ENROLLED HB 1709, Engrossed 1

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A bill to be entitled

An act relating to the Coral Springs Improvement District, Broward County; providing for codification of special laws regarding special districts pursuant to s. 189.429, Florida Statutes, relating to the Coral Springs Improvement District; codifying, amending, and reenacting chapters 70-617 and 89-419, Laws of Florida; providing legislative intent; deleting gender-specific references; providing a district charter; repealing chapters 70-617 and 89-419, Laws of Florida, relating to the Coral Springs Improvement District; providing severability; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Intent.--In accordance with section 189.429,
Florida Statutes, this act constitutes the codification of all
special acts relating to the Coral Springs Improvement District.

It is the intent of the Legislature in enacting this law to
provide a single, comprehensive special act charter for the
district, including all current legislative authority granted to
the district by its several legislative enactments and any
additional authority granted by this act.

Section 2. <u>Codification.--Chapters 70-617 and 89-419, Laws of Florida, relating to the Coral Springs Improvement District are codified, reenacted, amended, and repealed as herein provided.</u>

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Section 3. The charter for the Coral Springs Improvement District is re-created and re-enacted to read:

Section 1. Creation of the district ratified and approved; change of name of district to Coral Springs Improvement District .-- The decree of the circuit court in and for the seventeenth judicial circuit of the State of Florida, entered in chancery No. 66-1301, on the 8th day of September, 1966, creating and incorporating the Coral Springs Drainage District as a public corporation of this state, and all subsequent proceedings taken in the circuit court concerning that district, are hereby ratified, confirmed, and approved, except that the boundaries of said district shall be as hereinafter described. The Coral Springs Drainage District shall henceforth be known by the name of Coral Springs Improvement District, and shall continue to be a public corporation of this state and have perpetual existence. All lawful debts, bonds, obligations, contracts, franchises, promissory notes, audits, minutes, resolutions, and other undertakings of the Coral Springs Drainage District are hereby validated and shall continue to be valid and binding on the Coral Springs Improvement District in accordance with their respective terms, conditions, covenants, and tenor. Any proceeding heretofore begun by the Coral Springs Drainage District under chapter 298, Florida Statutes, or any other law, for the construction of any improvements, works, or facilities, for the assessment of benefits and damages, or for the borrowing of money shall not be impaired or avoided by this act, but may be continued and completed in the name of the Coral Springs Improvement District.

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Section 2. Exclusion of lands and new boundaries.--The following described lands formerly within the boundaries of the district are excluded:

The North one-half of Section 26, Township 48 South,
Range 41 East, Broward County, Florida.

The boundaries of the district are:

Beginning at the Northwest corner of Section 30, Township 48 South, Range 41, East; thence Southerly along the West line of said Section 30 and along the West line of Section 31 of said Township 48 South, Range 41 East to an intersection with the North right-of-way line of the Pompano Canal (C-14); thence Easterly along the said North right-of-way line, through said Section 31 and Sections 32, 33 and 34 of said Township 48 South, Range 41 East to an intersection with the East line of said Section 34; thence Northerly along the said East line of Section 34 and along the East line of Section 27, Township 48 South, Range 41 East, to the Northeast corner of said Section 27; thence Westerly along the North line of said Section 27 and along the North lines of Sections 28, 29 and 30 of said Township 48 South, Range 41 East to the said Northwest corner of Section 30 and the Point of Beginning; said lands situate, lying and being in Broward County, Florida, which said boundary

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embraces and includes these certain tracts or parcels of land described as follows, to wit:

All of Sections 27 and 29; and Tracts 1 through 19 inclusive, Tracts 22 through 27 inclusive, Tracts 30 through 32 inclusive, and those portions of Tracts 20, 21, 28 and 29 lying North of the North right-of-way line of the Pompano Canal (C-14) of the subdivision of Section 31; and Tracts 1 through 18 inclusive, Tracts 22 through 26 inclusive, Tracts 31 and 32, and those portions of Tracts 19, 20, 21, 27 and 30 lying North of the North right-of-way line of the Pompano Canal (C-14) of the subdivision of Section 33, all according to the Florida Fruit Lands Company's Subdivision Map No. 2, recorded in Plat Book 1, Page 102, of the public records of Palm Beach County, Florida, together with all the platted road rights-of-way contained therein; and all of Sections 28 and 30; and those portions of Sections 32 and 34 lying North of the North right-of-way line of the Pompano Canal (C-14).

All of said property situate, lying and being in Township 48 South, Range 41 East, Broward County, Florida.

Section 3. Applicability of certain provisions of chapter 298, Florida Statutes, to the Coral Springs Improvement

District; inconsistent laws inapplicable.--The provisions of chapter 298, Florida Statutes, and all amendments thereto, now

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existing or hereafter enacted, are declared to be applicable to

the Coral Springs Improvement District insofar as not

inconsistent with the provisions of this act or any subsequent

special acts relating to the Coral Springs Improvement District.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the provisions of sections

298.07, 298.11, 298.12, 298.14, 298.15, 298.17, 298.18, 298.19,

298.20, 298.23, 298.24, 298.25, 298.35, 298.37, 298.38, 298.39,

298.40, 298.401, 298.41, 298.42, 298.44, 298.45, 298.46, 298.48,

298.52, 298.54, 298.56, 298.57, 298.61, 298.69, 298.70, 298.71,

298.72, 298.73, and 298.74, Florida Statutes, and amendments

thereto, shall not be applicable to the Coral Springs

Improvement District.

Section 4. Definitions.--Unless the context shall indicate otherwise, the following words as used in this act shall have the following meanings:

- (1) "Assessable improvements" includes, without limitation, any and all drainage and land reclamation works and facilities, sewer systems, storm sewers and drains, water systems, streets, roads, or other projects of the district, or that portion or portions thereof, local in nature and of special benefit to the premises or lands served thereby, and any and all modifications, improvements, and enlargements thereof.
- (2) "Board" means the Board of Supervisors of the Coral Springs Improvement District, or if such board shall be abolished, the board, body, or commission succeeding to the principal functions thereof or to whom the powers given by this act to the board shall be given by law.
- (3) "Bond" includes "certificate," and provisions applicable to bonds shall be equally applicable to certificates.

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"Bond" includes general obligation bonds, assessment bonds,

refunding bonds, revenue bonds, and such other obligations in

the nature of bonds as are provided for in this act, as the case

may be.

(4) "Cost," when used with reference to any project, includes, but is not limited to, the expenses of determining the feasibility or practicability of acquisition, construction, or reconstruction; the cost of surveys, estimates, plans, and specifications; the cost of acquisition, construction, or reconstruction; the cost of improvements; engineering, fiscal, and legal expenses and charges; the cost of all labor, materials, machinery, and equipment; the cost of all lands, properties, rights, easements, and franchises acquired; federal, state, and local taxes and assessments; financing charges; the creation of initial reserve and debt service funds; working capital; interest charges incurred or estimated to be incurred on money borrowed prior to and during construction and acquisition and for such period of time after completion of construction or acquisition as the board may determine; the cost of issuance of bonds pursuant to this act including advertisements and printing, the cost of any election held pursuant to this act, and all other expenses of the issuance of bonds; discount, if any, on the sale or exchange of bonds; administrative expenses; such other expenses as may be necessary or incidental to the acquisition, construction, or reconstruction of any project or to the financing thereof, or the development of any lands within the district; and reimbursement of any public or private body, person, firm, or corporation for any moneys advanced in connection with any of

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the foregoing items of cost. Any obligation or expense incurred prior to the issuance of bonds in connection with the acquisition, construction, or reconstruction of any project or improvements thereon, or in connection with any other development of land that the board of the district shall determine to be necessary or desirable in carrying out the purposes of this act, may be treated as a part of such cost.

- (5) "District" means the Coral Springs Improvement District and "district manager" means the manager of the district.
- (6) "Landowner" means the owner of the freehold estate, as appears by the deed record, including trustees, private corporations, and owners of cooperative and condominium units.

 "Landowner" does not include reversioners, remaindermen, or mortgagees who shall not be counted and need not be notified of proceedings under this act.
- (7) "Project" means any development, improvement, property, utility, facility, works, road, enterprise, service, or convenience now existing or hereafter undertaken or established under the provisions of this act or under chapter 298, Florida Statutes.
- (8) "Sewer system" means any plant, system, facility, or property and additions, extensions, and improvements thereto at any future time constructed or acquired as part thereof useful or necessary or having the present capacity for future use in connection with the collection, treatment, purification, or disposal of sewage, including, without limitation, industrial wastes resulting from any processes of industry, manufacture, trade, or business or from the development of any natural

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resources. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing,

"sewer system" shall include treatment plants, pumping stations,

lift stations, valves, force mains, intercepting sewers,

laterals, pressure lines, mains, and all necessary appurtenances

and equipment, all sewer mains, laterals, and other devices for

the reception and collection of sewage from premises connected

therewith, and all real and personal property and any interest

therein, rights, easements, and franchises of any nature

whatsoever relating to any such system and necessary or

convenient for operation thereof.

- (9) "Water and flood control facilities" means any canals, ditches, or other drainage facilities, reservoirs, dams, levees, sluiceways, dredging holding basins, floodways, pumping stations, or any other works, structures, or facilities for the conservation, control, development, utilization, and disposal of water, and any purposes appurtenant, necessary, or incidental thereto, and includes all real and personal property and any interest therein, rights, easements, and franchises of any nature relating to any such water and flood control facilities or necessary or convenient for the acquisition, construction, reconstruction, operation, or maintenance thereof.
- (10) "Water system" means any plant, system, facility, or property and additions, extensions, and improvements thereto at any future time constructed or acquired as part thereof, useful or necessary or having the present capacity for future use in connection with the development of sources, treatment, or purification and distribution of water and, without limiting the generality of the foregoing, includes dams, reservoirs, storage tanks, mains, lines, valves, pumping stations, laterals, and

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pipes for the purpose of carrying water to the premises

connected with such system, and all real and personal property

and any interests therein, rights, easements, and franchises of

any nature whatsoever relating to any such system and necessary

or convenient for the operation thereof.

Section 5. Board of supervisors; election; organization;
terms of office; quorum; report and minutes.--

- (1) The board of supervisors of the district shall be the governing body of the district and shall exercise the powers granted to the district under this act and under chapter 298, Florida Statutes. The board shall consist of three members, and except as otherwise provided herein, each member shall hold office for a term of 4 years and until his or her successor shall be chosen and shall qualify. A majority of the members of the board shall be residents of Broward County, and all members shall be residents of Florida. All members of the board shall be landowners within the district.
- (2) The persons who are members of the board of supervisors of the Coral Springs Drainage District elected on October 4, 1966, shall constitute the members of the board until the month of June of 1971.
- June of 1971, there shall be held a meeting of the landowners of the district at the office of the district in Broward County for the purpose of electing three supervisors for said district.

 Notice of said landowners' meeting shall be published once a week for 2 consecutive weeks in a newspaper in Broward County that is in general circulation in the district, the last of said publication to be not less than 14 days nor more than 28 days

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before the date of the election. The landowners, when assembled at such meeting, shall organize by electing a chair who shall conduct the meeting. At such meeting, each landowner shall be entitled to cast one vote per acre of land owned by him or her and located within the district for each person to be elected. A landowner may vote in person or by proxy in writing. Fractions of an acre shall be treated as one acre, entitling the landowner to one vote with respect thereto. The three persons receiving the highest number of votes for the office of supervisor shall be declared elected.

