$\mathbf{B}\mathbf{y}$ the Committees on Appropriations; Judiciary; and Senators Smith and Villalobos

309-2589-04

1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to the judicial system and
3	timeshare plans; amending s. 721.02, F.S.;
4	revising language with respect to legislative
5	purpose under the Florida Vacation Plan and
6	Timesharing Act; amending s. 721.03, F.S.;
7	revising language with respect to the scope of
8	the act to include reference to personal
9	property timeshare plans; amending s. 721.05,
10	F.S.; providing definitions; amending s.
11	721.06, F.S.; revising language with respect to
12	contracts for purchase of timeshare interests
13	to include provisions with respect to personal
14	property timeshare interests; amending s.
15	721.065, F.S.; revising language with respect
16	to resale purchase agreements to include
17	reference to certain real property and personal
18	property timeshare plans; amending s. 721.07,
19	F.S.; revising language with respect to public
20	offering statements; amending s. 721.075, F.S.;
21	revising language with respect to incidental
22	benefits; requiring purchasers to execute a
23	statement indicating the source of the benefit;
24	amending s. 721.08, F.S.; revising language
25	with respect to escrow accounts; amending s.
26	721.09, F.S.; revising language with respect to
27	reservation agreements; amending s. 721.11,
28	F.S.; revising language with respect to
29	advertising materials; correcting
30	cross-references; amending s. 721.12, F.S.;
31	providing for required recordkeeping by the

1 seller of a personal property timeshare plan; 2 amending s. 721.13, F.S.; revising language 3 with respect to management; correcting a 4 cross-reference; amending s. 721.14, F.S.; 5 providing that a section of law governing the 6 discharge of the managing entity shall not 7 apply with respect to personal property timeshare plans; amending s. 721.15, F.S.; 8 9 revising language with respect to assessments 10 for common expenses; amending s. 721.16, F.S.; providing that a section of law governing 11 12 certain liens does not apply to personal 13 property timeshare plans; amending s. 721.17, F.S.; revising language with respect to 14 transfer of interest; amending s. 721.18, F.S.; 15 revising language with respect to exchange 16 17 programs; amending s. 721.19, F.S.; including 18 reference to personal property timeshare interests; amending s. 721.20, F.S., relating 19 to licensing requirements; providing for the 20 21 application of certain provisions to personal 22 property timeshare plans; amending s. 721.24, 23 F.S.; exempting accommodations and facilities of personal property timeshare plans from a 2.4 provision of law governing firesafety; amending 25 s. 721.26, F.S.; revising language with respect 26 27 to regulation by the division; amending s. 2.8 721.52, F.S.; redefining the term "multisite timeshare plan" and defining the terms 29 "nonspecific multisite timeshare plan" and 30 "specific multisite timeshare plan"; amending 31

1 s. 721.53, F.S.; revising language with respect 2 to subordination instruments; amending s. 721.54, F.S.; correcting a cross-reference; 3 4 amending s. 721.55, F.S.; providing reference 5 to filed rather than registered public offering 6 statements; providing reference to multisite 7 timeshare plans; amending s. 721.551, F.S.; providing for reference to filed rather than 8 9 registered public offering statements; amending 10 s. 721.552, F.S.; providing reference to multistate timeshare plans; amending s. 721.56, 11 12 F.S.; providing reference to personal property 13 timeshare plans; amending s. 721.57, F.S.; revising language with respect to timeshare 14 estates in multisite timeshare plans; amending 15 s. 721.84, F.S.; revising language with respect 16 17 to appointment of a registered agent; amending ss. 721.96 and 721.97, F.S.; including 18 reference to personal property timeshare 19 interests; authorizing the Governor to also 20 21 appoint a timeshare commissioner of deeds in 22 certain lands outside the United States; 23 amending ss. 475.011 and 718.103, F.S.; correcting cross-references; providing for 24 applicability; amending s. 25.241, F.S.; 25 establishing a fee to be paid by counsel 26 27 appearing pro hac vice before the Supreme 2.8 Court; increasing the filing fee for Supreme 29 Court cases docketed and specifying disposition 30 and uses of fees collected; amending s. 25.383, F.S.; providing duties of the circuit Article V 31

2

3 4

5

6

7

8

10

11 12

13

14

15

16 17

18

19

2021

22

23

2.4

25

2627

2.8

2930

31

indigent services committee with respect to court reporting; amending s. 25.384, F.S.; revising purposes for which Court Education Trust Fund moneys must be used; amending s. 27.02, F.S.; revising the authority of the state attorney to enter into contracts with local governments for prosecution of local ordinances; amending s. 27.34, F.S.; revising the authority of counties or municipalities to contract with state attorneys for prosecution of local ordinances; authorizing the state attorney to expend funds for computer systems; amending s. 27.40, F.S.; providing minimum qualifications for court-appointed counsel in certain cases; requiring each circuit Article V indigent services committee to develop procedures for periodic review of each conflict counsel's qualifications and competency; requiring a report; amending s. 27.42, F.S.; modifying the membership of the circuit Article V indigent services committee; clarifying when a circuit Article V indigent services committee must maintain a registry of counsel; amending s. 27.51, F.S.; clarifying public defender's duties of representation in certain cases; amending s. 27.52, F.S.; clarifying other services to be provided to indigents; requiring clerk to provide assistance to indigents under certain circumstances; providing for court notification; clarifying fees to be charged; amending s. 27.5303, F.S.; providing uniform

2

3 4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11 12

13

14

15

16 17

18

19

2021

22

23

24

25

2627

2.8

2930

31

standards for determining counsel's conflict of interest in certain cases; requiring the trial attorney for an indigent defendant in a death sentence case to ensure that an appellate attorney is appointed for that defendant; amending s. 27.5304, F.S.; providing compensation for certain court-appointed counsel in certain cases; providing for partial compensation before completion of a case; amending s. 27.54, F.S.; revising the authority of the public defender to contract with local government for defense in local ordinance violations and to purchase computer systems and associated personnel; amending s. 27.562, F.S.; providing for distribution of funds collected for payment of attorney's fees or costs pursuant to s. 938.29, F.S.; amending s. 28.24, F.S.; providing an additional fee to be paid on instruments recorded in the official records by the clerk of the circuit court, and providing for disposition and use of the fee; clarifying access to public records by court personnel, state attorneys, statewide prosecutors, guardians ad litem, and public defenders; amending s. 28.2401, F.S.; increasing the additional service charge in probate matters to fund court education and clerk education; authorizing a county to impose a surcharge on court fees and charges if it had previously imposed increased fees and charges to pay principal and interest on bonds issued to

2

3 4

5

6

7

8

10

11 12

13

14

15

16 17

18

19

2021

22

23

24

25

2627

2.8

2930

31

finance state court facilities; authorizing the use of surcharge revenue to refund existing bonds under specified conditions; amending s. 28.2402, F.S.; reducing the filing fee for a county or municipality to file a code or ordinance violation in court; providing a court cost to be assessed against the nonprevailing party; providing for deposit of the court cost; increasing a filing fee to fund court education and clerk education; amending s. 28.241, F.S.; authorizing a county to impose a surcharge on court fees and charges if it had previously imposed increased fees and charges to pay principal and interest on bonds issued to finance state court facilities; authorizing the use of surcharge revenue to refund existing bonds under specified conditions; revising payment and distribution of filing fees for trial and appellate proceedings; providing exemptions to fees under certain circumstances; establishing a fee to be paid by counsel appearing pro hac vice before the circuit court; amending s. 28.245, F.S.; providing for distribution of funds by clerks of the court to certain entities; providing for distribution based upon time of collection; amending s. 28.246, F.S.; modifying the reporting of discretionary fines and monetary penalties assessed and collected; providing a service charge for partial payments; limiting the amount that may be paid in fees and costs for

2

3 4

5

6

7

8

10

11 12

13

14

15

16 17

18

19

2021

22

23

2.4

25

2627

2.8

29

30

31

collection services to collect unpaid court fees, fines, court costs, and other costs; amending s. 28.345, F.S.; adding to the list of those exempt from all fees and charges assessed by the clerk of the circuit court; amending s. 28.35, F.S.; deleting requirement that the Clerk of Court Operations Conference publish a schedule of fines, fees, and other costs; amending s. 28.36, F.S.; revising what may be included as revenue in budgets of clerks of court for court-related functions; providing for discretionary certification; clarifying that the budget is a revenue budget; specifying a time for transmission of revenue deficit certifications; providing for estimated expenditures in lieu of actual expenditures under certain circumstances; amending s. 28.37, F.S.; changing the date for remittance of revenue by the clerk of the court; revising payment procedure; deleting Department of Revenue authority to adopt rules providing for penalties for failure to comply with remittance; amending s. 29.005, F.S.; clarifying witnesses to be paid from state revenue when summoned by a state attorney; requiring counties to transfer ownership of motor vehicles provided to the state attorney to the state; creating s. 29.0051, F.S.; requiring that trial expenses of the statewide prosecutor be paid by the state; amending s. 29.006, F.S.; clarifying witnesses to be paid

2

3 4

5

6

7

8

10

11 12

13

14

15

16 17

18

19

2021

22

23

2.4

25

2627

2.8

29

30

31

from state revenue when summoned by a public defender; requiring counties to transfer ownership of motor vehicles provided to the public defender to the state; amending s. 29.007, F.S.; clarifying witnesses to be paid from state funds; requiring that certain expenses of court-appointed counsel must be in accordance with policies of the circuit Article V indigent services committee; amending s. 29.008, F.S.; requiring counties to provide sign-language interpreter services for certain persons; clarifying county funding requirements for certain equipment and support staff; requiring counties to continue to provide facilities for the Statewide Office of Guardian Ad Litem; requiring funding for legal aid programs to be maintained at the prior year's level; eliminating the exemption for counties with a population of fewer than 75,000 from s. 29.008, F.S.; providing that public law libraries are a local funding requirement; creating s. 29.0085, F.S.; creating the Judicial Information Integration Competency Center to develop and implement integrated computer systems for the state courts system; providing for the center to be administratively housed within the Justice Administrative Commission; providing for a steering committee, a data requirements workgroup, and a data network integration workgroup and the members thereof; specifying the duties of the steering

2

3 4

5

6

7

8

10

11 12

13

14

15

16 17

18

19

2021

22

23

2.4

25

2627

2.8

29

30

31

committee and the workgroups; providing for reimbursement for certain expenses of the members; prohibiting a rule or order that directs or controls the development or operation of the integrated computer systems of the state courts system; providing an appropriation and authorizing additional positions; amending s. 29.016, F.S.; revising purposes for which judicial branch contingency funds may be used; amending s. 34.01, F.S.; revising a cross-reference to court rules; deleting redundant material; amending s. 34.041, F.S.; providing for disposition of certain filing fees; increasing a filing fee to fund court education and clerk education; authorizing a county to impose a surcharge on court fees and charges if it had previously imposed increased fees and charges to pay principal and interest on bonds issued to finance state court facilities; authorizing the use of surcharge revenue to refund existing bonds under specified conditions; providing a fee for reopening a case and providing certain exemptions; establishing a fee to be paid by counsel appearing pro hac vice in county court; amending s. 34.191, F.S.; providing for collection of fees, fines, court costs, and other costs in cases tried in county court; limiting the amount that may be paid in fees and costs in such collection; amending s. 35.22, F.S.; establishing a fee to be paid by

3

4 5

6

7

8

9

11 12

13

14

15

16 17

18

19

2021

22

23

2.4

25

2627

2.8

2930

31

counsel appearing pro hac vice before a district court of appeal; increasing the filing fee for district court of appeal cases docketed and specifying disposition and uses of fees collected; amending s. 40.29, F.S.; revising the way certain due process services are paid by the clerk of the court and the Justice Administrative Commission; amending s. 40.32, F.S.; clarifying the type of witness payments to be made by the clerk of the court; amending s. 44.108, F.S.; clarifying that the filing fee for funding of mediation and arbitration is an additional fee; providing authority to the Trial Court Budget Commission to set fees for mediation services pursuant to guidelines established by the Supreme Court; amending s. 45.031, F.S.; increasing the clerk's service charge for services relating to judicial sales; creating s. 50.0711, F.S.; providing for publication of the court docket; providing for funding; requiring publishers of newspapers receiving funding to accept free of charge certain legal advertisements for persons certified indigent under s. 57.081, F.S.; amending s. 55.10, F.S.; clarifying that money paid to clerk is service charge and not fee; amending s. 55.141, F.S.; revising a cross-reference; clarifying the activity for which a service charge is paid; clarifying that money paid to clerk is service charge and not fee; creating s. 55.312, F.S.; imposing a

2

3 4

5

6

7

8

10

11 12

13

14

15

16 17

18

19

2021

22

23

2.4

25

26

2728

2930

31

service charge on certain money judgments and settlement agreements in excess of a specified amount, except for dissolution of marriage; providing for disposition of the proceeds of the charge; providing for the service charge to be paid by any party or allocated to more than one party; requiring the Department of Revenue to adopt rules to provide for remitting such charge to the department for deposition; prohibiting an attorney from disbursing certain proceeds until service charge is paid; requiring the Department of Revenue to report to the Legislature each year on the amount received in the prior calendar year; amending s. 57.085, F.S.; revising terminology; amending s. 61.14, F.S.; increasing the fee for a delinquent payment; amending s. 61.181, F.S.; deleting a requirement for periodic reenactment of certain clerk fees on child support payments; amending s. 125.69, F.S.; providing for prosecutions for violations of county ordinances to be brought in the name of the state; deleting a provision authorizing certain persons to prosecute special laws and county ordinances; authorizing a county to contract with the public defender for representation in certain cases; amending s. 129.02, F.S.; deleting a cross-reference; amending s. 142.01, F.S.; clarifying deposits into the fine and forfeiture fund; amending s. 218.245, F.S.; providing for distribution of revenues to a

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

10

11 12

13

14

15

16 17

18

19

2021

22

23

24

25

2627

2.8

29

30

31

municipality under certain circumstances; amending s. 318.14, F.S.; clarifying deposits into the fine and forfeiture fund; amending s. 318.15, F.S.; increasing service charges in certain traffic infraction cases; providing for remittance; providing for deposit into the clerk of court fine and forfeiture fund; providing an additional fee for deposit into the Highway Safety Operating Trust Fund; amending s. 318.18, F.S.; increasing civil penalties for failure to comply in traffic infraction cases; providing for distribution of court cost; authorizing a county to impose a surcharge on traffic fines and forfeitures if it had previously imposed increased fees or charges to pay principal and interest on bonds issued to finance state court facilities; authorizing the use of surcharge revenue to refund existing bonds under specified conditions; amending s. 318.21, F.S.; requiring that a specified amount of the civil penalties received by county courts be deposited into the Grants and Donations Trust Fund in the state courts system Justice Administrative Commission for specified purposes; deleting a distribution to the General Revenue Fund; deleting a distribution of funds to certain county programs; amending s. 321.05, F.S.; providing a cross-reference; amending s. 327.73, F.S.; increasing dismissal fees and maximum court costs that may be imposed in noncriminal

1 infraction cases; amending s. 372.72, F.S.; 2 providing a cross-reference; amending s. 382.023, F.S.; clarifying that the clerk 3 4 retains a service charge relating to 5 dissolution of marriage records; amending s. 6 384.288, F.S.; deleting specification of source 7 of payment by county of certain court costs; amending s. 392.68, F.S.; deleting 8 9 specification of source of payment by county of 10 certain court costs; amending s. 394.473, F.S.; providing for state payment of certain 11 12 attorney's and witness' fees; amending s. 13 395.3025, F.S.; deleting cross-references amending s. 397.334, F.S.; clarifying that 14 counties may use service dollars provided to 15 them by state agencies or other grants for drug 16 17 courts; amending s. 588.20, F.S.; removing 18 authority for the county to pay deficits incurred in the sale of certain livestock from 19 fine and forfeiture fund; amending s. 713.24, 20 21 F.S.; clarifying that money paid to clerk is 22 service charge and not fee; amending s. 721.83, 23 F.S.; clarifying filing fees and service charges to be paid by plaintiff in time-share 2.4 property consolidated actions for foreclosure; 25 amending s. 744.365, F.S.; providing for waiver 26 27 of auditing fee; amending s. 744.3678, F.S.; 2.8 providing for waiver of auditing fee; amending s. 766.104, F.S.; increasing filing fees in 29 30 medical negligence cases; amending s. 849.19, F.S.; adding a cross-reference; amending s. 31

3 4

5

6

7

8

10

11 12

13

14

15

16 17

18

19

2021

22

23

2.4

25

2627

2.8

2930

31

849.22, F.S.; removing authority for county to pay clerk and sheriff fees out of fine and forfeiture fund; amending s. 849.44, F.S.; adding a cross-reference; amending s. 903.26, F.S.; adding a cross-reference; amending s. 925.09, F.S.; revising the source of funds used to pay for physician autopsies; amending s. 938.17, F.S.; authorizing a board of county commissioners to adopt an ordinance that incorporates the provisions of the act; providing funding for a teen court and other programs through the assessment of an additional court cost against each person who pleads guilty or nolo contendere to, or is convicted of, a violation of a criminal law, an ordinance, or a traffic offense in the county; providing for administration by the clerk of the circuit court; authorizing the clerk of the court to retain a specified percentage of the assessments collected as income to the clerk of the court; requiring the teen court to account for all funds deposited into the teen court account; requiring a report to the board of county commissioners by a specified date; authorizing specified organizations to operate and administer a teen court program; amending s. 938.29, F.S.; requiring each circuit Article V indigent services committee to develop a schedule of recommended attorney's costs; reducing the permissible contingent fee for collecting fees and costs arising from use of

public defender, or similar, services; amending 2 s. 938.35, F.S.; providing for collection of court-ordered financial obligations; limiting 3 4 the amount that may be paid in fees and costs 5 in such collection; amending s. 939.18, F.S.; 6 providing that additional court costs assessed 7 may be used to fund legal aid programs and public law libraries; requiring that counties 8 9 fund legal aid programs as during October 1, 10 2002, to September 30, 2003; declaring intent to fund due-process services in an efficient 11 12 manner; authorizing the state court system, 13 state attorneys, public defenders, and court-appointed counsel to contract to share 14 costs; providing authorization to recover the 15 costs of certain state-funded and county-funded 16 17 trial court services from persons with an ability to pay; authorizing the chief judge of 18 a circuit court to determine fees for such 19 services; requesting the Division of Statutory 20 21 Revision to redesignate the title of ch. 40, 22 F.S.; providing for payment of certain 23 financial obligations in implementing revised Section 14 of Article V of the State 2.4 Constitution; providing that cash balances 25 within county funds previously established to 26 27 fund specific court-related programs shall 2.8 continue to fund those programs; repealing s. 11.75, F.S., relating to the Joint Legislative 29 30 Committee on Article V; repealing s. 40.30, 31

F.S., relating to payments of jurors and 2 witnesses; providing an effective date. 3 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 4 5 6 Section 1. Subsections (1) and (5) of section 721.02, 7 Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 8 721.02 Purposes.--The purposes of this chapter are to: 9 (1) Give statutory recognition to real property timeshare plans timesharing and personal property timeshare 10 plans timesharing in this the state. 11 12 (5) Recognize that the tourism industry in this state 13 is a vital part of the state's economy; that the sale, promotion, and use of timeshare plans is an emerging, dynamic 14 segment of the tourism industry; that this segment of the 15 tourism industry continues to grow, both in volume of sales 16 and in complexity and variety of product structure; and that a uniform and consistent method of regulation is necessary in 18 order to safeguard Florida's tourism industry and the state's 19 economic well-being. In order to protect the quality of 20 21 Florida timeshare plans and the consumers who purchase them, 22 it is the intent of the Legislature that this chapter be 23 interpreted broadly in order to encompass all forms of timeshare plans with a duration of at least 3 years that are 2.4 created with respect to accommodations and facilities that are 2.5 located in the state or that are offered for sale in the state 26 27 as provided herein, including, but not limited to, 2.8 condominiums, cooperatives, undivided interest campgrounds, cruise ships, vessels, houseboats, and recreational vehicles 29 30 and other motor vehicles, and including vacation clubs,

multisite vacation plans, and multiyear vacation and lodging 2 certificates. Section 2. Subsection (8) of section 721.03, Florida 3 Statutes, is amended to read: 4 721.03 Scope of chapter.--5 6 (8) With respect to any personal property 7 accommodation or facility of a timeshare plan: which is 8 situated upon 9 (a) This chapter applies only to personal property timeshare plans that are offered in this state.7 10 (b) The division shall have the authority to adopt 11 12 rules interpreting and implementing the provisions of this 13 chapter as they apply to any personal property timeshare plan or any such accommodation or facility that is part of a 14 personal property timeshare plan offered in this state, or as 15 the provisions of this chapter they apply to any other laws of 16 17 this state, of the several states, or of the United States, or 18 of any other jurisdiction, with respect to any personal property timeshare plan or any such accommodation or facility 19 that is part of a personal property timeshare plan offered in 20 21 this state. 22 (c) Any developer and any managing entity of a 23 personal property timeshare plan must submit to personal jurisdiction in this state in a form satisfactory to the 2.4 division at the time of filing a public offering statement. 2.5 Section 3. Section 721.05, Florida Statutes, is 26 27 amended to read: 2.8 721.05 Definitions.--As used in this chapter, the 29 term: 30 (1) "Accommodation" means any apartment, condominium or cooperative unit, cabin, lodge, hotel or motel room,

2.8

campground, cruise ship cabin, houseboat or other vessel, recreational or other motor vehicle, or any or other private or commercial structure which is situated on real or personal property and designed for overnight occupancy or use by one or more individuals. The term does not include an incidental benefit as defined in this section.

- (2) "Agreement for deed" means any written contract utilized in the sale of timeshare estates which provides that legal title will not be conveyed to the purchaser until the contract price has been paid in full and the terms of payment of which extend for a period in excess of 180 days after either the date of execution of the contract or completion of construction, whichever occurs later.
- (3) "Agreement for transfer" means any written contract utilized in the sale of personal property timeshare interests which provides that legal title will not be transferred to the purchaser until the contract price has been paid in full and the terms of payment of which extend for a period in excess of 180 days after either the date of execution of the contract or completion of construction, whichever occurs later.
- (4)(3) "Assessment" means the share of funds required for the payment of common expenses which is assessed from time to time against each purchaser by the managing entity.

(5)(4) "Closing" means:

(a) For any plan selling timeshare estates, conveyance of the legal or beneficial title to a timeshare estate as evidenced by the delivery of a deed for conveyance of legal title, or other instrument for conveyance of beneficial title, to the purchaser or to the clerk of the court for recording or conveyance of the equitable title to a timeshare estate as

2.4

evidenced by the irretrievable delivery of an agreement for deed to the clerk of the court for recording.

(b) For any plan selling timeshare licenses <u>or</u> <u>personal property timeshare interests</u>, the final execution and delivery by all parties of the last document necessary for vesting in the purchaser the full rights available under the plan.

(6)(5) "Common expenses" means:

- (a) Those expenses, fees, or taxes properly incurred for the maintenance, operation, and repair of the accommodations or facilities, or both, constituting the timeshare plan.
- (b) Any other expenses, fees, or taxes designated as common expenses in a timeshare instrument.
 - (c) Any past due and uncollected ad valorem taxes assessed against a timeshare development pursuant to s. 192.037.

(7)(6) "Completion of construction" means:

- (a)1. That a certificate of occupancy has been issued for the entire building in which the timeshare unit being sold is located, or for the improvement, or that the equivalent authorization has been issued, by the governmental body having jurisdiction; $\frac{1}{2}$
- 2. In a jurisdiction in which no certificate of occupancy or equivalent authorization is issued, that the construction, finishing, and equipping of the building or improvements according to the plans and specifications have been substantially completed; or
- 3. With respect to personal property timeshare plans, that all accommodations have been manufactured or built and acquired or leased by the developer, owners' association,

managing entity, trustee, or other person for the use of purchasers as set forth in the timeshare instrument; and

(b) That all accommodations and facilities of the timeshare plan are available for use in a manner identical in all material respects to the manner portrayed by the promotional material, advertising, and <u>filed</u> registered public offering statements.

(8)(7) "Conspicuous type" means:

- (a) Type in upper and lower case letters two point sizes larger than the largest nonconspicuous type, exclusive of headings, on the page on which it appears but in at least 10-point type; or
- (b) Where the use of 10-point type would be impractical or impossible with respect to a particular piece of written advertising material, a different style of type or print may be used, so long as the print remains conspicuous under the circumstances.

18 19

20

2122

23

2.4

25

26

27

2.8

2

3

4

5

7

8

9

10

11 12

13

14

15 16

Where conspicuous type is required, it must be separated on all sides from other type and print. Conspicuous type may be utilized in contracts for purchase or public offering statements only where required by law or as authorized by the division.

(9)(8) "Contract" means any agreement conferring the rights and obligations of a timeshare plan on the purchaser.

(10)(9) "Developer" includes:

- (a) A "creating developer," which means any person who creates the timeshare plan;
- 29 (b) A "successor developer," which means any person
 30 who succeeds to the interest of the persons in this subsection
 31 by sale, lease, assignment, mortgage, or other transfer, but

4

5

7

8

9

11 12

13

14

15

16

18

19

2021

22

23

2.4

2.5

2627

2.8

29

30

the term includes only those persons who offer timeshare interests in the ordinary course of business; and

- (c) A "concurrent developer," which means any person acting concurrently with the persons in this subsection with the purpose of offering timeshare interests in the ordinary course of business.
 - (d) The term "developer" does not include:
- 1. An owner of a timeshare interest who has acquired the timeshare interest for his or her own use and occupancy and who later offers it for resale; provided that a rebuttable presumption shall exist that an owner who has acquired more than seven timeshare interests did not acquire them for his or her own use and occupancy;
- 2. A managing entity, not otherwise a developer, that offers, or engages a third party to offer on its behalf, timeshare interests in a timeshare plan which it manages, provided that such offer complies with the provisions of s. 721.065;
- 3. A person who owns or is conveyed, assigned, or transferred more than seven timeshare interests and who subsequently conveys, assigns, or transfers all acquired timeshare interests to a single purchaser in a single transaction, which transaction may occur in stages; or
- 4. A person who has acquired or has the right to acquire more than seven timeshare interests from a developer or other interestholder in connection with a loan, securitization, conduit, or similar financing arrangement transaction and who subsequently arranges for all or a portion of the timeshare interests to be offered by one or more developers in the ordinary course of business on their own behalves or on behalf of such person.

- (e) A successor or concurrent developer shall be exempt from any liability inuring to a predecessor or concurrent developer of the same timeshare plan, except as provided in s. 721.15(7), provided that this exemption shall not apply to any of the successor or concurrent developer's responsibilities, duties, or liabilities with respect to the timeshare plan that accrue after the date the successor or concurrent developer became a successor or concurrent developer, and provided that such transfer does not constitute a fraudulent transfer. In addition to other provisions of law, a transfer by a predecessor developer to a successor or concurrent developer shall be deemed fraudulent if the predecessor developer made the transfer:
- 1. With actual intent to hinder, delay, or defraud any purchaser or the division; or
- 2. To a person that would constitute an insider under s. 726.102(7).

2.2

2.4

2.8

The provisions of this paragraph shall not be construed to relieve any successor or concurrent developer from the obligation to comply with the provisions of any applicable timeshare instrument.

 $\underline{(11)(10)}$ "Division" means the Division of Florida Land Sales, Condominiums, and Mobile Homes of the Department of Business and Professional Regulation.

(12)(11) "Enrolled" means paid membership in an exchange program or membership in an exchange program evidenced by written acceptance or confirmation of membership.

 $\underline{(13)(12)}$ "Escrow account" means an account established solely for the purposes set forth in this chapter with a financial institution located within this state.

2.4

2.8

(14)(13) "Escrow agent" includes only:

- (a) A savings and loan association, bank, trust company, or other financial institution, any of which must be located in this state and any of which must have a net worth in excess of \$5 million;
- (b) An attorney who is a member of The Florida Bar or his or her law firm;
- (c) A real estate broker who is licensed pursuant to chapter 475 or his or her brokerage firm; or
- (d) A title insurance agent that is licensed pursuant to s. 626.8417, a title insurance agency that is licensed pursuant to s. 626.8418, or a title insurer authorized to transact business in this state pursuant to s. 624.401.

(15)(14) "Exchange company" means any person owning or operating, or owning and operating, an exchange program.

(16)(15) "Exchange program" means any method, arrangement, or procedure for the voluntary exchange of the right to use and occupy accommodations and facilities among purchasers. The term does not include the assignment of the right to use and occupy accommodations and facilities to purchasers pursuant to a particular multisite timeshare plan's reservation system. Any method, arrangement, or procedure that otherwise meets this definition, wherein the purchaser's total contractual financial obligation exceeds \$3,000 per any individual, recurring timeshare period, shall be regulated as a multisite timeshare plan in accordance with part II.

(17)(16) "Facility" means any amenity, including any structure, furnishing, fixture, equipment, service, improvement, or real or personal property, improved or unimproved, other than <u>an</u> the accommodation of the timeshare plan, which is made available to the purchasers of a timeshare

3

4

5

16 17

18

19

2021

22

23

2.4

2526

27

plan. The term does not include an incidental benefit as defined in this section.

- (18) "Filed public offering statement" means a public offering statement that has been filed with the division pursuant to s. 721.07(5) or s. 721.55.
- 6 (19)(17) "Incidental benefit" means an accommodation, product, service, discount, or other benefit which is offered 8 to a prospective purchaser of a timeshare plan or to a 9 purchaser of a timeshare plan prior to the expiration of his or her initial 10-day voidability period pursuant to s. 10 721.10; which is not an exchange program as defined in 11 12 subsection(16) $\frac{(15)}{(15)}$; and which complies with the provisions 13 of s. 721.075. The term shall not include an offer of the use of the accommodations and facilities of the timeshare plan on 14 a free or discounted one-time basis. 15
 - (20)(18) "Independent," for purposes of determining eligibility of escrow agents and trustees pursuant to s. 721.03(7), means that:
 - (a) The escrow agent or trustee is not a relative, as described in s. 112.3135(1)(d), or an employee of the developer, seller, or managing entity, or of any officer, director, affiliate, or subsidiary thereof.
 - (b) There is no financial relationship, other than the payment of fiduciary fees or as otherwise provided in this subsection, between the escrow agent or trustee and the developer, seller, or managing entity, or any officer, director, affiliate, or subsidiary thereof.
- (c) Compensation paid by the developer to an escrow
 agent or trustee for services rendered shall not be paid from
 funds in the escrow or trust account unless and until the
 developer is otherwise entitled to receive the disbursement of

2.8

such funds from the escrow or trust account pursuant to this chapter.

- (d) A person shall not be disqualified to serve as an escrow agent or a trustee solely because of the following:
- 1. A nonemployee, attorney-client relationship exists between the developer and the escrow agent or trustee;
- 2. The escrow agent or trustee provides brokerage services as defined by chapter 475 for the developer;
- 3. The escrow agent or trustee provides the developer with routine banking services which do not include construction or receivables financing or any other lending activities; or
- 4. The escrow agent or trustee performs closings for the developer or seller or issues owner's or lender's title insurance commitments or policies in connection with such closings.
- (21)(19) "Interestholder" means a developer, an owner of the underlying fee or owner of the underlying personal property, a mortgagee, judgment creditor, or other lienor, or any other person having an interest in or lien or encumbrance against the accommodations or facilities of the timeshare plan.
- (22)(20) "Managing entity" means the person who operates or maintains the timeshare plan pursuant to s. 721.13(1).
- (23)(21) "Memorandum of agreement" means a written document, in a recordable form sufficient to permit the document to be recorded or otherwise filed in the appropriate public records and to provide constructive notice of its contents under applicable law, which includes the names of the seller and the purchasers, a legal description of the

3

4

5 6

7

8

9

10

11 12

13

14

15 16

17

18

19

20

2122

23

2.4

25

2627

2.8

29

30

timeshare property or other sufficient description for a personal property timeshare plan, and all timeshare interests to be included in such document, and a description of the type of timeshare interest license sold by the seller.

(24)(22) "Offer to sell," "offer for sale," "offered for sale," or "offer" means the solicitation, advertisement, or inducement, or any other method or attempt, to encourage any person to acquire the opportunity to participate in a timeshare plan.

(25)(23) "One-to-one purchaser to accommodation ratio" means the ratio of the number of purchasers eligible to use the accommodations of a timeshare plan on a given day to the number of accommodations available for use within the plan on that day, such that the total number of purchasers eligible to use the accommodations of the timeshare plan during a given calendar year never exceeds the total number of accommodations available for use in the timeshare plan during that year. For purposes of calculation under this subsection, each purchaser must be counted at least once, and no individual timeshare unit may be counted more than 365 times per calendar year (or more than 366 times per leap year). A purchaser who is delinquent in the payment of timeshare plan assessments shall continue to be considered eligible to use the accommodations of the timeshare plan for purposes of this subsection notwithstanding any application of s. 721.13(6).

(26)(24) "Owner of the underlying fee" or "owner of the underlying personal property" means any person having an interest in the real property or personal property comprising or underlying the accommodations or facilities of <u>a</u> the timeshare plan at or subsequent to the time of creation of the timeshare plan.

1	(27)(25) "Owners' association" means an the
2	association made up of all owners of timeshare interests in a
3	timeshare plan, including developers and purchasers of such $\frac{1}{2}$
4	timeshare plan who have purchased timeshare estates.
5	(28) "Personal property timeshare interest" means a
6	right to occupy an accommodation located on or in or comprised
7	of personal property that is not permanently affixed to real
8	property, whether or not coupled with a beneficial or
9	ownership interest in the accommodations or personal property.
10	(29)(26) "Public offering statement" means the written
11	materials describing a single-site timeshare plan or a
12	multisite timeshare plan, including a text and any exhibits
13	attached thereto as required by ss. 721.07, 721.55, and
14	721.551. The term "public offering statement" shall refer to
15	both a <u>filed</u> registered public offering statement and a
16	purchaser public offering statement.
17	(30)(27) "Purchaser" means any person, other than a
18	developer, who by means of a voluntary transfer acquires a
19	legal or equitable interest in a timeshare plan other than as
20	security for an obligation.
21	(31)(28) "Purchaser public offering statement" means
22	that portion of the $\underline{\text{filed}}$ $\underline{\text{registered}}$ public offering statement
23	which must be delivered to purchasers pursuant to s. 721.07(6)
24	or s. 721.551.
25	(29) "Registered public offering statement" means a
26	public offering statement which has been filed with the
27	division pursuant to s. 721.07(5) or s. 721.55.
28	(32)(30) "Regulated short-term product" means a
29	contractual right, offered by the seller, to use
30	accommodations of a timeshare plan or other accommodations,
31	provided that:

3

4

5 6

7

8

9

10

11 12

13

14

15

16 17

18

19

20 21

22

23

2.4

2.5 26

27

2.8

29

30

- (a) The agreement to purchase the short-term right to use is executed in this state on the same day that the prospective purchaser receives an offer to acquire an interest in a timeshare plan and does not execute a purchase contract, after attending a sales presentation; and
- (b) The acquisition of the right to use includes an agreement that all or a portion of the consideration paid by the prospective purchaser for the right to use will be applied to or credited against the price of a future purchase of a timeshare interest, or that the cost of a future purchase of a timeshare interest will be fixed or locked in at a specified price.
- (33)(31) "Seller" means any developer or any other person, or any agent or employee thereof, who offers timeshare interests in the ordinary course of business. The term "seller" does not include:
- (a) An owner of a timeshare interest who has acquired the timeshare interest for his or her own use and occupancy and who later offers it for resale; provided that a rebuttable presumption shall exist that an owner who has acquired more than seven timeshare interests did not acquire them for his or her own use and occupancy;
- (b) A managing entity, not otherwise a seller, that offers, or engages a third party to offer on its behalf, timeshare interests in a timeshare plan which it manages, provided that such offer complies with the provisions of s. 721.065;
- (c) A person who owns or is conveyed, assigned, or transferred more than seven timeshare interests and who subsequently conveys, assigns, or transfers all acquired 31

timeshare interests to a single purchaser in a single 2 transaction, which transaction may occur in stages; or (d) A person who has acquired or has the right to 3 4 acquire more than seven timeshare interests from a developer or other interestholder in connection with a loan. 5 6 securitization, conduit, or similar financing arrangement and 7 who subsequently arranges for all or a portion of the 8 timeshare interests to be offered by one or more developers in the ordinary course of business on their own behalves or on 9 behalf of such person. 10 (34)(32) "Timeshare estate" means a right to occupy a 11 12 timeshare unit, coupled with a freehold estate or an estate 13 for years with a future interest in a timeshare property or a specified portion thereof. The term shall also mean an 14 interest in a condominium unit pursuant to s. 718.103, an 15 interest in a cooperative unit pursuant to s. 719.103, or an 16 interest in a trust that complies in all respects with the 18 provisions of s. 721.08(2)(c)4.3., provided that the trust does not contain any personal property timeshare interests. A 19 timeshare estate is a parcel of real property under the laws 2.0 21 of this state. 22 (35)(33) "Timeshare instrument" means one or more 23 documents, by whatever name denominated, creating or governing the operation of a timeshare plan. 2.4 (36)(34) "Timeshare interest" means a timeshare

(37)(35) "Timeshare license" means a right to occupy a timeshare unit, which right is not a personal property timeshare neither coupled with a freehold interest or a

estate, a personal property timeshare interest, or a timeshare

30 31

25

26 27

2.8

29

license.

2.8

29

30

timeshare, nor coupled with an estate for years with a future 2 interest, in a timeshare property. (38)(36) "Timeshare period" means the period or 3 periods of time when a purchaser of a timeshare interest is 4 afforded the opportunity to use the accommodations or 5 facilities, or both, of a timeshare plan. 7 (39)(37) "Timeshare plan" means any arrangement, plan, 8 scheme, or similar device, other than an exchange program, 9 whether by membership, agreement, tenancy in common, sale, lease, deed, rental agreement, license, or right-to-use 10 agreement or by any other means, whereby a purchaser, for 11 12 consideration, receives ownership rights in or a right to use 13 accommodations, and facilities, if any, for a period of time less than a full year during any given year, but not 14 15 necessarily for consecutive years. The term "timeshare plan" 16 includes: 17 (a) A "personal property timeshare plan," which means 18 a timeshare plan in which the accommodations are comprised of personal property that is not permanently affixed to real 19 property; and 20 21 (b) A "real property timeshare plan," which means a timeshare plan in which the accommodations of the timeshare 2.2 23 plan are comprised of or permanently affixed to real property. (40)(38) "Timeshare property" means one or more 2.4 timeshare units subject to the same timeshare instrument, 2.5 together with any other property or rights to property 26 27 appurtenant to those timeshare units. Notwithstanding anything

to the contrary contained in chapter 718 or chapter 719, the

timeshare instrument for a timeshare condominium or

cooperative may designate personal property, contractual

4 5

7

8

9

10

11 12

13

14

15 16

18

19

2021

2.2

23

2.4

2526

clubs, exchange companies, or reservation systems, or any other agreements or personal property, as common elements or limited common elements of the timeshare condominium or cooperative.

(41)(39) "Timeshare unit" means an accommodation of a timeshare plan which is divided into timeshare periods. Any timeshare unit in which a door or doors connecting two or more separate rooms are capable of being locked to create two or more private dwellings shall only constitute one timeshare unit for purposes of this chapter, unless the timeshare instrument provides that timeshare interests may be separately conveyed in such locked-off portions.

- (40) "Vacation ownership plan" means any timeshare plan consisting exclusively of timeshare estates.
- (41) "Vacation plan" or "vacation membership plan"
 means any timeshare plan consisting exclusively of timeshare
 licenses or consisting of a combination of timeshare licenses
 and timeshare estates.
- Section 4. Section 721.06, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 721.06 Contracts for purchase of timeshare interests.--
- (1) Each seller shall utilize and furnish each purchaser a fully completed and executed copy of a contract pertaining to the sale, which contract shall include the following information:
- 27 (a) The actual date the contract is executed by each 28 party.
 - (b) The names and addresses of the developer and the timeshare plan.

3031

29

2.4

2.8

- (c) The initial purchase price and any additional charges to which the purchaser may be subject in connection with the purchase of the timeshare interest, such as financing, or which will be collected from the purchaser on or before closing, such as the current year's annual assessment for common expenses.
- (d)1. For real property timeshare plans, an estimate of any anticipated annual assessment stated on an Any annually recurring basis for any use charges, fees, charge and the next year's estimated annual assessment for common expenses, or and for ad valorem taxes or, if an estimate for next year's assessment is unavailable, the current year's actual annual assessment for any use charges, fees, common expenses, or and for ad valorem taxes.
- 2. For personal property timeshare plans, an estimate of any anticipated annual assessment stated on an annually recurring basis for any use charges, fees, common expenses, or taxes or, if an estimate is unavailable, the current year's actual annual assessment for any use charges, fees, common expenses, or taxes.
- (e) The estimated date of completion of construction of each accommodation or facility promised to be completed which is not completed at the time the contract is executed and the estimated date of closing.
- (f) A brief description of the nature and duration of the timeshare interest being sold, including whether any interest in real property or personal property is being conveyed and the specific number of years constituting the term of the timeshare plan.

Immediately prior to the space reserved in the 2 contract for the signature of the purchaser, in conspicuous type, substantially the following statements: 3 4 5 1. If the purchaser will receive a personal property timeshare interest: This personal property timeshare plan is 6 7 governed only by limited sections of the timeshare management provisions of Florida law. 8 2. If the accommodations or facilities are located on 9 10 or in a documented vessel or foreign vessel as provided in s. 721.08(2)(c)3.e., the disclosure required by s. 11 12 721.08(2)(c)3.e.(IV). 13 3. You may cancel this contract without any penalty or obligation within 10 calendar days after the date you sign 14 this contract or the date on which you receive the last of all 15 documents required to be given to you pursuant to section 16 721.07(6), Florida Statutes, whichever is later. If you decide 18 to cancel this contract, you must notify the seller in writing of your intent to cancel. Your notice of cancellation shall be 19 effective upon the date sent and shall be sent to ... (Name 20 21 of Seller) ... at ... (Address of Seller) Any attempt 22 to obtain a waiver of your cancellation right is void and of 23 no effect. While you may execute all closing documents in advance, the closing, as evidenced by delivery of the deed or 2.4 other document, before expiration of your 10-day cancellation 2.5 26 period, is prohibited. 27 2.8 (h) If a timeshare estate is being conveyed, the 29 following statement in conspicuous type:

For the purpose of ad valorem assessment, taxation and special assessments, the managing entity will be considered the taxpayer as your agent pursuant to section 192.037, Florida Statutes.

456

8

9

10

11 12

13

14

15

16

18

19

2021

22

23

2.4

2526

27

2.8

29

30

2

3

- (i) A statement that, in the event the purchaser cancels the contract during a 10-day cancellation period, the developer will refund to the purchaser the total amount of all payments made by the purchaser under the contract, reduced by the proportion of any contract benefits the purchaser has actually received under the contract prior to the effective date of the cancellation. The statement shall further provide that the refund will be made within 20 days after receipt of notice of cancellation or within 5 days after receipt of funds from the purchaser's cleared check, whichever is later. A seller and a purchaser shall agree in writing on a specific value for each contract benefit received by the purchaser for purposes of this paragraph. The term "contract benefit" shall not include purchaser public offering statements or other documentation or materials that must be furnished to a purchaser pursuant to statute or rule.
- (j) If the timeshare interest is being sold pursuant to an agreement for deed or an agreement for transfer, a statement that the signing of the agreement for deed or agreement for transfer does not entitle the purchaser to receive the conveyance or transfer of his or her timeshare estate or personal property timeshare interest a deed until all payments under the agreement have been made.
- (k) Unless the developer is, at the time of offering the plan, the owner in fee simple absolute of the accommodations and facilities of the timeshare plan, free and

8

9

10

11 12

13

14

15

16 17

18

19

2.0

2.8

29

30

plan.

clear of all liens, and encumbrances, and claims of other

interestholders, a statement that the developer is not the

sole owner of the underlying fee or owner of the underlying

personal property or that the such accommodations or

facilities are subject to without liens or encumbrances, which

statement shall include:

- 1. The names and addresses of all <u>other</u>
 <u>interestholders</u> <u>persons or entities having an ownership</u>
 <u>interest or other interest in the accommodations or</u>
 <u>facilities</u>; and
- 2. The actual interest of the developer in the accommodations or facilities. As an alternative to including the statement in the purchase contract, a seller may include a reference in the purchase contract to the location in the purchaser public offering statement text of such information.
- (1) If the purchaser will receive an interest in a multisite timeshare plan pursuant to part II, a statement shall be provided in conspicuous type in substantially the following form:

21 The developer is required to provide the managing 22 entity of the multisite timeshare plan with a copy of the 23 approved public offering statement text and exhibits filed 24 with the division and any approved amendments thereto, and any 25 other component site documents as described in section 721.07 26 or section 721.55, Florida Statutes, that are not required to 27 be filed with the division, to be maintained by the managing

31 (m) The following statement in conspicuous type:

entity for inspection as part of the books and records of the

Any resale of this timeshare interest must be accompanied by certain disclosures in accordance with section 721.065, Florida Statutes.

