HB 1809 2004 A bill to be entitled

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An act relating to motor vehicles; amending s. 261.03, F.S.; revising the definition of "off-highway vehicle"; defining "two-rider ATV"; amending s. 261.05, F.S.; requiring the Off-Highway Vehicle Recreation Advisory Committee to conduct a study and report to the Governor and the Legislature; amending s. 316.006, F.S.; authorizing transfer of traffic regulatory authority from a municipality to a county; amending s. 316.122, F.S.; revising requirements for a left-turning vehicle to yield; creating s. 316.1576, F.S.; prohibiting driving a vehicle through a railroad crossing under certain circumstances; providing penalties; amending s. 316.1932, F.S.; revising requirements for the placement of consent provisions on driver's licenses; amending s. 316.194, F.S.; authorizing traffic accident investigation officers to move vehicles standing on the roadway under certain circumstances; amending s. 316.1967, F.S.; providing that a lessee to whom a motor vehicle is registered is liable for the payment of parking violations; amending s. 316.2074, F.S.; revising the definition of "all-terrain vehicle"; amending s. 316.212, F.S.; authorizing the operation of golf carts on certain roads within the State Park Road System; amending ss. 316.2125 and 316.2126, F.S.; correcting references; amending s. 316.613, F.S., and creating s. 316.6131, F.S.; revising provisions for authorization to expend funds for public information and education purposes; amending s. 316.650, F.S.; providing that traffic citations may be admissible evidence at trial

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under limited circumstances; amending s. 317.0003, F.S.; correcting a reference; revising the definition of "offhighway vehicle"; defining "two-rider ATV"; amending s. 317.0007, F.S.; authorizing issuance of a title validation sticker for off-highway vehicles; authorizing fees; amending s. 317.0008, F.S.; deleting a provision for expedited service for a duplicate certificate of title to off-highway vehicles and a charge therefor; creating s. 317.0014, F.S.; providing for issuance by the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles of certificates of title to off-highway vehicles in duplicate; providing for delivery to the owner; providing for delivery to a lienholder; requiring notice to all parties in certain conflicts; providing procedures and timeframes for resolving conflicts; providing for retention of certificate by certain lienholders; providing for subsequent encumbrance; providing for satisfaction of lien; providing for issuance of duplicate certificate; providing penalties for failure to return certificate or furnish execution of satisfaction to the department; providing for electronic transmission of liens and lien satisfactions; limiting notification responsibility of the department; creating s. 317.0015, F.S.; providing for application of specified titling requirements; creating s. 317.0016, F.S.; providing for expedited service on described title transactions; providing a fee for such service; providing for disposition of moneys collected; creating s. 317.0017, F.S.; prohibiting described acts involving vehicle identification numbers, applications,

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certificates of title, and other documents relating to off-highway vehicles; providing penalties; providing for seizure and forfeiture of vehicle used in violation; creating s. 317.0018, F.S.; prohibiting the transfer of an off-highway vehicle without delivery of a certificate of title; prescribing other violations; providing penalties; amending ss. 317.0001, 317.0004, 317.0005, 317.0006, 317.0010, 317.0012, and 317.0013, F.S.; conforming references; amending s. 318.14, F.S.; revising procedures for the submission of traffic infraction dispositions to the department by local officials having jurisdiction; authorizing the department to modify certain suspension and revocation actions when disposition is not timely reported; amending s. 318.15, F.S.; revising provisions for remittance of certain driver license reinstatement fees; amending s. 319.23, F.S.; requiring certain dealers to report taking of a motor vehicle or mobile home in trade; requiring the department to update certain records; amending s. 319.29, F.S.; requiring the department to verify the identity of certain persons who receive title; requiring the department to maintain documentation; amending s. 320.05, F.S.; deleting fees for certain motor vehicle and vessel information provided via the Internet; amending s. 320.0601, F.S.; requiring registration of long-term leased vehicles to be in the name of the lessee; amending s. 320.0605, F.S.; exempting specified vehicles from the requirement that the certificate of registration be in the vehicle; amending s. 320.0607, F.S.; requiring the department to verify the identity of persons

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authorized to receive a replacement license plate or duplicate registration; requiring the department to maintain documentation; amending s. 320.0843, F.S.; requiring a vehicle registration reflecting more than one owner to indicate which owner is eligible for a disabled parking permit; amending s. 320.0848, F.S.; requiring the department to verify the identity of persons authorized to receive a replacement or duplicate disabled parking permit; requiring the department to maintain documentation; amending s. 320.131, F.S.; authorizing the department to administer an electronic system for licensed motor vehicle dealers to use in issuing temporary tags; providing procedures; providing penalties for failure to comply with department requirements; amending s. 320.18, F.S.; authorizing the department to cancel a motor vehicle registration, driver license, identification card, or fuel-use tax decal when certain payments have been made by a dishonored check; amending s. 320.27, F.S.; providing a period of time motor vehicle dealers are to maintain records of described transactions; providing penalties for specified violations; amending s. 320.8249, F.S.; revising provisions prohibiting certain acts by mobile home installers; providing penalties; amending s. 322.051, F.S.; revising list of documents accepted as proof of identity of applicant for identification card; revising the period of validity; requiring described content on such cards; amending s. 322.08, F.S.; revising provisions for documents required as proof of identity for issuance of a driver's license; providing additional documents that

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shall be acceptable proof of identity for application for such licenses; providing for expiration of certain licenses and permits; amending s. 322.135, F.S.; revising procedures for distribution of funds collected by driver license agents; revising procedure when tax collector has reason to believe applicant is not qualified to operate motor vehicle; requiring the collecting county officer to make payment to the state by electronic funds transfer within a certain timeframe; amending s. 322.142, F.S.; prohibiting waiver of certain driver license content requirements; amending s. 322.17, F.S.; correcting references; amending s. 322.18, F.S.; correcting references; revising provisions for issuance and renewal of licenses; revising expiration timeframe for a commercial license with a hazardous-materials endorsement; amending s. 322.19, F.S.; correcting references; amending s. 322.20, F.S.; providing for charges for described access to certain license status reports; amending s. 322.21, F.S.; authorizing the department to set a fee for a hazardous-materials endorsement; removing reference to fees for a Class D driver's license; amending s. 322.22, F.S.; authorizing the department to cancel an identification card, vehicle registration, or fuel-use tax decal when certain payments have been made by a dishonored check; amending s. 322.292, F.S.; requiring all DUI education courses to be conducted in a classroom with interaction among offenders and an instructor; amending s. 322.53, F.S.; removing certain commercial driver license exemption requirements for a Class D driver license;

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146 amending s. 322.54, F.S.; revising license requirements 147 for certain persons who operate commercial motor vehicles; amending s. 322.57, F.S.; requiring school bus drivers to 148 complete certain testing; revising requirements for 149 150 license restrictions for certain persons who drive 151 commercial motor vehicles; amending s. 322.61, F.S.; 152 specifying additional violations that disqualify a person 153 from operating a commercial motor vehicle; providing penalties; amending s. 322.63, F.S.; revising provisions 154 for alcohol and drug testing of commercial motor vehicle 155 operators; amending s. 713.78, F.S.; revising provisions 156 for wrecker operator liens against a motor vehicle; 157 158 revising the grounds upon which a vehicle owner may 159 dispute a lien; excluding lessors; reenacting ss. 160 318.14(9) and 322.64(14), F.S., relating to citation 161 procedures and proceedings, to incorporate the amendment 162 to s. 322.61, F.S., in references thereto; amending ss. 316.1936, 322.05, 322.07, 322.12, 322.161, 322.251, 163 164 322.30, and 322.58, F.S.; eliminating the Class D driver's 165 license and deleting references thereto; providing 166 effective dates.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Subsection (6) of section 261.03, Florida Statutes, is amended, and subsection (11) is added to said section, to read:

173 261.03 Definition

261.03 Definitions. -- As used in this chapter, the term:

HB 1809 2004 174 "Off-highway vehicle" means any ATV, two-rider ATV, or 175 OHM that is used off the roads or highways of this state for recreational purposes and that is not registered and licensed 176 177 for highway use under chapter 320. 178 (11) "Two-rider ATV" means any ATV that is specifically 179 designed by the manufacturer for a single operator and one 180 passenger. 181 Section 2. Subsection (2) of section 261.05, Florida 182 Statutes, is amended to read: 261.05 Duties and responsibilities of the Off-Highway 183 Vehicle Recreation Advisory Committee. --184 185 The advisory committee shall study and make 186 recommendations to the Governor and the Legislature department 187 regarding off-highway vehicle safety and training and education programs in the operation of such vehicles and shall provide a 188 report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the 189 Speaker of the House of Representatives by January 1, 2005. 190 191 Section 3. Paragraph (c) is added to subsection (2) of section 316.006, Florida Statutes, to read: 192 193 316.006 Jurisdiction. -- Jurisdiction to control traffic is 194 vested as follows: 195 (2) MUNICIPALITIES. --(c) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the 196 197 contrary, a municipality may, by interlocal agreement with a 198 county, agree to transfer traffic regulatory authority over 199 areas within the municipality to the county.

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This subsection shall not limit those counties which have the charter powers to provide and regulate arterial, toll, and other

roads, bridges, tunnels, and related facilities from the proper exercise of those powers by the placement and maintenance of traffic control devices which conform to the manual and specifications of the Department of Transportation on streets and highways located within municipal boundaries.

Section 4. Section 316.122, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

316.122 Vehicle turning left.—The driver of a vehicle intending to turn to the left within an intersection or into an alley, private road, or driveway shall yield the right-of-way to any vehicle approaching from the opposite direction, or any vehicle lawfully passing on the left of the turning vehicle, which is within the intersection or so close thereto as to constitute an immediate hazard. A violation of this section is a noncriminal traffic infraction, punishable as a moving violation as provided in chapter 318.

Section 5. Section 316.1576, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

316.1576 Insufficient clearance at a railroad-highway grade crossing.--

- (1) No person shall drive any vehicle through a railroadhighway grade crossing that does not have sufficient space to drive completely through the crossing without stopping.
- (2) No person shall drive any vehicle through a railroadhighway grade crossing that does not have sufficient undercarriage clearance to drive completely through the crossing without stopping.
- (3) A violation of this section is a noncriminal traffic infraction, punishable as a moving violation as provided in

232 chapter 318.

Section 6. Paragraph (e) of subsection (1) of section 316.1932, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

316.1932 Tests for alcohol, chemical substances, or controlled substances; implied consent; refusal.--

(1)

- (e)1. By applying for a driver's license and by accepting and using a driver's license, the person holding the driver's license is deemed to have expressed his or her consent to the provisions of this section.
- 2. A nonresident or any other person driving in a status exempt from the requirements of the driver's license law, by his or her act of driving in such exempt status, is deemed to have expressed his or her consent to the provisions of this section.
- 3. A warning of the consent provision of this section shall be printed above the signature line on each new or renewed driver's license.
- Section 7. Paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (5) of section 316.1936, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
- 316.1936 Possession of open containers of alcoholic beverages in vehicles prohibited; penalties.--
  - (5) This section shall not apply to:
- (a) A passenger of a vehicle in which the driver is operating the vehicle pursuant to a contract to provide transportation for passengers and such driver holds a valid commercial driver's license with a passenger endorsement or a Class D driver's license issued in accordance with the requirements of chapter 322;

(b) A passenger of a bus in which the driver holds a valid commercial driver's license with a passenger endorsement or a Class D driver's license issued in accordance with the requirements of chapter 322; or

Section 8. Paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (3) of section 316.194, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

316.194 Stopping, standing or parking outside of municipalities.--

- (3)(a) Whenever any police officer or traffic accident investigation officer finds a vehicle standing upon a highway in violation of any of the foregoing provisions of this section, the officer is authorized to move the vehicle, or require the driver or other persons in charge of the vehicle to move the same, to a position off the paved or main-traveled part of the highway.
- (b) Officers and traffic accident investigation officers are hereby authorized to provide for the removal of any abandoned vehicle to the nearest garage or other place of safety, cost of such removal to be a lien against motor vehicle, when said abandoned vehicle is found unattended upon a bridge or causeway or in any tunnel, or on any public highway in the following instances:
- 1. Where such vehicle constitutes an obstruction of traffic;
- 2. Where such vehicle has been parked or stored on the public right-of-way for a period exceeding 48 hours, in other than designated parking areas, and is within 30 feet of the pavement edge; and

3. Where an operative vehicle has been parked or stored on the public right-of-way for a period exceeding 10 days, in other than designated parking areas, and is more than 30 feet from the pavement edge. However, the agency removing such vehicle shall be required to report same to the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles within 24 hours of such removal.

