Bill No. <u>CS for SB 2284</u>

Amendment No. ____ Barcode 334206

CHAMBER ACTION

i	Senate House
1	1/AD/2R .
2	04/26/2004 11:25 AM .
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11	Senator Villalobos moved the following amendment:
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13	Senate Amendment
14	On page 5, line 11, through page 19, line 20, delete
15	those lines
16	
17	and insert: orientation program referral to the nearest or
18	most appropriate community substance abuse program.
19	$\frac{(5)(4)}{(4)}$ The department shall conduct a needs assessment
20	of every inmate to determine which, if any, basic support
21	services the inmate needs after release. <u>Substance abuse</u>
22	treatment shall be deemed a basic support service for any
23	inmate who has been identified as needing substance abuse
24	treatment pursuant to s. 944.473 and who has not been provided
25	an opportunity to receive such treatment while incarcerated.
26	$\frac{(6)}{(5)}$ The department may contract with public or
27	private entities, including faith-based service groups, for
28	the provision of all or part of the services pursuant to this
29	section.
30	$\frac{(7)(6)}{(6)}$ (a) The department shall notify every inmate, in
31	no less than 18-point type in the inmate's release documents,
!	11:13 AM 04/23/04 s2284.cj38.0e

- 1 | that the inmate may be sentenced pursuant to s. 775.082(9) if
- 2 the inmate commits any felony offense described in s.
- 3 775.082(9) within 3 years after the inmate's release. This
- 4 | notice must be prefaced by the word "WARNING" in boldfaced
- 5 type.
- 6 (b) Nothing in this section precludes the sentencing
- 7 of a person pursuant to s. 775.082(9), nor shall evidence that
- 8 | the department failed to provide this notice prohibit a person
- 9 from being sentenced pursuant to s. 775.082(9). The state
- 10 | shall not be required to demonstrate that a person received
- 11 any notice from the department in order for the court to
- 12 impose a sentence pursuant to s. 775.082(9).
- Section 1. Subsection (2) of section 947.22, Florida
- 14 Statutes, is amended to read:
- 15 947.22 Authority to arrest parole violators with or
- 16 | without warrant.--
- 17 (2) Any parole and probation officer, when she or he
- 18 has reasonable ground to believe that a parolee, control
- 19 releasee, or conditional releasee has violated the terms and
- 20 | conditions of her or his parole, control release, or
- 21 | conditional release in a material respect, has the right to
- 22 arrest or request any law enforcement officer to arrest the
- 23 releasee or parolee without warrant and bring her or him
- 24 | forthwith before one or more commissioners or a duly
- 25 authorized representative of the Parole Commission or Control
- 26 Release Authority; and proceedings shall thereupon be had as
- 27 provided herein when a warrant has been issued by a member of
- 28 | the commission or authority or a duly authorized
- 29 representative of the commission or authority. Local law
- 30 enforcement officers shall assist the probation officer, upon
- 31 request, in making warrantless arrests, taking the offender

- 1 | into custody and transporting the offender to the county jail.
- Section 2. Subsections (1) and (3) of section 948.03,
- 3 | Florida Statutes, as amended by section 136 of chapter
- 4 2003-402, Laws of Florida, are amended to read:
- 5 948.03 Terms and conditions of probation or community
- 6 control.--
- 7 (1) The court shall determine the terms and conditions
- 8 of probation or community control. Conditions specified in
- 9 paragraphs(a)-(n)(a)-(m) do not require oral pronouncement
- 10 at the time of sentencing and may be considered standard
- 11 conditions of probation. Conditions specified in paragraphs
- 12 (a)-(n)(a)-(m) and (2)(a) do not require oral pronouncement
- 13 at sentencing and may be considered standard conditions of
- 14 community control. These conditions may include among them
- 15 the following, that the probationer or offender in community
- 16 | control shall:
- 17 (a) Report to the probation <u>officers</u> and parole
- 18 supervisors as directed. The offender shall provide to the
- 19 probation officer a full, truthful, and complete written
- 20 report each month. The report must include, but need not be
- 21 <u>limited to, the offender's employment status, monthly</u>
- 22 earnings, and financial ability. At the discretion of the
- 23 department, the reporting requirement may include electronic
- 24 monitoring.
- 25 (b) Permit such <u>officers</u> supervisors to visit him or
- 26 her at his or her home or elsewhere.
- 27 (c) Work faithfully at suitable employment insofar as
- 28 | may be possible.
- 29 (d) Remain within a specified place.
- 30 (e) Make reparation or restitution to the aggrieved
- 31 party for the damage or loss caused by his or her offense in

