## 32-306A-04

A bill to be entitled 1 2 An act relating to community associations; amending s. 718.111, F.S.; providing immunity 3 4 from liability for certain information provided 5 by associations to prospective purchasers or lienholders under certain circumstances; 6 7 amending s. 720.303, F.S.; requiring specific notice to be given to association members 8 9 before certain assessments or rule changes may 10 be considered at a meeting; amending s. 768.1325, F.S.; providing immunity from civil 11 12 liability for community associations that provide automated defibrillator devices under 13 certain circumstances; prohibiting insurers 14 from requiring associations to purchase medical 15 malpractice coverage as a condition of issuing 16 17 other coverage; providing an effective date. 18 19 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 20 21 Section 1. Paragraph (e) of subsection (12) of section 22 718.111, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 23 718.111 The association.--(1) CORPORATE ENTITY. --24 25 (12) OFFICIAL RECORDS.--26 (e)1. The association or its authorized agent is shall 27 not be required to provide a prospective purchaser or lienholder with information about the condominium or the 28 association other than information or documents required by 29 30 this chapter to be made available or disclosed. The association or its authorized agent may shall be entitled to

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13 14

15

16 17

18 19

20

21

22

23 24

25

26

27 28

29

30

charge a reasonable fee to the prospective purchaser, lienholder, or the current unit owner for its time in providing good faith responses to requests for information by or on behalf of a prospective purchaser or lienholder, other than that required by law, if the provided that such fee does shall not exceed \$150 plus the reasonable cost of photocopying and any attorney's fees incurred by the association in connection with the association's response.

2. An association and its authorized agent are not liable for providing such information in good faith pursuant to a written request if the person providing the information includes a written statement in substantially the following form: "The responses herein are made in good faith and to the best of my ability as to their accuracy."

Section 2. Subsection (2) of section 720.303, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

720.303 Association powers and duties; meetings of board; official records; budgets; financial reporting .--

(2) BOARD MEETINGS. -- A meeting of the board of directors of an association occurs whenever a quorum of the board gathers to conduct association business. All meetings of the board must be open to all members except for meetings between the board and its attorney with respect to proposed or pending litigation where the contents of the discussion would otherwise be governed by the attorney-client privilege. Notices of all board meetings must be posted in a conspicuous place in the community at least 48 hours in advance of a meeting, except in an emergency. In the alternative, if notice is not posted in a conspicuous place in the community, notice of each board meeting must be mailed or delivered to 31 each member at least 7 days before the meeting, except in an

emergency. Notwithstanding this general notice requirement, 2 for communities with more than 100 members, the bylaws may 3 provide for a reasonable alternative to posting or mailing of 4 notice for each board meeting, including publication of 5 notice, provision of a schedule of board meetings, or the 6 conspicuous posting and repeated broadcasting of the notice on 7 a closed-circuit cable television system serving the 8 homeowners' association. However, if broadcast notice is used 9 in lieu of a notice posted physically in the community, the 10 notice must be broadcast at least four times every broadcast 11 hour of each day that a posted notice is otherwise required. When broadcast notice is provided, the notice and agenda must 12 be broadcast in a manner and for a sufficient continuous 13 length of time so as to allow an average reader to observe the 14 notice and read and comprehend the entire content of the 15 notice and the agenda. The bylaws or amended bylaws may 16 17 provide for giving notice by electronic transmission in a 18 manner authorized by law for meetings of the board of 19 directors, committee meetings requiring notice under this 20 section, and annual and special meetings of the members; however, a member must consent in writing to receiving notice 21 by electronic transmission. An assessment may not be levied at 22 a board meeting unless a written the notice of the meeting is 23 24 provided to all members at least 14 days before the meeting, 25 which notice includes a statement that assessments will be considered at the meeting and the nature of the assessments. 26 27 Rules that regulate the use of parcels in the community may 28 not be adopted, amended, or revoked at a board meeting unless 29 a written meeting notice is provided to all members at least 14 days before the meeting, which notice includes a statement 30 31 that changes to the rules regarding the use of parcels will be

4 5

considered at the meeting. Directors may not vote by proxy or by secret ballot at board meetings, except that secret ballots may be used in the election of officers. This subsection also applies to the meetings of any committee or other similar body, when a final decision will be made regarding the expenditure of association funds, and to any body vested with the power to approve or disapprove architectural decisions with respect to a specific parcel of residential property owned by a member of the community.

Section 3. Present subsection (5) of section 768.1325, Florida Statutes, is redesignated as subsection (6), and a new subsection (5) is added to that section to read:

768.1325 Cardiac Arrest Survival Act; immunity from civil liability.--

- (5)(a) A community association organized under chapter 617, chapter 718, chapter 719, chapter 720, chapter 721, or chapter 723, Florida Statutes, which provides an automated defibrillator device primarily for the use of its members, guests, or invitees is immune from civil liability, pursuant to this section, for any damages that result from the use of such device if the association offers periodic training in the use of such device. The failure of any person who uses the device to take such training does not constitute a basis for liability against the association.
- (b) An insurer may not require a community association to purchase medical malpractice liability coverage as a condition of issuing any other coverage carried by the association, and an insurer may not exclude damages resulting from the use of an automated defibrillator device from coverage under a general liability policy issued to an association.

1	Section 4. This act shall take effect July 1, 2004.
2	
3	**********
4	SENATE SUMMARY
5	Revises provisions relating to community associations.
6	Provides immunity from liability for certain information provided by associations to prospective purchasers or lienholders under certain circumstances. Requires that a
7	specific meeting notice be given to members before
8	certain matters may be considered at a meeting. Provides immunity from civil liability for associations that provide automated defibrillator devices under certain
9	circumstances. Prohibits insures from requiring associations to purchase medical malpractice insurance.
10	associations to purchase medical marpractice insurance.
11	
12	
13	
14	
15	
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	
26	
27	
28	
29	
30	
31	