- (4) Each supervisor, before entering upon his or her official duties, shall take and subscribe to an oath of office as prescribed in section 298.13, Florida Statutes.
- (5) All supervisors shall hold office for the terms for which they are elected or appointed and until their successors shall be chosen and qualify. In case of a vacancy in the office of any supervisor, the remaining supervisor or supervisors (even though less than a quorum) may fill such vacancy by appointment of a new supervisor or supervisors for the unexpired term of the supervisor who vacated his or her office.
- (6) As soon as practicable after each election, the board shall organize by choosing one of their number president of the board and by electing a secretary, who need not be a member of the board.
- (7) A majority of the members of the board shall constitute a quorum.
- (8) The board shall keep a permanent record book entitled "Record of Proceedings of Coral Springs Improvement District," in which shall be recorded minutes of all meetings, resolutions,

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proceedings, certificates, bonds given by all employees, and any and all corporate acts, which book shall at reasonable times be opened to the inspection of any landowner, taxpayer, resident, or bondholder of the district, and such other persons as the board may determine to have a proper interest in the proceedings of the board. Such record book shall be kept at any office or other regular place of business maintained by the board in Broward County.

(9) Whenever any election shall be authorized or required by this act to be held by the landowners at any particular or stated time or day, and if for any reason such election is not held at such time or on such day, then, in such event, the power or duty to hold such election shall not cease or lapse, but such election shall be held thereafter when practicable in accordance with the procedures provided by this act.

Section 6. Appointment and duties of district
manager.--For the purpose of preserving and maintaining any
facility constructed or erected under the provisions of this act
or chapter 298, Florida Statutes, and for maintaining and
operating the equipment owned by the district and such other
duties as may be prescribed by the board, the board may employ
and fix the compensation of a district manager who shall have
charge and supervision of the works of the district.

Section 7. Treasurer; depositories; fiscal agent. --

(1) The board shall designate a person who is a resident of the state or a bank or trust company organized under the laws of the state or under the laws of the Federal Government as treasurer of the district and such person shall have charge of the funds of the district. Such funds shall be disbursed only

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upon the order of or pursuant to the resolution of the board by
warrant or check signed by the treasurer, or by such other
person as may be authorized by the board. The board may give the
treasurer such other or additional powers and duties as the
board may deem appropriate, and fix his or her compensation. The
board may require the treasurer to give a bond in such amount,
on such terms, and with such sureties as may be deemed
satisfactory to the board to secure the performance by the
treasurer of his or her powers and duties. The board shall audit
or have audited the books of the treasurer at least once a year.

- (2) The board is authorized to select as depositories in which the bonds of the board and of the district shall be deposited any banking corporation organized under the laws of the state or under the International Banking Act, doing business in the state, upon such terms and conditions as to the payment of interest by such depository upon the funds so deposited as the board may deem just and reasonable.
- (3) The board may employ a fiscal agent to perform such duties and services at such rate of compensation as the board may determine.

Section 8. Compensation of board.--Each supervisor is entitled to receive for his or her services an amount not to exceed \$200 per month. In addition, each supervisor shall receive reasonable traveling expenses for attending the place of meeting from his or her residence. Unless the board by resolution otherwise provides, such traveling expenses may not be in excess of the amounts provided by law for state and county officials.

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Section 9. Powers.--The district shall have, and the board may exercise, any or all of the following powers:

- (1) To contract and be contracted with; to sue and be sued in the name of the district; to adopt and use a seal; and to acquire by purchase, gift, devise, eminent domain, except as limited herein, or otherwise property, real or personal, or any estate therein, within the district, to be used for any of the purposes of this act.
- (2) To adopt a water control plan; and to establish, construct, operate, and maintain a system of main and lateral canals, drains, ditches, levees, dikes, dams, sluices, locaks, revetments, reservoirs, holding basins, floodways, pumping stations, syphons, culverts, and storm sewers to drain and reclaim the lands within the district and to connect some or any of them with roads and bridges as in the judgment of the board is deemed advisable to provide access to such facilities.
- (3) To acquire and maintain appropriate sites for storage and maintenance of the equipment of the district; and to acquire, maintain, and construct a suitable building to house the office and records of the district.
- (4) To clean out, straighten, widen, open up, or change the course and flow, and alter or deepen any canal, ditch, drain, river, water course, or natural stream as within the judgment of the board is deemed advisable to drain and reclaim the lands within the district; to acquire, purchase, operate, and maintain pumps, plants, and pumping systems for drainage purposes; and to construct, operate, and maintain irrigation works and machinery in connection with the purposes herein set forth.

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- (5) To regulate and set forth by appropriate resolution the drainage requirements and conditions to be met for plats to be entitled to record on any land within the district, including authority to require as a condition precedent for any platting that good and sufficient bond be posted to ensure proper drainage for the area to be platted.
- (6) To borrow money and issue bonds, certificates, warrants, notes, or other evidences of indebtedness of the district as hereinafter provided.
- improvements deemed necessary to preserve and maintain the works in or out of the district; to acquire, construct, operate, maintain, use, sell, convey, transfer, or otherwise provide for machines and equipment for any purpose authorized by this act or chapter 298, Florida Statutes; and to contract for the purchase, construction, operation, maintenance, use, sale, conveyance, and transfer of the said machinery and equipment.
- (8) To construct or enlarge, or cause to be constructed or enlarged, any and all bridges or culverts that may be needed in or out of the district, across any drain, ditch, canal, floodway, holding basin, excavation, public highway, tract, grade, fill, or cut; to construct roadways over levees and embankments; and to construct any and all of said works and improvements across, through, or over any public right-of-way, highway, grade, fill, or cut in or out of the district.
- (9) To hold, control, and acquire by donation, purchase, or condemnation any easement, reservation, or dedication in the district for any of the purposes herein provided; and to condemn as provided by chapters 73 and 74, Florida Statutes, or acquire,

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- (10) To assess and impose upon all of the lands in the district an ad valorem tax, an annual drainage tax, and a maintenance tax as hereinafter provided.
- (11) To impose and foreclose special assessments liens as hereinafter provided.
- (12) To prohibit, regulate, and restrict by appropriate resolution all structures, materials, and things, whether solid, liquid, or gas, whether permanent or temporary in nature, which come upon, come into, connect to, or be a part of any facility owned or operated by the district.
- (13) To administer and provide for the enforcement of all of the provisions herein, including the making, adopting, promulgating, amending, and repealing of all rules and regulations necessary or convenient for the carrying out of the duties, obligations, and powers conferred on the district created herein.
- (14) To cooperate with or contract with other water control districts or other governmental agencies as may be necessary, convenient, incidental, or proper in connection with any of the powers, duties, or purposes of the district as stated in this act.
- (15) To employ engineers, attorneys, agents, employees, and representatives as the board of supervisors may from time to time determine necessary and to fix their compensation and duties.

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- (16) To exercise all of the powers necessary, convenient, incidental, or proper in connection with any of the powers, duties, or purposes of said district as stated in this act.
- (17) To construct, improve, and maintain roadways and roads necessary and convenient to provide access to and efficient development of areas made suitable and available for cultivation, settlement, urban subdivision, homesites, and other beneficial developments as a result of the drainage operations of the district.
- (18) To make use of any public easements, dedications to public use, platted reservations for public purposes, or any reservations for drainage purposes within the boundaries of the district.
- (19) To lease as lessor or lessee to or from any person, firm, corporation, association, or body, public or private, any projects of the type that the district is authorized to undertake and facilities or property of any nature for the use of the district to carry out any of the purposes of this act.
- (20) To regulate the supply and level of water within the district; to divert waters from one area, lake, pond, river, stream, basin, or drainage or water flood control facility to any other area, lake, pond, river, stream, basin, or drainage and water flood control facility; to regulate control and restrict the development and use of natural or artificial streams or bodies of water, lakes, or ponds; and to take all measures determined by the board to be necessary or desirable to prevent or alleviate land erosion. The powers granted to the district by this subsection shall be concurrent within the boundaries of the district with other public bodies, agencies,

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or authorities as may be authorized by law. The district is
eligible to receive moneys, disbursements, and assistance from
the state available to flood control or water management
districts and the navigation districts or agencies.

- (21) To own, acquire, construct, reconstruct, equip, operate, maintain, extend, and improve water systems and sewer systems or combined water and sewer systems; to regulate the use of sewers and the supply of water within the district and to prohibit or regulate the use and maintenance of outhouses, privies, septic tanks, or other sanitary structures or appliances within the district; to prescribe methods of pretreatment of wastes not amenable to treatment with domestic sewage before accepting such wastes for treatment, to refuse to accept such wastes when not sufficiently pretreated as may be prescribed, and to prescribe penalties for the refusal of any person or corporation to so pretreat such wastes; to sell or otherwise dispose of the effluent, sludge, or other byproducts as a result of sewage treatment; and to construct and operate connecting, intercepting, or outlet sewers, sewer mains, pipes and water mains, conduits, or pipelines in, along, or under any street, alleys, highways, or other public places or ways within or without the district, when deemed necessary or desirable by the board. The plans for any water or sewer system shall be subject to the approval of the state board of health.
- (22) To own, acquire, construct, operate, and maintain parks, playgrounds, picnic grounds, camping facilities, and water recreation facilities within or without the district.
- (23) To issue general obligation bonds, revenue bonds, assessment bonds, or any other bonds or obligations authorized

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by the provisions of this act or any other law, or any combination of the foregoing, to pay all or part of the cost of the acquisition, construction, reconstruction, extension, repair, improvement, maintenance, or operation of any project or combination of projects; to provide for any facility, service, or other activity of the district; and to provide for the retirement or refunding of any bonds or obligations of the district, or for any combination of the foregoing purposes.

(24) To exercise any and all other powers conferred upon water control districts by chapter 298, Florida Statutes.

Section 10. Seal.--The official seal of the district shall bear the legend "Coral Springs Improvement District, Broward County, Florida, Seal, Established 1966."

Section 11. Fiscal year.--The board by resolution shall establish the fiscal year for the district.

Section 12. Annual budget.--Prior to May 15 of each year, the secretary of the district shall prepare a proposed budget to be submitted to the board for its approval. The proposed budget shall include an estimate of all necessary expenditures of the district for the next ensuing fiscal year and an estimate of income to the district from the taxes and assessments provided in this act. The board shall consider the proposed budget item by item and may either approve the budget as proposed by the district manager or modify the same in part or in whole. The board shall indicate its approval of the budget by resolution, which resolution shall provide for a hearing on the budget as approved. Notice of the hearing on the budget shall be published in a newspaper in general circulation within the district in Broward County once a week for two consecutive weeks, providing

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that the second publication shall not be less than 7 days after
the first publication. The notice shall be directed to all
landowners in the district and shall state the purpose of the
meeting. The notice shall further contain a designation of the
date, time, and place of the public hearing, which shall be not
less than 7 days after the second publication. At the time and
place designated in the notice, the board shall hear all
objections to the budget as proposed and make such changes as
the board deems necessary. At the conclusion of the budget
hearing the board shall, by resolution, adopt the budget as
finally approved by the board.

