## Florida Senate - 2004

By Senator Dawson

29-931A-04 A bill to be entitled 1 2 An act relating to the staffing of health care facilities; creating ss. 395.051-395.057, F.S.; 3 4 providing a short title; providing legislative 5 findings; defining terms; prescribing safe staffing standards for health care facilities; 6 7 requiring licensed facilities to submit an annual staffing plan to the Agency for Health 8 9 Care Administration; providing standards for 10 the required skill mix; requiring compliance with the staffing plan; requiring 11 12 recordkeeping; prohibiting mandatory overtime; providing applicability; providing to employees 13 the right to refuse certain assignments and the 14 right to report suspected violations of safe 15 staffing standards; providing for the agency to 16 17 enforce compliance with the act; requiring the agency to develop rules; providing an effective 18 19 date. 20 21 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 22 23 Section 1. Section 395.051, Florida Statutes, is 24 created to read: 25 395.051 Short title.--Sections 395.051-395.057 may be 26 cited as the "Safe Staffing for Quality Care Act." 27 Section 395.052, Florida Statutes, is Section 2. created to read: 28 29 395.052 Legislative findings.--The Legislature finds 30 that: 31

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1 (1) The state has a substantial interest in assuring that delivery of health care services to patients in health 2 3 care facilities located in this state is adequate and safe and that health care facilities retain sufficient nursing staff so 4 5 as to promote optimal health care outcomes. 6 (2) Recent changes in our health care delivery system 7 are resulting in a higher acuity level among patients in 8 health care facilities. 9 (3) Registered nurses constitute the highest 10 percentage of direct health care staff in acute care 11 facilities and have a central role in delivering health care. (4) Extensive research indicates that inadequate 12 registered nurse staffing in hospitals can result in increased 13 patient death rates, dangerous medical errors, and increased 14 15 length of stay. (5) To ensure adequate protection and care for 16 17 patients in health care facilities, it is essential that qualified registered nurses who are trained and authorized to 18 19 deliver nursing services be accessible and available to meet the nursing needs of patients. 20 21 Section 3. Section 395.053, Florida Statutes, is 22 created to read: 23 395.053 Definitions.--As used in this act, the term: "Acuity system" means an established measurement 24 (1) 25 instrument that: 26 Predicts nursing care requirements for individual (a) 27 patients based on the severity of patient illness, the need for specialized equipment and technology, the intensity of 28 29 nursing interventions required, and the complexity of clinical 30 nursing judgment needed to design, implement, and evaluate the 31 patient's nursing care plan;

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1	(b) Details the amount of nursing care needed, both in
2	the number of registered nurses and in the skill mix of
3	nursing personnel required daily for each patient in a nursing
4	department or unit; and
5	(c) Is stated in terms that can be readily used and
6	understood by direct-care nursing staff.
7	(2) "Assessment tool" means a measurement system that
8	compares the staffing level in each nursing department or unit
9	against actual patient nursing care requirements in order to
10	review the accuracy of an acuity system.
11	(3) "Declared state of emergency" means an officially
12	designated state of emergency which has been declared by a
13	federal, state, or local government official who has the
14	authority to declare that the state, county, municipality, or
15	locality is in a state of emergency. The term does not include
16	a state of emergency which results from a labor dispute in the
17	health care industry.
17 18	<u>health care industry.</u> (4) "Direct-care nurse" or "direct-care nursing staff"
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18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26	(4) "Direct-care nurse" or "direct-care nursing staff" means any registered nurse who has direct responsibility to oversee or carry out medical regimens or nursing care for one or more patients. A nurse administrator, nurse supervisor, nurse educator, charge nurse, or other registered nurse who does not have a specific patient assignment may not be included in the calculation of the registered nurse-to-patient ratio. (5) "Documented staffing plan" means a detailed
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<ol> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> <li>21</li> <li>22</li> <li>23</li> <li>24</li> <li>25</li> <li>26</li> <li>27</li> <li>28</li> <li>29</li> </ol>	(4)"Direct-care nurse" or "direct-care nursing staff"means any registered nurse who has direct responsibility to oversee or carry out medical regimens or nursing care for one or more patients. A nurse administrator, nurse supervisor, nurse educator, charge nurse, or other registered nurse who does not have a specific patient assignment may not be included in the calculation of the registered nurse-to-patient ratio.(5)"Documented staffing plan" means a detailed written plan that sets forth the minimum number, skill mix, and classification of licensed nurses required in each nursing department or unit in the health care facility for a given

