SENATE STAFF ANALYSIS AND ECONOMIC IMPACT STATEMENT

(This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

BILL:	CS/SB 2498					
SPONSOR:	Regulated Industries Committee and Senator Garcia					
SUBJECT:	Condominium	Associations				
DATE:	April 13, 2004	REVISED:				
ANALYST		STAFF DIRECTOR	REFERENCE		ACTION	
1. Sumner		Imhof	RI	Fav/CS		
2			GO			
3.	_		JU			
4.			AGG			
5.			AP			
6.						

I. Summary:

The bill provides that unless expressly stated in an amendment to the declaration of condominium, any provision restricting unit owner's rights relating to the rental of units, keeping of pets, or allocation of parking spaces shall apply only to unit owners who purchase their unit after the effective date of that amendment. An amendment that expressly deprives current unit owners of any part of these rights must be approved by at least a majority of the voting interests. A declaration or an amendment to a declaration may require approval by a greater than super majority vote.

The bill creates an Office of the Condominium Ombudsman housed in the Division of Florida Land Sales, Condominiums, and Mobile Homes (division) but independent of the division. The bill also creates a seven member Advisory Council whose duties are to receive input from the public regarding condominium issues, to review, evaluate and advise the division concerning revisions and adoption of rules, and to recommend improvements, if need to education programs offered by the division.

The bill provides to provide that in addition to the prospectus or offering circular, the developer or current owner must also furnish the "Frequently Asked Questions and Answers" document to any prospective buyer. The bill amends the notice provision in the "Frequently Asked Questions and Answers" document concerning court cases in which the association may face liability of \$25,000 or more.

This bill substantially amends sections 718.110 and 718.504, Florida Statutes.

The bill creates the following sections of the Florida Statutes: 718.5011, 718.5012, 718.5013, 718.5014, and 718.5015.

II. Present Situation:

A condominium is the form of ownership of real property created under ch. 718, F.S., "which is comprised entirely of units that may be owned by one or more persons, and in which there is, appurtenant to each unit, an undivided share in common elements." A condominium association may be a corporation for profit or a corporation not for profit. The board of administration of a condominium is the board of directors or other representative body which is responsible for the administration of the association.

Creation of condominiums; contents of declaration

Every condominium created in this state shall be created pursuant to ch. 718, F.S.⁴ A condominium is created by recording a declaration in the public records of the county where the land is located, executed and acknowledged with the requirements for a deed. Declarations must contain or provide for certain matters including a provision for unit owners' membership and voting rights in the association.⁵

Amendment of declaration; correction of error or omission in declaration by circuit court

Associations are free to amend their declarations following the amendatory provisions contained in the declaration and statute.⁶

Powers and duties of Division of Florida Land Sales, Condominiums, and Mobile Homes.

Part of the powers and duties of the Division of Land Sales includes the requirement to provide training programs for board members and unit owners.⁷

Prospectus or offering circular; "Frequently Asked Questions and Answers"

A question and answer sheet is required to be updated and maintained by the association, but it is only required to be given by the developer to first time purchasers from the developer. Resale purchasers are not entitled to receive the question and answer sheet. The question and answer sheet must disclose all litigation in which the association is subject to liability of \$100,000 or more.⁸

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

Section 1. Amendment of declaration; correction of error or omission in declaration by circuit court; grandfathering and modification of certain rights. The bill amends s. 718.110, F.S., to add provisions relating to grandfathering and modification of certain rights. The bill

¹ Section 718.103(11), F.S.

² Sections 718.104(4)(i) and 718.111(1)(a), F.S.

³ Section 718.103(4), F.S.

⁴ Section 718.104, F.S.

⁵ Section 718.104(4)(j), F.S.

⁶ Section 718.110, F.S.

⁷ Section 71.501, F.S.

⁸ Section 718.504, F.S.

provides that amendments to the declaration relating to pets, the rental of units, and the allocation of parking spaces may only be applied to owners purchasing after the effective date of the amendment unless expressly stated in the amendment.

Unless otherwise provided by law, or by the declaration or bylaws, if an amendment deprives an owner of the right to have pets or offer their units for rent, the amendment must be approved by at least a majority of the voting interest. A declaration or an amendment to a declaration may require approval by a greater than super majority vote.

Section 2. Ombudsman; appointment; oath; restrictions on ombudsman and his or her employees. The bill creates an Office of the Condominium Ombudsman. The office is, for administrative purposes, within the division but shall remain independent of the division. The office shall be a separate budget entity, funded by the division and the ombudsman shall be the agency head. The department shall provide administrative support and service to ombudsman, but the ombudsman is not subject to the control, supervision, or direction of the department. The ombudsman shall develop a budget under ch. 216, F.S. which the department must submit, without change to the Governor along with the budget of the department.

The ombudsman is appointed by the governor and must be an attorney admitted to practice in Florida and must serve at the pleasure of the Governor. Vacancies are filled in the same manner as the original appointment. The ombudsman and attorneys serving as staff must take and subscribe to the oath of office required of state officers by the State Constitution.

An officer or full-time employee of the ombudsman's office may not:

- actively engage in any other business or profession;
- serve as the representative of any political party or on the executive committee or other governing body of any political party, committee, organization, or association;
- receive remuneration for activities on behalf of any candidate for public office; or
- engage in the solicitation of votes or other activities on behalf of any candidate for public office.

The ombudsman or any employee of his or her office may not become a candidate for election to public office unless he or she first resigns from his or her office or employment.

