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Amendment No. (for drafter's use only) CHAMBER ACTION Senate House Representative Kottkamp offered the following: 1 2 3 Amendment Remove lines 124-372 and insert: 4 family home, an association representing 20 or fewer residential 5 б parcels, a manufactured or modular home, a duplex, a triplex, or 7 a quadruplex, or at least 120 days before filing an action 8 involving an association representing more than 20 residential 9 parcel owners, serve written notice of claim on the contractor, 10 subcontractor, supplier, or design professional, as applicable, 11 which notice shall refer to this chapter. If the construction defect claim arises from work performed under a contract, the 12 13 written notice of claim must be served on the person with whom the claimant contracted. The notice of claim must describe the 14 claim in reasonable detail sufficient to determine the general 15 nature of each alleged construction defect and a description of 16 986061

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| 17 | the damage or loss resulting from the defect, if known. The |
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| 18 | claimant shall endeavor to serve the notice of claim within 15 |
| 19 | days after discovery of an alleged defect, but the failure to |
| 20 | serve notice of claim within 15 days does not bar the filing of |
| 21 | an action, subject to s. 558.003. This subsection does not |
| 22 | preclude a claimant from filing an action sooner than 60 days, |
| 23 | or 120 days as applicable, after service of written notice as |
| 24 | expressly provided in subsection (6), subsection (7), or |
| 25 | subsection (8). |
| 26 | (2) Within <u>30</u> 5 business days after <u>receipt</u> service of the |
| 27 | notice of claim , the contractor, subcontractor, supplier, or |
| 28 | design professional may inspect involving a single-family home, |
| 29 | an association representing 20 or fewer residential parcels, a |
| 30 | manufactured or modular home, a duplex, a triplex, or a |
| 31 | quadruplex, or within 50 days after receipt of the notice of |
| 32 | claim involving an association representing more than 20 |
| 33 | residential parcels, the person receiving the notice of claim |
| 34 | under subsection (1) is entitled to perform a reasonable |
| 35 | <u>inspection of</u> the dwelling <u>or of each unit subject to the claim</u> |
| 36 | to assess each alleged construction defect. <u>An association's</u> |
| 37 | right to access property for either maintenance or repair |
| 38 | includes the authority to grant access for the inspection. The |
| 39 | claimant shall provide the person receiving the notice under |
| 40 | subsection (1) and such person's contractor, subcontractor, |
| 41 | supplier, or design professional and its contractors or agents |
| 42 | reasonable access to the dwelling during normal working hours to |
| 43 | inspect the dwelling to determine the nature and cause of each |
| 44 | alleged construction defect and the nature and extent of any |
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73 copy of the notice of claim to each contractor, subcontractor, 74 supplier, or design professional whom it reasonably believes is 75 responsible for each defect specified in the notice of claim and 76 shall note the specific defect for which it believes the 77 particular contractor, subcontractor, supplier, or design 78 professional is responsible. Each such contractor, 79 subcontractor, supplier, and design professional may inspect the 80 dwelling as provided in subsection (2) within 5 business days 81 after receiving a copy of the notice.

Within 15 5 business days after receiving a copy of 82 (4) the notice of claim pursuant to subsection (3) involving a 83 single-family home, an association representing 20 or fewer 84 residential parcels, a manufactured or modular home, a duplex, a 85 triplex, or a quadruplex, or within 30 days after receipt of the 86 87 copy of the notice of claim involving an association 88 representing more than 20 residential parcels, the contractor, subcontractor, supplier, or design professional must serve a 89 90 written response to the person contractor, subcontractor, 91 supplier, or design professional who forwarded served a copy of the notice of claim. The written response shall include a 92 93 report, if any, of the scope of any inspection of the dwelling, 94 the findings and results of the inspection, a statement of 95 whether the contractor, subcontractor, supplier, or design 96 professional is willing to make repairs to the dwelling or 97 whether such he or she disputes the claim is disputed, a 98 description of any repairs they are he or she is willing to make to remedy the alleged construction defect, and a timetable for 99 100 the completion of such repairs.

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101 (5) Within 45 25 days after receiving the notice of claim involving a single-family home, an association representing 20 102 or fewer residential parcels, a manufactured or modular home, a 103 104 duplex, a triplex, or a quadruplex, or within 75 days after receipt of a copy of the notice of claim involving an 105 association representing more than 20 residential parcels, the 106 107 person who received notice under subsection (1) each contractor, 108 subcontractor, supplier, or design professional must serve a 109 written response to the claimant. The response shall be served to the attention of the person who signed the notice of claim, 110 111 unless otherwise designated in the notice of claim. The written 112 response must provide:

(a) A written offer to remedy the alleged construction defect at no cost to the claimant, including a report of the scope of the inspection, the findings and results of the inspection, a detailed description of the proposed repairs necessary to remedy the defect, and a timetable for the completion of such repairs;

(b) A written offer to compromise and settle the claim by monetary payment <u>and a timetable for making payment</u> to be paid within 30 days after the claimant's acceptance of the offer; or (c) A written offer to compromise and settle the claim by a combination of repairs and monetary payment, including a detailed description of the proposed repairs and a timetable for the completion of such repairs and making payment; or

126 (d)(c) A written statement that the person contractor,
 127 subcontractor, supplier, or design professional disputes the

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128 claim and will not remedy the defect or compromise and settle 129 the claim.

