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A bill to be entitled An act relating to local government; creating part II of ch. 171, F.S.; providing a short title; providing legislative intent with respect to annexation and the coordination of services by local governments; providing definitions; providing for the creation of interlocal service boundary agreements by a county and one or more municipalities or special districts; specifying the procedures for initiating an agreement and responding to a proposal for agreements; requiring that an agreement be adopted by ordinance; providing prerequisites to annexation; providing a process for annexation; providing for the effect of an interlocal service boundary area agreement on the parties to the agreement or a participating municipality; providing for a transfer of powers; authorizing a municipality to provide services within an unincorporated area or territory of another municipality; authorizing a county to exercise certain powers within a municipality; providing for the effect of existing interlocal agreements; providing a presumption of validity; providing a procedure to settle a dispute regarding an interlocal service boundary agreement; creating s. 171.094, F.S.; providing for the effect of interlocal service boundary agreements adopted under the act; amending s. 171.0413, F.S.; extending the time period between the final

1 adoption of an ordinance and the referendum election; amending s. 171.042, F.S.; requiring 2 3 notice by a municipality before commencing annexation procedures; providing grounds for 4 5 invalidating an annexation; requesting the 6 Division of Statutory Revision to designate 7 part I and part II of ch. 171, F.S.; providing an effective date. 8 9 10 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 11 Section 1. Part II of chapter 171, Florida Statutes, 12 consisting of sections 171.20, 171.201, 171.202, 171.203, 13 171.204, 171.205, 171.206, 171.207, 171.208, 171.209, 171.21, 14 171.211, and 171.212, is created to read: 15 171.20 Short title.--This part may be cited as the 16 17 "Interlocal Service Boundary Agreement Act." 171.201 Legislative intent.--The Legislature intends 18 19 to provide an alternative to part I of this chapter for local 20 governments regarding the annexation of territory into a 21 municipality and subtraction of territory from the unincorporated area of the county. The principal goal of this 22 part is to encourage local governments to jointly determine 23 24 how to provide services to residents and property in the most efficient and effective manner while balancing the needs and 25 desires of the community. This part is intended to establish a 26 27 more flexible process for adjusting municipal boundaries and 28 to address a wider range of annexation effects. This part is 29 intended to encourage intergovernmental coordination in 30 planning, service delivery, and boundary adjustments and to

intent of this part to promote sensible boundaries that reduce
the costs of local governments, avoid local service
duplication, and increase political transparency and
accountability. This part is intended to prevent the wide
dispersion of unincorporated areas resulting from annexation
pursuant to part I of this chapter which may cause inefficient
service delivery and a tax base that is insufficient to
service the needs of the dispersed unincorporated areas.

171.202 Definitions.--As used in this part, the term:

- (1) "Chief administrative officer" means the municipal administrator, municipal manager, county manager, county administrator, or other officer of the municipality, county, or independent special district who reports directly to the governing body of the local government.
- (2) "Enclave" has the same meaning as provided in s. 171.031(13).
- (3) "Independent special district" means an independent special district, as defined in s. 189.403, which provides fire, emergency medical, or storm water services.
- (4) "Initiating county" means the county that commences the process for negotiation of an interlocal service boundary agreement through the adoption of an initiating resolution.
- (5) "Initiating local government" means the county or municipality that commences the process for negotiation of an interlocal service boundary agreement through the adoption of an initiating resolution.
- (6) "Initiating municipality" means the municipality that commences the process for negotiation of an interlocal service boundary agreement through the adoption of an initiating resolution.

- 1 (7) "Initiating resolution" means the resolution
  2 adopted by a county or a municipality which commences the
  3 process for negotiation of an interlocal service boundary
  4 agreement and which identifies the unincorporated area and
  5 other issues for discussion.
  6 (8) "Interlocal service boundary agreement" means and
  - (8) "Interlocal service boundary agreement" means an agreement adopted under this part, between a county and one or more municipalities, which may include one or more independent special districts as a party to the agreement.
  - (9) "Invited municipality" means an initiating municipality and any other municipality designated as such in an initiating resolution or a responding resolution that invites the municipality to participate in the negotiation of an interlocal service boundary agreement.
  - (10) "Municipal service area" means one or more of the following as designated in an interlocal service boundary agreement:
  - (a) An unincorporated area that has been identified in an interlocal service boundary agreement for municipal annexation by a municipality that is a party to the agreement; or
  - (b) An unincorporated area that has been identified in an interlocal service boundary agreement to receive municipal services from a municipality that is a party to the agreement or from the municipality's designee.
  - (11) "Notified local government" means the county or a municipality, other than an invited municipality, which receives an initiating resolution.
- 29 (12) "Participating municipality" means a requesting
  30 municipality that is allowed to participate in the negotiation
  31 of an interlocal service boundary agreement through the

adoption of a participating resolution by the initiating local government and the invited local government.

