By Senator Peaden

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1 Senate Resolution No. ____ 2 A resolution recommending increased funding at 3 the state and federal levels for hepatitis 4 prevention and treatment. 5 6 WHEREAS, three hepatitis viruses, hepatitis A, 7 hepatitis B, and hepatitis C, cause significant morbidity and 8 mortality in Florida, and 9 WHEREAS, an estimated 4 million people in the United 10 States are infected with hepatitis C, and WHEREAS, an estimated 1.25 million persons are 11 12 chronically infected with hepatitis B in the United States, 13 and 14 WHEREAS, hepatitis A continues to be one of the most 15 frequently reported vaccine-preventable diseases in the United 16 States, and 17 WHEREAS, an estimated 270,000 Floridians are currently infected with hepatitis C and most are unaware of their 18 19 infection, and 20 WHEREAS, if left undetected, hepatitis B and C can lead 21 to cirrhosis, liver cancer, liver failure, or death, and 22 WHEREAS, the Hepatitis and Liver Failure Prevention and 23 Control Program of the Department of Health has integrated with other public health and private providers to enhance 24 25 hepatitis prevention and control, and 26 WHEREAS, hepatitis A and hepatitis B are preventable by 27 vaccination, and 28 WHEREAS, the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention 29 recommends that adults at increased risk for infection or 30 serious consequences of infection receive vaccination for hepatitis A and hepatitis B to prevent infection and improve

health, and recommends that adults at increased risk for infection and or serious consequences of infection receive testing for hepatitis B and hepatitis C to become aware of their status, to prevent disease transmission, and to improve health, and

WHEREAS, key medical organizations are now stating that the federal and state governments have important roles in supporting not only vaccine purchase, but also in creating infrastructure that can further expand and appropriately handle more aggressive national immunization goals, and

WHEREAS, these organizations have recommended that the federal and state governments need additional funds to purchase vaccines for the uninsured and underinsured adult populations, and

WHEREAS, Florida has adopted such national immunization goals along with additional goals of increasing the testing available to adults at high risk for hepatitis C, and

WHEREAS, identification of hepatitis C-infected persons through laboratory testing allows for counseling to prevent further spread of the disease, along with vaccination against hepatitis A and B, which can cause additional liver damage, and

WHEREAS, persons with acute or chronic viral hepatitis can experience improved quality and length of life from education, social support, and medical referral, NOW, THEREFORE,

Be It Resolved by the Senate of the State of Florida:

That the Senate supports the prevention and control of viral hepatitis through the following measures;

- 1. Implementing prevention and education activities by state and local public health programs to counsel and screen all persons at risk for viral hepatitis;
- 2. Purchasing and distributing hepatitis A and hepatitis B vaccines to immunize adult residents at increased risk for hepatitis infection or the serious consequences of infection;
- 3. Using both pediatric and adult hepatitis B vaccine and other prevention services to immunize all children and adults at increased risk, thereby eliminating transmission of hepatitis B in the state;
- 4. Ensuring surveillance and evaluation of the infection rates of hepatitis A, B, and C;
- 5. Implementing programs to educate all healthcare providers about diagnosis, medical management, and prevention of viral hepatitis; and
- 6. Enhancing the social support and medical referral services available to state residents infected with viral hepatitis.