456

7

8

9

10

11 12

13

14

15

16

18

19

2021

22

23

2.4

2526

27

2.8

29

3

- (n) A description of any rights reserved by the developer to alter or modify the offering prior to closing.
- (2)(a) An agreement for deed shall be recorded by the developer within 30 days after the day it is executed by the purchaser. The developer shall pay all recording costs associated therewith. A form copy of such instrument must be filed with the division for review pursuant to s. 721.07.
- (b) An agreement for transfer shall be filed with the appropriate official responsible for maintaining such records in the appropriate jurisdiction within 30 days after the day it is executed by the purchaser. The developer shall pay all filing costs associated therewith. A form copy of such instrument must be filed with the division for review pursuant to s. 721.07.
- (3) The escrow agent shall provide the developer with a receipt for all purchaser funds or other property received by the escrow agent from a seller.
- Section 5. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 721.065, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 721.065 Resale purchase agreements.--
- (2) Any resale purchase agreement utilized by a person described in subsection (1) must contain all of the following:
- (b) $\underline{\text{One of}}$ the following statements in conspicuous type located immediately prior to the disclosure required by paragraph (c):

30

1	1. If the resale purchase agreement pertains to a real
2	property timeshare plan:
3	
4	The current year's assessment for common expenses allocable to
5	the timeshare interest you are purchasing is \$ This
6	assessment, which may be increased from time to time by the
7	managing entity of the timeshare plan, is payable in full each
8	year on or before This assessment (includes/does
9	not include) yearly ad valorem real estate taxes, which
10	(are/are not) billed and collected separately. (If ad valorem
11	real property taxes are not included in the current year's
12	assessment for common expenses, the following statement must
13	be included: The most recent annual assessment for ad valorem
14	real estate taxes for the timeshare interest you are
15	purchasing is \$) (If there are any delinquent
16	assessments for common expenses or ad valorem taxes
17	outstanding with respect to the timeshare interest in
18	question, the following statement must be included: A
19	delinquency in the amount of \$ for unpaid common expenses
20	or ad valorem taxes currently exists with respect to the
21	timeshare interest you are purchasing, together with a per
22	diem charge of \$ for interest and late charges.) For the
23	purpose of ad valorem assessment, taxation, and special
24	assessments, the managing entity will be considered the
25	taxpayer as your agent pursuant to section 192.037, Florida
26	Statutes. Each owner is personally liable for the payment of
27	her or his assessments for common expenses, and failure to
28	timely pay these assessments may result in restriction or loss
29	of your use and/or ownership rights.
30	
31	

There are many important documents relating to the timeshare 2 plan which you should review prior to purchasing a timeshare interest, including the declaration of condominium or 3 covenants and restrictions; the <a>owners' association articles 4 5 and bylaws; the current year's operating and reserve budgets; and any rules and regulations affecting the use of timeshare 7 plan accommodations and facilities. 8 9 If the resale purchase agreement pertains to a personal property timeshare plan: 10 11 12 The current year's assessment for any common expenses, use 13 charges, fees, or taxes allocable to the timeshare interest you are purchasing is \$. This assessment, which may be 14 increased from time to time by the managing entity of the 15 16 timeshare plan, is payable in full each year on or before (If there are any delinquent assessments for 18 common expenses, use charges, fees, or taxes outstanding with respect to the timeshare interest in question, the following 19 statement must be included: A delinquency in the amount of 2.0 21 for unpaid common expenses, use charges, fees, or taxes 22 currently exists with respect to the timeshare interest you 23 are purchasing, together with a per diem charge of \$____ interest and late charges.) Each owner is personally liable 2.4 for the payment of her or his assessments for common expenses, 2.5 and failure to timely pay these assessments may result in 26 27 restriction or loss of your use and/or ownership rights. 2.8 29 There are many important documents relating to the timeshare plan which you should review prior to purchasing a timeshare 30

interest, including any owners' association articles and

2.4

bylaws; the current year's operating and reserve budgets; and any rules and regulations affecting the use of timeshare plan accommodations and facilities.

Section 6. Section 721.07, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

721.07 Public offering statement.--Prior to offering any timeshare plan, the developer must submit a <u>filed</u> registered public offering statement to the division for approval as prescribed by s. 721.03, s. 721.55, or this section. Until the division approves such filing, any contract regarding the sale of that timeshare plan is <u>subject to cancellation voidable</u> by the purchaser <u>pursuant to s. 721.10</u>.

- (1) The division shall, upon receiving a <u>filed</u> registered public offering statement from a developer, mail to the developer an acknowledgment of receipt. The failure of the division to send such acknowledgment will not, however, relieve the developer from the duty of complying with this section.
- registered public offering statement which is subject only to this part and is submitted in proper form as prescribed by rule, or within 120 days after receipt of a filed registered public offering statement which is subject to part II and is submitted in proper form as prescribed by rule, the division shall determine whether the proposed filed registered public offering statement is adequate to meet the requirements of this section and shall notify the developer by mail that the division has either approved the statement or found specified deficiencies in the statement. If the division fails to approve the statement or specify deficiencies in the statement

2.4

2.8

within the period specified in this paragraph, the filing will be deemed approved.

- (b) If the developer fails to respond to any cited deficiencies within 20 days after receipt of the division's deficiency notice, the division may reject the filing.

 Subsequent to such rejection, a new filing fee pursuant to subsection (4) and a new division initial review period pursuant to paragraph (a) shall apply to any refiling or further review of the rejected filing.
- (c) Within 20 days after receipt of the developer's timely and complete response to any deficiency notice, the division shall notify the developer by mail that the division has either approved the filing, found additional specified deficiencies in it, or determined that any previously specified deficiency has not been corrected. If the division fails to approve or specify additional deficiencies within 20 days after receipt of the developer's timely and complete response, the filing will be deemed approved.
- (d) A developer shall have the authority to deliver to purchasers any purchaser public offering statement that is not yet approved by the division, provided that the following shall apply:
- 1. At the time the developer delivers an unapproved purchaser public offering statement to a purchaser pursuant to this paragraph, the developer shall deliver a fully completed and executed copy of the purchase contract required by s. 721.06 that contains the following statement in conspicuous type in substantially the following form which shall replace the statements required by s. 721.06(1)(g):

The developer is delivering to you a public offering statement 2 that has been filed with but not yet approved by the Division of Florida Land Sales, Condominiums, and Mobile Homes. Any 3 revisions to the unapproved public offering statement you have 4 5 received must be delivered to you, but only if the revisions materially alter or modify the offering in a manner adverse to you. After the division approves the public offering 8 statement, you will receive notice of the approval from the 9 developer and the required revisions, if any. 10 Your statutory right to cancel this transaction without any 11 penalty or obligation expires 10 calendar days after the date 13 you signed your purchase contract or the date on which you receive the last of all documents required to be given to you 14 pursuant to section 721.07(6), Florida Statutes, or 10 15 16 calendar days after you receive revisions required to be 17 delivered to you, if any, whichever is later. If you decide to 18 cancel this contract, you must notify the seller in writing of your intent to cancel. Your notice of cancellation shall be 19 effective upon the date sent and shall be sent to (Name of 20 21 Seller) at (Address of Seller). Any attempt to obtain a waiver 22 of your cancellation right is void and of no effect. While you 23 may execute all closing documents in advance, the closing, as evidenced by delivery of the deed or other document, before 2.4 expiration of your 10-day cancellation period, is prohibited. 2.5 2. After receipt of approval from the division and 26 27 prior to closing, if any revisions made to the documents 2.8 contained in the purchaser public offering statement 29 materially alter or modify the offering in a manner adverse to a purchaser, the developer shall send the purchaser such 30

revisions together with a notice containing a statement in conspicuous type in substantially the following form:

The unapproved public offering statement previously delivered to you, together with the enclosed revisions, has been approved by the Division of Florida Land Sales, Condominiums, and Mobile Homes. Accordingly, your cancellation right expires 10 calendar days after you sign your purchase contract or 10 calendar days after you receive these revisions, whichever is later. If you have any questions regarding your cancellation rights, you may contact the division at [insert division's current address].

3. After receipt of approval from the division and prior to closing, if no revisions have been made to the documents contained in the unapproved purchaser public offering statement, or if such revisions do not materially alter or modify the offering in a manner adverse to a purchaser, the developer shall send the purchaser a notice containing a statement in conspicuous type in substantially the following form:

2.4

The unapproved public offering statement previously delivered to you has been approved by the Division of Florida Land Sales, Condominiums, and Mobile Homes. Revisions made to the unapproved public offering statement, if any, are either not required to be delivered to you or are not deemed by the developer, in its opinion, to materially alter or modify the offering in a manner that is adverse to you. Accordingly, your cancellation right expired 10 days after you signed your purchase contract. A complete copy of the approved public

offering statement is available through the managing entity for inspection as part of the books and records of the plan. If you have any questions regarding your cancellation rights, you may contact the division at [insert division's current address].

2.4

2.5

2.8

- (3)(a)1. Any change to an approved public offering statement filing shall be filed with the division for approval as an amendment prior to becoming effective. The division shall have 20 days after receipt of a proposed amendment to approve or cite deficiencies in the proposed amendment. If the division fails to act within 20 days, the amendment will be deemed approved. If the proposed amendment adds a new component site to an approved multisite timeshare plan, the division's initial period in which to approve or cite deficiencies is 45 days. If the developer fails to adequately respond to any deficiency notice within 30 days, the division may reject the amendment. Subsequent to such rejection, a new filing fee pursuant to subsection (4) and a new division initial review period pursuant to this paragraph shall apply to any refiling or further review of the rejected amendment.
- 2. For filings only subject to this part, each approved amendment to the approved purchaser public offering statement, other than an amendment made only for the purpose of the addition of a phase or phases to the timeshare plan in the manner described in the timeshare instrument or any amendment that does not materially alter or modify the offering in a manner that is adverse to a purchaser, shall be delivered to a purchaser no later than 10 days prior to closing. For filings made under part II, each approved amendment to the multisite timeshare plan purchaser public

2.4

2.5

offering statement, other than an amendment made only for the purpose of the addition, substitution, or deletion of a component site pursuant to part II or the addition of a phase or phases to a component site of a multisite timeshare plan in the manner described in the timeshare instrument or any amendment that does not materially alter or modify the offering in a manner that is adverse to a purchaser, shall be delivered to a purchaser no later than 10 days prior to closing.

- 3. Amendments made to a timeshare instrument for a component site located in this state are not required to be delivered to purchasers who do not receive a timeshare estate or an interest in a specific multisite timeshare plan license in that component site. Amendments made to a timeshare instrument for a component site not located in this state are not required to be delivered to purchasers.
- (b) At the time that any amendments required to be delivered to purchasers, as provided in paragraph (a), are delivered to purchasers, the developer shall provide to those purchasers who have not closed a written statement that the purchaser or lessee will have a 10-day voidability period.
- (4)(a) Upon the filing of a <u>filed</u> registered public offering statement, the developer shall pay a filing fee of \$2 for each 7 days of annual use availability in each timeshare unit that may be offered as a part of the proposed timeshare plan pursuant to the filing.
- (b) Upon the filing of an amendment to an approved filed registered public offering statement, other than an amendment adding a phase to the timeshare plan, the developer shall pay a filing fee of \$100.

3

4

5 6

7

8

9

10

11 12

13

14

15

16

18

19

2021

22

23

2.4

25

2627

2.8

- (5) Every <u>filed</u> registered public offering statement for a timeshare plan which is not a multisite timeshare plan shall contain the information required by this subsection. The division is authorized to provide by rule the method by which a developer must provide such information to the division.
 - (a) A cover page stating only:
 - 1. The name of the timeshare plan; and
- 2. The following statement, in conspicuous type: This public offering statement contains important matters to be considered in acquiring a timeshare interest. The statements contained in this public offering statement are only summary in nature. A prospective purchaser should refer to all references, accompanying exhibits, contract documents, and sales materials. You should not rely upon oral representations as being correct. Refer to this document and accompanying exhibits for correct representations. The seller is prohibited from making any representations other than those contained in the contract and this public offering statement.
- (b) A listing of all statements required to be in conspicuous type in the public offering statement and in all exhibits thereto.
- (c) A separate index of the contents and exhibits of the public offering statement.
- (d) A text which shall include, where applicable, the disclosures set forth in paragraphs (e)-(hh).
- (e) A description of the timeshare plan, including, but not limited to:
 - 1. Its name and location.
- 29 2. An explanation of the form of timeshare ownership
 30 that is being offered, including a statement as to whether any
 31 interest in the underlying real property will be conveyed to

13

14

15

16 17

18

1920

21

2223

2.4

25

2627

29

30

31

the purchaser. If the plan is being created or being sold on a 2 leasehold, a description of the material terms of the lease shall be included. If the plan is a plan in which timeshare 3 estates or personal property timeshare interests are sold as 4 interests in a trust pursuant to the requirements of this 5 6 chapter, a full and accurate description of the trust 7 arrangement and the trustee's duties shall be included. If the 8 plan is a personal property timeshare plan, a description of the material terms of the arrangement for the ownership or use 9 of the personal property shall be included. 10

- 3. An explanation of the manner in which the apportionment of common expenses and ownership of the common elements has been determined.
- 4. If ownership or use of the timeshare plan is based on a point system, a statement indicating the circumstances by which the point values may change, the extent of such changes, and the person or entity responsible for the changes.
- 5. If any of the accommodations or facilities are part of a personal property timeshare plan in which the accommodations or facilities are located on or in a documented vessel or foreign vessel as provided in s. 721.08(2)(c)3.e., the disclosure required by s. 721.08(2)(c)3.e.(IV).
- $\mbox{(f)} \ \mbox{A description of the accommodations, including,} \\ \mbox{but not limited to:} \\$
- 1. The number of timeshare units in each building, the total number of timeshare periods declared as part of the timeshare plan and filed with the division, and the number of bathrooms and bedrooms in each type of timeshare unit.
- 2. The latest date estimated for completion of constructing, finishing, and equipping the timeshare units

2.4

declared as part of the timeshare plan and filed with the division.

- 3. The estimated maximum number of units and timeshare periods that will use the accommodations and facilities. If the maximum number of timeshare units or timeshare periods will vary, a description of the basis for variation.
 - 4. The duration, in years, of the timeshare plan.
- 5. If any of the accommodations are part of a personal property timeshare plan, the name, vehicle registration number, title certificate number, or any other identifying registration number assigned to the accommodation of a personal property timeshare plan by a state, federal, or international governmental agency.
- 6. If any of the accommodations are part of a personal property timeshare plan, the fire detection system and fire safety equipment and description of method of compliance with any applicable firesafety or fire detection regulations.
- (g) A description of <u>any</u> the facilities that will be used by purchasers of the plan, including, but not limited to:
- 1. The intended purpose, if not apparent from the description.
- 2. The estimated date when each facility will be available for use by the purchaser.
- 3. A statement as to whether the facilities will be used exclusively by purchasers of the timeshare plan, and, if not, a statement as to whether the purchasers of the timeshare plan are required to pay any portion of the maintenance and expenses of such facilities.
- (h)1. If any facilities offered by the developer for use by purchasers are to be leased or have club memberships associated with them, other than participation in a vacation

4

5 6

7

8

9

10 11

12

13

14

15

16

18

19

2021

22

23

24

2526

27

2.8

club, one of the following statements in conspicuous type:
There is a lease associated with one or more facilities of the timeshare plan; or, There is a club membership associated with one or more facilities of the timeshare plan.

- 2. If it is mandatory that purchasers pay fees, rent, dues, or other charges under a facilities lease or club membership for the use of the facilities, other than participation in a vacation club, the applicable statement in conspicuous type in substantially the following form:
- a. Membership in a facilities club is mandatory for purchasers;
- b. Purchasers or the owners' association(s) are
 required, as a condition of ownership, to be lessees under the
 facilities lease;
- c. Purchasers or the <u>owners'</u> association(s) are required to pay their share of the rent or costs and expenses of maintenance, management, upkeep, and replacement under the facilities lease (or the other instruments providing the facilities); or
- d. A similar statement of the nature of the organization or the manner in which the use rights are created, and that purchasers are required to pay.

Immediately following the applicable statement, a description of the lease or other instrument shall be stated, including a description of terms of the payment of rent or costs and expenses of maintenance, management, upkeep, and replacement of the facilities.

3. If the purchasers are required to pay a use fee, or other payment for the use of the facilities, not including the rent or maintenance, management, upkeep, or replacement costs

2.4

2.8

and expenses, the following statement in conspicuous type: The purchasers or the <u>owners'</u> association(s) must pay use fees for one or more facilities. Immediately following this statement, a description of the use fees shall be included.

- 4. If any person other than the <u>owners'</u> association has the right to a lien on the timeshare interests to secure the payment of assessments, rent, or other exactions, a statement in conspicuous type in substantially the following form:
- a. There is a lien or lien right against each timeshare interest to secure the payment of rent and other exactions under the facilities lease. A purchaser's failure to make these payments may result in foreclosure of the lien; or
- b. There is a lien or lien right against each timeshare interest to secure the payment of assessments or other exactions coming due for the use, maintenance, upkeep, or repair of one or more facilities. A purchaser's failure to make these payments may result in foreclosure of the lien.

Immediately following the applicable statement, a description of the lien right shall be included.

(i) If the developer or any other person has the right to increase or add to the facilities at any time after the establishment of the timeshare plan, without the consent of the purchasers or <u>owners'</u> association being required, a statement in conspicuous type in substantially the following form: Facilities may be expanded or added without consent of the purchasers or the <u>owners'</u> association(s). Immediately following this statement, a description of such reserved rights shall be included.

2.4

2.8

- (j)1. For a real property timeshare plan, an explanation of the status of the title to the real property underlying the timeshare plan, including a statement of the existence of any lien, defect, judgment, mortgage, or other encumbrance affecting the title to the property, and how such lien, defect, judgment, mortgage, or other encumbrance will be removed or satisfied prior to closing.
- 2. For a personal property timeshare plan, an explanation of the status of title to the personal property underlying the timeshare plan, including a statement of the existence of any lien, defect, judgment, or other encumbrance affecting the title to the personal property, and how such lien, defect, judgment, or other encumbrance will be removed or satisfied prior to closing.
- (k) A description of any judgment against the developer, the managing entity, the owner of the underlying fee, or the owner of the underlying personal property fee, which judgment is material to the timeshare plan; the status of any pending suit to which the developer, the managing entity, the owner of the underlying fee, or the owner of the underlying personal property fee is a party, which suit is material to the timeshare plan; and any other suit which is material to the timeshare plan of which the developer, managing entity, the owner of the underlying fee, or the owner of the underlying personal property fee has actual knowledge. If no judgments or pending suits exist, there shall be a statement of such fact.
- (1) A description of all unusual and material circumstances, features, and characteristics of the real property or personal property underlying or comprising the timeshare plan.

3

4

5

7

8

9

10

11 12

13

14

15

16

18

19

2021

22

23

2.4

25

2627

2.8

- (m) A description of any financing to be offered to purchasers by the developer or any person or entity in which the developer has a financial interest, together with a disclosure that the description of such financing may be changed by the developer and that any change in the financing offered to prospective purchasers will not be deemed to be a material change.
- (n) A detailed explanation of any financial arrangements which have been provided for completion of all promised improvements.
- (o) The name and address of the managing entity; a statement whether the seller may change the managing entity or its control and, if so, the manner by which the seller may change the managing entity; a statement of the arrangements for management, maintenance, and operation of the accommodations and facilities and of other property that will serve the purchasers; and a description of the management arrangement and any contracts for these purposes having a term in excess of 1 year, including the names of the contracting parties, the term of the contract, the nature of the services included, and the compensation, stated for a month and for a year, and provisions for increases in the compensation. In the case of a personal property timeshare plan in which the accommodations or facilities are located on or in a documented vessel or foreign vessel as provided in s. 721.08(2)(c)3.e., a statement shall be included that describes the trustee's or owners' association's access to the certificates of classification and that the certificate of classification will be made available to purchasers on request.
- (p) If any person other than the purchasers has the right to retain control of the board of administration of the

2.8

owners' association, if any, for a period of time which may exceed 1 year after the closing of the sale of a majority of the timeshare interests in that timeshare plan to persons other than successors or concurrent developers and the plan is one in which all purchasers automatically become members of the owners' association, a statement in conspicuous type in substantially the following form: The developer (or other person) has the right to retain control of the owners' association after a majority of the timeshare interests have been sold. Immediately following this statement, a description of the applicable transfer of control provisions of the timeshare plan shall be included.

- (q)1. If there are any restrictions upon the sale, transfer, conveyance, or leasing of a timeshare interest, a statement in conspicuous type in substantially the following form: The sale, lease, or transfer of timeshare interests is restricted or controlled. Immediately following this statement, a description of the nature of the restriction, limitation, or control on the sale, lease, or transfer of timeshare interests shall be included.
- 2. The following statement in conspicuous type in substantially the following form: The purchase of a timeshare interest should be based upon its value as a vacation experience or for spending leisure time, and not considered for purposes of acquiring an appreciating investment or with an expectation that the timeshare interest may be resold.
- (r) If the timeshare plan is part of a phase project, a statement to that effect and a complete description of the phasing. Notwithstanding any provisions of s. 718.110 or s. 719.1055, a developer may develop a timeshare condominium or a timeshare cooperative in phases if the original declaration of

3

4 5

7

8

9

10

11 12

13

14

15

16 17

18

19

2021

22

23

2.4

2526

27

2.8

29

condominium or cooperative documents submitting the initial phase to condominium ownership or cooperative ownership or an amendment to the declaration of condominium or cooperative documents which has been approved by all of the unit owners and unit mortgagees provides for phasing. Notwithstanding any provisions of s. 718.403 or s. 719.403 to the contrary, the original declaration of condominium or cooperative documents, or an amendment to the declaration of condominium or cooperative documents adopted pursuant to this subsection, need only generally describe the developer's phasing plan and the land which may become part of the condominium or cooperative, and, in conjunction therewith, the developer may also reserve all rights to vary his or her phasing plan as to phase boundaries, plot plans and floor plans, timeshare unit types, timeshare unit sizes and timeshare unit type mixes, numbers of timeshare units, and facilities with respect to each subsequent phase. There shall be no time limit during which a developer of a timeshare condominium or timeshare cooperative must complete his or her phasing plan, and the developer shall not be required to notify owners of existing timeshare estates of his or her decision not to add one or more proposed phases.

(s) A description of the material restrictions, if any, to be imposed on timeshare interests concerning the use of any of the accommodations or facilities, including statements as to whether there are restrictions upon children and pets or a reference to a copy of the documents containing the restrictions which shall be attached as an exhibit. If there are no restrictions, there shall be a statement of such fact.

2.4

2.5

- (t) If there is any land <u>or personal property</u> that is offered by the developer for use by the purchasers and which is neither owned by them nor leased to them, the <u>owners'</u> association, or any entity controlled by the purchasers, a statement describing the land <u>or personal property</u>, how it will serve the timeshare plan, and the nature and term of service.
- (u) An estimated operating budget for the timeshare plan and a schedule of the purchaser's expenses shall be attached as an exhibit and shall contain the following information:
- 1. The estimated annual expenses of the timeshare plan collectible from purchasers by assessments. The estimated payments by the purchaser for assessments shall also be stated in the estimated amounts for the times when they will be due. Expenses shall also be shown for the shortest timeshare period offered for sale by the developer. If the timeshare plan provides for the offer and sale of units to be used on a nontimeshare basis, the estimated monthly and annual expenses of such units shall be set forth in a separate schedule.
- 2. The estimated weekly, monthly, and annual expenses of the purchaser of each timeshare interest, other than assessments payable to the managing entity. Expenses which are personal to purchasers that are not uniformly incurred by all purchasers or that are not provided for or contemplated by the timeshare plan documents may be excluded from this estimate.
- 3. The estimated items of expenses of the timeshare plan and the managing entity, except as excluded under subparagraph 2., including, but not limited to, if applicable, the following items, which shall be stated either as management expenses collectible by assessments or as expenses

of the purchaser payable to persons other than the managing 2 entity: 3 a. Expenses for the managing entity: 4 (I) Administration of the managing entity. 5 (II) Management fees. 6 (III) Maintenance. 7 (IV) Rent for facilities. 8 (V) Taxes upon timeshare property. 9 (VI) Taxes upon leased areas. 10 (VII) Insurance. (VIII) Security provisions. 11 12 (IX) Other expenses. 13 (X) Operating capital. (XI) Reserves for deferred maintenance and reserves 14 for capital expenditures, including:-15 (A) Reserves for deferred maintenance or capital 16 expenditures of accommodations and facilities of a real 17 property timeshare plan, if any. All reserves for any 18 accommodations and facilities of real property timeshare plans 19 located in this state shall be calculated by a formula which 2.0 21 is based upon estimated life and replacement cost of each reserve item. Reserves for deferred maintenance for such 23 accommodations and facilities shall include accounts for roof replacement, building painting, pavement resurfacing, 2.4 replacement of timeshare unit furnishings and equipment, and 25 26 any other component, the useful life of which is less than the 27 useful life of the overall structure. For any accommodations 2.8 and facilities of real property timeshare plans located outside of this state, the developer shall disclose the amount 29 30 of reserves for deferred maintenance or capital expenditures 31

required by the law of the situs state, if applicable, and maintained for such accommodations and facilities.

(B) Reserves for deferred maintenance or capital expenditures of accommodations and facilities of a personal property timeshare plan, if any. If such reserves are maintained, the estimated operating budget shall disclose the methodology of how the reserves are calculated. If a personal property timeshare plan does not require reserves, the following statement, in conspicuous type, shall appear in both the budget and the public offering statement:

10 11

3

4

5

8

9

- 12 The estimated operating budget for this personal property
- 13 timeshare plan does not include reserves for deferred
- 14 maintenance or capital expenditures; each timeshare interest
- 15 may be subject to substantial special assessments from time to
- 16 time because no such reserves exist.

- 18 (XII) Fees payable to the division.
- b. Expenses for a purchaser:
- 20 (I) Rent for the timeshare unit, if subject to a
- 21 lease.
- 22 (II) Rent payable by the purchaser directly to the
- 23 | lessor or agent under any lease for the use of facilities,
- 24 which use and payment is a mandatory condition of ownership
- 25 and is not included in the common expenses or assessments for
- 26 common maintenance paid by the purchasers to the managing
- 27 entity.
- 28 4. The estimated amounts shall be stated for a period
- 29 of at least 12 months and may distinguish between the period
- 30 prior to the time that purchasers elect a majority of the
- 31 | board of administration and the period after that date.

2.4

- 5. If the developer intends to guarantee the level of assessments, such guarantee must be based upon a good faith estimate of the revenues and expenses of the timeshare plan.

 The guarantee must include a description of the following:
- a. The specific time period measured in one or more calendar or fiscal years during which the guarantee will be in effect.
- b. A statement that the developer will pay all common expenses incurred in excess of the total revenues of the timeshare plan pursuant to s. 721.15(2) if the developer has excused himself or herself from the payment of assessments during the guarantee period.
- c. The level, expressed in total dollars, at which the developer guarantees the budget. If the developer has reserved the right to extend or increase the guarantee level pursuant to s. 721.15(2), a disclosure must be included to that effect.
- 6. If the developer intends to provide a trust fund to defer or reduce the payment of annual assessments, a copy of the trust instrument shall be attached as an exhibit and shall include a description of such arrangement, including, but not limited to:
- a. The specific amount of such trust funds and the source of the funds.
 - b. The name and address of the trustee.
- 25 c. The investment methods permitted by the trust 26 agreement.
 - d. A statement in conspicuous type that the funds from the trust account may not cover all assessments and that there is no guarantee that purchasers will not have to pay assessments in the future.

3

4

5

7

8

9 10

11 12

13

14

15

16

18

19

20 21

22

23

2.4

2.5

2627

2.8

29

- 7. The budget of a phase timeshare plan may contain a note identifying the number of timeshare interests covered by the budget, indicating the number of timeshare interests, if any, estimated to be declared as part of the timeshare plan during that calendar year, and projecting the common expenses for the timeshare plan based upon the number of timeshare interests estimated to be declared as part of the timeshare plan during that calendar year.
- (v) A schedule of estimated closing expenses to be paid by a purchaser or lessee of a timeshare interest and a statement as to whether a title opinion or title insurance policy is available to the purchaser and, if so, at whose expense.
- (w) The identity of the developer and the chief operating officer or principal directing the creation and sale of the timeshare plan and a statement of the experience of each in this field or, if no experience, a statement of that fact.
- (x) A statement of the total financial obligation of the purchaser, including the purchase price and any additional charges to which the purchaser may be subject.
- (y) The name of any person who will or may have the right to alter, amend, or add to the charges to which the purchaser may be subject and the terms and conditions under which such alterations, amendments, or additions may be imposed.
- (z) A statement of the purchaser's right of cancellation of the purchase contract.
- $% \left(A_{1}\right) =A_{2}\left(A_{1}\right) +A_{2}\left(A_{1}\right) +A_{3}\left(A_{1}\right) +A_{3}\left($

(bb) A statement as to whether the timeshare plan is participating in an exchange program and, if so, the name and address of the exchange company offering the exchange program.

(cc) The existence of rules and regulations regarding

(cc) The existence of rules and regulations regarding any reservation features governing a purchaser's ability to make reservations for a timeshare period, including, if applicable, a conspicuous type disclaimer in substantially the following form:

The right to reserve a timeshare period is subject to rules and regulations of the timeshare plan reservation system.

2.4

(dd) If a developer is filing a timeshare plan that includes a timeshare instrument or component site document that was in conformance with the laws and rules in existence at the time the timeshare plan was created but does not conform to existing laws and rules that govern the timeshare plan and the developer does not have the authority or power to amend or change the timeshare instrument or component site document to conform to such existing laws or rules as directed by the division, a brief explanation of current law and the conflict with the timeshare instrument or component site document, preceded by disclaimer in conspicuous type in substantially the following form:

Florida law has been amended and certain provisions in [insert appropriate reference to timeshare instrument or component site document] that were in conformance with Florida law as it existed at the time the timeshare plan was created are not in conformance with current Florida law. These documents may only be amended by [insert appropriate reference to person or

entity that has the right to amend or change the timeshare instrument or component site document]. The developer does not warrant that such documents are in technical compliance with all applicable Florida laws and regulations. All questions regarding amendment of these documents should be directed to [insert appropriate reference to person or entity that has the right to amend or change the timeshare instrument or component site document].

2.4

- (ee) Any other information that a seller, with the approval of the division, desires to include in the public offering statement.
- (ff) Copies of the following documents and plans, to the extent they are applicable, shall be included as exhibits to the <u>filed</u> registered public offering statement provided, if the timeshare plan has not been declared <u>or created</u> at the time of the filing, the developer shall provide proposed documents:
 - 1. The declaration of condominium.
- 20 2. The cooperative documents.
 - 3. The declaration of covenants and restrictions.
 - 4. The articles of incorporation creating the $\underline{\text{owners'}}$ association.
 - 5. The bylaws of the owners association.
 - 6. Any The ground lease or other underlying lease of the real property associated with on which the timeshare plan is situated. In the case of a personal property timeshare plan, any lease of the personal property associated with the personal property timeshare plan.

3

4

5

8

9 10

11 12

13

14

15

16

18

19

2021

22

23

2425

2627

2.8

- 7. The management agreement and all maintenance and other contracts regarding the management and operation of the timeshare property which have terms in excess of 1 year.
- 8. The estimated operating budget for the timeshare plan and the required schedule of purchasers' expenses.
- 9. The floor plan of each type of accommodation and the plot plan showing the location of all accommodations and facilities declared as part of the timeshare plan and filed with the division.
 - 10. The lease for any facilities.
- 11. A declaration of servitude of properties serving the accommodations and facilities, but not owned by purchasers or leased to them or the $\underline{\text{owners'}}$ association.
- 12. Any documents required by s. 721.03(3)(e) as the result of the inclusion of a timeshare plan in the conversion of the building to condominium or cooperative ownership.
- 13. The form of agreement for sale or lease of timeshare interests.
- 14. The executed agreement for escrow of payments made to the developer prior to closing and the form of any agreement for escrow of ad valorem tax escrow payments, if any, to be made into an ad valorem tax escrow account pursuant to s. 192.037(6).
- 15. The documents containing any restrictions on use of the property required by paragraph (s).
- 16. A letter from the escrow agent or filing attorney confirming that the escrow agent and its officers, directors, or other partners are independent pursuant to the requirements of this chapter.
- 30 <u>17. Any nondisturbance and notice to creditors</u>
 31 <u>instrument required by s. 721.08.</u>

1	18. In the case of any personal property timeshare
2	plan in which the accommodations and facilities are located on
3	or in a documented vessel or foreign vessel as provided in s.
4	721.08(2)(c)3.e., a copy of the certificate of ownership of
5	such vessel and either a copy of the certificate of
6	documentation or certificate of registry of such vessel.
7	19. An executed affidavit given under oath by an
8	attorney licensed to practice law in any jurisdiction in the
9	United States stating that the attorney has researched the
10	applicable laws of the jurisdiction in which governing law has
11	been established and the laws of the jurisdiction in which the
12	vessel is registered, and has found that the timeshare
13	instrument complies with the provisions of s.
14	721.08(2)(c)3.e.(II)(C) and (III).
15	20.16. Any other documents or instruments creating the
16	timeshare plan.
17	(gg) Such other information as is necessary to fairly,
18	meaningfully, and effectively disclose all aspects of the
19	timeshare plan, including, but not limited to, any disclosures
20	made necessary by the operation of s. 721.03(8). However, if a
21	developer has, in good faith, attempted to comply with the
22	requirements of this section, and if, in fact, he or she has
23	substantially complied with the disclosure requirements of
24	this chapter, nonmaterial errors or omissions shall not be
25	actionable.
26	(hh) Notwithstanding the provisions of this
27	subsection, the $\underline{\text{filed}}$ $\underline{\text{registered}}$ public offering statement for
28	a component site of a multisite timeshare plan filed pursuant
29	to this subsection may contain cross-references to information

30 contained in the related multisite timeshare plan <u>filed</u>

2.4

2.8

registered public offering statement filed pursuant to s. 721.55 in lieu of repeating such information.

- (6) The division is authorized to prescribe by rule the form of the approved purchaser public offering statement that must be furnished by the developer to each purchaser. The form of the purchaser public offering statement must provide fair, meaningful, and effective disclosure of all aspects of the timeshare plan. For timeshare plans filed pursuant to this part, the developer shall furnish each purchaser with the following:
- (a) A copy of the purchaser public offering statement text in the form approved by the division for delivery to purchasers.
- (b) Copies of the exhibits required to be filed with the division pursuant to subparagraphs (5)(ff)1., 2., 4., 5., 8., and 20. $\frac{16.}{}$
- describing any exhibit to the <u>filed registered</u> public offering statement filed with the division which is not delivered to the purchaser. The division is authorized to prescribe by rule the form of the receipt for timeshare plan documents and the description of exhibits list that must be furnished to the purchaser. The description of documents list utilized by a developer shall be filed with the division for review as part of the <u>filed registered</u> public offering statement pursuant to this section. The developer shall be required to provide the managing entity with a copy of the approved <u>filed registered</u> public offering statement and any approved amendments thereto to be maintained by the managing entity as part of the books and records of the timeshare plan pursuant to s. 721.13(3)(d).

4 5

6

7

8

9 10

11 12

13

14

15

16

18

19

20 21

22

23

2.4

25

26 27

2.8

- (d) Any other exhibit which the developer includes as 2 part of the purchaser public offering statement, provided that the developer first files the exhibit with the division. (e) An executed copy of any document which the purchaser signs.
 - (f) Each purchaser shall receive a fully executed paper copy of the purchase contract.

Section 7. Paragraph (g) of subsection (1) of section 721.075, Florida Statutes, is amended and paragraph (e) is added to subsection (2) of that section, to read:

721.075 Incidental benefits.--Incidental benefits shall be offered only as provided in this section.

- (1) Accommodations, facilities, products, services, discounts, or other benefits which satisfy the requirements of this subsection shall be subject to the provisions of this section and exempt from the other provisions of this chapter which would otherwise apply to such accommodations or facilities if and only if:
- (g) The incidental benefit is filed with the division for review in conjunction with the filing of a timeshare plan or in connection with a previously filed timeshare plan.
- (2) Each purchaser shall execute a separate acknowledgment and disclosure statement with respect to all incidental benefits, which statement shall include the following information:
- (e) A statement indicating the source of the services, points, or other products that constitute the incidental benefit.

Section 8. Section 721.08, Florida Statutes, is 29 30 amended to read:

3

4

5

7

8

9

10

11 12

13

14

15

16

18

19

2021

22

23

2.4

25

2627

2.8

29

- 721.08 Escrow accounts; nondisturbance instruments; alternate security arrangements; transfer of legal title.--
- (1) Prior to the filing of a registered public offering statement with the division, all developers shall establish an escrow account with an escrow agent for the purpose of protecting the funds or other property of purchasers required to be escrowed by this section. An escrow agent shall maintain the accounts called for in this section only in such a manner as to be under the direct supervision and control of the escrow agent. The escrow agent shall have a fiduciary duty to each purchaser to maintain the escrow accounts in accordance with good accounting practices and to release the purchaser's funds or other property from escrow only in accordance with this chapter. The escrow agent shall retain all affidavits received pursuant to this section for a period of 5 years. Should the escrow agent receive conflicting demands for funds or other property held in escrow, the escrow agent shall immediately notify the division of the dispute and either promptly submit the matter to arbitration or, by interpleader or otherwise, seek an adjudication of the matter by court.
- (2) One hundred percent of all funds or other property which is received from or on behalf of purchasers of the timeshare plan or timeshare interest prior to the occurrence of events required in this subsection shall be deposited pursuant to an escrow agreement approved by the division. The escrow agreement shall provide that the funds or other property may be released from escrow only as follows:
- (a) Cancellation.—In the event a purchaser gives a valid notice of cancellation pursuant to s. 721.10 or is otherwise entitled to cancel the sale, the funds or other

2.2

property received from or on behalf of the purchaser, or the proceeds thereof, shall be returned to the purchaser. Such refund shall be made within 20 days after of demand therefor by the purchaser or within 5 days after receipt of funds from the purchaser's cleared check, whichever is later. If the purchaser has received benefits under the contract prior to the effective date of the cancellation, the funds or other property to be returned to the purchaser may be reduced by the proportion of contract benefits actually received.

- (b) Purchaser's default.--Following expiration of the 10-day cancellation period, if the purchaser defaults in the performance of her or his obligations under the terms of the contract to purchase or such other agreement by which a seller sells the timeshare interest, the developer shall provide an affidavit to the escrow agent requesting release of the escrowed funds or other property and shall provide a copy of such affidavit to the purchaser who has defaulted. The developer's affidavit, as required herein, shall include:
- 1. A statement that the purchaser has defaulted and that the developer has not defaulted;
- 2. A brief explanation of the nature of the default and the date of its occurrence;
- 3. A statement that pursuant to the terms of the contract the developer is entitled to the funds held by the escrow agent; and
- 4. A statement that the developer has not received from the purchaser any written notice of a dispute between the purchaser and developer or a claim by the purchaser to the escrow.
 - (c) Compliance with conditions. --

3

4

5 6

7

8

9 10

11 12

13

14

15

16

18

19

2021

22

23

2.4

25

2627

29

- 1. <u>Timeshare licenses.--</u>If the timeshare plan is one in which timeshare licenses are to be sold and no cancellation or default has occurred, the escrow agent may release the escrowed funds or <u>other</u> property <u>to or on the order of the developer</u> upon presentation of:
- a. An affidavit by the developer that all of the following conditions have been met :
 - (I) Expiration of the cancellation period.
 - (II) Completion of construction.
 - (III) Closing.
 - (IV) Either:
- (A) Execution, <u>delivery</u>, and recordation by each interestholder of the nondisturbance and notice to creditors instrument, as described in this section; or, <u>alternatively</u>,
- (B) Transfer by the developer of legal title to the subject accommodations and facilities, or all use rights therein, into to a trust satisfying the requirements of subparagraph 4. sub subparagraph 3.b. and the execution, delivery, and recordation by each other interestholder of the nondisturbance and notice to creditors instrument, as described in this section.
- b. A certified copy of \underline{each} the recorded nondisturbance and notice to creditors instrument that $\underline{complies}$ with subsection (3).
 - c. One of the following:
- (I) A copy of a memorandum of agreement, as defined in s. 721.05(21), together with satisfactory evidence that the original memorandum of agreement has been irretrievably delivered for recording to the appropriate official responsible for maintaining the public records in the county in which the subject accommodations and facilities are

4

5

8

9

10

11 12

13

14

15

16 17

18

19

2021

22

23

2.4

2.5

27

located. The original memorandum of agreement must be recorded within 180 days after the date on which the purchaser executed her or his purchase agreement.

- appropriate official responsible for maintaining the public records in each county in which the subject accommodations and facilities are located notifying all persons of the identity of an independent escrow agent or trustee satisfying the requirements of subparagraph 4. sub subparagraph 3.b. that shall maintain separate books and records, in accordance with good accounting practices, for the timeshare plan in which timeshare licenses are to be sold. The books and records shall indicate each accommodation and facility that is subject to such a timeshare plan and each purchaser of a timeshare license in the timeshare plan.
- 2. <u>Timeshare estates.--</u>If the timeshare plan is one in which timeshare estates are to be sold, other than interests in a trust pursuant to subparagraph 3., and no cancellation or default has occurred, the escrow agent may release the escrowed funds or <u>other</u> property to or on the order of the <u>developer</u> upon presentation of:
- a. An affidavit by the developer that all of the following conditions have been met:
 - (I) Expiration of the cancellation period.
 - (II) Completion of construction.
- 26 (III) Closing.
 - b. If the timeshare estate is sold by agreement for deed, a certified copy of the recorded nondisturbance and notice to creditors instrument, as described in this section.
 - c. Evidence that <u>each accommodation and facility:</u>

3031

1	(I) Is free and clear of the claims of any
2	interestholders, other than the claims of interestholders
3	that, through a recorded instrument, are irrevocably made
4	subject to the timeshare instrument and the use rights of
5	purchasers made available through the timeshare instrument;
6	(II) Is the subject of a recorded nondisturbance and
7	notice to creditors instrument that complies with subsection
8	(3) and s. 721.17; or
9	(III) Has been transferred into a trust satisfying the
10	requirements of subparagraph 4.
11	<u>d. Evidence that</u> the timeshare estate:
12	$\overline{ ext{(I)}}$ Is free and clear of the claims of any
13	interestholders, other than the claims of interestholders
14	that, through a recorded instrument, are irrevocably made
15	subject to the timeshare instrument and the use rights of
16	purchasers made available through the timeshare instrument $:$
17	or
18	(II) Is that are the subject of a recorded
19	nondisturbance and notice to creditors instrument that
20	complies with subsection (3) and s. 721.17.
21	3. <u>Personal property timeshare interests</u> If the
22	timeshare plan is one in which personal property timeshare
23	<u>interests</u> estates are to be sold as interests in a trust that
24	complies in all respects with the provisions of
25	sub subparagraph b., and no cancellation or default has
26	occurred, the escrow agent may release the escrowed funds or
27	other property to or on the order of the developer upon
28	presentation of:
29	a. An affidavit by the developer that all of the
30	following conditions have been met:

(I) Expiration of the cancellation period.