Section 9. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 316.1967, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

316.1967 Liability for payment of parking ticket violations and other parking violations.--

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The owner of a vehicle is responsible and liable for payment of any parking ticket violation unless the owner can furnish evidence, when required by this subsection, that the vehicle was, at the time of the parking violation, in the care, custody, or control of another person. In such instances, the owner of the vehicle is required, within a reasonable time after notification of the parking violation, to furnish to the appropriate law enforcement authorities an affidavit setting forth the name, address, and driver's license number of the person who leased, rented, or otherwise had the care, custody, or control of the vehicle. The affidavit submitted under this subsection is admissible in a proceeding charging a parking ticket violation and raises the rebuttable presumption that the person identified in the affidavit is responsible for payment of the parking ticket violation. The owner of a vehicle is not responsible for a parking ticket violation if the vehicle involved was, at the time, stolen or in the care, custody, or control of some person who did not have permission of the owner to use the vehicle. The owner of a leased vehicle is not

responsible for a parking ticket violation and is not required to submit an affidavit or any other evidence contemplated by this section if the vehicle is registered in the name of the person who leased the vehicle.

(2) Any person who is issued a county or municipal parking ticket by a parking enforcement specialist or officer is deemed to be charged with a noncriminal violation and shall comply with the directions on the ticket. If payment is not received or a response to the ticket is not made within the time period specified thereon, the county court or its traffic violations bureau shall notify the registered owner of the vehicle that was cited, or the registered lessee when the cited vehicle is registered in the name of the person who leased the vehicle, by mail to the address given on the motor vehicle registration, of the ticket. Mailing the notice to this address constitutes notification. Upon notification, the registered owner or registered lessee shall comply with the court's directive.

Section 10. Subsection (2) of section 316.2074, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

316.2074 All-terrain vehicles.--

(2) As used in this section, the term "all-terrain vehicle" means any motorized off-highway vehicle 50 inches or less in width, having a dry weight of 900 pounds or less, designed to travel on three or more low-pressure tires, having a seat designed to be straddled by the operator and handlebars for steering control, and intended for use by a single operator with no passenger. For purposes of this section, "all-terrain vehicle" also includes any two-rider ATV as defined in s. 317.0003.

Section 11. Present subsection (7) of section 316.212, Florida Statutes, is amended, subsections (4), (5), (6), and (7) of that section are renumbered as subsections (5), (6), (7), and (8), respectively, and a new subsection (4) is added to said section, to read:

- 316.212 Operation of golf carts on certain roadways.--The operation of a golf cart upon the public roads or streets of this state is prohibited except as provided herein:
- (4) Notwithstanding any provision of this section, a golf cart may be operated on any road which is a part of the State

  Park Road System provided the posted speed limit is not more than 35 miles per hour and such operation is not otherwise prohibited by the Division of Recreation and Parks of the Department of Environmental Protection.
- (5)(4) A golf cart may be operated only during the hours between sunrise and sunset, unless the responsible governmental entity has determined that a golf cart may be operated during the hours between sunset and sunrise and the golf cart is equipped with headlights, brake lights, turn signals, and a windshield.
- (6)(5) A golf cart must be equipped with efficient brakes, reliable steering apparatus, safe tires, a rearview mirror, and red reflectorized warning devices in both the front and rear.
- (7)(6) A golf cart may not be operated on public roads or streets by any person under the age of 14.
- (8)(7) A violation of this section is a noncriminal traffic infraction, punishable pursuant to chapter 318 as either a moving violation for infractions of subsection (1), subsection

HB 1809 2004 374 (2), subsection (3), or subsection (5) (4), or as a nonmoving 375 violation for infractions of subsections (6)  $\frac{(5)}{(5)}$  and (7)  $\frac{(6)}{(5)}$ . Section 12. Subsection (1) of section 316.2125, Florida 376 377 Statutes, is amended to read: 378 316.2125 Operation of golf carts within a retirement 379 community. --380 (1) Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 316.212, the 381 reasonable operation of a golf cart, equipped and operated as provided in s. 316.212(5)(4), (6) (5), and (7) (6), within any 382 self-contained retirement community is permitted unless 383 prohibited under subsection (2). 384 Section 13. Subsection (2) of section 316.2126, Florida 385 Statutes, is amended to read: 386 387 316.2126 Use of golf carts and utility vehicles by 388 municipalities .-- In addition to the powers granted by ss. 389 316.212 and 316.2125, municipalities are hereby authorized to 390 utilize golf carts and utility vehicles, as defined in s. 320.01, upon any state, county, or municipal roads located 391 within the corporate limits of such municipalities, subject to 392 393 the following conditions: In addition to the safety equipment required in s. 394 395 316.212(6)(5), such golf carts and utility vehicles must be 396 equipped with sufficient lighting and turn signal equipment. 397 Section 14. Subsection (4) of section 316.613, Florida 398 Statutes, is amended to read: 399 316.613 Child restraint requirements.--400 (4) It is the legislative intent that all state, 401 county, and local law enforcement agencies, and safety councils,

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in recognition of the problems with child death and injury from

HB 1809 2004 403 unrestrained occupancy in motor vehicles, conduct a continuing 404 safety and public awareness campaign as to the magnitude of the 405 problem. 406 (b) The department may authorize the expenditure of funds for the purchase of promotional items as part of the public 407 information and education campaigns provided for in this 408 subsection and ss. 316.614, 322.025, and 403.7145. 409 410 Section 15. Section 316.6131, Florida Statutes, is created 411 to read: 412 316.6131 Educational expenditures. -- The department may 413 authorize the expenditure of funds for the purchase of 414 educational items as part of the public information and 415 education campaigns promoting highway safety and awareness as well as departmental community-based initiatives. Funds may be 416 417 expended for, but are not limited to, campaigns provided for in 418 chapters 316, 320, and 322, and s. 403.7145. 419 Section 16. Subsection (9) of section 316.650, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 420 316.650 Traffic citations.--421 422 Such citations shall not be admissible evidence in any 423 trial, except when presented as evidence of falsification, 424 forgery, uttering, fraud, or perjury or when presented as 425 physical evidence resulting from a forensic examination of the 426 citation. 427 Section 17. Section 317.0001, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 428 429 317.0001 Short title.--This chapter Sections 317.0001-430 317.0013 may be cited as the "Florida Off-Highway Vehicle

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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Titling Act."

Section 18. Section 317.0003, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

317.0003 Definitions.--As used in this chapter Sections 317.0001-317.0013, the term:

- (1) "ATV" means any motorized off-highway or all-terrain vehicle 50 inches or less in width, having a dry weight of 900 pounds or less, designed to travel on three or more low-pressure tires, having a seat designed to be straddled by the operator and handlebars for steering control, and intended for use by a single operator and with no passenger.
- (2) "Dealer" means any person authorized by the Department of Revenue to buy, sell, resell, or otherwise distribute off-highway vehicles. Such person must have a valid sales tax certificate of registration issued by the Department of Revenue and a valid commercial or occupational license required by any county, municipality, or political subdivision of the state in which the person operates.
- (3) "Department" means the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles.
- (4) "Florida resident" means a person who has had a principal place of domicile in this state for a period of more than 6 consecutive months, who has registered to vote in this state, who has made a statement of domicile pursuant to s. 222.17, or who has filed for homestead tax exemption on property in this state.
- (5) "OHM" or "off-highway motorcycle" means any motor vehicle used off the roads or highways of this state that has a seat or saddle for the use of the rider and is designed to

travel with not more than two wheels in contact with the ground,
but excludes a tractor or a moped.

- (6) "Off-highway vehicle" means any ATV, two-rider ATV, or OHM that is used off the roads or highways of this state for recreational purposes and that is not registered and licensed for highway use pursuant to chapter 320.
- (7) "Owner" means a person, other than a lienholder, having the property in or title to an off-highway vehicle, including a person entitled to the use or possession of an off-highway vehicle subject to an interest held by another person, reserved or created by agreement and securing payment of performance of an obligation, but the term excludes a lessee under a lease not intended as security.
- (8) "Public lands" means lands within the state that are available for public use and that are owned, operated, or managed by a federal, state, county, or municipal governmental entity.
- (9) "Two-rider ATV" means any ATV that is specifically designed by the manufacturer for a single operator and one passenger.
- Section 19. Subsection (1) of section 317.0004, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 317.0004 Administration of off-highway vehicle titling laws; records.--
- (1) The administration of off-highway vehicle titling laws in this chapter ss. 317.0001-317.0013 is under the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles, which shall provide for the issuing, handling, and recording of all off-highway vehicle

titling applications and certificates, including the receipt and accounting of off-highway vehicle titling fees.

Section 20. Section 317.0005, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

317.0005 Rules, forms, and notices.--

- (1) The department may adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54, which pertain to off-highway vehicle titling, in order to implement the provisions of this chapter ss. 317.0001-317.0013 conferring duties upon it.
- (2) The department shall prescribe and provide suitable forms for applications and other notices and forms necessary to administer the provisions of this chapter ss. 317.0001-317.0013.
- Section 21. Subsection (1) of section 317.0006, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
  - 317.0006 Certificate of title required.--
- (1) Any off-highway vehicle that is purchased by a resident of this state after the effective date of this act or that is owned by a resident and is operated on the public lands of this state must be titled pursuant to this chapter ss. 317.0001-317.0013.
- Section 22. Subsection (6) is added to section 317.0007, Florida Statutes, to read:
- 317.0007 Application for and issuance of certificate of title.--
- (6) In addition to a certificate of title, the department may issue a validation sticker to be placed on the off-highway vehicle as proof of the issuance of title required pursuant to s. 317.0006(1). Validation stickers lost or destroyed may, upon application, be replaced by the department or the county tax

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517 collector. The department and county tax collector are
518 authorized to charge and deposit the fees as established in ss.
519 320.03(5) and 320.04 for all original and replacement decals.

Section 23. Section 317.0008, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

317.0008 Duplicate certificate of title.--

- (1) The department may issue a duplicate certificate of title upon application by the person entitled to hold such a certificate if the department is satisfied that the original certificate has been lost, destroyed, or mutilated. A fee of \$15 shall be charged for issuing a duplicate certificate.
- (2) In addition to the fee imposed by subsection (1), a fee of \$7 shall be charged for expedited service in issuing a duplicate certificate of title. Application for such expedited service may be made by mail or in person. The department shall issue each certificate of title applied for under this subsection within 5 working days after receipt of a proper application or shall refund the additional \$7 fee upon written request by the applicant.
- (2)(3) If, following the issuance of an original, duplicate, or corrected certificate of title by the department, the certificate is lost in transit and is not delivered to the addressee, the owner of the off-highway vehicle or the holder of a lien thereon may, within 180 days after the date of issuance of the certificate, apply to the department for reissuance of the certificate. An additional fee may not be charged for reissuance under this subsection.
- (3) (4) The department shall implement a system to verify that the application is signed by a person authorized to receive

a duplicate certificate of title under this section if the address shown on the application is different from the address shown for the applicant on the records of the department.

Section 24. Section 317.0010, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

317.0010 Disposition of fees.--Except as otherwise specifically provided for in this chapter, the department shall deposit all funds received under this chapter ss. 317.0001-317.0013, less administrative costs of \$2 per title transaction, into the Incidental Trust Fund of the Division of Forestry of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services.

Section 25. Paragraph (c) of subsection (3) of section 317.0012, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

317.0012 Crimes relating to certificates of title; penalties.--

(3) It is unlawful to:

(c) Use a false or fictitious name, give a false or fictitious address, or make any false statement in any application or affidavit required by this chapter ss. 317.0001-317.0013 or in a bill of sale or sworn statement of ownership or otherwise commit a fraud in any application.

Any person who violates this subsection commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. A violation of this subsection with respect to any off-highway vehicle makes such off-highway vehicle contraband which may be seized by a law enforcement agency and forfeited under ss. 932.701-932.704.

Section 26. Section 317.0013, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

317.0013 Nonmoving traffic violations.—Any person who fails to comply with any provision of this chapter ss. 317.0001—317.0012 for which a penalty is not otherwise provided commits a nonmoving traffic violation, punishable as provided in s. 318.18.

Section 27. Section 317.0014, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

317.0014 Issuance in duplicate; delivery; liens and encumbrances.--

- (1) The department shall assign a number to each certificate of title and shall issue each certificate of title and each corrected certificate in duplicate. The database record shall serve as the duplicate title certificate required herein.