- (13) "Participating resolution" means the resolution adopted by the initiating local government and the invited local government.
- (14) "Requesting resolution" means the resolution adopted by a municipality seeking to join the negotiation of an interlocal service boundary agreement.
- (15) "Responding resolution" means the resolution adopted by the county or an invited municipality which responds to the initiating resolution and which may identify an additional unincorporated area or another issue for discussion, or both, and may designate an additional invited municipality.
- (16) "Unincorporated service area" means one or more
  of the following as designated in an interlocal service
  boundary agreement:
- (a) An unincorporated area that has been identified in an interlocal service boundary agreement and that may not be annexed without the consent of the county; or
- (b) An unincorporated area that has been identified in an interlocal service boundary agreement to receive municipal services from a county or its designee.
- 171.203 Interlocal service boundary agreement.--The governing body of a county and one or more municipalities or independent special districts within a county may enter into an interlocal service boundary agreement under this part. The governing bodies of a county and a municipality may develop a process for reaching an interlocal service boundary agreement that provides for public participation in a manner that meets

or exceeds the requirements of subsection (7) or the governing bodies may use the process established in this section.

- (1) A county or municipality desiring to enter into an interlocal service boundary agreement shall commence the negotiation process by adopting an initiating resolution. The initiating resolution must identify an unincorporated area to be discussed and the issues to be negotiated. The identified area shall be specified in the initiating resolution by a descriptive exhibit that includes, but need not be limited to, a map or legal description of the designated area. The issues for negotiation shall be listed in the initiating resolution and may include, but need not be limited to, the issues listed in subsection (5).
- (a) The initiating resolution of an initiating county must designate one or more invited municipalities. The initiating resolution of an initiating municipality may designate an invited municipality.
- (b) An initiating county shall send the initiating resolution by United States certified mail to the chief administrative officer of the invited municipality and each municipality within the county. An initiating municipality shall send the initiating resolution by United States certified mail to the chief administrative officer of the county, the invited municipality, if any, and each other municipality within the county.
- (c) The initiating local government shall also send the initiating resolution to the chief administrative officer of each independent special district in the unincorporated area designated in the initiating resolution.
- (2) Within 60 days after the receipt of an initiating resolution, the county or the invited municipality, as

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appropriate, shall adopt a responding resolution. The responding resolution may identify an additional 2 3 unincorporated area for discussion and may designate additional issues for negotiation. The additional identified 4 5 unincorporated area, if any, shall be specified in the 6 responding resolution by a descriptive exhibit that includes, 7 but need not be limited to, a map or legal description of the 8 designated area. The additional issues designated for negotiation, if any, shall be listed in the responding 9 resolution and may include, but need not be limited to, the 10 11 issues listed in subsection (5). The responding resolution may also invite an additional municipality to negotiate the 12 interlocal service boundary agreement. 13

- (a) Within 3 days after the adoption of a responding resolution, the responding county shall send the responding resolution by United States certified mail to the chief administrative officer for the initiating municipality, each invited municipality, if any, and the independent special district that received an initiating resolution.
- (b) Within 3 days after the adoption of a responding resolution, an invited municipality shall send the responding resolution by United States certified mail to the chief administrative officer for the initiating county, each invited municipality, if any, and each independent special district that received an initiating resolution.
- (c) An invited municipality that was invited by a responding resolution shall adopt a responding resolution in accordance with paragraph (b).
- 29 (d) Within 60 days after receipt of the initiating
  30 resolution, the independent special district that received an
  31 initiating resolution and that desires to participate in the

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negotiations shall adopt a resolution indicating whether it intends to participate in the negotiation process for the interlocal service boundary agreement. Within 3 days after the adoption of the resolution, the independent special district shall send the resolution by United States certified mail to the chief administrative officer for the county, the initiating municipality, and each invited municipality, if any, and each notified local government.

