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A bill to be entitled An act relating to certified stroke treatment centers; providing legislative intent with respect to certified stroke treatment centers; providing definitions; directing the Department of Health to adopt, by a specified date, certain guidelines as minimal clinical standards for stroke centers; directing the department to notify hospitals that are eligible to become certified stroke treatment centers; requiring a hospital to file a letter of intent; directing hospitals to file completed applications with the department by a specified date; directing the department to issue certificates to stroke treatment centers that meet the guidelines; authorizing the department to issue provisional certifications; providing that a stroke center's certification automatically expires 2 years after the date of issuance; providing that a certification may be renewed; limiting the certification to the hospital to which it was issued; directing the department to post a listing of certified stroke treatment centers on its website; requiring the department to mail the list to certain persons and entities; requiring a hospital to notify the department at least 6 months in advance of its decision to terminate stroke treatment; prohibiting a person from claiming that a facility is a stroke treatment center unless the facility is certified as

1 provided by law; authorizing the department to 2 inspect stroke treatment centers; requiring 3 emergency medical services to transport 4 identified stroke victims to certified stroke 5 treatment centers; requiring the department to 6 adopt rules; providing an effective date. 7 8 WHEREAS, stroke is the third leading killer in the 9 United States and in Florida, and 10 WHEREAS, stroke is also the leading cause of serious 11 long-term disability in this state, and WHEREAS, 165,000 people die from stroke in the United 12 States every year, including 10,000 persons in this state, and 13 WHEREAS, 60 percent of death from strokes occur in 14 15 women, and WHEREAS, approximately 4.5 million survivors of a 16 17 stroke are alive today, and as many as 25 percent are permanently disabled, and 18 19 WHEREAS, nearly 30 percent of all people who suffer a stroke are under age 65, and 20 WHEREAS, it is estimated that strokes cost the United 21 States nearly \$50 billion a year in total costs, with direct 22 costs estimated at \$28 billion, and 23 24 WHEREAS, the state Medicaid budget pays a significant share of the direct cost of stroke, and 25 WHEREAS, as the population ages, death and disability 26 from stroke will increase dramatically if this state does not 27 28 implement strategies that will improve the survival of victims 29 of stroke in all communities across this state, and 30

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1 WHEREAS, emergency medical services may be transporting 2 stroke victims to hospitals that are not properly equipped to 3 provide timely and effective treatment for stroke victims, and 4 WHEREAS, many hospitals are not properly equipped to 5 render timely and effective treatment for stroke victims, and 6 WHEREAS, many hospitals that treat stroke victims do 7 not discharge stroke patients with the proper information and 8 tools on how to prevent recurrent strokes, NOW, THEREFORE, 9 10 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 11 12 Section 1. Legislative intent. --13 The Legislature finds that rapid identification, 14 diagnosis, and treatment of ischemic stroke can save the lives 15 of stroke victims and in many cases can reverse paralysis, leaving them with few or no neurological deficits. 16 17 The Legislature further finds that a strong system for stroke survival is needed in our communities in order to 18 19 treat stroke victims in a timely manner and to improve the 20 overall treatment of stroke victims. Therefore, the Legislature intends to construct an emergency treatment system 21 22 in this state in order that stroke victims may be quickly identified and transported to and treated in appropriate 23 24 stroke treatment facilities. 25 Definitions. -- As used in this act, the Section 2. 26 term: 27 "Accrediting organization" means the Joint 28 Commission on Accreditation of Healthcare Organizations, the

Accreditation Association for Ambulatory Health Care, Inc.

American Osteopathic Association, the Commission on

Accreditation of Rehabilitation Facilities, or the

- (2) "Certified stroke treatment center" or "stroke treatment center" means any hospital licensed under chapter 395, Florida Statutes, which meets the guidelines adopted by the department to provide minimum standards for the 24-hour-a-day, year-round emergency treatment of ischemic stroke. The term includes all levels of stroke treatment centers certified by the department including primary and comprehensive stroke centers.
- (3) "Comprehensive stroke center" means any hospital licensed under chapter 395, Florida Statutes, which meets the guidelines adopted by the department to treat stroke patients who require a high intensity of medical and surgical care.