Section 13. Notice and call of meetings of landowners;

quorum; adjournments; representation at meetings; taking action
without meeting.--

- (1) The board shall publish notice of all meetings of landowners once a week for two consecutive weeks prior to such meeting in a newspaper in Broward County in general circulation within the district. Meetings of landowners shall be held in a public place, or any other place made available for the purpose of such meeting in the Broward County Courthouse and the place, date, and hour of holding such meeting and the purpose thereof shall be stated in the notice. Landowners representing a majority of the number of acres in the district, present in person or by proxy, shall constitute a quorum at any meeting of the landowners; provided that irrespective of the number of acres represented, there shall be a minimum of five landowners owning separate parcels of land at each meeting.
- (2) The board may call special meetings of the landowners at any time to receive reports of the board or for such other

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purpose as the board may determine. A special meeting of the

landowners may also be called at any time upon notice as

provided hereinabove at the written request of the owners of not

less than 25 percent in acreage of the land within the district

for the purpose of taking any lawful action by the landowners of

the district. Such special meeting shall be called by any court

of competent jurisdiction in the event that the board fails to

do so upon request as provided in the preceding sentence. Except

as otherwise provided in section 5 of this act with respect to

the election of supervisors, action taken at a meeting of the

landowners shall be by affirmative vote of the owners of at

least a majority in acreage of the land within the district

represented at such meeting.

- (3) If no quorum is present or represented at a meeting of the landowners at the time and place the same is called to be held, the landowners present and represented, although less than a quorum, may adjourn to another time or day, and at such or any subsequent adjourned meeting may, if a quorum is then present or represented, take any action that the landowners could have taken at the meeting or meetings so adjourned for lack of a quorum.
- (4) At any meeting of the landowners, guardians may represent their wards, executors and administrators may represent the estate of deceased persons, trustees may represent lands held by them in trust, and private corporations may be represented by their duly authorized proxy. All landowners, including guardians, executors, administrators, trustees, and corporations, may be represented and vote by proxy.

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Section 14. Water control plan; proceedings thereof.--The board may proceed to adopt a water control plan in accordance with the provisions of chapter 298, Florida Statutes, or in accordance with the provisions of this section, in which case the following shall apply:

(1) The board shall cause to be made by the chief engineer or such other engineer or engineers as the board may employ for that purpose a complete and comprehensive plan for the drainage and reclamation of the lands located within the district. The engineer or engineers designated by the board to make said plan shall make all necessary surveys of the lands within the boundary lines of said district and of all lands adjacent thereto that will be improved or reclaimed in part or in whole by any system of drainage that may be outlined and adopted, and shall make a report in writing to the board with maps and profiles of said surveys, which report shall contain a full and complete plan for drainage and reclaiming the lands located within the district from overflow or damage by water, with the length, width, and depth of such canals, ditches, dikes, or levees or other works as may be necessary in conjunction with any canals, drains, ditches, dikes, levees, or other works heretofore constructed by any other drainage or reclamation district, or any other person or persons, or which may hereafter be built by any or either of such agencies that may be necessary or which can be advantageously used in such plan and also an estimate of the cost of carrying out and completing the water control plan, including the cost of superintending the same and all incidental expenses in connection therewith.

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- (2) Upon the completion of such plan, the board shall hold a hearing thereon to hear objections thereto and shall give notice of the time and place fixed for such hearing by publication once each week for two consecutive weeks in a newspaper published in Broward County of general circulation in the district, and shall permit the inspection of said plan at the office of the district by all persons interested. All objections to said plan shall be filed at or before the time fixed in said notice for the hearing and shall be in writing.
- (3) After said hearing the board shall consider the proposed plan and any objections thereto, and may modify, reject, or adopt the plan, or may continue the hearing to a day certain for further consideration of the proposed plan or modifications thereof.
- (4) When the board shall approve such a plan, a resolution shall be adopted and a certified copy thereof shall be filed in the office of the secretary and incorporated into the records of the district.
- (5) The water control plan may be altered in detail from time to time until the appraisal record herein provided is filed, but not in such manner as materially to effect the conditions of its adoption. After the appraisal record has been filed no alterations of the plan or reclamation shall be made, except as provided by this act.
- (6) Within 20 days after the final adoption of the water control plan by the board, the secretary of the district shall prepare and transmit a certified copy thereof to the clerk of the circuit court and at the same time the board shall file with said clerk a petition that the said court appoint three

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commissioners to appraise the lands to be acquired for

rights-of-way, holding basins, and other drainage works of the

district and to assess benefits and damages accruing to all

lands within the district by reason of the execution of the

water control plan. Immediately after the filing of such

petition, the judge of said court in whose division the petition

shall have been assigned shall by an order appoint three

commissioners, who shall be freeholders residing within Florida,

and who shall not be landowners in said district, nor of kin

within the fourth degree of consanguinity to any person owning

land in said district. A majority of said commissioners shall

constitute a quorum and shall control the action of the

commissioners on all questions.

(7) Immediately upon the filing of said order of appointment, the secretary of the district shall notify each of said commissioners of his or her appointment, and in the said notice, he or she shall state the time and place for the first meeting of said commissioners. The secretary of the district, or his or her deputy, shall attend such meeting and shall furnish to said commissioners a complete list of lands embraced in the district, or adjacent thereto, that will be affected by the execution of the water control plan. The secretary shall also furnish to the commissioners a copy of the water control plan and such other papers, documents, and information as the commissioners require. The commissioners at the meeting shall each take and subscribe to an oath that he or she will faithfully and impartially discharge his or her duties as such commissioner and make a true report of the work performed by such commissioners, and shall elect one of their number chair.

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The secretary of the district, or his or her deputy, shall be ex

officio secretary to the commissioners, and the attorney for the

district, other agents, and employees thereof shall cooperate

with the commissioners and furnish to them such advice,

assistance, and cooperation as they shall require.

(8)(a) Immediately after qualifying as provided in subsection (7), the commissioners shall commence the performance of their duties and the chief engineer, or one of his or her assistants, shall accompany said commissioners when engaged in the discharge of their duties and shall render his or her opinion in writing when called for. Said commissioners shall proceed to view the premises and determine the value of the lands within or without the district to be acquired and used for rights-of-way, holding basins, and other works described in the water control plan, and they shall appraise all benefits and damages which will accrue to all lands by reason of the execution of the water control plan. The commissioners in appraising benefits to lands, public highways, railroads, and other rights-of-way shall not consider what benefits will be derived by such property after other ditches, improvements, or other plans of reclamation shall have been constructed, but they shall appraise only such benefits as will be derived from the construction of the works and improvements described in the water control plan or as the same may afford an outlet for drainage or protection from overflow of such property. The commissioners shall give due consideration and credit to any other drainage works which have already been constructed and which afford partial or complete protection to any tract or parcel of land within the district. The public highways,

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HB 1709, Engrossed 1 2004 Legislature railroads, and other rights-of-way shall be appraised according to the increased physical efficiency and decreased maintenance cost of roadways by reason of the improvements. The commissioners shall have no power to change the water control plan. The commissioners shall prepare a report of their findings, which shall be arranged in tabular form, the columns of which shall be headed as follows: Column 1 "Owner of Property Appraised"; Column 2 "Description of Property Appraised"; Column 3 "Number of Acres Appraised"; Column 4 "Amount of Benefits Appraised"; Column 5 "Amount of Damages Appraised"; Column 6 "Number of Acres to be Taken for Rights-of-way, Holding Basins, etc."; Column 7 "Value of Property to be Taken." They shall also, by and with the advice of the chief engineer, estimate the cost of the works described in the plan reclamation, which estimate shall include the cost of property required for rights-of-way, holding basins, and other works, the probable expense of organization and administration as estimated by the board of supervisors, and all of the expenses of the district during the period of executing the water control plan. Before appraisals of compensation and damages are made, the board may report to the commissioners the parcels of land it may wish to purchase and for which it may wish appraisals to be made, both for easement and for purchase in fee simple, and the board may specify the particular purpose for which, and the extent to which, an easement in any property is desired, describing definitely such purpose and extent. Wherever so instructed to do so by the board, the commissioners shall appraise lands that may be necessary or desirable for the district to own and, when so requested by the board, the commissioners shall also appraise

HB 1709, Engrossed 1 2004 Legislature both the total value of the land and also the damages due to any easement required for the purposes of the district.

- (b) The report of the commissioners shall be signed by at least a majority of the commissioners and filed in the office of the clerk of the circuit court of Broward County. Each commissioner shall be paid \$100 per day for his or her services and necessary expenses in addition thereto.
- (9) Upon the filing of the report of the commissioners, the clerk shall give notice thereof by causing publication to be made once a week for two consecutive weeks in a newspaper published in Broward County and of general circulation in the district. It shall not be necessary for the clerk to name the parties interested, nor to describe separate lots or tracts of land in giving said notice, but it shall be sufficient to publish the said notice in the following form:

"NOTICE OF FILING COMMISSIONERS' REPORT FOR CORAL SPRINGS

IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT.

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<u> </u>			., 20		(w	hich	date	shall	be :	not	less	than	28	
days	nor	more	than	30	days	afte	er the	e first	da da	te (of pu	blica	tion)) .

Clerk of the Circuit Court

of Broward County, Florida"

(10) The state board of drainage commissioners, the water control district, or any owner of land or other property to be affected by said report may file exception to any part, or all, of the report of said commissioners within the time specified in the notice prescribed in subsection (9). All exceptions shall be heard and determined by the court. If no exceptions are filed, or if it is shown, upon the hearing of all of said exceptions, that the estimated cost of construction of improvements contemplated in the water control plan is less than the benefits assessed against the lands in said district, the court shall approve and confirm said commissioners' report. However, if the court, upon hearing the objections filed, finds that any or all such objections should be sustained, it shall order the report changed to conform with such findings, and when so changed, the court shall approve and confirm such report and enter its decree accordingly. The court shall adjudge and apportion the costs incurred by the exceptions filed, and shall condemn any land or other property, that is shown by the report of the commissioners to be needed for rights-of-way, holding basins, or other works, following the procedures provided in chapters 73 and 74, Florida Statutes; provided, however, that any property owner may accept

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HB 1709, Engrossed 1 2004 Legislature the assessment of damages in his or her favor made by the commissioners, or acquiesce in their failure to assess damages in his or her favor, and shall be construed to have done so, unless he or she gives the supervisors of the district, on or before the time shall have expired for filing exceptions, as provided in this act, notice in writing that he or she demands an assessment of his or her damages by a jury. If the property owner demands an assessment of his or her damages by a jury, the supervisors of the district shall institute in the Circuit Court of Broward County an action to condemn the lands and other property that must be taken or damaged in the making of such improvements, with the right and privilege of paying into the court a sum to be fixed by the circuit court or judge, and proceeding with the work before the assessment by the jury. Any person or party interested may prosecute and appeal to the appropriate district court of appeal in the manner and within the time provided by the Florida appellate rules.

(11) The Clerk of the Circuit Court of Broward County shall transmit a certified copy of the court decree and copy of the commissioners' report, as confirmed or amended by the court, to the secretary of the board, and such clerk shall receive a fee of \$5 for receiving, filing, and preserving same as a permanent record.

Section 15. Adoption, revision, and revocation of water control plan. -- In addition to and not in limitation of its power to provide for and adopt a water control plan provided in section 14 and under chapter 298, Florida Statutes, and amendments thereto, the board may at any time and from time to time adopt, revoke, or modify, in whole or in part, any water

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HB 1709, Engrossed 1 2004 Legislature control plan or any plan providing for the drainage of lands within the district, and may provide for such new and additional drainage facilities, canals, ditches, levees, and other works as the board may determine. In connection with the revision of any water control plan or the providing of any new or additional drainage facilities, canals, ditches, levees, or other works, or in the event the total taxes and assessments theretofore levied or the funds derived from the sale of bonds are insufficient to pay the cost of any drainage works, benefits may be reassessed, additional assessments made, and taxes levied in accordance with the procedures provided in this act or in chapter 298, Florida Statutes. The board may at any time approve and make effective technical changes or modifications in any water control plan or drainage not affecting assessed benefits, levy of taxes, or the security of bondholders.

