By Senator Geller

31-1832A-04 See HB 171

A bill to be entitled 1 2 An act relating to the Joint Legislative Sales and Use Tax Exemption Review Committee; 3 4 creating s. 11.95, F.S.; creating the Joint 5 Legislative Sales and Use Tax Exemption Review 6 Committee for the purpose of reviewing 7 exemptions from the general state sales and use tax; providing for appointments to and 8 9 organization of the committee; specifying 10 duties and procedures with respect to such review; providing for open meetings; providing 11 12 for reports; requiring continuing periodic review of sales and use tax exemptions; 13 providing a period of exemption from review for 14 newly enacted exemptions; providing 15 applicability to other legislation proposing to 16 17 modify, repeal, or enact an exemption; providing an effective date. 18 19 20 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 21 22 Section 1. Section 11.95, Florida Statutes, is created 23 to read: 24 11.95 Joint Legislative Sales and Use Tax Exemption 25 Review Committee. --26 The Joint Legislative Sales and Use Tax Exemption 27 Review Committee is created to conduct comprehensive, periodic 28 reviews of all exemptions from the general state sales and use 29 tax. The committee shall consist of nine senators appointed by 30 the President of the Senate and nine representatives appointed

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the members of the initial committee for each review cycle shall commence upon appointment and shall run to the general election preceding the organization of the next Legislature. The terms of the members of subsequent committees for each review cycle shall be for 2 years and shall run from the organization of one Legislature to the general election preceding the organization of the next Legislature. A vacancy shall be filled in the same manner as the original appointment. During even-numbered years, the chair of the committee shall be appointed by the President of the Senate, and the vice chair of the committee shall be appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives. During odd-numbered years, the chair of the committee shall be appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the vice chair of the committee shall be appointed by the President of the Senate.

- (2) The committee for each review cycle shall have its initial meeting no later than December 1 of the year of its first regular session and thereafter as necessary at the call of the chair at the time and place designated by the chair. A quorum shall consist of a majority of the committee members from each house. During the interim between regular sessions, the committee may conduct its meetings through teleconferences or other similar means. All meetings of the committee shall be open and noticed to the public and subject to order and decorum in accordance with s. 4(e), Art. III of the State Constitution.
- (3) The committee shall be governed by joint rules adopted by the Legislature pursuant to authority to adopt rules under s. 4, Art. III of the State Constitution.
 - (4) For purposes of this section, the term:

regressivity.

1 "General state sales and use tax" means the sales and use tax imposed under chapter 212. 2 3 (b) "Exemption" means a provision in chapter 212 which relieves from taxation a sale, use, or other transaction that 4 5 would, but for such provision, be subject to tax under chapter 6 212. A transaction that is beyond the reach of chapter 212 by 7 reason of definitional or other exclusions shall not be deemed 8 the subject of an exemption for purposes of this section. Included among the transactions excluded from taxation under 9 10 chapter 212 and therefore not the subject of an exemption to 11 be reviewed by the committee under this section are the following: 12 1. Sales that are not retail sales pursuant to s. 13 14 212.02(14). 2. Export sales under s. 212.06(5)(a). 15 3. Sales for resale under s. 212.07. 16 17 Occasional and isolated sales. The sale or use of intangible property. 18 19 6. The sale of real property. The sale or use of services, excepting only those 20 21 services enumerated as taxable in chapter 212. 22 The committee shall have the power and duty to conduct a comprehensive review of all current exemptions from 23 the general state sales and use tax. The committee shall 24 establish criteria by which each exemption shall be evaluated. 25 In developing the evaluation criteria, the committee shall 26 27 consider the following principles of taxation: (a) Equity. -- The Florida tax system should treat 28 29 individuals equitably. It should impose similar tax burdens on 30 people in similar circumstances and should minimize

(b) Compliance.--The Florida tax system should facilitate taxpayer compliance. It should be simple and easy to understand so as to minimize compliance costs and increase the visibility and awareness of the taxes being paid.

Enforcement and collection of tax revenues should be done in a fair, consistent, professional, predictable, and cost-effective manner.

- (c) Pro-competitiveness.--The Florida tax system should be responsive to interstate and international competition in order to encourage savings and investment in plants, equipment, people, and technology in Florida.
- (d) Neutrality.--The Florida tax system should affect competitors uniformly and not become a tool for "social engineering." It should minimize government involvement in investment decisions, making any such involvement explicit, and should minimize pyramiding.
- (e) Stability.--The Florida tax system should produce revenues in a stable and reliable manner that is sufficient to fund appropriate governmental functions and expenditures.
- (f) Integration.--The Florida tax system should balance the need for integration of federal, state, and local taxation.
- (g) Public purpose.--Any sales and use tax exemption under the Florida tax system should be based upon a determination that the exemption promotes an important state interest, including, but not limited to, economic development, job creation and retention, economic diversification, and community revitalization.
- (6) In conducting its review of each exemption from the general state sales and use tax, the committee shall make findings of fact and recommend whether the exemption should be

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retained, modified, or repealed. Each recommendation must be made by majority vote of the committee members. If a majority vote of the committee members cannot be achieved, the committee must recommend that the exemption be retained. The findings of fact and recommendations of the committee shall be made by reports to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives.

- The committee may use its discretion in determining the order in which it reviews the exemptions; however, the committee should review approximately one-third of the exemptions each year of a 3-year review period. No exemption shall be reviewed more than once during any 3-year review period. For the initial 3-year review, the committee shall submit, to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives, its reports not later than 30 days prior to each regular session in the years 2005, 2006, and 2007. The committee shall begin a new 3-year review cycle of all exemptions from the general state sales and use tax every 10 years following the termination of the previous review cycle. For each subsequent 3-year review, the committee shall submit its reports not later than 30 days prior to the regular session of each year of that review period, beginning with the 10th year after the year of the final report for the previous review.
- (8) At the regular session following submission of each annual report to the presiding officers of the Legislature, the committee must file for introduction in both houses of the Legislature bills presenting for modification or repeal those exemptions from the general state sales and use tax which were recommended by the committee for modification or repeal in the report submitted immediately prior to the

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session in which introduced. Each bill filed by the committee must be restricted to a single exemption and must be submitted 2 3 to a vote of the members of the house of the Legislature in which introduced no later than the eighth week of the session 4 5 in which introduced, unless the substance of the bill has 6 already been voted on by the members of the other house of the 7 Legislature in another bill during that session and defeated. 8 As used in this subsection, a "single exemption" means an exemption that describes a single transaction or an exemption 9 set forth in a section, subsection, or paragraph of chapter 10 11 212, whichever describes the fewest number of transactions. In addition, each bill filed by the committee which receives a 12 majority vote in the house of the Legislature in which 13 introduced must be submitted to a vote of the members of the 14 other house of the Legislature during that session, unless the 15 substance of the bill has already been voted on by the members 16 17 of the other house of the Legislature in another bill during that session and defeated. In no event shall the repeal of an 18 19 exemption take effect sooner than 180 days following its 20 passage by the Legislature. 21

- (9) Any new exemption from taxation under chapter 212 is exempt from review under this section for 6 years after it takes effect.
- (10) Nothing contained in this section shall preclude, or be construed to limit, a legislator from filing for any legislative session a bill proposing to modify, repeal, or enact any exemption from the general state sales and use tax or the imposition of such taxation on the sales of any service.
- Section 2. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law.