1 during the previous year, the department or unit size and geography, the nature of services provided, and any 2 3 foreseeable changes in department or unit size or function 4 during the current year. 5 "Health care facility" means an acute care (6) б hospital; an emergency care, ambulatory, or outpatient surgery facility licensed under s. 395.003; or a psychiatric facility 7 8 licensed under chapter 394. 9 "Nurse" means a registered nurse. (7)10 (8) "Nursing care" means care that falls within the 11 scope of practice set forth in chapter 464 and other laws and rules or care that is otherwise encompassed within recognized 12 professional standards of nursing practice, including 13 assessment, nursing diagnosis, planning, intervention, 14 15 evaluation, and patient advocacy. "On-call time" means time spent by an employee 16 (9) 17 who: Is not working on the premises of the place of 18 (a) 19 employment but who is compensated for availability; or (b) As a condition of employment, has agreed to be 20 21 available to return to the premises of the place of employment 22 on short notice if the need arises. (10) "Overtime" means the hours worked in excess of 23 24 any of the following: 25 (a) An agreed-upon, predetermined, regularly scheduled 26 shift; 27 Twelve hours in a 24-hour period; or (b) 28 (C) Eighty hours in a consecutive 14-day period. 29 "Reasonable efforts," in reference to the (11)30 prohibition on mandatory overtime, means that the employer is 31 unable to obtain staff coverage even though the employer has:

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1	(a) Sought, from among all available qualified staff
2	who are working, individuals who would volunteer to work extra
3	time;
4	(b) Contacted employees who have made themselves
5	available to work extra time;
6	(c) Sought the use of per diem staff; and
7	(d) Sought personnel from a contracted temporary
8	agency if such staffing is permitted by law or an applicable
9	collective bargaining agreement.
10	(12) "Skill mix" means the differences in licensing,
11	specialty, and experience among direct-care nurses.
12	(13) "Staffing level" means the actual numerical
13	registered nurse-to-patient ratio within a nursing department
14	<u>or unit.</u>
15	(14) "Unforeseeable emergent circumstance" means:
16	(a) An unforeseen declared national, state, or
17	municipal emergency;
18	(b) A situation in which a health care disaster plan
	(b) A situation in which a health care disaster plan is activated; or
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18 19	is activated; or
18 19 20	<u>is activated; or</u> (c) An unforeseen disaster or other catastrophic event
18 19 20 21	<u>is activated; or</u> (c) An unforeseen disaster or other catastrophic event that substantially affects or increases the need for health
18 19 20 21 22	<u>is activated; or</u> <u>(c) An unforeseen disaster or other catastrophic event</u> <u>that substantially affects or increases the need for health</u> <u>care services.</u>
18 19 20 21 22 23	<u>is activated; or</u> <u>(c) An unforeseen disaster or other catastrophic event</u> <u>that substantially affects or increases the need for health</u> <u>care services.</u> <u>Section 4. Section 395.054, Florida Statutes, is</u>
18 19 20 21 22 23 24	<u>is activated; or</u> <u>(c) An unforeseen disaster or other catastrophic event</u> <u>that substantially affects or increases the need for health</u> <u>care services.</u> <u>Section 4. Section 395.054, Florida Statutes, is</u> created to read:
18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25	<pre>is activated; or (c) An unforeseen disaster or other catastrophic event that substantially affects or increases the need for health care services. Section 4. Section 395.054, Florida Statutes, is created to read: <u>395.054</u> Facility staffing standards</pre>
18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26	<pre>is activated; or (c) An unforeseen disaster or other catastrophic event that substantially affects or increases the need for health care services. Section 4. Section 395.054, Florida Statutes, is created to read: <u>395.054 Facility staffing standards</u> (1) STAFFING PRINCIPLESThe basic principles of</pre>
<ol> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> <li>21</li> <li>22</li> <li>23</li> <li>24</li> <li>25</li> <li>26</li> <li>27</li> </ol>	<pre>is activated; or (c) An unforeseen disaster or other catastrophic event that substantially affects or increases the need for health care services. Section 4. Section 395.054, Florida Statutes, is created to read: <u>395.054 Facility staffing standards</u> (1) STAFFING PRINCIPLESThe basic principles of staffing in health care facilities should be focused on</pre>
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<ol> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> <li>21</li> <li>22</li> <li>23</li> <li>24</li> <li>25</li> <li>26</li> <li>27</li> <li>28</li> <li>29</li> </ol>	<pre>is activated; or (c) An unforeseen disaster or other catastrophic event that substantially affects or increases the need for health care services. Section 4. Section 395.054, Florida Statutes, is created to read: <u>395.054 Facility staffing standards</u> (1) STAFFING PRINCIPLESThe basic principles of staffing in health care facilities should be focused on patient health care needs and based on consideration of patient acuity levels and services that need to be provided to</pre>