Section 16. Assessing land for reclamation; apportionment of tax; lands belonging to state assessed; drainage tax record.—After the lists of lands, with the assessed benefits and the decree and judgment of court, have been filed in the office of the clerk of the circuit court as provided in section 14, the board shall, without any unnecessary delay, levy a tax of such portion of said benefits on all lands in the district to which benefits have been assessed, as may be found necessary by the board of supervisors to pay the costs of the completion of the proposed works and improvements, as shown in said water control plan and in carrying out the objects of said district, and, in addition thereto, 10 percent of said total amount for emergencies. The said tax shall be apportioned to, and levied on, each tract of land in said district in proportion to the

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HB 1709, Engrossed 1 2004 Legislature benefits assessed, and not in excess thereof; and in case bonds are issued, as provided in this chapter, a tax shall be levied in a sum not less than an amount 90 percent of which shall be equal to the principal of said bonds. The amount of bonds to be issued for paying the cost of the works as set forth in the water control plan shall be ascertained and determined by the board, provided, however, that the total amount of all bonds to be issued by the district shall in no case exceed 90 percent of the benefits assessed upon the lands of the district. The amount of the interest, as estimated by said board, that will accrue on such bonds shall be included and added to the said tax, but the interest to accrue on account of the issuing of said bonds shall not be construed as a part of the costs of construction in determining whether or not the expenses and costs of making said improvements are equal to, or in excess of, the benefits assessed. The secretary of the board of supervisors, as soon as said total tax is levied, shall, at the expense of the district, prepare a list of all taxes levied in the form of a well-bound book, which shall be endorsed and named the "DRAINAGE TAX RECORD OF CORAL SPRINGS IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT, BROWARD COUNTY, FLORIDA," which endorsement shall be printed or written at the top of each page in said book, signed and certified by the president and secretary of the board, attested by the seal of the district, and the same shall thereafter become a permanent record in the office of said secretary.

Section 17. Prepayment of taxes or assessments.--The board may provide that any tax or assessment may be paid at any time before due, together with interest accrued thereon to the date of prepayment and any prepayment premiums or penalties, if such

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HB 1709, Engrossed 1 2004 Legislature prior payment shall be permitted by the proceedings authorizing any bonds or other obligations for the payment of which special assessments have been pledged or taxes levied.

Section 18. Tax liens. -- All taxes of the district provided for in this act or chapter 298, Florida Statutes, together with all penalties for default in the payment of the same and all costs in collecting the same, including reasonable attorney's fees fixed by the court and taxed as cost in the action brought to enforce payment, shall from January 1 for each year the property is liable to assessment and until paid constitute a lien of equal dignity with the liens for state and county taxes and other taxes of equal dignity with state and county taxes upon all the lands against which such taxes shall be levied. A sale of any of the real property within the district for state and county or other taxes shall not operate to relieve or release the property so sold from the lien for subsequent district taxes or installments of district taxes which lien may be enforced against such property as though no such sale thereof had been made. The provisions of chapter 192, Florida Statutes, and amendments thereto shall be applicable to district taxes with the same force and effect as if said provisions were expressly set forth in this act.

Section 19. Issuance of bond anticipation notes.--In addition to the other powers provided for in this act and not in limitation thereof, the district shall have the power, at any time and from time to time after the issuance of any bonds of the district shall have been authorized, to borrow money for the purposes for which such bonds are to be issued in anticipation of the receipt of the proceeds of the sale of such bonds and to

HB 1709, Engrossed 1 2004 Legislature issue bond anticipation notes in a principal sum not in excess of the authorized maximum amount of such bond issue. Such notes shall be in such denomination or denominations, bear interest at such rate as the board may determine not to exceed 10 percent per year, mature at such time or times not later than 5 years from the date of issuance, and be in such form and executed in such manner as the board shall prescribe. Such notes may be sold at either public or private sale, or if such notes shall be renewal notes, may be exchanged for notes then outstanding on such terms as the board shall determine. Such notes shall be paid from the proceeds of such bonds when issued. The board may in its discretion, in lieu of retiring the notes by means of bonds, retire them by means of current revenues or from any taxes or assessments levied for the payment of such bonds, but in such event a like amount of the bonds authorized shall not be issued.

Section 20. Short-term borrowing.—The district at any time may obtain loans, in such amount and on such terms and conditions as the board may approve, for the purpose of paying any of the expenses of the district or any costs incurred or that may be incurred in connection with any of the projects of the district, which loans shall have a term not exceeding 2 years from the date of issuance thereof, may be renewable for a like term or terms, shall bear such interest as the board may determine, not to exceed 10 percent per year, and may be payable from and secured by a pledge of such funds, revenues, taxes, and assessments as the board may determine. For the purpose of defraying such costs and expenses, the district may issue negotiable notes, warrants, or other evidences of debt signed on

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behalf of the district by any one of the board duly authorized
by the board, such notes or other evidences of indebtedness to
be payable at such times, to bear such interest as the board may
determine not to exceed 10 percent per year, and to be sold or
discounted at such price or prices and on such terms as the
board may deem advisable. The board shall have the right to
provide for the payment thereof by pledging the whole or any
part of the funds, revenues, taxes, and assessments of the
district. The approval of the qualified electors who are
freeholders residing in the district shall not be necessary
except where required by the State Constitution.

Section 21. Trust agreements. -- In the discretion of the board, any issue of bonds may be secured by a trust agreement by and between the district and a corporate trustee or trustees, which may be any trust company or bank having the powers of a trust company within or without the state. The resolution authorizing the issuance of the bonds or such trust agreement may pledge the revenues to be received from any projects of the district and may contain such provisions for protecting and enforcing the rights and remedies of the bondholders as the board may approve, including, without limitation, covenants setting forth the duties of the district in relation to the acquisition, construction, reconstructions, improvements, maintenance, repair, operation, and insurance of any projects; the fixing and revising of the rates, fees, and charges; the custody, safeguarding, and application of all moneys; and for the employment of counseling engineers in connection with such acquisition, construction, reconstruction, improvement, maintenance, repair, or operation. It shall be lawful for any

HB 1709, Engrossed 1 2004 Legislature bank or trust company incorporated under the laws of the state which may act as a depository of the proceeds of bonds or of revenues to furnish such indemnifying bonds or to pledge such securities as may be required by the district. Such resolution or trust agreement may set forth the rights and remedies of the bondholders and of the trustee, if any, and may restrict the individual right of action by bondholders. The board may provide for the payment of the proceeds of the sale of the bonds and the revenues of any project to such officer, board, or depository as it may designate for the custody thereof, and for the method of disbursement thereof with such safeguards and restrictions as it may determine. All expenses incurred in carrying out the provisions of such resolution or trust agreement may be treated as part of the cost of operation of the project to which such trust agreement pertains.

Section 22. Sale of bonds.--Bonds may be sold in blocks or installments at different times, or an entire issue or series may be sold at one time. Bonds may be sold at public or private sale after such advertisement, if any, as the board may deem advisable but not in any event at less than 90 percent of the par value thereof, together with accrued interest thereon. Bonds may be sold or exchanged for refunding bonds. Special assessment and revenue bonds may be delivered as payment by the district of the purchase price or lease of any project or part thereof, or a combination of projects or parts thereof, or as the purchase price or exchanged for any property, real, personal, or mixed, including franchises, or services rendered by any contractor, engineer, or other person, all at one time or in blocks from time to time, in such manner and upon such terms as the board in

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its discretion shall determine. The price or prices for any
bonds sold, exchanged, or delivered may be the money paid for
the bonds; the principal amount, plus accrued interest to the
date of redemption or exchange, or outstanding obligations
exchanged for refunding bonds; or, in the case of special
assessment or revenue bonds, the amount of any indebtedness to
contractors or other persons paid with such bonds, or the fair
value of any properties exchanged for the bonds, as determined
by the board.

Section 23. Authorization and form of bonds. -- Bonds may be authorized by resolution or resolutions of the board which shall be adopted by a majority of all of the members thereof then in office. Such resolution or resolutions may be adopted at the same meeting at which they are introduced, and need not be published or posted. The board may by resolution authorize the issuance of bonds, fix the aggregate amount of bonds to be issued, the purpose or purposes for which the moneys derived therefrom shall be expended, the rate or rates of interest, not to exceed 10 percent per year, the denomination of the bonds, whether or not the bonds are to be issued in one or more series, the date or dates of maturity, which shall not exceed 40 years from their respective dates of issuance, the medium of payment, the place or places within or without the state where payment shall be made, registration privileges, redemption terms and privileges (whether with or without premium), the manner of execution, the form of the bonds, including any interest coupons to be attached thereto, the manner of execution of bonds and coupons, and any and all other terms, covenants, and conditions thereof, and the establishment of revenue or other funds. Such

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authorizing resolution may further provide that such bonds may
be executed manually or by engraved, lithographed, or facsimile
signature, provided that where signatures are engraved,
lithographed, or otherwise reproduced in facsimile, no bond
shall be valid unless countersigned by a registrar or other
officer designated by appropriate resolution of the board. The
seal of the district may be affixed, lithographed, engraved, or
otherwise reproduced in facsimile on such bonds. In case any
officer whose signature shall appear on any bonds or coupons
shall cease to be such officer before the delivery of such
bonds, such signature or facsimile shall nevertheless be valid
and sufficient for all purposes the same as if he or she had
remained in office until such delivery.

Section 24. Interim certificates; replacement certificates.--Pending the preparation of definitive bonds, the board may issue interim certificates or receipts or temporary bonds, in such form and with such provisions as the board may determine, exchangeable for definitive bonds when such bonds shall have been executed and are available for delivery. The board may also provide for the replacement of any bonds that become mutilated, lost, or destroyed.

Section 25. Negotiability of bonds.--Any bond issued under this act and any interim certificate, receipt, or temporary bond shall, in the absence of an express recital on the face thereof that it is nonnegotiable, be fully negotiable and shall be and constitute negotiable instruments within the meaning and for all purposes of the law merchant and the laws of Florida.

Section 26. Defeasance.--The board may make such provision with respect to the defeasance of the right, title, and interest

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HB 1709, Engrossed 1 2004 Legislature of the holders of any of the bonds and obligations of the district in any revenues, funds, or other properties by which such bonds are secured as the board deems appropriate and, without limitation on the foregoing, may provide that when such bonds or obligations become due and payable or shall have been called for redemption, and the whole amount of the principal and interest and premium, if any, due and payable upon the bonds or obligations then outstanding shall be paid, or sufficient monies or direct obligations of the United States Government the principal of and the interest on which when due will provide, sufficient monies shall be held or deposited in trust for such purpose, and provision shall also be made for paying all other sums payable in connection with such bonds or other obligations, then and in such event the right, title, and interest of the holders of the bonds in any revenues, funds, or other properties by which such bonds are secured shall thereupon cease, determine, and become void, and the board may apply any surplus in any sinking fund established in connection with such bonds or obligations and all balances remaining in all other funds or accounts other than money held for the redemption or payment of the bonds or other obligations to any lawful purpose of the district as the board shall determine.