- an amount to be determined by the court. The court shall make such reparation or restitution a condition of probation, unless it determines that clear and compelling reasons exist to the contrary. If the court does not order restitution, or orders restitution of only a portion of the damages, as
- provided in s. 775.089, it shall state on the record in detail the reasons therefor.
- (f) Effective July 1, 1994, and applicable for 8 offenses committed on or after that date, make payment of the 9 debt due and owing to a county or municipal detention facility 10 11 under s. 951.032 for medical care, treatment, hospitalization, or transportation received by the felony probationer while in 12 13 that detention facility. The court, in determining whether to 14 order such repayment and the amount of such repayment, shall 15 consider the amount of the debt, whether there was any fault of the institution for the medical expenses incurred, the 16 financial resources of the felony probationer, the present and 17 18 potential future financial needs and earning ability of the 19 probationer, and dependents, and other appropriate factors.
- 20 (g) Support his or her legal dependents to the best of 21 his or her ability.
- 22 (h) Make payment of the debt due and owing to the 23 state under s. 960.17, subject to modification based on change 24 of circumstances.
- 25 (i) Pay any application fee assessed under s.
 26 27.52(2)(a) and attorney's fees and costs assessed under s.
 27 938.29, subject to modification based on change of
 28 circumstances.
- 29 (j) Not associate with persons engaged in criminal activities.
- 31 | (k)1. Submit to random testing as directed by the $\frac{4}{11:13}$ AM 04/23/04 s2284.cj38.0e

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- correctional probation officer or the professional staff of the treatment center where he or she is receiving treatment to determine the presence or use of alcohol or controlled substances.
- 5 2. If the offense was a controlled substance violation and the period of probation immediately follows a period of 6 7 incarceration in the state correction system or if the offense was a controlled substance violation and the offender had a 8 9 previous term of imprisonment for a controlled-substance-related offense, the conditions shall 10 11 include a requirement that the offender submit to substance 12 abuse evaluation and comply with recommendations for treatment, and submit to random substance abuse testing 13 14 intermittently throughout the term of supervision, upon the 15 direction of the correctional probation officer as defined in 16 s. 943.10(3).
 - (1) Be prohibited from possessing, carrying, or owning any firearm unless authorized by the court and consented to by the probation officer.
 - (m) Be prohibited from using intoxicants to excess or using or possessing a controlled substance or drug any drugs or narcotics unless prescribed by a physician. The probationer or community controllee shall not knowingly visit places where intoxicants, drugs, or other dangerous substances are unlawfully sold, dispensed, or used.
 - (n) Remain at liberty without violating the law.
- (o)(n) Attend an HIV/AIDS awareness program consisting of a class of not less than 2 hours or more than 4 hours in length, the cost for which shall be paid by the offender, if such a program is available in the county of the offender's 31 residence.

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(p) (o) Pay not more than \$1 per month during the term of probation or community control to a nonprofit organization established for the sole purpose of supplementing the rehabilitative efforts of the Department of Corrections.

