By Senator Fasano

## 11-125-04

A bill to be entitled 1 2 An act relating to prescriptions for medicinal drugs; creating s. 456.0392, F.S.; requiring 3 4 certain practitioners to include specified 5 information on prescriptions; providing that 6 certain prescriptions shall be presumed valid; 7 providing an effective date. 8 9 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 10 11 Section 1. Section 456.0392, Florida Statutes, is 12 created to read: 456.0392 Prescription labeling.--13 14 (1) A prescription written by a practitioner who is authorized under the laws of this state to write prescriptions 15 16 for drugs that are not listed as controlled substances in 17 chapter 893 but who is not eligible for a federal drug enforcement administration number shall include that 18 19 practitioner's name and professional license number. The pharmacist or dispensing practitioner must include the 20 21 practitioner's name on the container of the drug that is 22 dispensed. A pharmacist shall be permitted, upon verification by the prescriber, to document any information required by 23 24 this section. 25 (2) A prescription for a drug that is not listed as a 26 controlled substance in chapter 893 which is written by an 27 advanced registered nurse practitioner certified under s. 28 464.012 is presumed, subject to rebuttal, to be valid and within the parameters of the prescriptive authority delegated 29 30 by a practitioner licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, or chapter 466. 31

(3) A prescription for a drug that is not listed as a controlled substance in chapter 893 which is written by a physician assistant licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459 is presumed, subject to rebuttal, to be valid and within the parameters of the prescriptive authority delegated by the physician assistant's supervising physician. Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2004. SENATE SUMMARY Provides that prescriptions written by practitioners not eligible for a federal Drug Enforcement Administration number for substances that are not controlled substances under chapter 893, Florida Statutes, must include specified information and further provides that prescriptions written by specified health care providers are presumed valid.