1 patient care. The setting of staffing standards for registered nurses is not to be interpreted as justifying the 2 3 understaffing of other critical health care workers, including licensed practical nurses, social workers, and other licensed 4 5 or unlicensed assistive personnel. Indeed, the availability of these other health care workers enables registered nurses to б focus on the nursing care functions that only registered 7 8 nurses, by law, are permitted to perform and thereby helps to 9 ensure adequate staffing levels. 10 (2) SPECIFIC STANDARDS. -- Health care facilities shall 11 provide staffing by registered nurses in accordance with the minimum nurse-to-patient ratios that are set forth in this 12 subsection. Staffing for care that does not require a 13 registered nurse is not included within these ratios and must 14 be determined pursuant to the patient classification system. 15 Nurse-to-patient ratios represent the maximum number of 16 17 patients which shall be assigned to one registered nurse during one shift. Only nurses providing direct patient care 18 19 shall be included in the ratios. Nurse administrators, nurse supervisors, charge nurses, and other licensed nurses that do 20 not have a specific patient care assignment may not be 21 included in the calculation of the nurse-to-patient ratio. 22 This section does not prohibit a registered nurse from 23 24 providing care within the scope of his or her practice to a 25 patient assigned to another nurse. (a) No more than two patients may be assigned to each 26 27 registered nurse, so that the minimum registered 28 nurse-to-patient ratio in a critical care unit is 1:2 or fewer 29 at any time. As used in this paragraph, the term "critical 30 care unit" means a nursing unit of a general acute care hospital which provides one of the following services: an 31 6

1 intensive care service, a post-anesthesia recovery service, a burn center service, a coronary care service, or an acute 2 3 respiratory service. In the intensive care newborn nursery 4 service, no more than two patients may be assigned to each 5 nurse. б (b) In the surgical service operating room, no more 7 than one patient-occupied operating room may be assigned to 8 each registered nurse. 9 (c) No more than two patients may be assigned to each 10 registered nurse in a labor/delivery unit of the perinatal 11 service, so that the registered nurse-to-patient ratio is 1:2 12 or fewer at any time. (d) No more than three mother-baby couplets may be 13 14 assigned to each registered nurse in a postpartum area of the perinatal unit at any time. If multiple births have occurred, 15 the total number of mothers plus infants which are assigned to 16 17 a single registered nurse may not exceed six. (e) In a hospital that provides basic emergency 18 19 medical services or comprehensive emergency medical services, no more than three patients who are receiving emergency 20 21 services may be assigned to each registered nurse, so that the registered nurse-to-patient ratio in an emergency department 22 is 1:3 or fewer at any time patients are receiving treatment. 23 24 No fewer than two registered nurses must be physically present 25 in the emergency department when a patient is present. The nurse assigned to triage patients may not have 26 (f) 27 a patient assignment, may not be assigned the responsibility for the base ratio, and may not be counted in the registered 28 29 nurse-to-patient ratio. 30 (g) When nursing staff are attending critical care patients in the emergency department, no more than two 31

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patients may be assigned to each registered nurse. When nursing staff in the emergency department are attending trauma patients, no more than one patient may be assigned to each registered nurse at any time. (h) No more than three patients may be assigned to each registered nurse in a step-down unit, so that the minimum registered nurse-to-patient ratio in a step-down unit is 1:3 or fewer at any time. As used in this paragraph, the term: 1. "Artificial life support" means a system that uses medical technology to aid, support, or replace a vital function of the body which has been seriously damaged. "Step-down unit" means a unit that is organized, 2. operated, and maintained to provide for the monitoring and care of patients who have moderate or potentially severe physiologic instability that requires technical support but not necessarily artificial life support. "Technical support" means specialized equipment or 3. personnel, or both, that provides for invasive monitoring, telemetry, and mechanical ventilation, for the immediate amelioration or remediation of severe pathology for those patients who require less care than intensive care but more than that which is available from medical/surgical care. (i) No more than three patients may be assigned to each registered nurse, so that the minimum registered nurse-to-patient ratio in a telemetry unit is 1:3 or fewer at any time. As used in this paragraph, the term "telemetry unit"

27 means a unit designated for the electronic monitoring,

28 recording, retrieval, and display of cardiac electrical

29 signals.