- (3) A municipality within the county which is not an invited municipality may elect to request participation in the negotiations for the interlocal service boundary agreement. Such an election shall be accomplished by adopting a requesting resolution within 60 days after receipt of the initiating resolution or within 10 days after receipt of the responding resolution. Within 3 days after adoption of the requesting resolution, the requesting municipality shall send the resolution by United States certified mail to the chief administrative officer of the initiating local government and each invited municipality. The county and invited municipality shall consider whether to allow a requesting municipality to join the negotiations and, if they agree, the municipality and county shall adopt a participating resolution allowing the requesting municipality to join the negotiations.
- The county, the invited municipalities, the participating municipalities, if any, and the independent special districts, if any have adopted a resolution to participate, shall begin negotiations within 60 days after receipt of the responding resolution or a participating resolution, whichever occurs later.
- (5) An interlocal service boundary agreement may 31 address any issue concerning service delivery, fiscal

1	responsibilities, or boundary adjustment, including, but not
2	limited to the following:
3	(a) Identify a municipal service area;
4	(b) Identify an unincorporated service area;
5	(c) Identify the local government responsible for the
6	delivery or funding of the following services within the
7	municipal service area or the unincorporated service area:
8	1. Public safety;
9	2. Fire service;
10	3. Water and wastewater;
11	4. Road maintenance;
12	5. Parks and recreation; and
13	6. Storm water management and drainage.
14	(d) Address other services and infrastructure.
15	(e) Establish a process and schedule for annexation of
16	an area within the designated municipal service area
17	consistent with s. 171.205.
18	(f) Establish a process for land-use decisions,
19	including those made jointly by the governing bodies of the
20	county and the municipality, or allow a municipality to adopt
21	land-use changes for areas that are scheduled to be annexed
22	within the term of the interlocal agreement, and allow an
23	exemption from the two-per-year limitation applicable to
24	changes to the comprehensive plan under s. 163.3187.
25	(g) Address other issues concerning service delivery,
26	including the transfer of services and infrastructure and the
27	fiscal compensation to one municipality or county from another
28	municipality or county.
29	(h) Include provisions for the joint use of facilities
30	and the colocation of services.

- (i) Include a requirement for a report to the county of the municipality's planned service delivery, as provided in s. 171.042, or as otherwise determined by agreement.
- (6) An interlocal service boundary agreement may be for a term of 20 years or less. The interlocal agreement must also include a provision requiring periodic review. The interlocal service boundary agreement must require renegotiations to begin at least 18 months prior to its termination date.
- (7) No earlier than 6 months after the commencement of negotiations, either of the initiating local governments or both, the county, or the invited municipality may declare an impasse in the negotiations and seek a resolution of the issues under ss. 164.1053-164.1057. If the local governments fail to agree at the conclusion of the process under chapter 164, the local governments shall hold a joint public hearing on the issues raised in the negotiations.
- (8) When the local governments have reached an interlocal service boundary agreement, the municipality and county shall adopt the agreement by ordinance under s. 166.041 or s. 125.66, respectively. An independent special district, if it consents to the agreement, shall adopt the agreement by final order, resolution, or other method consistent with its charter. The interlocal service boundary agreement shall take effect on the day specified in the agreement, or if there is no date, upon adoption by the county or the invited municipality, whichever occurs later.
- (9) For a period of 3 years following the failure of the local governments to consent to an interlocal service boundary agreement, the initiating local government may not initiate the negotiation process established in this section

to require the responding local government to negotiate an agreement concerning the same identified unincorporated area and the same issues that were specified in the initiating resolution.