Section 27. Issuance of additional bonds.--If the proceeds of any bonds shall be less than the cost of completing the project in connection with which such bonds are issued, the board may authorize the issuance of additional bonds, upon such terms and conditions as the board may provide in the resolution authorizing the issuance thereof, but only in compliance with

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HB 1709, Engrossed 1 2004 Legislature the resolution or other proceedings authorizing the issuance of the original bonds.

Section 28. Refunding bonds. -- The district shall have the power to issue bonds to provide for the retirement or refunding of any bonds or obligations of the district that at the time of such issuance are or subsequently thereto become due and payable, or that at the time of issuance have been called or are or will be subject to call for redemption within 10 years thereafter, or the surrender of which can be procured from the holders thereof at prices satisfactory to the board. Refunding bonds may be issued at any time when in the judgment of the board such issuance will be advantageous to the district. No approval of the qualified electors who are freeholders residing in the district shall be required for the issuance of refunding bonds except in cases where such approval is required by the constitution. The board may by resolution confer upon the holders of such refunding bonds all rights, powers, and remedies to which the holders would be entitled if they continued to be the owners and had possession of the bonds for the refinancing of which said refunding bonds are issued, including, but not limited to, the preservation of the lien of such bonds on the revenues of any project or on pledged funds, without extinguishment, impairment, or diminution thereof. The provisions of this act pertaining to bonds of the district shall, unless the context otherwise requires, govern the issuance of refunding bonds, the form and other details thereof, the rights of the holders thereof, and the duties of the board with respect to the same.

Section 29. Revenue bonds. --

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- (1) The district shall have the power to issue revenue bonds from time to time without limitation as to amount. Such revenue bonds may be secured by or payable from the gross or net pledge of the revenues to be derived from any project or combination of projects; from the rates, fees, or other charges to be collected from the users of any project or projects; from any revenue-producing undertaking or activity of the district; or from any other source or pledged security. Such bonds shall not constitute an indebtedness of the district, and the approval neither of the qualified electors nor of the qualified electors who are freeholders shall be required unless such bonds are additionally secured by the full faith and credit and taxing power of the district.
- (2) Any two or more projects may be combined and consolidated into a single project, and may thereafter be operated and maintained as a single project. The revenue bonds authorized herein may be issued to finance any one or more of such projects, regardless whether or not such projects have been combined and consolidated into a single project. If the board deems it advisable, the proceedings authorizing such revenue bonds may provide that the district may thereafter combine the projects then being financed or theretofore financed with other projects to be subsequently financed by the district, and that revenue bonds to be thereafter issued by the district shall be on parity with the revenue bonds then being issued, all on such terms, conditions, and limitations as shall be provided, and may further provide that the revenues to be derived from the subsequent projects shall at the time of the issuance of such parity revenue bonds be also pledged to the holders of any

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revenue bonds theretofore issued to finance the revenue undertakings which are later combined with such subsequent projects. The district may pledge for the security of the revenue bonds a fixed amount, without regard to any fixed proportion of the gross revenues of any project.

Section 30. General obligation bonds.--

- (1) The district shall have the power from time to time to issue general obligation bonds in an aggregate principal amount of bonds outstanding at any one time not in excess of 35 percent of the assessed value of the taxable property within the district as shown on the pertinent tax records at the time of the authorization of the general obligation bonds for which the full faith and credit of the district is pledged. Except for refunding bonds, no general obligation bonds shall be issued unless the issuance thereof shall have been approved at an election of freeholders held in accordance with the requirements for such election as prescribed by the State Constitution. Such elections shall be called to be held in the district by the Board of County Commissioners of Broward County upon the request of the board of the district. The expenses of calling and holding such referendum elections shall be borne by the district and the district shall reimburse the county for any expenses incurred in calling or holding such elections. In the alternative, at the option of the board, the board may make such other provision for the registration of such qualified electors who are freeholders and the calling and holding of such elections as the board may from time to time deem appropriate.
- (2) The district may pledge its full faith and credit for the payment of the principal and interest on such general

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obligation bonds, and for any reserve or other funds provided

therefor, and may unconditionally and irrevocably pledge itself

to levy ad valorem taxes on all taxable property in the

district, to the extent necessary for the payment thereof,

without limitations as to rate or amount.

obligation bonds for more than one different purpose, the approval of the issuance of the bonds for each and all such purposes may be submitted to the freeholders on one and the same ballot. The failure of the freeholders to approve the issuance of bonds for any one or more purposes shall not defeat the approval of bonds for any purpose that shall be approved by the freeholders.

Section 31. Bonds as legal investment or security.—Notwithstanding any provisions of any other law to the contrary, all bonds issued under the provisions of this act shall constitute legal investments for savings banks, banks, trust companies, insurance companies, executors, administrators, trustees, guardians, and other fiduciaries, and for any board, body, agency, instrumentality, county, municipality, or other political subdivision of the state, and shall be and constitute securities which may be deposited by banks or trust companies as security for deposits of state, county, municipal, or other public funds, or by insurance companies as required for voluntary statutory deposits.

Section 32. Covenants.--Any resolution authorizing the issuance of bonds may contain such covenants as the board may deem advisable and all such covenants shall constitute valid and legally binding and enforceable contracts between the district

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HB 1709, Engrossed 1 2004 Legislature and the bondholders, regardless of the time of issuance thereof. Such covenants may include, without limitation, covenants concerning the disposition of the bond proceeds; the use and disposition of project revenues; the pledging of revenues, taxes, and assessments; the obligations of the district with respect to the operation of the project and the maintenance of adequate project revenues; the issuance of additional bonds; the appointment, powers, and duties of trustees and receivers; the acquisition of outstanding bonds and obligations; restrictions on the establishing of competing projects or facilities; restrictions on the sale or disposal of the assets and property of the district; the priority of assessment liens; the priority of claims by bondholders on the taxing power of the district; the maintenance of deposits to ensure the payment of revenues by users of district facilities and services; the discontinuance of district services by reason of delinquent payments; acceleration upon default; the execution of necessary instruments; the procedure for amending or abrogating covenants with the bondholders; and such other covenants as may be deemed necessary or desirable for the security of the bondholders.

Section 33. Validity of bonds; validation proceedings. --

incontestable in the hands of bona fide purchasers or holders for value and shall not be invalid because of any irregularity or defects in the proceedings for the issue and sale thereof.

Prior to the issuance of any bonds, the district may, but is not required to, publish a notice at least once in a newspaper or newspapers published or of general circulation in Broward County and within the district stating the date of adoption of the

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HB 1709, Engrossed 1 2004 Legislature resolution authorizing such obligations, the amount, the maximum rate of interest and maturity of such obligations, and the purpose in general terms for which such obligations are to be issued, and further stating that any action or proceeding questioning the validity of such obligations or of the proceedings authorizing the issuance thereof, or of any of the covenants made therein, must be instituted within 20 days after the first publication of such notice, or the validity of such obligations, proceedings, and covenants shall not be thereafter questioned in any court whatsoever. If no such action or proceeding is so instituted within such 20-day period, the validity of such obligations, proceedings, and covenants shall be conclusive, and all persons or parties whatsoever shall be forever barred from questioning the validity of such obligations, proceedings, or covenants in any court whatsoever.

(2) The power of the district to issue bonds under the provisions of this act may be determined and any of the bonds of the district may be validated and confirmed by circuit court decree, under the provisions of chapter 75, Florida Statutes, and laws amendatory thereof or supplementary thereto.

Section 34. Within act furnishes full authority for issuance of bonds.--This act constitutes full and complete authority for the issuance of bonds and the exercise of the powers of the district provided herein. No procedures or proceedings, publications, notices, consents, approvals, orders, acts, or things by the board, or any board, officers, commission, department, agency, or instrumentality of the district, other than those required by this act, shall be required to issue any bonds or to do any act or perform anything

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HB 1709, Engrossed 1 2004 Legislature under this act, and the issuance or sale of bonds pursuant to the provisions of this act need not comply with the requirements of any other law applicable to the issuance or sale of bonds, except as otherwise provided in this act, and shall not require the consent or approval of the board of drainage commissioners of the state or of any other board, officers, commission, department, agency, or instrumentality of the state or any political subdivision thereof. Except as otherwise provided herein, no proceedings or procedures of any character whatever shall be necessary or required for the issuance of bonds other than the adoption of an appropriate resolution by the board as provided in this act with respect to the issuance of the same. The powers conferred by this act on the district with respect to the issuance and sale of bonds shall be in addition and supplemental to the powers conferred by any other law.

Section 35. Pledge by the state to the bondholders of the district and to the Federal Government.—The state pledges to the holders of any bonds issued under this act that it will not limit or alter the rights of the district to own, acquire, construct, reconstruct, improve, maintain, operate, or furnish the projects or to levy and collect the taxes, assessments, rentals, rates, fees, and other charges provided for herein and to fulfill the terms of any agreement made with the holders of such bonds or other obligations, and that it will not in any way impair the rights or remedies of the holders.

Section 36. Ad valorem taxes.--The board shall have the power to levy and assess an ad valorem tax on all the taxable real and tangible personal property in the district to pay the principal of and interest on any general obligation bonds of the

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district, and to provide for any sinking or other funds

established in connection with any such bonds. The ad valorem

tax provided for herein shall be in addition to county and all

other ad valorem taxes provided for by law. Such tax shall be

assessed, levied, and collected in the same manner and same time

as county taxes.

Section 37. Annual installment taxes.--

- (1) The board shall annually determine, order, and levy the annual installment of the total taxes that are levied under chapter 298.36, Florida Statutes, which shall be due and be collected during each year that county taxes are due and collected and said annual installment and levy shall be evidenced to and certified by the board not later than August 31 of each year to the Broward County Property Appraiser. Said tax shall be entered by the county property appraiser on the county tax rolls and shall be collected by the Broward County Tax Collector in the same manner and the same time as county taxes and the proceeds thereof paid to the district. The tax shall be a lien until paid on the property against which assessed and enforceable in like manner as county taxes.
- (2) In the alternative, the board may by resolution determine the amount of taxes as provided by chapter 298.37, Florida Statutes, and thereafter the annual installments shall be levied, collected, and enforced as provided in chapter 298, Florida Statutes.

Section 38. Maintenance tax.--To maintain and preserve the drainage improvements of the district, a maintenance tax shall be evidenced to and certified by the board of supervisors not later than August 31 of each year to the property appraiser and

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HB 1709, Engrossed 1 2004 Legislature shall be entered by the property appraiser on the county tax rolls and shall be collected by the tax collector in the same manner and time as county taxes and the proceeds therefrom paid to the district. The tax shall be a lien until paid on the property against which assessed and enforceable in like manner as county taxes. If the maintenance is for original construction based upon an apportionment of benefits, the maintenance tax shall be apportioned on the same basis of the net assessments of benefits assessed or accruing for original construction and shall not exceed 10 percent thereof in any one year. If the maintenance is for other drainage improvements owned, operated, or acquired by the district, the amount of said maintenance tax shall be determined by the board based upon a report of the chief engineer and assessed by the board, upon such lands, which may be all of the lands within the district benefited by the maintenance thereof, apportioned between the benefited lands in proportion to the benefits received by each tract of land.

Section 39. Enforcement of taxes.—The collection and enforcement of all taxes levied by the district shall be at the same time and in like manner as county taxes and the provisions of the Florida Statutes relating to the sale of lands for unpaid and delinquent county taxes, the issuance, sale, and delivery of tax certificates for such unpaid and delinquent county taxes, the redemption thereof, the issuance to individuals of tax deeds based thereon, and all other procedures in connection therewith shall be applicable to the district to the same extent as if said statutory provisions were expressly set forth herein. All taxes shall be subject to the same discounts as county taxes.