  One printed copy may be retained on file by the department.
- (2) A duly authorized person shall sign the original certificate of title and each corrected certificate and, if there are no liens or encumbrances on the off-highway vehicle as shown in the records of the department or as shown in the application, shall deliver the certificate to the applicant or to another person as directed by the applicant or person, agent, or attorney submitting such application. If there are one or more liens or encumbrances on the off-highway vehicle, the certificate shall be delivered by the department to the first lienholder as shown by department records or to the owner as indicated in the notice of lien filed by the first lienholder. If the notice of lien filed by the first lienholder indicates that the certificate should be delivered to the first

HB 1809 2004 603 lienholder, the department shall deliver to the first lienholder, along with the certificate, a form to be 604 605 subsequently used by the lienholder as a satisfaction. If the 606 notice of lien filed by the first lienholder directs the 607 certificate of title to be delivered to the owner, then, upon 608 delivery of the certificate of title by the department to the 609 owner, the department shall deliver to the first lienholder 610 confirmation of the receipt of the notice of lien and the date 611 the certificate of title was issued to the owner at the owner's 612 address shown on the notice of lien and a form to be 613 subsequently used by the lienholder as a satisfaction. If the 614 application for certificate shows the name of a first lienholder 615 different from the name of the first lienholder as shown by the 616 records of the department, the certificate shall not be issued 617 to any person until after all parties who appear to hold a lien 618 and the applicant for the certificate have been notified of the 619 conflict in writing by the department by certified mail. If the 620 parties do not amicably resolve the conflict within 10 days 621 after the date such notice was mailed, the department shall 622 serve notice in writing by certified mail on all persons 623 appearing to hold liens on that particular vehicle, including 624 the applicant for the certificate, to show cause within 15 days 625 after the date the notice is mailed why it should not issue and 626 deliver the certificate to the person indicated in the notice of 627 lien filed by the lienholder whose name appears in the 628 application as the first lienholder without showing any lien or 629 liens as outstanding other than those appearing in the 630 application or those which may have been filed subsequent to the 631 filing of the application for the certificate. If, within the

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632 15-day period, any person other than the lienholder shown in the 633 application or a party filing a subsequent lien, in answer to 634 such notice to show cause, appears in person or by a 635 representative, or responds in writing, and files a written 636 statement under oath that his or her lien on that particular 637 vehicle is still outstanding, the department shall not issue the 638 certificate to anyone until after such conflict has been settled 639 by the lien claimants involved or by a court of competent 640 jurisdiction. If the conflict is not settled amicably within 10 641 days after the final date for filing an answer to the notice to 642 show cause, the complaining party shall have 10 days to obtain a 643 ruling or a stay order from a court of competent jurisdiction; 644 if no ruling or stay order is issued and served on the 645 department within the 10-day period, it shall issue the 646 certificate showing no liens except those shown in the 647 application or thereafter filed to the original applicant if there are no liens shown in the application and none are 648 649 thereafter filed, or to the person indicated in the notice of 650 lien filed by the lienholder whose name appears in the 651 application as the first lienholder if there are liens shown in 652 the application or thereafter filed. A duplicate certificate or 653 corrected certificate shall only show such lien or liens as were 654 shown in the application and subsequently filed liens that may 655 be outstanding. (3) Except as provided in subsection (4), the certificate 656 657 of title shall be retained by the first lienholder or the owner 658 as indicated in the notice of lien filed by the first 659 lienholder. If the first lienholder is in possession of the

certificate, the first lienholder shall be entitled to retain the certificate until the first lien is satisfied.

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- If the owner of the vehicle as shown on the title certificate desires to place a second or subsequent lien or encumbrance against the vehicle when the title certificate is in the possession of the first lienholder, the owner shall send a written request to the first lienholder by certified mail and such first lienholder shall forward the certificate to the department for endorsement. If the title certificate is in the possession of the owner, the owner shall forward the certificate to the department for endorsement. The department shall return the certificate to either the first lienholder or to the owner, as indicated in the notice of lien filed by the first lienholder, after endorsing the second or subsequent lien on the certificate and on the duplicate. If the first lienholder or owner fails, neglects, or refuses to forward the certificate of title to the department within 10 days after the date of the owner's request, the department, on the written request of the subsequent lienholder or an assignee thereof, shall demand of the first lienholder the return of such certificate for the notation of the second or subsequent lien or encumbrance.
- (5)(a) Upon satisfaction of any first lien or encumbrance recorded at the department, the owner of the vehicle as shown on the title certificate or the person satisfying the lien shall be entitled to demand and receive from the lienholder a satisfaction of the lien. If the lienholder, upon satisfaction of the lien and upon demand, fails or refuses to furnish a satisfaction thereof within 30 days after demand, he or she shall be held liable for all costs, damages, and expenses,

including reasonable attorney's fees lawfully incurred by the titled owner or person satisfying the lien in any suit brought in this state for cancellation of the lien. The lienholder receiving final payment as defined in s. 674.215 shall mail or otherwise deliver a lien satisfaction and the certificate of title indicating the satisfaction within 10 working days after receipt of such final payment or notify the person satisfying the lien that the title is not available within 10 working days after receipt of such final payment. If the lienholder is unable to provide the certificate of title and notifies the person of such, the lienholder shall provide a lien satisfaction and shall be responsible for the cost of a duplicate title, including fast title charges as provided in s. 317.0016. The provisions of this paragraph shall not apply to electronic transactions pursuant to subsection (8).

- (b) Following satisfaction of a lien, the lienholder shall enter a satisfaction thereof in the space provided on the face of the certificate of title. If the certificate of title was retained by the owner, the owner shall, within 5 days after the satisfaction of a lien, deliver the certificate of title to the lienholder and the lienholder shall enter a satisfaction thereof in the space provided on the face of the certificate of title. If there are no subsequent liens shown thereon, the certificate shall be delivered by the lienholder to the person satisfying the lien or encumbrance and an executed satisfaction on a form provided by the department shall be forwarded to the department by the lienholder within 10 days after satisfaction of the lien.
- (c) If the certificate of title shows a subsequent lien not then being discharged, an executed satisfaction of the first

lien shall be delivered by the lienholder to the person satisfying the lien and the certificate of title showing satisfaction of the first lien shall be forwarded by the lienholder to the department within 10 days after satisfaction of the lien.

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- (d) If, upon receipt of a title certificate showing satisfaction of the first lien, the department determines from its records that there are no subsequent liens or encumbrances upon the vehicle, the department shall forward to the owner as shown on the face of the title a corrected certificate showing no liens or encumbrances. If there is a subsequent lien not being discharged, the certificate of title shall be reissued showing the second or subsequent lienholder as the first lienholder and shall be delivered to either the new first lienholder or to the owner as indicated in the notice of lien filed by the new first lienholder. If the certificate of title is to be retained by the first lienholder on the reissued certificate, the first lienholder shall be entitled to retain the certificate of title except as provided in subsection (4) until his or her lien is satisfied. Upon satisfaction of the lien, the lienholder shall be subject to the procedures required of a first lienholder by subsection (4) and this subsection.
- (6) When the original certificate of title cannot be returned to the department by the lienholder and evidence satisfactory to the department is produced that all liens or encumbrances have been satisfied, upon application by the owner for a duplicate copy of the certificate on a form prescribed by the department which is accompanied by the fee prescribed in this chapter, a duplicate copy of the certificate of title

without statement of liens or encumbrances shall be issued by
 the department and delivered to the owner.

- (7) Any person who fails, within 10 days after receipt of a demand by the department by certified mail, to return a certificate of title to the department as required by subsection (4) or who, upon satisfaction of a lien, fails within 10 days after receipt of such demand to forward the appropriate document to the department as required by paragraph (5)(b) or paragraph (5)(c) commits a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
- (8) Notwithstanding any requirements in this section or in s. 319.27 indicating that a lien on a vehicle shall be noted on the face of the Florida certificate of title, if there are one or more liens or encumbrances on the off-highway vehicle, the department may electronically transmit the lien to the first lienholder and notify the first lienholder of any additional liens. Subsequent lien satisfactions may be electronically transmitted to the department and shall include the name and address of the person or entity satisfying the lien. When electronic transmission of liens and lien satisfactions is used, the issuance of a certificate of title may be waived until the last lien is satisfied and a clear certificate of title is issued to the owner of the vehicle.
- (9) When sending any notice, the department shall only be required to use the last known address as shown by its records.

  Section 28. Section 317.0015, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
- 317.0015 Application of law.--The provisions of ss.
  319.235, 319.241, 319.25, 319.27, 319.28, and 319.40 shall apply

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HB 1809 2004 776 to all off-highway vehicles that are required to be titled by 777 the provisions of this chapter. 778 Section 29. Section 317.0016, Florida Statutes, is created 779 to read: 780 317.0016 Expedited service; applications; fees.--The 781 department shall provide through its agents and for use by the 782 public expedited service on title transfers, title issuances, 783 duplicate titles, and recordation of liens and certificates of 784 repossession under this chapter. Application for such expedited 785 service may be made by mail or in person. The department shall 786 issue each title applied for pursuant to this section within 5 working days after receipt of the application accompanied by the 787 788 appropriate fees, except for an application for a duplicate 789 title certificate covered by s. 317.0008(3), in which case the 790 title must be issued within 5 working days after compliance with 791 the department's verification requirements. A fee of \$7 shall be charged for this service, which is in addition to the fees 792 793 imposed by ss. 317.0007 and 317.0008. A total of \$3.50 of this 794 fee shall be retained by the processing agency. The amounts 795 remaining from the fees shall be deposited into the Incidental 796 Trust Fund of the Division of Forestry of the Department of 797 Agriculture and Consumer Services. 798 Section 30. Section 317.0017, Florida Statutes, is created 799 to read: 800 317.0017 Offenses involving vehicle identification numbers, applications, certificates, papers; penalty. --801 802 (1) A person may not:

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

(a) Alter or forge any certificate of title to an offhighway vehicle or any assignment thereof or any cancellation of any lien on an off-highway vehicle.

(b) Retain or use such certificate, assignment, or cancellation knowing that it has been altered or forged.

- (c) Procure or attempt to procure a certificate of title to an off-highway vehicle, or pass or attempt to pass a certificate of title or any assignment thereof to an off-highway vehicle, knowing or having reason to believe that the off-highway vehicle has been stolen.
- (d) Possess, sell or offer for sale, conceal, or dispose of in this state an off-highway vehicle, or major component part thereof, on which any motor number or vehicle identification number affixed by the manufacturer or by a state agency has been destroyed, removed, covered, altered, or defaced, with knowledge of such destruction, removal, covering, alteration, or defacement, except as provided in s. 319.30(4).
- (e) Use a false or fictitious name, give a false or fictitious address, or make any false statement in any application or affidavit required under this chapter or in a bill of sale or sworn statement of ownership or otherwise commit a fraud in any application.
- (2) A person may not knowingly obtain goods, services, credit, or money by means of an invalid, duplicate, fictitious, forged, counterfeit, stolen, or unlawfully obtained certificate of title, registration, bill of sale, or other indicia of ownership of an off-highway vehicle.
- (3) A person may not knowingly obtain goods, services, credit, or money by means of a certificate of title to an off-

highway vehicle, which certificate is required by law to be surrendered to the department.

- (4) A person may not knowingly and with intent to defraud have in his or her possession, sell or offer to sell, counterfeit, or supply a blank, forged, fictitious, counterfeit, stolen, or fraudulently or unlawfully obtained certificate of title, bill of sale, or other indicia of ownership of an off-highway vehicle or conspire to do any of the foregoing.
- (5) A person, firm, or corporation may not knowingly possess, manufacture, sell or exchange, offer to sell or exchange, supply in blank, or give away any counterfeit manufacturer's or state-assigned identification number plates or serial plates or any decal used for the purpose of identifying an off-highway vehicle. A person, or an officer, agent, or employee of any person, firm, or corporation, may not authorize, direct, aid in exchange, or give away, or conspire to authorize, direct, aid in exchange, or give away, such counterfeit manufacturer's or state-assigned identification number plates or serial plates or any decal. However, this subsection does not apply to any approved replacement manufacturer's or state-assigned identification number plates or any decal issued by the department or any state.
- (6) A person who violates any provision of this section commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. Any off-highway vehicle used in violation of this section constitutes contraband that may be seized by a law enforcement agency and that is subject to forfeiture proceedings pursuant to ss. 932.701-932.704. This section is not exclusive of any other penalties prescribed by

any existing or future laws for the larceny or unauthorized taking of off-highway vehicles but is supplementary thereto.