1	(II) Completion of construction.
2	(III) Transfer of the subject accommodations and
3	facilities, or all use rights therein, to the trust.
4	(IV) Closing.
5	b. If the personal property timeshare interest is sold
6	by agreement for transfer, evidence that the agreement for
7	transfer complies fully with s. 721.06 and this section.
8	c. Evidence that one of the following has occurred:
9	(I) Transfer by the owner of the underlying personal
10	property of legal title to the subject accommodations and
11	facilities or all use rights therein into a trust satisfying
12	the requirements of subparagraph 4.; or
13	(II) Transfer by the owner of the underlying personal
14	property of legal title to the subject accommodations and
15	facilities or all use rights therein into an owners'
16	association satisfying the requirements of subparagraph 5.
17	d. Evidence of compliance with the provisions of
18	subparagraph 6., if required.
19	e. If a personal property timeshare plan is created
20	with respect to accommodations and facilities that are located
21	on or in an oceangoing vessel, including a "documented vessel"
22	or a "foreign vessel," as defined and governed by 46 U.S.C.,
23	<pre>chapter 301:</pre>
24	(I) In making the transfer required in
25	sub-subparagraph c., the developer shall use as its transfer
26	instrument a document that establishes and protects the
27	continuance of the use rights in the subject accommodations
28	and facilities in a manner that is enforceable by the trust or
29	owners' association.
30	
31	

1	(II) The transfer instrument shall comply fully with
2	the provisions of this chapter, shall be part of the timeshare
3	instrument, and shall contain specific provisions that:
4	(A) Prohibit the vessel owner, the developer, any
5	manager or operator of the vessel, the owners' association or
6	the trustee, the managing entity, or any other person from
7	incurring any liens against the vessel except for liens that
8	are required for the operation and upkeep of the vessel,
9	including liens for fuel expenditures, repairs, crews' wages,
10	and salvage, and except as provided in sub-sub-subparagraphs
11	4.b.(III) and 5.b.(III). All expenses, fees, and taxes
12	properly incurred in connection with the creation,
13	satisfaction, and discharge of any such permitted lien, or a
14	prorated portion thereof if less than all of the
15	accommodations on the vessel are subject to the timeshare
16	plan, shall be common expenses of the timeshare plan.
17	(B) Grant a lien against the vessel in favor of the
18	owners' association or trustee to secure the full and faithful
19	performance of the vessel owner and developer of all of their
20	obligations to the purchasers.
21	(C) Establish governing law in a jurisdiction that
22	recognizes and will enforce the timeshare instrument and the
23	laws of the jurisdiction of registry of the vessel.
24	(D) Require that a description of the use rights of
25	purchasers be posted and displayed on the vessel in a manner
26	that will give notice of such rights to any party examining
27	the vessel. This notice must identify the owners' association
28	or trustee and include a statement disclosing the limitation
29	on incurring liens against the vessel described in
30	sub-sub-subparagraph (A).
31	

1	(E) Include the nondisturbance and notice to creditors
2	instrument for the vessel owner and any other interestholders.
3	(F) The owners' association created under subparagraph
4	5. or trustee created under subparagraph 4. shall have access
5	to any certificates of classification in accordance with the
6	timeshare instrument.
7	(III) If the vessel is a foreign vessel, the vessel
8	must be registered in a jurisdiction that permits a filing
9	evidencing the use rights of purchasers in the subject
10	accommodations and facilities, offers protection for such use
11	rights against unfiled and inferior claims, and recognizes the
12	document or instrument creating such use rights as a lien
13	against the vessel.
14	(IV) In addition to the disclosures required by s.
15	721.07(5), the public offering statement and purchase contract
16	must contain a disclosure in conspicuous type in substantially
17	the following form:
18	
19	The laws of the State of Florida govern the offering of this
20	timeshare plan in this state. There are inherent risks in
21	purchasing a timeshare interest in this timeshare plan because
22	the accommodations and facilities of the timeshare plan are
23	located on a vessel that will sail into international waters
24	and into waters governed by many different jurisdictions.
25	Therefore, the laws of the State of Florida cannot fully
26	protect your purchase of an interest in this timeshare plan.
27	Specifically, management and operational issues may need to be
28	addressed in the jurisdiction in which the vessel is
29	registered, which is (insert jurisdiction in which
30	vessel is registered). Concerns of purchasers may be sent to
31	

(insert name of applicable regulatory agency and address).

2.4

2.8

4. Trust.--

a. If the subject accommodations or facilities, or all use rights therein, are to be transferred into a trust in order to comply with this paragraph, such transfer shall take place pursuant to this subparagraph.

<u>b.</u> Prior to the transfer by each interestholder of the subject accommodations and facilities, or all use rights therein, to a trust, any lien or other encumbrance against such accommodations and facilities, or use rights therein, shall be made subject to a nondisturbance and notice to creditors instrument <u>pursuant to subsection (3) as described</u> in this section. No transfer pursuant to this <u>subparagraph</u> sub-subparagraph shall become effective until the trustee accepts such transfer and the responsibilities set forth herein. A trust established pursuant to this <u>subparagraph</u> sub-subparagraph shall comply with the following provisions:

- (I) The trustee shall be an individual or a business entity authorized and qualified to conduct trust business in this state. Any corporation authorized to do business in this state may act as trustee in connection with a timeshare plan pursuant to this chapter. The trustee must be independent from any developer or managing entity of the timeshare plan or any interestholder of any accommodation or facility of such plan.
- (II) The trust shall be irrevocable so long as any purchaser has a right to occupy any portion of the timeshare property pursuant to the timeshare plan.
- (III) The trustee shall not convey, hypothecate, mortgage, assign, lease, or otherwise transfer or encumber in

2.4

any fashion any interest in or portion of the timeshare property with respect to which any purchaser has a right of use or occupancy unless the timeshare plan is terminated pursuant to the timeshare instrument, or such conveyance, hypothecation, mortgage, assignment, lease, transfer, or encumbrance is approved by a vote of two-thirds of all voting interests of the timeshare plan and such decision is declared by a court of competent jurisdiction to be in the best interests of the purchasers of the timeshare plan. The trustee shall notify the division in writing within 10 days after of receiving notice of the filing of any petition relating to obtaining such a court order. The division shall have standing to advise the court of the division's interpretation of the statute as it relates to the petition.

(IV) All purchasers of the timeshare plan or the owners' association of the timeshare plan shall be the express beneficiaries of the trust. The trustee shall act as a fiduciary to the beneficiaries of the trust. The personal liability of the trustee shall be governed by s. 737.306. The agreement establishing the trust shall set forth the duties of the trustee. The trustee shall be required to furnish promptly to the division upon request a copy of the complete list of the names and addresses of the owners in the timeshare plan and a copy of any other books and records of the timeshare plan required to be maintained pursuant to s. 721.13 that are in the possession, custody, or control of the trustee. All expenses reasonably incurred by the trustee in the performance of its duties, together with any reasonable compensation of the trustee, shall be common expenses of the timeshare plan.

(V) The trustee shall not resign upon less than 90 days' prior written notice to the managing entity and the

2.4

division. No resignation shall become effective until a substitute trustee, approved by the division, is appointed by the managing entity and accepts the appointment.

- (VI) The documents establishing the trust arrangement shall constitute a part of the timeshare instrument.
- (VII) For trusts holding property in a timeshare plan located outside this state, the trust <u>and trustee</u> holding such property shall be deemed in compliance with the requirements of this subparagraph if such trust <u>and trustee are is</u> authorized and qualified to conduct trust business under the laws of such jurisdiction and the agreement or law governing such trust arrangement provides substantially similar protections for the purchaser as are required in this subparagraph for trusts holding property in a timeshare plan in this state.
- (VIII) The trustee shall have appointed a registered agent in this state for service of process. In the event such a registered agent is not appointed, service of process may be served pursuant to s. 721.265.
- 20 <u>5. Owners' association.--</u>
 - a. If the subject accommodations or facilities, or all use rights therein, are to be transferred into an owners' association in order to comply with this paragraph, such transfer shall take place pursuant to this subparagraph.
- b. Prior to the transfer by each interestholder of the subject accommodations and facilities, or all use rights
 therein, to an owners' association, any lien or other
 encumbrance against such accommodations and facilities, or use rights therein, shall be made subject to a nondisturbance and notice to creditors instrument pursuant to subsection (3). No transfer pursuant to this subparagraph shall become effective

8

9

11 12

13

14 15

16

17

18

19

2021

2.2

23

2.4

2.5

2627

2.8

29

30

until the owners' association accepts such transfer and the
responsibilities set forth herein. An owners' association
established pursuant to this subparagraph shall comply with
the following provisions:

(I) The owners' association shall be a business entity
authorized and qualified to conduct business in this state.

authorized and qualified to conduct business in this state.

Control of the board of directors of the owners' association

must be independent from any developer or managing entity of
the timeshare plan or any interestholder.

(II) The bylaws of the owners' association shall provide that the corporation may not be voluntarily dissolved without the unanimous vote of all owners of personal property timeshare interests so long as any purchaser has a right to occupy any portion of the timeshare property pursuant to the timeshare plan.

hypothecate, mortgage, assign, lease, or otherwise transfer or encumber in any fashion any interest in or portion of the timeshare property with respect to which any purchaser has a right of use or occupancy, unless the timeshare plan is terminated pursuant to the timeshare instrument, or unless such conveyance, hypothecation, mortgage, assignment, lease, transfer, or encumbrance is approved by a vote of two-thirds of all voting interests of the association and such decision is declared by a court of competent jurisdiction to be in the best interests of the purchasers of the timeshare plan. The owners' association shall notify the division in writing within 10 days after receiving notice of the filing of any petition relating to obtaining such a court order. The division shall have standing to advise the court of the

division's interpretation of the statute as it relates to the 2 petition. 3 (IV) All purchasers of the timeshare plan shall be 4 members of the owners' association and shall be entitled to 5 vote on matters requiring a vote of the owners' association as 6 provided in this chapter or the timeshare instrument. The 7 owners' association shall act as a fiduciary to the purchasers of the timeshare plan. The articles of incorporation 8 establishing the owners' association shall set forth the 9 10 duties of the owners' association. All expenses reasonably incurred by the owners' association in the performance of its 11 12 duties, together with any reasonable compensation of the 13 officers or directors of the owners' association, shall be common expenses of the timeshare plan. 14 (V) The documents establishing the owners' association 15 shall constitute a part of the timeshare instrument. 16 17 (VI) For owners' associations holding property in a 18 timeshare plan located outside this state, the owners' 19 association holding such property shall be deemed in compliance with the requirements of this subparagraph if such 2.0 21 owners' association is authorized and qualified to conduct 2.2 owners' association business under the laws of such 23 jurisdiction and the agreement or law governing such arrangement provides substantially similar protections for the 2.4 purchaser as are required in this subparagraph for owners' 2.5 associations holding property in a timeshare plan in this 26 27 state. 2.8 (VII) The owners' association shall have appointed a registered agent in this state for service of process. In the 29 event such a registered agent cannot be located, service of 30 process may be made pursuant to s. 721.265. 31

1	6. Personal property subject to certificate of
2	title If any personal property that is an accommodation or
3	facility of a timeshare plan is subject to a certificate of
4	title in this state pursuant to chapter 319 or chapter 328,
5	the following notation must be made on such certificate of
6	title pursuant to s. 319.27(1) or s. 328.15(1):
7	
8	The further transfer or encumbrance of the property subject to
9	this certificate of title, or any lien or encumbrance thereon,
10	is subject to the requirements of section 721.17, Florida
11	Statutes, and the transferee or lienor agrees to be bound by
12	all of the obligations set forth therein.
13	
14	7.4. If the developer has previously provided a
15	certified copy of any document required by this paragraph, she
16	or he may for all subsequent disbursements substitute a true
17	and correct copy of the certified copy, provided no changes to
18	the document have been made or are required to be made.
19	8. In the event that use rights relating to an
20	accommodation or facility are transferred into a trust
21	pursuant to subparagraph 4. or into an owners' association
22	pursuant to subparagraph 5., all other interestholders,
23	including the owner of the underlying fee or underlying
24	personal property, must execute a nondisturbance and notice to
25	creditors instrument pursuant to subsection (3).
26	(d) Substitution of other assurances for escrowed
27	funds or other property Funds or other property escrowed as
28	provided in this section may be released from escrow to or on
29	the order of the developer upon acceptance by the director of
30	the division of other assurances pursuant to subsection (5) as
31	a substitute for such escrowed funds or other property. The

2.2

2.4

2.5

2.8

amount of escrowed funds or other property that may be released pursuant to this paragraph shall be equal to or less than the face amount of the assurances accepted by the director from time to time.

- (3) <u>NONDISTURBANCE AND NOTICE TO CREDITORS</u>

 <u>INSTRUMENT.--</u>The nondisturbance and notice to creditors instrument, when required, shall be executed by each interestholder.
 - (a) The instrument shall state that:

 $\frac{1.(a)}{a}$ If the party seeking enforcement is not in default of its obligations, the instrument may be enforced by both the seller and any purchaser of the timeshare plan;

2.(b) The instrument shall be effective as between the timeshare purchaser and interestholder despite any rejection or cancellation of the contract between the timeshare purchaser and developer as a result of bankruptcy proceedings of the developer; and

3.(c) So long as a purchaser remains in good standing with respect to her or his obligations under the timeshare instrument, including making all payments to the managing entity required by the timeshare instrument with respect to the annual common expenses of the timeshare the interestholder has any interest in the accommodations, facilities, or plan, then the interestholder will fully honor all the rights of such purchaser relating to the subject accommodation or facility as reflected timeshare purchasers in and to the timeshare instrument plan, will honor the purchasers' right to cancel their contracts and receive appropriate refunds, and will comply with all other requirements of this chapter and rules promulgated hereunder.

2.4

The instrument shall contain language sufficient to provide subsequent creditors of the developer and interestholders with notice of the existence of the timeshare plan and of the rights of purchasers and shall serve to protect the interest of the timeshare purchasers from any claims of subsequent creditors.

- (b) Real property timeshare plans.--For real property timeshare plans, the instrument shall be recorded in the public records of the county in which the subject accommodations or facilities are located.
- (c) Personal property timeshare plans.--For personal property timeshare plans, the instrument shall be included within or attached as an exhibit to a security agreement or other agreement executed by the interestholder. Constructive notice of such security agreement or other agreement shall be filed in the manner prescribed by chapter 679 or other applicable law.
- (d) A copy of the recorded <u>or filed</u> nondisturbance and notice to creditors instrument, when required, shall be provided to each timeshare purchaser at the time the purchase contract is executed.
- (4) In lieu of any escrow provisions required by this act, the director of the division shall have the discretion to permit deposit of the funds or other property in an escrow account as required by the jurisdiction in which the sale took place.
- (5)(a) In lieu of any escrows required by this section, the director of the division shall have the discretion to accept other assurances, including, but not limited to, a surety bond issued by a company authorized and licensed to do business in this state as surety or an

2.4

2.5

2.8

irrevocable letter of credit in an amount equal to the escrow requirements of this section.

- (b) Notwithstanding anything in chapter 718 or chapter 719 to the contrary, the director of the division shall have the discretion to accept other assurances pursuant to paragraph (a) in lieu of any requirement that completion of construction of one or more accommodations or facilities of a timeshare plan be accomplished prior to closing.
- creditors instrument, when such an instrument is otherwise required by this section, the director of the division shall have the discretion to accept alternate means of protecting the continuing rights of purchasers in and to the subject accommodations or facilities of the timeshare plan as and for the term described in the timeshare instrument, and of providing effective constructive notice of such continuing purchaser rights to subsequent owners of the accommodations or facilities and to subsequent creditors of the affected interestholder.
- (d) In lieu of the requirements in s.

 721.08(2)(c)3.e.(III), the director of the division shall have the discretion to accept alternate means of protecting the use rights of purchasers in the subject accommodations and facilities of the timeshare plan against unfiled and inferior claims.
- (6) An escrow agent holding funds escrowed pursuant to this section may invest such escrowed funds in securities of the United States Government, or any agency thereof, or in savings or time deposits in institutions insured by an agency of the United States Government. The right to receive the interest generated by any such investments shall be paid to

4

5

7

8

9

10

11 12

13

14

15 16

18

19

2021

22

23

2.4

2526

27

29

30

the party to whom the escrowed funds or <u>other</u> property are paid unless otherwise specified by contract.

- (7) Each escrow agent shall maintain separate books and records for each timeshare plan and shall maintain such books and records in accordance with good accounting practices.
- (8) An escrow agent holding escrowed funds pursuant to this chapter that have not been claimed for a period of 5 years after the date of deposit shall make at least one reasonable attempt to deliver such unclaimed funds to the purchaser who submitted such funds to escrow. In making such attempt, an escrow agent is entitled to rely on a purchaser's last known address as set forth in the books and records of the escrow agent and is not required to conduct any further search for the purchaser. If an escrow agent's attempt to deliver unclaimed funds to any purchaser is unsuccessful, the escrow agent may deliver such unclaimed funds to the division and the division shall deposit such unclaimed funds in the Division of Florida Land Sales, Condominiums, and Mobile Homes Trust Fund, 30 days after giving notice in a publication of general circulation in the county in which the timeshare property containing the purchaser's timeshare interest is located. The purchaser may claim the same at any time prior to the delivery of such funds to the division. After delivery of such funds to the division, the purchaser shall have no more rights to the unclaimed funds. The escrow agent shall not be liable for any claims from any party arising out of the escrow agent's delivery of the unclaimed funds to the division pursuant to this section.
- (9) For each transfer of the legal title to a timeshare estate <u>by a developer</u>, the developer shall deliver

2.2

2.4

2.8

an instrument evidencing such transfer to the purchaser or to a title insurance agent or the clerk of the court for recording. For each transfer of the legal title to a personal property timeshare interest by a developer, the developer shall deliver an instrument evidencing such transfer to the purchaser subject to the provisions of this section.

(10)(a) Any developer, seller, or escrow agent who intentionally fails to comply with the provisions of this section concerning the establishment of an escrow account, deposits of funds into escrow, and withdrawal therefrom is guilty of a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084, or the successor thereof. The failure to establish an escrow account or to place funds therein as required in this section is prima facie evidence of an intentional and purposeful violation of this section.

(b) Any developer, interestholder, trustee, or officer or director of an owners' association who intentionally fails to comply with the provisions of this section concerning the establishment of a trust or owners' association, conveyances of property into the trust or owners' association, and conveyances or encumbrances of trust or owners' association property is quilty of a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084, or the successor thereof. The failure to establish a trust or owners' association, or to transfer property into the trust or owners' association, or the failure of a trustee or officer or director of an owners' association to comply with the trust agreement, articles of incorporation, or bylaws with respect to conveyances or encumbrances of trust or owners' association

2.4

2.8

property, as required by this section, is prima facie evidence of an intentional and purposeful violation of this section.

Section 9. Paragraphs (a) and (d) of subsection (1), paragraph (c) of subsection (2), and paragraph (c) of subsection (3) of section 721.09, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

- 721.09 Reservation agreements; escrows.--
- (1)(a) Prior to filing the <u>filed</u> registered public offering statement with the division, a seller shall not offer a timeshare plan for sale but may accept reservation deposits and advertise the reservation deposit program upon approval by the division of a fully executed escrow agreement and reservation agreement properly filed with the division.
- (d) A seller who has filed a reservation agreement and an escrow agreement under this section may advertise the reservation agreement program if the advertising material meets the following requirements:
- The seller complies with the provisions of s.
 121.11 with respect to such advertising material.
- 2. The advertising material is limited to a general description of the proposed timeshare plan, including, but not limited to, a general description of the type, number, and size of accommodations and facilities and the name of the proposed timeshare plan.
- 3. The advertising material contains a statement that the advertising material is being distributed in connection with an approved reservation agreement filing only and that the seller cannot offer an interest in the timeshare plan for sale until a $\underline{\text{filed}}$ $\underline{\text{registered}}$ public offering statement has been filed with the division under this chapter.

- (2) Each executed reservation agreement shall be signed by the developer and shall contain the following:
- (c) A statement of the obligation of the developer to file a <u>filed</u> registered public offering statement with the division prior to entering into binding contracts.

(3)

2.4

2.8

- (c) The escrow agent may invest the escrowed funds in securities of the United States Government, or any agency thereof, or in savings or time deposits in institutions insured by an agency of the United States Government. The interest generated by any such investments shall be payable to the party entitled to receive the escrowed funds or other property.
- Section 10. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1), paragraphs (b) and (e) of subsection (6), and subsections (7), (8), and (9) of section 721.11, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
 - 721.11 Advertising materials; oral statements.--
- must be filed with the division for review by the developer prior to use. At the request of the developer, The division shall review any the advertising material filed for review by the developer and notify the developer of any deficiencies within 10 days after the filing. If the developer corrects the deficiencies or if there are no deficiencies, the division shall notify the developer of its approval of the advertising materials. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in this subsection, so long as the developer uses advertising materials approved by the division, following the developer's request for a review, the developer shall not be liable for

2.1

2.4

2.8

any violation of this section or s. 721.111 with respect to such advertising materials.

- (6) Failure to provide cancellation rights or disclosures as required by this subsection in connection with the sale of a regulated short-term product constitutes misrepresentation in accordance with paragraph (4)(a). Any agreement relating to the sale of a regulated short-term product must be regulated as advertising material and is subject to the following:
- (b) A purchaser of a regulated short-term product has the right to cancel the agreement until midnight of the 10th calendar day following the execution date of the agreement. The right of cancellation may not be waived by the prospective purchaser or by any other person on behalf of the prospective purchaser. Notice of cancellation must be given in the same manner prescribed for giving notice of cancellation under s. 721.10(2). If the prospective purchaser gives a valid notice of cancellation or is otherwise entitled to cancel the sale, the funds or other property received from or on behalf of the prospective purchaser, or the proceeds thereof, must be returned to the prospective purchaser. Such refund must be made in the same manner prescribed for refunds under s. 721.10.
- (e) If the seller provides the purchaser with the right to cancel the purchase of a regulated short-term product at any time up to 7 days prior to the purchaser's reserved use of the accommodations, but in no event less than 10 days, and if the seller refunds the total amount of all payments made by the purchaser reduced by the proportion of any benefits the purchaser has actually received prior to the effective date of the cancellation, the specific value of which has been agreed

to between the purchaser and the seller, the short-term product offer shall be exempt from the requirements of paragraphs (b), (c), and (d). An agreement relating to the 3 sale of the regulated short-term product made pursuant to this 4 paragraph must contain a statement setting forth the 5 cancellation and refund rights of the prospective purchaser in a manner that is consistent with this section and s. 721.10, 8 including a description of the length of the cancellation 9 right, a statement that the purchaser's intent to cancel must be in writing and sent to the seller at a specified address, a 10 statement that the notice of cancellation is effective upon 11 12 the date sent, and a statement that any attempt to waive the 13 cancellation right is unlawful. The right of cancellation provided to the purchaser pursuant to this paragraph may not 14 be waived by the prospective purchaser or by any other person 15 16 on behalf of the prospective purchaser. Notice of cancellation 17 must be given in the same manner prescribed for giving notice 18 of cancellation pursuant to s. 721.10(2). If the prospective purchaser gives a valid notice of cancellation, or is 19 otherwise entitled to cancel the sale, the funds or other 20 21 property received from or on behalf of the prospective 22 purchaser, or the proceeds thereof, shall be returned to the 23 prospective purchaser. Such refund shall be made in the manner prescribed for refunds under s. 721.10. 2.4 25

(7) Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 721.05(7)(6)(b), a seller may portray possible accommodations or facilities to prospective purchasers in advertising material, or a purchaser public offering statement, without such accommodations or facilities being available for use by purchasers so long as the advertising material or purchaser

29

2.4

public offering statement complies with the provisions of subsection (4).

- (8) Notwithstanding the provisions of s. $721.05\underline{(7)(6)}(b)$, a developer may portray possible accommodations or facilities to prospective purchasers by disseminating oral or written statements regarding same to broadcast or print media with no obligation on the developer's part to actually construct such accommodations or facilities or to file such accommodations or facilities with the division, but only so long as such oral or written statements are not considered advertising material pursuant to paragraph (3)(e).
- (9) Notwithstanding the provisions of s.

 721.05(7)(6)(b), a seller of a multisite timeshare plan may portray a possible component site to prospective purchasers with no accommodations or facilities located at such component site being available for use by purchasers so long as the seller satisfies the following requirements:
- (a) A developer of a multisite timeshare plan may disseminate oral or written statements to broadcast or print media describing a possible component site with no obligation on the developer's part to actually add such component site to the multisite timeshare plan or to amend the developer's filing with the division, but only so long as such oral or written statements are not considered advertising material pursuant to paragraph (3)(e).
- (b) A seller may make representations to purchasers in advertising material or in a purchaser public offering statement regarding the possible accommodations and facilities of a possible component site without such accommodations or facilities being available for use by purchasers so long as

the advertising material or purchaser public offering statement complies with the provisions of subsection (4).

(c) In the event a seller makes any of the representations permitted by paragraph (b), the purchase agreement must contain the following conspicuous disclosure unless and until such time as the developer has committed itself in the timeshare instrument to adding the possible component site to the multisite timeshare plan, at which time the seller may portray the component site pursuant to the timeshare instrument without restriction:

[Description of possible component site] is only a possible component site which may never be added to the multisite timeshare plan (or multisite vacation ownership plan or multisite vacation plan or vacation club). Do not purchase an interest in the multisite timeshare plan (or multisite vacation ownership plan or multisite vacation plan or vacation club) in reliance upon the addition of this component site.

2.4

2.8

- (d) Notwithstanding anything contained in this chapter to the contrary, a developer or managing entity may communicate with existing purchasers regarding possible component sites without restriction, so long as all oral and written statements made to existing purchasers pursuant to this subsection comply with the provisions of subsection (4).
- (e) Any violation of this subsection by a developer, seller, or managing entity shall constitute a violation of this chapter. Any violation of this subsection with respect to a purchaser whose purchase has not yet closed shall be deemed to provide that purchaser with a new 10-day voidability period.

Section 11. Subsection (1) of section 721.12, Florida 2 Statutes, is amended to read: 721.12 Recordkeeping by seller.--Each seller of a 3 4 timeshare plan shall maintain among its business records the 5 following: 6 (1) A copy of each contract for the sale of a 7 timeshare interest, which contract has not been canceled. If a 8 timeshare estate is being sold, the seller is required to 9 retain a copy of the contract only until a deed of conveyance, agreement for deed, or lease is recorded in the office of the 10 clerk of the circuit court in the county wherein the plan is 11 12 located. If a personal property timeshare plan is being sold, 13 the seller is required to retain a copy of the contract only until a certificate of transfer, agreement for transfer, 14 lease, or other instrument of transfer that fully complies 15 with s. 721.08 is delivered to the purchaser. 16 17 Section 12. Paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (1), 18 paragraph (b) of subsection (2), paragraphs (c), (d), and (e) of subsection (3), paragraph (g) of subsection (6), and 19 subsections (4) and (8) of section 721.13, Florida Statutes, 20 21 are amended, subsection (9) is renumbered as subsection (10), 22 and new subsections (9) and (11) are added to that section, to 23 read: 721.13 Management.--2.4 (1)(a) For each timeshare plan, the developer shall 25 provide for a managing entity, which shall be either the 26 27 developer, a separate manager or management firm, or an 2.8 owners' association. Any owners' association shall be created prior to the first closing recording of the sale of a 29 30 timeshare interest instrument. 31

2.4

- (b)1. With respect to a timeshare plan which is also regulated under chapter 718 or chapter 719, or which contains a mandatory owners' association, the board of administration of the <u>owners'</u> association shall be considered the managing entity of the timeshare plan.
- 2. During any period of time in which such <u>owners'</u> association has entered into a contract with a manager or management firm to provide some or all of the management services to the timeshare plan, both the board of administration and the manager or management firm shall be considered the managing entity of the timeshare plan and shall be jointly and severally responsible for the faithful discharge of the duties of the managing entity.
- 3. An owners' association which is the managing entity of a timeshare plan that includes condominium units or cooperative units shall not be considered a condominium association pursuant to the provisions of chapter 718 or a cooperative association pursuant to the provisions of chapter 719, unless such owners' association also operates the entire condominium pursuant to s. 718.111 or the entire cooperative pursuant to s. 719.104.

(2)

(b) The managing entity shall invest the operating and reserve funds of the timeshare plan in accordance with s. 518.11(1); however, the managing entity shall give safety of capital greater weight than production of income. In no event shall the managing entity invest timeshare plan funds with a developer or with any entity that is not independent of any developer or any managing entity within the meaning of s. 721.05(20)(18), and in no event shall the managing entity

3

4

6

7

8

9

10

11

13

14

15

17

18

19

20

2.4

27

29

30

invest timeshare plan funds in notes and mortgages related in any way to the timeshare plan.

- (3) The duties of the managing entity include, but are not limited to:
- 5 (c)1. Providing each year to all purchasers an itemized annual budget which shall include all estimated revenues and expenses. The budget shall be in the form required by s. 721.07(5)(u). The budget and shall be the final budget adopted by the managing entity for the current fiscal year. The final adopted budget is not required to be delivered if the managing entity has previously delivered a proposed 12 annual budget for the current fiscal year to purchasers in accordance with chapter 718 or chapter 719 and the managing entity includes a description of any changes in the adopted budget with the assessment notice and a disclosure regarding the purchasers' right to receive a copy of the adopted budget, 16 if desired. The budget shall contain, as a footnote or otherwise, any related party transaction disclosures or notes which appear in the audited financial statements of the managing entity for the previous budget year as required by 21 paragraph (e). A copy of the final budget shall be filed with 22 the division for review within 30 days after the beginning of 23 each fiscal year together with a statement of the number of periods of 7-day annual use availability that exist within the timeshare plan, including those periods filed for sale by the 25 26 developer but not yet committed to the timeshare plan, for which annual fees are required to be paid to the division 2.8 under s. 721.27.
 - 2. Notwithstanding anything contained in chapter 718 or chapter 719 to the contrary, the board of administration of an owners' association which serves as the managing entity may

2021

22

23

2.4

2526

27

2.8

29

30

from time to time reallocate reserves for deferred maintenance 2 and capital expenditures required by s. 721.07(5)(u)3.a.(XI) from any deferred maintenance or capital expenditure reserve 3 account to any other deferred maintenance or capital 4 5 expenditure reserve account or accounts in its discretion without the consent of purchasers of the timeshare plan. Funds 7 in any deferred maintenance or capital expenditure reserve 8 account may not be transferred to any operating account without the consent of a majority of the purchasers of the 9 timeshare plan. The managing entity may from time to time 10 transfer excess funds in any operating account to any deferred 11 12 maintenance or capital expenditure reserve account without the 13 vote or approval of purchasers of the timeshare plan. In the event any amount of reserves for accommodations and facilities 14 of a timeshare plan containing timeshare licenses or personal 15 property timeshare interests exists at the end of the term of 16 the timeshare plan, such reserves shall be refunded to 18 purchasers on a pro rata basis.

(d)1. Maintenance of all books and records concerning the timeshare plan so that all such books and records are reasonably available for inspection by any purchaser or the authorized agent of such purchaser. For purposes of this subparagraph, the books and records of the timeshare plan shall be considered "reasonably available" if copies of the requested portions are delivered to the purchaser or the purchaser's agent within 7 days after of the date the managing entity receives a written request for the records signed by the purchaser. The managing entity may charge the purchaser a reasonable fee for copying the requested information not to exceed 25 cents per page. However, any purchaser or agent of such purchaser shall be permitted to personally inspect and

2.4

2.8

examine the books and records wherever located at any reasonable time, under reasonable conditions, and under the supervision of the custodian of those records. The custodian shall supply copies of the records where requested and upon payment of the copying fee. No fees other than those set forth in this section may be charged for the providing of, inspection, or examination of books and records. All books and financial records of the timeshare plan must be maintained in accordance with generally accepted accounting practices.

- 2. If the books and records of the timeshare plan are not maintained on the premises of the accommodations and facilities of the timeshare plan, the managing entity shall inform the division in writing of the location of the books and records and the name and address of the person who acts as custodian of the books and records at that location. In the event that the location of the books and records changes, the managing entity shall notify the division of the change in location and the name and address of the new custodian within 30 days after of the date the books and records are moved. The purchasers shall be notified of the location of the books and records and the name and address of the custodian in the copy of the annual budget provided to them pursuant to paragraph (c).
- 3. The division is authorized to adopt rules which specify those items and matters that shall be included in the books and records of the timeshare plan and which specify procedures to be followed in requesting and delivering copies of the books and records.
- 4. Notwithstanding any provision of chapter 718 or chapter 719 to the contrary, the managing entity may not furnish the name, address, or electronic mail address of any

4

5

7

8

9

10

11 12

13

14

15

16

18

19

2021

22

23

2.4

2526

27

2.8

29

30

purchaser to any other purchaser or authorized agent thereof unless the purchaser whose name, and address, or electronic mail address is are requested first approves the disclosure in writing.

- (e) Arranging for an annual audit of the financial statements of the timeshare plan by a certified public accountant licensed by the Board of Accountancy of the Department of Business and Professional Regulation, in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards as defined by the rules of the Board of Accountancy of the Department of Business and Professional Regulation. The financial statements required by this section must be prepared on an accrual basis using fund accounting, and must be presented in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A copy of the audited financial statements must be filed with the division for review and forwarded to the board of directors and officers of the owners' association, if one exists, no later than 5 calendar months after the end of the timeshare plan's fiscal year. If no owners' association exists, each purchaser must be notified, no later than 5 months after the end of the timeshare plan's fiscal year, that a copy of the audited financial statements is available upon request to the managing entity. Notwithstanding any requirement of s. 718.111(13) or s. 719.104(4), the audited financial statements required by this section are the only annual financial reporting requirements for timeshare condominiums or timeshare cooperatives.
- (4) The managing entity shall maintain among its records and provide to the division upon request a complete list of the names and addresses of all purchasers and owners of timeshare units in the timeshare plan. The managing entity

shall update this list no less frequently than quarterly. Pursuant to paragraph (3)(d), the managing entity may not publish this owner's list or provide a copy of it to any 3 purchaser or to any third party other than the division. 5 However, the managing entity shall to those persons listed on the owner's list materials provided by any purchaser, upon the written request of that purchaser, if the purpose of the 8 mailing is to advance legitimate owners' association business, such as a proxy solicitation for any purpose, including the 9 recall of one or more board members elected by the owners or 10 the discharge of the manager or management firm. The use of 11 12 any proxies solicited in this manner must comply with the 13 provisions of the timeshare instrument and this chapter. A mailing requested for the purpose of advancing legitimate 14 owners' association business shall occur within 30 days after 15 receipt of a request from a purchaser. The board of 16 administration of the owners' association shall be responsible 18 for determining the appropriateness of any mailing requested pursuant to this subsection. The purchaser who requests the 19 mailing must reimburse the owners' association in advance for 20 21 the owners' association's actual costs in performing the 22 mailing. It shall be a violation of this chapter and, if 23 applicable, of part VIII of chapter 468, for the board of administration or the manager or management firm to refuse to 2.4 mail any material requested by the purchaser to be mailed, 25 provided the sole purpose of the materials is to advance 26 27 legitimate owners' association business. If the purpose of the mailing is a proxy solicitation to recall one or more board 29 members elected by the owners or to discharge the manager or management firm and the managing entity does not mail the 30 materials within 30 days after receipt of a request from a

purchaser, the circuit court in the county where the timeshare plan is located may, upon application from the requesting purchaser, summarily order the mailing of the materials solely related to the recall of one or more board members elected by the owners or the discharge of the manager or management firm. The court shall dispose of an application on an expedited basis. In the event of such an order, the court may order the managing entity to pay the purchaser's costs, including attorney's fees reasonably incurred to enforce the purchaser's rights, unless the managing entity can prove it refused the mailing in good faith because of a reasonable basis for doubt about the legitimacy of the mailing.

(6)

3

5

7

8

9

10

11 12

13

14

15

1617

18

19

2021

22

23

2.4

25

2627

2.8

29

30

(g) A managing entity shall have breached its fiduciary duty described in subsection (2) in the event it enforces the denial of use pursuant to paragraph (b) against any one purchaser or group of purchasers without similarly enforcing it against all purchasers, including all developers and owners of the underlying fee or underlying personal property; however, a managing entity shall not be required to solicit rentals pursuant to paragraph (f) for every delinquent purchaser. A managing entity shall also have breached its fiduciary duty in the event an error in the books and records of the timeshare plan results in a denial of use pursuant to this subsection of any purchaser who is not, in fact, delinquent. In addition to any remedies otherwise available to purchasers of the timeshare plan arising from such breaches of fiduciary duty, such breach shall also constitute a violation of this chapter. In addition, any purchaser receiving a notice of delinquency pursuant to paragraph (b), or any third party claiming under such purchaser pursuant to paragraph (b), may

3

4

5

7

8

9

11 12

13

14

15

1617

18

19

2021

22

23

2.4

25

2627

2.8

29

30

31

immediately bring an action for injunctive or declaratory relief against the managing entity seeking to have the notice invalidated on the grounds that the purchaser is not, in fact, delinquent, that the managing entity failed to follow the procedures prescribed by this section, or on any other available grounds. The prevailing party in any such action shall be entitled to recover his or her reasonable attorney's fees from the losing party.

(8) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in s. 718.110, s. 718.113, s. 718.114, or s. 719.1055, the board of administration of any owners' association that operates a timeshare condominium pursuant to s. 718.111, or a timeshare cooperative pursuant to s. 719.104, shall have the power to make material alterations or substantial additions to the accommodations or facilities of such timeshare condominium or timeshare cooperative without the approval of the owners' association. However, if the timeshare condominium or timeshare cooperative contains any residential units that are not subject to the timeshare plan, such action by the board of administration must be approved by a majority of the owners of such residential units. Unless otherwise provided in the timeshare instrument as originally recorded, no such amendment may change the configuration or size of any accommodation in any material fashion, or change the proportion or percentage by which a member of the owners' association shares the common expenses, unless the record owners of the affected units or timeshare interests and all record owners of liens on the affected units or timeshare interests join in the execution of the amendment.

(9) All notices or other information sent by a board of administration of an owners' association may be delivered

to a purchaser by electronic mail, provided that the purchaser first consents electronically to the use of electronic mail 2 for notice purposes in a manner that reasonably demonstrates 3 4 that the purchaser has the ability to access the notice by electronic mail. The consent to receive notice by electronic 5 6 mail is effective until revoked by the purchaser. Proxies or 7 written consents on votes of any owners' association may be received by electronic mail, shall have legal effect, and may 8 be utilized for votes of an owners' association, provided that 9 the electronic signature is authenticated through use of a 10 password, cryptography software, or other reasonable means and 11 12 that proof of such authentication is made available to the 13 board of directors. (10)(9) Any failure of the managing entity to 14 faithfully discharge the fiduciary duty to purchasers imposed 15 16 by this section or to otherwise comply with the provisions of this section shall be a violation of this chapter and of part 18 VIII of chapter 468. (11) Notwithstanding the other provisions of this 19 section, personal property timeshare plans are only subject to 20 21 the provisions of subsections (1)(a)-(d), (2)(a), (3)(a)-(h), 2.2 (5), (6), (9), and (10). 23 Section 13. Subsection (4) is added to section 721.14, 2.4 Florida Statutes, to read: 25 721.14 Discharge of managing entity.--(4) This section shall not apply to personal property 26 timeshare plans. 27 2.8 Section 14. Paragraph (c) of subsection (2) of section 721.15, Florida Statutes, is amended, and subsection (10) is 29 added to that section, to read: 30 721.15 Assessments for common expenses.--31

31

1	(2)
2	(c) For the purpose of calculating the obligation of a
3	developer under a guarantee pursuant to paragraph (b),
4	depreciation expenses related to real property shall be
5	excluded from common expenses incurred during the guarantee
6	period, except that for real property that is used for the
7	production of fees, revenues, or other income, depreciation
8	expenses shall be excluded only to the extent that they exceed
9	the net income from the production of such fees, revenues, or
10	other income.
11	(10) This section shall not apply to personal property
12	timeshare plans.
13	Section 15. Subsection (6) is added to section 721.16,
14	Florida Statutes, to read:
15	721.16 Liens for overdue assessments; liens for labor
16	performed on, or materials furnished to, a timeshare unit
17	(6) This section shall not apply to personal property
18	timeshare plans.
19	Section 16. Section 721.17, Florida Statutes, is
20	amended to read:
21	721.17 Transfer of interestExcept in the case of a
22	timeshare plan subject to the provisions of chapter 718 or
23	chapter 719, no developer <u>, or</u> owner of the underlying fee <u>, or</u>
24	owner of the underlying personal property shall sell, lease,
25	assign, mortgage, or otherwise transfer his or her interest in
26	the accommodations and facilities of the timeshare plan except
27	by an instrument evidencing the transfer recorded in the
28	public records of the county in which such accommodations and
29	facilities are located or, with respect to personal property

timeshare plans, in full compliance with s. 721.08. The

2.8

instrument shall be executed by both the transferor and transferee and shall state:

- (1) That its provisions are intended to protect the rights of all purchasers of the plan.
- (2) That its terms may be enforced by any prior or subsequent timeshare purchaser so long as that purchaser is not in default of his or her obligations.
- standing with respect to her or his obligations under the timeshare instrument, including making all payments to the managing entity required by the timeshare instrument with respect to the annual common expenses of the timeshare plan, the transferee shall will fully honor all the rights of such purchaser relating to the subject accommodation or facility as reflected the purchasers to occupy and use the accommodations and facilities as provided in their original contracts and the timeshare instrument instruments.
- (4) That the transferee will fully honor all rights of timeshare purchasers to cancel their contracts and receive appropriate refunds.
- (5) That the obligations of the transferee under such instrument will continue to exist despite any cancellation or rejection of the contracts between the developer and purchaser arising out of bankruptcy proceedings.

Should any transfer of the interest of the developer, the or owner of the underlying fee, or the owner of the underlying property occur in a manner which is not in compliance with this section, the terms set forth in this section shall be presumed to be a part of the transfer and shall be deemed to

be included in the instrument of transfer. Notice shall be

3

4

5

7

8

9 10

11 12

13

14

15

1617

18

19

2021

22

23

2.4

2526

27

29

30

mailed to each purchaser of record within 30 days <u>after</u> of the transfer unless such transfer does not affect the purchaser's rights in or use of the timeshare plan. Persons who hold mortgages <u>or liens</u> on the property constituting a timeshare plan before the <u>filed registered</u> public offering statement of such plan is approved by the division shall not be considered transferees for the purposes of this section.

Section 17. Section 721.18, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

721.18 Exchange programs; filing of information and other materials; filing fees; unlawful acts in connection with an exchange program.--

- (1) If a purchaser is offered the opportunity to subscribe to an exchange program, the seller shall deliver to the purchaser, together with the purchaser public offering statement, and prior to the offering or execution of any contract between the purchaser and the company offering the exchange program, written information regarding such exchange program; or, if the exchange company is dealing directly with the purchaser, the exchange company shall deliver to the purchaser, prior to the initial offering or execution of any contract between the purchaser and the company offering the exchange program, written information regarding such exchange program. In either case, the purchaser shall certify in writing to the receipt of such information. Such information shall include, but is not limited to, the following information, the form and substance of which shall first be approved by the division in accordance with subsection (2):
 - (a) The name and address of the exchange company.
- (b) The names of all officers, directors, and shareholders of the exchange company.