  These standards shall include, but not be limited to, the hospital meeting all criteria for a primary stroke center and having health care personnel available with specific expertise in neurosurgery and vascular neurology, advanced neuroimaging capabilities, surgical and endovascular techniques, and other specific infrastructure and programmatic elements such as an intensive care unit.
  - (4) "Department" means the Department of Health.
  - (5) "Hospital" means any establishment that:
- (a) Offers services more intensive than those required for room, board, personal services, and general nursing care, and offers facilities and beds for use beyond 24 hours by individuals requiring diagnosis, treatment, or care for illness, injury, deformity, infirmity, abnormality, disease, or pregnancy; and
- (b) Regularly makes available at least clinical
  laboratory services, diagnostic X-ray services, and treatment
  facilities for surgery or obstetrical care, or other
  definitive medical treatment of similar extent.

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The term does not include an institution conducted by or for the adherents of any well-recognized church or religious denomination that depends exclusively upon prayer or spiritual means to heal, care for, or treat any person.

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(6) "Primary stroke center" means any hospital licensed under chapter 395, Florida Statutes, which meets the guidelines adopted by the department to provide minimum standards for the 24-hour emergency treatment of stroke victims. These standards shall include, but not be limited to, hospitals having on duty acute stroke teams with the ability to administer intravenous thrombolytics, the availability and interpretation of computed tomography scans 24 hours each day, rapid laboratory testing, and use of a stroke registry in order to monitor performance of stroke care.

"Validation inspection" means an inspection of the (7)premises of a certified stroke treatment center by the department to assess whether a review by an accrediting organization has adequately evaluated the certified stroke treatment center according to the department's minimum standards.

Section 3. Stroke treatment center hospitals; certification guidelines. -- The department shall adopt by rule one or more sets of guidelines published by nationally recognized stroke centers no later than January 1, 2005. The guidelines adopted by the department shall be the minimum clinical standards in this state for treating ischemic stroke patients. The department may adopt guidelines for certifying different levels of stroke treatment including primary and comprehensive stroke centers.

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1 Section 4. Certified stroke treatment centers; 2 selection; quality assurance; records. --3 (1)(a) The department shall annually notify each acute care general hospital in the state that the department is 4 5 accepting letters of intent from any hospital that proposes to 6 become a stroke treatment center. To be eligible for 7 certification as a stroke treatment center, a hospital must 8 state that its intent to operate as a stroke treatment center 9 is consistent with the certification guidelines adopted by the 10 department. Letters of intent must be postmarked by midnight 11 on October 1 of each year. (b) The department shall send an application package 12 to any hospital submitting a letter of intent by October 15. 13 The application package shall include instructions for 14 submitting specified information to the department in order to 15 become a stroke treatment center. The certification guidelines 16 17 adopted by the department shall be the basis for these 18 instructions. 19 (c) Completed applications from a hospital must be received by the department by April 1 of each year. The 20 21 department shall review each application to determine if the hospital's application is complete and whether the hospital 22 meets the department's guidelines for certification as a 23 24 stroke treatment center as either a primary or comprehensive 25 stroke center. On April 30 of each year, a hospital must be 26 27 certified as a stroke treatment center if the hospital meets 28 the requirements set forth in this act. 29 The department may issue a provisional

certification to a new stroke treatment center or to a renewing stroke treatment center that is in substantial

compliance with this act and the rules of the department. A provisional certification may be granted for not more than 1 year and expires automatically at the end of its term. A provisional certification may not be renewed.