Section 31. Section 317.0018, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

- 317.0018 Transfer without delivery of certificate; operation or use without certificate; failure to surrender; other violations.--Except as otherwise provided for in this chapter, any person who:
- (1) Purports to sell or transfer an off-highway vehicle without delivering to the purchaser or transferee thereof a certificate of title thereto duly assigned to such purchaser or transferee as provided in this chapter;
- (2) Operates or uses in this state an off-highway vehicle for which a certificate of title is required without such certificate having been obtained in accordance with the provisions of this chapter or upon which the certificate of title has been canceled;
- (3) Fails to surrender any certificate of title upon cancellation of the same by the department and notice thereof as prescribed in this chapter;
- (4) Fails to surrender the certificate of title to the department as provided in this chapter in case of the destruction, dismantling, or change of an off-highway vehicle in such respect that it is not the off-highway vehicle described in the certificate of title; or
- (5) Violates any of the other provisions of this chapter or a lawful rule adopted pursuant to the provisions of this chapter

HB 1809 2004 890 commits a criminal offense punishable by a fine of not more than 891 \$500 or by a term of imprisonment not exceeding 6 months, or 892 both, for each offense. 893 Section 32. Subsection (7) of section 318.14, Florida 894 Statutes, is amended to read: 895 318.14 Noncriminal traffic infractions; exception; 896 procedures.--897 (7)(a) The official having jurisdiction over the 898 infraction shall certify to the department within 10 days after 899 payment of the civil penalty that the defendant has admitted to 900 the infraction. If the charge results in a hearing, the official 901 having jurisdiction shall certify to the department the final 902 disposition within 10 days after of the hearing. All 903 dispositions returned to the county requiring a correction shall 904 be resubmitted to the department within 10 days after the 905 notification of the error. 906 (b) If the official having jurisdiction over the 907 infraction submits the final disposition to the department more than 180 days after the final hearing or after payment of the 908 909 civil penalty, the department is authorized to modify any 910 resulting suspension or revocation action to begin as if the 911 citation were reported in a timely manner. 912 Section 33. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment 913 to section 322.61, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, 914 subsection (9) of section 318.14, Florida Statutes, is reenacted 915 to read: 916 318.14 Noncriminal traffic infractions; exception; 917 procedures.--

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Any person who is cited for an infraction under this section other than a violation of s. 320.0605, s. 320.07(3)(a) or (b), s. 322.065, s. 322.15(1), s. 322.61, or s. 322.62 may, in lieu of a court appearance, elect to attend in the location of his or her choice within this state a basic driver improvement course approved by the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles. In such a case, adjudication must be withheld; points, as provided by s. 322.27, may not be assessed; and the civil penalty that is imposed by s. 318.18(3) must be reduced by 18 percent; however, a person may not make an election under this subsection if the person has made an election under this subsection in the preceding 12 months. A person may make no more than five elections under this subsection. The requirement for community service under s. 318.18(8) is not waived by a plea of nolo contendere or by the withholding of adjudication of guilt by a court.

Section 34. Subsection (2) of section 318.15, Florida Statutes, as amended by chapter 2003-402, Laws of Florida, is amended to read:

- 318.15 Failure to comply with civil penalty or to appear; penalty.--
- (2) After suspension of the driver's license and privilege to drive of a person under subsection (1), the license and privilege may not be reinstated until the person complies with all obligations and penalties imposed on him or her under s. 318.18 and presents to a driver license office a certificate of compliance issued by the court, together with a nonrefundable service fee of up to \$37.50 imposed under s. 322.29, or pays the aforementioned service fee of up to \$37.50 to the clerk of the

947 court or tax collector clearing such suspension. If the fee is 948 collected by the clerk of the court, \$10 of the fee shall be 949 remitted to the Department of Revenue for deposit into the 950 Highway Safety Operating Trust Fund. If the fee is collected by 951 the tax collector, \$10 of the fee shall be remitted to the 952 Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles for deposit into 953 the Highway Safety Operating Trust Fund. Such person shall also be in compliance with requirements of chapter 322 prior to 954

Section 35. Subsection (6) of section 319.23, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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reinstatement.

319.23 Application for, and issuance of, certificate of title.--

(6) In the case of the sale of a motor vehicle or mobile home by a licensed dealer to a general purchaser, the certificate of title shall be obtained in the name of the purchaser by the dealer upon application signed by the purchaser, and in each other case such certificate shall be obtained by the purchaser. In each case of transfer of a motor vehicle or mobile home, the application for certificate of title, or corrected certificate, or assignment or reassignment, shall be filed within 30 days from the delivery of such motor vehicle or mobile home to the purchaser. An applicant shall be required to pay a fee of \$10, in addition to all other fees and penalties required by law, for failing to file such application within the specified time. When a licensed dealer takes a motor vehicle or mobile home in on trade, the dealer must file with the department a notice of sale signed by the seller. The department shall then update its database for that title record

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976 to reflect "sold." A licensed dealer need not apply for a certificate of title for any motor vehicle or mobile home in stock acquired for stock purposes except as provided in s. 319.225.

Subsection (4) of section 319.29, Florida Section 36. Statutes, is amended to read:

319.29 Lost or destroyed certificates.--

- The department shall implement a system to verify that the application is signed by a person authorized to receive a duplicate title certificate under this section if the address shown on the application is different from the address shown for the applicant on the records of the department. If the title is being delivered to someone other than the owner of record, verification of identity for that individual must be verified and physical documentation maintained.
- Section 37. Paragraph (b) of subsection (3) of section 320.05, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 320.05 Records of the department; inspection procedure; lists and searches; fees. --

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- Fees therefor shall be charged and collected as (b) follows:
- For providing lists of motor vehicle or vessel records for the entire state, or any part or parts thereof, divided according to counties, a sum computed at a rate of not less than 1 cent nor more than 5 cents per item.
- 1002 For providing noncertified photographic copies of motor vehicle or vessel documents, \$1 per page. 1003

3. For providing noncertified photographic copies of micrographic records, \$1 per page.

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- 4. For providing certified copies of motor vehicle or vessel records, \$3 per record.
- 5. For providing noncertified computer-generated printouts of motor vehicle or vessel records, 50 cents per record.
- 6. For providing certified computer-generated printouts of motor vehicle or vessel records, \$3 per record.
- 7. For providing electronic access to motor vehicle, vessel, and mobile home registration data requested by tag, vehicle identification number, title number, or decal number, 50 cents per item, except that information provided via the department's Internet website shall be free of charge.
- 8. For providing electronic access to driver's license status report by name, sex, and date of birth or by driver license number, 50 cents per item.
- 8.9. For providing lists of licensed mobile home dealers and manufacturers and recreational vehicle dealers and manufacturers, \$15 per list.
- 9.10. For providing lists of licensed motor vehicle dealers, \$25 per list.
  - 10.11. For each copy of a videotape record, \$15 per tape.
- 1026 <u>11.12.</u> For each copy of the Division of Motor Vehicles
  1027 Procedures Manual, \$25.
- Section 38. Effective July 1, 2004, section 320.0601, 1029 Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 1030 320.0601 <u>Lease and</u> rental car companies; identification of vehicles as for-hire.--

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(1) A rental car company may not rent in this state any for-hire vehicle, other than vehicles designed to transport cargo, that has affixed to its exterior any bumper stickers, insignias, or advertising that identifies the vehicle as a rental vehicle.

(2) As used in this section, the term:

- (a) "Bumper stickers, insignias, or advertising" does not include:
- 1. Any emblem of no more than two colors which is less than 2 inches by 4 inches, which is placed on the rental car for inventory purposes only, and which does not display the name or logo of the rental car company; or
- 2. Any license required by the law of the state in which the vehicle is registered.
- (b) "Rent in this state" means to sign a rental contract in this state or to deliver a car to a renter in this state.
- (3) A rental car company that leases a motor vehicle that is found to be in violation of this section shall be punished by a fine of \$500 per occurrence.
- (4) All original and transfer transactions of long-term leased motor vehicles must be registered in the name of the lessee.
- Section 39. Section 320.0605, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 320.0605 Certificate of registration; possession required; exception.—The registration certificate or an official copy thereof, a true copy of a rental or lease agreement issued for a motor vehicle or issued for a replacement vehicle in the same registration period, a temporary receipt printed upon self-

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initiated electronic renewal of a registration via the Internet, or a cab card issued for a vehicle registered under the International Registration Plan shall, at all times while the vehicle is being used or operated on the roads of this state, be in the possession of the operator thereof or be carried in the vehicle for which issued and shall be exhibited upon demand of any authorized law enforcement officer or any agent of the department, except for vehicles registered under s. 320.0657.

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The provisions of this section do not apply during the first 30 days after purchase of a replacement vehicle. A violation of this section is a noncriminal traffic infraction, punishable as a nonmoving violation as provided in chapter 318.

Section 40. Subsections (3), (4), (5), and (6) of section 320.0607, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (4), (5), (6), and (7), respectively, and a new subsection (3) is added to said section to read:

320.0607 Replacement license plates, validation decal, or mobile home sticker.--

(3) The department shall implement a system to verify that the application is signed by a person authorized to receive a replacement license plate or duplicate registration under this section if the address shown on the application is different from the address shown for the applicant on the records of the department. If the replacement license plate or duplicate registration is being delivered to someone other than the owner of record, proof of identity for that individual must be verified and physical documentation maintained.

Section 41. Subsection (1) of section 320.0843, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

320.0843 License plates for persons with disabilities eligible for permanent disabled parking permits.--

- (1) Any owner or lessee of a motor vehicle who resides in this state and qualifies for a disabled parking permit under s. 320.0848(2), upon application to the department and payment of the license tax for a motor vehicle registered under s. 320.08(2), (3)(a), (b), (c), or (e), (4)(a) or (b), (6)(a), or (9)(c) or (d), shall be issued a license plate as provided by s. 320.06 which, in lieu of the serial number prescribed by s. 320.06, shall be stamped with the international wheelchair user symbol after the serial number of the license plate. The license plate entitles the person to all privileges afforded by a parking permit issued under s. 320.0848. When more than one registrant is listed on the registration issued under this section, the eligible applicant shall be noted on the registration certificate.
- Section 42. Paragraph (f) of subsection (2) of section 320.0848, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 320.0848 Persons who have disabilities; issuance of disabled parking permits; temporary permits; permits for certain providers of transportation services to persons who have disabilities.--
- (2) DISABLED PARKING PERMIT; PERSONS WITH LONG-TERM MOBILITY PROBLEMS.--
- (f) To obtain a replacement for a disabled parking permit that has been lost or stolen, a person must submit an application on a form prescribed by the department and must pay a replacement fee in the amount of \$1.00, to be retained by the issuing agency. If the person submits with the application a

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police report documenting that the permit was stolen, there is
no replacement fee. The department shall implement a system to
verify that the application is signed by a person authorized to
receive a replacement or duplicate parking permit under this

section if the address shown on the application is different from the address shown for the applicant on the records of the

department. If the replacement or duplicate parking permit is

being delivered to someone other than the owner of record, proof

of identity for that individual must be verified and physical

1128 documentation maintained.

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Section 43. Subsection (8) is added to section 320.131, Florida Statutes, to read:

320.131 Temporary tags.--

- (8) The department may implement an electronic temporary license plate system that must be used by licensed motor vehicle dealers. Upon issuance of a temporary license plate by a dealer, the dealer must access the electronic system and enter the appropriate vehicle and owner information within the timeframe specified by departmental rule. If a dealer fails to comply with the requirements of the electronic system, the department may deny, suspend, or revoke any license issued pursuant to s. 320.27(9) upon proof that a licensee has failed to comply with this subsection.
- Section 44. Subsection (1) of section 320.18, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
  - 320.18 Withholding registration.--
- 1145 (1) The department may withhold the registration of any
  1146 motor vehicle or mobile home the owner of which has failed to
  1147 register it under the provisions of law for any previous period

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1149 made in this state, until the tax for such period or periods is 1150 paid. The department may cancel any vehicle registration, driver license, identification card, license plate or fuel-use tax 1151 decal if the owner uses a dishonored check to pay pays for the 1152 vehicle registration, driver license, identification card, or 1153 1154 license plate, fuel-use tax decal; to pay an administrative,

or periods for which it appears registration should have been

- 1155 delinquency, or reinstatement fee; or to pay any tax liability,
- 1156 penalty, or interest specified in chapter 207 by a dishonored
- 1157 check, or if the vehicle owner or motor carrier has failed to
- 1158 pay a penalty for a weight or safety violation issued by the
- 1159 Department of Transportation Motor Carrier Compliance Office.
- 1160 The Department of Transportation and the Department of Highway
- 1161 Safety and Motor Vehicles may impound any commercial motor
- 1162 vehicle that has a canceled license plate or fuel-use tax decal
- until the tax liability, penalty, and interest specified in 1163
- 1164 chapter 207, the license tax, or the fuel-use decal fee, and
- 1165 applicable administrative fees have been paid for by certified

1166 funds.

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- Section 45. Subsection (6) and paragraph (b) of subsection (9) of section 320.27, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 320.27 Motor vehicle dealers.--
- (6) RECORDS TO BE KEPT BY LICENSEE. -- Every licensee shall keep a book or record in such form as shall be prescribed or approved by the department for a period of 5 years, in which the licensee shall keep a record of the purchase, sale, or exchange, or receipt for the purpose of sale, of any motor vehicle, the date upon which any temporary tag was issued, the date of title transfer, and a description of such motor vehicle together with

the name and address of the seller, the purchaser, and the alleged owner or other person from whom such motor vehicle was purchased or received or to whom it was sold or delivered, as the case may be. Such description shall include the identification or engine number, maker's number, if any, chassis number, if any, and such other numbers or identification marks as may be thereon and shall also include a statement that a number has been obliterated, defaced, or changed, if such is the fact.