- (10) This part does not authorize one local government to require another local government to enter into an interlocal service boundary agreement. However, when the process for negotiating an interlocal service boundary agreement is initiated, the local governments shall negotiate in good faith to the conclusion of the process established in this section.
- (11) This section authorizes local governments to simultaneously engage in negotiating more than one interlocal service boundary agreement, even if the separate negotiations concern similar or identical unincorporated areas and issues.
- (12) Elected local government officials are encouraged to participate actively and directly in the negotiation process for developing an interlocal service boundary agreement.
- 171.204 Prerequisites to annexation under this part.—The interlocal service boundary agreement may describe the character of land that may be annexed and may provide that the restrictions on the character of land that may be annexed pursuant to part I are not restrictions on land that may be annexed pursuant to this part. As determined in the interlocal service boundary agreement, any character of land may be annexed, including, but not limited to, an annexation of land not contiguous to the boundaries of the annexing municipality, an annexation that creates an enclave, an annexation where the annexed area is not reasonably compact, or an annexation where the annexed area does not qualify as urban in character under

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part I. The interlocal service boundary agreement may not allow for annexation of land within a municipality that is not 2. 3 a party to the agreement or of land that is within another 4 county. 171.205 Consent requirements for annexation of land under this part. -- Notwithstanding part I, an interlocal service boundary agreement may provide a process for annexation consistent with this section or with part I.

- (1) For all or a portion of the area within a designated municipal service area, the interlocal service boundary agreement may provide a flexible process for securing the consent of the residents and property owners for annexation of property within a municipal service area, with notice to the residents and property owners as required in the interlocal service boundary agreement. Such an annexation process may include one or more of the following:
- The municipality must receive a petition for annexation from more than 50 percent of the registered voters that reside in the proposed area to be annexed;
- The annexation must be approved by a majority of electors residing in the proposed area voting in a referendum on the annexation; or
- The municipality must receive a petition for annexation from more than 50 percent of the property owners within the area proposed to be annexed.
- (2) For all or a portion of an enclave consisting of more than 20 acres within a designated municipal service area, the interlocal service boundary agreement may provide a flexible process for securing the consent of the residents and property owners for annexation of the property, with notice to the residents and property owners as required in the

interlocal service boundary agreement. Such an annexation

process may include one or more of the processes in subsection

(1) and may allow annexation when the municipality has

received a petition for annexation from one or more property

owners who own real property in excess of 50 percent of the

total real property within the area to be annexed.

- (3) For all or a portion of an enclave consisting of 20 acres or less within a designated municipal service area, the interlocal service boundary agreement may provide a flexible process for securing the consent of the residents and property owners for annexation of property within a municipal service area, with notice to the residents and property owners as required in the interlocal service boundary agreement. Such an annexation process may include one or more of the processes in subsection (1) and may allow annexation according to the terms and conditions provided in the interlocal service boundary agreement, which may include a referendum of the electors residing in the area.
- 171.206 Effect of interlocal service boundary area agreement on annexations.--
- (1) An interlocal service boundary agreement is binding on the parties to the agreement.
- (2) Notwithstanding part I, without consent of the county and the affected municipality by resolution, an invited municipality or a county may not take any action that violates the interlocal service boundary agreement that exists between the county and the invited municipality.
- (3) An interlocal service boundary agreement is binding on a participating municipality regardless of whether the participating local government consents to the interlocal service boundary agreement. Notwithstanding part I, without

consent of the county and the affected municipality by resolution, a participating municipality may not take any 2 3 action that violates an interlocal service boundary agreement that exists between the county and the invited municipality. 4 5 If the independent special district does not 6 consent to the interlocal service boundary agreement, it may 7 seek compensation under s. 171.093. 8 171.207. Transfer of powers.--This part is an alternative provision otherwise provided by law, as authorized 9 10 in s. 4, Art. VIII of the State Constitution, for any transfer 11 of power resulting from an interlocal service boundary agreement for the provision of services or the acquisition of 12 public facilities between a municipality, county, special 13 district, or other entity created pursuant to law. 14 171.208 Municipal extraterritorial power.--This part 15 authorizes a municipality to exercise extraterritorial powers 16 that include, but are not limited to, the authority to provide 17 services and facilities within the unincorporated area or 18 19 within the territory of another municipality as provided within an interlocal service boundary agreement. This power is 20 21 in addition to other municipal powers that otherwise exist. 171.209 County incorporated area power.--As provided 22 in an interlocal service boundary agreement, this part 23 24 authorizes a county to exercise powers within a municipality that include, but are not limited to, the authority to provide 25 services and facilities within the territory of a 26 27 municipality. This power is in addition to other county powers 28 that otherwise exist. 29 171.21 Effect of part on existing interlocal 30 agreement. -- A joint planning agreement, a charter provision

adopted under s. 171.044(4), or other interlocal agreement

between a municipality and a county is not affected by this part; however, the county or municipality, or both, may avail themselves of this part, which may result in the repeal or modification of a joint planning agreement or other interlocal agreement.