- (3)(a)1. The Department of Corrections may, at its discretion, instruct an offender to submit to electronic monitoring electronically monitor an offender sentenced to community control. In such cases, the electronic monitoring shall be considered to be supervisory instructions implementing the standard condition of supervision requiring the offender to report to probation officers as directed. This subparagraph does not limit the judge's discretion to order electronic monitoring in appropriate cases.
- 2. The Department of Corrections shall electronically monitor an offender sentenced to criminal quarantine community control 24 hours per day.
- (b) Any offender placed on community control who violates the terms and conditions of community control and is restored to community control may be supervised by means of an electronic monitoring device or system.
- (c) For those offenders being electronically monitored, the Department of Corrections shall develop procedures to determine, investigate, and report the offender's noncompliance with the terms and conditions of sentence 24 hours per day. All reports of noncompliance shall be immediately investigated by a community control officer.
- (d) The Department of Corrections may contract with local law enforcement agencies to assist in the location and apprehension of offenders who are in noncompliance as reported by the electronic monitoring system. This contract is intended 31 to provide the department a means for providing immediate

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investigation of noncompliance reports, especially after normal office hours.

Section 3. Section 948.032, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

948.032 Condition of probation; restitution.--If a defendant is placed on probation, any restitution ordered under s. 775.089 shall be a condition of the probation. The court may revoke probation if the defendant fails to comply with the order. In determining whether to revoke probation, the court shall consider the defendant's employment status, earning ability, and financial resources; the willfulness of the defendant's failure to pay; and any other special circumstances that may have a bearing on the defendant's ability to pay. As provided in s. 948.06(5), it shall be the responsibility of the defendant to prove his or her inability to pay restitution ordered by the court.

Section 4. Effective July 1, 2004, and applicable to offenses or violations committed on or after that date, section 948.06, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

948.06 Violation of probation or community control; revocation; modification; continuance; failure to pay restitution or cost of supervision. --

(1)(a) Whenever within the period of probation or community control there are reasonable grounds to believe that a probationer or offender in community control has violated his or her probation or community control in a material respect, any law enforcement officer who is aware of the probationary or community control status of the probationer or offender in community control or any parole or probation supervisor may arrest or request any county or municipal law 31 enforcement officer to arrest such probationer or offender

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- without warrant wherever found and forthwith return him or her to the court granting such probation or community control.
- 3 Local law enforcement officers shall assist the probation officer, upon request, in making warrantless arrests, taking 4 5 offenders into custody, and transporting offenders to the county jail. 6
 - (b) Any committing magistrate may issue a warrant, upon the facts being made known to him or her by affidavit of one having knowledge of such facts, for the arrest of the probationer or offender, returnable forthwith before the court granting such probation or community control.
 - (c) Any parole or probation supervisor, any officer authorized to serve criminal process, or any peace officer of this state is authorized to serve and execute such warrant.
 - (d) Upon the filing of an affidavit alleging a violation of probation or community control and following issuance of a warrant under s. 901.02 or upon a warrantless arrest, the probationary period is tolled until the court enters a ruling on the violation. Notwithstanding the tolling of probation as provided in this subsection, the court shall retain jurisdiction over the offender for any violation of the conditions of probation or community control that is alleged to have occurred during the tolling period. The probation officer is permitted to continue to supervise any offender who remains available to the officer for supervision until the supervision expires pursuant to the order of probation or community control or until the court revokes or terminates the probation or community control, whichever comes first.
- (2)(a) The court, upon the probationer or offender being brought before it, shall advise him or her of such 31 charge of violation and, if such charge is admitted to be

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true, may forthwith revoke, modify, or continue the probation or community control or place the probationer into a community control program.

- (b) If probation or community control is revoked, the court shall adjudge the probationer or offender guilty of the offense charged and proven or admitted, unless he or she has previously been adjudged guilty, and impose any sentence which it might have originally imposed before placing the probationer on probation or the offender into community control.
- (c) If such violation of probation or community control is not admitted by the probationer or offender, the court may commit him or her or release him or her with or without bail to await further hearing, or it may dismiss the charge of probation or community control violation.
- (d) If such charge is not at that time admitted by the probationer or offender and if it is not dismissed, the court, as soon as may be practicable, shall give the probationer or offender an opportunity to be fully heard on his or her behalf in person or by counsel.
- (e) After such hearing, the court may revoke, modify, or continue the probation or community control or place the probationer into community control. If such probation or community control is revoked, the court shall adjudge the probationer or offender guilty of the offense charged and proven or admitted, unless he or she has previously been adjudged guilty, and impose any sentence which it might have originally imposed before placing the probationer or offender on probation or into community control.
- (f) Notwithstanding s. 775.082, when a period of 31 probation or community control has been tolled, upon