(9) DENIAL, SUSPENSION, OR REVOCATION. --

- (b) The department may deny, suspend, or revoke any license issued hereunder or under the provisions of s. 320.77 or s. 320.771 upon proof that a licensee has committed, with sufficient frequency so as to establish a pattern of wrongdoing on the part of a licensee, violations of one or more of the following activities:
- 1. Representation that a demonstrator is a new motor vehicle, or the attempt to sell or the sale of a demonstrator as a new motor vehicle without written notice to the purchaser that the vehicle is a demonstrator. For the purposes of this section, a "demonstrator," a "new motor vehicle," and a "used motor vehicle" shall be defined as under s. 320.60.
- 2. Unjustifiable refusal to comply with a licensee's responsibility under the terms of the new motor vehicle warranty issued by its respective manufacturer, distributor, or importer. However, if such refusal is at the direction of the manufacturer, distributor, or importer, such refusal shall not be a ground under this section.

3. Misrepresentation or false, deceptive, or misleading statements with regard to the sale or financing of motor vehicles which any motor vehicle dealer has, or causes to have, advertised, printed, displayed, published, distributed, broadcast, televised, or made in any manner with regard to the sale or financing of motor vehicles.

- 4. Failure by any motor vehicle dealer to provide a customer or purchaser with an odometer disclosure statement and a copy of any bona fide written, executed sales contract or agreement of purchase connected with the purchase of the motor vehicle purchased by the customer or purchaser.
- 5. Failure of any motor vehicle dealer to comply with the terms of any bona fide written, executed agreement, pursuant to the sale of a motor vehicle.
- 6. Failure to apply for transfer of a title as prescribed in s. 319.23(6).
- 7. Use of the dealer license identification number by any person other than the licensed dealer or his or her designee.
- 8. Failure to continually meet the requirements of the licensure law.
- 9. Representation to a customer or any advertisement to the public representing or suggesting that a motor vehicle is a new motor vehicle if such vehicle lawfully cannot be titled in the name of the customer or other member of the public by the seller using a manufacturer's statement of origin as permitted in s. 319.23(1).
- 10. Requirement by any motor vehicle dealer that a customer or purchaser accept equipment on his or her motor vehicle which was not ordered by the customer or purchaser.

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1234 11. Requirement by any motor vehicle dealer that any customer or purchaser finance a motor vehicle with a specific financial institution or company.

12. Requirement by any motor vehicle dealer that the purchaser of a motor vehicle contract with the dealer for physical damage insurance.

- 13. Perpetration of a fraud upon any person as a result of dealing in motor vehicles, including, without limitation, the misrepresentation to any person by the licensee of the licensee's relationship to any manufacturer, importer, or distributor.
- 14. Violation of any of the provisions of s. 319.35 by any motor vehicle dealer.
- 15. Sale by a motor vehicle dealer of a vehicle offered in trade by a customer prior to consummation of the sale, exchange, or transfer of a newly acquired vehicle to the customer, unless the customer provides written authorization for the sale of the trade-in vehicle prior to delivery of the newly acquired vehicle.
- 16. Willful failure to comply with any administrative rule adopted by the department or with the provisions of s. 320.131(8).
- 17. Violation of chapter 319, this chapter, or ss.

  1257 559.901-559.9221, which has to do with dealing in or repairing

  1258 motor vehicles or mobile homes. Additionally, in the case of

  1259 used motor vehicles, the willful violation of the federal law

  1260 and rule in 15 U.S.C. s. 2304, 16 C.F.R. part 455, pertaining to

  1261 the consumer sales window form.

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Section 46. Subsections (1) and (9) of section 320.8249, 1263 Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

320.8249 Mobile home installers license.--

- (1) Any person who <u>installs a engages in</u> mobile home installation shall obtain a mobile home installers license from the Bureau of Mobile Home and Recreational Vehicle Construction of the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles pursuant to this section. Said license shall be renewed annually, and each licensee shall pay a fee of \$150.
  - (9) No licensed person nor licensed applicant shall:
- (a) Obtain a mobile home installers license by fraud or misrepresentation.
- (b) Be convicted or found guilty of, or enter a plea of nolo contendere to, regardless of adjudication, a crime in any jurisdiction which directly relates to the practice of mobile home installation or the ability to practice.
- (c) Violate any lawful order of the department, or any other law of this state, including chapter 319 or this chapter, that has to do with dealing in, installing, or repairing mobile homes.
  - (d) Commit fraud or deceit in the practice of contracting.
- (e) Commit incompetence or misconduct in the practice of contracting.
- (f) Commit gross negligence, repeated negligence, or negligence resulting in a significant danger to life or property.
- (g) Commit violations of the installation standards for mobile homes or manufactured homes contained in rules <u>15C-1 and</u> 15C-2 <u>15C-1.0102 to 15C-1.0104</u>, Florida Administrative Code.

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(10) Any licensed person or license applicant who violates any provision of subsection (9) may have any of the following disciplinary penalties imposed by the department:

- (a) License revocation;
- (b) License suspension;
- (c) A fine not to exceed \$1,000 per violation;
- 1297 (d) A requirement to take and pass, or retake and pass, 1298 the department-approved examination;
  - (e) Probation;

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- (f) Probation subject to such restriction of practice as the department chooses to impose;
  - (q) A notice of noncompliance; or
  - (h) Refusal of licensure application.
- Section 47. Subsections (4) and (10) of section 322.05, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
- 322.05 Persons not to be licensed.—The department may not issue a license:
- (4) Except as provided by this subsection, to any person, as a Class A licensee, Class B licensee, or Class C licensee, or Class D licensee, who is under the age of 18 years. A person age 16 or 17 years who applies for a Class D driver's license is subject to all the requirements and provisions of paragraphs (2)(a) and (b) and ss. 322.09 and 322.16(2) and (3). The department may require of any such applicant for a Class D driver's license such examination of the qualifications of the applicant as the department considers proper, and the department may limit the use of any license granted as it considers proper.
- (10) To any person, when the department has good cause to believe that the operation of a motor vehicle on the highways by

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1320 such person would be detrimental to public safety or welfare.

Deafness alone shall not prevent the person afflicted from being issued a <del>Class D or</del> Class E driver's license.

Section 48. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 322.051, 1324 Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsection (8) is added to 1325 said section, to read:

322.051 Identification cards.--

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- (1) Any person who is 12 years of age or older, or any person who has a disability, regardless of age, who applies for a disabled parking permit under s. 320.0848, may be issued an identification card by the department upon completion of an application and payment of an application fee.
- (a) Each such application shall include the following information regarding the applicant:
- 1. Full name (first, middle or maiden, and last), gender, social security card number, county of residence and mailing address, country of birth, and a brief description.
  - 2. Proof of birth date satisfactory to the department.
- 3. Proof of identity satisfactory to the department. Such proof must include one of the following documents issued to the applicant:
- a. A driver's license record or identification card record from another jurisdiction that required the applicant to submit a document for identification which is substantially similar to a document required under sub-subparagraph b., sub-subparagraph c., sub-subparagraph d., sub-subparagraph e., or sub-subparagraph g.;
  - b. A certified copy of a United States birth certificate;
  - c. A valid United States passport;

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1349 <u>d. A naturalization certificate issued by the United</u>
1350 States Department of Justice;

- e.d. An alien registration receipt card (green card);
- $\underline{\text{f.e.}}$  An employment authorization card issued by the United States Department of Justice; or
  - g.f. Proof of nonimmigrant classification provided by the United States Department of Justice, for an original identification card. In order to prove such nonimmigrant classification, applicants may produce but are not limited to the following documents:
  - (I) A notice of hearing from an immigration court scheduling a hearing on any proceeding.
  - (II) A notice from the Board of Immigration Appeals acknowledging pendency of an appeal.
  - (III) Notice of the approval of an application for adjustment of status issued by the United States Immigration and Naturalization Service.
  - (IV) Any official documentation confirming the filing of a petition for asylum status or any other relief issued by the United States Immigration and Naturalization Service.
  - (V) Notice of action transferring any pending matter from another jurisdiction to Florida, issued by the United States Immigration and Naturalization Service.
  - (VI) Order of an immigration judge or immigration officer granting any relief that authorizes the alien to live and work in the United States including, but not limited to asylum.

Presentation of any of the <del>foregoing</del> documents <u>described in sub-</u> subparagraph f. or sub-subparagraph g. entitles <u>shall entitle</u>

the applicant to <u>an identification card</u> a <u>driver's license or</u> temporary permit for a period not to exceed the expiration date of the document presented or 2 years, whichever first occurs.

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- (b) An application for an identification card must be signed and verified by the applicant in a format designated by the department before a person authorized to administer oaths. The fee for an identification card is \$3, including payment for the color photograph or digital image of the applicant.
- (c) Each such applicant may include fingerprints and any other unique biometric means of identity.
- (2)(a) Every identification card shall expire, unless canceled earlier, on the sixth fourth birthday of the applicant following the date of original issue. However, if an individual is 60 years of age or older, and has an identification card issued under this section, the card shall not expire unless done so by cancellation by the department or by the death of the cardholder. Renewal of any identification card shall be made for a term which shall expire on the sixth fourth birthday of the applicant following expiration of the identification card renewed, unless surrendered earlier. Any application for renewal received later than 90 days after expiration of the identification card shall be considered the same as an application for an original identification card. The renewal fee for an identification card shall be \$10, of which \$4 shall be deposited into the General Revenue Fund and \$6 into the Highway Safety Operating Trust Fund. The department shall, at the end of 6 4 years and 6 months after the issuance or renewal of an identification card, destroy any record of the card if it has

expired and has not been renewed, unless the cardholder is 60 years of age or older.

- (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, if an applicant establishes his or her identity for an identification card using a document authorized under subsubparagraph (1)(a)3.e. (a)3.d., the identification card shall expire on the sixth fourth birthday of the applicant following the date of original issue or upon first renewal or duplicate issued after implementation of this section. After an initial showing of such documentation, he or she is exempted from having to renew or obtain a duplicate in person.
- (c) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter, if an applicant establishes his or her identity for an identification card using an identification document authorized under <a href="mailto:sub-subparagraph">sub-subparagraph</a> (1)(a)3.f. or <a href="mailto:sub-subparagraph">sub-subparagraph</a> (1)(a)3.f. or <a href="mailto:sub-subparagraph">sub-subparagraph</a> (a)3.e.-f., the identification card shall expire 2 years after the date of issuance or upon the expiration date cited on the United States Department of Justice documents, whichever date first occurs, and may not be renewed or obtain a duplicate except in person.
- (8) The department shall, on receipt of the required fee, issue to each qualified applicant for an identification card a color photographic or digital image identification card bearing a full-face photograph or digital image of the identification cardholder. Notwithstanding the provisions of chapter 761, the requirement for a full-face photograph or digital image of the identification cardholder shall not be waived. A space shall be provided upon which the identification cardholder shall affix his or her usual signature, as required in s. 322.14, in the

presence of an authorized agent of the department so as to
ensure that such signature becomes a part of the identification
card.

Section 49. Subsections (2) and (3) of section 322.07, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

- 322.07 Instruction permits and temporary licenses.--
- temporary permit to an applicant for a Class D or Class E driver's license permitting him or her to operate a motor vehicle of the type for which a Class D or Class E driver's license is required while the department is completing its investigation and determination of all facts relative to such applicant's right to receive a driver's license. Such permit must be in his or her immediate possession while operating a motor vehicle, and it shall be invalid when the applicant's license has been issued or for good cause has been refused.
- (3) Any person who, except for his or her lack of instruction in operating a Class D or commercial motor vehicle, would otherwise be qualified to obtain a Class D or commercial driver's license under this chapter, may apply for a temporary Class D or temporary commercial instruction permit. The department shall issue such a permit entitling the applicant, while having the permit in his or her immediate possession, to drive a Class D or commercial motor vehicle on the highways, provided that:
- (a) The applicant possesses a valid driver's license issued in any state; and
- 1462 (b) The applicant, while operating a <del>Class D or</del> commercial motor vehicle, is accompanied by a licensed driver who is 21

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HB 1809 2004 1464 years of age or older, who is licensed to operate the class of 1465 vehicle being operated, and who is actually occupying the closest seat to the right of the driver. 1466 Section 50. Paragraph (c) of subsection (2) of section 1467 1468 322.08, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 1469 322.08 Application for license. --1470 Each such application shall include the following 1471 information regarding the applicant: 1472 Proof of identity satisfactory to the department. Such 1473 proof must include one of the following documents issued to the 1474 applicant: A driver's license record or identification card record 1475 1. 1476 from another jurisdiction that required the applicant to submit 1477 a document for identification which is substantially similar to 1478 a document required under subparagraph 2., subparagraph 3., 1479 subparagraph 4., subparagraph 5., or subparagraph 6., or 1480 subparagraph 7.; 1481 A certified copy of a United States birth certificate; A valid United States passport; 1482 1483 4. A naturalization certificate issued by the United 1484 States Department of Justice; 5.4. An alien registration receipt card (green card); 1485 1486 6.5. An employment authorization card issued by the United 1487 States Department of Justice; or 7.6. Proof of nonimmigrant classification provided by the 1488 United States Department of Justice for an original driver 1489 1490 license. In order to prove such nonimmigrant classification, an 1491 applicant may produce documents including, but not limited to,

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the following:

a. A notice of hearing from an immigration court

scheduling a hearing on any proceeding;

- b. A notice from the Board of Immigration Appeals acknowledging pendency of an appeal;
- c. Notice of the approval of an application for adjustment of status issued by the United States Immigration and Naturalization Service;
- d. Any official documentation confirming the filing of a petition for asylum status or any other relief issued by the United States Immigration and Naturalization Service;
- e. Notice of action transferring any pending matter from another jurisdiction to this state, issued by the United States

  Immigration and Naturalization Service; or
- f. An order of an immigration judge or immigration officer granting any relief that authorizes the alien to live and work in the United States, including, but not limited to, asylum.

