By the Committee on Criminal Justice; and Senator Crist

307-2460-04

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

10

11 12

13

14

15

16 17

18 19

20

21

22

23

2425

2627

28

2930

31

A bill to be entitled An act relating to the costs of juvenile supervision and detention; amending ss. 985.215, 985.231, and 985.233, F.S.; authorizing the court to order the parent or guardian of a child taken into custody by, or placed under the supervision of, the Department of Juvenile Justice to pay for the cost of supervision or detention; creating s. 985.2311, F.S.; specifying the daily fees for supervising and caring for a child; requiring the court to determine whether payment of the fees will create a financial hardship for the parent or guardian of a child; requiring the court to reduce or waive the fees upon a finding of indigency and significant financial hardship; providing for a presumption requiring the payment of fees if the court fails to enter an order; requiring that the order be directed to the child or quardianship estate under certain circumstances; requiring that the department seek a federal waiver and garnish payment of a portion of public assistance if the parent or guardian of the child receives public assistance; requiring that payment be made to the clerk of the circuit court; providing for the clerk to retain a portion of the payment to cover administrative costs; providing for deposit of the fees into the Grants and Donations Trust Fund; requiring the parent or guardian to provide identifying information and

1 financial information to the department; 2 authorizing the department to employ a 3 collection agency to collect and manage the payment of delinquent fees; requiring the 4 5 department to document payments made on behalf 6 of a child; prohibiting the court or the 7 department from extending a child's detention solely for the purpose of collecting fees; 8 providing that the parent, guardian, or child 9 is not liable for fees if the child is 10 11 acquitted or discharged; requiring a refund if fees were paid; providing procedures for the 12 court in issuing an order for income deduction 13 against the parent or legal guardian of a 14 child; requiring notification of the parent or 15 legal guardian and specifying requirements 16 17 therefor; providing requirements for service of the order and notice on the payor by the clerk 18 19 of the court; providing for a hearing on the ground of mistake of fact regarding the amount 20 owed; providing requirements for the notice to 21 the payor; providing for enforcement against a 22 successor payor; prohibiting a payor from 23 24 taking certain actions against an employee because of an income deduction order; providing 25 civil penalties; requiring the payor to notify 26 27 the clerk of the court of a successor payor, if 28 known; providing civil penalties; providing an 29 effective date.

31 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

4 5

Section 1. Subsection (6) of section 985.215, Florida Statutes, as amended by section 140 of chapter 2003-402, Laws of Florida, is amended to read:

985.215 Detention.--

nonsecure, or home detention care, or into other placement supervised by the Department of Juvenile Justice pursuant to a court order following a detention hearing, the court shall order the parents or guardians of such child to pay to the Department of Juvenile Justice fees under s. 985.2311 in the amount of \$5 per day that the child is under the care or supervision of the department in order to partially offset the cost of the care, support, maintenance, and other usual and ordinary obligations of parents to provide for the needs of their children, unless the court makes a finding on the record that the parent or guardian of the child is indigent.

department shall report to the court, verbally or in writing, any available information concerning the ability of the parent or guardian of the child to pay such fee. If the court makes a finding of indigence, the parent or guardian shall pay to the department a nominal subsistence fee of \$2 per day that the child is securely detained outside the home or \$1 per day if the child is otherwise detained in lieu of other fees related to the parent's obligation for the child's cost of care. The nominal subsistence fee may only be waived or reduced if the court makes a finding that such payment would constitute a significant financial hardship. Such finding shall be in writing and shall contain a detailed description of the facts that led the court to make both the finding of indigence and the finding of significant financial hardship.

1

6 7

13 14

15

16

12

17 18 19

22 23 24

20

21

25 26 27

28 29

30

(c) In addition, the court may reduce the fees or waive the fees as to each parent or quardian if the court makes a finding on the record that the parent or guardian was the victim of the delinquent act or violation of law for which the child is detained and that the parent or guardian is cooperating in the investigation of the offense.

(d) The court must include specific findings in the detention order as to what fees are ordered, reduced, or waived. If the court fails to enter an order as required by this subsection, it shall be presumed that the court intended the parent or guardian to pay to the department the fee of \$5 per day that the child remains in detention care.

