BILL \#: HB $249 \quad$ Live the Dream Specialty License Plate

IDEN./SIM. BILLS: SB 588

| REFERENCE | ACTION | ANALYST | STAFF DIRECTOR |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1) Highway Safety (Sub) |  | Garner | Miller |
| 2)Transportation |  |  |  |
| 3) Finance \& Tax |  |  |  |
| 4)Trans. \& Econ. Dev. Apps. (Sub) |  |  |  |
| 5)Appropriations |  |  |  |

## SUMMARY ANALYSIS

HB 249 creates the Live the Dream specialty license plate, and establishes an annual use fee of $\$ 25$ to be paid by purchasers of the plate in addition to license taxes and fees.

The Dream Foundation, Inc., retains the first $\$ 80,000$ in annual use fee proceeds to offset its costs in developing the plate which include the $\$ 60,000$ application fee and the scientific sample survey required by s. 320.08053, F.S. The foundation is also authorized to spend up to 25 percent of the annual use fees for continuing promotion and marketing of the plate and concept, and 5 percent to cover administrative costs directly associated with the management and distribution of annual use fee proceeds. The foundation distributes the remaining funds to the March of Dimes to help reduce infant mortality, the Florida Association of Healthy Start Coalitions to decrease racial disparity in infant mortality, the Community Partnership for Homeless, Inc., and as grants to fight sickle-cell disease.

The Dream Foundation, Inc., has completed all statutory requirements for eligibility to seek Legislative approval of its specialty license plate concept.

## FULL ANALYSIS

## I. SUBSTANTIVE ANALYSIS

A. DOES THE BILL:

1. Reduce government?
2. Lower taxes?
3. Expand individual freedom?
4. Increase personal responsibility?
5. Empower families?

| Yes[] | No[X] | N/A[] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Yes[] | No [] | $N / A[X]$ |
| Yes[] | No [] | N/A[X] |
| Yes[] | No [] | N/A[X] |
| Yes[] | No[] | N/A[X] |

For any principle that received a "no" above, please explain:

## Reduce Government?

The bill appears to increase government in that it requires DHSMV to develop and provide for the manufacture of a new license plate, and requires county tax collectors offices to maintain an appropriate inventory and administer the new plate.

## B. EFFECT OF PROPOSED CHANGES:

## Present Situation

The Florida Legislature created the first specialty license plates in 1986, one commemorating the seven astronauts who died when the space shuttle Challenger exploded after lift-off, and one for each of the nine universities then in the State University System. Since then, the Legislature has authorized seventy-eight more specialty license plates.

Specialty license plates are available to any owner or lessee of a motor vehicle who is willing to pay an annual use fee for the privilege. Annual use fees ranging from $\$ 15$ to $\$ 25$, paid in addition to required license taxes and service fees, are distributed to an organization or organizations in support of a particular cause or charity signified in the plate's design and designated in statute. The Legislature may create a specialty license plate under its own initiative or it can do so at the request of an organization. Under s. 320.08053, F.S., an organization may seek Legislative authorization for a new specialty license plate by meeting a number of requirements.

An organization is first required to submit to the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles (DHSMV):

- A request for the plate describing it in general terms;
- The results of a professional, independent, and scientific sample survey of Florida residents indicating that 15,000 vehicle owners intend to purchase the plate at the increased cost;
- An application fee of up to $\$ 60,000$ defraying DHSMV's cost for reviewing the application, developing the new plate, and providing for the manufacture and distribution of the first run of plates; and
- A marketing strategy for the plate and a financial analysis of anticipated revenues and planned expenditures

These requirements must be satisfied at least 90 days prior to the convening of the regular session of the Legislature. Once the requirements are met, DHSMV notifies the committees of the House of Representatives and Senate with jurisdiction over the issue, and the organization is free to find sponsors and pursue Legislative action.

If a proposed specialty plate fails to be enacted by the Legislature, DHSMV returns the application fee and other required documents to the organization. If it passes and becomes law, DHSMV notifies the organization, modifies its computer programming to accommodate the new plate, and requests the laminate manufacturer, 3M Company, to produce a prototype. PRIDE at Union Correctional Facility, the contracted manufacturer of license plates, laminates, embosses and roll-coats sample plates that must be submitted to FHP, the Governor, and the Cabinet for approval. Once approval is given, PRIDE begins full production of the plates and distributes them to the Tax Collectors' Offices for sale to the public.