Presentation of any of the documents in subparagraph 6. or subparagraph 7. entitles the applicant to a driver license or temporary permit for a period not to exceed the expiration date of the document presented or 2 years, whichever occurs first.

Section 51. Subsection (3) of section 322.12, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 322.12 Examination of applicants.--
- (3) For an applicant for a Class D or a Class E driver's license, such examination shall include a test of the applicant's eyesight given by the driver's license examiner designated by the department or by a licensed ophthalmologist, optometrist, or physician and a test of the applicant's hearing

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1522 given by a driver's license examiner or a licensed physician.

1523 The examination shall also include a test of the applicant's

ability to read and understand highway signs regulating,

1525 warning, and directing traffic; his or her knowledge of the

1526 traffic laws of this state, including laws regulating driving

1527 under the influence of alcohol or controlled substances, driving

1528 with an unlawful blood-alcohol level, and driving while

1529 intoxicated; and his or her knowledge of the effects of alcohol

and controlled substances upon persons and the dangers of

1531 driving a motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol or

1532 controlled substances and shall include an actual demonstration

of ability to exercise ordinary and reasonable control in the

1534 operation of a motor vehicle.

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Section 52. Subsections (1) and (4) of section 322.135, Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsection (9) is added to said section, to read:

322.135 Driver's license agents.--

- (1) The department may, upon application, authorize any or all of the tax collectors in the several counties of the state, subject to the requirements of law, in accordance with rules of the department, to serve as its agent for the provision of specified driver's license services.
- (a) These services shall be limited to the issuance of driver's licenses and identification cards as authorized by this chapter.
- (b) Each tax collector who is authorized by the department to provide driver's license services shall bear all costs associated with providing those services.

(c) A fee of \$5.25 is to be charged, in addition to the fees set forth in this chapter, for any driver's license issued or renewed by a tax collector. One dollar of the \$5.25 fee must be deposited into the Highway Safety Operating Trust Fund.

- (4) A tax collector may not issue or renew a driver's license if he or she has any reason to believe that the licensee or prospective licensee is physically or mentally unqualified to operate a motor vehicle. The tax collector <u>may shall</u> direct any such licensee to the department for examination or reexamination under s. 322.221.
- (9) Notwithstanding chapter 116, every county officer within this state authorized to collect funds provided for in this chapter shall pay all sums officially received by the officer into the State Treasury no later than 5 working days after the close of the business day on which the officer received the funds. Payment by county officers to the state shall be made by means of electronic funds transfer.

Section 53. Subsection (1) of section 322.142, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 322.142 Color photographic or digital imaged licenses. --
- (1) The department shall, upon receipt of the required fee, issue to each qualified applicant for a an original driver's license a color photographic or digital imaged driver's license bearing a fullface photograph or digital image of the licensee. Notwithstanding the provisions of chapter 761, the requirement for a fullface photograph or digital image of the licensee shall not be waived. A space shall be provided upon which the licensee shall affix his or her usual signature, as required in s. 322.14, in the presence of an authorized agent of

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the department so as to ensure that such signature becomes a part of the license.

Section 54. Subsections (3) and (4) of section 322.161, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (2) and (3), respectively, and present subsections (1) and (2) of said section are amended to read:

322.161 High-risk drivers; restricted licenses.--

- (1)(a) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, the department shall restrict the driving privilege of any Class D or Class E licensee who is age 15 through 17 and who has accumulated six or more points pursuant to s. 318.14, excluding parking violations, within a 12-month period.
- (b) Upon determination that any person has accumulated six or more points, the department shall notify the licensee and issue the licensee a restricted license for business purposes only. The licensee must appear before the department within 10 days after notification to have this restriction applied. The period of restriction shall be for a period of no less than 1 year beginning on the date it is applied by the department.
- (c) The restriction shall be automatically withdrawn by the department after 1 year if the licensee does not accumulate any additional points. If the licensee accumulates any additional points, then the period of restriction shall be extended 90 days for each point. The restriction shall also be automatically withdrawn upon the licensee's 18th birthday if no other grounds for restriction exist. The licensee must appear before the department to have the restriction removed and a duplicate license issued.

(2)(a) Any Class E licensee who is age 15 through 17 and who has accumulated six or more points pursuant to s. 318.14, excluding parking violations, within a 12-month period shall not be eligible to obtain a Class D license for a period of no less than 1 year. The period of ineligibility shall begin on the date of conviction for the violation that results in the licensee's accumulation of six or more points.

(b) The period of ineligibility shall automatically expire after 1 year if the licensee does not accumulate any additional points. If the licensee accumulates any additional points, then the period of ineligibility shall be extended 90 days for each point. The period of ineligibility shall also automatically expire upon the licensee's 18th birthday if no other grounds for ineligibility exist.

Section 55. Subsection (3) of section 322.17, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

322.17 Duplicate and replacement certificates. --

(3) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter, if a licensee establishes his or her identity for a driver's license using an identification document authorized under s.  $322.08(2)(c)\underline{6. \text{ or } 7.} \underline{5.-6.}$ , the licensee may not obtain a duplicate or replacement instruction permit or driver's license except in person and upon submission of an identification document authorized under s.  $322.08(2)(c)\underline{6. \text{ or } 7.} \underline{5.-6.}$ 

Section 56. Subsections (2) and (4) of section 322.18, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

322.18 Original applications, licenses, and renewals; expiration of licenses; delinquent licenses.--

(2) Each applicant who is entitled to the issuance of a driver's license, as provided in this section, shall be issued a driver's license, as follows:

- (a) An applicant applying for an original issuance shall be issued a driver's license which expires at midnight on the licensee's birthday which next occurs on or after the sixth anniversary of the date of issue.
- (b) An applicant applying for a renewal issuance or renewal extension shall be issued a driver's license or renewal extension sticker which expires at midnight on the licensee's birthday which next occurs 4 years after the month of expiration of the license being renewed, except that a driver whose driving record reflects no convictions for the preceding 3 years shall be issued a driver's license or renewal extension sticker which expires at midnight on the licensee's birthday which next occurs 6 years after the month of expiration of the license being renewed.
- (c) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, if an applicant establishes his or her identity for a driver's license using a document authorized under s.  $322.08(2)(c)\underline{5.4.}$ , the driver's license shall expire in accordance with paragraph (b). After an initial showing of such documentation, he or she is exempted from having to renew or obtain a duplicate in person.
- (d) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, if applicant establishes his or her identity for a driver's license using a document authorized in s. 322.08(2)(c)6. or 7. 5. or 6., the driver's license shall expire 2 4 years after the date of issuance or upon the expiration date cited on the United

States Department of Justice documents, whichever date first occurs.

- (e) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, an applicant applying for an original or renewal issuance of a commercial driver license as defined in s. 322.01(7), with a hazardous-materials endorsement, pursuant to s. 322.57(1)(d), shall be issued a driver license which expires at midnight on the licensee's birthday which next occurs 4 years after the month of expiration of the license being issued or renewed.
- (4)(a) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, all licenses shall be renewable every 4 years or 6 years, depending upon the terms of issuance and shall be issued or extended upon application, payment of the fees required by s. 322.21, and successful passage of any required examination, unless the department has reason to believe that the licensee is no longer qualified to receive a license.
- (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, if an applicant establishes his or her identity for a driver's license using a document authorized under s. 322.08(2)(c)5.4., the license, upon an initial showing of such documentation, is exempted from having to renew or obtain a duplicate in person, unless the renewal or duplication coincides with the periodic reexamination of a driver as required pursuant to s. 322.121.
- (c) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, if a licensee establishes his or her identity for a driver's license using an identification document authorized under s. 322.08(2)(c) 6. or 7. 5. or 6., the licensee may not renew the driver's license except in person and upon submission of an identification document authorized under s. 322.08(2)(c)6. or 7.

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1693	46. A driver's license renewed under this paragraph expires 4
1694	years after the date of issuance or upon the expiration date
1695	cited on the United States Department of Justice documents,
1696	whichever date first occurs.
1697	Section 57. Subsection (4) of section 322.19, Florida
1698	Statutes, is amended to read:
1699	322.19 Change of address or name
1700	(4) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter,
1701	if a licensee established his or her identity for a driver's
1702	license using an identification document authorized under s.
1703	322.08(2)(c) 6. or 7. $56.$ , the licensee may not change his or
1704	her name or address except in person and upon submission of an
1705	identification document authorized under s. $322.08(2)(c)$ 6. or 7.
1706	<del>46.</del>
1707	Section 58. Paragraph (a) of subsection (11) of section
1708	322.20, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
1709	322.20 Records of the department; fees; destruction of
1710	records
1711	(11)(a) The department is authorized to charge the
1712	following fees for the following services and documents:
1713	1. For providing a transcript of any one individual's
1714	driver history record or any portion thereof for the past 3
1715	years or for searching for such record when no record is found
1716	to be on file\$2.10
1717	2. For providing a transcript of any one individual's
1718	driver history record or any portion thereof for the past 7
1719	years or for searching for such record when no record is found
1720	to be on file\$3.10
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1721	3. For providing a certified copy of a transcript of the
1722	driver history record or any portion thereof for any one
1723	individual\$3.10
1724	4. For providing a certified photographic copy of a
1725	document, per page \$1.00
1726	5. For providing an exemplified record \$15.00
1727	6. For providing photocopies of documents, papers,
1728	letters, clearances, or license or insurance status reports, per
1729	page
1730	\$0.50
1731	7. For assisting persons in searching any one individual's
1732	driver record at a terminal located at the department's general
1733	headquarters in Tallahassee\$2.00
1734	8. For providing electronic access to driver's license
1735	status report by name, sex, and date of birth or by driver
1736	license number, 50 cents per item, except that information
1737	provided via the department's Internet website shall be free of
1738	charge.
1739	Section 59. Subsection (1) of section 322.21, Florida
1740	Statutes, is amended to read:
1741	322.21 License fees; procedure for handling and collecting
1742	fees
1743	(1) Except as otherwise provided herein, the fee for:
1744	(a) An original or renewal commercial driver's license is
1745	\$50, which shall include the fee for driver education provided
1746	by s. 1003.48; however, if an applicant has completed training
1747	and is applying for employment or is currently employed in a
1748	public or nonpublic school system that requires the commercial
1749	license, the fee shall be the same as for a Class E driver's

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

license. A delinquent fee of \$1 shall be added for a renewal made not more than 12 months after the license expiration date.

- (b) An original Class D or Class E driver's license is \$20, which shall include the fee for driver's education provided by s. 1003.48; however, if an applicant has completed training and is applying for employment or is currently employed in a public or nonpublic school system that requires a commercial driver license, the fee shall be the same as for a Class E license.
- (c) The renewal or extension of a Class D or Class E driver's license or of a license restricted to motorcycle use only is \$15, except that a delinquent fee of \$1 shall be added for a renewal or extension made not more than 12 months after the license expiration date. The fee provided in this paragraph shall include the fee for driver's education provided by s. 1003.48.
- (d) An original driver's license restricted to motorcycle use only is \$20, which shall include the fee for driver's education provided by s. 1003.48.
  - (e) Each endorsement required by s. 322.57 is \$5.
- (f) A hazardous-materials endorsement as required by s. 322.57(1)(d) shall be set by the department and shall reflect the cost of the required criminal history checks, including the costs of the state and federal fingerprint check, and the cost of production and issuance of the license by the department.
- Section 60. Section 322.22, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 322.22 Authority of department to cancel license,
  1778 identification card, vehicle registration, fuel-use tax decal.--

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1779 The department is authorized to cancel any driver's 1780 license, upon determining that the licensee was not entitled to the issuance thereof, or that the licensee failed to give the 1781 required or correct information in his or her application or 1782 1783 committed any fraud in making such application, or that the 1784 licensee has two or more licenses on file with the department, 1785 each in a different name but bearing the photograph of the 1786 licensee, unless the licensee has complied with the requirements 1787 of this chapter in obtaining the licenses. The department may cancel any driver's license, identification card, vehicle 1788 1789 registration, or fuel-use tax decal if the licensee fails to pay 1790 the correct fee or uses a dishonored check to pay pays for the 1791 driver license, identification card, vehicle registration, or fuel-use tax decal; to pay any tax liability, penalty, or 1792 1793 interest specified in chapter 207; or to pay pays any 1794 administrative, delinquency, or reinstatement fee by a 1795 dishonored check.

