CHAMBER ACTION

The Committee on Public Safety & Crime Prevention recommends the following:

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Committee Substitute

Remove the entire bill and insert:

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to uniform traffic control; providing a popular name, the "Active Construction Work Zone Safety Act of 2004"; providing legislative findings and declarations; amending s. 316.003, F.S.; defining the terms "active construction work zone" and "photo speed detection system"; amending s. 316.0745, F.S.; providing that photo speed detection system requirements and testing procedures be reviewed and approved by the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles; requiring testing of such systems; creating s. 316.0795, F.S.; requiring obedience to posted speed limit in an active construction work zone; providing for use of a photo speed detection system to enforce speed limits in an active construction work zone; requiring advance warning signs to notify drivers of the photo speed detection system; requiring the signs to meet requirements established by the Department of Transportation; providing for designation of photo

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speed detection enforcement officers by the Department of Transportation in conjunction with the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles; providing procedures for processing citations; specifying liability for payment of fines; providing for contest of citations in court; authorizing the Department of Transportation, in conjunction with the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles, to adopt rules and procedures; providing that enforcement by photo speed detection systems is supplemental to enforcement by law enforcement officers; providing penalties; requiring annual reports by the Department of Transportation, in coordination with the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles, to the Governor and the Legislature; amending s. 316.183, F.S.; prohibiting exceeding the posted maximum speed limit in an active construction work zone; providing penalties; amending s. 316.640, F.S.; providing for training and qualifications of photo speed detection enforcement officers; authorizing the Department of Transportation, the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles, and expressway authorities to employ independent contractors or designate employees as photo speed detection enforcement officers; authorizing the officers to enforce speed limits in active construction work zones; amending s. 318.14, F.S.; revising procedures for issuance and acceptance of citations for traffic infractions; providing for civil penalties when a person cited for violation of the speed limit in an active construction work zone elects

to appear in court; providing requirements and procedures for citations issued under s. 316.0795, F.S.; providing for effect of the violation; providing circumstances under which a person other than the owner of the vehicle shall be responsible and liable for payment of fine; providing for civil penalties when a person cited under s. 316.0795, F.S., for violation of the speed limit in an active construction work zone elects to appear in court; amending s. 318.18, F.S.; providing civil penalties for violation of the speed limit in an active construction work zone; amending s. 318.21, F.S.; providing for disposition of civil penalties collected for violations cited under s. 316.0795, F.S.; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. <u>Popular name.--This act shall be known by the popular name the "Active Construction Work Zone Safety Act of 2004."</u>

Section 2. Legislative findings and declarations.--The
Legislature finds that safe work conditions at active
construction work zones are vital to protecting the citizens of
this state and are a primary requirement to be observed on all
Department of Transportation construction work. The
transportation construction industry is experiencing dangerous
work conditions in areas designated as active construction work
zones. Existing law allows violators of posted speed limits in
construction work zones to be assessed fines of double the

amount set in law. The ability to double regular speeding fines provides only a small deterrent to speeders. The Legislature further finds that increased traffic enforcement measures are necessary in order to ensure the safety of transportation construction workers and the motoring public. It is in the public interest and necessary for public safety to enforce traffic speed limits and reduce the number of violations that occur at active construction work zones through issuing citations using photo speed detection systems.

Section 3. Subsections (84) and (85) are added to section 316.003, Florida Statutes, to read:

316.003 Definitions.--The following words and phrases, when used in this chapter, shall have the meanings respectively ascribed to them in this section, except where the context otherwise requires:

approaches on any state-maintained highway or a highway included in an expressway system as part of an expressway authority established pursuant to chapter 348, in which area construction, repair, maintenance, or other street-related, highway-related, or expressway authority-related work is being performed, if construction personnel are present or operating equipment on the road or immediately adjacent to the road under construction, or if site conditions warrant such an active construction work zone designation. The active construction work zone must be designated by mounted signs and early warning systems.

(85) PHOTO SPEED DETECTION SYSTEM.——A device or system installed to automatically record one or more sequenced

photographs, microphotographs, or electronic images of only the rear of the motor vehicle at the time the vehicle violates traffic speed in an active construction work zone.

Section 4. Subsection (6) of section 316.0745, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

316.0745 Uniform signals and devices.--

- (6)(a) Any system of traffic control devices controlled and operated from a remote location by electronic computers or similar devices shall meet all requirements established for the uniform system, and, if any where such system affects systems affect the movement of traffic on state roads, the design of that the system shall be reviewed and approved by the Department of Transportation.
- (b) Any photo speed detection system deployed on the streets and highways of the state must meet requirements reviewed and approved by the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles and must be tested according to procedures and at regular intervals as reviewed and approved by the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles.