2.4

- (c) Whether the exchange company or any of its officers or directors has any legal or beneficial interest in any developer, seller, or managing entity for any timeshare plan participating in the exchange program and, if so, the name and location of the timeshare plan and the nature of the interest.
- (d) Unless otherwise stated, a statement that the purchaser's contract with the exchange company is a contract separate and distinct from the purchaser's contract with the seller of the timeshare plan.
- (e) Whether the purchaser's participation in the exchange program is dependent upon the continued affiliation of the timeshare plan with the exchange program.
- (f) A statement that Whether the purchaser's participation in the exchange program is voluntary. This statement is not required to be given by the seller or managing entity of a multisite timeshare plan to purchasers in the multisite timeshare plan.
- (g) A complete and accurate description of the terms and conditions of the purchaser's contractual relationship with the exchange program and the procedure by which changes thereto may be made.
- (h) A complete and accurate description of the procedure to qualify for and effectuate exchanges.
- (i) A complete and accurate description of all limitations, restrictions, or priorities employed in the operation of the exchange program, including, but not limited to, limitations on exchanges based on seasonality, timeshare unit size, or levels of occupancy, expressed in boldfaced type, and, in the event that such limitations, restrictions, or priorities are not uniformly applied by the exchange

3

4

5

7

8

9

10

11 12

13

14

15

16 17

18 19

2021

22

23

2.4

2.5

2627

2.8

2930

program, a clear description of the manner in which they are applied.

- (j) Whether exchanges are arranged on a space-available basis and whether any guarantees of fulfillment of specific requests for exchanges are made by the exchange program.
- (k) Whether and under what circumstances a purchaser, in dealing with the exchange program, may lose the use and occupancy of her or his timeshare period in any properly applied for exchange without her or his being provided with substitute accommodations by the exchange program.
- (1) The fees or range of fees for <u>membership or</u> participation by purchasers in the exchange program by purchasers, including any conversion or other fees payable to third parties, a statement whether any such fees may be altered by the exchange company, and the circumstances under which alterations may be made.
- (m) The name and address of the site of each accommodation or facility included in the timeshare plan plans participating in the exchange program.
- (n) The number of the timeshare units in each timeshare plan which are available for occupancy and which qualify for participation in the exchange program, expressed within the following numerical groupings: 1-5; 6-10; 11-20; 21-50; and 51 and over.
- (o) The number of currently enrolled purchasers for each timeshare plan participating in the exchange program, expressed within the following numerical groupings: 1-100; 101-249; 250-499; 500-999; and 1,000 and over; and a statement of the criteria used to determine those purchasers who are currently enrolled with the exchange program.

2.4

- (p) The disposition made by the exchange company of timeshare periods deposited with the exchange program by purchasers enrolled in the exchange program and not used by the exchange company in effecting exchanges.
- (q) The following information, which shall be independently audited by a certified public accountant or accounting firm in accordance with the standards of the Accounting Standards Board of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and reported annually beginning no later than July 1, 1982:
- 1. The number of purchasers currently enrolled in the exchange program.
- 2. The number of accommodations and facilities that have current <u>written</u> affiliation agreements with the exchange program.
- 3. The percentage of confirmed exchanges, which is the number of exchanges confirmed by the exchange program divided by the number of exchanges properly applied for, together with a complete and accurate statement of the criteria used to determine whether an exchange request was properly applied for.
- 4. The number of timeshare periods for which the exchange program has an outstanding obligation to provide an exchange to a purchaser who relinquished a timeshare period during the year in exchange for a timeshare period in any future year.
- 5. The number of exchanges confirmed by the exchange program during the year.
- 29 (r) A statement in boldfaced type to the effect that
 30 the percentage described in subparagraph (q)3. is a summary of
 31 the exchange requests entered with the exchange program in the

3

4

5 6

7

8

9

10

11 12

13

14

15

16 17

18

19

2021

22

23

2.4

25

2627

2.8

2930

31

period reported and that the percentage does not indicate the probabilities of a purchaser's being confirmed to any specific choice or range of choices.

(2) Each exchange company offering an exchange program to purchasers in this state shall file with the division for <u>review</u> the information specified in subsection (1), together with any membership agreement and application between the purchaser and the exchange company, and the audit specified in subsection (1) on or before June 1 of each year. However, an exchange company shall make its initial filing at least 20 days prior to offering an exchange program to any purchaser in this state. Each filing shall be accompanied by an annual filing fee of \$500. Within 20 days after of receipt of such filing, the division shall determine whether the filing is adequate to meet the requirements of this section and shall notify the exchange company in writing that the division has either approved the filing or found specified deficiencies in the filing. If the division fails to respond within 20 days, the filing shall be deemed approved. The exchange company may correct the deficiencies; and, within 10 days after receipt of corrections from the exchange company, the division shall notify the exchange company in writing that the division has either approved the filing or found additional specified deficiencies in the filing. If the exchange company fails to adequately respond to any deficiency notice within 10 days, the division may reject the filing. Subsequent to such rejection, a new filing fee and a new division initial review period pursuant to this subsection shall apply to any refiling or further review of the rejected filing. (a) Any material change to an approved exchange

17

18

19

20 21

22

23 24

25

26

27

28

29

1	as an amendment prior to becoming effective. Each amendment
2	filing shall be accompanied by a filing fee of \$100. The
3	exchange company may correct the deficiencies; and, within 10
4	days after receipt of corrections from the exchange company,
5	the division shall notify the exchange company in writing that
6	the division has either approved the filing or found
7	additional specified deficiencies in the filing. Each approved
8	amendment to the approved exchange company filing, other than
9	an amendment that does not materially alter or modify the
10	exchange program in a manner that is adverse to a purchaser,
11	as determined by the exchange company in its reasonable
12	discretion, shall be delivered to each purchaser who has not
13	closed. An approved exchange program filing is required to be
14	updated with respect to added or deleted resorts only once
15	each year, and such annual update shall not be deemed to be a
16	material change to the filing.

- (b) If at any time the division determines that any of such information supplied by an exchange company fails to meet the requirements of this section, the division may undertake enforcement action against the exchange company in accordance with the provision of s. 721.26.
- (3) No developer shall have any liability with respect to any violation of this chapter arising out of the publication by the developer of information provided to it by an exchange company pursuant to this section. No exchange company shall have any liability with respect to any violation of this chapter arising out of the use by a developer of information relating to an exchange program other than that provided to the developer by the exchange company.
- (4) At the request of the exchange company, the division shall review any audio, written, or visual

publications or materials relating to an exchange company or 2 an exchange program shall be filed for review by the exchange company and shall notify the exchange company of any 3 4 deficiencies within 10 with the division within 3 days after the filing of their use. If the exchange company corrects the 5 6 deficiencies, or if there are no deficiencies, the division 7 shall notify the exchange company of its approval of the advertising materials. If the exchange company fails to 8 adequately respond to any deficiency notice within 10 days, 9 10 the division may reject the advertising materials. Subsequent to such rejection, a new division initial review period 11 12 pursuant to this subsection shall apply to any refiling or 13 further review.

(5) The failure of an exchange company to observe the requirements of this section, or the use of any unfair or deceptive act or practice in connection with the operation of an exchange program, is a violation of this chapter.

Section 18. Section 721.19, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

721.19 Provisions requiring purchase or lease of timeshare property by owners' association or purchasers; validity.—In any timeshare plan in which timeshare estates or personal property timeshare interests are sold, no grant or reservation made by a declaration, lease, or other document, nor any contract made by the developer, managing entity, or owners' association, which requires the owners' association or purchasers to purchase or lease any portion of the timeshare property shall be valid unless approved by a majority of the purchasers other than the developer, after more than 50 percent of the timeshare periods have been sold.

14

15

1617

18

19

2021

22

23

2.4

2526

27

2.8

2.2

2.4

2.8

Section 19. Section 721.20, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

721.20 Licensing requirements; suspension or revocation of license; exceptions to applicability; collection of advance fees for listings unlawful.--

- (1) Any seller of a timeshare plan must be a licensed real estate broker, broker associate, or sales associate as defined in s. 475.01, except as provided in s. 475.011.
- (2) Solicitors who engage only in the solicitation of prospective purchasers and any purchaser who refers no more than 20 people to a developer per year or who otherwise provides testimonials on behalf of a developer are exempt from the provisions of chapter 475.
- (3) A solicitor who has violated the provisions of chapter 468, chapter 718, chapter 719, this chapter, or the rules of the division governing timesharing shall be subject to the provisions of s. 721.26. Any developer or other person who supervises, directs, or engages the services of a solicitor shall be liable for any violation of the provisions of chapter 468, chapter 718, chapter 719, this chapter, or the rules of the division governing timesharing committed by such solicitor.
- (4) County and municipal governments shall have the authority to adopt codes of conduct and regulations to govern solicitor activity conducted on public property, including providing for the imposition of penalties prescribed by a schedule of fines adopted by ordinance for violations of any such code of conduct or regulation. Any violation of any such adopted code of conduct or regulation shall not constitute a separate violation of this chapter. This subsection is not

3

4

5

8

9

10

11 12

13

14

15

16 17

20

21

22

23

2425

intended to restrict or invalidate any local code of conduct or regulation.

- (5) This section does not apply to those individuals who offer for sale only timeshare interests in timeshare property located outside this state and who do not engage in any sales activity within this state or to timeshare plans which are registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission. For the purposes of this section, both timeshare licenses and timeshare estates are considered to be interests in real property.
- (6) Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 475.452, it is unlawful for any real estate broker, broker associate, or sales associate to collect any advance fee for the listing of any timeshare estate or timeshare license.
- (7) It is unlawful for any broker, salesperson, or broker-salesperson to collect any advance fee for the listing of a personal property timeshare interest.
- 18 (8) Subsections (1), (2), and (3) do not apply to
 19 persons who offer personal property timeshare plans.
 - Section 20. Subsection (6) is added to section 721.24, Florida Statutes, to read:
 - 721.24 Firesafety.--
 - (6) Accommodations and facilities of personal property timeshare plans shall be exempt from the requirements of this section.
- Section 21. Paragraphs (a), (d), and (e) of subsection (5) of section 721.26, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
- 721.26 Regulation by division.—The division has the power to enforce and ensure compliance with the provisions of this chapter, except for parts III and IV, using the powers provided in this chapter, as well as the powers prescribed in

2.4

chapters 498, 718, and 719. In performing its duties, the division shall have the following powers and duties:

- (5) Notwithstanding any remedies available to purchasers, if the division has reasonable cause to believe that a violation of this chapter, or of any division rule or order promulgated or issued pursuant to this chapter, has occurred, the division may institute enforcement proceedings in its own name against any regulated party, as such term is defined in this subsection:
- (a)1. "Regulated party," for purposes of this section, means any developer, exchange company, seller, managing entity, <u>owners'</u> association, <u>owners'</u> association director, <u>owners'</u> association officer, manager, management firm, escrow agent, trustee, any respective assignees or agents, or any other person having duties or obligations pursuant to this chapter.
- 2. Any person who materially participates in any offer or disposition of any interest in, or the management or operation of, a timeshare plan in violation of this chapter or relevant rules involving fraud, deception, false pretenses, misrepresentation, or false advertising or the disbursement, concealment, or diversion of any funds or assets, which conduct adversely affects the interests of a purchaser, and which person directly or indirectly controls a regulated party or is a general partner, officer, director, agent, or employee of such regulated party, shall be jointly and severally liable under this subsection with such regulated party, unless such person did not know, and in the exercise of reasonable care could not have known, of the existence of the facts giving rise to the violation of this chapter. A right of contribution

shall exist among jointly and severally liable persons pursuant to this paragraph.

- (d)1. The division may bring an action in circuit court for declaratory or injunctive relief or for other appropriate relief, including restitution.
- 2. The division shall have broad authority and discretion to petition the circuit court to appoint a receiver with respect to any managing entity which fails to perform its duties and obligations under this chapter with respect to the operation of a timeshare plan. The circumstances giving rise to an appropriate petition for receivership under this subparagraph include, but are not limited to:
- a. Damage to or destruction of any of the accommodations or facilities of a timeshare plan, where the managing entity has failed to repair or reconstruct same.
- b. A breach of fiduciary duty by the managing entity, including, but not limited to, undisclosed self-dealing or failure to timely assess, collect, or disburse the common expenses of the timeshare plan.
- c. Failure of the managing entity to operate the timeshare plan in accordance with the timeshare instrument and this chapter.

If, under the circumstances, it appears that the events giving rise to the petition for receivership cannot be reasonably and timely corrected in a cost-effective manner consistent with the timeshare instrument, the receiver may petition the circuit court to implement such amendments or revisions to the timeshare instrument as may be necessary to enable the managing entity to resume effective operation of the timeshare

plan, or to enter an order terminating the timeshare plan, or

2.2

2.4

2.8

to enter such further orders regarding the disposition of the timeshare property as the court deems appropriate, including the disposition and sale of the timeshare property held by the owners association or the purchasers. In the event of a receiver's sale, all rights, title, and interest held by the owners association or any purchaser shall be extinguished and title shall vest in the buyer. This provision applies to timeshare estates, personal property timeshare interests, and timeshare licenses. All reasonable costs and fees of the receiver relating to the receivership shall become common expenses of the timeshare plan upon order of the court.

- 3. The division may revoke its approval of any filing for any timeshare plan for which a petition for receivership has been filed pursuant to this paragraph.
- (e)1. The division may impose a penalty against any regulated party for a violation of this chapter or any rule adopted thereunder. A penalty may be imposed on the basis of each day of continuing violation, but in no event may the penalty for any offense exceed \$10,000. All accounts collected shall be deposited with the Chief Financial Officer to the credit of the Division of Florida Land Sales, Condominiums, and Mobile Homes Trust Fund.
- 2.a. If a regulated party fails to pay a penalty, the division shall thereupon issue an order directing that such regulated party cease and desist from further operation until such time as the penalty is paid; or the division may pursue enforcement of the penalty in a court of competent jurisdiction.
- b. If an <u>owners'</u> association or managing entity fails to pay a civil penalty, the division may pursue enforcement in a court of competent jurisdiction.

2.4

Section 22. Section 721.52, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

 $721.52\,$ Definitions.--As used in this chapter, the term:

- (1) "Applicable law" means the law of the jurisdiction where the accommodations and facilities referred to are located.
- (2) "Component site" means a specific geographic site where a portion of the accommodations and facilities of the multisite timeshare plan are located. If permitted under applicable law, separate phases operated as a single development located at a specific geographic site under common management shall be deemed a single component site for purposes of this part.
- (3) "Inventory" means the accommodations and facilities located at a particular component site or sites owned, leased, licensed, or otherwise acquired for use by a developer and offered as part of the multisite timeshare plan.
- (4) "Multisite timeshare plan" means any method, arrangement, or procedure with respect to which a purchaser obtains, by any means, a recurring right to use and occupy accommodations or facilities of more than one component site, only through use of a reservation system, whether or not the purchaser is able to elect to cease participating in the plan. However, the term "multisite timeshare plan" shall not include any method, arrangement, or procedure wherein:
- (a) The contractually specified maximum total financial obligation on the purchaser's part is \$3,000 or less, during the entire term of the plan; or
- 30 (b) The term is for a period of 3 years or less,
 31 regardless of the purchaser's contractually specified maximum

total financial obligation, if any. For purposes of determining the term of such use and occupancy rights, the 3 period of any optional renewals which a purchaser, in his or her sole discretion, may elect to exercise, whether or not for 4 5 additional consideration, shall not be included. For purposes 6 of determining the term of such use and occupancy rights, the 7 period of any automatic renewals shall be included unless a 8 purchaser has the right to terminate the membership at any time and receive a pro rata refund or the purchaser receives a 9 notice no less than 30 days and no more than 60 days prior to 10 the date of renewal informing the purchaser of the right to 11 12 terminate at any time prior to the date of automatic renewal. 13 Multisite timeshare plan does not mean an exchange program as 14 15 defined in s. 721.05. Timeshare estates may only be offered in 16 a multisite timeshare plan pursuant to s. 721.57. 17 (5) "Nonspecific multisite timeshare plan" means a 18 multisite timeshare plan containing timeshare licenses or personal property timeshare interests, with respect to which a 19 purchaser receives a right to use all of the accommodations 20 21 and facilities, if any, of the multisite timeshare plan 22 through the reservation system, but no specific right to use 23 any particular accommodations and facilities for the remaining term of the multisite timeshare plan in the event that the 2.4 reservation system is terminated for any reason prior to the 2.5 26 expiration of the term of the multisite timeshare plan. 27 (6)(5) "Reservation system" means the method, 2.8 arrangement, or procedure by which a purchaser, in order to 29 reserve the use and occupancy of any accommodation or facility of the multisite timeshare plan for one or more use periods, 30

is required to compete with other purchasers in the same

2.4

2.8

multisite timeshare plan regardless of whether such reservation system is operated and maintained by the multisite timeshare plan managing entity, an exchange company, or any other person. In the event that a purchaser is required to use an exchange program as the purchaser's principal means of obtaining the right to use and occupy a multisite timeshare plan's accommodations and facilities, such arrangement shall be deemed a reservation system. When an exchange company utilizes a mechanism for the exchange of use of timeshare periods among members of an exchange program, such utilization is not a reservation system of a multisite timeshare plan.

(7) "Specific multisite timeshare plan" means a multisite timeshare plan containing timeshare licenses or

multisite timeshare plan containing timeshare licenses or personal property timeshare interests, with respect to which a purchaser receives a specific right to use accommodations and facilities, if any, at one component site of a multisite timeshare plan, together with use rights in the other accommodations and facilities of the multisite timeshare plan created by or acquired through the reservation system.

 $\underline{\text{(8)}(6)}$ "Vacation club" means a multisite timeshare plan.

Section 23. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 721.53, Florida Statutes, is amended, and paragraph (f) is added to that subsection, to read:

721.53 Subordination instruments; alternate security arrangements.--

(1) With respect to each accommodation or facility of a multisite timeshare plan, the developer shall provide the division with satisfactory evidence that one of the following has occurred with respect to each interestholder prior to

4 5

6

7

8

9

12

13

14

15 16

17

18

30

31

disclosures:

offering the accommodation or facility as a part of the multisite timeshare plan:

- (a) The interestholder has executed and recorded a nondisturbance and notice to creditors instrument pursuant to s. $721.08\frac{(2)(c)}{}$.
- (f) With respect to any personal property accommodations or facilities, the developer and any other interestholder have complied fully with the applicable provisions of s. 721.08.
- Section 24. Section 721.54, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 721.54 Term of nonspecific multisite timeshare plans.—It shall be a violation of this part to represent to a purchaser of a nonspecific multisite timeshare plan as defined in s. 721.52(5) 721.552(4) that the term of the plan for that purchaser is longer than the shortest term of availability of any of the accommodations included within the plan at the time of purchase.
- 19 Section 25. Section 721.55, Florida Statutes, is 20 amended to read:
- 21 721.55 Multisite timeshare plan public offering 22 statement. -- Each filed registered public offering statement 23 for a multisite timeshare plan shall contain the information required by this section and shall comply with the provisions 2.4 of s. 721.07, except as otherwise provided therein. The 25 26 division is authorized to provide by rule the method by which 27 a developer must provide such information to the division. 2.8 Each multisite timeshare plan filed registered public offering statement shall contain the following information and 29
 - (1) A cover page containing:

- (a) The name of the multisite timeshare plan.
 - (b) The following statement in conspicuous type:

This public offering statement contains important matters to be considered in acquiring an interest in a multisite timeshare plan (or multisite vacation ownership plan or multisite vacation plan or vacation club). The statements contained herein are only summary in nature. A prospective purchaser should refer to all references, accompanying exhibits, contract documents, and sales materials. The prospective purchaser should not rely upon oral representations as being correct and should refer to this document and accompanying exhibits for correct representations.

2.4

- (2) A summary containing all statements required to be in conspicuous type in the public offering statement and in all exhibits thereto.
- (3) A separate index for the contents and exhibits of the public offering statement.
- (4) A text, which shall include, where applicable, the information and disclosures set forth in paragraphs (a)-(1).
- (a) A description of the multisite timeshare plan, including its term, legal structure, and form of ownership. For multisite timeshare plans in which the purchaser will receive a timeshare estate pursuant to s. 721.57 and for or a specific multisite timeshare plans license as defined in s. 721.552(4), the description must also include the term of each component site within the multisite timeshare plan.
- (b) A description of the structure and ownership of the reservation system together with a disclosure of the

3

4

5

8

9 10

11 12

13

14

15

16

18

19

2021

23

2.4

25

2627

2.8

29

entity responsible for the operation of the reservation system. The description shall include the financial terms of any lease of the reservation system, if applicable. The developer shall not be required to disclose the financial terms of any such lease if such lease is prepaid in full for the term of the multisite timeshare plan or to any extent that neither purchasers nor the managing entity will be required to make payments for the continued use of the system following default by the developer or termination of the managing entity.

- (c)1. A description of the manner in which the reservation system operates. The description shall include a disclosure in compliance with the demand balancing standard set forth in s. 721.56(6) and shall describe the developer's efforts to comply with same in creating the reservation system. The description shall also include a summary of the rules and regulations governing access to and use of the reservation system.
- 2. In lieu of describing the rules and regulations of the reservation system in the public offering statement text, the developer may attach the rules and regulations as a separate public offering statement exhibit, together with a cross-reference in the public offering statement text to such exhibit.
- (d) The existence of and an explanation regarding any priority reservation features that affect a purchaser's ability to make reservations for the use of a given accommodation or facility on a first come, first served basis, including, if applicable, the following statement in conspicuous type:

Component sites contained in the multisite timeshare plan (or multisite vacation ownership plan or multisite vacation plan or vacation club) are subject to priority reservation features which may affect your ability to obtain a reservation.

2.4

2.8

- (e) A summary of the material rules and regulations, if any, other than the reservation system rules and regulations, affecting the purchaser's use of each accommodation and facility at each component site.
- (f) If the provisions of s. 721.552 and the timeshare instrument permit additions, substitutions, or deletions of accommodations or facilities, the public offering statement must include substantially the following information:
 - 1. Additions.--
- a. A description of the basis upon which new accommodations and facilities may be added to the multisite timeshare plan; by whom additions may be made; and the anticipated effect of the addition of new accommodations and facilities upon the reservation system, its priorities, its rules and regulations, and the availability of existing accommodations and facilities.
- b. The developer must disclose the existence of any cap on annual increases in common expenses of the multisite timeshare plan that would apply in the event that additional accommodations and facilities are made a part of the plan.
- c. The developer shall also disclose any extent to which the purchasers of the multisite timeshare plan will have the right to consent to any proposed additions; if the purchasers do not have the right to consent, the developer must include the following disclosure in conspicuous type:

Accommodations and facilities may be added to this multisite timeshare plan (or multisite vacation ownership plan or multisite vacation plan or vacation club) without the consent of the purchasers. The addition of accommodations and facilities to the plan may result in the addition of new purchasers who will compete with existing purchasers in making reservations for the use of available accommodations and facilities within the plan, and may also result in an increase in the annual assessment against purchasers for common expenses.

2.4

2. Substitutions.--

- a. A description of the basis upon which new accommodations and facilities may be substituted for existing accommodations and facilities of the multisite timeshare plan; by whom substitutions may be made; the basis upon which the determination may be made to cause such substitutions to occur; and any limitations upon the ability to cause substitutions to occur.
- b. The developer shall also disclose any extent to which purchasers will have the right to consent to any proposed substitutions; if the purchasers do not have the right to consent, the developer must include the following disclosure in conspicuous type:

2.8

New accommodations and facilities may be substituted for existing accommodations and facilities of this multisite timeshare plan (or multisite vacation ownership plan or multisite vacation plan or vacation club) without the consent of the purchasers. The replacement accommodations and

facilities may be located at a different place or may be of a different type or quality than the replaced accommodations and facilities. The substitution of accommodations and facilities may also result in an increase in the annual assessment against purchasers for common expenses.

2.4

- 3. Deletions.—A description of any provision of the timeshare instrument governing deletion of accommodations or facilities from the multisite timeshare plan. If the timeshare instrument does not provide for business interruption insurance in the event of a casualty, or if it is unavailable, or if the instrument permits the developer, the managing entity, or the purchasers to elect not to reconstruct after casualty under certain circumstances or to secure replacement accommodations or facilities in lieu of reconstruction, the public offering statement must contain a disclosure that during the reconstruction, replacement, or acquisition period, or as a result of a decision not to reconstruct, purchasers of the plan may temporarily compete for available accommodations on a greater than one-to-one purchaser to accommodation ratio.
- (g) A description of the developer and the managing entity of the multisite timeshare plan, including:
- 1. The identity of the developer; the developer's business address; the number of years of experience the developer has in the timeshare, hotel, motel, travel, resort, or leisure industries; and a description of any pending lawsuit or judgment against the developer which is material to the plan. If there are no such pending lawsuits or judgments, there shall be a statement to that effect.
- 2. The identity of the managing entity of the multisite timeshare plan; the managing entity's business

2.8

address; the number of years of experience the managing entity has in the timeshare, hotel, motel, travel, resort, or leisure industries; and a description of any lawsuit or judgment against the managing entity which is material to the plan. If there are no pending lawsuits or judgments, there shall be a statement to that effect. The description of the managing entity shall also include a description of the relationship among the managing entity of the multisite timeshare plan and the various component site managing entities.

- (h) A description of the purchaser's liability for common expenses of the multisite timeshare plan, including the following:
- 1. A description of the common expenses of the plan, including the method of allocation and assessment of such common expenses, whether component site common expenses and real estate taxes are included within the total common expense assessment of the multisite timeshare plan, and, if not, the manner in which timely payment of component site common expenses and real estate taxes shall be accomplished.
- 2. A description of any cap imposed upon the level of common expenses payable by the purchaser. In no event shall the total common expense assessment for the multisite timeshare plan in a given calendar year exceed 125 percent of the total common expense assessment for the plan in the previous calendar year.
- 3. A description of the entity responsible for the determination of the common expenses of the multisite timeshare plan, as well as any entity which may increase the level of common expenses assessed against the purchaser at the multisite timeshare plan level.

- 4. A description of the method used to collect common expenses, including the entity responsible for such collections, and the lien rights of any entity for nonpayment of common expenses. If the common expenses of any component site are collected by the managing entity of the multisite timeshare plan, a statement to that effect together with the identity and address of the escrow agent required by s. 721.56(3).
 - 5. If the purchaser will receive <u>an interest in</u> a nonspecific <u>multisite</u> timeshare <u>plan</u> license as defined in s. 721.552(4), a statement that a multisite timeshare plan budget is attached to the public offering statement as an exhibit pursuant to paragraph (7)(c). The multisite timeshare plan budget shall comply with the provisions of s. 721.07(5)(u).
 - 6. If the developer intends to guarantee the level of assessments for the multisite timeshare plan, such guarantee must be based upon a good faith estimate of the revenues and expenses of the multisite timeshare plan. The guarantee must include a description of the following:
 - a. The specific time period, measured in one or more calendar or fiscal years, during which the guarantee will be in effect.
 - b. A statement that the developer will pay all common expenses incurred in excess of the total revenues of the multisite timeshare plan, if the developer is to be excused from the payment of assessments during the guarantee period.
 - c. The level, expressed in total dollars, at which the developer guarantees the assessments. If the developer has reserved the right to extend or increase the guarantee level, a disclosure must be included to that effect.

2.4

2.8

1	7. If required under applicable law, the developer
2	shall also disclose the following matters for each component
3	site:
4	a. Any limitation upon annual increases in common
5	expenses;
6	b. The existence of any bad debt or working capital
7	reserve; and
8	c. The existence of any replacement or deferred
9	maintenance reserve.
10	(i) If there are any restrictions upon the sale,
11	transfer, conveyance, or leasing of an interest in a multisite
12	timeshare plan, a description of the restrictions together
13	with a statement in conspicuous type in substantially the
14	following form:
15	
16	The sale, lease, or transfer of interests in this
17	multisite timeshare plan is restricted or controlled.
18	
19	(j) The following statement in conspicuous type in
20	substantially the following form:
21	
22	The purchase of an interest in a multisite timeshare
23	plan (or multisite vacation ownership plan or multisite
24	vacation plan or vacation club) should be based upon its value
25	as a vacation experience or for spending leisure time, and not
26	considered for purposes of acquiring an appreciating
27	investment or with an expectation that the interest may be
28	resold.

30 (k) If the multisite timeshare plan provides31 purchasers with the opportunity to participate in an exchange

2.8

program, a description of the name and address of the exchange company and the method by which a purchaser accesses the exchange program. In lieu of this requirement, the public offering statement text may contain a cross-reference to other provisions in the public offering statement or in an exhibit containing this information.

- (1) A description of each component site, which description may be disclosed in a written, graphic, tabular, or other form approved by the division. The description of each component site shall include the following information:
 - 1. The name and address of each component site.
- 2. The number of accommodations, timeshare interests, and timeshare periods, expressed in periods of 7-day use availability, committed to the multisite timeshare plan and available for use by purchasers.
- 3. Each type of accommodation in terms of the number of bedrooms, bathrooms, sleeping capacity, and whether or not the accommodation contains a full kitchen. For purposes of this description, a full kitchen shall mean a kitchen having a minimum of a dishwasher, range, sink, oven, and refrigerator.
- 4. A description of facilities available for use by the purchaser at each component site, including the following:
- a. The intended use of the facility, if not apparent from the description.
- b. Any user fees associated with a purchaser's use of the facility.
- 5. A cross-reference to the location in the public offering statement of the description of any priority reservation features which may affect a purchaser's ability to obtain a reservation in the component site.

3

4

5

8

9 10

11 12

13

14 15

16

17

18

- (5) Such other information as the division determines is necessary to fairly, meaningfully, and effectively disclose all aspects of the multisite timeshare plan, including, but not limited to, any disclosures made necessary by the operation of s. 721.03(8). However, if a developer has, in good faith, attempted to comply with the requirements of this section, and if, in fact, the developer has substantially complied with the disclosure requirements of this chapter, nonmaterial errors or omissions shall not be actionable.
- (6) Any other information that the developer, with the approval of the division, desires to include in the public offering statement text.
- (7) The following documents shall be included as exhibits to the $\underline{\text{filed}}$ registered public offering statement, if applicable:
 - (a) The timeshare instrument.
 - (b) The reservation system rules and regulations.
- (c) The multisite timeshare plan budget pursuant to subparagraph (4)(h)5.
- 20 (d) Any document containing the material rules and regulations described in paragraph (4)(e).
- (e) Any contract, agreement, or other document through which component sites are affiliated with the multisite timeshare plan.
- 25 (f) Any escrow agreement required pursuant to s. 26 721.08 or s. 721.56(3).
- 27 (g) The form agreement for sale or lease of an 28 interest in the multisite timeshare plan.
- 29 (h) The form receipt for multisite timeshare plan 30 documents required to be given to the purchaser pursuant to s. 31 721.551(2)(b).

2.4

- (i) The description of documents list required to be given to the purchaser by s. 721.551(2)(b).
- (j) The component site managing entity affidavit or statement required by s. 721.56(1).
- $$(\ensuremath{\mathtt{k}})$$ Any subordination instrument required by s. 721.53.
- (1)1. If the multisite timeshare plan contains any component sites located in this state, the information required by s. 721.07(5) pertaining to each such component site unless exempt pursuant to s. 721.03.
- 2. If the purchaser will receive a timeshare estate pursuant to s. 721.57, or an interest in a specific multisite timeshare plan, license as defined in s. 721.552(4) in a component site located outside of this state but which is offered in this state, the information required by s. 721.07(5) pertaining to that component site, provided, however, that the provisions of s. 721.07(5)(u) shall only require disclosure of information related to the estimated budget for the timeshare plan and purchaser's expenses as required by the jurisdiction in which the component site is located.
- (8)(a) A timeshare plan containing only one component site must be filed with the division as a multisite timeshare plan if the timeshare instrument reserves the right for the developer to add future component sites. However, if the developer fails to add at least one additional component site to a timeshare plan described in this paragraph within 3 years after the date the plan is initially filed with the division, the multisite filing for such plan shall thereupon terminate, and the developer may not thereafter offer any further

interests in such plan unless and until he or she refiles such plan with the division pursuant to this chapter.

(b) The public offering statement for any timeshare plan described in paragraph (a) must include the following disclosure in conspicuous type:

2.4

2.8

This timeshare plan has been filed as a multisite timeshare plan (or multisite vacation ownership plan or multisite vacation plan or vacation club); however, this plan currently contains only one component site. The developer is not required to add any additional component sites to the plan. Do not purchase an interest in this plan in reliance upon the addition of any other component sites.

Section 26. Paragraphs (b), (c), and (f) of subsection (2) of section 721.551, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 721.551 Delivery of multisite timeshare plan purchaser

17 public offering statement.--

- $\hbox{(2)} \quad \hbox{The developer shall furnish each purchaser with } \\$
- (b) A receipt for multisite timeshare plan documents and a list describing any exhibit to the <u>filed registered</u> public offering statement which is not delivered to the purchaser. The division is authorized to prescribe by rule the form of the receipt for multisite timeshare plan documents and the description of exhibits list that must be furnished to the purchaser pursuant to this section.
- (c) If the purchaser will receive a timeshare estate pursuant to s. 721.57, or <u>an interest in</u> a specific <u>multisite</u> timeshare <u>plan</u>, <u>license as defined in s. 721.552(4)</u> in a component site located in this state, the developer shall also furnish the purchaser with the information required to be

2.4

2.8

delivered pursuant to s. 721.07(6)(a) and (b) for the component site in which the purchaser will receive an estate or interest in a specific multisite timeshare plan license.

(f) The developer shall be required to provide the managing entity of the multisite timeshare plan with a copy of the approved <u>filed</u> registered public offering statement and any approved amendments thereto to be maintained by the managing entity as part of the books and records of the timeshare plan pursuant to s. 721.13(3)(d).

Section 27. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2), paragraph (c) of subsection (3), and subsections (4) and (5) of section 721.552, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

721.552 Additions, substitutions, or deletions of component site accommodations or facilities; purchaser remedies for violations.—Additions, substitutions, or deletions of component site accommodations or facilities may be made only in accordance with the following:

- (2) SUBSTITUTIONS.--
- (a) Substitutions are available only for nonspecific multisite timeshare license plans as defined in subsection (4). Specific multisite timeshare license plans or as defined in subsection (4) and plans offering timeshare estates pursuant to s. 721.57 may not contain an accommodation substitution right.
 - (3) DELETIONS. --
 - (c) Automatic deletion.—The timeshare instrument may provide that a component site will be automatically deleted upon the expiration of its term in a timeshare plan other than a nonspecific <u>multisite timeshare license</u> plan or as otherwise provided in the timeshare instrument. However, the timeshare instrument must also provide that in the event a component

4 5

6

7

8

9

10

11 12

13

14 15

16

18

19

2021

23

2.4

2.5

2627

2.8

29

30

site is deleted from the plan in this manner, a sufficient number of purchasers of the plan will also be deleted so as to maintain no greater than a one-to-one purchaser to accommodation ratio.

(4) SPECIFIC AND NONSPECIFIC TIMESHARE LICENSES. purposes of this chapter, a specific timeshare license means one with respect to which a purchaser receives a specific right to use accommodations and facilities, if any, at one component site of a multisite timeshare plan, together with use rights in the other accommodations and facilities of the multisite timeshare plan created by or acquired through the reservation system. For purposes of this chapter, a nonspecific timeshare license means one with respect to which a purchaser receives a right to use all of the accommodations and facilities, if any, of a multisite timeshare plan through the reservation system, but no specific right to use any particular accommodations and facilities for the remaining term of the multisite timeshare plan in the event that the reservation system is terminated for any reason prior to the expiration of the term of the multisite timeshare plan.

(4)(5) VIOLATIONS; PURCHASER REMEDIES.--All purchaser remedies pursuant to s. 721.21 shall be available for any violation of the provisions of this section.

Section 28. Subsections (4) and (5) of section 721.56, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

721.56 Management of multisite timeshare plans; reservation systems; demand balancing.--

(4) The managing entity of a multisite timeshare plan shall comply fully with the requirements of s. 721.13, subject to the provisions of s. 721.13(11) for personal property timeshare plans; however, with respect to a given component

2.4

2.5

site, the managing entity of the multisite timeshare plan shall not be responsible for compliance as the managing entity of that component site unless the managing entity of the multisite timeshare plan is also the managing entity of that component site. Unless the timeshare instrument provides otherwise, the operator of the reservation system is the managing entity of a multisite timeshare plan.

- (5)(a)1. The reservation system is a facility of any nonspecific timeshare license multisite timeshare plan as defined in s. 721.552(4). The reservation system is not a facility of any specific timeshare license multisite timeshare plan as defined in s. 721.552(4), nor is it a facility of any multisite timeshare plan in which timeshare estates are offered pursuant to s. 721.57.
- 2. The reservation system of any multisite timeshare plan shall include any computer software and hardware employed for the purpose of enabling or facilitating the operation of the reservation system. Nothing contained in this part shall preclude a manager or management firm that is serving as managing entity of a multisite timeshare plan from providing in its contract with the purchasers or owners' association of the multisite timeshare plan or in the timeshare instrument that the manager or management firm owns the reservation system and that the managing entity shall continue to own the reservation system in the event the purchasers discharge the managing entity pursuant to s. 721.14.
- (b) In the event of a termination of a managing entity of a nonspecific license multisite timeshare plan as defined in s. 721.552(4), which managing entity owns the reservation system, irrespective of whether the termination is voluntary or involuntary and irrespective of the cause of such

7

8

9 10

11

13

14

15

16 17

18

19

20 21

22

23

2.4

25

26 27

28

29

30

31

termination, in addition to any other remedies available to 2 purchasers in this part, the terminated managing entity shall, prior to such termination, establish a trust meeting the 3 criteria set forth in this paragraph. It is the intent of the 4 Legislature that this trust arrangement provide for an 5 adequate period of continued operation of the reservation system of the multisite timeshare plan, during which period the new managing entity shall make provision for the acquisition of a substitute reservation system.

- 1. The trust shall be established with an independent trustee. Both the terminated managing entity and the new managing entity shall attempt to agree on an acceptable trustee. In the event they cannot agree on an acceptable trustee, they shall each designate a nominee, and the two nominees shall select the trustee.
- 2. The terminated managing entity shall take all steps necessary to enable the trustee or the trustee's designee to operate the reservation system in the same manner as provided in the timeshare instrument and the public offering statement. The trustee may, but shall not be required to, contract with the terminated managing entity for the continued operation of the reservation system. In the event the trustee elects to contract with the terminated managing entity, that managing entity shall be required to operate the reservation system and shall be entitled to payment for that service. The payment shall in no event exceed the amount previously paid to the terminated managing entity for operation of the reservation system.
- 3. The trust shall remain in effect for a period of no longer than 1 year following the date of termination of the managing entity.

2.8

- 4. Nothing contained in this subsection shall abrogate or otherwise interfere with any proprietary rights in the reservation system that have been reserved by the discharged managing entity, in its management contract or otherwise, so long as such proprietary rights are not asserted in a manner that would prevent the continued operation of the reservation system as contemplated in this subsection.
- (c) In the event of a termination of a managing entity of a timeshare estate or specific license multisite timeshare plan as defined in s. 721.552(4), which managing entity owns the reservation system, irrespective of whether the termination is voluntary or involuntary and irrespective of the cause of such termination, in addition to any other remedies available to purchasers in this part, the terminated managing entity shall, prior to such termination, promptly transfer to each component site managing entity all relevant data contained in the reservation system with respect to that component site, including, but not limited to:
- 1. The names, addresses, and reservation status of component site accommodations.
- 2. The names and addresses of all purchasers of timeshare interests at that component site.
- 3. All outstanding confirmed reservations and reservation requests for that component site.
- 4. Such other component site records and information as are necessary, in the reasonable discretion of the component site managing entity, to permit the uninterrupted operation and administration of the component site, provided that a given component site managing entity shall not be entitled to any information regarding other component sites or

1 regarding the terminated multisite timeshare plan managing
2 entity.

3

5

6

7

8

9

10

11 12

13

14

15

16

18

19

2021

22

23

2.4

25

2627

28

29

30

All reasonable costs incurred by the terminated managing entity in effecting the transfer of information required by this paragraph shall be reimbursed to the terminated managing entity on a pro rata basis by each component site, and the amount of such reimbursement shall constitute a common expense of each component site.

Section 29. Subsection (2) of section 721.57, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

721.57 Offering of timeshare estates in multisite timeshare plans; required provisions in the timeshare instrument.--

- (2) The timeshare instrument of a multisite timeshare plan in which timeshare estates are offered, other than a trust meeting the requirements of s. 721.08, must contain or provide for all of the following matters:
- (a) The purchaser will receive a timeshare estate as defined in s. 721.05 in one of the component sites of the multisite timeshare plan. The use rights in the other component sites of the multisite timeshare plan shall be made available to the purchaser through the reservation system pursuant to the timeshare instrument.
- (b) In the event that the reservation system is terminated or otherwise becomes unavailable for any reason prior to the expiration of the term of the multisite timeshare plan:
- 1. The purchaser will be able to continue to use the accommodations and facilities of the component site in which she or he has been conveyed a timeshare estate in the manner

3

4

5

7

8

9

10

11 12

13

14

15

16

18

19

2021

2.2

23

2.4

2.5

2627

2.8

2930

31

described in the timeshare instrument for the remaining term of the timeshare estate; and

2. Any use rights in that component site which had previously been made available through the reservation system to purchasers of the multisite timeshare plan who were not offered a timeshare estate at that component site will terminate when the reservation system is terminated or otherwise becomes unavailable for any reason.

Section 30. Subsection (6) of section 721.84, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

721.84 Appointment of a registered agent; duties.--

(6) Unless otherwise provided in this section, a registered agent in receipt of any notice or other document addressed from the lienholder to the obligor in care of the registered agent at the registered office must mail, by first class mail if the obligor's address is within the United States, and by international air mail if the obligor's address is outside the United States, with postage fees prepaid, such notice or documents to the obligor at the obligor's last designated address within 5 days after of receipt.

Section 31. Section 721.96, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

721.96 Purpose.--The purpose of this part is to provide for the appointment of commissioners of deeds to take acknowledgments, proofs of execution, and oaths outside the United States in connection with the execution of any deed, mortgage, deed of trust, contract, power of attorney, or any other agreement, instrument or writing concerning, relating to, or to be used or recorded in connection with a timeshare estate, personal property timeshare interest, timeshare

```
license, any property subject to a timeshare plan, or the
    operation of a timeshare plan located within this state.
 2
           Section 32. Subsection (1) of section 721.97, Florida
 3
   Statutes, is amended to read:
 4
           721.97 Timeshare commissioner of deeds.--
 5
 6
           (1) The Governor may appoint commissioners of deeds to
 7
    take acknowledgments, proofs of execution, or oaths in any
 8
    foreign country or any possession, territory, or commonwealth
    of the United States outside of the 50 states. The term of
 9
    office is 4 years. Commissioners of deeds shall have authority
10
    to take acknowledgments, proofs of execution, and oaths in
11
12
    connection with the execution of any deed, mortgage, deed of
13
    trust, contract, power of attorney, or any other writing to be
    used or recorded in connection with a timeshare estate,
14
   personal property timeshare interest, timeshare license, any
15
    property subject to a timeshare plan, or the operation of a
16
17
    timeshare plan located within this state; provided such
18
    instrument or writing is executed outside the United States.
    Such acknowledgments, proofs of execution, and oaths must be
19
    taken or made in the manner directed by the laws of this
20
    state, including but not limited to s. 117.05(4), (5)(a), and
2.1
22
    (6), Florida Statutes 1997, and certified by a commissioner of
23
    deeds. The certification must be endorsed on or annexed to the
    instrument or writing aforesaid and has the same effect as if
2.4
25
   made or taken by a notary public licensed in this state.
           Section 33. Paragraph (b) of subsection (8) of section
26
27
    475.011, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
2.8
           475.011 Exemptions. -- This part does not apply to:
29
           (8)
30
           (b) An exchange company, as that term is defined by s.
   721.05(15)(14), but only to the extent that the exchange
```

company is engaged in exchange program activities as described 2 in and is in compliance with s. 721.18. Section 34. Subsection (23) of section 718.103, 3 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 4 5 718.103 Definitions. -- As used in this chapter, the 6 term: 7 (23) "Residential condominium" means a condominium 8 consisting of two or more units, any of which are intended for 9 use as a private temporary or permanent residence, except that a condominium is not a residential condominium if the use for 10 which the units are intended is primarily commercial or 11 12 industrial and not more than three units are intended to be 13 used for private residence, and are intended to be used as housing for maintenance, managerial, janitorial, or other 14 operational staff of the condominium. With respect to a 15 16 condominium that is not a timeshare condominium, a residential unit includes a unit intended as a private temporary or 18 permanent residence as well as a unit not intended for commercial or industrial use. With respect to a timeshare 19 condominium, the timeshare instrument as defined in s. 20 21 721.05(35)(33) shall govern the intended use of each unit in 22 the condominium. If a condominium is a residential condominium 23 but contains units intended to be used for commercial or industrial purposes, then, with respect to those units which 2.4 are not intended for or used as private residences, the 2.5 26 condominium is not a residential condominium. A condominium 27 which contains both commercial and residential units is a 2.8 mixed-use condominium and is subject to the requirements of s. 29 718.404. 30 Section 35. Sections 1 through 35 of this act shall take effect upon becoming a law; however, with respect to any

30

timeshare plan or exchange program filing approved by the 2 division prior to the date this act becomes a law, the amendments to section 721.06(1)(q)2., section 721.07(2)(d)1. 3 4 and (5)(e)4., section 721.075(2)(e), or section 721.18(1)(1) 5 and (m), Florida Statutes, shall not apply to such filing until the earlier of January 1, 2005, or the date that any 7 amendments to such filing are made subsequent to the date this 8 act becomes a law. With respect to any timeshare plan filing approved by the division prior to the date this act becomes a 9 10 law, the amendment to section 721.08(3)(a), Florida Statutes, shall not apply to the nondisturbance and notice to creditors 11 12 instrument required by section 721.08, Florida Statutes, 13 unless and only to the extent that the developer otherwise voluntarily complies with all or a portion of such provisions. 14 Section 36. Section 25.241, Florida Statutes, is 15 16 amended to read: 25.241 Clerk of Supreme Court; compensation; 18 assistants; filing fees, etc.--19 (1) The Clerk of the Supreme Court shall be paid an annual salary to be determined in accordance with s. 25.382. 20 21 (2) The Clerk of the Supreme Court is authorized to 22 employ such deputies and clerical assistants as may be 23 necessary. Their number and compensation shall be approved by the court. The compensation of such employees shall be paid 2.4 25 from the annual appropriation for the Supreme Court. (3) The Clerk of the Supreme Court is hereby required 26 27 to collect, upon the filing of a certified copy of a notice of 2.8 appeal or petition, \$400\$ for each case docketed, and for

same fees that are allowed clerks of the circuit court;

copying, certifying, or furnishing opinions, records, papers,

or other instruments, except as otherwise herein provided, the

2.4

2.5

however, no fee shall be less than \$1. The State of Florida or its agencies, when appearing as appellant or petitioner, is exempt from the filing fees required in this subsection. From each attorney appearing pro hac vice, the Clerk of the Supreme Court shall collect an additional fee of \$100.