(e) With respect to a child who has been found to have committed a delinquent act or violation of law, whether or not adjudication is withheld, and whose parent or guardian receives public assistance for any portion of that child's care, the department must seek a federal waiver to garnish or otherwise order the payments of the portion of the public assistance relating to that child to offset the costs of providing care, custody, maintenance, rehabilitation, intervention, or corrective services to the child. When the order affects the guardianship estate, a certified copy of the order shall be delivered to the judge having jurisdiction of the guardianship estate.

(f) The clerk of the circuit court shall act as a depository for these fees. Upon each payment received, the clerk of the circuit court shall receive a fee from the total payment of 3 percent of any payment made except that no fee shall be less than \$1 nor more than \$5 per payment made. This fee shall serve as a service charge for the administration, 31 management, and maintenance of each payment. At the end of

4 5

6

7 8 9

12 13

14

10

11

15 16 17

18 19

20 21

22

23 24

25

26 27

28 29

30

each month, the clerk of the circuit court shall send all money collected under this section to the state Grants and Donations Trust Fund.

(g) The parent or guardian shall provide to the department the parent's or guardian's name, address, social security number, date of birth, and driver's license number or identification card number and sufficient financial information for the department to be able to determine the parent's or guardian's ability to pay. If the parent or guardian refuses to provide the department with any identifying information or financial information, the court shall order the parent to comply and may pursue contempt of court sanctions for failure to comply.

(h) The department may employ a collection agency for the purpose of receiving, collecting, and managing the payment of unpaid and delinquent fees. The collection agency must be registered and in good standing under chapter 559. The department may pay to the collection agency a fee from the amount collected under the claim or may authorize the agency to deduct the fee from the amount collected. The department may also pay for collection services from available authorized funds.

(i) The department may enter into agreements with parents or guardians to establish a schedule of periodic payments if payment of the obligation in full presents an undue hardship. Any such agreement may provide for payment of interest consistent with prevailing loan rates.

(j) The Department of Juvenile Justice shall provide to the payor documentation of any amounts paid by the payor to the Department of Juvenile Justice on behalf of the child. All 31 payments received by the department pursuant to this

3

4 5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13 14

15

16 17

18

19 20

21

22 23

24

25

26

27

28 29

30

subsection shall be deposited in the state Grants and Donations Trust Fund. Neither the court nor the department may extend the child's length of stay in detention care solely for the purpose of collecting fees.

Section 2. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 985.231, Florida Statutes, as amended by section 141 of chapter 2003-402, Laws of Florida, is amended to read:

> 985.231 Powers of disposition in delinquency cases.--(1)

(b)1. When any child is found adjudicated by the court to have committed a delinquent act and placed on probation, regardless of adjudication, under the Department of Juvenile Justice or in temporary legal custody of the child has been placed with a licensed child-caring agency or the Department of Juvenile Justice, the court shall order the parents or guardians of such child to pay fees under s. 985.2311 to the department in the amount of \$5 per day that the child is under the care or supervision of the department in order to partially offset the cost of the care, support, maintenance, and other usual and ordinary obligations of parents to provide for the needs of their children while in the recommended residential commitment level, unless the court makes a finding on the record that the parent or guardian of the child is indigent.

2. No later than the disposition hearing, the department shall provide the court with information concerning the actual cost of care, support, and maintenance of the child in the recommended residential commitment level and concerning the ability of the parent or guardian of the child to pay any fees. If the court makes a finding of indigence, the parent or 31 guardianship shall pay to the department a nominal subsistence

fee of \$2 per day that the child is committed outside the home or \$1 per day if the child is otherwise supervised in lieu of other fees related to the parents' obligation for the child's cost of care. The nominal subsistence fee may only be waived or reduced if the court makes a finding that such payment would constitute a significant financial hardship. Such finding shall be in writing and shall contain a detailed description of the facts that led the court to make both the finding of indigence and the finding of significant financial hardship.

3. In addition, the court may reduce the fees or waive the fees as to each parent or guardian if the court makes a finding on the record that the parent or guardian was the victim of the delinquent act or violation of law for which the child is subject to placement under this section and that the parent or guardian has cooperated in the investigation and prosecution of the offense.