Section 5. Section 316.0795, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

316.0795 Obedience to posted speed limit in active construction work zones.--

(1) Unless otherwise directed by a law enforcement officer, the driver of any vehicle, except the driver of an authorized emergency vehicle in accordance with s. 316.072(5), shall comply with instructions of any photo speed detection system placed in accordance with the provisions of this chapter

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and shall not exceed the speed limit posted in an active

construction work zone. A violation of this subsection is a

noncriminal traffic infraction, punishable as provided in s.

318.18.

- (2) A photo speed detection system shall not be used unless advance warning signs have been posted ahead of the photo speed detection system within the active construction work zone to notify motorists that a photo speed detection system is being used to enforce speed limits. The advance warning signs must conform to the standards and requirements established by the Department of Transportation.
- (3) The Department of Transportation, in conjunction with the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles, may designate photo speed detection enforcement officers pursuant to s. 316.640(1).
- (4) Citations for violations of subsection (1) shall be processed by photo speed detection enforcement officers or by any other authorized entity, who shall prepare and mail the citation to the registered owner of the vehicle. The following procedures shall apply:
- (a) The registered owner of a vehicle is responsible and liable for payment of any citation for violation unless the owner can furnish evidence that the vehicle was, at the time of the violation, in the care, custody, or control of another person. In such instances, the provisions of s. 318.14(13)(c) shall apply.
- (b) Any person who is issued a citation by a photo speed detection enforcement officer for a violation of subsection (1)

is deemed to be charged with a noncriminal violation and shall comply with the directions on the citation. If payment is not received or a response to the citation is not made within the time period specified thereon, the county court or its traffic violations bureau shall notify the registered owner of the vehicle that was cited, by mail to the address given on the motor vehicle registration, of the citation. Mailing the notice to this address constitutes notification. Upon notification, the registered owner shall comply with the court's directive.

- (c) Any person who fails to satisfy the court's directive waives his or her right to pay the applicable civil penalty.
- (d) Any person who elects to appear before a designated official to present evidence waives his or her right to pay the civil penalty provided in the citation. The official, after a hearing, shall make a determination as to whether a violation of subsection (1) has been committed and may impose a civil penalty not to exceed \$100 plus court costs. Any person who fails to pay the civil penalty within the time allowed by the court is deemed to have been convicted of a violation of subsection (1), and the court shall take appropriate measures to enforce collection of the fine.
- (5) The Department of Transportation, in conjunction with the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles, may adopt procedures and rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to carry out the provisions of this section.
- (6) This section supplements the enforcement of the posted speed limit in an active construction work zone under s.

 316.183(6) by law enforcement officers and does not prohibit a

192 law enforcement officer from issuing a citation for a violation 193 of s. 316.183(6) in accordance with normal traffic enforcement techniques; however, no more than one citation for a violation 194 195 of s. 316.183(6) arising from the same incident shall be 196 enforceable. 197 Section 6. The Department of Transportation, in coordination with the Department of Highway Safety and Motor 198 199 Vehicles, shall submit an annual report to the Governor, the 200 President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of 201 Representatives regarding the use and operation of photo speed 202 detection systems to enforce s. 316.0795, Florida Statutes, and 203 the procedures used for enforcement. The report shall include a 204 review of the information by the Department of Transportation

and describe the potential for enhancement of traffic safety and
enforcement programs. The Department of Transportation shall
report its recommendations on or before December 1, 2006, to the

Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the

House of Representatives, including recommendations for any

House of Representatives, including recommendations for any

necessary legislation that would be beneficial to enhance the

use and operation of photo speed detection systems on a

212 <u>statewide basis.</u>

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Section 7. Subsection (6) of section 316.183, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

316.183 Unlawful speed.--

(6) No driver of a vehicle shall exceed the posted maximum speed limit in a work zone area <u>or an active construction work</u> <u>zone</u>.

(7) A violation of this section is a noncriminal traffic infraction, punishable as a moving violation as provided in chapter 318.

