CHAMBER ACTION

The Committee on Health Care recommends the following:

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Committee Substitute

Remove the entire bill and insert:

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to the Florida Pharmacy Act; amending s. 465.015, F.S.; providing that it is unlawful for a person, firm, or corporation that is not licensed or registered under the act to use certain terms implying that the person, firm, or corporation is so licensed or registered, or to hold himself, herself, or itself out as licensed or registered to practice pharmacy in this state; providing penalties; amending s. 465.003, F.S.; defining the term "automated pharmacy system"; creating s. 465.0235, F.S.; authorizing a pharmacy to provide services to a long-term care facility, hospice, or state correctional institution through an automated pharmacy system; providing that drugs dispensed from an automated pharmacy system are considered to have been dispensed by the pharmacy that services a long-term care facility, hospice, or correctional institution; requiring that the operation of an automated pharmacy system be under the supervision of a Floridalicensed pharmacist; providing duties of such pharmacist;

providing legislative intent relating to automated pharmacy systems; requiring the Board of Pharmacy to adopt rules; amending s. 465.026, F.S.; authorizing mail-order pharmacies that use a common database to perform automated prescription filling or dispensing functions to process prescriptions for controlled substances using that common database in compliance with federal law and regulation; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

- Section 1. Paragraph (c) is added to subsection (3) of section 465.015, Florida Statutes, and subsection (4) of said section is amended, to read:
 - 465.015 Violations and penalties.--

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- (c) It is unlawful for a person, firm, or corporation that is not licensed or registered under this chapter to:
- 1. Use in a trade name, sign, letter, or advertisement any term, including "drug," "pharmacy," "prescription drugs," "Rx," or "apothecary," that implies that the person, firm, or corporation is licensed or registered to practice pharmacy in this state.
- 2. Hold himself, herself, or itself out to others as a person, firm, or corporation licensed or registered to practice pharmacy in this state.
- (4) Any person who violates any provision of subsection(1) or subsection (3) commits is guilty of a misdemeanor of the

first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. Any person who violates any provision of subsection (2) commits is guilty of a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. In any warrant, information, or indictment, it shall not be necessary to negative any exceptions, and the burden of any exception shall be upon the defendant.

- Section 2. Subsection (17) is added to section 465.003, Florida Statutes, to read:
 - 465.003 Definitions.--As used in this chapter, the term:
- (17) "Automated pharmacy system" means a mechanical system
 that dispenses prescription drugs received from a Floridalicensed pharmacy and maintains related transaction information.
- Section 3. Section 465.0235, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
- 465.0235 Automated pharmacy systems used by long-term care facilities, hospices, or state correctional institutions.--
- (1) A pharmacy may provide pharmacy services to a longterm care facility or hospice licensed under chapter 400 or a state correctional institution operated under chapter 944 through the use of an automated pharmacy system that need not be located at the same location as the pharmacy.
- (2) Medicinal drugs stored in bulk or unit of use in an automated pharmacy system servicing a long-term care facility, hospice, or correctional institution are part of the inventory of the pharmacy providing pharmacy services to that facility, hospice, or institution, and drugs dispensed from the automated

pharmacy system are considered to have been dispensed by that pharmacy.

- (3) The operation of an automated pharmacy system must be under the supervision of a Florida-licensed pharmacist. To qualify as a supervisor for an automated pharmacy system, the pharmacist need not be physically present at the site of the automated pharmacy system and may supervise the system electronically. The Florida-licensed pharmacist shall be required to develop and implement policies and procedures designed to verify that the prescriptions filled by the automated pharmacy system are accurate and valid and that the machine is properly restocked.
- (4) The Legislature does not intend this section to limit the current practice of pharmacy in this state. This section is intended to allow automated pharmacy systems to enhance the ability of a pharmacist to provide pharmacy services in locations that do not employ a full-time pharmacist. This section does not limit or replace the use of a consultant pharmacist.
- (5) The board shall adopt rules governing the use of an automated pharmacy system by January 1, 2005, which must specify:
 - (a) Recordkeeping requirements.
 - (b) Security requirements.
- (c) Labeling requirements that permit the use of unit-dose medications if the facility, hospice, or institution maintains medication-administration records that include directions for

use of the medication and the automated pharmacy system
identifies:

1. The dispensing pharmacy.

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- 2. The prescription number.
- 3. The name of the patient.
- 4. The name of the prescribing practitioner.

Section 4. Section 465.026, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

465.026 Filling of certain prescriptions.--Nothing contained in this chapter shall be construed to prohibit a pharmacist licensed in this state from filling or refilling a valid prescription which is on file in a pharmacy located in this state or in another state and has been transferred from one pharmacy to another by any means, including any electronic means, under the following conditions:

- (1) Prior to dispensing any transferred prescription, the dispensing pharmacist must, either verbally or by any electronic means, do all of the following:
- (a) Advise the patient that the prescription on file at the other pharmacy must be canceled before it may be filled or refilled.
- (b) Determine that the prescription is valid and on file at the other pharmacy and that the prescription may be filled or refilled, as requested, in accordance with the prescriber's intent expressed on the prescription.
- (c) Notify the pharmacist or pharmacy where the prescription is on file that the prescription must be canceled.

(d) Record in writing, or by any electronic means, the prescription order, the name of the pharmacy at which the prescription was on file, the prescription number, the name of the drug and the original amount dispensed, the date of original dispensing, and the number of remaining authorized refills.

- (e) Obtain the consent of the prescriber to the refilling of the prescription when the prescription, in the dispensing pharmacist's professional judgment, so requires. Any interference with the professional judgment of the dispensing pharmacist by any pharmacist or pharmacy permittee, or its agents or employees, shall be grounds for discipline.
- (2) Upon receipt of a prescription transfer request, if the pharmacist is satisfied in her or his professional judgment that the request is valid, or if the request has been validated by any electronic means, the pharmacist or pharmacy must do all of the following:
- (a) Transfer the information required by paragraph (1)(d) accurately and completely.
- (b) Record on the prescription, or by any electronic means, the requesting pharmacy and pharmacist and the date of request.
- (c) Cancel the prescription on file by electronic means or by recording the word "void" on the prescription record. No further prescription information shall be given or medication dispensed pursuant to the original prescription.
- (3) If a transferred prescription is not dispensed within a reasonable time, the pharmacist shall, by any means, so notify the transferring pharmacy. Such notice shall serve to revalidate

the canceled prescription. The pharmacist who has served such notice shall then cancel the prescription in the same manner as set forth in paragraph (2)(c).

- (4) In the case of a prescription to be transferred from or to a pharmacy located in another state, it shall be the responsibility of the pharmacist or pharmacy located in the State of Florida to verify, whether by electronic means or otherwise, that the person or entity involved in the transfer is a licensed pharmacist or pharmacy in the other state.
- (5) Electronic transfers of prescriptions are permitted regardless of whether the transferor or transferee pharmacy is open for business.
- (6) The transfer of a prescription for medicinal drugs listed in Schedules III, IV, and V appearing in chapter 893 for the purpose of refill dispensing is permissible, subject to the requirements of this section and federal law. Compliance with federal law shall be deemed compliance with the requirements of this section.
- (7) For purposes of this section, a mail-order pharmacy that uses a common database to perform automated prescription filling or dispensing functions may process a prescription for a controlled substance using that common database to perform prescription filling or dispensing functions in compliance with federal law and regulation.
 - Section 5. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law.