4. All orders committing a child to a residential commitment program shall include specific findings as to what fees are ordered, reduced, or waived. If the court fails to enter an order as required by this paragraph, it shall be presumed that the court intended the parent or guardian to pay fees to the department in an amount of \$5 per day related to the care, support, and maintenance of the child. With regard to a child who reaches the age of 18 prior to the disposition hearing, the court may elect to direct an order required by this paragraph to such child, rather than the parent or guardian. With regard to a child who reaches the age of 18 while in the custody of the department, the court may, upon proper motion of any party, hold a hearing as to whether any party should be further obligated respecting the payment of

2 3 4

fees. When the order affects the guardianship estate, a certified copy of the order shall be delivered to the judge having jurisdiction of the guardianship estate.

5. The clerk of the circuit court shall act as a depository for these fees. Upon each payment received, the clerk of the circuit court shall receive a fee from the total payment of 3 percent of any payment made except that no fee shall be less than \$1 nor more than \$5 per payment made. This fee shall serve as a service charge for the administration, management, and maintenance of each payment. At the end of each month, the clerk of the circuit court shall send all money collected under this section to the state Grants and Donations Trust Fund.

department the parent or guardian shall provide to the department the parent or guardian's name, address, social security number, state of birth, and driver's license number or identification card number and sufficient financial information for the department to be able to determine the parent or guardian's ability to pay. If the parent or guardian refuses to provide the department with any identifying information or financial information, the court shall order the parent to comply and may pursue contempt of court sanctions for failure to comply.

7. The department may employ a collection agency for the purpose of receiving, collecting, and managing the payment of unpaid and delinquent fees. The collection agency must be registered and in good standing under chapter 559. The department may pay to the collection agency a fee from the amount collected under the claim or may authorize the agency to deduct the fee from the amount collected. The department

3

4 5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12 13

14

15 16

17

18 19

20

21

22

23

24 25

26

27

28 29

30

may also pay for collection services from available authorized funds.

- 8. The department may enter into agreements with parents or guardians to establish a schedule of periodic payments if payment of the obligation in full presents an undue hardship. Any such agreement may provide for payment of interests consistent with prevailing loan rates.
- 9. The Department of Juvenile Justice shall provide to the payor documentation of any amounts paid by the payor to the Department of Juvenile Justice on behalf of the child. All payments received by the department pursuant to this subsection shall be deposited in the state Grants and Donations Trust Fund.
- 10. Neither the court nor the department may extend the child's length of stay in placement care solely for the purpose of collecting fees.
- Section 3. Paragraph (d) of subsection (4) of section 985.233, Florida Statutes, as amended by section 142 of chapter 2003-402, Laws of Florida, is amended to read:
- 985.233 Sentencing powers; procedures; alternatives for juveniles prosecuted as adults. --
 - (4) SENTENCING ALTERNATIVES. --
- (d) Recoupment of cost of supervision or care in juvenile justice programs or facilities .--
- When the court orders supervision by or commitment of a child to the Department of Juvenile Justice for treatment in any of the department's programs for children, the court shall order the parents or guardians of such child to pay fees under s. 985.2311 in the amount of \$5 per day that the child is under the care or supervision of the department in order to 31 partially offset the cost of the care, support, maintenance,

6 7 8

10 11

9

13 14

12

15 16

171819

20 21

22 23

24

25 26

2728

29

30 31 and other usual and ordinary obligations of parents to provide for the needs of their children, unless the court makes a finding on the record that the parent or legal guardian of the child is indigent.

2. Prior to commitment, the department shall provide the court with information concerning the actual cost of care in the recommended residential commitment level and concerning the ability of the parent or quardian of the child to pay specified fees. If the court makes a finding of indigence, the parent or guardian shall pay to the department a nominal subsistence fee of \$2 per day that the child is committed outside the home or \$1 per day if the child is otherwise supervised in lieu of other fees related to the parent's obligation for the child's cost of care. The nominal subsistence fee may only be waived or reduced if the court makes a finding that such payment would constitute a significant financial hardship. Such finding shall be in writing and shall contain a detailed description of the facts that led the court to make both the finding of indigence and the finding of significant financial hardship.

3. In addition, the court may reduce the fees or waive the fees as to each parent or guardian if the court makes a finding on the record that the parent or guardian was the victim of the delinquent act or violation of law for which the child is subject to commitment under this section and that the parent or guardian has cooperated in the investigation and prosecution of the offense. When the order affects the guardianship estate, a certified copy of the order shall be delivered to the judge having jurisdiction of the guardianship estate.