- authorized, immediately after a case is disposed of, to supply the judge who tried the case and from whose order, judgment, or decree, appeal or other review is taken and any court which reviewed it, a copy of all opinions, orders, or judgments filed in such case. Copies of opinions, orders, and decrees shall be furnished in all cases to each attorney of record; copies for publication in Florida reports shall be without charge; and copies furnished to the law book publishers shall be at one-half the regular statutory fee.
- to prepare a statement of all fees collected in duplicate each month and remit one copy of such statement, together with all fees collected by him or her, to the Chief Financial Officer, who shall place the same to the credit of the General Revenue Fund. The Chief Financial Officer shall deposit \$300 of each \$400 filing fee and all other fees collected into the state General Revenue Fund. The Chief Financial Officer shall deposit \$100 of each filing fee collected into the state courts' Grants and Donations Trust Fund to fund court improvement projects as authorized in the General Appropriations Act.
- Section 37. Section 25.383, Florida Statutes, as amended by section 2 of chapter 2003-402, Laws of Florida, is amended to read:

1	25.383 Standards for court reporters; procedures;
2	rules of professional conduct, discipline, and training, and
3	compensation
4	(1) The Supreme Court shall establish minimum
5	standards and procedures for qualifications, certification,
6	discipline, and training for court reporters. The Supreme
7	Court may appoint or employ such personnel as are necessary to
8	assist the court in exercising its powers and performing its
9	duties under this section.
10	(2) The circuit Article V indigent services committee
11	shall establish the method for providing court reporting in
12	the circuit and the fees a court reporter may charge. This
13	subsection does not prohibit court reporting services by state
14	employees.
15	Section 38. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section
16	25.384, Florida Statutes, as amended by section 3 of chapter
17	3002-402, Laws of Florida, is amended to read:
18	25.384 Court Education Trust Fund
19	(2)(a) The trust fund moneys shall be used to provide
20	education and training for judges and other court personnel as
21	defined and determined by the Florida Court Educational
22	Council. In addition, funds may be used for the development
23	and implementation of an educational program for the clerks of
24	court as set forth in s. 145.051(2).
25	Section 39. Subsection (1) of section 27.02, Florida
26	Statutes, as amended by section 6 of chapter 2003-402, Laws of
27	Florida, is amended to read:
28	27.02 Duties before court
29	(1) $\underline{(a)}$ The state attorney shall appear in the circuit
30	and county courts within his or her judicial circuit and

31 prosecute or defend on behalf of the state all suits,

2.8

applications, or motions, civil or criminal, in which the state is a party, except as provided in chapters 39, 984, and 985. The intake procedures of chapters 39, 984, and 985 shall apply as provided therein.

(b) The state attorney shall not appear in the circuit and county courts within his or her judicial circuit for the purpose of prosecuting violations of special laws, unless expressly authorized, or violations of county or municipal ordinances if the prosecution is, unless ancillary to a state prosecution or if the state attorney has contracted for full reimbursement, or for reimbursement as the parties otherwise agree, to be the county's or municipality's prosecuting attorney, as provided in s. 125.69 and authorized by the prosecuting attorney of the county.

Section 40. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 27.34, Florida Statutes, as amended by section 10 of chapter 2003-402, Laws of Florida, are amended, and subsection (4) is added to that section, to read:

27.34 Limitations on payment of salaries and other related costs of state attorneys' offices other than by the state.--

(1) A county or municipality may not contract with the state attorney of the judicial circuit in which the county or municipality is located, or appropriate or contribute funds to the operation of, the various state attorneys for the prosecution of violations of special laws, unless expressly authorized, or ordinances of the county or municipality. The contract must provide for full reimbursement, or as the parties otherwise agree regarding reimbursement, unless ancillary to a state prosecution. Persons employed by the county or municipality may be provided to the state attorney

1	to serve as special investigators pursuant to the provisions
2	of s. 27.251.
3	(2) \underline{A} It is hereby prohibited for any state attorney
4	or assistant state attorney may not to receive from any county
5	or municipality any supplemental salary, except as provided in
6	this section.
7	(4) The state attorney may expend funds for the
8	purchase of computer systems, including associated hardware
9	and software, and for personnel related to this function.
10	Section 41. Subsections (4), (8), and (9) of section
11	27.40, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
12	27.40 Court-appointed counsel; circuit registries;
13	minimum requirements; appointment by court
14	(4) Except when a circuit Article V indigent services
15	committee establishes higher qualifications, the minimum
16	qualifications for court-appointed counsel for the following
17	types of cases are as follows:
18	(a) Criminal cases Before the time of appointment,
19	the attorney must:
20	1. Be a member in good standing of The Florida Bar.
21	2. Have attended within the previous 12 months a
22	minimum of 10 hours of continuing legal education approved by
23	The Florida Bar and devoted to criminal law.
24	3. Meet the following experience requirements:
25	a. In misdemeanor cases, have been a member of The
26	Florida Bar for at least 1 year and an experienced and active
27	trial practitioner with no fewer than three state or federal
28	jury or nonjury trials.
29	b. In juvenile cases, have been a member of The
30	Florida Bar for at least 1 year and an experienced and active

1	trial practitioner with no fewer than three delinquency
2	dispositions or three state or federal jury or nonjury trials.
3	c. In third-degree felony cases, have been a member of
4	The Florida Bar for at least 2 years and an experienced and
5	active trial practitioner with no fewer than three state or
6	federal jury or nonjury trials.
7	d. In second-degree felony cases, have been a member
8	of The Florida Bar for at least 2 years and an experienced and
9	active trial practitioner with no fewer than seven state or
10	federal jury trials.
11	e. In first-degree felony cases, life felony cases,
12	capital felony cases, capital sexual battery cases, and cases
13	under part V of chapter 394, involuntary civil commitment of
14	sexually violent predators, have been a member of The Florida
15	Bar for at least 5 years and an experienced and active trial
16	practitioner with no fewer than 10 state or federal jury
17	trials.
18	f. In capital death penalty cases, have the
19	qualifications as provided in Florida Rules of Criminal
20	Procedure 3.112(f) and (q).
21	(b) Criminal appellate cases Before the time of
22	appointment, the attorney must:
23	1. Be a member in good standing of The Florida Bar.
24	2. Have attended within the previous 12 months a
25	minimum of 10 hours of continuing legal education approved by
26	The Florida Bar and devoted to appellate law.
27	3. Meet the following experience requirements:
28	a. In misdemeanor and third-degree felony appeals,
29	have been a member of The Florida Bar for at least 2 years and
30	be an experienced and active trial or appellate practitioner
31	

1	in the field of criminal law or have experience in the appeal
2	of at least three criminal cases.
3	b. In noncapital felony appeals and appeals from a
4	case under part V of chapter 394, involuntary civil commitment
5	of sexually violent predators, have been a member of The
6	Florida Bar for at least 3 years and be an experienced and
7	active practitioner in the field of appellate criminal law or
8	have experience in the appeal of at least five criminal cases.
9	c. In capital death penalty appeals, have the
10	qualifications as provided in Florida Rule of Criminal
11	Procedure 3.112(h).
12	(c) Dependency cases Before the time of appointment,
13	the attorney must:
14	1. Be a member in good standing of The Florida Bar.
15	2. Meet the following experience requirements:
16	a. In dependency cases, have observed a total of 30
17	hours of hearings, including six shelter hearings, three
18	dependency hearings, and one termination-of-parental-rights
19	hearing and have attended at least 3 hours of continuing legal
20	education at the Dependency Court Improvement Project
21	Conference, or an equivalent in the 12 months before
22	appointment.
23	b. In termination-of-parental-rights cases, have tried
24	at least 10 cases or have 1 year of dependency experience.
25	c. In appellate cases, have at least 3 years'
26	experience in dependency or appellate law and must have been
27	lead counsel in at least three contested dependency trials and
28	three contested termination-of-parental-rights trials or
29	demonstrate knowledge through experience in the practice of
30	family law. To be eligible for court appointment, an attorney
31	

must be a member in good standing of The Florida Bar in addition to any other qualifications specified by general law.

- (8) Subject to the attorney-client <u>and</u>, work-product privilege, an attorney who withdraws or is removed from representation shall deliver all files, notes, documents, and research to the successor attorney within 15 days after receiving notice from the successor attorney. The successor attorney shall bear the cost of transmitting all files, notes, documents, and research.
- any interested person may advise the court of any circumstance affecting the quality of representation, including, but not limited to, false or fraudulent billing, misconduct, failure to meet continuing legal education requirements, solicitation to receive compensation from the defendant or other client the attorney is appointed to represent, or failure to file appropriate motions in a timely manner. By January 1, 2005, each circuit Article V indigent services committee must develop and report to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives procedures for periodic review of each conflict counsel's qualifications and competency in representing defendants or other clients the attorney is appointed to represent.
- Section 42. Subsection (1) and paragraphs (b) and (c) of subsection (2) of section 27.42, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
- 27.42 Circuit Article V indigent services committees; 28 composition; staff; responsibilities; funding.--
- 29 (1) In each judicial circuit a circuit Article V
 30 indigent services committee shall be established. The
 31 committee shall consist of the following:

2.8

- (a) The chief judge of the judicial circuit or the chief judge's designee, who shall serve as the chair.
- (b) The public defender of the judicial circuit or the public defender's designee.
- (c) The state attorney of the judicial circuit or the state attorney's designee. However, the state attorney or state attorney's designee may not participate in committee discussions or decisions relating to the appointment or compensation of court-appointed counsel within the circuit.
- (d)(c) One experienced private criminal defense
 attorney appointed by the chief judge to serve a 2-year term.
 During the 2-year term, the attorney is prohibited from serving as court-appointed counsel.
- (e)(d) One experienced civil trial attorney appointed by the chief judge, to serve a 2-year term. During the 2-year term, the attorney is prohibited from serving as court-appointed counsel.

(2)

- shall maintain a registry pursuant to s. 27.40, even when unless procuring counsel through a competitive bidding process. The committee shall apply the eligibility and performance standards set by the Legislature, if any, after receiving recommendations from the Article V Indigent Services Advisory Board, for the appropriate category of case.
- (c) The circuit Article V indigent services committee shall develop a schedule of <u>maximum standard</u> fees and expense allowances for the various categories of cases, consistent with the standards adopted by the Legislature, if any, after receiving recommendations from the Article V Indigent Services Advisory Board.

2.4

2.5

2.8

Section 43. Subsections (1) and (4) of section 27.51,
Florida Statutes, as amended by section 15 of chapter
2003-402, Laws of Florida, are amended to read:

27.51 Duties of public defender.--

- (1) The public defender shall represent, without additional compensation, any person who is determined to be indigent as provided in s. 27.52 and who is:
 - (a) Under arrest for, or is charged with, a felony;
- (b) Under arrest for, or is charged with, a misdemeanor authorized for prosecution by the state attorney, a violation of chapter 316 which is punishable by imprisonment, or criminal contempt, a violation of a municipal or county ordinance in the county court if the prosecution is ancillary to a state prosecution, or any other violation of any municipal or county ordinance which is not ancillary to a state prosecution if the county or municipality has contracted with the public defender pursuant to ss. 27.54(2) and 125.69, unless the court, prior to trial, files in the cause an order of no imprisonment as provided in s. 27.512 which states that the defendant will not be imprisoned if he or she is convicted;
- (c) Alleged to be a delinquent child pursuant to a
 petition filed before a circuit court;
- (d) Sought by petition filed in such court to be involuntarily placed as a mentally ill person or sexually violent predator or involuntarily admitted to residential services as a person with developmental disabilities. However, a public defender does not have the authority to represent any person who is a plaintiff in a civil action brought under the Florida Rules of Civil Procedure, the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, or the federal statutes, or who is a petitioner in

2.4

2.8

an administrative proceeding challenging a rule under chapter 120, unless specifically authorized by statute; or

- (e) Convicted and sentenced to death, for purposes of a direct prosecuting an appeal to the Supreme Court; or.
- (f) Appealing a matter in a case arising under paragraphs (a)-(d).
- (4) The public defender for a judicial circuit enumerated in this subsection shall, after the record on appeal is transmitted to the appellate court by the office of the public defender which handled the trial and if requested by any public defender within the indicated appellate district, handle all felony appeals from the circuit courts or district courts of appeal to the state and federal courts required of the official making such request:
- (a) Public defender of the second judicial circuit, on behalf of any public defender within the district comprising the First District Court of Appeal.
- (b) Public defender of the tenth judicial circuit, on behalf of any public defender within the district comprising the Second District Court of Appeal.
- (c) Public defender of the eleventh judicial circuit, on behalf of any public defender within the district comprising the Third District Court of Appeal.
- (d) Public defender of the fifteenth judicial circuit, on behalf of any public defender within the district comprising the Fourth District Court of Appeal.
- (e) Public defender of the seventh judicial circuit, on behalf of any public defender within the district comprising the Fifth District Court of Appeal.

3

4 5

8

9

10

11 12

13

14

15

16

18

19

2021

22

23

2.4

2526

27

2.8

29

30

Section 44. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 27.52, Florida Statutes, as amended by section 16 of chapter 2003-402, Laws of Florida, are amended to read:

27.52 Determination of indigence.--

(1) The clerk of the circuit court shall determine the indigence of each person applying for appointment of a public defender or private attorney or any other court-related services based on indigence. This determination may be made at any stage of the proceedings. Before appointing the public defender or a private attorney, or providing any other court-related service based on indigence, the court shall receive the determination of indigence from the clerk. If the clerk has not made this determination at the time a person requests appointment of a public defender or private attorney or provision of any other court-related services, the court shall make a preliminary determination of indigence, pending verification by the clerk. The applicant may seek review of the clerk's determination denying indigence in the court having jurisdiction over the matter at the next scheduled hearing.

(2)(a) Any person applying for appointment of a public defender or private attorney or any other <u>due-process</u> court related services based on indigence shall pay a \$40 application fee to the clerk of court and submit a completed affidavit containing the financial information required under paragraph (f). The clerk of court must assist a person who appears before the clerk and requests assistance in completing the affidavit containing financial information, and the clerk must notify the court if a person is unable to complete the affidavit after the clerk has provided assistance. Only one fee may be charged for a clerk's determination of indigence,

2.4

2.8

regardless of whether the request is for court-appointed counsel or other due-process services. The duty of the clerk in determining indiquence shall be limited to receiving the affidavit of indiquence executed by the individual seeking the determination and comparing the information provided in the affidavit to the standard of indiquence established by law. The determination of indiquence shall be a ministerial act of the clerk and not a decision based on further investigation or the exercise of independent judgment by the clerk.

- (b) The person shall pay the application fee at the time the financial affidavit is filed or within 7 days thereafter. If not paid within 7 days, the applicant shall be enrolled by the clerk in a payment program to recover unpaid fees, in full, with periodic payment amounts corresponding to the applicant's ability to pay.
- (c) A defendant found to be indigent may not be refused counsel or any other <u>due-process</u> court related services based on indigence for failure to pay the application fee. The defendant shall pay a separate application fee for each affidavit filed.
- (d) If the court finds that the accused person applying for representation appears to be indigent based upon the financial affidavit required under paragraph (f), the court shall appoint the public defender or a private attorney to provide representation. If the application fee is not paid prior to the disposition of the case, the clerk shall advise the sentencing judge of this fact and the court shall:
- 1. Assess the application fee as part of the sentence or as a condition of probation; or
 - 2. Assess the application fee pursuant to s. 938.29.

2.4

affidavit and his or her investigation of assets, the clerk shall submit the information to the court and the court shall determine whether the public defender or private attorney shall continue representation. The defendant may be heard regarding the information discovered by the clerk. If the court, based on the information provided, determines that the defendant is not indigent, the court shall order the public defender or private attorney to discontinue representation.

Notwithstanding any provision of law or local order to the contrary, the clerk of the court shall assign the first \$40 of any fees or costs paid by an indigent defendant as payment of the application fee. In no event may should a person found to be indigent be refused counsel or other due-process services for failure to pay the fee.

- (e) All application fees shall be transferred monthly by the clerk of the court to the Department of Revenue for deposit to the Indigent Criminal Defense Trust Fund, administered by the Justice Administrative Commission, to be used to supplement the general revenue funds appropriated by the Legislature to the public defenders. The clerk of the court may retain 2 percent of application fees collected monthly for administrative costs prior to remitting the remainder to the Department of Revenue.
- (f) The affidavit must contain the following financial information and calculations as to the applicant's income:
- 1. Net income.--Total salary and wages, minus deductions required by law, including court-ordered support payments.
- Other income. -- Including, but not limited to,
 social security benefits, union funds, veterans' benefits,

6

7

8

9

10

11 12

13

14

15

16 17

18

19

20 21

22

23

2.4

25

26 27

2.8

29

30

workers' compensation, other regular support from absent 2 family members, public or private employee pensions, unemployment compensation, dividends, interest, rent, trusts, 3 and gifts. 4

- 3. Assets. -- Including, but not limited to, cash, savings accounts, bank accounts, stocks, bonds, certificates of deposit, equity in real estate, and equity in a boat or a motor vehicle or in other tangible property.
- (g) The income of an applicant who is a minor or an adult tax-dependent person who is substantially supported by a parent or parents or by a guardian, or who continues to be claimed as a dependent for tax purposes, shall include the income of that dependent person's parent or parents or guardian, except a parent or guardian who has an adverse interest in the proceeding.
- (h) In addition to the financial information, the affidavit must contain the following statement: "I, ... (name of applicant)..., agree to report any change in my financial situation to the court."

Section 45. Paragraph (d) of subsection (1) and paragraph (a) of subsection (4) of section 27.5303, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

> 27.5303 Public defenders; conflict of interest.--(1)

In determining whether or not there is a conflict (d) of interest, the public defender and the court shall apply the uniform standards for use in conflict of interest cases found in appendix B of the final report of the Article V Indigent Services Advisory Board dated January 6, 2004 standards adopted by the Legislature after receiving recommendations

from the Article V Indigent Services Advisory Board.

1	(4)(a) If a defendant is convicted and the death
2	sentence is imposed on an indigent defendant represented by
3	the public defender or private trial counsel, whether or not
4	court appointed, who is not qualified or is unable to
5	represent the defendant in the appeal, that attorney shall
6	ensure that the public defender or a qualified private
7	court-appointed appellate counsel is appointed timely to
8	represent the indigent defendant on appeal to the Supreme
9	Court. The private court-appointed counsel who represents the
10	defendant in a capital appeal shall be compensated as provided
11	in s. 27.5304., the appointed attorney shall continue
12	representation through appeal to the Supreme Court. The
13	attorney shall be compensated as provided in s. 27.5304. If
14	the attorney first appointed is unable to handle the appeal,
15	the court shall appoint another attorney and that attorney
16	shall be compensated as provided in s. 27.5304.
17	Section 46. Section 27.5304, Florida Statutes, is
18	amended to read:
19	27.5304 Private court-appointed counsel;
20	compensation
21	(1) Private court-appointed counsel shall be
22	compensated by the Justice Administrative Commission <u>as</u>
23	provided in this section in accordance with standards adopted
24	by the Legislature after receiving recommendations from the
25	Article V Indigent Services Advisory Board. However,
26	compensation shall not exceed the maximum fee limits
27	established by this section. The attorney also shall be
28	reimbursed for reasonable and necessary expenses in accordance
29	with s. 29.007. If the attorney is representing a defendant
30	charged with more than one offense in the same case, the
31	attorney shall be compensated at the rate provided for the

3

4 5

8

9

10

11 12

13

14

15 16

17

18

19

2021

22

23

2.4

25

26

27

2.8

29

30

most serious offense for which he or she represented the defendant. This section does not allow stacking of the fee limits established by this section.

(2) Prior to filing a motion for an order approving payment of attorney's fees, costs, or related expenses, the private court-appointed counsel shall deliver a copy of the intended billing, together with supporting affidavits and all other necessary documentation, to the Justice Administrative Commission. The Justice Administrative Commission shall review the billings, affidavit, and documentation for completeness and compliance with contractual and statutory requirements. If the Justice Administrative Commission objects to any portion of the proposed billing, the objection and reasons therefor shall be communicated to the private court-appointed counsel. The private court-appointed counsel may thereafter file his or her motion for order approving payment of attorney's fees, costs, or related expenses together with supporting affidavits and all other necessary documentation. The motion must specify whether the Justice Administrative Commission objects to any portion of the billing or the sufficiency of documentation and, if so, the reasons therefor. A copy of the motion and attachments shall be served on the Justice Administrative Commission. The Justice Administrative Commission shall have standing to appear before the court to contest any motion for order approving payment of attorney's fees, costs, or related expenses. The Justice Administrative Commission may contract with other public or private entities or individuals to appear before the court for the purpose of contesting any motion for order approving payment of attorney's fees, costs, or related expenses. The fact that the Justice Administrative Commission has not objected to any portion of the billing or to the

sufficiency of the documentation is not binding on the court. 2 The court retains primary authority and responsibility for determining the reasonableness of all billings for fees, 3 costs, and related expenses, subject to statutory limitations. 4 Before final disposition of a case, a private court-appointed 5 6 counsel may file a motion for fees, costs, and related 7 expenses for services completed up to the date of the motion. The court may grant the motion if counsel shows that failure 8 to grant the motion would work a particular hardship upon 9 10 counsel. (3) The compensation for representation in a criminal 11 12 proceeding; an appeal from a criminal proceeding, other than a 13 capital appeal; a dependency proceeding; and an appeal from a dependency proceeding must be established by a circuit Article 14 V indigent services committee, proceeding shall not exceed the 15 16 following: 17 (a)1. For misdemeanors and juveniles represented at 18 trial level: \$1,000. 19 2. For noncapital, nonlife felonies represented at the trial level: \$2,500. 20 21 For life felonies represented at the trial level: 2.2 \$3,000. 23 For capital cases represented at the trial level: \$3,500. 2.4 2.5 For representation on appeal: \$2,000. 26 If a death sentence is imposed and affirmed on 27 appeal to the Supreme Court, the appointed attorney shall be 2.8 allowed compensation, not to exceed \$1,000, for attorney's 29 fees and costs incurred in representing the defendant as to an 30 application for executive clemency, with compensation to be 31

2.4

2.5

paid out of general revenue from funds budgeted to the Department of Corrections.

- represent a defendant in a capital death penalty case must be compensated at a reasonable hourly rate established by the circuit Article V indigent services committee commensurate with the difficulty of the case and approved by the court, but the minimum compensation for the attorney in a death penalty case is \$10,000. By January 1, 2004, the Article V Indigent Services Advisory Board shall recommend to the Legislature any adjustments to existing compensation schedules for criminal proceedings and any proposed compensation standards for private attorneys providing representation in civil proceedings in which private court appointed counsel is required.
- (5) If counsel is entitled to receive compensation for representation pursuant to court appointment in a termination of parental rights proceeding under s. 39.0134, such compensation shall not exceed \$1,000 at the trial level and \$2,500 at the appellate level.

(5)(6) A private attorney appointed in lieu of the public defender to represent an indigent defendant may not reassign or subcontract the case to another attorney or allow another attorney to appear at a critical stage of a case who does not meet standards adopted by the Legislature after any recommendations from the Article V Indigent Services Advisory Board.

Section 47. Section 27.54, Florida Statutes, as amended by section 21 of chapter 2003-402, Laws of Florida, is amended to read:

3

4

5

8

9

10

11 12

13

14

15 16

18

19

2021

22

23

2.4

25

2627

2.8

- 27.54 Limitation on payment of expenditures for public defender's office other than by the state.--
- (1) All payments for the salary of the public defender and the necessary expenses of office, including salaries of assistants and staff, shall be considered as being for a valid public purpose. Travel expenses shall be paid in accordance with the provisions of s. 112.061.
- public defender of the judicial circuit in which the county or municipality is located, or appropriate or contribute funds to, the operation of the offices of the various public defenders for the purpose of defending persons determined to be indigent under s. 27.52 indigents charged with violations of special laws, unless expressly authorized, or with violations of ordinances of the county or municipality, unless ancillary to a state prosecution. The contract must provide for full reimbursement or as the parties otherwise agree regarding reimbursement.
- (3) \underline{A} No public defender or assistant public defender \underline{may} not \underline{shall} receive from any county or municipality any supplemental salary, except as provided in this section.
- (4) The public defender may expend funds for the purchase of computer systems, including associated hardware and software, and for personnel related to this function.
- Section 48. Section 27.562, Florida Statutes, as amended by section 22 of chapter 2003-402, Laws of Florida, is amended to read:
 - 27.562 Disposition of funds.--
- 29 <u>(1)</u> All funds collected pursuant to s. 938.29, except
 30 the application fee imposed under s. 27.52, shall be remitted
 31 to the Department of Revenue for deposit <u>as follows:</u>

1	(a) Twenty-five percent shall be deposited into the
2	Indigent Criminal Defense Trust Fund of the Justice
3	Administrative Commission. The Justice Administrative
4	Commission shall account for these funds on a judicial circuit
5	basis.
6	(b) Seventy-five percent shall be deposited into the
7	General Revenue Fund. into the General Revenue Fund.
8	(2) All judgments entered pursuant to this part shall
9	be in the name of the state.
10	Section 49. Section 28.24, Florida Statutes, as
11	amended by section 28 of chapter 2003-402, Laws of Florida, is
12	amended to read:
13	28.24 Service charges by clerk of the circuit
14	courtThe clerk of the circuit court may charge for services
15	rendered by the clerk's office in recording documents and
16	instruments and in performing the duties enumerated in amounts
17	not to exceed those specified in this section. Notwithstanding
18	any other provision of this section, the clerk of the circuit
19	court shall provide without charge to any justice or judge,
20	state attorney, statewide prosecutor, public defender,
21	quardian ad litem, and capital collateral regional counsel,
22	and to the authorized staff acting on behalf of each, to any
23	court staff acting on behalf of any justice or judge, and to
24	any state attorney or public access to and a copy copies of
25	any public record records, if the requesting party is entitled
26	by law to review the record notwithstanding the exempt or
27	confidential nature of such public records, as maintained by
28	and in the custody of the clerk of the circuit court as
29	provided in general law and the Florida Rules of Judicial
30	Administration.

and certifying transcripts of record in appellate proceeding prepared by attorney for appellant or someone else other that clerk per page	an .50 nal
d clerk per page	.50 nal
5 (2) For preparing, numbering, and indexing an origin record of appellate proceedings, per instrument	nal
6 record of appellate proceedings, per instrument3	
	.00
7 (3) For certifying copies of any instrument in the	
8 public records	.50
9 (4) For verifying any instrument presented for	
10 certification prepared by someone other than clerk, per page	<u> </u>
113	.00
12 (5)(a) For making copies by photographic process of	
any instrument in the public records consisting of pages of	
14 not more than 14 inches by 8 1/2 inches, per page1	.00
(b) For making copies by photographic process of an	Į.
16 instrument in the public records of more than 14 inches by	3
17 1/2 inches, per page5	.00
(6) For making microfilm copies of any public record	ds:
19 (a) 16 mm 100' microfilm roll	.50
20 (b) 35 mm 100' microfilm roll52	.50
21 (c) Microfiche, per fiche	.00
(7) For copying any instrument in the public records	3
23 by other than photographic process, per page6	.00
(8) For writing any paper other than herein	
25 specifically mentioned, same as for copying, including sign.	ing
26 and sealing	.00
(9) For indexing each entry not recorded1	.00
(10) For receiving money into the registry of court	:
29 (a)1. First \$500, percent	3
2. Each subsequent \$100, percent	1.5
31 (b) Eminent domain actions, per deposit\$150	.00

1	(11) For examining, certifying, and recording plats
2	and for recording condominium exhibits larger than 14 inches
3	by 8 1/2 inches:
4	(a) First page
5	(b) Each additional page15.00
6	(12) For recording, indexing, and filing any
7	instrument not more than 14 inches by 8 1/2 inches, including
8	required notice to property appraiser where applicable:
9	(a) First page or fraction thereof5.00
10	(b) Each additional page or fraction thereof4.00
11	(c) For indexing instruments recorded in the official
12	records which contain more than four names, per additional
13	name
14	(d) An additional service charge shall be paid to the
15	clerk of the circuit court to be deposited in the Public
16	Records Modernization Trust Fund for each instrument listed in
17	s. 28.222, except judgments received from the courts and
18	notices of lis pendens, recorded in the official records:
19	1. First page
20	2. Each additional page0.50
21	
22	Such Said fund shall be held in trust by the clerk and used
23	exclusively for equipment and maintenance of equipment,
24	personnel training, and technical assistance in modernizing
25	the public records system of the office. In a county where the
26	duty of maintaining official records exists in an office other
27	than the office of the clerk of the circuit court, the clerk
28	of the circuit court is entitled to 25 percent of the moneys
29	deposited into the trust fund for equipment, maintenance of
30	equipment, training, and technical assistance in modernizing
31	the system for storing records in the office of the clerk of

the circuit court. The fund may not be used for the payment of 2 travel expenses, membership dues, bank charges, staff-recruitment costs, salaries or benefits of employees, 3 construction costs, general operating expenses, or other costs 4 not directly related to obtaining and maintaining equipment 5 6 for public records systems or for the purchase of furniture or 7 office supplies and equipment not related to the storage of 8 records. On or before December 1, 1995, and on or before 9 December 1 of each year immediately preceding each year during which the trust fund is scheduled for legislative review under 10 s. 19(f)(2), Art. III of the State Constitution, each clerk of 11 12 the circuit court shall file a report on the Public Records 13 Modernization Trust Fund with the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives. The report must 14 itemize each expenditure made from the trust fund since the 15 last report was filed; each obligation payable from the trust 16 17 fund on that date; and the percentage of funds expended for 18 each of the following: equipment, maintenance of equipment, personnel training, and technical assistance. The report must 19 indicate the nature of the system each clerk uses to store, 20 21 maintain, and retrieve public records and the degree to which 22 the system has been upgraded since the creation of the trust 23 fund. 2.4 (e) An additional service charge of \$4 per page shall be paid to the clerk of the circuit court for each instrument 25 26 listed in s. 28.222, except judgments received from the courts 27 and notices of lis pendens, recorded in the official records. 2.8 From the additional \$4 service charge collected, 10 cents shall be distributed to the Florida Association of Court 29 Clerks and Comptroller, Inc., for the cost of development, 30

implementation, operation, and maintenance of the clerks'

1	Comprehensive Case Information System; \$1.90 shall be retained
2	by the clerk to be deposited in the Public Records
3	Modernization Trust Fund and used exclusively for funding
4	court-related technology needs of the clerk; \$1 shall be
5	distributed to the Department of Revenue for deposit into the
6	state court's Grants and Donations Trust Fund and used
7	exclusively for funding court-related technology needs of the
8	state trial courts; 40 cents shall be distributed to the
9	Department of Revenue for deposit into the public defender's
10	Grants and Donations Trust Fund and used exclusively for
11	funding court-related technology needs of the public defender;
12	and 60 cents shall be distributed to the Department of Revenue
13	for deposit into the state attorney's Grants and Donations
14	Trust Fund and used exclusively for funding court-related
15	technology needs of the state attorney.
16	(13) Oath, administering, attesting, and sealing, not
17	otherwise provided for herein
18	(14) For validating certificates, any authorized
19	bonds, each
20	(15) For preparing affidavit of domicile5.00
21	(16) For exemplified certificates, including signing
22	and sealing6.00
23	(17) For authenticated certificates, including signing
24	and sealing6.00
25	(18)(a) For issuing and filing a subpoena for a
26	witness, not otherwise provided for herein (includes writing,
27	preparing, signing, and sealing)6.00
28	(b) For signing and sealing only1.50
29	(19) For approving bond
30	(20) For searching of records, for each year's search
31	1.50

1	(21) For processing an application for a tax deed sale
2	(includes application, sale, issuance, and preparation of tax
3	deed, and disbursement of proceeds of sale), other than excess
4	proceeds60.00
5	(22) For disbursement of excess proceeds of tax deed
6	sale, first \$100 or fraction thereof10.00
7	(23) Upon receipt of an application for a marriage
8	license, for preparing and administering of oath; issuing,
9	sealing, and recording of the marriage license; and providing
10	a certified copy30.00
11	(24) For solemnizing matrimony30.00
12	(25) For sealing any court file or expungement of any
13	record
14	(26) For receiving and disbursing all restitution
15	payments, per payment
16	(27) Postal charges incurred by the clerk of the
17	circuit court in any mailing by certified or registered mail
18	shall be paid by the party at whose instance the mailing is
19	made.
20	(28) For furnishing an electronic copy of information
21	contained in a computer database: a fee as provided for in
22	chapter 119.
23	Section 50. Subsection (3) of section 28.2401, Florida
24	Statutes, as amended by section 29 of chapter 2003-402, Laws
25	of Florida, is amended, present subsection (4) of that section
26	is redesignated as subsection (5) , and a new subsection (4) is
27	added to that section to read:
28	28.2401 Service charges in probate matters
29	(3) An additional service charge of $\$4\2.50 on
30	petitions seeking summary administration, formal
31	administration, ancillary administration, guardianship,

1	curatorship, and conservatorship shall be paid to the clerk.
2	The clerk shall transfer <u>\$3.50</u> the \$2.50 to the Department of
3	Revenue for deposit into the Court Education Trust Fund <u>, and</u>
4	shall transfer 50 cents to the Clerk of Court Operations
5	Conference to fund clerk education. No additional fees,
6	charges, or costs shall be added to the service charges
7	imposed under this section, except as authorized by general
8	law.
9	(4) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, a board
10	of county commissioners that imposed by ordinance increased
11	fees or service charges under this section, s. 28.241, or s.
12	34.041 for the purpose of securing payment of the principal of
13	and interest on bonds issued by the county before July 1,
14	2003, to finance state court facilities may impose by
15	ordinance a surcharge of up to \$30 in excess of the fees or
16	service charges set forth in this section. Such surcharge
17	shall not be waived by the court. Revenue from the surcharge
18	shall be used to pay the principal of and interest on the
19	bonds until the date of stated maturity. The bonds may be
20	refunded only if:
21	1. Savings will be realized on payments of debt
22	service; and
23	2. The refunding bonds are scheduled to mature on the
24	same date or before the bonds being refunded.
25	Section 51. Section 28.2402, Florida Statutes, is
26	amended to read:
27	28.2402 Additional costs for performance of clerk
28	court-related functionsA filing fee of \$10 The sum of \$200
29	shall be assessed to a county or municipality when filing a
30	county or municipal code or ordinance violation in court. The
31	\$200 fee shall be paid to the clerk of the circuit and county

court for performing court-related functions. No other filing 2 fee may be assessed for filing the violation in court. When a person contests the violation in court, the court must assess 3 \$40 in court costs against the nonprevailing party for deposit 4 into the clerk's fine and forfeiture fund established pursuant 5 6 to s. 142.01. The county or municipality prevails when there 7 is a finding of violation to any count or lesser included 8 offense of the charge. Section 52. Section 28.241, Florida Statutes, as 9 10 amended by section 32 of chapter 2003-402, Laws of Florida, is amended to read: 11 12 28.241 Filing fees and appearance fee for trial and 13 appellate proceedings. --(1)(a) The party instituting any civil action, suit, 14 or proceeding in the circuit court shall pay to the clerk of 15 that court a filing fee of up to \$250 in all cases in which 16 there are not more than five defendants and an additional 18 filing fee of up to \$2 for each defendant in excess of five. Of the first\$55\$57.50 in filing fees, \$50 must be remitted 19 by the clerk to the Department of Revenue for deposit into the 20 21 General Revenue Fund $\underline{and} \div$ \$5 must be remitted to the Clerk of 22 Court Operations Conference; and \$2.50 shall be paid to the 23 clerk for each civil action brought in circuit or county court, to be remitted by the clerk to the Department of 2.4 Revenue for deposit into the Court Education Trust Fund. 25 26 One-third of any filing fees collected by the clerk of the 27 circuit court in excess of the first \$55\$57.50 shall be 2.8 remitted to the Department of Revenue for deposit into the Department of Revenue Clerks of the Court Trust Fund. An 29 additional filing fee of \$4 shall be paid to the clerk. The 30

clerk shall transfer \$3.50 to the Department of Revenue for

1	deposit into the Court Education Trust Fund and shall transfer
2	50 cents to the Clerk of Court Operations Conference to fund
3	clerk education. An additional filing fee of up to \$15 shall
4	be paid by the party seeking each severance that is granted.
5	The clerk may impose an additional filing fee of up to \$75 for
6	all proceedings of garnishment, attachment, replevin, and
7	distress. Postal charges incurred by the clerk of the circuit
8	court in making service by certified or registered mail on
9	defendants or other parties shall be paid by the party at
10	whose instance service is made. No additional fees, charges,
11	or costs shall be added to the filing fees imposed under this
12	section, except as authorized by general law.
13	(b) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, a board
14	of county commissioners that imposed by ordinance increased
15	fees or service charges under s. 28.2401, this section, or s.
16	34.041 for the purpose of securing payment of the principal of
17	and interest on bonds issued by the county before July 1,
18	2003, to finance state court facilities may impose by
19	ordinance a surcharge of up to \$30 in excess of the fees or
20	service charges set forth in this section. Such surcharge
21	shall not be waived by the court. Revenue from the surcharge
22	shall be used to pay the principal of and interest on the
23	bonds until the date of stated maturity. The bonds may be
24	refunded only if:
25	1. Savings will be realized on payments of debt
26	service; and
27	2. The refunding bonds are scheduled to mature on the
28	same date or before the bonds being refunded.
29	(c)(b) Except as provided in s. 28.345, a party
30	reopening any civil action, suit, or proceeding in the circuit

31 court shall pay to the clerk of court a filing fee set by the

1	clerk in an amount not to exceed \$50. For purposes of this
2	section, a case is reopened when a case previously reported as
3	disposed of is resubmitted to a court and includes petitions
4	for modification of a final judgment of dissolution. A party
5	is exempt from paying the fee for any of the following:
6	1. Writ of Garnishment;
7	2. Writ of Replevin;
8	3. Distress Writ;
9	4. Writ of Attachment;
10	5. Motion for rehearing filed within 10 days;
11	6. Motion for attorney's fees filed within 30 days of
12	the entry of the judgment or final order;
13	7. Motion for dismissal filed after a mediation
14	agreement has been filed;
15	8. Disposition of personal property without
16	administration;
17	9. Any probate case prior to the discharge of a
18	personal representative;
19	10. Any quardianship pleading prior to discharge;
20	11. Any mental health pleading;
21	12. Motions to withdraw by attorneys;
22	13. Motions exclusively for the enforcement of child
23	support orders;
24	14. Petition for credit of child support;
25	15. Stipulations;
26	16. Responsive pleadings; or
27	17. Cases in which there is no initial filing fee.
28	(2) Upon the institution of any appellate proceeding
29	from any <u>lower</u> inferior court to the circuit court of any such
30	county, including appeals filed by a county or municipality as
31	provided in s. 34.041(6), or from the circuit court to an

3

4 5

8

9

10 11

12

13

14

15 16

17

18

19

20

2.1

2223

2.4

2.5

2627

2.8

29

30

appellate court of the state, the clerk shall charge and collect from the party or parties instituting such appellate proceedings a <u>filing fee not to exceed</u> service charge of up to \$250 for filing a notice of appeal from <u>a lower an inferior</u> court, and \$50 or for filing a notice of appeal to a higher court. From the filing fee, \$50 must be remitted by the clerk to the Department of Revenue for deposit into the General Revenue Fund.

- (3) A filing fee may not be imposed upon a party for responding by pleading, motion, or other paper to a civil or criminal action, suit, proceeding, or appeal in a circuit court.
- (4) The fees prescribed in this section do not include the service charges required by law for the clerk as provided in s. 28.24 or by other sections of the Florida Statutes. Filing fees authorized by this section may not be added to any civil penalty imposed by chapter 316 or chapter 318.
- (5) Filing fees for the institution or reopening of any civil action, suit, or proceeding in county court shall be charged and collected as provided in s. 34.041.
- (6) From each attorney appearing pro hac vice, the clerk of the circuit court must collect a fee of \$100 for deposit into the General Revenue Fund.

Section 53. Section 28.245, Florida Statutes, as amended by section 33 of chapter 2003-2004, Laws of Florida, is amended to read:

28.245 Transmittal of funds to Department of Revenue; uniform remittance form required.--Notwithstanding any other provision of law, all moneys collected by the clerks of the court for subsequent distribution to a state agency or to the Supreme Court must be transmitted electronically to the

Department of Revenue for appropriate distribution. A uniform remittance form provided by the Department of Revenue detailing the specific amounts due each fund must accompany such submittal. All moneys collected by the clerks of court for remittance to any entity must be distributed pursuant to the law in effect at the time of collection.

Section 54. Section 28.246, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

28.246 Payment of court-related fees, charges, and costs; partial payments; distribution of funds.--

- (1) Beginning July 1, 2003, the clerk of the circuit court shall report the following information to the Legislature and the Clerk of Court Operations Conference on a form developed by the Department of Financial Services:
- (a) The total amount of mandatory fees, services charges, and costs; the total amount actually assessed; the total amount discharged or waived; and the total amount collected.
- (b) The maximum amount of discretionary fees, service charges, and costs authorized; the total amount actually assessed; the total amount discharged or waived; and the total amount collected.
- (c) The total amount of mandatory fines and other monetary penalties; the total amount assessed; the total amount discharged or waived; and the total amount collected.
- (d) The maximum amount of discretionary fines and other monetary penalties; the total amount of discretionary fines and other monetary penalties assessed; the total amount discharged or waived; and the total amount collected.

