By Senator Lynn

7-671-04

A bill to be entitled 1 2 An act relating to breast cancer treatment; amending ss. 627.64171, 627.66121, 641.31, 3 4 F.S.; amending provisions prescribing the 5 length of hospital stay relating to a mastectomy which specified health insurers and 6 7 health maintenance organizations must cover; providing requirements for the length of 8 9 hospital stay relating to a lymph-node dissection which specified health insurers and 10 11 health maintenance organizations must cover; 12 limiting the application of the law; providing exceptions; providing an effective date. 13 14 15 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 16 17 Section 1. Section 627.64171, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 18 19 627.64171 Coverage for length of stay and outpatient 20 postsurgical care. --21 (1) Any health insurance policy that is issued, 22 amended, delivered, or renewed in this state and that which 23 provides medical and surgical benefits coverage for breast cancer treatment may not limit inpatient hospital coverage: 24 25 (a) For a lymph-node dissection for treatment of 26 breast cancer, to a period that is less than 24 hours of 27 hospital care immediately following the lymph-node dissection; 28 or 29 (b) For a mastectomy, mastectomies to a any period 30 that is less than that determined by the treating physician, after consultation with the insured patient, to be medically

necessary in accordance with prevailing medical standards, or 48 hours following such a mastectomy, whichever period is 10nger and after consultation with the insured patient.

(2) Any health insurance policy that provides coverage for mastectomies under paragraph (1)(b) subsection (1) must also provide coverage for outpatient postsurgical followup care in keeping with prevailing medical standards by a licensed health care professional qualified to provide postsurgical mastectomy care. The treating physician, after consultation with the insured patient, may choose that the outpatient care be provided at the most medically appropriate setting, which may include the hospital, treating physician's office, outpatient center, or home of the insured patient.

(3) An insurer subject to subsection (1) may not:

(a) Deny to an insured eligibility, or continued eligibility, to enroll or to renew coverage under the terms of the policy for the purpose of avoiding the requirements of this section;

(b) Provide monetary payments or rebates to an insured patient to accept less than the minimum protections available under this section;

(c) Penalize or otherwise reduce or limit the reimbursement of an attending provider solely because the attending provider provided care to an insured patient under this section;

(d) Provide incentives, monetary or otherwise, to an attending provider solely to induce the provider to provide care to an insured patient in a manner inconsistent with this section; or

(e) Subject to the other provisions of this section,restrict benefits for any portion of a period within a

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hospital length of stay or outpatient care as required by this section in a manner that is less than favorable than the benefits provided for any preceding portion of such stay.

- (4)(a) This section does not require an insured patient to have a lymph-node dissection or the mastectomy in the hospital or stay in the hospital for a fixed period of time following a lymph-node dissection or the mastectomy.
- This section does not prevent a policy from imposing deductibles, coinsurance, or other cost-sharing in relation to benefits under this section, except that such cost-sharing may not exceed cost-sharing with other benefits.
- (5) Except as provided in subsection (3), this section does not affect any agreement between an insurer and a hospital or other health care provider with respect to reimbursement for health care services provided, rate negotiations with providers, or capitation of providers, and does not prohibit appropriate utilization review or case management by the insurer.
- (6) This section does not apply to disability income, specified diseases other than cancer, or hospital indemnity policies.
- (7) As used in this section, the term "mastectomy" means the removal of all or part of the breast for medically necessary reasons as determined by a licensed physician.
- Section 2. Section 627.66121, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 627.66121 Coverage for length of stay and outpatient postsurgical care. --
- (1) Any group, blanket, or franchise accident or health insurance policy that is issued, amended, delivered, or 31 renewed in this state and that which provides medical and

 surgical benefits coverage for breast cancer treatment may not limit inpatient hospital coverage:

- (a) For a lymph-node dissection for treatment of breast cancer, to a period that is less than 24 hours of hospital care immediately following the lymph-node dissection; or
- (b) For a mastectomy, mastectomies to a any period that is less than that determined by the treating physician, after consultation with the insured patient, to be medically necessary in accordance with prevailing medical standards, or 48 hours following such a mastectomy, whichever period is longer and after consultation with the insured patient.
- (2) Any group, blanket, or franchise accident or health insurance policy that provides coverage for mastectomies under paragraph (1)(b) subsection (1) must also provide coverage for outpatient postsurgical followup care in keeping with prevailing medical standards by a licensed health care professional qualified to provide postsurgical mastectomy care. The treating physician, after consultation with the insured patient, may choose that the outpatient care be provided at the most medically appropriate setting, which may include the hospital, treating physician's office, outpatient center, or home of the insured patient.
 - (3) An insurer subject to subsection (1) may not:
- (a) Deny to an insured eligibility, or continued eligibility, to enroll or to renew coverage under the terms of the policy for the purpose of avoiding the requirements of this section;
- (b) Provide monetary payments or rebates to an insured patient to accept less than the minimum protections available under this section;