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Section 40. When unpaid tax is delinquent; penalty.--All taxes provided for in this act shall become delinquent and bear penalties on the amount of said taxes in the same manner as county taxes.

Section 41. Tax exemption. -- As the exercise of the powers conferred by this act constitute the performance of essential public functions, and as the projects of the district will constitute public property used for public purposes, all assets and properties of the district, and all bonds issued hereunder and interest paid thereon, and all fees, charges, and other revenues derived by the district from the projects provided by this act shall be exempt from all taxes by the state or by any political subdivision, agency, or instrumentality thereof; provided, however, that nothing in this act shall be deemed to exempt from taxation any property, project, facility, or business activity or enterprise that cannot validly be undertaken as a public function by special taxing districts or other public bodies under the laws and constitution of Florida; and further, that nothing in this act shall be deemed to exempt any property, project, facility, or business activity or enterprise of the district, or revenues derived therefrom, which would be subject to taxation under the general laws of Florida if such property, project, or facility were owned or undertaken by a municipal corporation.

Section 42. Special assessments. --

(1) The board may provide for the construction or reconstruction of assessable improvements as defined in section 4, and for the levying of special assessments upon benefited

HB 1709, Engrossed 1 2004 Legislature property for the payment thereof, under the provisions of this section.

- (2) Such special assessments may be levied and assessed in either of the alternate methods provided in subsection (6) or subsection (7), and except for such procedure, all the other provisions of this section and this act shall apply to the levy and assessment of such special assessments under either subsection (6) or subsection (7).
- (3) The initial proceeding under subsection (6) or subsection (7) shall be the passage by the board of a resolution ordering the construction or reconstruction of such assessable improvements, indicating the location by terminal points and routes and either giving a description of the improvements by its material, nature, character, and size or giving two or more descriptions with the directions that the material, nature, character, and size shall be subsequently determined in conformity with one of such descriptions. Drainage improvements need not be continuous and may be in more than one locality. The resolution ordering any such improvement may give any short and convenient designation to each improvement ordered thereby, and the property against which assessments are to be made for the cost of such improvement may give any short and convenient designation to each improvement ordered thereby, and the property against which assessments are to be made for the cost of such improvement may be designated as an assessment district, followed by a letter, number, or name to distinguish it from other assessment districts, after which it shall be sufficient to refer to such improvement and property by such designation in

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<u>all proceedings and assessments, except in the notices required</u> by this section.

- (4) As soon as possible after the passage of such resolution, the engineer for the district shall prepare, in duplicate, plans and specifications for each improvement ordered thereby and an estimate of the cost thereof. Such cost shall include, in addition to the items of cost as defined in this act, the following items of incidental expenses:
 - (a) Printing and publishing notices and proceedings.
 - (b) Costs of abstracts of title.
- (c) Any other expense necessary or proper in conducting the proceedings and work provided for in this section, including the estimated amount of discount, if any, financial expenses upon the sale of assessment bonds, or any other obligations issued hereunder for which such special assessments are to be pledged, and interest prior to and until not more than 2 years after the completion of said assessable improvements. If the resolution shall provide alternative descriptions of material, nature, character, and size, such estimate shall include an estimate of the cost of the improvement of each such description.
- a tentative apportionment of the estimated total cost of the improvement as between the district and each lot or parcel of land subject to special assessment under the resolution, such apportionment to be made in accordance with the provisions of the resolution and in relation to apportionment of cost provided herein for the preliminary assessment roll. Such tentative apportionment of total estimated cost shall not be held to limit

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or restrict the duties of the engineer in the preparation of

such preliminary assessment roll under subsection (6). One of

the duplicates of such plans, specifications, and estimates and

such tentative apportionment shall be filed with the secretary

of the board and the other duplicate shall be retained by the

engineer in his or her files, all thereof to remain open to

public inspection.

(6)(a) If the special assessments are to be levied under this subsection, the secretary of the board, upon filing with him or her of such plans, specifications, estimates, and tentative apportionment of cost, shall publish once in a newspaper published in Broward County and of general circulation in the district a notice stating that at a meeting of the board on a certain day and hour, not earlier than 15 days after such publication, the board will hear objections of all interested persons to the confirmation of such resolution, which notice shall state in brief and general terms a description of the proposed assessable improvements with the location thereof, and shall also state that plans, specifications, estimates, and tentative apportionment of cost thereof are on file with the secretary of the board. A copy of the notice shall be mailed to the landowners of the land to be benefited by construction of the assessable improvement. The landowners shall be determined by reference to the last available tax roll of Broward County. The secretary of the board shall keep a record in which shall be inscribed, at the request of any person, firm, or corporation having or claiming to have any interest in any lot or parcel of land, the name and post office address of such person, firm, or corporation, together with a brief description or designation of

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such lot or parcel, and it shall be the duty of the secretary of the board to mail a copy of such notice to such person, firm, or corporation at such address at least 10 days before the time for the hearing as stated in such notice, but the failure of the secretary of the board to keep such record or so to inscribe any name or address or to mail any such notice shall not constitute a valid objection to holding the hearing as provided in this section or to any other action taken under the authority of this section.

- (b) At the time named in such notice, or to which an adjournment may be taken by the board, the board shall receive any objections of interested persons and may then or thereafter repeal or confirm such resolution with such amendments, if any, as may be desired by the board and which do not cause any additional property to be specially assessed.
- (c) All objections to any such resolution on the ground that it contains items which cannot be properly assessed against property, or that it is, for any default or defect in the passage or character of the resolution or the plans or specifications or estimate, void or voidable in whole or in part, or that it exceeds the power of the board, shall be made in writing in person or by attorney, and filed with the secretary of the board at or before the time or adjourned time of such hearing. Any objections against the making of any assessable improvements not so made shall be considered as waived, and if any objection shall be made and overruled or shall not be sustained, the confirmation of the resolution shall be the final adjudication of the issue presented unless proper

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- (d) Whenever any resolution providing for the construction or reconstruction of assessable improvements and for the levying of special assessments upon benefited property for the payment thereof shall have been confirmed, and said special assessments are levied under this subsection, or at any time thereafter, the board may issue assessment bonds payable out of such assessments when collected. Such bonds shall mature not later than 2 years after the maturity of the last annual installment in which said special assessments may be paid, as provided in subsection (7), and shall bear such interest as the board may determine not to exceed 10 percent per year. Such assessment bonds shall be executed, shall have such provisions for redemption prior to maturity, and shall be sold in the manner and be subject to all of the applicable provisions contained in this act applicable to other bonds, except as the same are inconsistent with the provisions of this section. The amount of such assessment bonds for any assessable improvement, prior to the confirmation of the preliminary assessment roll provided for in this subsection, shall not exceed the estimated amount of the cost of such assessable improvements that are to be specially assessed against the lands and real estate of the engineer referred to in this section.
- (e) After the passage of the resolution authorizing the construction or reconstruction of assessable improvements has been confirmed as provided for in this subsection where special assessments are levied under this subsection, or after the final confirmation of the assessment roll where such assessments are

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HB 1709, Engrossed 1 2004 Legislature levied under subsection (7), the board may publish at least once in a newspaper published in Broward County and of general circulation in the district a notice calling for sealed bids to be received by the board on a date not earlier than 15 days after the first publication for the construction of the work, unless in the initial resolution the board shall have declared its intention to have the work done by district forces without contract. The notice shall refer in general terms to the extent and nature of the improvements and may identify the same by the short designation indicated in the initial resolution and by reference to the plans and specifications on file. If the initial resolution shall have given two or more alternative descriptions of the assessable improvements as to its material, nature, character, and size, and if the board shall not have theretofore determined upon a definite description, the notice shall call for bids upon each of such descriptions. Bids may be requested for the work as whole or for any part thereof separately and bids may be asked for any one or more of such assessable improvements authorized by the same or different resolutions, but any bid covering work upon more than one improvement shall be in such form as to permit a separation of cost as to each improvement. The notice shall require bidders to file with their bids either a certified check drawn upon an incorporated bank or trust company in such amount or percentage of their respective bids, as the board shall deem advisable, or a bid bond in like amount with corporate surety satisfactory to the board to insure the execution of a contract to carry out the work in accordance with such plans and specifications and insure the filing at the making of such contract, of a bond in the

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amount of the contract price with corporate surety satisfactory

to the board conditioned for the performance of the work in

accordance with such contract. The board shall have the right to

reject any or all bids, and, if all bids are rejected, the board

may readvertise or may determine to do the work by the district

forces without contract.

- of special assessments levied under this subsection, the engineer for the district, who is hereby designated as the official of the district to make the preliminary assessment of benefits from assessable improvements, shall prepare a preliminary assessment roll and file the same with the secretary of the board which roll shall contain the following:
- 1. A description of abutting lots and parcels of land or lands which will benefit from such assessable improvements and the amount of such benefits to each such lot or parcel of land. Such lots and parcels shall include the property of Broward County and any school district or other political subdivision. There shall also be given the name of the owner of record of each lot or parcel where practicable, and in all cases there shall be given a statement of the method of assessment used by the engineer for determining the benefits.
- 2. The total cost of the improvements and the amount of incidental expense.
- (g) The preliminary roll shall be advisory only and shall be subject to the action of the board as hereinafter provided.

 Upon the filing with the secretary of the board of the preliminary assessment roll, the secretary of the board shall publish at least once in a newspaper published in Broward County

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and of general circulation in the district a notice stating that
at a meeting of the board to be held on a certain day and hour,
not less than 15 days after the date of such publication, which
meeting may be a regular, adjourned, or special meeting, all
interested persons may appear and file written objections to the
confirmation of such roll. Such notice shall state the class of
the assessable improvements and the location thereof by terminal
points and route.

(h) At the time and place stated in such notice, the board shall meet and receive the objections in writing of all interested persons as stated in such notice. The board may adjourn the hearing from time to time. After the completion thereof, the board shall annul, sustain, or modify in whole or in part the prima facie assessment as indicated on such roll, either by confirming the prima facie assessment against any or all lots or parcels described therein or by canceling, increasing, or reducing the same, according to the special benefits which the board decides each such lot or parcel has received or will receive on account of such improvement. If any property that may be chargeable under this section shall have been omitted from the preliminary roll or if the prima facie assessment shall not have been made against it, the board may place on such roll an apportionment to such property. The board shall not confirm any assessment in excess of the special benefits to the property assessed and the assessments so confirmed shall be in proportion to the special benefits. Forthwith, after such confirmation, such assessment roll shall be delivered to the secretary of the board. The assessment so made shall be final and conclusive as to each lot or parcel

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HB 1709, Engrossed 1 2004 Legislature assessed unless proper steps are taken within 30 days in a court of competent jurisdiction to secure relief. If the assessment against any property shall be sustained or reduced or abated by the court, the secretary of the board shall note that fact on the assessment roll opposite the description of the property affected thereby. The amount of the special assessment against any lot or parcel which may be abated by the court, unless the assessment upon all benefited property be abated, or the amount by which such assessment is so reduced, may by resolution of the board be made chargeable against the district at large; or, at the discretion of the board, a new assessment roll may be prepared and confirmed in the manner hereinabove provided for the preparation and confirmation of the original assessment roll.