Section 8. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 316.640, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

316.640 Enforcement.--The enforcement of the traffic laws of this state is vested as follows:

(1) STATE.--

- (b)1. The Department of Transportation has authority to enforce on all the streets and highways of this state all laws applicable within its authority.
- 2.a. The Department of Transportation shall develop training and qualifications standards for toll enforcement officers whose sole authority is to enforce the payment of tolls pursuant to s. 316.1001. Nothing in this subparagraph shall be construed to permit the carrying of firearms or other weapons, nor shall a toll enforcement officer have arrest authority.
- b. For the purpose of enforcing s. 316.1001, governmental entities, as defined in s. 334.03, which own or operate a toll facility may employ independent contractors or designate employees as toll enforcement officers; however, any such toll enforcement officer must successfully meet the training and qualifications standards for toll enforcement officers established by the Department of Transportation.
- 3.a. The Department of Transportation and the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles shall develop training and qualifications standards for photo speed detection enforcement officers whose sole authority is to enforce the provisions of s.

247 316.0795. Nothing in this subparagraph shall be construed to
248 permit the carrying of firearms or other weapons, nor shall a
249 photo speed detection enforcement officer have arrest authority.

- b. For the purposes of processing and enforcing citations for violations of s. 316.0795(1), the Department of
 Transportation, the Department of Highway Safety and Motor
 Vehicles, and expressway authorities established pursuant to chapter 348 may employ independent contractors or designate employees as photo speed detection enforcement officers;
 however, any such photo speed detection enforcement officer must successfully meet the training and qualifications standards for photo speed detection enforcement officers established by the Department of Transportation and the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles.
- (8) TRAFFIC ENFORCEMENT AGENCY.--Any agency or governmental entity designated in subsection (1), subsection (2), or subsection (3), including a university, a community college, a school board, or an airport authority, is a traffic enforcement agency for purposes of s. 316.650.
- Section 9. Subsections (2) and (5) of section 318.14, Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsection (13) is added to said section, to read:
- 318.14 Noncriminal traffic infractions; exception; procedures.--
- (2) Except as provided in <u>ss. 316.0795 and s. 316.1001(2)</u>, any person cited for an infraction under this section must sign and accept a citation indicating a promise to appear. The officer may indicate on the traffic citation the time and

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location of the scheduled hearing and must indicate the applicable civil penalty established in s. 318.18.

- official or who is required so to appear shall be deemed to have waived his or her right to the civil penalty provisions of s. 318.18. The official, after a hearing, shall make a determination as to whether an infraction has been committed. If the commission of an infraction has been proven, the official may impose a civil penalty not to exceed \$500, except that in cases involving unlawful speed in a school zone, involving unlawful speed in a school zone, involving unlawful speed in a construction zone or an active construction work zone, or involving a death, the civil penalty may not exceed \$1,000; or require attendance at a driver improvement school, or both. If the official determines that no infraction has been committed, no costs or penalties shall be imposed and any costs or penalties that have been paid shall be returned.
- (13)(a) Citations issued pursuant to s. 316.0795 shall contain the following information:
- 1. The name and address of the person alleged to be liable as the operator or registered owner of the motor vehicle involved in the violation. In the case of joint ownership of a motor vehicle, the traffic citation shall be mailed to the first name appearing on the registration, unless the first name appearing on the registration is a business organization, in which case the second name appearing on the registration may be used.
- 2. A photograph showing the offending vehicle at the time of the speeding violation, with a data bar within the photograph

depicting the speed of the vehicle, the posted speed limit, the

date and time of the offense, and the location code, which shall

be described in the narrative in the body of the citation.

- 3. The registration number of the vehicle.
- 4. An enlarged photograph of the license plate of the offending vehicle at the time of the violation.
- 5. Information that identifies the photo speed detection system that recorded the violation.
 - 6. The amount of the fine.

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- 7. The date by which the fine must be paid.
- 8. The procedure for contesting the violation alleged in the citation.
 - 9. A warning that failure to contest the violation in the manner and time provided shall be deemed an admission of liability and that a default may be entered thereon.
 - (b) Violation of s. 316.0795(1) shall not:
- 1. Be a conviction of the operator or registered owner of the motor vehicle;
- 2. Be made part of the driving record of the operator or registered owner of the motor vehicle;
- 3. Be used for the purposes of setting motor vehicle insurance rates; or
- 4. Result in points being assessed against the operator or registered owner of the motor vehicle.
- (c) The registered owner of the motor vehicle that was involved in a violation shall be responsible and liable for payment of the fine assessed in accordance with this subsection unless the owner can establish that the motor vehicle was, at

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the time of the violation, in the care, custody, or control of another person. In order to establish such facts, the registered owner shall, within 20 days after receipt of notification of the alleged violation, furnish to the court, as appropriate, an affidavit that sets forth:

- 1. The name, address, and, if known, driver license number of the person who leased, rented, or was otherwise responsible for the care, custody, or control of the motor vehicle at the time of the alleged violation; or
- 2. That the vehicle was stolen, with a copy of the police report attached indicating that the vehicle was stolen at the time of the alleged violation. The owner of a vehicle shall not be responsible for a violation if the vehicle involved was, at the time of the violation, stolen or in the care, custody, or control of a person who did not have the permission of the owner to use the vehicle.