A particular specialty license plate must be discontinued if less than 8,000 plates, including annual renewals, are issued by the end of the fifth year of sales, or during any subsequent five-year period. To date, only three plates have ever been discontinued for lack of sales. These plates are the Girl Scouts plate, the Orlando Predators plate, and the Tampa Bay Storm plate.

The Legislature has authorized 88 specialty license plates to date. Approximately 100 specialty license plates may be available for sale within the next year. Sales of specialty license plates generated more than $\$ 24$ million in annual use fee revenues in 2002, and more than $\$ 24.5$ million in 2003 . Since the program's inception in 1986, the DHSMV has collected annual use fees totaling more than $\$ 225$ million.

## Effect of Proposed Changes

HB 249 creates the Live the Dream specialty license plate, and establishes an annual use fee of $\$ 25$ to be paid by purchasers of the plate in addition to license taxes and fees. The Dream Foundation, Inc., retains the first $\$ 80,000$ in annual use fee proceeds to offset its costs in developing the plate which include the $\$ 60,000$ application fee required by s. 320.08053 , F.S., and the costs of conducting a scientific sample survey, also required by s. 320.08053 , F.S. The foundation is also authorized to spend up to 25 percent of the annual use fees for continuing promotion and marketing of the plate and concept, and 5 percent to cover administrative costs directly associated with the management and distribution of annual use fee proceeds.

The 70 percent of annual use fee proceeds remaining shall be distributed as follows:

- 25 percent as grants for programs that provide research, care, and treatment for sickle cell disease;
- 25 percent to the March of Dimes for programs and services that improve the health of babies through the prevention of birth defects and infant mortality;
- 10 percent to the Florida Association of Healthy Start Coalitions to decrease racial disparity in infant mortality and to increase healthy birth outcomes by funding screening for high-risk pregnant women, children under 4 years of age, and women of childbearing age; and
- 10 percent to the Community Partnership for Homeless, Inc., for programs providing relief from poverty, hunger, and homelessness.

The March of Dimes is an international organization that is dedicated to fighting threats to the health of babies. Since the bill does not limit annual use fee expenditures by the March of Dimes to activities and services conducted within Florida, those proceeds could possibly be used to support programs outside of Florida.
C. SECTION DIRECTORY:

Section 1. Amends s. 320.08056 , F.S., providing for an annual use fee of $\$ 25$ to be collected for a Live the Dream license plate.

Section 2. Amends s. 320.08058 , F.S., creating a Live the Dream license plate and providing for distribution of annual use fees.

Section 3. Provides an effective date of July 1, 2004.

## II. FISCAL ANALYSIS \& ECONOMIC IMPACT STATEMENT

A. FISCAL IMPACT ON STATE GOVERNMENT:
FY 2003-04 FY 2004-05 FY 2005-06

1. Revenues:

HS Op. TF (App. Fee):
$\$ \quad 60,000$

$\$ \quad-0-$
2. Expenditures:

GR (Data Proc.):
\$ 7,560
$\$ \quad-0-$
$\$ \quad-0-$
HS Op. TF
(Salaries/Bene.):
(Purch. Plates):
TOTAL:

| $\$$ | 15,000 |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\$ \quad 36,900$ |  |


$\$ \quad-0-$
$\$ \quad-0-$
B. FISCAL IMPACT ON LOCAL GOVERNMENTS:

1. Revenues:

None.
2. Expenditures:

None.
C. DIRECT ECONOMIC IMPACT ON PRIVATE SECTOR:

Those persons electing to purchase a Live the Dream license plate would be required to pay a $\$ 25$ annual use fee in addition to the license taxes and fees that are due annually.
D. FISCAL COMMENTS:

HB 249 contains language authorizing the Dream Foundation, Inc., to use up to 25 percent of the annual use fees distributed to it for continuing promotion and marketing of the license plate and concept. In addition, the foundation is required to use the first $\$ 80,000$ to recover its costs incurred in the approval process. These costs presumably include the $\$ 60,000$ application fee payable to the department to cover its initial costs and any costs related to the scientific sample survey conducted as part of the application process.

## III. COMMENTS

A. CONSTITUTIONAL ISSUES:

1. Applicability of Municipality/County Mandates Provision:

Not applicable because this bill does not appear to: require cities or counties to spend funds or take actions requiring the expenditure of funds; reduce the authority that cities or counties have to raise revenues in the aggregate; or reduce the percentage of a state tax shared with cities or counties.
2. Other:

None.
B. RULE-MAKING AUTHORITY:

No exercise of rulemaking authority is required to implement the provisions of this bill.
C. DRAFTING ISSUES OR OTHER COMMENTS:

## IV. AMENDMENTS/COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE CHANGES