- (2) Upon such cancellation, the licensee must surrender to the department the license, identification card, vehicle registration, or fuel-use tax decal so canceled.
- Section 61. Subsections (4) and (5) of section 322.251, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
- 322.251 Notice of cancellation, suspension, revocation, or disqualification of license.--
- (4) A person whose privilege to operate a commercial motor vehicle is temporarily disqualified may, upon surrendering his or her commercial driver's license, be issued a Class D or Class E driver's license, valid for the length of his or her unexpired commercial driver's license, at no cost. Such person may, upon

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the completion of his or her disqualification, be issued a commercial driver's license, of the type disqualified, for the remainder of his or her unexpired license period. Any such person shall pay the reinstatement fee provided in s. 322.21 before being issued a commercial driver's license.

- (5) A person whose privilege to operate a commercial motor vehicle is permanently disqualified may, upon surrendering his or her commercial driver's license, be issued a Class D or Class E driver's license, if he or she is otherwise qualified to receive such license. Any such person shall be issued a Class D or Class E license, valid for the remainder of his or her unexpired license period, at no cost.
- Section 62. Paragraph (c) of subsection (2) of section 322.292, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 322.292 DUI programs supervision; powers and duties of the department.--
- (2) The department shall adopt rules to implement its supervisory authority over DUI programs in accordance with the procedures of chapter 120, including the establishment of uniform standards of operation for DUI programs and the method for setting and approving fees, as follows:
- (c) Implement procedures for the granting and revoking of licenses for DUI programs, including:
- 1. A uniform application fee not to exceed \$1,000 but in an amount sufficient to cover the department's administrative costs in processing and evaluating DUI program license applications. The application fee shall not apply to programs that apply for licensure to serve a county that does not have a currently licensed DUI program or where the currently licensed

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1837 program has relinquished its license.

- 2. In considering an application for approval of a DUI program, the department shall determine whether improvements in service may be derived from the operation of the DUI program and the number of clients currently served in the circuit. The department shall apply the following criteria:
- a. The increased frequency of classes and availability of locations of services offered by the applicant DUI program.
- b. Services and fees offered by the applicant DUI program and any existing DUI program.
- c. The number of DUI clients currently served and historical trends in the number of clients served in the circuit.
- d. The availability, accessibility, and service history of any existing DUI program services.
  - e. The applicant DUI program's service history.
- f. The availability of resources, including personnel, demonstrated management capability, and capital and operating expenditures of the applicant DUI program.
- g. Improved services to minority and special needs clients.
- 3. Authority for competing applicants and currently licensed DUI programs serving the same geographic area to request an administrative hearing under chapter 120 to contest the department's determination of need for an additional licensed DUI program in that area.
- 4. A requirement that the department revoke the license of any DUI program that does not provide the services specified in its application within 45 days after licensure and notify the

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1866 chief judge of that circuit of such revocation.

5. A requirement that all applicants for initial licensure as a DUI program in a particular circuit on and after the effective date of this act must, at a minimum, satisfy each of the following criteria:

- a. Maintain a primary business office in the circuit which is located in a permanent structure that is readily accessible by public transportation, if public transportation is available. The primary business office must be adequately staffed and equipped to provide all DUI program support services, including registration and a file for each person who registers for the program.
- b. Have a satellite office for registration of DUI offenders in each county in the circuit which is located in a permanent structure that is readily accessible by public transportation, if public transportation is available. A satellite office is not required in any county where the total number of DUI convictions in the most recent calendar year is less than 200.
- c. Have a classroom in each county in the circuit which is located in a permanent structure that is readily accessible by public transportation, if public transportation is available. A classroom is not required in any county where the total number of DUI convictions in the most recent calendar year is less than 100. A classroom may not be located within 250 feet of any business that sells alcoholic beverages. However, a classroom shall not be required to be relocated when a business selling alcoholic beverages locates to within 250 feet of the classroom.
  - d. Have a plan for conducting all DUI education courses,

evaluation services, and other services required by the department. The level I DUI education course must be taught in four segments, with no more than 6 hours of classroom instruction provided to any offender each day. All DUI education courses must be in a classroom with face-to-face instruction and interaction among offenders and an instructor.

e. Employ at least 1 full-time certified addiction professional for the program at all times.

- f. Document support from community agencies involved in DUI education and substance abuse treatment in the circuit.
- g. Have a volunteer board of directors and advisory committee made up of citizens who reside in the circuit in which licensure is sought.
- h. Submit documentation of compliance with all applicable federal, state, and local laws, including, but not limited to, the Americans with Disabilities Act.
- Section 63. Subsection (2) of section 322.30, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 322.30 No operation under foreign license during suspension, revocation, or disqualification in this state.--
- (2) Notwithstanding subsection (1), any commercial motor vehicle operator whose privilege to operate such vehicle is disqualified may operate a motor vehicle in this state as a Class D or Class E licensee, if authorized by this chapter.
- 1919 Section 64. Section 322.53, Florida Statutes, is amended 1920 to read:
- 1921 322.53 License required; exemptions.--
- 1922 (1) Except as provided in subsection (2), every person who
  1923 drives a commercial motor vehicle in this state is required to

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1924 possess a valid commercial driver's license issued in accordance 1925 with the requirements of this chapter.

- (2) The following persons are exempt from the requirement to obtain a commercial driver's license:
  - (a) Drivers of authorized emergency vehicles.

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- (b) Military personnel driving military vehicles.
- (c) Farmers transporting farm supplies or farm machinery within 150 miles of their farm, or transporting agricultural products to or from the first place of storage or processing or directly to or from market, within 150 miles of their farm.
- (d) Drivers of recreational vehicles, as defined in s. 320.01.
- (e) Drivers who operate straight trucks, as defined in s. 316.003, that are exclusively transporting their own tangible personal property which is not for sale.
- (f) An employee of a publicly owned transit system who is limited to moving vehicles for maintenance or parking purposes exclusively within the restricted-access confines of a transit system's property.
- (3) Notwithstanding subsection (2), all drivers of forhire commercial motor vehicles are required to possess a valid commercial driver's license issued in accordance with the requirements of this chapter.
- (4) A resident who is exempt from obtaining a commercial driver's license pursuant to paragraph (2)(a) or paragraph (2)(c) and who drives a commercial motor vehicle must obtain a Class D driver's license endorsed to authorize the operation of the particular type of vehicle for which his or her exemption is granted.

(4)(5) A resident who is exempt from obtaining a commercial driver's license pursuant to paragraph (2)(b), paragraph (2)(d), paragraph (2)(e), or paragraph (2)(f) may drive a commercial motor vehicle pursuant to the exemption granted in paragraph (2)(b), paragraph (2)(d), paragraph (2)(e), or paragraph (2)(f) if he or she possesses a valid Class D or Class E driver's license or a military license.

- (5) (6) The department shall adopt rules and enter into necessary agreements with other jurisdictions to provide for the operation of commercial vehicles by nonresidents pursuant to the exemption granted in subsection (2).
- Section 65. Subsection (2) of section 322.54, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

## 322.54 Classification.--

- (2) The department shall issue, pursuant to the requirements of this chapter, drivers' licenses in accordance with the following classifications:
- (a) Any person who drives a motor vehicle combination having a gross vehicle weight rating, a declared weight, or an actual weight, whichever is greatest, of 26,001 pounds or more must possess a valid Class A driver's license, provided the gross vehicle weight rating, declared weight, or actual weight, whichever is greatest, of the vehicle being towed is more than 10,000 pounds. Any person who possesses a valid Class A driver's license may, subject to the appropriate restrictions and endorsements, drive any class of motor vehicle within this state.
- (b) Any person, except a person who possesses a valid Class A driver's license, who drives a motor vehicle having a

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gross vehicle weight rating, a declared weight, or an actual weight, whichever is greatest, of 26,001 pounds or more must possess a valid Class B driver's license. Any person, except a person who possesses a valid Class A driver's license, who drives such vehicle towing a vehicle having a gross vehicle weight rating, a declared weight, or an actual weight, whichever is greatest, of 10,000 pounds or less must possess a valid Class B driver's license. Any person who possesses a valid Class B driver's license may, subject to the appropriate restrictions and endorsements, drive any class of motor vehicle, other than the type of motor vehicle for which a Class A driver's license is required, within this state.

Any person, except a person who possesses a valid Class A or a valid Class B driver's license, who drives a motor vehicle combination having a gross vehicle weight rating, a declared weight, or an actual weight, whichever is greatest, of 26,001 pounds or more must possess a valid Class C driver's license. Any person, except a person who possesses a valid Class A or valid Class B driver's license, who drives a motor vehicle combination having a gross vehicle weight rating, a declared weight, or an actual weight, whichever is greatest, of less than 26,001 pounds and who is required to obtain an endorsement pursuant to paragraph (1)(a), paragraph (1)(b), paragraph (1)(c), paragraph (1)(d), or paragraph (1)(e) of s. 322.57, must possess a valid Class C driver's license that is clearly restricted to the operation of a motor vehicle or motor vehicle combination of less than 26,001 pounds. Any person who possesses a valid Class C driver's license may, subject to the appropriate restrictions and endorsements, drive any class of motor vehicle,

other than the type of motor vehicle for which a Class A or a Class B driver's license is required, within this state.

- (d) Any person, except a person who possesses a valid Class A, valid Class B, or valid Class C driver's license, who drives a truck or a truck tractor having a gross vehicle weight rating, a declared weight, or an actual weight, whichever is greatest, of 8,000 pounds or more but less than 26,001 pounds, or which has a width of more than 80 inches must possess a valid Class D driver's license. Any person who possesses a valid Class D driver's license may, subject to the appropriate restrictions and endorsements, drive any type of motor vehicle, other than the type of motor vehicle for which a Class A, Class B, or Class C driver's license is required, within this state.
- (d)(e) Any person, except a person who possesses a valid Class A, valid Class B, or valid Class C, or valid Class D driver's license, who drives a motor vehicle must possess a valid Class E driver's license. Any person who possesses a valid Class E driver's license may, subject to the appropriate restrictions and endorsements, drive any type of motor vehicle, other than the type of motor vehicle for which a Class A, Class B, or Class C, or Class D driver's license is required, within this state.
- Section 66. Paragraph (g) is added to subsection (1) of section 322.57, Florida Statutes, and subsection (2) of said section is amended, to read:
- 322.57 Tests of knowledge concerning specified vehicles; endorsement; nonresidents; violations.--
- (1) In addition to fulfilling any other driver's licensing requirements of this chapter, a person who:

(g) Drives a school bus must successfully complete a test of his or her knowledge concerning the safe operation of such vehicles and a test of his or her driving skill in such a vehicle.

- (2) Before driving or operating any vehicle listed in subsection (1), a person must obtain an endorsement on his or her driver's license. An endorsement under paragraph (a), paragraph (b), paragraph (c), paragraph (d), or paragraph (e) of subsection (1) shall be issued only to persons who possess a valid Class A, valid Class B, or valid Class C driver's license. A person who drives a motor vehicle or motor vehicle combination that requires an endorsement under this subsection and who drives a motor vehicle or motor vehicle combination having a gross vehicle weight rating, a declared weight, or an actual weight, whichever is greatest, of less than 26,000 pounds shall be issued a Class C driver's license that is clearly restricted to the operation of a motor vehicle or motor vehicle combination of less than 26,000 pounds.
- Section 67. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 322.58, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 322.58 Holders of chauffeur's licenses; effect of classified licensure.--
- (1) In order to provide for the classified licensure of commercial motor vehicle drivers, the department shall require persons who have valid chauffeur's licenses to report on or after April 1, 1991, to the department for classified licensure, according to a schedule developed by the department.
- (a) Any person who holds a valid chauffeur's license may continue to operate vehicles for which a Class  $E \rightarrow D$  driver's

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2069 license is required until his or her chauffeur's license 2070 expires.