(6) If the contractor, subcontractor, supplier, or design 130 professional offers to remedy the alleged construction defect or 131 132 compromise and settle the claim by monetary payment, the written 133 response must contain a statement that the claimant shall be 134 deemed to have accepted the offer if, within 15 days, or 45 days 135 for an association, after service to the written response, the 136 claimant does not serve a written rejection of the offer on the contractor, subcontractor, supplier, or design professional. 137

138 (6) (7) If the person receiving a notice of claim pursuant to subsection (1) contractor, subcontractor, supplier, or design 139 140 professional disputes the claim and will neither remedy the defect nor compromise and settle the claim, or does not respond 141 to the claimant's notice of claim within the time provided in 142 143 subsection (5), the claimant may, without further notice, 144 proceed with an action against that person the contractor, 145 subcontractor, supplier, or design professional for the claim described in the notice of claim. Nothing in this chapter shall 146 be construed to preclude a partial settlement or compromise of 147 the claim as agreed to by the parties and, in that event, the 148 149 claimant may, without further notice, proceed with an action on 150 the unresolved portions of the claim.

151 <u>(7)(8)</u> A claimant who <u>receives</u> rejects a <u>timely</u> settlement 152 offer <u>must accept or reject the offer</u> made by <u>serving</u> the 153 contractor, subcontractor, supplier, or design professional must 154 serve written notice of such <u>acceptance or</u> rejection on the 155 <u>person making the offer</u> contractor, subcontractor, supplier, or

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184 supplier, or design professional makes payment or repairs the 185 defect within the agreed time and in the agreed manner, the 186 claimant is barred from proceeding with an action against the 187 contractor, subcontractor, supplier, or design professional for 188 the claim described in the notice of claim <u>or as otherwise</u> 189 provided in the accepted settlement offer.

190 (10) If the claimant accepts the offer of a contractor, 191 subcontractor, supplier, or design professional to repair an 192 alleged construction defect, the claimant shall provide the 193 contractor, subcontractor, supplier, or design professional and 194 its contractors or other agents reasonable access to the 195 claimant's dwelling during normal working hours to perform the 196 repair by the agreed-upon timetable as stated in the offer.

197 (9)(11) The failure of a claimant or a contractor, subcontractor, supplier, or design professional to follow the 198 199 procedures in this section is admissible in an action. However, 200 This section does not prohibit or limit the claimant from making 201 any necessary emergency repairs to the dwelling as are required to protect the health, safety, and welfare of the claimant. In 202 addition, any the offer of a contractor, subcontractor, 203 supplier, or design professional to remedy an alleged 204 205 construction defect or to compromise and settle the claim by 206 monetary payment does not constitute an admission of liability 207 with respect to the defect and is not admissible in an action to 208 show the existence of a defect.

209 <u>(10)</u> (12) A claimant's <u>mailing of the</u> written notice of 210 claim under subsection (1) tolls the applicable statute of

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211 limitations relating to any person covered by this chapter and 212 any bond surety until the later of:

(a) <u>Ninety Sixty</u> days, or 120 days, as applicable, after <u>receipt of the contractor, subcontractor, supplier, or design</u> professional receives the notice <u>of claim pursuant to subsection</u> (<u>1</u>); or

(b) Thirty days after the end of the repair period <u>or</u>
<u>payment period</u> stated in the offer, if the claimant has accepted
the offer. By stipulation of the parties, the period may be
extended and the statute of limitations is tolled during the
extension.

222 (11) (13) The procedures in this chapter section apply to 223 each alleged construction defect. However, a claimant may include multiple defects in one notice of claim. The initial 224 225 list of construction defects may be amended by the claimant to 226 identify additional or new construction defects as they become 227 known to the claimant. The court shall allow the action to 228 proceed to trial only as to alleged construction defects that were noticed and for which the claimant has complied with this 229 chapter and as to construction defects reasonably related to, or 230 231 caused by, the construction defects previously noticed. Nothing 232 in this subsection shall preclude subsequent or further actions.

233 <u>(12)(14)</u> This chapter does Sections 558.001-558.003 of 234 this act do not:

(a) Bar or limit any rights, including the right of
specific performance to the extent such right would be available
in the absence of this act, any causes of action, or any

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238 theories on which liability may be based, except as specifically 239 provided in this <u>chapter</u> act;

(b) Bar or limit any defense, or create any new defense,
except as specifically provided in this <u>chapter</u> act; or

(c) Create any new rights, causes of action, or theorieson which liability may be based.

244 (13) The person receiving notice of claim under subsection 245 (1) shall be deemed, for insurance purposes, to have been 246 legally obligated to make the repairs or the monetary payment as 247 if the claimant had recovered a judgment against such person in 248 the amount of the cost of the repairs, and the amount of the 249 monetary payment, if any, if the claimant has accepted the 250 offer.

251 (14)(15) To the extent that an arbitration clause in a 252 contract for the sale, design, construction, or remodeling of a 253 dwelling conflicts with this section, this section shall 254 control.

255 (15) Upon request, the claimant and the person receiving 256 notice pursuant to subsection (1) shall have a mutual duty to 257 exchange all available discoverable evidence relating to the 258 construction defects, including, but not limited to, expert 259 reports, photographs, information received pursuant to 260 subsection (4), and videotapes, if any. In the event of