By the Committee on Health, Aging, and Long-Term Care; and Senator Smith

317-1975-04

1 A bill to be entitled An act relating to immunity from civil 2 3 liability; creating s. 768.37, F.S.; providing 4 to certain entities immunity from civil 5 liability for personal injury or wrongful death 6 based upon long-term consumption of certain 7 foods or nonalcoholic beverages under certain 8 circumstances; providing applicability; 9 providing a limitation on immunity; providing an effective date. 10 11 12 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 13 Section 1. Section 768.37, Florida Statutes, is 14 15 created to read: 768.37 Limitation on civil liability arising from 16 17 long-term consumption of food and nonalcoholic beverages. -- A manufacturer, distributor, or seller of foods or nonalcoholic 18 19 beverages intended for human consumption is not subject to 20 civil liability for personal injury or wrongful death to the extent that such liability is premised upon a person's weight 21 22 gain or obesity, or a health condition related to weight gain 23 or obesity, resulting from the person's long-term consumption 24 of such foods or nonalcoholic beverages. For the purposes of 25 this section, the term "long-term" means the cumulative effect 26 of multiple instances over a period of time and not the effect of a single or isolated instance. Such a limitation on civil 27 28 liability does not bar a claim under any other provision of law against a manufacturer, distributor, or seller of foods or 29 30 nonalcoholic beverages if the manufacturer, distributor, or

as required by an applicable state or federal statute or regulation, or has provided materially false or misleading information to the public in any form. Section 2. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law and shall apply to all claims filed on or after that date. STATEMENT OF SUBSTANTIAL CHANGES CONTAINED IN COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR Senate Bill 1394 The committee substitute expands the bar on claims for damages arising from personal injury or wrongful death against a retail seller of foods or nonalcoholic beverages if the claim is premised upon a person's weight gain or obesity, or a health condition related to weight gain or obesity, resulting from long-term consumption of such foods or nonalcoholic beverages, to also prohibit such claims against a manufacturer or distributor of such foods or nonalcoholic beverages. The bill provides that such a limitation does not bar a claim under any other provision of law against a manufacturer, distributor, or seller of foods or nonalcoholic beverages if such a person has failed to provide nutritional content information as required by any applicable state or federal law or has provided materially false or misleading information to the public.