1

22 23

24

14

15

16

25 26 27

28 29

30

4. All orders committing a child to a residential commitment program shall include specific findings as to what fees are ordered, reduced, or waived. If the court fails to enter an order as required by this paragraph, it shall be presumed that the court intended the parent or guardian to pay fees to the department in an amount of \$5 per day related to the care, support, and maintenance of the child. With regard to a child who reaches the age of 18 prior to the disposition hearing, the court may elect to direct an order required by this paragraph to such child, rather than the parent or guardian. With regard to a child who reaches the age of 18 while in the custody of the department, the court may, upon proper motion of any party, hold a hearing as to whether any party should be further obligated respecting the payment of fees.

5. The clerk of the circuit court shall act as a depository for these fees. Upon each payment received, the clerk of the circuit court shall receive a fee from the total payment of 3 percent of any payment made except that no fee shall be less than \$1 nor more than \$5 per payment made. This fee shall serve as a service charge for the administration, management, and maintenance of each payment. At the end of each month, the clerk of the circuit court shall send all money collected under this section to the state Grants and Donations Trust Fund.

6. The parent or guardian shall provide to the department the parent or quardian's name, address, social security number, date of birth, and driver's license number or identification card number and sufficient financial information for the department to be able to determine the 31 parent or guardian's ability to pay. If the parent or guardian

31

refuses to provide the department with any identifying information or financial information, the court shall order 2 3 the parent to comply and may pursue contempt of court 4 sanctions for failure to comply. 5 7. The department may employ a collection agency for 6 the purpose of receiving, collecting, and managing the payment 7 of unpaid and delinquent fees. The collection agency must be 8 registered and in good standing under chapter 559. The 9 department may pay to the collection agency a fee from the 10 amount collected under the claim or may authorize the agency 11 to deduct the fee from the amount collected. The department may also pay for collection services from available authorized 12 funds. The Department of Juvenile Justice shall provide to the 13 payor documentation of any amounts paid by the payor to the 14 Department of Juvenile Justice on behalf of the child. All 15 payments received by the department pursuant to this 16 17 subsection shall be deposited in the state Grants and 18 Donations Trust Fund. 19 8. Neither the court nor the department may extend the 20 child's length of stay in commitment care solely for the 21 purpose of collecting fees. 22 It is the intent of the Legislature that the criteria and 23 24 guidelines in this subsection are mandatory and that a determination of disposition under this subsection is subject 25 to the right of the child to appellate review under s. 26 985.234. 27 Section 4. Section 985.2311, Florida Statutes, is 28 29 created to read:

985.2311 Cost of supervision; cost of care.--

2

4 5

6

7

8

9

11

12

13

14

15

16 17

18 19

20

21

22

2324

25

2627

28

29

30

- (1) When a child is placed into home detention, probation, or other supervision status with the Department of Juvenile Justice, regardless of adjudication, the court shall order the parent or guardian to pay to the Department of Juvenile Justice fees in the amount of \$1 per day.
- (2) When a child is placed into secure detention or committed status and temporary legal custody is with the Department of Juvenile Justice, the court shall order the parent or guardian to pay to the Department of Juvenile Justice fees in the amount of \$5 per day. At the time of the detention or disposition hearing the court shall receive from the parent or guardian, verbally or in writing, information concerning the ability of the parent or quardian to pay the fees and whether payment of the fees for the cost of care or cost of supervision will create a significant financial hardship. Such finding must be in writing and contain a detailed description of the facts that led the court to make both the finding of indigency and the finding of significant financial hardship. If the court makes a finding of indigency and significant financial hardship, the court shall reduce or waive the fee.
- waive the fees as to each parent or guardian if the court makes a finding on the record that the parent or guardian was the victim of the delinquent act or violation of law for which the child is detained, supervised, or committed and that the parent or guardian is cooperating with the investigation of the offense.
- (4) The court shall include specific findings in the detention or disposition order as to what fees are ordered, reduced, or waived. If the court fails to enter an order as