- (i) Pending the final confirmation of such special assessments in the manner provided in this subsection, the district shall have a lien on all such lands and real estate after the confirmation of the initial resolution, in the manner provided in this subsection.
- (7)(a) The district engineer, under the procedure provided for in this subsection, shall next, after the passage of the initial resolution and filing of the plans and estimates of cost by the district engineer, prepare an assessment roll for the district in duplicate, which assessment roll shall contain an apportionment of the estimated total cost of the improvement as between the district and each lot or parcel of land subject to the special assessment under the initial resolution, such apportionment to be made in accordance with the provisions of the initial resolution. One of the duplicates of said assessment

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roll shall be filed with the secretary of the board and the

other duplicate shall be retained by the district engineer in

his or her files, all thereof to remain open to public

inspection.

(b) Upon the completion and filing of said assessment roll, the secretary to the board shall cause a copy thereof to be published once in a newspaper published in Broward County and of general circulation in the district, together with a notice directed to all property owners interested in said special assessments, stating that at a meeting of the board on a certain day and hour, not earlier than 15 days after such publication, the board sitting as an equalizing board will hear objections of all interested persons to the final confirmation of such assessment roll and will finally confirm such assessment roll or take such action relative thereto as it deems necessary and advisable. A copy of the notice shall be mailed to the landowners of the land to be benefited by construction of the assessable improvement. The landowners shall be determined by reference to the last available tax roll of Broward County. The secretary of the board shall keep a record in which shall be inscribed, at the request of any person, firm, or corporation having or claiming to have any interest in any lot or parcel of land, the name and post office address of such person, firm, or corporation, together with a brief description or designation of such lot or parcel, and it shall be the duty of the secretary of the board to mail a copy of such notice to such person, firm, or corporation at such address at least 10 days before the time for the hearing as stated in such notice, but the failure of the secretary of the board to keep such record or so to inscribe any

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name or address or to mail any such notice shall not constitute

a valid objection to holding the hearing as provided in this

section or to any other action taken under the authority of this
section.

(c) At the time and place named in the notice provided for in paragraph (b), the board shall meet as an equalizing board to hear and consider any and all complaints as to said special assessments, and shall adjust and equalize the said special assessments on a basis of justice and right, and when so equalized and approved such special assessments shall stand confirmed and remain legal, valid, and binding liens upon the properties upon which such special assessments are made, until paid in accordance with the provisions of this act; provided, however, that upon the completion of such improvements, if the actual cost of such assessable improvements is less than the amount of such special assessments levied, the district shall rebate to the owners of any properties which shall have been specially assessed for such assessable improvements the difference in the special assessments as originally made, levied, and confirmed, and the proportionate part of the actual cost of said assessable improvements as finally determined upon the completion of said assessable improvements; and in the event that the actual cost of said assessable improvements shall be more than the amount of such special assessments confirmed and levied, finally determined upon the completion of said assessable improvements, the proportionate part of such excess cost of such assessable improvements may be levied against all of the lands and properties against which such special assessments were originally levied, or, in the alternative, the

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board may, in its discretion, pay such excess cost from any legally available funds.

- (d) All objections to any such assessment roll on the ground that it contains items which cannot be properly assessed against property, or that it is, for any default or defect in the passage or character of the assessment roll or the plans or specifications or estimate, void or voidable in whole or in part, or that it exceeds the power of the board, shall be made in writing in person or by attorney, and filed with the secretary of the board at or before the time or adjourned time of such hearing on the assessment roll. Any objections against the making of any assessable improvements not so made shall be considered as waived, and if any objections shall be made and overruled or shall not be sustained, the confirmation of the assessment roll shall be the final adjudication of the issue presented unless proper steps shall be taken in a court of competent jurisdiction to secure relief within 20 days.
- (e) All the provisions of subsection (6) not inconsistent with this subsection shall apply to the levy of special assessments under this subsection.
- (8)(a) Any assessment may be paid at the office of the secretary of the board within 60 days after the confirmation thereof, without interest. Thereafter, all assessments shall be payable in equal installments, with interest as determined by the board, not to exceed 10 percent per year, from the expiration of said 60 days in each of the succeeding number of years that the board shall determine by resolution, not exceeding 20; provided, however, that the board may provide that any assessment may be paid at any time before due, together with

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interest accrued thereon to the date of payment, if such prior

payment shall be permitted by the proceedings authorizing any

assessment bonds or other obligations for the payment of which

such special assessments have been pledged.

- (b) All such special assessments levied pursuant to this act may, in the discretion of the board, be collected by the tax collector of the county at the same time as the general county taxes are collected by the tax collector of the county, and the board shall in such event certify to the county tax collector in each year a list of all such special assessments and a description of and names of the owners of the properties against which such special assessments have been levied and the amounts due thereof in such year, and interest thereon for any deficiencies for prior years. The amount to be collected in such year may include, in the discretion of the board, the principal installment of such special assessments which will become due at any time in the next succeeding fiscal year, and all or any part of the interest which will become due on such special assessments during such next fiscal year, together with any deficiencies for prior years.
- (c) The board may in lieu of providing for the collection of said special assessments by the tax collector of the county, provide for the collection of said special assessments by the district under such terms and conditions as the board shall determine. In such event, the bills or statements for the amounts due in any fiscal year shall be mailed to the owners of all properties affected by such special assessments at such time or times as the board shall determine and such bills or statements may include all or any part of the principal and

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HB 1709, Engrossed 1 2004 Legislature interest which will mature and become due on the annual installments of such special assessments during the fiscal year in which installments of such special assessments are payable.

- (d) All charges of the county tax collector or of the district, and the fees, costs, and expenses of any paying agents, trustees, or other fiduciaries for assessment bonds issued under this act, shall be deemed to be costs of the operation and maintenance of any drainage improvements in connection with which such special assessments were levied and the board shall be authorized and directed to provide for the payment each year of such costs of collection, fees, and other expenses from the maintenance tax as provided in this act as shall be mutually agreed upon between the board and the county tax collector as additional compensation for his or her services for each such assessment district in which the special assessments are collected by him or her.
- (e) All assessments shall constitute a lien upon the property so assessed from the date of final confirmation thereof, of the same nature and to the same extent as the lien for general county taxes falling due in the same year or years in which such assessments or installments thereof fall due, and any assessment or installment not paid when due shall be collectable with such interest and with a reasonable attorney's fee and costs, but without penalties, by the district by proceedings in a court of equity to foreclose the line of assessments as a lien for mortgages is or may be foreclosed under the laws of the state; provided that any such proceedings to foreclose shall embrace all installments of principal remaining unpaid with accrued interest thereon, which

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HB 1709, Engrossed 1 2004 Legislature installments shall, by virtue of the institution of such proceedings, immediately become due and payable. Nevertheless, if, prior to any sale of the property under decree of foreclosure in such proceedings, payment is made of the installment or installments which are shown to be due under the provisions of subsection (6) or subsection (7) and all costs, including interest and reasonable attorney's fees, such payment shall have the effect of restoring the remaining installments to their original maturities as provided by the resolution passed pursuant to this subsection and the proceedings shall be dismissed. It shall be the duty of the board to enforce the prompt collection of assessment by the means herein provided, and such duty may be enforced at the suit of any holder of bonds issued under this act in a court of competent jurisdiction by mandamus or other appropriate proceedings or action. Not later than 30 days after the annual installments are due and payable, it shall be the duty of the board to direct the attorney for the district to institute actions within 2 months after such direction to enforce the collection of all special assessments for assessable improvements made under this section and remaining due and unpaid at the time of such direction. Such action shall be prosecuted in the manner and under the conditions in and under which mortgages are foreclosed under the laws of the state. It shall be lawful to join in one action the collection of assessments against any or all property assessed by virtue of the same assessment roll unless the court shall deem such joinder prejudicial to the interest of any defendant. The court shall allow a reasonable attorney's fee for the attorney for the district and the same shall be collectable as a

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part of or in addition to the costs of the action. At the sale

pursuant to decree in any such action, the district may be a

purchaser to the same extent as an individual person or

corporation, except that the part of the purchase price

represented by the assessments sued upon and the interest

thereon need not be paid in cash. Property so acquired by the

district may be sold or otherwise disposed of.

- (f) All assessments and charges made under the provisions of this section for the payment of all or any part of the cost of any assessable improvements for which assessment bonds shall have been issued under the provisions of this act, or which have been pledged as additional security for any other bonds or obligations issued under this act, shall be maintained in a special fund or funds and be used only for the payment of principal or interest on such assessment bonds or other bonds or obligations.
- g) Broward County and each school district and other political subdivision wholly or partly within the district shall possess the same power and be subject to the same duties and liabilities in respect of assessments under this section affecting the real estate of such county, school district, or other political subdivision that private owners of real estate possess or are subject to hereunder, and such real estate of any such county, school district, and political subdivision shall be subject to liens for said assessments in all cases where the same property would be subject to such liens had it at the time the lien attached been owned by a private owner.

Section 43. Issuance of certificates of indebtedness based on assessments for assessable improvements; assessment bonds.--

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- The board may, after any assessments for assessable improvements are made, determined, and confirmed as provided in section 42, issue certificates of indebtedness for the amount so assessed against the abutting property or property otherwise benefited, as the case may be, and separate certificates shall be issued against each part or parcel of land or property assessed, which certificates shall state the general nature of the improvement for which the said assessment is made. Said certificates shall be payable in annual installments in accordance with the installments of the special assessment for which they are issued. The board may determine the interest to be borne by such certificates, not to exceed 10 percent per year, and may sell such certificates at either private or public sale and determine the form, manner of execution, and other details of such certificates. Such certificates shall recite that they are payable only from the special assessments levied and collected from the part or parcel of land or property against which they are issued. The proceeds of such certificates may be pledged for the payment of principal of and interest on any revenue bonds or general obligation bonds issued to finance in whole or in part such assessable improvement, or, if not so pledged, may be used to pay the cost or part of the cost of such assessable improvements.
- (2) The district may also issue assessment bonds or other obligations payable from a special fund into which such certificates of indebtedness referred to in subsection (1) may be deposited; or, if such certificates of indebtedness have not been issued, the district may assign to such special fund for the benefit of the holders of such assessment bonds or other

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HB 1709, Engrossed 1 2004 Legislature obligations, or to a trustee for such bondholders, the assessment liens provided for in this act unless such certificates of indebtedness or assessment liens have been theretofore pledged for any bonds or other obligations authorized hereunder. In the event of the creation of such special fund and the issuance of such assessment bonds or other obligations, the proceeds of such certificates of indebtedness of assessment liens deposited therein shall be used only for the payment of the assessment bonds or other obligations issued as provided in this section. The district is hereby authorized to covenant with the holders of such assessment bonds or other obligations that it will diligently and faithfully enforce and collect all the special assessments and interest and penalties thereon for which such certificates of indebtedness or assessment liens have been deposited in or assigned to such fund and to foreclose such assessment liens so assigned to such special fund or represented by the certificates of indebtedness deposited in said special fund, after such assessment liens have become delinquent, and deposit the proceeds derived from such foreclosure, including interest and penalties, in such special fund, and to make any other covenants deemed necessary or advisable in order to properly secure the holders of such assessment bonds or other obligations.

(3) The assessment bonds or other obligations issued pursuant to this section shall have such dates of issue and maturity as shall be deemed advisable by the board, provided, however, that the maturities of such assessment bonds or other obligations shall not be more than 2 years after the due date of the last installment which will be payable on any of the special

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assessments for which such assessment liens, or the certificates

of indebtedness representing such assessment liens, are assigned

to or deposited in such special fund.