30 (j) No more than four patients may be assigned to each

31 registered nurse, so that the minimum registered

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1 nurse-to-patient ratio in medical/surgical care units is 1:4 or fewer at any time. As used in this paragraph, the term 2 3 'medical/surgical unit" means a unit that has beds classified as medical/surgical in which patients who require less care 4 5 than that which is available in intensive care units or б step-down units receive 24-hour inpatient general medical 7 services, post-surgical services, or both general medical and 8 post-surgical services. These units may include mixed patient 9 populations of diverse diagnoses and diverse age groups. 10 (k) No more than four patients may be assigned to each 11 registered nurse, so that the minimum registered nurse-to-patient ratio in a specialty care unit is 1:4 or 12 fewer at any time. As used in this paragraph, the term 13 specialty care unit" means a unit that is organized, 14 operated, and maintained to provide care for a specific 15 medical condition or a specific patient population, is more 16 17 comprehensive for the specific condition or disease process than the care that is available on medical/surgical units, and 18 19 is not otherwise covered in this section. (1) No more than four patients may be assigned to each 20 registered nurse, so that the minimum registered 21 nurse-to-patient ratio in an acute care psychiatric unit is 22 1:4 or fewer at any time. 23 24 Identifying a unit by a name or term other than those used in 25 this subsection does not affect the requirement to provide 26 27 staff for the unit at the ratio required for the level or type of care provided in the unit, as set forth in this subsection. 28 (3) STAFFING PLAN.--Each facility licensed under this 29 30 chapter shall ensure that it provides sufficient, 31 appropriately qualified nursing staff of each classification

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1 in each department or unit within the facility in order to meet the individualized care needs of the patients. To 2 3 accomplish this goal, each health care facility licensed under this chapter shall submit annually to the Agency for Health 4 5 Care Administration a documented staffing plan together with a б written certification that the staffing plan is sufficient to provide adequate and appropriate delivery of health care 7 8 services to patients for the ensuing year. The staffing plan 9 must: 10 (a) Meet the minimum requirements set forth in 11 subsection (2); (b) Be adequate to meet any additional requirements 12 13 provided by other laws or rules; (c) Employ and identify an approved acuity system for 14 addressing fluctuations in actual patient acuity levels and 15 nursing care requirements requiring increased staffing levels 16 17 above the minimums set forth in the plan; Factor in other unit or department activity, such 18 (d) 19 as discharges, transfers and admissions, and administrative support tasks, which direct-care nurses are expected to do in 20 21 addition to performing direct nursing care; 22 Identify the assessment tool used to validate the (e) acuity system relied on in the plan; 23 24 (f) Identify the system that will be used to document actual daily staffing levels within each department or unit; 25 Include a written assessment of the accuracy of 26 (g) 27 the previous year's staffing plan in light of actual staffing needs; 28 29 Identify each nurse staff classification (h) 30 referenced in the staffing plan, together with a statement 31

1 setting forth minimum qualifications for each such classification; and 2 3 (i) Be developed in consultation with the direct-care nursing staff within each department or unit or, if such staff 4 5 is covered by a collective bargaining agreement, with the б applicable recognized or certified collective bargaining representatives of the direct-care nursing staff. 7 8 (4) MINIMUM SKILL MIX.--The skill mix reflected in a 9 documented staffing plan must assure that all of the following 10 elements of the nursing process are performed in the planning 11 and delivery of care for each patient: assessment, nursing diagnosis, planning, intervention, evaluation, and patient 12 13 advocacy. (a) The skill mix may not incorporate or assume that 14 nursing care functions required by licensing law or rules or 15 accepted standards of practice to be performed by a licensed 16 17 nurse are to be performed by unlicensed assistant personnel. 18 (b) A nurse may not be assigned or included in the 19 count of assigned nursing staff for purposes of compliance with minimum staffing requirements in a nursing department or 20 21 unit or a clinical area within the health care facility unless the nurse is qualified in the area of practice to which the 22 nurse is assigned. 23 24 (5) COMPLIANCE WITH PLAN. -- As a condition of licensing, a health care facility must at all times provide staff in 25 26 accordance with its documented staffing plan and the staffing 27 standards set forth in this section; however, this section does not preclude a health care facility from implementing 28 higher direct-care, nurse-to-patient staffing levels. 29 30 (6) RECORDKEEPING.--The facility shall maintain 31 records sufficient to allow the agency to determine the daily