31

required by this section, it shall be presumed that the court intended the parent or guardian to pay to the department a fee 2 3 in the amount of \$5 for each day that the child remains in detention status or in commitment and \$1 each day that the 4 5 child is under home detention or probation supervision. With 6 regard to a child who reaches the age of 18 prior to the 7 detention or disposition hearing, the court may elect to 8 direct an order required by this subsection to the child rather than to the parent or guardian. With regard to a child 9 who reaches 18 while under supervision or in the custody of 10 11 the department, the court may, upon proper motion of any party, hold a hearing to determine whether any party should be 12 further obligated with respect to the payment of fees. If the 13 court does not address the issue of the child's age, it shall 14 be presumed that the court intended that the parent or 15 guardian continue to pay the fees. If the order affects the 16 17 guardianship estate, a certified copy of the order shall be 18 delivered to the judge having jurisdiction of the guardianship 19 estate. With respect to a child who has been found to have 20 (5) committed a delinquent act or violation of law, whether or not 21 adjudication is withheld, and whose parent or guardian 22 receives public assistance for any portion of that child's 23 24 care, the department must seek a federal waiver to garnish or otherwise order payment of the portion of the public 25 assistance relating to that child to offset the cost of 26 27 providing supervision, care, custody, maintenance, rehabilitation, intervention, or corrective services to the 28 29 child. If the order affects the guardianship estate, a

certified copy of the order shall be delivered to the judge

having jurisdiction of the guardian estate.

- depository for these fees. Upon each payment received, the clerk of the circuit court shall receive a fee from the total payment of 3 percent of any payment made, except that the fee may not be less than \$1 per each payment made. This fee shall serve as a service charge for the administration, management, and maintenance of the payments. At the end of each month, the clerk of the circuit court shall send all moneys collected under this section to the state Grants and Donations Trust Fund.
- department his or her name, address, social security number, date of birth, and driver's license number or identification card number and sufficient financial information so that the court may determine the ability of the parent or guardian to pay fees for the cost of supervision or cost of care. If the parent or guardian refuses to provide the department with any identifying information or financial information, the court shall order the parent or guardian to comply and may pursue contempt of court sanctions for failure to comply.
- the purpose of receiving, collecting, and managing the payment of unpaid and delinquent fees. The collection agency must be registered and in good standing under chapter 559. The department may pay to the collection agency a fee from the amount collected under the claim or may authorize the agency to deduct the fee from the amount collected. The department may also pay for collection services from available authorized funds. The Department of Juvenile Justice shall provide to the payor documentation of any amounts paid by the payor to the Department of Juvenile Justice on behalf of the child. All

payments received by the department pursuant to this subsection shall be deposited in the state Grants and Donations Trust Fund.

- (9) The court or the department may not extend a child's length of stay in detention or commitment care solely for the purpose of collecting fees.
- (10) A parent, guardian, or child is not liable for fees for the cost of supervision or the cost of care if the child is acquitted or discharged. If any costs or fees have been paid, such fees shall be refunded.
- Section 5. <u>Authority to issue income deduction</u> orders.--
- (1) ISSUANCE OF INCOME DEDUCTION ORDER WITH AN ORDER FOR FEES TO OFFSET THE COST OF CARE.--
- (a) Upon notice to the parent or legal guardian and entry of an order pursuant to section 985.2311, Florida

 Statutes, the court shall enter a separate order for income deduction against the parent or legal guardian of the child if one has not been entered. The court may enter an order for income deduction against either parent or both parents.
- (b) The order for income deduction shall direct a payor to deduct from all income due and payable to the parent or legal guardian the amount required by the court to meet the parent's or guardian's obligation.
- (c) The income deduction order shall be effective so long as the order upon which it is based is effective.
- (d) When the court orders the income deduction, the court shall furnish to the parent or legal guardian a statement of his or her rights, remedies, and duties in regard to the income deduction order. The statement must indicate:
 - 1. All fees or interest to be imposed.

- 1 <u>2. The total amount of income to be deducted for each</u> 2 <u>pay period.</u>
 - 3. That the income deduction order applies to current and subsequent payors and periods of employment.
 - 4. That a copy of the income deduction order will be served by the clerk of court on the payor or payors of the parent or legal guardian.
 - <u>5. That enforcement of the income deduction order may</u> be contested only on the ground of mistake of fact regarding the amount of fees owed.
 - 6. That the parent or legal guardian is required to notify the clerk of the court within 7 days after a change in the parent's or legal guardian's address, payor, or the address of his or her payor.
 - (2) ENFORCEMENT OF INCOME DEDUCTION ORDERS.--
 - (a) The clerk of the court shall serve an income deduction order and the notice on the payor of the parent or legal guardian unless the parent or legal guardian has applied for a hearing to contest enforcement of the income deduction order.
 - (b)1. Service by or upon any person who is a party to a proceeding under this section shall be made in the manner prescribed in the Florida Rules of Civil Procedure for service upon parties.
 - 2. Service upon the parent's or legal guardian's payor or successor payor under this subsection shall be made by prepaid certified mail, return receipt requested, or in the manner prescribed in chapter 48, Florida Statutes.
 - (c) The parent or legal guardian, within 15 days after having an income deduction order entered against him or her, may apply for a hearing to contest the enforcement of the