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Section 68. Section 322.61, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 322.61 Disqualification from operating a commercial motor vehicle.--
- 2075 (1) A person who, within a 3-year period, is convicted of 2076 two of the following serious traffic violations or any 2077 combination thereof, arising in separate incidents committed in a commercial motor vehicle shall, in addition to any other 2078 2079 applicable penalties, be disqualified from operating a 2080 commercial motor vehicle for a period of 60 days. A person who, 2081 within a 3-year period, is convicted of two of the following 2082 serious traffic violations or any combination thereof arising in 2083 separate incidents committed in a noncommercial motor vehicle 2084 shall, in addition to any other applicable penalties, be 2085 disqualified from operating a commercial motor vehicle for a 2086 period of 60 days if such convictions result in the suspension, 2087 revocation, or cancellation of the licenseholder's driving 2088 privilege:
  - (a) A violation of any state or local law relating to motor vehicle traffic control, other than a parking violation, a weight violation, or a vehicle equipment violation, arising in connection with a crash resulting in death or personal injury to any person;
    - (b) Reckless driving, as defined in s. 316.192;
    - (c) Careless driving, as defined in s. 316.1925;
- 2096 (d) Fleeing or attempting to elude a law enforcement 2097 officer, as defined in s. 316.1935;

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2098 (e) Unlawful speed of 15 miles per hour or more above the 2099 posted speed limit;

(f) Driving a commercial motor vehicle, owned by such
person, which is not properly insured;

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- (g) Improper lane change, as defined in s. 316.085; or
- (h) Following too closely, as defined in s. 316.0895;
- (i) Driving a commercial vehicle without obtaining a commercial driver license;
- (j) Driving a commercial vehicle without a commercial driver license in possession; or
- (k) Driving a commercial vehicle without the proper class of commercial driver license or without the proper endorsements.
- Any person who, within a 3-year period, is convicted of three serious traffic violations specified in subsection (1) or any combination thereof, arising in separate incidents committed in a commercial motor vehicle shall, in addition to any other applicable penalties, including, but not limited to, the penalty provided in subsection (1), be disqualified from operating a commercial motor vehicle for a period of 120 days. A person who, within a 3-year period, is convicted of three serious traffic violations specified in subsection (1) or any combination thereof arising in separate incidents committed in a noncommercial motor vehicle shall, in addition to any other applicable penalties, including, but not limited to, the penalty provided in subsection (1), be disqualified from operating a commercial motor vehicle for a period of 120 days if such convictions result in the suspension, revocation, or cancellation of the licenseholder's driving privilege.

(3) Except as provided in subsection (4), any person who is convicted of one of the following offenses shall, in addition to any other applicable penalties, be disqualified from operating a commercial motor vehicle for a period of 1 year:

- (a) Driving a commercial motor vehicle while he or she is under the influence of alcohol or a controlled substance;
- (b) Driving a commercial motor vehicle while the alcohol concentration of his or her blood, breath, or urine is .04 percent or higher;
- (c) Leaving the scene of a crash involving a commercial motor vehicle driven by such person;
- (d) Using a commercial motor vehicle in the commission of a felony;
- (e) Driving a commercial motor vehicle while in possession of a controlled substance;  $\frac{\partial \mathbf{r}}{\partial t}$
- (f) Refusing to submit to a test to determine his or her alcohol concentration while driving a commercial motor vehicle;
- (g) Driving a commercial vehicle while the licenseholder's commercial driver license is suspended, revoked, or canceled or while the licenseholder is disqualified from driving a commercial vehicle; or
- (h) Causing a fatality through the negligent operation of a commercial motor vehicle.
- (4) Any person who is transporting hazardous materials in a vehicle that is required to be placarded in accordance with Title 49 C.F.R. part 172, subpart F shall, upon conviction of an offense specified in subsection (3), be disqualified from operating a commercial motor vehicle for a period of 3 years.

2154 The penalty provided in this subsection shall be in addition to 2155 any other applicable penalty.

- (5) Any person who is convicted of two violations specified in subsection (3), or any combination thereof, arising in separate incidents shall be permanently disqualified from operating a commercial motor vehicle. The penalty provided in this subsection shall be in addition to any other applicable penalty.
- (6) Notwithstanding subsections (3), (4), and (5), any person who uses a commercial motor vehicle in the commission of any felony involving the manufacture, distribution, or dispensing of a controlled substance, including possession with intent to manufacture, distribute, or dispense a controlled substance, shall, upon conviction of such felony, be permanently disqualified from operating a commercial motor vehicle. The penalty provided in this subsection shall be in addition to any other applicable penalty.
- (7) A person whose privilege to operate a commercial motor vehicle is disqualified under this section may, if otherwise qualified, be issued a Class D or Class E driver's license, pursuant to s. 322.251.
- (8) A driver who is convicted of or otherwise found to have committed a violation of an out-of-service order while driving a commercial motor vehicle is disqualified as follows:
- (a) Not less than 90 days nor more than 1 year if the driver is convicted of or otherwise found to have committed a first violation of an out-of-service order.
- (b) Not less than 1 year nor more than 5 years if, during any 10-year period, the driver is convicted of or otherwise

found to have committed two violations of out-of-service orders in separate incidents.

- (c) Not less than 3 years nor more than 5 years if, during any 10-year period, the driver is convicted of or otherwise found to have committed three or more violations of out-of-service orders in separate incidents.
- (d) Not less than 180 days nor more than 2 years if the driver is convicted of or otherwise found to have committed a first violation of an out-of-service order while transporting hazardous materials required to be placarded under the Hazardous Materials Transportation Act, 49 U.S.C. ss. 5101 et seq., or while operating motor vehicles designed to transport more than 15 passengers, including the driver. A driver is disqualified for a period of not less than 3 years nor more than 5 years if, during any 10-year period, the driver is convicted of or otherwise found to have committed any subsequent violations of out-of-service orders, in separate incidents, while transporting hazardous materials required to be placarded under the Hazardous Materials Transportation Act 49 U.S.C. ss. 5101 et seq., or while operating motor vehicles designed to transport more than 15 passengers, including the driver.
- (9) A driver who is convicted of or otherwise found to have committed an offense of operating a commercial motor vehicle in violation of federal, state, or local law or regulation pertaining to one of the following six offenses at a railroad-highway grade crossing must be disqualified for the period of time specified in subsection (10):

(a) For drivers who are not always required to stop,
failing to slow down and check that the tracks are clear of
approaching trains.

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- (b) For drivers who are not always required to stop, failing to stop before reaching the crossing if the tracks are not clear.
- (c) For drivers who are always required to stop, failing to stop before driving onto the crossing.
- (d) For all drivers, failing to have sufficient space to drive completely through the crossing without stopping.
- (e) For all drivers, failing to obey a traffic control device or all directions of an enforcement official at the crossing.
- (f) For all drivers, failing to negotiate a crossing because of insufficient undercarriage clearance.
- (10)(a) A driver must be disqualified for not less than 60 days if the driver is convicted of or otherwise found to have committed a first violation of a railroad-highway grade crossing violation.
- (b) A driver must be disqualified for not less than 120 days if, during any 3-year period, the driver is convicted of or otherwise found to have committed a second railroad-highway grade crossing violation in separate incidents.
- (c) A driver must be disqualified for not less than 1 year if, during any 3-year period, the driver is convicted of or otherwise found to have committed a third or subsequent railroad-highway grade crossing violation in separate incidents.
- Section 69. Subsection (1) and paragraph (a) of subsection

(3) of section 322.63, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

322.63 Alcohol or drug testing; commercial motor vehicle operators.--

- (1) A person who accepts the privilege extended by the laws of this state of operating a commercial motor vehicle within this state shall, by so operating such commercial motor vehicle, be deemed to have given his or her consent to submit to an approved chemical or physical test of his or her blood  $or_{\tau}$  breath, or urine for the purpose of determining his or her alcohol concentration or for the purpose of detecting the presence of chemical substances as set forth in s. 877.111 or of controlled substances.
- (a) By applying for a commercial driver's license and by accepting and using a commercial driver's license, the person holding the commercial driver's license is deemed to have expressed his or her consent to the provisions of this section.
- (b) Any person who drives a commercial motor vehicle within this state and who is not required to obtain a commercial driver's license in this state is, by his or her act of driving a commercial motor vehicle within this state, deemed to have expressed his or her consent to the provisions of this section.
- (c) A notification of the consent provision of this section shall be printed above the signature line on each new or renewed driver's license issued after March 31, 1991.
- (3)(a) The <u>breath and blood physical and chemical</u> tests authorized in this section shall be administered substantially in accordance with rules adopted by the Department of Law Enforcement.
- Section 70. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment to section 322.61, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto,

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2268 subsection (14) of section 322.64, Florida Statutes, is 2269 reenacted to read:

- 322.64 Holder of commercial driver's license; driving with unlawful blood-alcohol level; refusal to submit to breath, urine, or blood test.--
- (14)The decision of the department under this section shall not be considered in any trial for a violation of s. 316.193, s. 322.61, or s. 322.62, nor shall any written statement submitted by a person in his or her request for departmental review under this section be admissible into evidence against him or her in any such trial. The disposition of any related criminal proceedings shall not affect a disqualification imposed pursuant to this section.
- Section 71. Paragraphs (c) and (f) of subsection (13) of section 713.78, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
- 2283 713.78 Liens for recovering, towing, or storing vehicles 2284 and vessels. --

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- The registered owner of a vehicle, vessel, or mobile home may dispute a wrecker operator's lien, by notifying the department of the dispute in writing on forms provided by the department, if at least one of the following applies:
- The registered owner presents a notarized bill of sale proving that the vehicle, vessel, or mobile home was sold in a private or casual sale before the vehicle, vessel, or mobile home was recovered, towed, or stored.
- The registered owner presents proof that the Florida 2295 certificate of title of the vehicle, vessel, or mobile home was

sold to a licensed dealer as defined in s. 319.001 before the vehicle, vessel, or mobile home was recovered, towed, or stored.

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## $\underline{\text{c.}}$ The records of the department were marked sold prior to the date of the tow.

If the registered owner's dispute of a wrecker operator's lien complies with one of these criteria, the department shall immediately remove the registered owner's name from the list of those persons who may not be issued a license plate or revalidation sticker for any motor vehicle under s. 320.03(8), thereby allowing issuance of a license plate or revalidation sticker. If the vehicle, vessel, or mobile home is owned jointly by more than one person, each registered owner must dispute the wrecker operator's lien in order to be removed from the list. However, the department shall deny any dispute and maintain the registered owner's name on the list of those persons who may not be issued a license plate or revalidation sticker for any motor vehicle under s. 320.03(8) if the wrecker operator has provided the department with a certified copy of the judgment of a court which orders the registered owner to pay the wrecker operator's lien claimed under this section. In such a case, the amount of the wrecker operator's lien allowed by paragraph (b) may be increased to include no more than \$500 of the reasonable costs and attorney's fees incurred in obtaining the judgment. The department's action under this subparagraph is ministerial in nature, shall not be considered final agency action, and is appealable only to the county court for the county in which the vehicle, vessel, or mobile home was ordered removed.

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A person against whom a wrecker operator's lien has been imposed may alternatively obtain a discharge of the lien by filing a complaint, challenging the validity of the lien or the amount thereof, in the county court of the county in which the vehicle, vessel, or mobile home was ordered removed. Upon filing of the complaint, the person may have her or his name removed from the list of those persons who may not be issued a license plate or revalidation sticker for any motor vehicle under s. 320.03(8), thereby allowing issuance of a license plate or revalidation sticker, upon posting with the court a cash or surety bond or other adequate security equal to the amount of the wrecker operator's lien to ensure the payment of such lien in the event she or he does not prevail. Upon the posting of the bond and the payment of the applicable fee set forth in s. 28.24, the clerk of the court shall issue a certificate notifying the department of the posting of the bond and directing the department to release the wrecker operator's lien. Upon determining the respective rights of the parties, the court may award damages and costs in favor of the prevailing party.

3. If a person against whom a wrecker operator's lien has been imposed does not object to the lien, but cannot discharge the lien by payment because the wrecker operator has moved or gone out of business, the person may have her or his name removed from the list of those persons who may not be issued a license plate or revalidation sticker for any motor vehicle under s. 320.03(8), thereby allowing issuance of a license plate or revalidation sticker, upon posting with the clerk of court in the county in which the vehicle, vessel, or mobile home was ordered removed, a cash or surety bond or other adequate

security equal to the amount of the wrecker operator's lien. Upon the posting of the bond and the payment of the application fee set forth in s. 28.24, the clerk of the court shall issue a certificate notifying the department of the posting of the bond and directing the department to release the wrecker operator's lien. The department shall mail to the wrecker operator, at the address upon the lien form, notice that the wrecker operator must claim the security within 60 days, or the security will be released back to the person who posted it. At the conclusion of the 60 days, the department shall direct the clerk as to which party is entitled to payment of the security, less applicable clerk's fees.

- 4. A wrecker operator's lien expires 5 years after filing.
- (f) This subsection applies only to the annual renewal in the registered owner's birth month of a motor vehicle registration and does not apply to the transfer of a registration of a motor vehicle sold by a motor vehicle dealer licensed under chapter 320, except for the transfer of registrations which is inclusive of the annual renewals. This subsection does not apply to any vehicle registered in the name of a lessor. This subsection does not affect the issuance of the title to a motor vehicle, notwithstanding s. 319.23(7)(b).

Section 72. Except as otherwise provided herein, this act shall take effect October 1, 2004.