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1 staffing ratios and skill mixes that the facility maintained 2 on each unit. 3 Section 5. Section 395.055, Florida Statutes, is 4 created to read: 5 395.055 Mandatory overtime.-б (1) An employee of a health care facility may not be 7 required to work overtime as defined in s. 395.053. Compelling 8 or attempting to compel an employee to work overtime is contrary to public policy and is a violation of this section. 9 10 The acceptance by any employee of overtime work is strictly 11 voluntary, and the refusal of an employee to accept such overtime work may not be grounds for discrimination, 12 dismissal, discharge, or any other penalty; threats of reports 13 for discipline; or employment decisions adverse to the 14 employee. 15 This section does not apply to work that occurs: 16 (2) 17 (a) Because of an unforeseeable emergent circumstance; During prescheduled on-call time if, as of July 1, 18 (b) 19 2004, such prescheduled on-call time was a customary and longstanding practice in the unit or department of the health 20 21 care facility; or Because of unpredictable and unavoidable 22 (C) occurrences relating to health care delivery which occur at 23 24 unscheduled intervals and require immediate action, if the employer shows that the employer has exhausted reasonable 25 efforts to comply with the documented staffing plan. An 26 27 employer has not used reasonable efforts if overtime work is 28 used to fill vacancies resulting from chronic staff shortages. 29 This section does not prohibit a health care (3) 30 employee from voluntarily working overtime. 31

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1 Section 6. Section 395.056, Florida Statutes, is 2 created to read: 3 395.056 Employee rights .--4 (1) A health care facility may not penalize, 5 discriminate against, or retaliate in any manner against a б direct-care registered nurse for refusing an assignment that would violate requirements set forth in this act. 7 8 (2) A health care facility may not penalize, 9 discriminate against, or retaliate in any manner against an 10 employee with respect to compensation for, or terms, 11 conditions, or privileges of, employment if such an employee in good faith, individually or in conjunction with another 12 13 person or persons: (a) Reports a violation or suspected violation of this 14 act to a regulatory agency, a private accreditation body, or 15 management personnel of the health care facility; 16 17 (b) Initiates, cooperates in, or otherwise 18 participates in an investigation or proceeding brought by a 19 regulatory agency or private accreditation body concerning 20 matters covered by this act; 21 (c) Informs or discusses with any other employee, with any representative of the employees, with a patient or patient 22 representative, or with the public violations or suspected 23 24 violations of this act; or 25 (d) Otherwise avails himself or herself of the rights 26 set forth in this act. 27 (3) For purposes of this section, an employee is 28 acting in good faith if the employee reasonably believes that 29 the information reported or disclosed is true and that a 30 violation has occurred or may occur. 31

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

SB 1576

1 Section 7. Section 395.057, Florida Statutes, is 2 created to read: 3 395.057 Implementation and enforcement.--(1) The Agency for Health Care Administration shall 4 5 enforce compliance with the staffing plans and standards set б forth in this act. The agency may adopt rules necessary to 7 administer this act. At a minimum, the rules must provide for: 8 (a) Unannounced, random compliance site visits to licensed health care facilities subject to this act; 9 10 (b) An accessible and confidential system by which the 11 public and nursing staff can report a health care facility's failure to comply with this act; 12 (c) A systematic means of investigating and correcting 13 14 violations of this act; (d) A graduated system of penalties, including fines, 15 withholding of reimbursement, suspension of admission to 16 specific units, and other appropriate measures, if violations 17 are not corrected; and 18 19 (e) Public access to information regarding reports of inspections, results, deficiencies, and corrections. 20 21 The agency shall develop rules for administering (3) this act which require compliance with staffing standards for 22 critical care units by July 1, 2005, and compliance with all 23 provisions of this act by July 1, 2007. 24 Section 8. This act shall take effect July 1, 2004. 25 26 27 28 29 30 31

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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SENATE SUMMARY

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2	SENATE SUMMARY
3	Creates the "Safe Staffing for Quality Care Act." Provides legislative findings. Defines terms. Prescribes
4	safe staffing standards for health care facilities. Requires licensed facilities to submit an annual staffing
5	plan to the Agency for Health Care Administration. Provides standards for the required skill mix. Requires
6	compliance with the staffing plan. Requires recordkeeping. Prohibits mandatory overtime. Provides
7	applicability. Provides to employees the right to refuse certain assignments and the right to report suspected
8	violations of safe staffing standards without incurring a penalty. Provides for the agency to enforce compliance
9	with the act. Requires the agency to develop rules.
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