Upon receipt of the affidavit, the person designated as having been responsible for the care, custody, or control of the motor vehicle at the time of the violation may be issued a citation.

The affidavit raises the rebuttable presumption that the person identified in the affidavit is responsible for payment of the cited violation and is admissible in a proceeding pursuant to this subsection for the purpose of proving that the motor vehicle was in the actual care, custody, or control of the person identified in the affidavit.

(d) A person may elect to contest the determination that he or she exceeded the posted speed limits within a designated

359	active construction work zone as evidenced by a photo speed
360	detection system by electing to appear before any judge
361	authorized by law to preside over a court or hearing that
362	adjudicates traffic infractions. Any person who elects to appear
363	before the court to present evidence shall be deemed to have
364	waived the limitation of civil penalties imposed for the
365	violation. The court, after hearing, shall determine whether the
366	violation was committed and may impose a civil penalty of \$100
367	plus court costs. The court may take appropriate measures to
368	enforce collection of any penalty not paid within the time
369	permitted by the court.
370	Section 10. Subsection (3) of section 318.18, Florida
371	Statutes, as amended by section 99 of chapter 2003-402, Laws of
372	Florida, is amended to read:
373	318.18 Amount of civil penaltiesThe penalties required
374	for a noncriminal disposition pursuant to s. 318.14 are as
375	follows:
376	(3)(a) Except as otherwise provided in this section, \$60
377	for all moving violations not requiring a mandatory appearance.
378	(b) For moving violations involving unlawful speed, the
379	fines are as follows:
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381	For speed exceeding the limit by: Fine:
382	1-5 m.p.h Warning
383	6-9 m.p.h \$ 25
384	10-14 m.p.h\$100
385	15-19 m.p.h\$125
386	20-29 m.p.h\$150

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

- (c) Notwithstanding paragraph (b), a person cited for exceeding the speed limit by up to 5 m.p.h. in a legally posted school zone will be fined \$50. A person exceeding the speed limit in a school zone will be assessed a fine double the amount listed in paragraph (b).
- (d)1. A person cited by a means other than a photo speed detection system for exceeding the speed limit in a posted construction zone shall pay a fine double the amount listed in paragraph (b). The fine shall be doubled for construction zone violations only if construction personnel are present or operating equipment on the road or immediately adjacent to the road under construction.
- 2. Notwithstanding paragraph (b), a person cited under s. 316.0795 for exceeding the speed limit in an active construction work zone shall be assessed a fine of \$100. This amount shall be distributed pursuant to s. 318.21.
- (e) If a violation of s. 316.1301 or s. 316.1303 results in an injury to the pedestrian or damage to the property of the pedestrian, an additional fine of up to \$250 shall be paid. This amount must be distributed pursuant to s. 318.21.
- (f) A person cited for exceeding the speed limit within a zone posted for any electronic or manual toll collection facility shall pay a fine double the amount listed in paragraph (b). However, no person cited for exceeding the speed limit in any toll collection zone shall be subject to a doubled fine unless the governmental entity or authority controlling the toll

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collection zone first installs a traffic control device providing warning that speeding fines are doubled. Any such traffic control device must meet the requirements of the uniform system of traffic control devices.

Section 11. Subsection (13) is added to section 318.21, Florida Statutes, to read:

- 318.21 Disposition of civil penalties by county courts.—All civil penalties received by a county court pursuant to the provisions of this chapter shall be distributed and paid monthly as follows:
- violation of s. 316.0795(1), 25 percent shall be remitted to the county in which the fine originated, and 75 percent shall be remitted to the Department of Transportation for deposit to the State Transportation Trust Fund. Any amount accruing to the Department of Transportation which is not required to carry out the provisions of s. 316.0795 shall be used for any valid transportation purpose.
- Section 12. This act shall take effect July 1, 2004.