2930

2.8

7

8

10

11 12

13

14

15

16

18

19

2021

2.2

23

2.4

25

2627

13

14

15

16

18

19

2021

22

23

2425

2627

2930

31

The clerk shall submit the report on a quarterly basis 30 days after the end of the quarter for the period from July 1, 2003, through June 30, 2004, and on an annual basis thereafter, 60 3 days after the end of the county fiscal year. The clerk, in 4 reporting the amount assessed, shall separately identify the 5 amount assessed pursuant to s. 938.30 as community service; assessed by reducing the amount to a judgment or lien; 8 satisfied by time served, or other. The form developed by the Chief Financial Officer shall include separate entries for 9 10 recording these amounts.

- (2) The clerk of the circuit court shall establish and maintain a system of accounts receivable for court-related fees, charges, and costs.
- (3) Court costs, fines, and other dispositional assessments shall be enforced by the courts, collected by the clerks of the circuit and county courts, and disbursed in accordance with authorizations and procedures as established by general law. Each clerk of the circuit court shall enter into a payment plan with defendants determined to be indigent and demonstrating an inability to pay court-related fees, charges, and costs in full.
- (4) The clerk of the circuit court shall accept partial payments for unpaid court-related fees, charges, and costs in accordance with the terms of an established payment plan.
- (5) When receiving partial payment of fees, service charges, court costs, and fines, clerks shall distribute funds according to the following order of priority:
- (a) That portion of fees, services charges, court costs, and fines payable to the clerk for the operations of

the clerk and to be remitted to the state for deposit into the General Revenue Fund.

- (b) That portion of fees, service charges, court costs, and fines payable to state trust funds, allocated on a pro rata basis among the various authorized funds if the total collection amount is insufficient to fully fund all such funds as provided by law.
- (c) That portion of fees, service charges, court costs, and fines payable to counties, municipalities, or other local entities, allocated on a pro rata basis among the various authorized recipients if the total collection amount is insufficient to fully fund all such recipients as provided by law.

2.4

2.5

2.8

To offset processing costs <u>for partial payments</u>, clerks may <u>collect up to \$4 per month as a service charge from persons</u> <u>making partial payments</u>. <u>retain up to 1 percent of all</u> <u>collections of fees, service charges, court costs, and fines payable to other entities, except where otherwise provided in general law.</u>

(6) A clerk of court may pursue the collection of any fees, fines, court costs, or other costs imposed by the court which remain unpaid for 90 days or more, or refer such collection to a private attorney who is a member in good standing of The Florida Bar or collection agent who is registered and in good standing pursuant to chapter 559. In pursuing the collection of such unpaid financial obligations through a private attorney or collection agent, the clerk of the court must determine this is cost-effective and follow applicable procurement practices. The cost of collection, including a reasonable attorney's fee, may be recovered by

2.4

adding the cost and fee to the balance owed, except that such fee and cost may not exceed 40 percent of the balance owed.

Section 55. Section 28.345, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

28.345 Exemption from fees and charges.--Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter or law to the contrary, state attorneys, and public defenders, capital collateral regional counsels, persons employed by the Statewide Office of Guardian Ad Litem, and judges are exempt from all fees and charges assessed by the clerks of the circuit courts.

Section 56. Subsection (2) of section 28.35, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

28.35 Clerk of Court Operations Conference. --

- (2) The duties of the conference shall include:
- (a) Periodically recommending to the Legislature changes in the various court-related fines, fees, service charges, and cost schedules established by law to ensure reasonable and adequate funding of the clerks of the court in the performance of their court-related functions.
- (b) Establishing a process for the review and approval of court-related proposed budgets submitted by clerks of the court pursuant to s. 28.36.
- (c) Certifying to the Legislature, the Governor, the Chief Financial Officer, and the Department of Revenue which clerks of court will have court-related revenues insufficient to fund the anticipated court-related functions of their offices and the actions taken to resolve any deficits pursuant to s. 28.36.
- (d) Developing and approving a system of performanceaccountability measurements and performance standards for each

2.2

2.4

2.5

clerk of the court. These measures must assess the fiscal management, efficient operations, and effective collection of fines, fees, service charges, and costs using data reported in s. 28.246 as well as other data.

(e) Publishing a schedule of maximum fines, fees, service charges, and costs that may be charged by a clerk of the court for court related functions pursuant to general law that reflects any adjustments based on changes in the Consumer Price Index. Effective July 1, 2004, the schedule shall reflect the maximum fines, fees, service charges, and costs established by general law. The schedule may be adjusted on or after October 1, 2005, and no more frequently than annually thereafter, by the average percentage change in the Consumer Price Index issued by the United States Department of Labor since the last adjustment by the conference. Any adjustment to the schedule authorized in this paragraph must be affirmatively approved by a majority of the clerks of the circuit courts before such adjustments may take effect.

Section 57. Section 28.36, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

28.36 Budget review and approval procedure.--There is established a budget procedure for the court-related functions of the clerks of the court.

- (1) For the period July 1, 2004, through September 30, 2004, and for each county fiscal year ending September 30 thereafter, each clerk of the court shall prepare a budget relating solely to the performance of the court-related functions.
- (2) Each proposed budget shall conform to the
 following requirements:

- (a) On May 1, 2004, for the fiscal period of July 1, 2004, through September 30, 2004, and on or before August 1 for each fiscal year thereafter, the proposed budget shall be prepared, summarized, and submitted by the clerk in each county to the Clerk of Court Operations Conference in the manner and form prescribed by the conference. The proposed budget must provide detailed information on the anticipated revenues available and expenditures necessary for the performance of the court-related functions of the clerk's office for the county fiscal year beginning the following October 1.
- (b) The proposed budget must be balanced, such that the total of the estimated revenues available must equal or exceed the total of the anticipated expenditures. These revenues include the following: cash balances brought forward from the prior fiscal period; revenue projected to be received from fines, fees, service charges, and costs for court-related services during the fiscal period covered by the budget; and supplemental revenue that may be requested pursuant to subsection (3); and the contingency reserve authorized in paragraph (c). The anticipated expenditures must be itemized as required by the Clerk of Court Operations Conference.
- (c) The proposed budget may include a contingency reserve not to exceed 10 percent of the total budget.
- (3) If a clerk of the court estimates that available funds plus projected revenues from fines, fees, service charges, and costs for court-related services are insufficient to meet the anticipated expenditures for the court-related functions performed by his or her office, the clerk must report the revenue budget deficit to the Clerk of Court Operations Conference in the manner and form prescribed by the

3

4 5

6

7

8

9

10

11 12

13

14

15

16 17

18

19

2021

22

23

2.4

25

2627

2.8

29

30

conference. The conference shall determine whether the clerk is meeting his or her performance standards for the current year relating to fiscal management, efficient operations, and the effective collection of fines, fees, service charges, and costs.

(a) If the conference determines that a clerk is meeting his or her performance standards for fiscal management; efficient operations; and effective collection of fines, fees, service charges, and costs+ and a revenue deficit is projected, that clerk shall increase all fines, fees, service charges, and costs to the maximum amounts specified by law or the amount necessary to resolve the deficit, whichever is less. If, after increasing such fines, fees, service charges, and costs, a revenue budget deficit is still projected, the conference may shall certify a revenue deficit pursuant to paragraph (b) and notify the Department of Revenue that that clerk is authorized to retain revenues, in an amount necessary to fully fund the projected revenue deficit, which he or she would otherwise be required to remit to the Department of Revenue for deposit into the Department of Revenue Clerks of the Court Trust Fund pursuant to s. 28.37. If a revenue budget deficit is projected after retaining all of the collections from court-related fines, fees, service charges, and costs, the conference may shall certify the revenue deficit amount to the Chief Financial Officer, pursuant to paragraph (b). An amount equal to the revenue deficit is hereby appropriated each year from the Department of Revenue Clerks of the Court Trust Fund, without further legislative action, period after period, until altered or revoked by the Legislature. The Department of Revenue is directed to make a monthly distribution of equal amounts to

2.8

each clerk certified to have a <u>revenue</u> deficit until the Clerk of Court Operations Conference certifies a different amount to be distributed <u>pursuant to paragraph (b)</u>.

- (b) The Clerk of Court Operations Conference shall make the revenue deficit certifications authorized in paragraph (a) to the Department of Revenue no later than September 15 of each year for the county fiscal year beginning on the following October 1. Changes to the certifications may be made by the Clerk of Court Operations Conference as needed during any county fiscal year when revenues supporting a clerk's budget are projected to be less than the amount previously assumed by the conference in approving a clerk's budget.
- (c)(b) The Clerk of Court Operations Conference shall notify the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives prior to taking actions specified in this subsection. The notification <u>must shall</u> include a certification by the conference that all of the conditions in this subsection have been met.
- (4) The Clerk of Court Operations Conference must approve the court-related budget for each clerk in the state, and shall certify to the Legislature by October 15 of each year, the proposed budget amount approved for each clerk's budget; the revenue projection supporting each clerk's budget; each clerk who must retain some or all of the state's share of fines, fees, service charges, and costs; the amount to be paid from the Department of Revenue Clerks of the Court Trust Fund to each clerk; and the performance measures and standards approved by the conference for each clerk.
- (5)(a) For the county fiscal year October 1, 2004, through September 30, 2005, the maximum annual budget amount

2.4

2.8

that may be authorized by the Clerk of Court Operations

Conference for each clerk may not exceed 103 percent of the clerk's estimated actual expenditures for the prior county fiscal year for court-related functions that are required by law effective July 1, 2004, plus the estimated reasonable and necessary costs of new functions required by law which are not reflected in prior-year expenditures. The conference shall use the clerk's actual expenditures for the prior county fiscal year for court related functions as reported by the Chief Financial Officer based on the county financial reporting required under s. 218.32.

- (b) For the county fiscal year 2005-2006, the maximum budget amount that may be authorized by the conference for each clerk budget shall be the approved budget for county fiscal year 2004-2005 adjusted by the projected percentage change in revenue <u>from fines</u>, <u>fees</u>, <u>service charges</u>, <u>and costs for court-related services</u> between the county fiscal years 2004-2005 and 2005-2006.
- thereafter, the maximum budget amount that may be authorized by the conference for each clerk shall be established by first rebasing the prior fiscal year budget to reflect the actual percentage change in the prior fiscal year revenue from fines, fees, service charges, and costs for court-related services and then adjusting the rebased prior fiscal year budget by the projected percentage change in revenue from fines, fees, service charges, and costs for court-related services for the proposed budget year. The rebasing calculations and maximum annual budget calculations shall be as follows:
- 1. For county fiscal year 2006-2007, the approved budget for county fiscal year 2004-2005 shall be adjusted for

2.8

the actual percentage change in revenue <u>from fines</u>, <u>fees</u>, <u>service charges</u>, <u>and costs for court-related services</u> between the two 12-month periods ending June 30, 2005, and June 30, 2006. This result is the rebased budget for the county fiscal year 2005-2006. Then the rebased budget for the county fiscal year 2005-2006 shall be adjusted by the projected percentage change in revenue <u>from fines</u>, <u>fees</u>, <u>service charges</u>, <u>and costs for court-related services</u> between the county fiscal years 2005-2006 and 2006-2007. This result shall be the maximum annual budget amount that may be authorized by the conference for each clerk for the county fiscal year 2006-2007.

- 2. For county fiscal year 2007-2008, the rebased budget for county fiscal year 2005-2006 shall be adjusted for the actual percentage change in revenue from fines, fees, service charges, and costs for court-related services between the two 12-month periods ending June 30, 2006, and June 30, 2007. This result is the rebased budget for the county fiscal year 2006-2007. The rebased budget for county fiscal year 2006-2007 shall be adjusted by the projected percentage change in revenue from fines, fees, service charges, and costs for court-related services between the county fiscal years 2006-2007 and 2007-2008. This result shall be the maximum annual budget amount that may be authorized by the conference for each clerk budget for county fiscal year 2007-2008.
- 3. For county fiscal years 2008-2009 and thereafter, the maximum budget amount that may be authorized by the conference for each clerk budget shall be calculated as the rebased budget for the prior county fiscal year adjusted by the projected percentage change in revenues <u>from fines</u>, <u>fees</u>, <u>service charges</u>, and <u>costs for court-related services</u> between the prior county fiscal year and the county fiscal year for

2.4

2.8

which the maximum budget amount is being authorized. The rebased budget for the prior county fiscal year shall always be calculated by adjusting the rebased budget for the year preceding the prior county fiscal year by the actual percentage change in revenues from fines, fees, service
charges, and costs for court-related services between the 12-month period ending June 30 of the year preceding the prior county fiscal year and the 12-month period ending June 30 of the prior county fiscal year.

submit proposed legislation to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives no later than November 1 in any year for approval of clerk budget request amounts exceeding the restrictions in this section for the following October 1. If proposed legislation is recommended, the conference shall also submit supporting justification with sufficient detail to identify the specific proposed expenditures that would cause the limitations to be exceeded for each affected clerk and the estimated fiscal impact on state revenues.

Section 58. Section 28.37, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

28.37 Fines, fees, service charges, and costs remitted to the state.--

(1) Pursuant to s. 14(b), Art. V of the State

Constitution, selected salaries, costs, and expenses of the

state courts system and court-related functions shall be

funded from a portion of the revenues derived from statutory

fines, fees, service charges, and costs collected by the

clerks of the court.

3

4

5 6

7

8

9

10

11 12

13

14

15 16

17

18

19

2021

22

23

2.4

25

2627

2.8

29

30

(2) Beginning August 1, 2004, except as otherwise provided in ss. 28.241 and 34.041, one-third of all fines, fees, service charges, and costs collected by the clerks of the court during the prior month for the performance of court-related functions shall be remitted to the Department of Revenue for deposit in the Department of Revenue Clerks of the Court Trust Fund. These collections do not include funding received for the operation of the Title IV-D child support collections and disbursement program. The clerk of the court shall remit the revenues collected during the prior month due to the state on or before the 20th 5th day of each month. The Department of Revenue shall make a monthly transfer of the funds in the Department of Revenue Clerks of the Court Trust Fund which that are not needed to resolve clerk of the court budget deficits, as specified in s. 28.36, to the General Revenue Fund. (3) For the period of October 1, 2003, to June 30, 2004, those clerks operating as fee officers for court-related services shall determine the amount of fees collected and expenses generated for court-related services. Any excess fees generated during this period shall be remitted to the county. Any deficit experienced by the clerk for court-related services during the period from October 1, 2003, to June 30, 2004, shall be funded by the county. (4)(3) Beginning January 1, 2005, for the period July 1, 2004, through September 30, 2004, and each January 1 thereafter for the preceding county fiscal year of October 1 through September 30, the clerk of the court must remit to the

charges, and costs collected for the clerk's court-related

Department of Revenue for deposit in the General Revenue Fund the cumulative excess of all statutory fines, fees, service

2.4

2.8

functions over the amount needed to meet the approved budget amounts established under s. 28.36.

(5)(4) The Department of Revenue shall adopt rules governing the remittance of the funds to be transferred to the General Revenue Fund under this section and, the required forms and procedures, and penalties for failure to comply. The department shall collect any funds that the Clerk of Court Operations Conference determines upon investigation were due on January 1 but not remitted to the department.

Section 59. Section 29.005, Florida Statutes, as amended by section 41 of chapter 2003-402, Laws of Florida, is amended to read:

29.005 State attorneys' offices and prosecution expenses.—For purposes of implementing s. 14, Art. V of the State Constitution, the elements of the state attorneys' offices to be provided from state revenues appropriated by general law are as follows:

- (1) The state attorney of each judicial circuit and assistant state attorneys and other staff as determined by general law.
- (2) Reasonable court reporting and transcription services necessary to meet constitutional or statutory requirements, including the cost of transcribing and copying depositions of witnesses and the cost of foreign language and sign-language interpreters and translators.
- (3) Witnesses, including expert witnesses, summoned to appear for an investigation, preliminary hearing, or trial in any a criminal case when the witnesses are summoned by a state attorney, and any other expert witnesses required in a court hearing by law or whom the state attorney deems necessary for the performance of his or her duties.

1	(4) Mental health professionals appointed pursuant to
2	s. 394.473 and required in a court hearing involving an
3	indigent, and mental health professionals appointed pursuant
4	to s. 916.115(2) and required in a court hearing involving an
5	indigent.
6	$\frac{(4)(5)}{(5)}$ Reasonable transportation services in the
7	performance of constitutional and statutory responsibilities.
8	Motor vehicles provided by counties to state attorneys as of
9	July 1, 2003, and any additional vehicles provided to state
10	attorneys during the 2003-2004 fiscal year shall be
11	transferred by title to the state effective July 1, 2004.
12	$\frac{(5)(6)}{(6)}$ Travel expenses reimbursable under s. 112.061
13	reasonably necessary in the performance of constitutional and
14	statutory responsibilities.
15	(6)(7) Reasonable library and electronic legal
16	research services, other than a public law library.
17	$\frac{(7)(8)}{(8)}$ Reasonable pretrial consultation fees and
18	costs.
19	Section 60. Section 29.0051, Florida Statutes, is
20	created to read:
21	29.0051 Prosecution expenses for the Office of
22	Statewide Prosecution For purposes of implementing s. 14,
23	Art. V of the State Constitution, the elements of prosecution
24	expenses for the Office of Statewide Prosecution to be
25	provided from state revenues appropriated by general law are
26	as follows:
27	(1) Trial expenses of the staff of the Office of
28	Statewide Prosecution, as determined by general law.
29	(2) Reasonable court reporting and transcription
30	services necessary to meet constitutional or statutory
31	requirements, including the cost of transcribing and copying

2.4

2.8

depositions of witnesses and the cost of foreign language and sign-language interpreters and translators.

(3) Witnesses, including expert witnesses, summoned to appear for an investigation, preliminary hearing, or trial in any criminal case when the witnesses are summoned by a statewide prosecutor, and any other expert witnesses required in a court hearing by law or whom the statewide prosecutor deems necessary for the performance of his or her duties.

Consistent with governing statutory provisions, these expenses shall include witness travel, lodging, and per diem expenses, as well as expert witness fees.

Section 61. Section 29.006, Florida Statutes, as amended by section 42 of chapter 2003-403, Laws of Florida, is amended to read:

29.006 Public defenders and indigent defense costs.--For purposes of implementing s. 14, Art. V of the State Constitution, the elements of the public defenders' offices to be provided from state revenues appropriated by general law are as follows:

- (1) The public defender of each judicial circuit and assistant public defenders and other staff as determined by general law.
- (2) Reasonable court reporting and transcription services necessary to meet constitutional or statutory requirements, including the cost of transcribing and copying depositions of witnesses and the cost of foreign language and sign-language interpreters and translators.
- (3) Witnesses, including expert witnesses, summoned to appear for an investigation, preliminary hearing, or trial in any a criminal case when the witnesses are summoned on behalf of an indigent defendant, and any other expert witnesses

required in a court hearing by law or whomever the public 2 defender deems necessary for the performance of his or her 3 duties approved by the court. 4 (4) Mental health professionals appointed pursuant to 5 s. 394.473 and required in a court hearing involving an 6 indigent, and mental health professionals appointed pursuant 7 to s. 916.115(2) and required in a court hearing involving an 8 indigent. 9 (4) Reasonable transportation services in the performance of constitutional and statutory responsibilities. 10 Motor vehicles provided by counties to public defenders as of 11 12 July 1, 2003, and any additional vehicles provided to public 13 defenders during the 2003-2004 fiscal year shall be transferred by title to the state effective July 1, 2004. 14 (5)(6) Travel expenses reimbursable under s. 112.061 15 reasonably necessary in the performance of constitutional and 16 17 statutory responsibilities. (6)(7) Reasonable library and electronic legal 18 research services, other than a public law library. 19 20 (7) (8) Reasonable pretrial consultation fees and 21 costs. 22 Section 62. Subsections (4), (6), and (7) of section 23 29.007, Florida Statutes, as amended by section 43 of chapter 2003-402, Laws of Florida, are amended to read: 2.4 29.007 Court-appointed counsel.--For purposes of 25 implementing s. 14, Art. V of the State Constitution, the 26 27 elements of court-appointed counsel to be provided from state 2.8 revenues appropriated by general law are as follows: (4) Witnesses, including expert witnesses, summoned to 29 appear for an investigation, preliminary hearing, or trial in 30 a case when the witnesses are summoned on behalf of an

2.4

indigent, and any other expert witnesses required in a court

hearing by law or whomever the private court-appointed

attorney deems necessary for the performance of his or her

duties approved by the court.

- (6) Reasonable pretrial consultation fees and costs \underline{in} accordance with the policies of the respective circuit Article \underline{V} indigent services committees.
- (7) Travel expenses reimbursable under s. 112.061 reasonably necessary in the performance of constitutional and statutory responsibilities and in accordance with the policies of the respective circuit Article V indigent services committees.
- Section 63. Subsections (1) and (3) of section 29.008, Florida Statutes, as amended by section 45 of chapter 2003-402, Laws of Florida, are amended to read:
 - 29.008 County funding of court-related functions.--
- (1) Counties are required by s. 14, Art. V of the State Constitution to fund the cost of communications services, existing radio systems, existing multiagency criminal justice information systems, and the cost of construction or lease, maintenance, utilities, and security of facilities for the circuit and county courts, public defenders' offices, state attorneys' offices, and the offices of the clerks of the circuit and county courts performing court-related functions. For purposes of implementing these requirements, the term:
- (a) "Facility" means reasonable and necessary buildings and space, structures, real estate, easements, and related interests in real estate, including, but not limited to, those for the purpose of housing personnel, equipment, or functions of the circuit or county courts, public defenders'

offices, state attorneys' offices, and court-related functions 2 of the office of the clerks of the circuit and county courts and all storage. The term also includes access to parking for 3 such facilities in connection with such court-related 4 functions that may be available free or from a private 5 provider or a local government for a fee. The office space 7 provided by a county may not be less than the standards for 8 space allotment adopted by the Department of Management Services. County funding must include physical modifications 9 and improvements to all facilities as are required for 10 compliance with the Americans with Disabilities Act. Upon 11 12 mutual agreement of a county and the affected entity in this 13 paragraph, the office space provided by the county may vary from the standards for space allotment adopted by the 14 Department of Management Services. This section applies only 15 to facilities that are leased, or on which construction 16 17 commences, after June 30, 2003. (b)1. "Construction or lease" includes, but is not 18 limited to, all reasonable and necessary costs of the 19 acquisition or lease of facilities, equipment, and furnishings 2.0 21 for all judicial officers, staff, jurors, volunteers of a 22 tenant agency, and the public for the circuit and county 23 courts, the public defenders' offices, state attorneys' offices, Statewide Office of Guardian Ad Litem as was 2.4 provided, at a minimum, during state fiscal year 2003-2004, 2.5 and for performing the court-related functions of the offices 26 27 of the clerks of the circuit and county courts. This includes 2.8 expenses related to financing such facilities and the existing and future cost and bonded indebtedness associated with 29 30 placing the facilities in use.

2.8

- 2. As of July 1, 2005, equipment and furnishings shall be limited to that appropriate and customary for courtrooms, jury facilities, and other public areas in courthouses, including facilities occupied by the courts, state attorneys, and public defenders.
- 3. Equipment and furnishings under this paragraph in existence and owned by counties on July 1, 2005, for areas other than courtrooms, jury facilities, and other public areas in courthouses, including facilities occupied by the courts, state attorneys, and public defenders, and the offices of the clerk of the court, shall be transferred to the state at no charge. This provision does not apply to any telecommunications infrastructure, computer systems, and equipment, including computer hardware and software, modems, printers, wiring, networks, and network connections provided by the county.
- (c) "Maintenance" includes, but is not limited to, all reasonable and necessary costs of custodial and groundskeeping services and renovation and reconstruction as needed to accommodate functions for the circuit and county courts, the public defenders' offices, and state attorneys' offices and for performing the court-related functions of the offices of the clerks of the circuit and county court and for maintaining the facilities in a condition appropriate and safe for the use intended.
- (d) "Utilities" means all electricity services for light, heat, and or power; natural or manufactured gas services for light, heat, and or power; water and wastewater services and systems, stormwater or runoff services and systems, sewer services and systems, all costs or fees associated with these services and systems, and any costs or

2.4

2.8

fees associated with the mitigation of environmental impacts directly related to the facility.

- (e) "Security" includes but is not limited to, all reasonable and necessary costs of services of law enforcement officers or licensed security guards and all electronic, cellular, or digital monitoring and screening devices necessary to ensure the safety and security of all persons visiting or working in a facility; to provide for security of the facility, including protection of property owned by the county or the state; and for security of prisoners brought to any facility. This includes bailiffs while providing courtroom and other security for each judge and other quasi-judicial officers.
- (f) "Communications services" are defined as any reasonable and necessary transmission, emission, and reception of signs, signals, writings, images, and sounds of intelligence of any nature by wire, radio, optical, or other electromagnetic systems and includes all facilities and equipment owned, leased, or used by judges, clerks, public defenders, state attorneys, and all staff of the state courts system, state attorneys' offices, public defenders' offices, and clerks of the circuit and county courts performing court-related functions. Such system or services shall include, but not be limited to:
- 1. Telephone system infrastructure, including computer lines, telephone switching equipment, <u>facsimile machines</u>, <u>wireless communications</u>, <u>cell phones</u>, <u>pagers</u>, <u>video</u> <u>conferencing equipment</u>, <u>line charges</u>, and maintenance. Each county shall continue to provide access to a local carrier for local and long distance service and shall pay <u>toll charges</u> for <u>the</u> local <u>and long distance</u> service. Telephone equipment, <u>not</u>

4

5

7

8

9 10

11 12

13

14

15

16

18

19

2021

22

23

2.4

25

2627

2.8

29

30

<u>defined as telephone infrastructure</u>, including facsimile and video teleconferencing equipment, owned by the counties shall be transferred to the state at no charge, effective July 1, 2004.

- 2. All computer systems and equipment, including computer hardware and software, modems, printers, multi-task equipment that can be used as printers, wiring, networks, network connections, maintenance, support staff or services, including any county-funded support staff located in the offices of the circuit and county courts, state attorneys, and public defenders, training, supplies, and line charges necessary for an integrated computer system to support the operations and management of the state courts system, the offices of the public defenders, the offices of the state attorneys, and the offices of the clerks of the circuit and county courts and the capability to connect those entities and reporting data to the state as required for the transmission of revenue, performance accountability, case management, data collection, budgeting, and auditing purposes. The integrated computer system shall be operational by January 1, 2006, and, at a minimum, must be able to electronically exchange judicial case background, sentencing guidelines and scoresheets, and video evidence information stored in integrated case management systems over secure networks.
 - 3. Courier messenger and subpoena services.
- 4. Auxiliary aids and services for qualified individuals with a disability which are necessary to ensure access to the courts. Such auxiliary aids and services include, but are not limited to, sign-language interpretation for persons for whom the provision of such services may be needed but which services are not required to be provided by

3

4 5

6

7

8

9

10

11 12

13

14

15

16 17

18

19

20

2122

23

2425

2627

2.8

29

30

the state pursuant to s. 29.004, real-time transcription services for individuals who are hearing impaired, and assistive listening devices and the equipment necessary to implement such accommodations.

- (g) "Existing radio systems" includes, but is not limited to, law enforcement radio systems that are used by the circuit and county courts, the offices of the public defenders, the offices of the state attorneys, and for court-related functions of the offices of the clerks of the circuit and county courts. This includes radio systems that were operational or under contract at the time Revision No. 7, 1998, to Art. V of the State Constitution was adopted and any enhancements made thereafter, the maintenance of those systems, and the personnel and supplies necessary for operation.
- "Existing multiagency criminal justice information systems" includes, but is not limited to, those components of the multiagency criminal justice information system as defined in s. 943.045, supporting the offices of the circuit or county courts, the public defenders' offices, the state attorneys' offices, or those portions of the offices of the clerks of the circuit and county courts performing court-related functions that are used to carry out the court-related activities of those entities. This includes upgrades and maintenance of the current equipment, maintenance and upgrades of supporting technology infrastructure and associated staff, and services and expenses to assure continued information sharing and reporting of information to the state. The counties shall also provide additional information technology services, hardware, and software as needed for new judges and staff of the state courts system, state attorneys' offices, public defenders'

1	offices, and the offices of the clerks of the circuit and
2	county courts performing court-related functions.
3	(3) The following shall be considered a local
4	requirement pursuant to subparagraph (2)(a)1.:
5	(a) Legal aid programs funded pursuant to s. 939.18.
6	If the court assesses the additional court cost, the revenue
7	shall be used to fund to the extent possible legal aid
8	programs at a level equal to or greater than the amount
9	provided from filing fees and service charges to legal aid
10	programs during October 1, 2002, to September 30, 2003.
11	Counties with a population of less than 75,000 are exempt from
12	this requirement.
13	(b) Alternative sanctions coordinators pursuant to ss.
14	984.09 and 985.216.
15	(c) Public law libraries reasonably accessible to the
16	public.
17	Section 64. Section 29.0085, Florida Statutes, is
18	created to read:
19	29.0085 Judicial Information Integration Competency
20	Center; steering committee; workgroups
21	(1) JUDICIAL INFORMATION INTEGRATION COMPETENCY
22	CENTER
23	(a) Effective July 1, 2004, there is created the
24	Judicial Information Integration Competency Center, which
25	shall be administratively housed in the Justice Administrative
26	Commission. The center shall consist of a steering committee,
27	a data requirements workgroup, and a data network integration
28	workgroup.
20	
29	(b) The Judicial Information Integration Competency

31 meeting the requirements of s. 29.008(1)(f)2., relating to

1	integrated computer systems that support the operations and
2	management of the state courts system and that provide
3	appropriate legislative reports. The Judicial Information
4	Integration Competency Center shall recommend for the state
5	courts system principles and requirements for minimal
6	horizontal data integration within any given judicial circuit
7	and minimal vertical data integration across judicial circuits
8	and with state entities; standards and protocols needed for
9	data integration; and strategies for achieving statewide
10	vertical data integration. Standards should be recommended for
11	each major type of case processed by the court system,
12	including, but not limited to, criminal, civil, juvenile,
13	probate, mental health, family, drug, and traffic cases.
14	(c) As used in this section, the term "state courts
15	system" means the Supreme Court, district courts of appeal,
16	circuit courts, county courts, offices of public defender,
17	offices of state attorney, and clerks of the circuit court.
18	(2) COMPOSITION AND DUTIES OF THE STEERING
19	COMMITTEE
20	(a) The steering committee shall be composed of seven
21	members as follows:
22	1. The Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, or his or
23	her designee, who shall serve as the chair;
24	2. A state attorney, appointed by the Florida
25	Prosecuting Attorneys Association;
26	3. A public defender, appointed by the Florida Public
27	Defender Association;
28	4. A court clerk, appointed by the Florida Association
29	of Court Clerks;
30	5. A county commissioner, appointed by the Florida
31	Association of Counties;

1	6. A sheriff, appointed by the Florida Sheriff's
2	Association; and
3	7. The Executive Director of the Department of Law
4	Enforcement or his or her designee.
5	(b) Members of the steering committee shall be
6	appointed for 1-year terms, except for an appointment to fill
7	an unexpired term, in which event the appointment shall be for
8	the remainder of the unexpired term. In the case where a
9	member must hold office to be qualified for membership on the
10	steering committee, the member's term on the steering
11	committee shall expire upon failure to maintain the office.
12	(c) The steering committee shall:
13	1. Adopt a charter that defines the major objectives,
14	activities, and deliverables necessary to implement only the
15	requirements of this section.
16	2. Adopt a work process that specifies how information
17	and reports from the workgroups will be collected and how
18	integration issues will be raised for analysis and
19	consideration.
20	3. Define, oversee, and approve the activities and
21	subsequent work products of the data requirements workgroup
22	and the data network integration workgroup.
23	4. Assimilate and review the information and reports
24	of the data requirements workgroup and the data network
25	integration workgroup and provide a comprehensive report with
26	policy, operational, and fiscal recommendations to the
27	Governor, the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the
28	House of Representatives, and the Chief Justice of the Supreme
29	Court by January 1, 2005.
30	(d) The steering committee shall hold its initial
31	meeting no later than July 15, 2004, and shall subsequently

1	meet at the call of the chair. At its initial meeting, the
2	steering committee shall elect a member to serve as vice chair
3	and complete its duties specified in subparagraphs (c)1. and
4	<u>2.</u>
5	(e) Steering committee members shall serve without
6	compensation but are entitled to reimbursement for expenses
7	incurred in carrying out their duties as provided in s.
8	112.061. Members who are public officers shall be reimbursed
9	through the budget entity through which they are compensated.
10	(3) COMPOSITION AND DUTIES OF THE DATA REQUIREMENTS
11	WORKGROUP
12	(a) The data requirements workgroup shall be composed
13	of eighteen members. To the extent possible, members appointed
14	should represent a cross-section of small, medium, and large
15	judicial circuits and court divisions, should be knowledgeable
16	concerning applicable business functions and related data
17	processing requirements, and shall be appointed as follows:
18	1. The Chief Justice of the Supreme Court shall
19	appoint three members;
20	2. The Florida Prosecuting Attorneys Association shall
21	appoint three members;
22	3. The Florida Public Defender Association shall
23	appoint three members;
24	4. The Florida Association of Court Clerks shall
25	appoint three members;
26	5. The Florida Association of Counties shall appoint
27	three members; and
28	6. The Florida Sheriff's Association shall appoint
29	three members.
30	(b) Members of the data requirements workgroup shall
31	be appointed for 1-year terms, except for an appointment to

fill an unexpired term, in which event the appointment shall 2 be for the remainder of the unexpired term. In the case where a member must hold office to be qualified for membership, the 3 4 member's term shall expire upon failure to maintain the 5 office. 6 (c) The data requirements workgroup shall be responsible for identifying the minimum data elements needed 8 by all state court system entities to conduct business transactions and the security and access requirements needed 9 10 to achieve horizontal intracircuit data integration and vertical statewide data integration. For purposes of the 11 workgroup's efforts, integration shall be defined to mean 12 13 providing authorized users of the state courts system, the Legislature, and agencies within the executive branch access 14 to data reasonably required for performing official duties, 15 regardless of where that data is maintained. Such access must 16 comply with all federal and state laws defining and 18 establishing the access restrictions relating to such data, including confidentiality requirements and security protocols 19 and standards. However, the workgroup may recommend changes to 2.0 21 such state laws as deemed necessary to comply with the 2.2 requirements of this section. 23 (d) The data requirements workgroup shall consider how existing systems or strategies implemented to date or being 2.4 implemented may be used to facilitate the sharing of data 2.5 within the state courts system and to meet legislative 26 reporting requirements. Such existing systems or strategies 2.7 2.8 may include, but are not limited to: 29 1. The summary reporting system established pursuant 30 to s. 25.075;

1	2. The traffic citation accounting and transmission
2	system established pursuant to s. 318.18;
3	3. The offender-based transaction system established
4	pursuant to s. 943.05;
5	4. Case management systems, such as the clerks of
6	court comprehensive case information system and the public
7	defenders and state attorneys STAC system; and
8	5. Case management information systems developed by
9	the judicial circuits or counties.
10	(e) The data requirements workgroup shall provide to
11	the steering committee its recommendations based upon the
12	following schedule:
13	1. By October 31, 2004, those requirements of the
14	state courts system identified by the courts, the public
15	defenders, the state attorneys, the clerks of the court, the
16	counties, and the sheriffs; and
17	2. By December 1, 2004, those requirements of state
18	agencies identified by such agencies, including, but not
19	limited to, the Department of Law Enforcement, the Department
20	of Corrections, the Department of Children and Family
21	Services, the Department of Juvenile Justice, and the
22	Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles.
23	(f) Members of the data requirements workgroup shall
24	serve without compensation but are entitled to reimbursement
25	for expenses incurred in carrying out their duties as provided
26	in s. 112.061. Members who are public officers shall be
27	reimbursed through the budget entity through which they are
28	compensated.
29	(4) COMPOSITION AND DUTIES OF THE DATA NETWORK
30	INTEGRATION WORKGROUP
31	

1	(a) The data network integration workgroup shall be
2	composed of eighteen members. To the extent possible, members
3	appointed should represent a cross-section of small, medium,
4	and large judicial circuits and court divisions; be
5	knowledgeable concerning information system networks and
6	infrastructure within his or her judicial circuit; and be
7	appointed as follows:
8	1. The Chief Justice of the Supreme Court shall
9	appoint three members;
10	2. The Florida Prosecuting Attorneys Association shall
11	appoint three members;
12	3. The Florida Public Defender Association shall
13	appoint three members;
14	4. The Florida Association of Court Clerks shall
15	appoint three members;
16	5. The Florida Association of Counties shall appoint
17	three members; and
18	6. The Florida Sheriff's Association shall appoint
19	three members.
20	(b) Members of the data network integration workgroup
21	shall be appointed for 1-year terms, except for an appointment
22	to fill an unexpired term, in which event the appointment
23	shall be for the remainder of the unexpired term. In the case
24	where a member must hold office to be qualified for
25	membership, the member's term shall expire upon failure to
26	maintain the office.
27	(c) The data network integration workgroup shall be
28	responsible for defining the minimal network standards,
29	protocols, and processes that will provide for secure
30	horizontal intracircuit and vertical statewide transfer and
31	exchange of state courts system data and legislative reporting

30

31

1	data, including the minimal capacities required for such
2	transmissions.
3	(d) The data network integration workgroup shall
4	consider the network standards, protocols, and processes that
5	have been defined by the Florida Criminal Justice Intranet
6	Service Network pursuant to s. 943.08, the state courts
7	system, and other entities involved in the administration of
8	justice, and shall address the network needs of each of the
9	court system entities, including access and security
10	requirements for all authorized users. The workgroup shall
11	consider standards, protocols, and processes that integrate
12	disparate network systems using open standards and data
13	warehouse and middleware connectivity strategies such that
14	existing networks can be maintained and leveraged.
15	(e) The data network integration workgroup shall
16	submit to the steering committee, no later than December 1,
17	2004, recommendations on network integration standards,
18	protocols, and processes that allows for the horizontal
19	intracircuit and the vertical statewide transfer and exchange
20	of data.
21	(f) Members of the data network integration workgroup
22	shall serve without compensation, but are entitled to
23	reimbursement for expenses incurred in carrying out their
24	duties as provided in s. 112.061. Members who are public
25	officers shall be reimbursed through the budget entity through
26	which they are compensated.
27	(5) LIMITATION ON RULES OR ORDERS During the
28	existence of the Judicial Information Integration Competency

precedence over the provisions of this section as they relate

Center, no judicial rule or administrative order shall take

1	to the development, implementation, or operation of the
2	integrated computer systems required pursuant to s. 29.008.
3	(6) ADMINISTRATION Subject to the limits of specific
4	appropriations made for this purpose, the steering committee
5	shall be staffed by the Justice Administrative Commission to
6	assist the steering committee and workgroups to effectively
7	and timely carry out their duties and responsibilities. Such
8	staff, or contracted consultants, shall be administratively
9	housed within or contractually administered by the Justice
10	Administrative Commission, but shall work at the direction of
11	the steering committee.
12	Section 65. The sum of \$500,000 is appropriated to the
13	Justice Administrative Commission on a nonrecurring basis for
14	the 2004-2005 fiscal year from the General Revenue Fund and
15	three additional positions are authorized for the Justice
16	Administrative Commission for the purposes of staffing and
17	paying the expenses of the Judicial Information Integration
18	Competency Center. These appropriated funds may be used to
19	hire staff or consultants to work at the sole direction of the
20	steering committee. If consultants are hired such that all or
21	none of the positions authorized in this section are filled,
22	the Executive Office of the Governor shall place the unused
23	positions in mandatory reserve.
24	Section 66. Subsection (1) of section 29.016, Florida
25	Statutes, is amended to read:
26	29.016 Contingency fund; judicial branch
27	(1) An appropriation may be provided in the General
28	Appropriations Act for the judicial branch to serve as a
29	contingency fund to alleviate deficits in contracted due
30	process services appropriation categories which, including

31 private court appointed counsel categories, that may occur

2.4

2.8

from time to time due to extraordinary events that lead to unexpected expenditures.

Section 67. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 34.01, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

34.01 Jurisdiction of county court.--

- (1) County courts shall have original jurisdiction:
- (a) In all misdemeanor cases not cognizable by the circuit courts;
- (b) Of all violations of municipal and county ordinances; and

manner as provided in s. 28.241.

- (c) Of all actions at law in which the matter in controversy does not exceed the sum of \$15,000, exclusive of interest, costs, and attorney's fees, except those within the exclusive jurisdiction of the circuit courts. The party instituting any civil action, suit, or proceeding pursuant to this paragraph where the amount in controversy is in excess of \$5,000 shall pay to the clerk of the county court the filing fees and service charges in the same amounts and in the same
- previously exercised by county judges' courts other than that vested in the circuit court by s. 26.012, except that county court judges may hear matters involving dissolution of marriage under the simplified dissolution procedure pursuant to the Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Rule 1.611(c), Florida Rules of Civil Procedure or may issue a final order for dissolution in cases where the matter is uncontested, and the jurisdiction previously exercised by county courts, the claims court, small claims courts, small claims magistrates courts, magistrates courts, justice of the peace courts, municipal courts, and courts of chartered counties, including

1	but not limited to the counties referred to in ss. 9, 10, 11,
2	and 24, Art. VIII of the State Constitution of 1885.
3	Section 68. Section 34.041, Florida Statutes, as
4	amended by section 52 of chapter 2003-402, Laws of Florida, is
5	amended to read:
6	34.041 Filing <u>and appearance</u> fees
7	(1)(a) Upon the institution of any civil action, suit,
8	or proceeding in county court, the party shall clerk of court
9	may require the plaintiff, when filing an action or
10	proceeding, to pay the following filing fee, not to exceed:
11	<u>1.(a)</u> For all claims less than \$100\$50.
12	2.(b) For all claims of \$100 or more but not more than
13	\$500\$75.
14	$\frac{3.(c)}{c}$ For all claims of more than \$500 but not more
15	than \$2,500\$150.
16	$\frac{4.(d)}{d}$ For all claims of more than \$2,500\$250.
17	$\frac{5.(e)}{}$ In addition, for all proceedings of garnishment,
18	attachment, replevin, and distress\$75.
19	6.(f) For removal of tenant action\$75.
20	(b) The first \$50 of the filing fee collected under
21	subparagraph $(1)(a)4$. paragraph (d) shall be remitted to the
22	Department of Revenue for deposit into the General Revenue
23	Fund. One-third of any filing fees collected by the clerk
24	under <u>this section</u> paragraph (d) in excess of the first \$50
25	collected under subparagraph (1)(a)4. shall be remitted to the
26	Department of Revenue for deposit into the Department of
27	Revenue Clerks of the Court Trust Fund. An additional filing
28	fee of \$4 shall be paid to the clerk. The clerk shall transfer
29	\$3.50 to the Department of Revenue for deposit into the Court
30	Education Trust Fund and shall transfer 50 cents to the Clerk
31	of Court Operations Conference to fund clerk education.

2.8

(c) Postal charges incurred by the clerk of the county court in making service by mail on defendants or other parties shall be paid by the party at whose instance service is made. Except as provided herein, filing fees and service charges for performing duties of the clerk relating to the county court shall be as provided in s. ss. 28.24 and 28.241. Except as otherwise provided herein, all filing fees shall be retained as fee income of the office of the clerk of circuit court. Filing fees imposed by this section may not be added to any penalty imposed by chapter 316 or chapter 318.