- (f) A hospital may protest a decision made by the department based on the department's review of an application pursuant to this section and shall proceed as provided in chapter 120, Florida Statutes. A hearing held under this section shall be conducted in the same manner as provided in ss. 120.569 and 120.57, Florida Statutes. The case filed under chapter 120, Florida Statutes, may combine all disputes between parties.
- (2) A stroke center's certification, unless sooner suspended or revoked, automatically expires 2 years after the date of issuance. The certification may be renewed biennially upon application by the stroke treatment center. The certification shall be renewed if the center continues to meet the requirements set forth in this act and in the rules adopted by the department. An application for renewal of a certification must be received by the department 90 days before expiration of the current certification on forms provided by the department.
- (3)(a) A stroke treatment center's certification is valid only for the hospital to which it was issued and may not be sold, assigned, or otherwise transferred, voluntarily or involuntarily, to any other hospital. A certification is valid only for the location for which it was originally issued.
- (b) An application for a new certification is required if:

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1 1. A majority of the ownership or the controlling 2 interest of a stroke treatment center is transferred or 3 assigned; or 2. A lessee agrees to undertake or provide services to 4 5 the extent that legal liability for operation of the facility 6 rests with the lessee. 7 8 An application for certification showing these changes must be 9 made at least 60 days before the date of the sale, transfer, 10 assignment, or lease. 11 (4) A current list of all certified stroke treatment centers shall be published on the department's website with a 12 clearly marked link on the website's front page. The 13 department shall send, by certified mail, the current list of 14 certified stroke treatment centers to the medical director of 15 all emergency medical services providers, fire departments, 16 17 and (5) Except as provided in this subsection, property 18 19 assessed under this section shall be assessed at just value as of January 1 of the year following a change of ownership. 20 21 Thereafter, the annual changes in the assessed value of the property are subject to the limitations in subsections (1) and 22 (2). For the purpose of this section, a change in ownership 23 means any sale, foreclosure, or transfer of legal title or 24 25 beneficial title in equity to any person, except as provided 26 in this subsection. There is no change of ownership if: 27 (a) Subsequent to the change or transfer, the same person is entitled to the homestead exemption as was 28 29 previously entitled and:

1. The transfer of title is to correct an error; or

The transfer is between legal and equitable title;

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1 (b) The transfer is between husband and wife, 2 including a transfer to a surviving spouse or a transfer due 3 to a dissolution of marriage; 4 (c) The transfer occurs by operation of law under s. 5 732.4015; or 6 (d) Upon the death of the owner, the transfer is 7 between the owner and another who is a permanent resident and 8 is legally or naturally dependent upon the owner. private ambulance companies in the state. Whenever the list changes, 9 10 the revised list must be sent to the designated recipients as 11 soon as possible. (6)(a) Notwithstanding any provision of chapter 381, 12 Florida Statutes, a hospital licensed under ss. 13 395.001-395.3025, Florida Statutes, which operates a certified 14 stroke treatment center may not permanently terminate stroke 15 treatment services without providing the department at least 6 16 17 months' written notice of its intent to terminate these services. The notice must be given to the department, to all 18 19 hospitals and emergency medical service providers, and to the medical directors of emergency medical services located in the 20 21 service area of the state treatment center. 22 This subsection does not apply to a short-term (b) unavailability of stroke treatment services. A hospital shall 23 24 notify all local emergency medical services providers whenever 25 a stroke treatment center is unable to provide stroke treatment services. 26