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- (c) Penalize or otherwise reduce or limit the reimbursement of an attending provider solely because the attending provider provided care to an insured patient under this section;
- (d) Provide incentives, monetary or otherwise, to an attending provider solely to induce the provider to provide care to an insured patient in a manner inconsistent with this section; or
- (e) Subject to the other provisions of this section, restrict benefits for any portion of a period within a hospital length of stay or outpatient care as required by this section in a manner that is less than favorable than the benefits provided for any preceding portion of such stay.
- (4)(a) This section does not require an insured patient to have a lymph-node dissection or the mastectomy in the hospital or stay in the hospital for a fixed period of time following a lymph-node dissection or the mastectomy.
- (b) This section does not prevent a policy from imposing deductibles, coinsurance, or other cost-sharing in relation to benefits under this section, except that such cost-sharing may not exceed cost-sharing with other benefits.
- (5) Except as provided in subsection (3), this section does not affect any agreement between an insurer and a hospital or other health care provider with respect to reimbursement for health care services provided, rate negotiations with providers, or capitation of providers and does not prohibit appropriate utilization review or case management by the insurer.
- (6) This section does not apply to disability income, specified diseases other than cancer, or hospital indemnity 31 policies.

1 (7) As used in this section, the term "mastectomy"
2 means the removal of all or part of the breast for medically
3 necessary reasons as determined by a licensed physician.
4 Section 3. Subsection (31) of section 641.31, Florida
5 Statutes, is amended to read:

641.31 Health maintenance contracts.--

- (31)(a) Health maintenance contracts that provide medical and surgical benefits coverage, benefits, or services for breast cancer treatment may not limit inpatient hospital coverage:
- 1. For a lymph-node dissection for treatment of breast cancer, to a period that is less than 24 hours of hospital care immediately following the lymph-node dissection; or
- 2. For a mastectomy, mastectomies to a any period that is less than that determined by the treating physician under contract with the health maintenance organization, after consultation with the covered patient, to be medically necessary in accordance with prevailing medical standards, or 48 hours following such a mastectomy, whichever period is longer and after consultation with the covered patient.

A Such contract that provides coverage for mastectomies must also provide coverage for outpatient postsurgical followup care in keeping with prevailing medical standards by a licensed health care professional under contract with the health maintenance organization qualified to provide postsurgical mastectomy care. The treating physician under contract with the health maintenance organization, after consultation with the covered patient, may choose that the outpatient care be provided at the most medically appropriate

setting, which may include the hospital, treating physician's office, outpatient center, or home of the covered patient.

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(b) A health maintenance organization subject to this subsection may not: Deny to a covered person eligibility, or continued

- eligibility, to enroll or to renew coverage under the terms of the contract for the purpose of avoiding the requirements of this subsection;
- 2. Provide monetary payments or rebates to a covered patient to accept less than the minimum protections available under this subsection;
- 3. Penalize or otherwise reduce or limit the reimbursement of an attending provider solely because the attending provider provided care to a covered patient under this subsection;
- 4. Provide incentives, monetary or otherwise, to an attending provider solely to induce the provider to provide care to a covered patient in a manner inconsistent with this subsection; or
- 5. Subject to the other provisions of this subsection, restrict benefits for any portion of a period within a hospital length of stay or outpatient care as required by this subsection in a manner that is less than favorable than the benefits provided for any preceding portion of such stay.
- (c)1. This subsection does not require a covered patient to have a lymph-node dissection or the mastectomy in the hospital or stay in the hospital for a fixed period of time following a lymph-node dissection or the mastectomy.
- This subsection does not prevent a contract from imposing deductibles, coinsurance, or other cost sharing in 31 relation to benefits pursuant to this subsection, except that

such cost sharing shall not exceed cost sharing with other benefits.

- (d) Except as provided in paragraph (b), this subsection does not affect any agreement between a health maintenance organization and a hospital or other health care provider with respect to reimbursement for health care services provided, rate negotiations with providers, or capitation of providers, and does not prohibit appropriate utilization review or case management by the health maintenance organization.
- (e) As used in this subsection, the term "mastectomy" means the removal of all or part of the breast for medically necessary reasons as determined by a licensed physician.

Section 4. This act shall take effect July 1, 2004.

SENATE SUMMARY

Amends provisions prescribing the length of hospital stay relating to a mastectomy which specified health insurers and health maintenance organizations must cover. Provides requirements for the length of hospital stay relating to a lymph-node dissection which specified health insurers and health maintenance organizations must cover. Limits the application of the law.

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