(2) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, a board of county commissioners that imposed by ordinance increased fees or service charges under s. 28.2401, s. 28.241, or this section for the purpose of securing payment of the principal of and interest on bonds issued by the county before July 1, 2003, to finance state court facilities may impose by ordinance a surcharge of up to \$30 in excess of the fees or service charges set forth in this section. Such surcharge shall not be waived by the court. Revenue from the surcharge shall be used to pay the principal of and interest on the bonds until the date of stated maturity. The bonds may be refunded only if:

- 1. Savings will be realized on payments of debt service; and
- 2. The refunding bonds are scheduled to mature on the same date or before the bonds being refunded.
- (3) Except as provided in s. 28.345, a party reopening any civil action, suit, or proceeding in the county court shall pay to the clerk of court a filing fee set by the clerk in an amount not to exceed \$50. For purposes of this section, a case is reopened when a case previously reported as disposed

1	of is resubmitted to a court and includes petitions for
2	modification of a final judgment of dissolution. A party is
3	exempt from paying the fee for any of the following:
4	1. Writ of Garnishment;
5	2. Writ of Replevin;
6	3. Distress Writ;
7	4. Writ of Attachment;
8	5. Motion for rehearing filed within 10 days;
9	6. Motion for attorney's fees filed within 30 days of
10	the entry of the judgment or final order;
11	7. Motion for dismissal filed after a mediation
12	agreement has been filed;
13	8. Disposition of personal property without
14	administration;
15	9. Any probate case prior to the discharge of a
16	personal representative;
17	10. Any quardianship pleading prior to discharge;
18	11. Any mental health pleading;
19	12. Motions to withdraw by attorneys;
20	13. Motions exclusively for the enforcement of child
21	support orders;
22	14. Petition for credit of child support;
23	15. Stipulations;
24	16. Responsive pleadings; or
25	17. Cases in which there is no initial filing fee.
26	$\frac{(4)(2)}{(2)}$ If a party $\frac{fails}{(2)}$ shall fail to pay accrued
27	costs, though able to do so, the judge may shall have power to
28	deny that party the right to file any new case while such
29	costs remain unpaid and, likewise, to deny such litigant the
30	right to proceed further in any case pending.
31	

2.8

(5)(3) In criminal proceedings in county courts, costs shall be taxed against a person in county court upon conviction or estreature pursuant to chapter 939.

(6)(4) Upon the institution of any appellate proceeding from the county court to the circuit court, including appeals filed by a county or municipality, the clerk shall charge and collect there shall be charged and collected from the party or parties instituting the such appellate proceedings, including appeals filed by a county or municipality, filing fees as provided in s. 28.241 chapter 28.

(7)(5) A charge or a fee may not be imposed upon a party for responding by pleading, motion, or other paper to a civil or criminal action, suit, or proceeding in a county court or to an appeal to the circuit court.

(8)(6) For purposes of this section, the term "party" "plaintiff" includes a county or municipality filing any civil action.

(9) From each attorney appearing pro hac vice, the clerk must collect a fee of \$100 for deposit into the General Revenue Fund.

Section 69. Section 34.191, Florida Statutes, as amended by section 56 of chapter 2003-402, Laws of Florida, is amended to read:

34.191 Fines and forfeitures.--All fines and forfeitures arising from offenses tried in the county court shall be collected and accounted for by the clerk of the court. All fines and forfeitures received from violations of municipal ordinances committed within a municipality within the territorial jurisdiction of the county court shall be paid monthly to the municipality except as provided in s. 318.21 or s. 943.25. All other fines and forfeitures collected by the

1	clerk shall be considered income of the office of the clerk
2	for use in performing court-related duties of the office. The
3	clerk of court or the governing body of the municipality, as
4	appropriate, may pursue the collection of any of the unpaid
5	financial obligations to which it is entitled which remain
6	unpaid for 90 days or more, or refer such collection to a
7	private attorney who is a member in good standing of The
8	Florida Bar or collection agent who is registered and in good
9	standing pursuant to chapter 559. In pursuing the collection
10	of such unpaid financial obligations through a private
11	attorney or collection agent, the clerk of court or the
12	governing body of the municipality, as appropriate, must
13	determine this is cost-effective and follow applicable
14	procurement practices. The cost of collection, including a
15	reasonable attorney's fee, may be recovered by adding the cost
16	and fee to the balance owed, except that such fee and cost may
17	not exceed 40 percent of the balance owed.
18	Section 70. Section 35.22, Florida Statutes, is
19	amended to read:
20	35.22 Clerk of district court; appointment;
21	compensation; assistants; filing and appearance fees;
22	teleconferencing
23	(1) Each district court of appeal shall appoint a
24	clerk who shall be paid an annual salary to be determined in
25	accordance with s. 25.382.
26	(2) The clerk is authorized to employ such deputies
27	and clerical assistants as may be necessary. Their number and

(3) The clerk, upon the filing of a certified copy of

28 compensation shall be approved by the court, and paid from the

29 annual appropriation for the district courts of appeal.

31 a notice of appeal or petition, shall charge and collect a

30

2.4

2.8

filing fee service charge of \$350\$250 for each case docketed, and for copying, certifying or furnishing opinions, records, papers or other instruments and for other services the same service charges as provided in s. 28.24. The State of Florida or its agencies, when appearing as appellant or petitioner, is exempt from the filing fee required in this subsection. From each attorney appearance pro hac vice, the clerk must collect a fee of \$100 for deposit as provided in this section.

- (4) The opinions of the district court of appeal shall not be recorded, but the original as filed shall be preserved with the record in each case.
- is disposed of, to supply the judge who tried the case and from whose order, judgment, or decree, appeal or other review is taken, a copy of all opinions, orders, or judgments filed in such case. Copies of opinions, orders, and decrees shall be furnished in all cases to each attorney of record and for publication in Florida reports to the authorized publisher without charge, and copies furnished to other law book publishers at one-half the regular statutory fee.
- (6) The clerk of each district court of appeal is required to deposit all fees collected in the State Treasury to the credit of the General Revenue Fund, except that \$100 of each \$350 filing fee collected shall be deposited into the state courts' Grants and Donations Trust Fund to fund court improvement projects as authorized in the General Appropriations Act. The clerk shall retain an accounting of each such remittance.
- (7) The clerk of the district court of appeal is authorized to collect a fee from the parties to an appeal reflecting the actual cost of conducting the proceeding

through teleconferencing where the parties have requested that 2 an oral argument or mediation be conducted through teleconferencing. The fee collected for this purpose shall be 3 used to offset the expenses associated with scheduling the 4 teleconference and shall be deposited in the 5 Mediation/Arbitration Trust Fund. 7 Section 71. Section 40.29, Florida Statutes, as amended by section 62 of chapter 2003-402, Laws of Florida, is 8 amended to read: 9 10 40.29 Payment of Clerks to make estimates and requisitions for certain due process costs. --11 12 (1)(a) The clerk of the circuit court, on behalf of 13 the courts, the state attorney and public defender shall forward to the Justice Administrative Commission, by county, a 14 quarterly estimate of funds necessary to pay for witnesses, 15 except for expert witnesses paid pursuant to a contract or 16 17 other professional services agreement pursuant to ss. 29.005 18 and 29.006. 19 (b) Each clerk of the circuit court shall forward to the Office of State Courts Administrator, by county, a 2.0 21 quarterly estimate of funds necessary to pay juror 2.2 compensation. The clerk of the court in and for any county 23 shall make an estimate of the amount necessary during any quarterly fiscal period beginning July 1 and during each 2.4 2.5 succeeding quarterly fiscal period for the payment by the 26 state of juror compensation and expenses; court reporter, 27 interpreter, and translator services; witnesses, including 2.8 expert witnesses; mental health professionals; and private 29 court appointed counsel, each in accordance with the applicable requirements of ss. 29.005, 29.006, and 29.007. The 30

clerk of such court shall forward each such estimate to the

2.4

2.5

2.8

Justice Administrative Commission no later than the date scheduled by the Justice Administrative Commission. At the time of any forwarding of such estimate, the clerk of such court shall make a requisition upon the Justice Administrative Commission for the amount of such estimate; and the Justice Administrative Commission may reduce the amount upon finding that the costs are unreasonable, inconsistent with applicable contractual terms, or inconsistent with compensation standards established by general law.

- (2) Upon receipt of an estimate pursuant to subsection (1), the Justice Administrative Commission or Office of State Courts Administrator, as applicable, shall endorse the amount deemed necessary for payment by the clerk of the court during the quarterly fiscal period and shall submit a request for payment to the Chief Financial Officer. The provisions of chapter 82 176, Laws of Florida, shall take effect July 1, 1982, except that those provisions which provide for the state assumption of witness fees which are currently paid by the counties shall take effect on a date determined by the appropriation of funds for this purpose.
- (3) Upon receipt of the funds from the Chief Financial Officer, the clerk of the court shall pay all invoices approved and submitted by the state attorney, public defender, and circuit court administrator for the items enumerated in paragraphs (1)(a) and (b).
- (4) After review for compliance with the rates and requirements set by the circuit Article V indigent services committees, the Article V Indigent Services Advisory Board, and other applicable general laws, the Justice Administrative Commission shall pay all due process service related invoices, except those enumerated in paragraphs (1)(a) and (b), approved

and submitted by the state attorney, public defender, or court 2 appointed counsel in accordance with the applicable requirements of ss. 29.005, 29.006, and 29.007. 3 Section 72. Section 40.32, Florida Statutes, is 4 amended to read: 5 6 40.32 Clerks to disburse money. -- All moneys drawn from the treasury under the provisions of this chapter by the clerk 8 of the court shall be disbursed by the clerk of the court as far as needed in payment of jurors and witnesses, except for 9 expert witnesses paid pursuant to a contract or other 10 professional services agreement pursuant to ss. 29.004, 11 29.005, 29.006, and 29.007, for the legal compensation for 12 13 service during the quarterly fiscal period for which said moneys were drawn and for no other purposes. Jurors and 14 witnesses shall be paid by the clerk of the court either in 15 cash or by warrant within 20 days after completion of jury 16 service or of completion of service as a witness. Whenever the 18 clerk of the court pays a juror or witness by cash, said juror or witness shall sign the payroll in the presence of the 19 clerk, a deputy clerk, or some other person designated by the 20 clerk. Whenever the clerk pays a juror or witness by warrant, 2.1 22 he or she shall endorse on the payroll opposite the juror's or 23 witness's name the words "Paid by warrant," giving the number and date of the warrant. 2.4 Section 73. Section 44.108, Florida Statutes, as 25 26 amended by section 66 of chapter 2003-402, Laws of Florida, is 27 amended to read: 2.8 44.108 Funding of mediation and arbitration. --29 (1) Mediation should be accessible to all parties regardless of financial status. In addition to other fees, 30 fines, service charges, and costs levied by law, a filing fee

2.4

2.8

of \$1 is levied on all proceedings in the circuit or county courts to fund mediation and arbitration services which are the responsibility of the Supreme Court pursuant to the provisions of s. 44.106. The clerk of the court shall forward the moneys collected to the Department of Revenue for deposit in the state courts' Mediation and Arbitration Trust Fund.

(2) Fees for mediation services provided by the state in the county or counties of the circuit shall be set by the Trial Court Budget Commission in accordance with the quidelines adopted by the Supreme Court. Any such fees collected by the clerk of court, after deduction of a \$1 per fee assessment, shall be forwarded to the Department of Revenue for deposit in the state courts' Mediation and Arbitration Trust Fund for the specific purpose of funding the costs of providing mediation services. Such funds shall be allocated to the circuits in the amounts collected by the circuit to supplement the costs of providing such services.

Section 74. Subsection (1) of section 45.031, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

45.031 Judicial sales procedure.--In any sale of real or personal property under an order or judgment, the following procedure may be followed as an alternative to any other sale procedure if so ordered by the court:

(1) SALE BY CLERK.--In the order or final judgment, the court shall direct the clerk to sell the property at public sale on a specified day that shall be not less than 20 days or more than 35 days after the date thereof, on terms and conditions specified in the order or judgment. A sale may be held more than 35 days after the date of final judgment or order if the plaintiff or plaintiff's attorney consents to such time. Any sale held more than 35 days after the final

- judgment or order shall not affect the validity or finality of the final judgment or order or any sale held pursuant thereto. Notice of sale shall be published once a week for 2 consecutive weeks in a newspaper of general circulation, as defined in chapter 50, published in the county where the sale is to be held. The second publication shall be at least 5 days before the sale. The notice shall contain:
 - (a) A description of the property to be sold.
 - (b) The time and place of sale.
 - $\,$ (c) A statement that the sale will be made pursuant to the order or final judgment.
- 12 (d) The caption of the action.
 - (e) The name of the clerk making the sale.

16

18

19 20

21

22

23

2.4

2526

27

2.8

29

30

8

9

10

11

The clerk shall receive a service charge of <u>up to \$60\$40</u> for services in making, recording, and certifying the sale and title that shall be assessed as costs. The court, in its discretion, may enlarge the time of the sale. Notice of the changed time of sale shall be published as provided herein.

Section 75. Section 50.0711, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

(1) The clerk of the court in each county is authorized to establish a court docket fund for the purpose of paying the cost of publication of the fact of the filing of any civil case in the circuit court of its county by the style and of the calendar relating to such cases. This court docket fund shall be funded by a service charge of \$1 added to the filing fee for all civil actions, suits, or proceedings filed in the circuit court of the subject county. The clerk shall maintain such funds separate and apart, and the aforesaid fee shall not be diverted to any other fund or for any purpose

7

8

9 10

11

15

16

18

19 20

21

22

23

2.4

2.5

2627

2.8

other than that established herein. The clerk of the court
shall dispense the fund to the designated record newspaper in
the county on a quarterly basis.

(2) A newspaper qualified under the terms of s. 50.011
shall be designated as the record newspaper for such

- publication by an order of the majority of the judges in the judicial circuit in which the subject county is located and such order shall be filed and recorded with the clerk of the circuit court for the subject county. The designated record newspaper may be changed at the end of any fiscal year of the county by a majority vote of the judges of the judicial
- circuit of the county so ordering 30 days prior to the end of
 the fiscal year, notice of which order shall be given to the
 previously designated record newspaper.
 - (3) The publishers of any designated record newspapers receiving payment from this court docket fund shall publish, without additional charge, the fact of the filing of any civil case, suit, or action filed in the subject county of the circuit. Such publication shall be in accordance with a schedule agreed upon between the record newspaper and the clerk of the court in the subject county.
 - (4) The publishers of any designated newspapers receiving the court docket fund established in subsection (1) shall, without charge, accept legal advertisements for the purpose of service of process by publication under s.

 49.011(4), (10), and (11) when such publication is required of persons authorized to proceed as indigent persons under s.

 57.081.
- Section 76. Subsection (5) of section 55.10, Florida

 Statutes, as amended by section 68 of chapter 2003-402, Laws

 of Florida, is amended to read:

3

4 5

8

9

10

11 12

13

14

15

16

18

19

2021

22

23

2.4

2.5

2627

29

30

55.10 Judgments, orders, and decrees; lien of all, generally; extension of liens; transfer of liens to other security.--

(5) Any lien claimed under this section may be transferred, by any person having an interest in the real property upon which the lien is imposed or the contract under which the lien is claimed, from such real property to other security by either depositing in the clerk's office a sum of money or filing in the clerk's office a bond executed as surety by a surety insurer licensed to do business in this state. Such deposit or bond shall be in an amount equal to the amount demanded in such claim of lien plus interest thereon at the legal rate for 3 years plus \$500 to apply on any court costs which may be taxed in any proceeding to enforce said lien. Such deposit or bond shall be conditioned to pay any judgment, order, or decree which may be rendered for the satisfaction of the lien for which such claim of lien was recorded and costs plus \$500 for court costs. Upon such deposit being made or such bond being filed, the clerk shall make and record a certificate showing the transfer of the lien from the real property to the security and mail a copy thereof by registered or certified mail to the lienor named in the claim of lien so transferred, at the address stated therein. Upon the filing of the certificate of transfer, the real property shall thereupon be released from the lien claimed, and such lien shall be transferred to said security. The clerk shall be entitled to a service charge fee of up to \$15 for making and serving the certificate. If the transaction involves the transfer of multiple liens, an additional charge of up to \$7.50 for each additional lien shall be charged. Any number of liens may be transferred to one such security.

Section 77. Subsection (2) of section 55.141, Florida 2 Statutes, as amended by section 69 of chapter 2003-402, Laws of Florida, is amended to read: 3 55.141 Satisfaction of judgments and decrees; duties 4 5 of clerk and judge .--6 (2) Upon such payment, the clerk, or the judge if 7 there is no clerk, shall issue his or her receipt therefor and 8 shall record a satisfaction of judgment, provided by the judgment holder, upon payment of the recording charge 9 prescribed in $\underline{s. 28.24(15)}$ $\underline{s. 28.24(12)}$ plus the necessary 10 costs of mailing to the clerk or judge. The clerk or judge 11 12 shall formally notify the owner of record of such judgment or 13 decree, if such person and his or her address are known to the clerk or judge receiving such payment, and, upon request 14 therefor, shall pay over to the person entitled, or to his or 15 her order, the full amount of the payment so received, less 16 his or her service charge fees for providing a receipt upon the court issuing a writ of execution on such judgment or 18 decree, if any has been issued, and less his or her service 19 charge fees for receiving into and paying out of the registry 20 21 of the court such payment, together with the service charge 22 fees of the clerk for receiving into and paying such money out 23 of the registry of the court. Section 78. Section 55.312, Florida Statutes, is 2.4 created to read: 25 55.312 Service charge on certain money judgments and 26 27 settlement agreements. --28 (1)(a) A service charge equal to one-tenth of 1 percent of the amount of each money judgment or settlement 29 agreement in excess of \$100,000 entered by a circuit court in 30 this state in any civil action for damages, other than an

2.2

2.4

2.5

action for dissolution of marriage, shall be collected by and paid to the clerk of the court in the circuit where the action was filed. The service charge shall not apply to settlements reached at or before final pretrial conference.

- (b) By agreement of the parties, the service charge may be paid by any party or allocated to more than one party; however, if there is no agreement among the parties as to which party shall pay the service charge, the responsibility to pay it falls equally on each party to the action pro rata. The payment of the service charge shall be made at the time the payment or settlement is paid. If the parties enter into a confidential settlement, the amount of the settlement may be disclosed by the parties to the court, in camera, in order for the service charge to be assessed.
- (2) The service charge imposed by this section shall be used to offset the general expense of the Florida Access to Civil Legal Assistance Act, ss. 68.094-68.105. The service charge does not apply if the paying party is a state or local governmental agency.
- (3) The clerk of the court shall remit the service charge receipts collected under this section to the Department of Revenue. The Department of Revenue shall deposit the first \$5 million received each year into the Grants and Donations

 Trust Fund of the Department of Community Affairs to fund access to civil legal assistance as provided in subsection

 (2), and the Department of Revenue shall deposit any excess into the General Revenue Fund.
- 28 (4) The Department of Revenue shall adopt rules
 29 qoverning the assessment, collection, and periodic remittance
 30 of the service charge to the department, and the required
 31 forms and procedures. The department shall collect any service

8

9 10

11 12

13

14

15

16 17

18

19

2021

22

23

2.4

2.5

2627

2.8

29

1	charge if the department determines, upon investigation, that
2	the charge was due but not timely remitted to the department.
3	The rules shall require that remittance be made to the
4	department within 30 days after the charge is collected by the
5	clerk.

- (5) An attorney licensed to practice in this state may not disburse any proceeds to a client in a civil case, mediation, or arbitration to which the service charge applies unless the attorney or the trial court provides for the assessment, allocation, and remittance of the applicable pro rata share of the service charge.
- (6) Any party who fails to remit the service charge assessed pursuant to this section within 90 days after the date of the assessment commits a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
- (7) Before February 1 of each year, the Department of
 Revenue shall report in writing to the President of the Senate
 and the Speaker of the House of Representatives the dollar
 amount of remittances received by the department in the prior
 calendar year, by county.
- Section 79. Section 57.085, Florida Statutes, as amended by section 72 of chapter 2003-402, Laws of Florida, is amended to read:
 - 57.085 <u>Deferral</u> Waiver of prepayment of court costs and fees for indigent prisoners.--
 - (1) For the purposes of this section, the term "prisoner" means a person who has been convicted of a crime and is incarcerated for that crime or who is being held in custody pending extradition or sentencing.
- (2) When a prisoner who is intervening in or initiating a judicial proceeding seeks to defer the prepayment

2.4

2.5

2627

2.8

29

30

of court costs and fees because of indigence, the prisoner must file an affidavit of indigence with the appropriate clerk of the court. The affidavit must contain complete information 3 about the prisoner's identity; the nature and amount of the 4 prisoner's income; all real property owned by the prisoner; 5 all tangible and intangible property worth more than \$100 7 which is owned by the prisoner; the amount of cash held by the 8 prisoner; the balance of any checking, savings, or money market account held by the prisoner; the prisoner's 9 dependents, including their names and ages; the prisoner's 10 debts, including the name of each creditor and the amount owed 11 12 to each creditor; and the prisoner's monthly expenses. The 13 prisoner must certify in the affidavit whether the prisoner has been adjudicated indigent under this section, certified 14 indigent under s. 57.081, or authorized to proceed as an 15 indigent under 28 U.S.C. s. 1915 by a federal court. The 16 prisoner must attach to the affidavit a photocopy of the 18 prisoner's trust account records for the preceding 6 months or for the length of the prisoner's incarceration, whichever 19 period is shorter. The affidavit must contain the following 20 21 statements: "I am unable to pay court costs and fees. Under 22 penalty of perjury, I swear or affirm that all statements in 23 this affidavit are true and complete."

- (3) Before a prisoner may receive a deferral of prepayment of any court costs and fees for an action brought under this section, the clerk of court must review the affidavit and certify the prisoner is indigent.
- (4) When the clerk has issued a certificate of indigence under this section but concludes the prisoner is able to pay part of the court costs and fees required by law, the court shall order the prisoner to make, prior to service

2.4

2.8

of process, an initial partial payment of those court costs and fees. The initial partial payment must total at least 20 percent of the average monthly balance of the prisoner's trust account for the preceding 6 months or for the length of the prisoner's incarceration, whichever period is shorter.

- (5) When the clerk has issued a certificate of indigence under this section, the court shall order the prisoner to make monthly payments of no less than 20 percent of the balance of the prisoner's trust account as payment of court costs and fees. When a court orders such payment, the Department of Corrections or the local detention facility shall place a lien on the inmate's trust account for the full amount of the court costs and fees, and shall withdraw money maintained in that trust account and forward the money, when the balance exceeds \$10, to the appropriate clerk of the court until the prisoner's court costs and fees are paid in full.
- (6) Before an indigent prisoner may intervene in or initiate any judicial proceeding, the court must review the prisoner's claim to determine whether it is legally sufficient to state a cause of action for which the court has jurisdiction and may grant relief. The court shall dismiss all or part of an indigent prisoner's claim which:
- (a) Fails to state a claim for which relief may be granted;
- (b) Seeks monetary relief from a defendant who is immune from such relief;
- (c) Seeks relief for mental or emotional injury where there has been no related allegation of a physical injury; or
- (d) Is frivolous $\underline{\text{or}}_7$ malicious, or reasonably appears to be intended to harass one or more named defendants.

3

4

5

7

8

9

10

11 12

13

14

15

1617

18

19

2021

22

23

2.4

25

2627

2.8

- been adjudicated indigent under this section, certified indigent under s. 57.081, or authorized to proceed as an indigent under 28 U.S.C. s. 1915 by a federal court may not be adjudicated indigent to pursue a new suit, action, claim, proceeding, or appeal without first obtaining leave of court. In a request for leave of court, the prisoner must provide a complete listing of each suit, action, claim, proceeding, or appeal brought by the prisoner or intervened in by the prisoner in any court or other adjudicatory forum in the preceding 5 years. The prisoner must attach to a request for leave of court a copy of each complaint, petition, or other document purporting to commence a lawsuit and a record of disposition of the proceeding.
- (8) In any judicial proceeding in which a certificate of indigence has been issued to a prisoner, the court may at any time dismiss the prisoner's action, in whole or in part, upon a finding that:
- (a) The prisoner's claim of indigence is false or misleading;
- (b) The prisoner provided false or misleading information regarding another judicial or administrative proceeding in which the prisoner was a party;
- (c) The prisoner failed to pay court costs and fees under this section despite having the ability to pay; or
- (d) The prisoner's action or a portion of the action is frivolous or malicious.
- (9) In determining whether an action is frivolous or malicious, the court may consider whether:
- 30 (a) The prisoner's claim has no arguable basis in law 31 or fact;

- (b) The prisoner's claim reasonably appears intended solely to harass a party filed against;
- (c) The prisoner's claim is substantially similar to a previous claim in that it involves the same parties or arises from the same operative facts as a previous claim;
- (d) The prisoner's claim has little likelihood of success on its merits; or
- (e) The allegations of fact in the prisoner's claim are fanciful or not credible.
- 10 (10) This section does not apply to a criminal proceeding or a collateral criminal proceeding.
 - Section 80. Paragraph (b) of subsection (6) of section 61.14, Florida Statutes, as amended by section 73 of chapter 2003-402, Laws of Florida, is amended to read:
 - 61.14 Enforcement and modification of support, maintenance, or alimony agreements or orders.--

17 (6)

2

3

4

5 6

7

8

9

12

13

14

15 16

18

19

20 21

22

23

2.4

2.5

26

- (b)1. When an obligor is 15 days delinquent in making a payment or installment of support and the amount of the delinquency is greater than the periodic payment amount ordered by the court, the local depository shall serve notice on the obligor informing him or her of:
 - a. The delinquency and its amount.
- b. An impending judgment by operation of law against him or her in the amount of the delinquency and all other amounts which thereafter become due and are unpaid, together with costs and a fee of up to \$7.50\$, for failure to pay the amount of the delinquency.
- 29 c. The obligor's right to contest the impending 30 judgment and the ground upon which such contest can be made.

- d. The local depository's authority to release information regarding the delinquency to one or more credit reporting agencies.
- 2. The local depository shall serve the notice by mailing it by first class mail to the obligor at his or her last address of record with the local depository. If the obligor has no address of record with the local depository, service shall be by publication as provided in chapter 49.
- 3. When service of the notice is made by mail, service is complete on the date of mailing.
- Section 81. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 61.181, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 61.181 Depository for alimony transactions, support, maintenance, and support payments; fees.--

(2)

2.4

2.8

(b)1. For the period of July 1, 1992, through June 30, 2004, The fee imposed in paragraph (a) shall be increased to 4 percent of the support payments which the party is obligated to pay, except that no fee shall be more than \$5.25. The fee shall be considered by the court in determining the amount of support that the obligor is, or may be, required to pay.

Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 145.022, 75 percent of the additional revenues generated by this paragraph shall be remitted monthly to the Clerk of the Court Child Support Enforcement Collection System Trust Fund administered by the department as provided in subparagraph 2. These funds shall be used exclusively for the development, implementation, and operation of the Clerk of the Court Child Support Enforcement Collection System to be operated by the depositories, including the automation of civil case information necessary

for the State Case Registry. The department shall contract

16

2021

22

23

2.4

25

- with the Florida Association of Court Clerks and the depositories to design, establish, operate, upgrade, and 2 maintain the automation of the depositories to include, but 3 not be limited to, the provision of on-line electronic 4 transfer of information to the IV-D agency as otherwise 5 6 required by this chapter. The department's obligation to fund 7 the automation of the depositories is limited to the state share of funds available in the Clerk of the Court Child 8 Support Enforcement Collection System Trust Fund. Each 9 depository created under this section shall fully participate 10 in the Clerk of the Court Child Support Enforcement Collection 11 12 System and transmit data in a readable format as required by 13 the contract between the Florida Association of Court Clerks and the department. 14
 - 2. Moneys to be remitted to the department by the depository shall be done daily by electronic funds transfer and calculated as follows:
- a. For each support payment of less than \$33, 18.75 cents.
 - b. For each support payment between \$33 and \$140, an amount equal to 18.75 percent of the fee charged.
 - c. For each support payment in excess of \$140, 18.75 cents.
 - 3. The fees established by this section shall be set forth and included in every order of support entered by a court of this state which requires payment to be made into the depository.
- Section 82. Section 125.69, Florida Statutes, as amended by section 80 of chapter 2003-402, Laws of Florida, is amended to read:
- 31 125.69 Penalties; enforcement by code inspectors.--

2.4

2.5

2.8

(1) Violations of county ordinances shall be prosecuted in the same manner as misdemeanors are prosecuted. Such violations shall be prosecuted in the name of the state county in a court having jurisdiction of misdemeanors by the prosecuting attorney thereof and upon conviction shall be punished by a fine not to exceed \$500 or by imprisonment in the county jail not to exceed 60 days or by both such fine and imprisonment. However, a county may specify, by ordinance, a violation of a county ordinance which is punishable by a fine in an amount exceeding \$500, but not exceeding \$2,000 a day, if the county must have authority to punish a violation of that ordinance by a fine in an amount greater than \$500 in order for the county to carry out a federally mandated program.

special laws and county ordinances notwithstanding the prosecutorial authority of the state attorney pursuant to s. 27.02(1), the board of county commissioners of each county and the governing board of each charter county may designate as the county's prosecuting attorney an attorney employed by the county or a contract attorney. Subject to the control and oversight of the appointing authority, such attorney may employ assistants as necessary. Such person shall have all powers exercisable by the state attorney in the prosecution of violations of county ordinances under this section as of June 30, 2004. Such person shall be subject to suspension and removal by the Governor and Senate from the exercise of prosecutorial powers in the same manner as state attorneys.

(2) (3) Each county is authorized and required to pay any attorney appointed by the court to represent a defendant prosecuted under this section if the provision of an attorney

at public expense is required by the Constitution of the United States or the Constitution of the State of Florida and if the party is indigent as established pursuant to s. 27.52. In such cases, the court shall appoint counsel to represent the defendant in accordance with s. 27.40, and shall order the county to pay the reasonable fees, expenses, and costs of such defense. The county may contract with the public defender of the judicial circuit in which the county is located to provide representation under this subsection.

(3)(4) The county shall bear all court fees and costs of any prosecution under this section, and may, if it prevails, recover the court fees and costs paid by it and the fees and expenses paid to court-appointed counsel as part of its judgment. The state shall bear no expense of actions brought under this section except those that it would bear in an ordinary civil action between private parties in county court.

(4)(5) The board of county commissioners of each county may designate its agents or employees as code inspectors whose duty it is to assure code compliance. Any person designated as a code inspector may issue citations for violations of county codes and ordinances, respectively, or subsequent amendments thereto, when such code inspector has actual knowledge that a violation has been committed.

(a) Prior to issuing a citation, a code inspector shall provide notice to the violator that the violator has committed a violation of a code or ordinance and shall establish a reasonable time period within which the violator must correct the violation. Such time period shall be no more than 30 days. If, upon personal investigation, a code inspector finds that the violator has not corrected the

2.

2.8

violation within the time period, a code inspector may issue a citation to the violator. A code inspector does not have to provide the violator with a reasonable time period to correct the violation prior to issuing a citation and may immediately issue a citation if the code inspector has reason to believe that the violation presents a serious threat to the public health, safety, or welfare, or if the violation is irreparable or irreversible.

- (b) A citation issued by a code inspector shall state the date and time of issuance, name and address of the person in violation, date of the violation, section of the codes or ordinances, or subsequent amendments thereto, violated, name of the code inspector, and date and time when the violator shall appear in county court.
- (c) If a repeat violation is found subsequent to the issuance of a citation, the code inspector is not required to give the violator a reasonable time to correct the violation and may immediately issue a citation. For purposes of this subsection, the term "repeat violation" means a violation of a provision of a code or ordinance by a person who has previously been found to have violated the same provision within 5 years prior to the violation, notwithstanding the violations occurred at different locations.
- (d) If the owner of property which is subject to an enforcement proceeding before county court transfers ownership of such property between the time the initial citation or citations are issued and the date the violator has been summoned to appear in county court, such owner shall:
- 1. Disclose, in writing, the existence and the nature of the proceeding to the prospective transferee.

- 2. Deliver to the prospective transferee a copy of the pleadings, notices, and other materials relating to the county court proceeding received by the transferor.
- 3. Disclose, in writing, to the prospective transferee that the new owner will be responsible for compliance with the applicable code and with orders issued in the county court proceeding.
- 4. File a notice with the code enforcement official of the transfer of the property, with the identity and address of the new owner and copies of the disclosures made to the new owner, within 5 days after the date of the transfer.

A failure to make the disclosure described in subparagraphs 1., 2., and 3. before the transfer creates a rebuttable presumption of fraud. If the property is transferred before the date the violator has been summoned to appear in county court, the proceeding shall not be dismissed but the new owner will be substituted as the party of record and thereafter provided a reasonable period of time to correct the violation before the continuation of proceedings in county court.

2.4

(e) If the code inspector has reason to believe a violation or the condition causing the violation presents a serious threat to the public health, safety, and welfare or if the violation is irreparable or irreversible in nature, or if after attempts under this section to bring a repeat violation into compliance with a provision of a code or ordinance prove unsuccessful, the local governing body may make all reasonable repairs which are required to bring the property into compliance and charge the owner with the reasonable cost of the repairs along with the fine imposed pursuant to this

section. Making such repairs does not create a continuing

2.4

2.8

obligation on the part of the local governing body to make further repairs or to maintain the property and does not create any liability against the local governing body for any damages to the property if such repairs were completed in good faith.

- (f) Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to authorize any person designated as a code inspector to perform any function or duties of a law enforcement officer other than as specified in this subsection. A code inspector shall not make physical arrests or take any person into custody and shall be exempt from requirements relating to the Special Risk Class of the Florida Retirement System, bonding, and the Criminal Justice Standards and Training Commission, as defined and provided by general law.
- (g) The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to the enforcement pursuant to ss. 553.79 and 553.80 of the Florida Building Code adopted pursuant to s. 553.73 as applied to construction, provided that a building permit is either not required or has been issued by the county.
- (h) The provisions of this subsection may be used by a county in lieu of the provisions of part II of chapter 162.
- (i) The provisions of this subsection are additional or supplemental means of enforcing county codes and ordinances. Except as provided in paragraph (h), nothing in this subsection shall prohibit a county from enforcing its codes or ordinances by any other means.
- Section 83. Subsection (3) of section 129.02, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 129.02 Requisites of budgets.--Each budget shall conform to the following specific directions and requirements:

The county fine and forfeiture fund budget shall 2 contain an estimate of receipts by source and balances as provided herein, and an itemized estimate of expenditures that 3 need to be incurred to carry on all criminal prosecution as 4 provided in s. 142.01, and all other law enforcement functions 5 and activities of the county now or hereafter authorized by 7 law, and of indebtedness of the fine and forfeiture fund; also 8 of the reserve for contingencies and the balance, as hereinbefore provided, which should be carried forward at the 9 end of the year. 10 Section 84. Section 142.01, Florida Statutes, as 11 12 amended by section 81 of chapter 2003-402, Laws of Florida, is 13 amended to read: 142.01 Fine and forfeiture fund.--There shall be 14 established by the clerk of the circuit court in each county 15 of this state a separate fund to be known as the fine and 16 forfeiture fund for use by the clerk of the circuit court in performing court-related functions. The fund shall consist of 18 all fines and forfeitures collected by the clerk of the court 19 for violations of the penal or traffic laws of the state, 20 21 including criminal traffic violations, except those fines 22 imposed under s. 775.0835(1); allocations of court costs and 23 civil penalties pursuant to s. ss. 318.18 not otherwise provided for in s. 318.18(11)(a) and s. 318.21; assessments 2.4 imposed under ss. 938.21, 938.23, and 938.25; and all costs 2.5 refunded to the county. 26 27 Section 85. Subsection (3) is added to section 2.8 218.245, Florida Statutes, to read: 29 218.245 Revenue sharing; apportionment.--30 (3) Revenues attributed to the increase in

distribution to the Revenue Sharing Trust Fund for

Municipalities pursuant to s. 212.20(6)(d)6. from 1.0715 to 2 1.3409 percent as provided in chapter 2003-402, Laws of Florida, shall be distributed as follows: each eligible 3 municipality's allocation will be based on the amount it 4 5 received from the half-cent sales tax under s. 218.61 in the 6 prior state fiscal year divided by the total receipts under s. 7 218.61 in the prior state fiscal year for all eligible municipalities. For eligible municipalities that began 8 participating in the allocation of half-cent sales tax under 9 s. 218.61 in the previous state fiscal year, their annual 10 receipts will be calculated by dividing their actual receipts 11 12 by the number of months they participated, and the result 13 multiplied by 12. Section 86. Subsection (10) of section 318.14, Florida 14 Statutes, is amended to read: 15 318.14 Noncriminal traffic infractions; exception; 16 17 procedures. --(10)(a) Any person cited for an offense listed under 18 this subsection may, in lieu of payment of fine or court 19 2.0 appearance, elect to enter a plea of nolo contendere and 21 provide proof of compliance to the clerk of the court or 22 authorized operator of a traffic violations bureau. In such 23 case, adjudication shall be withheld; however, no election shall be made under this subsection if such person has made an 2.4 election under this subsection in the 12 months preceding 2.5 26 election hereunder. No person may make more than three 27 elections under this subsection. This subsection applies to 2.8 the following offenses: 29 1. Operating a motor vehicle without a valid driver's license in violation of the provisions of s. 322.03, s. 30

5

7

8

9 10

11 12

13

14

15

16

18

19

2021

22

23

2.4

25

2627

2.8

29

30

license <u>that</u> which has been suspended for failure to appear, failure to pay civil penalty, or failure to attend a driver improvement course pursuant to s. 322.291.

- 2. Operating a motor vehicle without a valid registration in violation of s. 320.0605, s. 320.07, or s. 320.131.
- Operating a motor vehicle in violation of s.
 316.646.
- (b) Any person cited for an offense listed in this subsection shall present proof of compliance prior to the scheduled court appearance date. For the purposes of this subsection, proof of compliance shall consist of a valid, renewed, or reinstated driver's license or registration certificate and proper proof of maintenance of security as required by s. 316.646. Notwithstanding waiver of fine, any person establishing proof of compliance shall be assessed court costs of \$22, except that a person charged with violation of s. 316.646(1)-(3) may be assessed court costs of \$7. One dollar of such costs shall be remitted to the Department of Revenue for deposit into the Child Welfare Training Trust Fund of the Department of Children and Family Services. One dollar of such costs shall be distributed to the Department of Juvenile Justice for deposit into the Juvenile Justice Training Trust Fund. Twelve dollars of such costs shall be distributed to the municipality and \$8 shall be deposited by the clerk into the fine and forfeiture fund established pursuant to s. 142.01 retained by the county, if the offense was committed within the municipality. If the offense was committed in an unincorporated area of a county or if the citation was for a violation of s. 316.646(1)-(3), the county shall retain the entire amount shall be deposited by

3

5

8

9

10

11 12

13

14

15

16

18

19

2021

22

23

2.4

2.5

2627

2.8

2930

31

the clerk into the fine and forfeiture fund established pursuant to s. 142.01, except for the moneys to be deposited into the Child Welfare Training Trust Fund and the Juvenile Justice Training Trust Fund. This subsection shall not be construed to authorize the operation of a vehicle without a valid driver's license, without a valid vehicle tag and registration, or without the maintenance of required security. Section 87. Subsection (2) of section 318.15, Florida Statutes, as amended by section 98 of chapter 2003-402, Laws of Florida, is amended to read: 318.15 Failure to comply with civil penalty or to appear; penalty .--(2) After suspension of the driver's license and privilege to drive of a person under subsection (1), the license and privilege may not be reinstated until the person complies with all obligations and penalties imposed on him or her under s. 318.18 and presents to a driver license office a certificate of compliance issued by the court, together with a nonrefundable service charge fee of up to\$47.50\$37.50 imposed under s. 322.29, or presents the certificate of compliance and pays the aforementioned service charge fee of up to\$47.50\$37.50 to the clerk of the court or tax collector clearing such suspension. Ten dollars of the fee collected by the clerk of the court or tax collector shall be remitted to the Department of Revenue to be deposited into the Highway Safety Operating Trust Fund. Such person must shall also be in compliance with requirements of chapter 322 prior to reinstatement. Section 88. Subsections (8) and (11) of section 318.18, Florida Statutes, as amended by section 99 of chapter

3

4 5

6

8

9

10

11 12

13

14

15

16

18

19

2021

22

23

2.4

2526

27

2.8

29

30

2003-402, Laws of Florida, are amended, and subsection (13) is added to that section, to read:

318.18 Amount of civil penalties.--The penalties required for a noncriminal disposition pursuant to s. 318.14 are as follows:

(8)(a) Any person who fails to comply with the court's requirements or who fails to pay the civil penalties specified in this section within the 30-day period provided for in s. 318.14 must pay an additional civil penalty of \$18\$12, \$2.50of which must be remitted to the Department of Revenue for deposit in the General Revenue Fund, \$6 of which must be deposited into the fine and forfeiture fund established pursuant to s. 142.01, and \$9.50 of which must be remitted to the Department of Revenue for deposit in the Highway Safety Operating Trust Fund. The department shall contract with the Florida Association of Court Clerks, Inc., to design, establish, operate, upgrade, and maintain an automated statewide Uniform Traffic Citation Accounting System to be operated by the clerks of the court which shall include, but not be limited to, the accounting for traffic infractions by type, a record of the disposition of the citations, and an accounting system for the fines assessed and the subsequent fine amounts paid to the clerks of the court. On or before December 1, 2001, the clerks of the court must provide the information required by this chapter to be transmitted to the department by electronic transmission pursuant to the contract.

(b) Any person who fails to comply with the court's requirements as to civil penalties specified in this section due to demonstrable financial hardship shall be authorized to satisfy such civil penalties by public works or community

County;

31

service. Each hour of such service shall be applied, at the 2 rate of the minimum wage, toward payment of the person's civil penalties; provided, however, that if the person has a trade 3 or profession for which there is a community service need and 4 application, the rate for each hour of such service shall be 5 the average standard wage for such trade or profession. Any 7 person who fails to comply with the court's requirements as to 8 such civil penalties who does not demonstrate financial hardship may also, at the discretion of the court, be 9 authorized to satisfy such civil penalties by public works or 10 community service in the same manner. 11 12 (c) If the noncriminal infraction has caused or 13 resulted in the death of another, the person who committed the infraction may perform 120 community service hours under s. 14 316.027(4), in addition to any other penalties. 15 (11)(a) Court costs that are to be in addition to the 16 17 stated fine must be paid in an amount not less than the 18 following and shall be deposited by the clerk into the fine and forfeiture fund established pursuant to s. 142.01: 19 20 21 For pedestrian infractions.....\$ 3. 22 For nonmoving traffic infractions.....\$ 16. For moving traffic infractions.....\$ 30. 23 (b) In addition to the court cost required under 2.4 paragraph (a), up to \$3 for each infraction shall be collected 2.5 and distributed by the clerk in those counties that have been 26 27 authorized to establish a criminal justice selection center or 2.8 a criminal justice access and assessment center pursuant to the following special acts of the Legislature: 29 30 1. Chapter 87-423, Laws of Florida, for Brevard

1	2. Chapter 89-521, Laws of Florida, for Bay County;
2	3. Chapter 94-444, Laws of Florida, for Alachua
3	County; and
4	4. Chapter 97-333, Laws of Florida, for Pinellas
5	County.
6	
7	Funds collected by the clerk pursuant to this paragraph shall
8	be distributed to the centers authorized by those special
9	acts.
10	(c) In addition to the court cost required under
11	paragraph (a), a \$2.50 court cost must be paid for each
12	infraction to be distributed by the clerk to the county to
13	help pay for criminal justice education and training programs
14	pursuant to s. 938.15. Funds from the distribution to the
15	county not directed by the county to fund these centers or
16	programs shall be retained by the clerk and used for funding
17	the court-related services of the clerk.
18	$\frac{(d)}{(b)}$ In addition to the court cost required under
19	paragraph (a), a \$3 court cost must be paid for each
20	infraction to be distributed as provided in s. 938.01 and a \$2
21	court cost as provided in s. 938.15 when assessed by a
22	municipality or county.
23	(13) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, a board
24	of county commissioners that imposed by ordinance increased
25	fees or service charges under s. 28.2401, s. 28.241, or s.
26	34.041 for the purpose of securing payment of the principal of
27	and interest on bonds issued by the county before July 1,
28	2003, to finance state court facilities may impose by
29	ordinance a surcharge of up to \$15 on any fine or forfeiture
30	collected by the county for the violation of a traffic
31	ordinance Such surcharge shall not be waived by the court

2.4

1	Revenue from the surcharge shall be used to pay the principal
2	of and interest on the bonds until the date of stated
3	maturity. The bonds may be refunded only if:
4	1 Savings will be realized on payments of debt

- Savings will be realized on payments of debt service; and
- 2. The refunding bonds are scheduled to mature on the same date or before the bonds being refunded.