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1 | revocation or modification of the probation or community control, the court may impose a sanction with a term that when combined with the amount of supervision served and tolled, exceeds the term permissible pursuant to s. 775.082 for a term up to the amount of the tolled period supervision.

(g) If the court dismisses an affidavit alleging a violation of probation or community control, the offender's probation or community control shall continue as previously imposed, and the offender shall receive credit for all tolled time against his or her term of probation or community control.

(h) The chief judge of each judicial circuit may direct the department to use a notification letter of a technical violation in lieu of a violation report, affidavit, and warrant when the violation is not a new felony or misdemeanor offense. Such direction must be in writing and specify the types of specific violations which are to be reported by a notification letter of a technical violation, any exceptions, and the required process for submission. At the direction of the chief judge, the department shall send the notification letter of a technical violation to the court.

(i)1. For each case in which the offender admits to committing a violation or is found to have committed a violation, the department shall provide the court with a recommendation as to disposition by the court. The department shall make a determination as to the reasons for its recommendation, and shall include an evaluation of the following factors:

a. The appropriateness or inappropriateness of community facilities, programs, or services for treatment or 31 supervision of the offender.

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- b. The ability or inability of the department to provide an adequate level of supervision of the offender in the community and a statement of what constitutes an adequate <u>level of supervision.</u>
- c. The existence of other treatment modalities that the offender could use but that do not currently exist in the community.
- 2. The report must also include a summary of the offender's prior supervision history, including the offender's prior participation in treatment, educational, and vocational programs, and any other actions or circumstances of the offender which are relevant.
- 3. The court may specify whether the recommendation or report must be oral or written and may waive the requirement for a report in an individual case or a class of cases. This paragraph does not prohibit the department from making any other report or recommendation that is provided for by law or requested by the court.
- (3)(2)(a) When any state or local law enforcement agency investigates or arrests a person for committing, or attempting, soliciting, or conspiring to commit, a violation of s. 787.025, chapter 794, s. 796.03, s. 800.04, s. 827.071, s. 847.0133, s. 847.0135, or s. 847.0145, the law enforcement agency shall contact the Department of Corrections to verify whether the person under investigation or under arrest is on probation, community control, parole, conditional release, or control release.
- (b) If the law enforcement agency finds that the person under investigation or under arrest is on probation, community control, parole, conditional release, or control 31 release, the law enforcement agency shall immediately notify

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the person's probation officer or release supervisor of the investigation or the arrest.

(4)(3) When the court imposes a subsequent term of supervision following a revocation of probation or community control, it shall not provide credit for time served while on probation or community control toward any subsequent term of probation or community control. However, the court may not impose a subsequent term of probation or community control which, when combined with any amount of time served on preceding terms of probation or community control for offenses before the court for sentencing, would exceed the maximum penalty allowable as provided by s. 775.082. No part of the time that the defendant is on probation or in community control shall be considered as any part of the time that he or she shall be sentenced to serve.

(5)(4) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, a probationer or an offender in community control who is arrested for violating his or her probation or community control in a material respect may be taken before the court in the county or circuit in which the probationer or offender was arrested. That court shall advise him or her of such charge of a violation and, if such charge is admitted, shall cause him or her to be brought before the court which granted the probation or community control.

(a) If such violation is not admitted by the probationer or offender, the court may commit him or her or release him or her with or without bail to await further hearing. The court, as soon as is practicable, shall give the probationer or offender an opportunity to be fully heard on his or her behalf in person or by counsel.