(7) Except as otherwise provided by law, the

prescribed by rule of the department, for the purposes of

evaluating stroke triage, evaluating transportation and

department or its agent may collect stroke registry data, as

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1 treatment effectiveness, ensuring compliance with the standards of verification, and monitoring patient outcomes. 2 3 (8) An onsite visit by the department or its agent may be conducted at any reasonable time and may include, but need 4 5 not be limited to, a review of records in the possession of a 6 stroke treatment center, emergency medical service provider, 7 or medical examiner regarding the care, transportation, 8 examination, or treatment of stroke patients. A visit must be announced in advance and incorporated as a part of regular 9 10 inspection of emergency medical services whenever possible. 11 Section 5. Prohibition; renewal, denial, modification, suspension, and revocation of certification .--12 (1) A person may not advertise to the public, by way 13 of any medium whatsoever, that a hospital is a stroke 14 treatment center, a certified stroke treatment center, or a 15 cerebral vascular specialty treatment facility unless the 16 17 hospital has first been certified as required by law. (2) If the department finds that a stroke treatment 18 19 center fails to comply with the requirements of this act or the rules adopted by the department, the department may deny, 20 21 modify, suspend, or revoke the stroke treatment center's 22 certification. Section 6. Certification inspections of stroke 23 24 treatment centers. --25 (1) The department shall make, or cause to be made, any inspection or investigation of a stroke treatment center 26 27 which it deems necessary, including: 28 (a) An inspection directed by the department. 29 A validation inspection. (b)

(c) A complaint investigation, including a full

investigation of the certification of a stroke treatment

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center, which includes a review of all certification guidelines. All complaints received by the department are subject to review and investigation by the department.

- (d) An investigation of a stroke treatment center's emergency access.
- (2) The department shall accept, in place of its own periodic inspections for certification, the survey or inspection of an accrediting organization if the certification of the stroke treatment center is not provisional and the stroke treatment center authorizes release of, and the department receives, proof of certification by the accrediting organization. The department shall adopt by rule criteria for accepting proof of certification by an accrediting organization in place of the certification inspection conducted by the department.

Section 7. Emergency medical service providers;
transportation of stroke victims to stroke treatment
centers.--

- (1) Each emergency medical services provider licensed under chapter 401, Florida Statutes, shall transport identified stroke victims to a certified stroke treatment center, except as otherwise provided for in the provider's protocol for transporting stroke victims.
- in the state must develop a transportation protocol detailing how identified stroke patients will be transported to designated stroke center hospitals. Emergency medical services providers must provide a copy of their stroke transportation protocol to the department within 90 days after this act becoming a law. The department must keep the transportation protocols on file and make them available to any person upon

request. If a provider's stroke transportation protocol is changed at any time, the new protocol must be filed with the 2 3 department within 30 days after its implementation. (3) The department shall adopt guidelines for 4 5 identifying stroke victims. Each emergency medical services 6 provider must develop a stroke triage protocol based on the 7 published guidelines. The guidelines must include requirements 8 of licensed emergency medical services providers for performing and documenting identification of stroke victims. 9 10 Review of stroke triage protocols shall be conducted every 3 11 years by the department and shall be conducted through consultation with interested persons, including, but not 12 limited to, each approved stroke center; physicians 13 specializing in stroke care and emergency care; emergency 14 medical service providers licensed under chapter 401, Florida 15 Statutes; and the providers' respective medical directors. The 16 17 department shall make model stroke triage protocols available 18 to any person. 19 (4)The department shall adopt and enforce all rules 20 necessary to administer this section. 21 Section 8. This act shall take effect July 1, 2004. 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31

SENATE SUMMARY Provides legislative intent with respect to certified stroke treatment centers. Directs the Department of Health to adopt certain stroke-center guidelines as minimal clinical standards. Directs the department to notify hospitals that might choose to become certified stroke treatment centers. Requires hospitals to file a letter of intent. Directs hospitals to file completed applications with the department. Directs the department to issue certificates to stroke treatment centers that meet the stroke-center guidelines. Authorizes the department to issue provisional certifications. Provides that a stroke center's certification automatically expires 2 years after the date of issuance. Provides that a stroke center's certification may be renewed. Limits a stroke center's certification to the beginning to which it stroke center's certification to the hospital to which it was issued. Directs the department to post a listing of certified stroke treatment centers on its website and to mail the list to certain persons and entities. Requires a hospital to notify the department at least 6 months in advance of its decision to terminate stroke treatment. Authorizes the department to inspect stroke treatment centers. Requires emergency medical service providers to transport identified stroke victims to certified stroke treatment centers. (See bill for details.)