- <u>171.211</u> Interlocal service boundary agreement presumed valid and binding.--
- (1) If there is litigation over the terms, conditions, construction, or enforcement of an interlocal service boundary agreement, the agreement shall be presumed valid, and the challenger has the burden of proving its invalidity.
- (2) It is the intent of this part to authorize a municipality to enter into an interlocal service boundary agreement that enhances, restricts, or precludes annexations during the term of the agreement.

171.212 Disputes regarding construction and effect of an interlocal service boundary agreement.—If there is a question or dispute about the construction or effect of an interlocal service boundary agreement, a local government shall initiate and proceed through the conflict resolution procedures established in chapter 164. If there is a failure to resolve the conflict, no later than 30 days following the conclusion of the procedures established in chapter 164, the local government may file an action in circuit court. For purpose of this section the term "local government" means a party to the interlocal service boundary agreement.

Section 2. Section 171.094, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

171.094 Effect of interlocal service boundary
agreements adopted under part II on annexations under this
part.--

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- 1 (1) An interlocal service boundary agreement entered 2 into pursuant to part II is binding on the parties to the 3 agreement.
  - (2) Notwithstanding any other provision of this part, without consent of the county and the affected municipality by resolution, an invited municipality or a county may not take any action that violates an interlocal service boundary agreement that exists between the county and the invited municipality.
  - (3) An interlocal service boundary agreement is binding on a participating municipality regardless of whether the participating local government consents to the interlocal service boundary agreement. Notwithstanding any other provision of this part, without consent of the county and the affected municipality by resolution, a participating municipality may not take any action that violates an interlocal service boundary agreement that exists between the county and the invited municipality.
  - Section 3. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 171.0413, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
  - 171.0413 Annexation procedures. -- Any municipality may annex contiguous, compact, unincorporated territory in the following manner:
- (2) Following the final adoption of the ordinance of annexation by the governing body of the annexing municipality, the ordinance shall be submitted to a vote of the registered electors of the area proposed to be annexed. The governing body of the annexing municipality may also choose to submit the ordinance of annexation to a separate vote of the registered electors of the annexing municipality. 31 referendum on annexation shall be called and conducted and the

expense thereof paid by the governing body of the annexing municipality.

(a) The referendum on annexation shall be held at the next regularly scheduled election following the final adoption of the ordinance of annexation by the governing body of the annexing municipality or at a special election called for the purpose of holding the referendum. However, the referendum, whether held at a regularly scheduled election or at a special election, shall not be held sooner than  $\underline{60}$   $\underline{30}$  days following the final adoption of the ordinance by the governing body of the annexing municipality.

Section 4. Subsection (2) of section 171.042, Florida Statutes, is amended, and subsection (3) is added to that section, to read:

171.042 Prerequisites to annexation .--

- (2) Thirty days prior to commencing the annexation procedures under s. 171.0413, the governing body of the municipality shall file a copy of the report required by this section with the board of county commissioners of the county wherein the municipality is located. Failure to comply with this notice provision shall be the basis for a cause of action to invalidate the annexation.
- (3) Notice shall be provided by the municipality to the affected residents within the proposed area to be annexed.

Section 5. The Division of Statutory Revision is requested to designate sections 171.011-171.094, Florida Statutes, as part I of chapter 171, Florida Statutes, and sections 171.20-171.212, Florida Statutes, as created by this act, as part II of chapter 171, Florida Statutes.

Section 6. This act shall take effect July 1, 2004.

SENATE SUMMARY Creates the "Interlocal Service Boundary Agreement Act". Provides for the creation of interlocal service boundary agreements. Provides prerequisites to annexation. Provides a process for annexation. Provides the effects of an interlocal service boundary area agreement on the parties to the agreement or a participating municipality. Authorizes a municipality to provide services within an unincorporated area or territory of another municipality. Authorizes a county to exercise certain powers within a municipality. Provides for the effect on existing interlocal agreements. Provides a procedure to settle a dispute regarding an interlocal service boundary agreement. Extends the time between the final adoption of an ordinance and the referendum election. Provides a an ordinance and the referendum election. Provides a notice requirement by a municipality. Provides grounds for invalidating an annexation. (See bill for details.)