 $\underline{\text{(b)}}$ After such hearing, the court shall make findings 12 11:13 AM 04/23/04 s2284.cj38.0e

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of fact and forward the findings to the court which granted the probation or community control and to the probationer or 3 offender or his or her attorney. The findings of fact by the hearing court are binding on the court which granted the 4 5 probation or community control. Upon the probationer or offender being brought before it, the court which granted the 6 7 probation or community control may revoke, modify, or continue the probation or community control or may place the 8 9 probationer into community control as provided in this 10 section. 11 (6)(5) Whenever the department submits a violation report to the court for failure to pay court-ordered 12 13 obligations, the department shall include a statement by the probationer or offender on community control concerning his or 14 15 her ability to pay. However, the violation report may be 16 submitted without such statement if it cannot be obtained through department efforts. In any hearing in which the 17 18 failure of a probationer or offender in community control to 19 pay restitution or the cost of supervision as provided in s. 948.09, as directed, is established by the state, if the 20 probationer or offender asserts his or her inability to pay 21 restitution or the cost of supervision, it is incumbent upon 22 23 the probationer or offender to prove by clear and convincing 24 evidence that he or she does not have the present resources 25 available to pay restitution or the cost of supervision 26 despite sufficient bona fide efforts legally to acquire the 27 resources to do so. If the probationer or offender cannot pay restitution or the cost of supervision despite sufficient bona 28 fide efforts, the court shall consider alternate measures of 29 punishment other than imprisonment. Only if alternate measures 30 31 | are not adequate to meet the state's interests in punishment

Amendment No. ____ Barcode 334206 and deterrence may the court imprison a probationer or offender in community control who has demonstrated sufficient 3 bona fide efforts to pay restitution or the cost of supervision. 4 5 (7)(6) Any parolee in a community control program who has allegedly violated the terms and conditions of such 6 placement is subject to the provisions of ss. 947.22 and 7 8 947.23. 9 (8) (7) Any provision of law to the contrary notwithstanding, whenever probation, community control, or 10 11 control release, including the probationary, community control portion of a split sentence, is violated and the probation or 12 13 community control is revoked, the offender, by reason of his or her misconduct, shall be deemed to have forfeited all 14 15 gain-time or commutation of time for good conduct, as provided 16 by law, earned up to the date of his or her release on probation, community control, or control release. This 17

18 subsection does not deprive the prisoner of his or her right 19 to gain-time or commutation of time for good conduct, as provided by law, from the date on which the prisoner is 20 returned to prison. However, if a prisoner is sentenced to 2.1 incarceration following termination from a drug punishment 22

24 include incarceration without the possibility of gain-time or 25 early release for the period of time remaining in his or her 26 treatment program placement term.

program imposed as a condition of probation, the sentence may

Section 5. Section 948.061, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

948.061 Identifying, assessing, and monitoring certain high-risk offenders on community supervision; providing 31 <u>cumulative criminal and supervision histories to the court.--</u>

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1	(1) By December 1, 2004, the department shall develop
2	a graduated risk assessment and alert system that continuously
3	identifies, assesses, and closely monitors the population of
4	offenders placed on probation or community control who have:
5	(a) Previously been placed on probation or community
6	control and who have a history of committing multiple
7	community supervision violations in this state or in other
8	jurisdictions or who have previously been incarcerated in this
9	state or in other jurisdictions; and
10	(b) Have experienced more than one of the following
11	risk factors that could potentially make the offender more
12	likely to pose a danger to others:
13	1. Attempted suicide or severe depression;
14	2. Marital instability or history of domestic
15	violence;
16	3. History of substance abuse;
17	4. Unemployment or substantial financial difficulties;
18	5. History of violence, particularly involving
19	strangers; or
20	6. Any other risk factor identified by the department.
21	(2) Recognizing that there may be a propensity for
22	these offenders with extensive criminal histories and multiple
23	risk factors to pose a serious threat to the community, the
24	department shall consider the cumulative impact of these risk
25	factors and, if necessary, place these offenders on an
26	elevated alert status and provide a high level of supervision
27	for these offenders until the situation
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