income deduction order on the ground of mistake of fact
regarding the amount owed. The timely request for a hearing
shall stay the service of an income deduction order on all
payors of the parent or legal guardian until a hearing is held
and a determination is made as to whether the enforcement of
the income deduction order is proper.

- (d) The notice to the payor shall contain only information necessary for the payor to comply with the income deduction order. The notice must:
- 1. Require the payor to deduct from the income of the parent or legal guardian the amount specified in the income deduction order and to pay that amount to the clerk of the court.
- 2. Instruct the payor to implement the income deduction order no later than the first payment date that occurs more than 14 days after the date the income deduction order is served on the payor.
- 3. Instruct the payor to forward within 2 days after each payment date to the clerk of the court the amount deducted from the parent's or legal guardian's income and a statement as to whether the amount totally or partially satisfies the periodic amount specified in the income deduction order.
- 4. Specify that, if a payor fails to deduct the proper amount from the income of the parent or legal guardian, the payor is liable for the amount the payor should have deducted, plus costs, interest, and reasonable attorney's fees.
- 5. Provide that the payor may collect up to \$5 against the income of the parent or legal guardian to reimburse the payor for administrative costs for the first income deduction and up to \$2 for each deduction thereafter.

- 6. State that the income deduction order and the notice to the payor are binding on the payor until further notice by the court or until the payor no longer provides income to the parent or legal guardian.
- 7. Instruct the payor that, when he or she no longer provides income to the parent or legal guardian, the payor shall notify the clerk of the court and shall also provide the parent's or legal guardian's last known address and the name and address of the parent's or legal guardian's new payor, if known, and that, if the payor violates this subparagraph, the payor is subject to a civil penalty not to exceed \$250 for the first violation and \$500 for any subsequent violation.
- 8. State that the payor may not discharge, refuse to employ, or take disciplinary action against the parent or legal guardian because of the income deduction order, and state that a violation of this subparagraph subjects the payor to a civil penalty not to exceed \$250 for the first violation and \$500 for any subsequent violation.
- 9. Inform the payor that, if he or she receives income deduction orders requiring that the income of two or more parents or legal guardians be deducted and sent to the same clerk of the court, the payor may combine the amounts that are to be paid to the depository in a single payment as long as he or she identifies that portion of the payment attributable to each parent or legal guardian.
- 10. Inform the payor that if the payor receives more than one income deduction order against the same parent or legal guardian, he or she must contact the court for further instructions.
- (e) The clerk of the court shall enforce an income deduction order against the parent's or legal guardian's

successor payor who is located in this state in the same 1 2 manner prescribed in this subsection for the enforcement of an 3 income deduction order against an original payor. 4 An employer may not discharge, refuse to employ, 5 or take disciplinary action against an employee because of the 6 enforcement of an income deduction order. An employer who 7 violates this paragraph is subject to a civil penalty not to exceed \$250 for the first violation and \$500 for any 8 9 subsequent violation. 10 When a payor no longer provides income to a parent or legal guardian, the payor shall notify the clerk of the 11 court and shall provide the parent's or legal guardian's last 12 known address and the name and address of the successor payor 13 14 of the parent or legal guardian, if known. A payor who 15 violates this paragraph is subject to a civil penalty not to exceed \$250 for the first violation and \$500 for a subsequent 16 17 violation. 18 Section 6. This act shall take effect July 1, 2004. 19 STATEMENT OF SUBSTANTIAL CHANGES CONTAINED IN COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR 20 Senate Bill 2632 21 22 Deletes sections 6 and 7 of the bill which relate to suspending driver's licenses and professional licenses of parents or guardians who fail to pay the required cost of care 23 24 fees. 25 26 27 28 29 30