Section 89. Paragraphs (a) and (h) of subsection (2) and subsections (3) and (11) of section 318.21, Florida Statutes, as amended by section 100 of chapter 2003-402, Laws of Florida, are amended to read:

318.21 Disposition of civil penalties by county courts.--All civil penalties received by a county court pursuant to the provisions of this chapter shall be distributed and paid monthly as follows:

- (2) Of the remainder:
- (a) Twenty and six-tenths percent shall be remitted to the Department of Revenue for deposit into the General Revenue Fund of the state, except that the first \$300,000 shall be deposited into the Grants and Donations Trust Fund in the <u>Justice Administrative Commission</u> state courts system for administrative costs, training costs, and costs associated with the implementation and maintenance of Florida foster care citizen review panels in a constitutional charter county as provided for in s. 39.702.

26 (h) Fifteen percent must be deposited into the General 27 Revenue Fund.

(3) Moneys paid to a municipality or special improvement district under subparagraph (2)(g)1. must be used to fund local criminal justice training as provided in s. 938.15 when such a program is established by ordinance; to

2.4

2.8

fund a municipal school crossing guard training program; and for any other lawful purpose.

- (b) Moneys paid to a county under subparagraph

 (2)(g)2. shall be used to fund local criminal justice training
 as provided in s. 938.15 when such a program is established by
 ordinance, to fund a county school crossing guard training
 program, and for any other lawful purpose.
- of <u>its</u> the governing board of the respective county or municipality, impose a surcharge on parking fines for the sole purpose of funding school crossing guard programs; however, the governing body may set aside funds from this surcharge to pay for startup costs and recurring administrative costs related to printing new tickets or other means of implementing the program. The surcharge must be authorized by ordinance requiring public hearings.
- (b) The proceeds of this surcharge must be placed in a trust fund established by the governing body of the county or municipality called the School Crossing Guard Trust Fund. Funds collected from this surcharge must be distributed quarterly to fund the school crossing guard programs provided in subsection (3).
- crossing guard program in the exercise of its municipal responsibilities, the county may, by majority vote of its governing board, impose a countywide surcharge on parking fines for the sole purpose of funding municipal school crossing guard programs throughout the county; however, the governing body may set aside funds from this surcharge to pay for startup costs and recurring administrative costs related to printing new tickets or other means of implementing the

program. The surcharge must be authorized by an ordinance 2 requiring public hearings. This surcharge, established by the governing body of the county, must be placed in a trust fund 3 called the School Crossing Guard Trust Fund. Funds collected 4 from this surcharge must be distributed quarterly to 5 jurisdictions to fund school crossing guard programs based on each jurisdiction's percentage of the school crossing guards 8 in the county school district. Section 90. Paragraph (a) of subsection (4) of section 9 321.05, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 10 321.05 Duties, functions, and powers of patrol 11 12 officers. -- The members of the Florida Highway Patrol are 13 hereby declared to be conservators of the peace and law enforcement officers of the state, with the common-law right 14 to arrest a person who, in the presence of the arresting 15 officer, commits a felony or commits an affray or breach of 16 17 the peace constituting a misdemeanor, with full power to bear 18 arms; and they shall apprehend, without warrant, any person in the unlawful commission of any of the acts over which the 19 members of the Florida Highway Patrol are given jurisdiction 20 21 as hereinafter set out and deliver him or her to the sheriff 22 of the county that further proceedings may be had against him 23 or her according to law. In the performance of any of the powers, duties, and functions authorized by law, members of 2.4 the Florida Highway Patrol shall have the same protections and 25 immunities afforded other peace officers, which shall be 26 27 recognized by all courts having jurisdiction over offenses 2.8 against the laws of this state, and shall have authority to apply for, serve, and execute search warrants, arrest 29 warrants, capias, and other process of the court in those 30

4 5

6

8

9

10

11

13

14

15 16

17

18

19

20

2122

23

2.4

25

2627

2.8

29

30

as set forth in subsection (1). The patrol officers under the direction and supervision of the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles shall perform and exercise throughout the state the following duties, functions, and powers:

(4)(a) All fines and costs and the proceeds of the forfeiture of bail bonds and recognizances resulting from the enforcement of this chapter by patrol officers shall be paid into the fine and forfeiture fund established pursuant to s. 142.01 of the county where the offense is committed. In all cases of arrest by patrol officers, the person arrested shall be delivered forthwith by the said officer to the sheriff of the county, or he or she shall obtain from such person arrested a recognizance or, if deemed necessary, a cash bond or other sufficient security conditioned for his or her appearance before the proper tribunal of such county to answer the charge for which he or she has been arrested; and all fees accruing shall be taxed against the party arrested, which fees are hereby declared to be part of the compensation of such said sheriffs authorized to be fixed by the Legislature under s. 5(c), Art. II of the State Constitution, to be paid such sheriffs in the same manner as fees are paid for like services in other criminal cases. All patrol officers are hereby directed to deliver all bonds accepted and approved by them to the sheriff of the county in which the offense is alleged to have been committed. However, no sheriff shall be paid any arrest fee for the arrest of a person for violation of any section of chapter 316 when the arresting officer was transported in a Florida Highway Patrol car to the vicinity where the arrest was made; and no sheriff shall be paid any fee for mileage for himself or herself or a prisoner for miles traveled in a Florida Highway Patrol car. No patrol officer

shall be entitled to any fee or mileage cost except when responding to a subpoena in a civil cause or except when such patrol officer is appearing as an official witness to testify 3 at any hearing or law action in any court of this state as a direct result of his or her employment as a patrol officer 5 during time not compensated as a part of his or her normal duties. Nothing herein shall be construed as limiting the 8 power to locate and to take from any person under arrest or 9 about to be arrested deadly weapons. Nothing contained in this section shall be construed as a limitation upon existing 10 powers and duties of sheriffs or police officers. 11

Section 91. Subsections (4) and (11) of section 327.73, Florida Statutes, as amended by section 103 of chapter 2003-402, Laws of Florida, are amended to read:

327.73 Noncriminal infractions.--

- (4) Any person charged with a noncriminal infraction under this section may:
- 18 (a) Pay the civil penalty, either by mail or in
 19 person, within 30 days of the date of receiving the citation;
 20 or,
 - (b) If he or she has posted bond, forfeit bond by not appearing at the designated time and location.

2324

2526

27

29

30

21

22

12

13

14

15

16 17

If the person cited follows either of the above procedures, he or she shall be deemed to have admitted the noncriminal infraction and to have waived the right to a hearing on the issue of commission of the infraction. Such admission shall not be used as evidence in any other proceedings. If a person who is cited for a violation of s. 327.395 can show a boating safety identification card issued to that person and valid at the time of the citation, the clerk of the court may dismiss

the case and may assess a\$5 dismissal fee of up to \$7.50. If a person who is cited for a violation of s. 328.72(13) can show proof of having a registration for that vessel which was valid at the time of the citation, the clerk may dismiss the case and may assess a\$5 dismissal fee of up to \$7.50.

- (11)(a) Court costs that are to be in addition to the stated civil penalty shall be imposed by the court in an amount not less than the following:
 - 1. For swimming or diving infractions, up to \$4.50\$3.
 - 2. For nonmoving boating infractions, up to \$9\$6.
- 3. For boating infractions listed in s. 327.731(1), up to \$15 $\frac{$10}{}$.
 - (b) In addition to the court cost <u>required</u> assessed under paragraph (a), the court shall impose a \$3 court cost <u>must be paid</u> for each noncriminal infraction, to be distributed as provided in s. 938.01, and a\$\frac{1}{2}\$ court cost as provided in s. 938.15 when assessed by a municipality or county.

19

18

2

3

4

5 6

7

8

9

10

13

14

15

- 20 Court costs imposed under this subsection may not exceed \$45
- 21 \$30. A criminal justice selection center or both local
- 22 criminal justice access and assessment centers may be funded
- 23 from these court costs.
- Section 92. Subsection (1) of section 372.72, Florida
 Statutes, is amended to read:
- 26 372.72 Disposition of fines, penalties, and forfeitures.--
- 28 (1) All moneys collected from fines, penalties, or
 29 forfeitures of bail of persons convicted under this chapter
 30 shall be deposited in the fine and forfeiture fund <u>established</u>
 31 <u>pursuant to s. 142.01</u> of the county where such convictions are

had, except for the disposition of moneys as provided in 2 subsection (2). 3 Section 93. Section 382.023, Florida Statutes, as amended by section 104 of chapter 2003-402, Laws of Florida, 4 is amended to read: 5 6 382.023 Department to receive dissolution-of-marriage records; fees.--Clerks of the circuit courts shall collect for their services at the time of the filing of a final judgment 8 of dissolution of marriage a fee of up to \$10.50, of which 43 9 percent shall be retained by the <u>clerk of the</u> circuit court as 10 a part of the cost in the cause in which the judgment is 11 12 granted. The remaining 57 percent shall be remitted to the 13 Department of Revenue for deposit to the Department of Health to defray part of the cost of maintaining the 14 dissolution-of-marriage records. A record of each and every 15 judgment of dissolution of marriage granted by the court 16 during the preceding calendar month, giving names of parties and such other data as required by forms prescribed by the 18 department, shall be transmitted to the department, on or 19 before the 10th day of each month, along with an accounting of 20 21 the funds remitted to the Department of Revenue pursuant to 2.2 this section. 23 Section 94. Subsection (2) of section 384.288, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 2.4 384.288 Fees and other compensation; payment by board 25 of county commissioners. --26 27 (2) All court-related fees, mileage, and charges shall be taxed by the court as costs in each proceeding and shall be 29 paid by the board of county commissioners out of the general 30 fund or fine and forfeiture fund of the county.

2.4

2.8

Section 95. Subsection (2) of section 392.68, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

392.68 Fees and other compensation.--

(2) All fees, mileage, and charges shall be taxed by the court as costs in each proceeding and shall be paid by the board of county commissioners out of the general funds or the fine and forfeiture funds of the county.

Section 96. Section 394.473, Florida Statutes, as amended by section 107 of chapter 2003-402, Laws of Florida, is amended to read:

394.473 Attorney's fee; expert witness fee.--

- (1) In case of the indigence of any person for whom an attorney is appointed pursuant to the provisions of this part, the attorney shall be entitled to a reasonable fee to be determined by the court and paid <u>pursuant to chapter 29 from the general fund of the county from which the patient was involuntarily detained</u>. In case of the indigence of any such person, the court may appoint a public defender. The public defender shall receive no additional compensation other than that usually paid his or her office.
- (2) In case of the indigence of any person for whom expert testimony is required in a court hearing pursuant to the provisions of this act, the expert, except one who is classified as a full-time employee of the state or who is receiving remuneration from the state for his or her time in attendance at the hearing, shall be entitled to a reasonable fee to be determined by the court and paid pursuant to chapter 29 from the general fund of the county from which the patient was involuntarily detained.

Section 97. Subsection (1) of section 395.3025, 2 Florida Statutes, as amended by section 108 of chapter 2003-402, Laws of Florida, is amended to read: 3 395.3025 Patient and personnel records; copies; 4 examination. --5 6 (1) Any licensed facility shall, upon written request, and only after discharge of the patient, furnish, in a timely 8 manner, without delays for legal review, to any person admitted therein for care and treatment or treated thereat, or 9 to any such person's guardian, curator, or personal 10 representative, or in the absence of one of those persons, to 11 12 the next of kin of a decedent or the parent of a minor, or to 13 anyone designated by such person in writing, a true and correct copy of all patient records, including X rays, and 14 insurance information concerning such person, which records 15 are in the possession of the licensed facility, provided the 16 17 person requesting such records agrees to pay a charge. The 18 exclusive charge for copies of patient records may include sales tax and actual postage, and, except for nonpaper records 19 that which are subject to a charge not to exceed \$2 as 20 21 provided in s. 28.24(6)(c), may not exceed \$1 per page, as 22 provided in s. 28.24(5)(a). A fee of up to \$1 may be charged 23 for each year of records requested. These charges shall apply to all records furnished, whether directly from the facility 2.4 or from a copy service providing these services on behalf of 25 the facility. However, a patient whose records are copied or 26 27 searched for the purpose of continuing to receive medical care 2.8 is not required to pay a charge for copying or for the search. 29 The licensed facility shall further allow any such person to examine the original records in its possession, or microforms 30

or other suitable reproductions of the records, upon such

reasonable terms as shall be imposed to assure that the records will not be damaged, destroyed, or altered. Section 98. Subsection (5) of section 397.334, Florida 3 4 Statutes, as amended by section 109 of chapter 2003-402, Laws of Florida, is amended to read: 5 6 397.334 Treatment-based drug court programs.--7 (5) If a county chooses to fund a treatment-based drug 8 court program, the county must secure funding from sources 9 other than the state for those costs not otherwise assumed by the state pursuant to s. 29.004. This does not prohibit the 10 counties from using treatment and other service dollars 11 12 provided to them by other state executive agencies or grant 13 funds that may become available for the funding of drug courts. Counties may provide, by interlocal agreement, for the 14 collective funding of these programs. 15 Section 99. Subsection (4) of section 588.20, Florida 16 17 Statutes, is amended to read: 588.20 Report of sale and disposition of proceeds.--18 (4) If the amount realized from the sale or other 19 disposition of the animal is insufficient to pay all fees, 20 21 costs and expenses as provided in ss. 588.12-588.25, the 22 deficit shall be paid by the county from its fine and 23 forfeiture fund. Section 100. Subsection (1) of section 713.24, Florida 2.4 Statutes, as amended by section 111 of chapter 2003-402, Laws 2.5 26 of Florida, is amended to read:

713.24 Transfer of liens to security.--

27

2.8

2930

31

(1) Any lien claimed under this part may be transferred, by any person having an interest in the real property upon which the lien is imposed or the contract under

security by either:

22

23

2.4

2526

27

2.8

(a) Depositing in the clerk's office a sum of money, 3 4 or 5 (b) Filing in the clerk's office a bond executed as surety by a surety insurer licensed to do business in this 7 state, 8 either to be in an amount equal to the amount demanded in such 9 claim of lien, plus interest thereon at the legal rate for 3 10 years, plus \$1,000 or 25 percent of the amount demanded in the 11 claim of lien, whichever is greater, to apply on any 13 attorney's fees and court costs that may be taxed in any proceeding to enforce said lien. Such deposit or bond shall be 14 conditioned to pay any judgment or decree which may be 15 rendered for the satisfaction of the lien for which such claim 16 of lien was recorded. Upon making such deposit or filing such bond, the clerk shall make and record a certificate showing 18 the transfer of the lien from the real property to the 19 security and shall mail a copy thereof by registered or 20 21 certified mail to the lienor named in the claim of lien so

which the lien is claimed, from such real property to other

transfer deposit or bond, no other judgment or decree to pay money may be entered by the court against the owner. The clerk

privity between the lienor and the owner, and subject to any

transferred, at the address stated therein. Upon filing the

certificate of transfer, the real property shall thereupon be

transferred to said security. In the absence of allegations of

order of the court increasing the amount required for the lien

released from the lien claimed, and such lien shall be

money may be entered by the court against the owner. The classical shall be entitled to a service charge for making and

30 shall be entitled to a <u>service charge</u> for making and

31 serving the certificate, in the sum of \$15. If the

transaction involves the transfer of multiple liens, an
additional charge of \$7.50 for each additional lien shall be
charged. For recording the certificate and approving the
bond, the clerk shall receive her or his usual statutory
service charges as prescribed in s. 28.24. Any number of liens
may be transferred to one such security.

Section 101. Section 721.83, Florida Statutes, as amended by section 112 of chapter 2003-402, Laws of Florida, is amended to read:

- 721.83 Consolidation of foreclosure actions.--
- (1) A complaint in a foreclosure proceeding involving timeshare estates may join in the same action multiple defendant obligors and junior interestholders of separate timeshare estates, provided:
- (a) The foreclosure proceeding involves a single timeshare property;
- (b) The foreclosure proceeding is filed by a single plaintiff;
- (c) The default and remedy provisions in the written instruments on which the foreclosure proceeding is based are substantially the same for each defendant; and
- (d) The nature of the defaults alleged is the same for each defendant; and \cdot
- (e) No more than 15 timeshare estates, without regard to the number of defendants, are joined within the same consolidated foreclosure action.
- (2) In any foreclosure proceeding involving multiple defendants filed under subsection (1), the court shall sever for separate trial any count of the complaint in which a defense or counterclaim is timely raised by a defendant.

30

29

7

8

9 10

11 12

13

14 15

16

17

18

19

2021

22

23

2.4

2.5

2.2

2.4

2.5

be considered a single action, suit, or proceeding for the payment of filing fees and service charges pursuant to general law. In addition to the payment of such filing fees and service charges, an additional filing fee of \$5 for each timeshare estate joined in that action shall be paid to the clerk of court. The clerk of court shall require a plaintiff to pay separate filing fees and service charges as provided by general law for each defendant in a consolidated foreclosure action filed pursuant to this section.

Section 102. Subsection (6) of section 744.365, Florida Statutes, as amended by section 115 of chapter 2003-402, Laws of Florida, is amended to read:

744.365 Verified inventory.--

- (6) AUDIT FEE.--
- \$25,000, a guardian shall pay from the ward's property to the clerk of the circuit court a fee of up to \$75, upon the filing of the verified inventory, for the auditing of the inventory.

 Upon petition by the quardian, the court may waive the auditing fee upon a showing of insufficient funds in the ward's estate. Any guardian unable to pay the auditing fee may petition the court for waiver of the fee. The court may waive the fee after it has reviewed the documentation filed by the guardian in support of the waiver.
- (b) An audit fee may not be charged to any ward whose property has a value of less than \$25,000. In such case, the audit fee must be paid from the general fund of the county in which the guardianship proceeding is conducted.

2.8

Section 103. Subsection (4) of section 744.3678, 2 Florida Statutes, as amended by section 116 of chapter 2003-402, Laws of Florida, is amended to read: 3 744.3678 Annual accounting.--4 5 (4) The quardian shall pay from the ward's estate to 6 the clerk of the circuit court a fee based upon the following graduated fee schedule, upon the filing of the annual 8 financial return, for the auditing of the return: (a) For estates with a value of \$25,000 or less the 9 10 clerk of the court may charge a fee of up to \$15. (b) For estates with a value of more than \$25,000 up 11 12 to and including \$100,000 the clerk of the court may charge a 13 fee of up to \$75. (c) For estates with a value of more than \$100,000 up 14 to and including \$500,000 the clerk of the court may charge a 15 16 fee of up to \$150. 17 (d) For estates with a value in excess of \$500,000 the 18 clerk of the court may charge a fee of up to \$225. 19 Upon petition by the quardian, the court may waive the 2.0 21 auditing fee upon a showing of insufficient funds in the 22 ward's estate. Any guardian unable to pay the auditing fee may 23 petition the court for a waiver of the fee. The court may waive the fee after it has reviewed the documentation filed by 2.4 25 the guardian in support of the waiver. Section 104. Subsection (2) of section 766.104, 26 27 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 28 766.104 Pleading in medical negligence cases; claim for punitive damages; authorization for release of records for 29 30 investigation. --

2.4

2.8

(2) Upon petition to the clerk of the court where the suit will be filed and payment to the clerk of a filing fee, not to exceed \$37.50 \$25, established by the chief judge, an automatic 90-day extension of the statute of limitations shall be granted to allow the reasonable investigation required by subsection (1). This period shall be in addition to other tolling periods. No court order is required for the extension to be effective. The provisions of this subsection shall not be deemed to revive a cause of action on which the statute of limitations has run.

Section 105. Section 849.19, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

849.19 Property rights in confiscated machine.--The right of property in and to any machine, apparatus or device as defined in s. 849.16 and to all money and other things of value therein, is declared not to exist in any person, and the same shall be forfeited and such money or other things of value shall be forfeited to the county in which the seizure was made and shall be delivered forthwith to the clerk of the circuit court and shall by her or him be placed in the fine and forfeiture fund established pursuant to s. 142.01 of said county.

Section 106. Section 849.22, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

849.22 Fees of clerk of circuit court and sheriff.—The clerks of the courts and the sheriffs performing duties under the provisions of ss. 849.15-849.23 shall receive the same fees as prescribed by general law for the performance of similar duties, and such fees shall be paid by out of the fine and forfeiture fund of the county as costs are paid upon conviction of an insolvent person.

2.4

2.8

Section 107. Section 849.44, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

849.44 Disposition of proceeds of forfeiture.--All sums received from a sale or other disposition of the seized property shall be paid into the county fine and forfeiture fund established pursuant to s. 142.01 and shall become a part thereof; provided, however, that in instances where the seizure is by a municipal police officer within the limits of any municipality having an ordinance requiring such vehicles, vessels or conveyances to be forfeited, the city attorney shall act in behalf of the city in lieu of the state attorney and shall proceed to forfeit the property as herein provided, and all sums received therefrom shall go into the general operating fund of the city.

Section 108. Subsection (3) of section 903.26, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

903.26 Forfeiture of the bond; when and how directed; discharge; how and when made; effect of payment.--

- (3) Sixty days after the forfeiture notice has been mailed:
- (a) State and county officials having custody of forfeited money shall deposit the money in the county fine and forfeiture fund established pursuant to s. 142.01;
- (b) Municipal officials having custody of forfeited money shall deposit the money in a designated municipal fund;
- (c) Officials having custody of bonds as authorized by s. 903.16 shall transmit the bonds to the clerk of the circuit court who shall sell them at market value and disburse the proceeds as provided in paragraphs (a) and (b).

Section 109. Section 925.09, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

2.4

2.5

2.8

925.09 Authority of state attorney to order autopsies.—The state attorney may have an autopsy performed, before or after interment, on a dead body found in the county when she or he decides it is necessary in determining whether or not death was the result of a crime. Physicians performing the autopsy shall be paid reasonable fees by from the county fine and forfeiture fund upon the approval of the county commission and the state attorney ordering the autopsy.

Section 110. Section 938.17, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

938.17 County delinquency prevention. --

(1) JUVENILE ASSESSMENT CENTERS AND SCHOOL BOARD SUSPENSION PROGRAMS.--

(a)(1) A county may adopt a mandatory cost to be assessed in specific cases by incorporating by reference the provisions of this <u>subsection</u> section in a county ordinance. Prior to the adoption of the county ordinance, the sheriff's office of the county must be a partner in a written agreement with the Department of Juvenile Justice to participate in a juvenile assessment center or with the district school board to participate in a suspension program.

(b)(2) In counties in which the sheriff's office is a partner in a juvenile assessment center under pursuant to s. 985.209, or a partner in a suspension program developed in conjunction with the district school board in the county of the sheriff's jurisdiction, the court shall assess court costs of \$3 per case, in addition to any other authorized cost or fine, on every person who, with respect to a charge, indictment, prosecution commenced, or petition of delinquency filed in that county or circuit, pleads guilty, nolo contendere to, or is convicted of, or adjudicated delinquent

2.4

2.8

for, or has an adjudication withheld for, a felony or misdemeanor, or a criminal traffic offense or handicapped parking violation under state law, or a violation of any municipal or county ordinance, if the violation constitutes a misdemeanor under state law.

(c)1.(3)(a) The clerks of the county and circuit court, in a county where the sheriff's office is a partner in an assessment center or suspension program as specified in paragraph (a) subsection (1), shall collect and deposit the assessments collected under pursuant to this subsection section in an appropriate, designated account established by the clerk of the court, for disbursement to the sheriff as needed for the implementation and operation of an assessment center or suspension program.

2.(b) The clerk of the circuit and county court shall withhold 5 percent of the assessments each court collects under pursuant to this subsection section, for the costs of administering the collection of assessments under this section.

3.(c) Assessments collected by clerks of the circuit courts comprised of more than one county shall remit the funds collected <u>under pursuant to</u> this <u>subsection section</u> to the county in which the offense at issue was committed for deposit and disbursement according to this <u>subsection</u> section.

 $\frac{4.(d)}{d}$ Any other funds the sheriff's office obtains for the implementation or operation of an assessment center or suspension program may be deposited into the designated account for disbursement to the sheriff as needed.

 $\underline{(d)(4)}$ A sheriff's office that receives the cost assessments established in <u>paragraph (a)</u> subsection (1) shall account for all funds that have been deposited into the

3

4

5 6

7

8

9 10

11 12

13

14

15

16

18

19

2021

2.2

23

2.4

2.5

2627

2.8

29

30

31

designated account by August 1 annually in a written report to the juvenile justice county council if funds are used for assessment centers, and to the district school board if funds are used for suspension programs.

(2) TEEN COURTS; OPERATION AND ADMINISTRATION. --

(a) Notwithstanding s. 318.121, in each county in which a teen court has been created, the board of county commissioners may adopt a mandatory cost to be assessed in specific cases by incorporating by reference the provisions of this subsection in a county ordinance. Assessments collected by the clerk of the circuit court under this subsection shall be deposited into an account specifically for the operation and administration of the teen court or other juvenile delinquency prevention programs.

(b) A sum of \$3 shall be assessed as a court cost in the circuit and county court in the county against each person who pleads quilty or nolo contendere to, or is convicted of, regardless of adjudication, a violation of a criminal law or a municipal ordinance or county ordinance or who pays a fine or civil penalty for any violation of chapter 316. Any person whose adjudication is withheld under s. 318.14(9) or (10) shall also be assessed the cost.

(c) The \$3 assessment for court costs shall be assessed in addition to any fine or civil penalty or other court cost and may not be deducted from the proceeds of that portion of any fine or civil penalty which is received by a municipality in the county or by the county in accordance with ss. 316.660 and 318.21. The \$3 assessment shall be specifically added to any civil penalty paid for a violation of chapter 316, regardless of whether the penalty is paid by mail, paid in person without request for a hearing, or paid

1	after hearing and determination by the court. However, the \$3
2	assessment may not be made against a person for a violation of
3	any state law, county ordinance, or municipal ordinance
4	relating to the parking of vehicles, with the exception of a
5	violation of the handicapped parking laws.
6	(d)1. The clerk of the circuit court shall collect the
7	\$3 assessments for court costs established in this subsection
8	and shall remit the assessments to the teen court or other
9	juvenile delinquency prevention program monthly.
10	2. The clerk of the circuit court shall withhold 5
11	percent of the assessments collected, which shall be retained
12	as fee income of the office of the clerk of the circuit court.
13	(e) A teen court that receives the cost assessments
14	established by the adopted county ordinance must account for
15	all funds that have been deposited into the designated account
16	in a written report to the board of county commissioners. The
17	report must be given to the commissioners by August 1 of each
18	year or by a date required by the commissioners.
19	(f) A teen court may be administered by a nonprofit
20	organization, a law enforcement agency, the court
21	administrator, the clerk of the court, or another similar
22	agency authorized by the board of county commissioners.
23	Section 111. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) and
24	subsection (4) of section 938.29, Florida Statutes, are
25	amended to read:
26	938.29 Legal assistance; lien for payment of
27	attorney's fees or costs
28	(1)(a) A defendant determined to be guilty of a
29	criminal act by a court or jury or through a plea of guilty or
30	nolo contendere and who has received the assistance of the

31 public defender's office, a special assistant public defender,

2.4

2.5

2627

2.8

29

30

or a conflict attorney shall be liable for payment of 2 attorney's fees and costs. The court shall impose attorney's fees and costs based on the reasonable value of services 3 4 provided. Each circuit Article V indigent services committee 5 shall develop a schedule of recommended costs for each 6 category of case for the court to consider in imposing fees 7 and costs. The court shall determine the amount of the 8 obligation. Such costs may shall include, but not be limited to, the cost of depositions; cost of transcripts of 9 depositions, including the cost of defendant's copy, which 10 transcripts are certified by the defendant's attorney as 11 12 having served a useful purpose in the disposition of the case; 13 investigative costs; witness fees; the cost of psychiatric examinations; or other reasonable costs specially incurred by 14 the state and the clerk of court for the defense of the 15 defendant in criminal prosecutions. Costs shall not include 16 expenses inherent in providing a constitutionally quaranteed 18 jury trial or expenditures in connection with the maintenance and operation of government agencies that must be made by the 19 public irrespective of specific violations of law. Any costs 20 21 assessed pursuant to this paragraph shall be reduced by any 22 amount assessed against a defendant pursuant to s. 938.05. 23

(4) The clerk of the circuit court of the county claiming such debt or lien may pursue collection on the debt or lien remaining unpaid for 90 days or more or refer such collection to a private attorney who is a member in good standing of The Florida Bar or a collection agent who in registered and in good standing pursuant to chapter 559. In pursuing the collection of such unpaid financial obligations through a private attorney or collection agent, the clerk of the circuit court must determine this is cost-effective and

amended to read:

31

follow applicable procurement practices. The cost of 2 collection, including a reasonable attorney's fee, may be recovered by adding the cost and fee to the balance owed, 3 4 except that such fee and cost may not exceed 40 percent of the 5 balance owed. The clerk of the county claiming such lien is 6 authorized to contract with a private attorney or collection 7 agency for collection of such debts or liens, provided the fee 8 for such collection shall be on a contingent basis not to 9 exceed 50 percent of the recovery. However, no fee shall be paid to any collection agency by reason of foreclosure 10 11 proceedings against real property or from the proceeds from 12 the sale or other disposition of real property. 13 Section 112. Section 938.35, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 14 938.35 Collection of court-related financial 15 obligations. -- The board of county commissioners may pursue the 16 collection of any fines, court costs, or other costs to which it is entitled which remain unpaid for 90 days or more, or 18 refer such collection to a private attorney who is a member in 19 good standing of The Florida Bar or collection agent who is 2.0 21 registered and in good standing pursuant to chapter 559. In 2.2 pursuing the collection of such unpaid financial obligations 23 through a private attorney or collection agent, the board of county commissioners must determine this is cost-effective and 2.4 follow applicable procurement practices. The cost of 2.5 collection, including a reasonable attorney's fee, may be 26 27 recovered by adding the cost and fee to the balance owed, 2.8 except that such fee and cost may not exceed 40 percent of the balance owed. 29 Section 113. Section 939.18, Florida Statutes, is 30

3

4 5

6

7

8

9

10

11

20 21

22

23

2.4

25

26 27

2.8

29

30

aid programs, public law libraries, and court facilities .--(1)(a) When a person pleads guilty or nolo contendere to, or is found guilty of, any felony, misdemeanor, or criminal traffic offense under the laws of this state, the court may assess an additional court cost, not to exceed \$150. Such additional assessment shall be accounted for separately by the county in which the offense occurred, to be used for funding legal aid programs and public law libraries and for providing and maintaining court facilities under rules adopted

939.18 Assessment of additional court costs for legal

12 Commission shall adopt rules to implement this subsection

by the Administration Commission. The Administration

- 13 which prescribe the methods of expenditure, the permissible
- purposes of expenditure, the investment requirements, and the 14
- 15 accounting and reporting requirements to be enforced by each
- county as to the funds collected. Funds for legal aid programs 16
- 17 shall be paid by the counties in the same manner and in the
- 18 same schedule as provided from filing fees and service charges
- during October 1, 2002, to September 30, 2003. 19
 - (b) The court may order a person to pay the additional court cost if it finds that the person has the ability to pay the additional assessment and will not be prevented thereby from making restitution or other compensation to victims which is authorized by law or from paying child support.
 - (2) The clerk of court shall annually prepare a financial report detailing the amount of court costs assessed and received and the expenditures and earnings from the investment of such funds. This report must be submitted to the board of county commissioners, the chief judge of the judicial circuit in which the county is situated, and the

1	Section 114. <u>Cost sharing of due-process-related</u>
2	costs; legislative intent It is the intention of the
3	Legislature to provide state funded due process related
4	services to the state court system, the state attorneys, the
5	public defenders and court appointed conflict counsel, in the
6	most cost effective and efficient manner. It is therefore
7	appropriate to provide the state court system, the state
8	attorneys, the public defenders and court appointed conflict
9	counsel with the ability to share the costs associated with
10	these due process costs by cost reimbursement and contract.
11	(1) The state court system, the state attorneys, the
12	public defenders, and court-appointed conflict counsel may
13	enter into contractual agreements to share, pro rata, the
14	costs associated with court reporting services, foreign
15	language translators and interpreters, court experts, and all
16	other due-process-related costs. Such costs shall be budgeted
17	within the appropriation for each of the affected users of
18	services.
19	(2) For the purposes of this section,
20	due-process-related costs are those that are provided by the
21	state to ensure access to court and the protection of the
22	constitutional rights of litigants without regard to the
23	ability to pay for those services.
24	Section 115. Payment of costs associated with certain
25	trial court services
26	(1)(a) Whenever a trial court makes state-funded goods
27	or services available to all litigants, the trial court
28	administrator of the circuit shall recover the reasonable cost
29	of those services from persons who have the ability to pay.
30	(b) Costs that are collected by the trial court
31	administrator under this section shall be deposited into the

1	judicial branch grants and donations trust fund to be used for
2	actual expenses incurred in providing trial-court services
3	pursuant to this section, which may include the salaries of
4	permanent employees.
5	(c) The reasonable cost of goods or services and the
6	implementation of the provisions of this section shall be
7	determined by the Trial Court Budget Commission.
8	(2)(a) Whenever a county makes goods or services
9	available to all litigants as a part of the local requirements
10	funded by the county, the county may charge and collect fees
11	for those goods and services from persons who have the ability
12	to pay.
13	(b) The chief judge of the circuit shall determine the
14	fees to be paid for such goods and services deemed local
15	requirements.
16	Section 116. The Division of Statutory Revision of the
16 17	Section 116. <u>The Division of Statutory Revision of the</u> Office of Legislative Services is requested to redesignate, in
17	Office of Legislative Services is requested to redesignate, in
17 18	Office of Legislative Services is requested to redesignate, in the next edition of the Florida Statutes, the title of chapter
17 18 19	Office of Legislative Services is requested to redesignate, in the next edition of the Florida Statutes, the title of chapter 40, Florida Statutes, from "Jurors and Payment of Jurors and
17 18 19 20	Office of Legislative Services is requested to redesignate, in the next edition of the Florida Statutes, the title of chapter 40, Florida Statutes, from "Jurors and Payment of Jurors and Witnesses" to "Juries; Payment of Jurors and Due Process
17 18 19 20 21	Office of Legislative Services is requested to redesignate, in the next edition of the Florida Statutes, the title of chapter 40, Florida Statutes, from "Jurors and Payment of Jurors and Witnesses" to "Juries; Payment of Jurors and Due Process Costs."
17 18 19 20 21 22	Office of Legislative Services is requested to redesignate, in the next edition of the Florida Statutes, the title of chapter 40, Florida Statutes, from "Jurors and Payment of Jurors and Witnesses" to "Juries; Payment of Jurors and Due Process Costs." Section 117. Billing submitted for payment of due
17 18 19 20 21 22 23	Office of Legislative Services is requested to redesignate, in the next edition of the Florida Statutes, the title of chapter 40, Florida Statutes, from "Jurors and Payment of Jurors and Witnesses" to "Juries; Payment of Jurors and Due Process Costs." Section 117. Billing submitted for payment of due process services, including, but not limited to, court
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	Office of Legislative Services is requested to redesignate, in the next edition of the Florida Statutes, the title of chapter 40, Florida Statutes, from "Jurors and Payment of Jurors and Witnesses" to "Juries; Payment of Jurors and Due Process Costs." Section 117. Billing submitted for payment of due process services, including, but not limited to, court reporter services, court interpreter services, expert witness
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25	Office of Legislative Services is requested to redesignate, in the next edition of the Florida Statutes, the title of chapter 40, Florida Statutes, from "Jurors and Payment of Jurors and Witnesses" to "Juries; Payment of Jurors and Due Process Costs." Section 117. Billing submitted for payment of due process services, including, but not limited to, court reporter services, court interpreter services, expert witness services, mental health evaluations, and court appointed
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26	Office of Legislative Services is requested to redesignate, in the next edition of the Florida Statutes, the title of chapter 40, Florida Statutes, from "Jurors and Payment of Jurors and Witnesses" to "Juries; Payment of Jurors and Due Process Costs." Section 117. Billing submitted for payment of due process services, including, but not limited to, court reporter services, court interpreter services, expert witness services, mental health evaluations, and court appointed counsel services must be paid by the counties if the services
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	Office of Legislative Services is requested to redesignate, in the next edition of the Florida Statutes, the title of chapter 40, Florida Statutes, from "Jurors and Payment of Jurors and Witnesses" to "Juries; Payment of Jurors and Due Process Costs." Section 117. Billing submitted for payment of due process services, including, but not limited to, court reporter services, court interpreter services, expert witness services, mental health evaluations, and court appointed counsel services must be paid by the counties if the services were rendered before July 1, 2004. Counties must also pay for

31 2004, regardless of whether work on the case is actually

1	concluded prior to July 1, 2004. Except for the flat-fee
2	contracts with court-appointed counsel, billings for services
3	on any case that commenced prior to July 1, 2004, but
4	continues past July 1, 2004, must be submitted with an
5	itemized listing of payment due for services rendered before
6	July 1, 2004, and on or after July 1, 2004. The county shall
7	pay the portion of the bill for services rendered before July
8	1, 2004, and provide a copy of the itemized bill to the
9	Justice Administrative Commission or the Office of State
10	Courts Administrator as appropriate for payment of the portion
11	of the bill for services provided on or after July 1, 2004.
12	Section 118. On July 1, 2004, all cash balances within
13	county funds previously established to provide dedicated
14	funding to benefit specific court-related programs shall be
15	used to fund such programs after July 1, 2004, until those
16	funds are depleted.
17	Section 119. <u>Sections 11.75 and 40.30, Florida</u>
18	Statutes, are repealed.
19	Section 120. Except as otherwise expressly provided in
20	this act, this act shall take effect July 1, 2004.
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	
26	
27	
28	
29	
30	
31	

1		STATEMENT OF SUBSTANTIAL CHANGES CONTAINED IN
2		COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR <u>CS/CS for SB 2962</u>
3		
4	-	The bill amends s. 29.005, F.S., to require counties to
5		transfer title of vehicles provided to the state attorney to the state effective July 1, 2004.
6	The bill amend transfer title	The bill amends s. 29.006, F.S., to require counties to
7		transfer title of vehicles provided to the public defender to the state effective July 1, 2004.
8	- The bill amends s. 318.11 (11), F.S., to continue for only those criminal justice selection centers	The bill amends s. 318.11 (11). F.S., to continue funding
9		for only those criminal justice selection centers previously authorized by special acts of the Legislature.
10	_	The bill amends s. 27.42 (1), F.S., to prohibit state
11		attorneys serving on the circuit Article V indigent services committee from participating in discussions or
12		decisions relating to court-appointed counsel.
13	_	The bill amends s. 27.51 (1), F.S., to allow the public defender to represent defendants in local ordinance
14		violations that are not ancillary to a state prosecution, provided the public defender has a contract with the
15		county or municipality to be reimbursed for his or her
16		costs.
17	_	The bill amends s. 28.24 (12), F.S., to increase the additional service charge in the recording fee provided in the bill from \$3 to \$4 per page, with the increased
18		funds used to pay for the information technology needs of the state attorneys and public defenders.
19	_	The bill amends s. 29.008 (1) (b), F.S., to require
20		counties to fund public law libraries as a local requirement of the state court system, and to continue to
21		provide office space and furnishings for the guardian ad litem programs.
23	-	The bill amends s. 721.02, F.S., to conform changes and add personal property examples such as cruise ships and
24		vessels to a list of regulated timeshare plans.
25	-	The bill amends s. 721.03(1)(d), F.S., to clarify that automatic renewals are counted in determining the term of
26		the plan for purposes of the jurisdictional thresholds of three years and \$3,000.
27	_	The bill amends s. 721.03(8), F.S., to provide that the
28		chapter applies only to personal property timeshare plans offered in Florida. However, as to those personal
29	proper	property plans offered in Florida, limited management-related provisions of the chapter will apply
30		in addition to most of the offering provisions. Subsection (8)(c) is added to require any developer and
31		any managing entity of a personal property timeshare plan to submit to personal jurisdiction in this state in a
~-		form satisfactory to the Division of Florida Land Sales, 262

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

31

1		Condominiums, and Mobile Homes of the Department of Business and Professional Regulation at the time of
2		filing a public offering statement.
3	-	The bill amends s. 721.05, F.S., to revise or add definitions relevant to personal property timeshare
4		plans.
5	-	The bill amends s. 721.06, F.S., to reflect different contract disclosures for real property timeshare plans
6		and personal property timeshare plans. It clarifies: the notice requirement for assessments, charges, fees, or taxes on the property; personal property timeshare purchaser contract cancellation rights; and filing
7		
8		requirements for agreements for transfer. It also requires filing of an agreement for deed and agreements
9		for transfer.
10	-	The bill amends s. 721.065, F.S., to include pertinent personal property timeshare plan disclosures of
11		assessments and delinquencies in the resale purchase contract.
12	_	The bill amends s. 721.07, F.S., to make conforming
13		changes consistent with other existing sections or changes in the bill.
14		5
15	_	The bill amends s. 721.075, F.S., to clarify that incidental benefit filings are to be reviewed for compliance purpose by the division. The bill requires
16		specific disclosures to purchasers regarding incidental benefits.
17	_	The bill amends s. 721.08, F.S., to deal with the
18		conditions under which purchase deposits may be lawfully released from escrow to ensure that timeshare accommodations are available in the manner portrayed and protected from future encumbrances that would endanger
19		
20		the use rights of purchasers.
21	-	The bill amends s. 721.09, F.S., to make conforming changes.
22		The bill amends s. 721.11, F.S., to make filing
23	_	advertising materials by the developer with the division "voluntary," but requires the division to review all
24		materials submitted and notify the developer of any
25		deficiencies within 10 days.
26	_	The bill amends s 721.12, F.S., to create a provision for personal property timeshares that requires a seller to
27		keep a copy of the contract until an instrument of transfer is delivered to the purchaser.
28	-	The bill amends s. 721.13, F.S., to change the
29		requirements placed on managing entities relating to: owners' associations; assessment budgets; reserves left
30		over upon termination; use of owners' e-mail addresses; and personal property accommodations.

263 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

- The bill amends s. 721.14, F.S., to exempt personal property timeshare plans from provisions relating to the

1		discharge of the managing entity.
2	_	The bill amends s. 721.15, F.S., to clarify that
3		depreciation expenses for income-producing property may only be excluded from the obligation of a developer under
4		a developer guaranty to the extent that such depreciation expenses exceed the net income produced from the
5		property.
6	-	The bill amends s. 721.16, F.S., to provide that lien provisions relating to real property timeshare plans are not applicable to personal property timeshare plans.
7		
8	_	The bill amends s. 721.17, F.S., to add personal property timeshare plans to the coverage of this section.
9	_	The bill amends s. 721.18, F.S., to require that purchaser participation in multisite timeshare exchange
10		programs is voluntary. It requires the disclosure of any conversion or other fees payable to a third party. It
11		make certain requirements of an exchange company.
12	_	The bill amends s. 721.19, F.S., to apply to personal property timeshares.
13	_	The bill amends s. 721.20, F.S., to make it unlawful to
14		charge an advance fee for the listing of a personal property timeshare interest. It exempts personal
15		property timeshare plans from certain provisions.
16	-	The bill amends s. 721.24, F.S., to exempt personal property timeshares from the provisions of this section.
17 18	-	The bill amends s. 721.26, F.S., to make conforming changes.
19	_	The bill amends definitions in s. 721.52, F.S., relating
20		to vacation clubs (multisite timeshare plans).
21	_	The bill amends s. 721.53, F.S., to require developers to comply with applicable provisions of s. 721.08, F.S., relating to nondisturbance of accommodations and
22		facilities, and personal property timeshares in multisite timeshare plans.
23	_	The bill amends ss. 718.103, 721.54, 721.55, 721.551,
24		721.552, 721.56, 721.84, 721.96, 721.97, and 475.011, F.S., to conform to changes made elsewhere in the bill.
25	_	The bill provides that certain amendments to ch. 721,
26		F.S., shall not apply until the earlier of January 1, 2005, or the date that any amendments to such filings are
27		made subsequent to the bill becoming law. Amendments to s. 721.08 (3), F.S., do not apply to the nondisturbance
28		and notice to creditors instruments required by s. 721.08, F.S., unless and only to the extent that the
29		developer otherwise voluntarily complies with all or a portion of the provisions.
30		portion or the provisions.
31		