is currently held in sole state-ownership subject to different land management objectives, if a local government participates in shared title.

### C. SECTION DIRECTORY:

Section 1. Amends s. 259.105(7)(c), F.S., to provide local governments the ability to obtain a title interest in state—owned lands when a local government provides matching funds with the state.

Section 2. Provides the act will take effect upon becoming law.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Certificate for approval of Substitute Item 17 entitled "BOT/Counties Joint Title Report/Delegation of Authority, Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund of the State of Florida agenda for December 14, 1999 <sup>3</sup>s. 259.101(3) and s. 259.105 (7)(c), F.S.

### II. FISCAL ANALYSIS & ECONOMIC IMPACT STATEMENT

## A. FISCAL IMPACT ON STATE GOVERNMENT:

- 1. Revenues: Indeterminate, due to the unknown title interests acquired by local governments.
- 2. Expenditures: Indeterminate, due to the unknown title interests acquired by local governments.

## B. FISCAL IMPACT ON LOCAL GOVERNMENTS:

- 1. Revenues: Indeterminate, due to the unknown title interests acquired by local governments.
- 2. Expenditures: Indeterminate, due to the unknown title interests acquired by local governments.
- C. DIRECT ECONOMIC IMPACT ON PRIVATE SECTOR: None.
- D. FISCAL COMMENTS: None.

## III. COMMENTS

### A. CONSTITUTIONAL ISSUES:

1. Applicability of Municipality/County Mandates Provision:

Not applicable because this bill does not appear to: require the counties or cities to spend funds or take an action requiring the expenditure of funds; reduce the authority that cities or counties have to raise revenues in the aggregate; or reduce the percentage of a state tax shared with cities or counties.

- 2. Other: None.
- B. RULE-MAKING AUTHORITY: None.

### C. DRAFTING ISSUES OR OTHER COMMENTS:

DEP Comments: Under the Florida Forever Program, the Trustees identified managing agencies that best fit the purpose for which the parcel was acquired. If the title is transferred, there is no assurance that the purpose for which the property was acquired will be maintained.

#### IV. AMENDMENTS/COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE CHANGES

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