- (4) Such assessment bonds or other obligations issued pursuant to this section shall bear such interest as the board may determine not to exceed 10 percent per year, shall be executed, shall have such provisions for redemption prior to maturity, and shall be sold in the manner and be subject to all of the applicable provisions contained in this act for revenue bonds, except as the same may be inconsistent with the provisions of this section.
- (5) All assessment bonds or other obligations issued under the provisions of this act, except certificates of indebtedness issued against separate lots or parcels of land or property as provided in this section, shall be and constitute and have all the qualities and incidents of negotiable instruments under the law merchange and the laws of the state.

Section 44. Foreclosure of liens.--Any lien in favor of the district arising under chapter 298, Florida Statutes, or under this act may be foreclosed by the district by foreclosure proceedings in the name of the district in the circuit court in like manner as is provided in chapter 173, Florida Statutes, and amendments thereto, and the provisions of said chapter shall be applicable to such proceedings with the same force and effect as if said provisions were expressly set forth in this act. Any act required or authorized to be done by or on behalf of a city or town in foreclosure proceedings under chapter 173, Florida Statutes, may be performed by such officer or agent of the district as the board of supervisors may designate. Such

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foreclosure proceedings may be brought at any time after the expiration of 1 year after the date any tax, or installment thereof, becomes delinquent.

Section 45. Payment of taxes and redemption of tax liens by the district; sharing in proceeds of tax sale under section 194.21, Florida Statutes, as amended.--

- (1) The district has the right to:
- (a) Pay any delinquent state, county, district, municipal, or other tax or assessment upon lands located wholly or partially within the boundaries of the district.
- (b) Redeem or purchase any tax sales certificate issued or sold on account of any state, county, district, municipality, or other taxes or assessments upon lands located wholly or partially within the boundaries of the district.
- (2) Delinquent taxes paid, or tax sales certificates redeemed or purchased, by the district, together with all penalties for the default in payment of the same and all costs in collecting the same and a reasonable attorney's fee, shall constitute a lien in favor of the district of equal dignity with the liens of state and county taxes and other taxes of equal dignity with state and county taxes, upon all the real property against which said taxes were levied. The lien of the district may be foreclosed in the manner provided in this act.
- (3) In any sale of land pursuant to section 194.21,
 Florida Statutes, and amendments thereto, the district may
 certify to the clerk of the circuit court of the county holding
 such sale the amount of taxes due to the district upon the lands
 sought to be sold, and the district shall share in the

HB 1709, Engrossed 1 2004 Legislature disbursement of the sales proceeds in accordance with the provisions of this act and under law.

Section 46. Mandatory use of certain district facilities and services.—The district may require all lands, buildings, and premises, and all persons, firms, and corporations within the district to use the drainage, reclamation, and water and sewer facilities of the district. Subject to such exceptions as may be provided by the resolutions, rules, or bylaws of the board, and subject to the terms and provisions of any resolution authorizing any bonds and agreements with bondholders, no drainage and reclamation or water and sewer facilities shall be constructed or operated within the district unless the board gives its consent thereto and approves the plans and specifications therefor.

Section 47. Bids required. --No contract shall be let by the board for the construction or maintenance of any project authorized by this act, nor shall any goods, supplies, or materials be purchased when the amount thereof to be paid by said district shall exceed \$4,000, unless notice of bids shall be advertised once a week for 2 consecutive weeks in a newspaper published in Broward County and of general circulation in the district, and in each case the bid of the lowest responsible bidder shall be accepted, unless all bids are rejected because the bids are too high. The board may require the bidders to furnish bond with responsible surety to be approved by the board. Nothing in this section shall prevent the board from undertaking and performing the construction, operation, and maintenance of any project or facility authorized by this act, by the employment of labor, material, and machinery.

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Section 48. Maintenance of projects across
rights-of-ways.—The district shall have the power to construct
and operate its projects in, along, or under any dedications to
the public, platted rights-of-ways, platted reservations,
streets, alleys, highways, or other public places or ways, and
across any drain, ditch, canal, floodway, holding basin,
excavation, grade, fill, or cut, within or without the district.

Section 49. Agreements with state commissions and others.—The board shall have the power to retain and enter into agreements with fiscal agents, financial advisors, state commissions, engineers, and other consultants or advisors with respect to the issuance and sale of any bonds, and the cost and expense thereof may be treated as part of the cost and expense of such project. Upon request of the board, any state commission may provide such technical assistance or other services relating to bond issues as may be necessary or desirable under the circumstances.

Section 50. Agreements with other political bodies for the joint discharge of common functions.—The board and any other political bodies, whether now in existence or hereafter created, are authorized to enter into and carry into effect contracts and agreements relating to the common powers, duties, and functions of the board and any other political bodies, to the end that there may be effective cooperation and coordination in discharging their common functions, powers, and duties.

Section 51. Fees, rentals, and charges; procedure for adoption and modifications; minimum revenue requirements.--

(1) The district is authorized to prescribe, fix, establish, and collect rates, fees, rentals, or other charges,

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hereinafter sometimes referred to by the term "revenues," and to revise the same from time to time, for the facilities and services furnished by the district, within or without the limits of the district, including, but not limited to, drainage facilities, recreation facilities, and water and sewer systems, to recover the costs of making connection with any district facility or system; and to provide for reasonable penalties against any user or property for any such rates, fees, rentals, or other charges that are delinquent.

(2) No such rates, fees, rentals, or other charges for any of the facilities or services of the district shall be fixed until after a public hearing at which all the users of the proposed facility or services or owners, tenants, or occupants served or to be served thereby and all other interested persons shall have an opportunity to be heard concerning the proposed rates, fees, rentals, or other charges. Notice of such public hearing setting forth the proposed schedule or schedules of rates, fees, rentals, and other charges shall have been published in a newspaper in Broward County and of general circulation in the district at least once at least 10 days prior to such public hearing, which may be adjourned from time to time. After such hearing, such schedule or schedules, either as initially proposed, or as modified or amended, may be finally adopted. A copy of the schedule or schedules of such rates, fees, rentals, or charges as finally adopted shall be kept on file in an office designated by the board and shall be open at all reasonable times to public inspection. The rates, fees, rentals, or charges so fixed for any class of users or property served shall be extended to cover any additional users or

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properties thereafter served that shall fall in the same class,
without the necessity of any notice or hearing. Any change or
revision of rates, fees, rentals, or charges may be made in the
same manner as the same were originally established, as
hereinabove provided, except that if such changes or revisions
are made substantially pro rata as to all classes of the type of
service involved, no notice or hearing shall be required.

- (3) Such rates, fees, rentals, and charges shall be just and equitable and uniform for users of the same class, and where appropriate may be based or computed either upon the amount of service furnished or upon the number or average number of persons residing or working or otherwise occupying the premises served, or upon any other factor affecting the use of the facilities furnished, or upon any combination of the foregoing factors, as may be determined by the board on an equitable basis.
- (4) The rates, fees, rentals, or other charges prescribed shall be such as will produce revenues, together with any other assessments, taxes, revenues, or funds available or pledged for such purpose, at least sufficient to provide for the items hereinafter listed, but not necessarily in the order stated:
- (a) To provide for all expenses of operation and maintenance of such facility or service.
- (b) To pay when due all bonds and interest thereon for the payment of which such revenues are, or shall have been, pledged or encumbered, including reserves for such purpose.
- (c) To provide for any other funds that may be required under the resolution or resolutions authorizing the issuance of bonds pursuant to this act.

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(5) The board shall have the power to enter into contracts for the use of the projects of the district and with respect to the services and facilities furnished or to be furnished by the district, including, but not limited to, service agreements with landowners and others within or without the district providing for the drainage of land by the district or the furnishing of any of the other services and facilities of the district, for such consideration and on such other terms and conditions as the board may approve. No hearing or notice thereof shall be required prior to the authorization or execution by the board of any such contract or agreement, and the same shall not be subject to revision except in accordance with their terms. Such contracts or agreements, and revenues or service charges received or to be received by the district thereunder, may be pledged as security for any of the lands of the district.

Section 52. Recovery of delinquent charges.--In the event that any of the rates, fees, rentals, charges, or delinquent penalties shall not be paid as and when due and shall be in default for 30 days or more, the unpaid balance thereof and all interest accrued thereon, together with reasonable attorney's fees and costs, may be recovered by the district in a civil action.

Section 53. Discontinuance of service. -- In the event that the fees, rentals, or other charges for the services and facilities of any project are not paid when due, the board shall have the power to discontinue and shut off the same until such fees, rentals, or other charges, including interest, penalties, and charges for the shutting off and discontinuance and the restoration of such services and facilities, are fully paid, and

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for such purposes may enter on any lands, waters, and premises
of any person, firm, corporation, or body, public or private,
within or without the district limits. Such delinquent fees,
rentals, or other charges, together with interest, penalties,
and charges for the shutting off and discontinuance and the
restoration of such services and facilities, and the reasonable
attorney's fees and other expenses, may be recovered by the
district, which may also enforce payment of such delinquent
fees, rentals, or other charges by any other lawful method of
enforcement.

Section 54. Action taken on consent of landowners.--Any action required under this act or under chapter 298, Florida Statutes, to be taken on public hearing for the purpose of receiving and passing on objections by landowners may be taken without such notice or hearing upon the written consent of all of the landowners affected by such action.

Section 55. Enforcement and penalties.—The board or any aggrieved person may have recourse to such remedies in law and equity as may be necessary to ensure compliance with the provisions of this act, including injunctive relief to enjoin or restrain any person violating the provisions of this act, and any bylaws, resolutions, regulations, rules, codes, and orders adopted under this act. In case any building or structure is erected, constructed, reconstructed, altered, repaired, converted, or maintained, or any building, structure, land, or water is used, in violation of this act, or of any code, order, resolution, or other regulation made under authority conferred by this act or under law, the board and any citizen residing in the district may institute any appropriate action or proceeding

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to prevent such unlawful erection, construction, reconstruction,

alteration, repair, conversion, maintenance, or use; to

restrain, correct, or avoid such violation; to prevent the

occupancy of such building, structure, land, or water; and to

prevent any illegal act, conduct, business, or use in or about

such premises, land, or water.

Section 56. Suits against the district. -- No suit or action shall be brought or maintained against the district for damages arising out of tort or breach of contract, including, without limitation, any claim arising upon account of an act causing a wrongful death, unless written notice of such claim is received within 180 days after receiving the alleged injury given to the secretary of the board, with detailed specifications as to the time, place, and manner of injury. No such suit or action shall be brought or maintained unless brought within 24 months after the time of the injury or damages.

Section 57. Exemption of district property from execution.—All district property shall be exempt from levy and sale by virtue of an execution and no execution or other judicial process shall issue against such property, nor shall any judgment against the district be a charge or lien on its property or revenues, provided that nothing herein contained shall apply to or limit the rights of bondholders to pursue any remedy for the enforcement of any lien or pledge given by the district in connection with any of the bonds or obligations of the district.

Section 4. Chapters 70-617 and 89-419, Laws of Florida, are repealed.

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Section 5. If any one or more of the sections or provisions of this act or the application of such sections or provisions to any situation, circumstance, or person shall for any reason be held to be unconstitutional, such unconstitutionality shall not affect any other sections or provisions as to any other situation, circumstance, or person, and it is intended that this law shall be construed and applied as if such section or provision had not been included herein for any unconstitutional application.

Section 6. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law.