Section 3. Ombudsman; powers and duties. The ombudsman has powers as are necessary to carry out the duties of his or her office including, but not limited to the following specific powers:

- have access to and use of all files and records of the division and of all condominium associations, by subpoena if necessary;
- employ professional and clerical staff as necessary for the efficient operation of the Office of the Condominium Ombudsman, including experts and other technical personnel for participation in contested proceedings before the division when the best interest of the public will be served, and with the approval of the Office of the Governor to adopt and administer a uniform personnel job classification and pay plan for such employees, and to enter into contracts;

 prepare and issue reports, recommendations, and proposed orders to the division, the Governor, the Advisory Council on Condominiums, the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the minority leader of the Senate and the House of Representatives on any matter or subject within the jurisdiction of the division and to make recommendations as he or she deems appropriate for legislation relative to division procedures, rules, jurisdiction, personnel and functions;

- act as liaison between the division and unit owners, and to assist any unit owner in the preparation and filing of a complaint to be investigated by the division;
- recommend that the division initiate enforcement proceedings;
- submit findings of a criminal nature to the state attorney and assist that office in bringing charges;
- monitor, investigate, and review condominium elections and meetings, which includes, but is not limited to:
 - O Providing information and evidence to the division if a member of a condominium board attempts, engages in, conspires to engage in, or willfully and knowingly benefits from electoral fraud. If the information and evidence is clear and convincing, the division must order the member removed from the board. The order must also prohibit the person who is removed from running for election to any office of a condominium board in the state for four years. Any person who is removed twice is barred from serving on a condominium board in the state. Factual findings forming the basis for an order shall be subject to judicial review only for abuse of discretion;
 - O Working with the division to adopt rules governing proceedings to remove a board member for electoral fraud. The rules must, at minimum, provide the accused board member with adequate notice, opportunity to be heard, the right to confront and cross-examine witnesses, the right to submit rebuttal evidence, and the right to counsel. Before the division develops a rule proposal on removal, the division and the office shall meet and confer regarding issues to be addressed in the rule. After the division develops a rule proposal on removal, and before the proposal is finalized for publication or other presentation to the public, the division shall provide the office with a reasonable opportunity to review and provide written comments on the proposal and consider any comments the ombudsman provides.
- make recommendations to the division for changes in rules and procedures for the filing, investigation, and resolution of complaints filed by unit owners, associations and managers.

Section 4. Ombusman; location. The ombudsman shall maintain his or her principal office in Leon County on the premises of the division or, if suitable space cannot be provided there, at such other place convenient to the office of the division as will enable the ombudsman to expeditiously carry out the duties and functions of his or her office. The ombudsman may establish branch offices upon the concurrence of the Joint Legislative Auditing Committee.

Section 5. Advisory council; membership functions. The bill creates a seven member Advisory Council on Condominiums. The council shall consist of:

- two members appointed by the President of the Senate;
- two members appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives; and
- three members appointed by the Governor

At least one member appointed by the Governor shall represent timeshare condominiums. Members are appointed to 2-year terms. However, one of the persons initially appointed by the Governor, by the President of the Senate, and by the Speaker of the Hose of Representatives, shall be appointed to a 1-year term. The director of the division shall serve as an ex officio nonvoting member. It is the intention of the Legislature that the persons appointed represent a cross section of person interested in condominium issues. The council shall be located within the division for administrative purposes. Members of the council shall serve without compensation, but are entitled to receive per diem and travel expenses while on official business.

The functions of the advisory council shall be to:

- receive, from the public, input regarding issues of concern with respect
 condominiums and recommendations for changes in the condominium law. The
 issues that the council shall consider include, but are limited to, the rights and
 responsibilities of the unit owners in relation to rights and responsibilities of the
 unit owners in relation to the rights and responsibilities of the association;
- review, evaluate, and advise the division concerning revisions and adoption of rules affecting condominiums;
- recommend improvements if need, in the education programs offered by the division.

The council may elect a chair and vice chair and such other officers as it may deem advisable. The council shall meet at the call of its chair, at the request of a majority of its membership, at the request of the division, or at such times as it may prescribe. A majority of the members of the council shall constitute a quorum. Council action may be taken by vote of a majority of the voting members who are present at a meeting where there is a quorum.

Section 6. Prospectus or offering circular; "Frequently Asked Questions and Answers". The bill amends s. 718.504, F.S., to provide that in addition to the prospectus or offering circular, the developer or current owner must also furnish the "Frequently Asked Questions and Answers" document to any prospective buyer. The bill amends the notice provision in the "Frequently Asked Questions and Answers" document concerning court cases in which the association may face liability of \$25,000 or more.

IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

None.

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B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None

V. Economic Impact and Fiscal Note:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

None.

C. Government Sector Impact:

According to the department, the bill will have the following fiscal impacts:

- The Florida Division of Land Sales, Condominiums, and Mobile Homes' Trust Fund would be required to provide support for the Advisory Council on Condominiums and the Office of the Ombudsman. Both the Council and Ombudsman would require additional positions and expenditures.
- The Advisory Council on Condominiums will require additional expenditures for travel and per diem. Quarterly meetings of the Council and travel for seven Council members and the division director could cost approximately \$18,720. The division would also require an additional Administrative Assistant II, pay grade 18, to provide staffing for the Council.

VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

VII. Related Issues:

None.

VIII. Amendments:

None.

This Senate staff analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's sponsor or the Florida Senate.