CHAMBER ACTION

The Committee on Education K-20 recommends the following:

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Committee Substitute

Remove the entire bill and insert:

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to scholarship program accountability; amending s. 220.187, F.S., relating to credits for contributions to nonprofit scholarship-funding organizations; removing a cap on contributions to a single eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization; revising definition of the terms "eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization" and "qualified student"; defining the term "owner or operator"; reducing small business credit reservation; providing for rescindment of tax credit allocation; authorizing scholarships for transportation expenses to lab schools; providing restrictions on receipt of a scholarship; providing for obligation of eligible contributions; requiring a separate account for scholarship funds; authorizing transfer of funds between scholarship-funding organizations; specifying audit requirements; requiring attendance verification prior to scholarship payment; requiring quarterly scholarship payments; requiring quarterly

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reports; requiring income verification; requiring fingerprinting and criminal background checks; providing restrictions on scholarship-funding organization ownership or operation; providing for reporting of noncompliant private schools; providing for equal opportunity; providing for private school availability; providing for a line of credit; providing for parent and student obligations; prohibiting power of attorney for endorsing scholarship checks; revising fiscal soundness requirements for private schools; providing for additional private school obligations, including compliance with specified laws, employment of qualified teachers, and provision of student testing; requiring fingerprinting and criminal background checks; prohibiting certain types of educational programs; providing Department of Education and Commissioner of Education obligations and responsibilities, including verification of eligibility of program participants, investigation of violations, analysis of student performance data, and authority to suspend or prohibit participation in the scholarship program; requiring State Board of Education rules; providing for Department of Financial Services obligations; amending s. 1002.39, F.S., relating to the John M. McKay Scholarships for Students with Disabilities Program; revising definition of the term "students with disabilities"; restricting eligibility to receive a John M. McKay Scholarship; providing Department of Education obligations to establish an information hotline,

investigate private school violations, and retain records; revising requirements for private school fiscal soundness; revising eligibility requirements for private schools, including compliance with specified laws and rules and maintenance of a physical location in the state, with an exception; requiring fingerprinting and criminal background checks; prohibiting certain types of educational programs; prohibiting power of attorney for endorsing scholarship checks; revising provisions relating to scholarship payment; providing for Department of Financial Services obligations; providing Commissioner of Education authority to suspend or prohibit program participation; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Section 220.187, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

220.187 Credits for contributions to nonprofit scholarship-funding organizations.--

(1) PURPOSE.--The purpose of this section is to:

(a) Encourage private, voluntary contributions to nonprofit scholarship-funding organizations.

(b) Expand educational opportunities for children of families that have limited financial resources.

(c) Enable children in this state to achieve a greater level of excellence in their education.

(2) DEFINITIONS. -- As used in this section, the term:

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(a) "Department" means the Department of Revenue.

(b) "Eligible contribution" means a monetary contribution from a taxpayer, subject to the restrictions provided in this section, to an eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization. The taxpayer making the contribution may not designate a specific child as the beneficiary of the contribution. The taxpayer may not contribute more than \$5 million to any single eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization.

(c)(d) "Eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization" means a charitable organization that is exempt from federal income tax pursuant to s. 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, that is a Florida entity formed under chapter 607, chapter 608, or chapter 617 and whose principal office is located in the state, and that complies with the provisions of subsection (4).

 $\underline{(d)(e)}$ "Eligible <u>private</u> nonpublic school" means a <u>private</u> nonpublic school located in Florida that offers an education to students in any grades K-12 and that meets the requirements in subsection (6)(5).

- (e) "Owner or operator" includes:
- 1. An owner, president, officer, or director of an eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization or a person with equivalent decisionmaking authority over an eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization.
- 2. An owner, operator, superintendent, or principal of an eligible private school or a person with equivalent decisionmaking authority over an eligible private school.

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 $\underline{(f)}$ "Qualified student" means a student who qualifies for free or reduced-price school lunches under the National School Lunch Act and who:

- 1. Was counted as a full-time equivalent student during the previous state fiscal year for purposes of state per-student funding;
- 2. Received a scholarship from an eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization during the previous school year; or
 - 3. Is eligible to enter kindergarten or first grade.

However, for purposes of continuity of educational choice, a student who is a qualified student shall remain a qualified student notwithstanding a change in the family's economic status up to 200 percent of the federal poverty level.

- (3) AUTHORIZATION TO GRANT SCHOLARSHIP FUNDING TAX CREDITS; LIMITATIONS ON INDIVIDUAL AND TOTAL CREDITS.--
- (a) There is allowed a credit of 100 percent of an eligible contribution against any tax due for a taxable year under this chapter. However, such a credit may not exceed 75 percent of the tax due under this chapter for the taxable year, after the application of any other allowable credits by the taxpayer. However, at least 5 percent of the total statewide amount authorized for the tax credit shall be reserved for taxpayers who meet the definition of a small business provided in s. 288.703(1) at the time of application. The credit granted by this section shall be reduced by the difference between the amount of federal corporate income tax taking into account the

credit granted by this section and the amount of federal corporate income tax without application of the credit granted by this section.

- (b) The total amount of tax credits and carryforward of tax credits which may be granted each state fiscal year under this section is \$88 million. However, at least 1 percent of the total statewide amount authorized for tax credits shall be reserved for taxpayers who meet the definition of a small business provided in s. 288.703(1) at the time of application.
- (c) A taxpayer who files a Florida consolidated return as a member of an affiliated group pursuant to s. 220.131(1) may be allowed the credit on a consolidated return basis; however, the total credit taken by the affiliated group is subject to the limitation established under paragraph (a).
- (d) A taxpayer may rescind all or part of its allocated tax credit under this section. The amount of the rescindment shall become available for purposes of the cap for that state fiscal year under this section to an eligible taxpayer as approved by the department if the taxpayer receives notice from the department that the rescindment has been accepted by the department, the taxpayer has not previously rescinded any or all of its tax credit allocation under this section more than once in the previous 3 tax years, and the taxpayer has not made a contribution pursuant to its approved application for tax credit under this section. Any amount rescinded under this paragraph shall become available to an eligible taxpayer on a first-come, first-served basis based on tax credit applications received after the date the rescindment is accepted by the department.

(4) OBLIGATIONS OF ELIGIBLE NONPROFIT SCHOLARSHIP-FUNDING ORGANIZATIONS.--An eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization participating in the scholarship program established in this section shall have the following obligations:

- (a) An eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization shall provide <u>corporate income tax credit</u> scholarships, from eligible contributions, to qualified students for:
- 1. Tuition or textbook expenses for, or transportation to, an eligible <u>private</u> nonpublic school. At least 75 percent of <u>each</u> the scholarship <u>funding</u> must be used to pay tuition expenses; or
- 2. Transportation expenses to a Florida public school that is located outside the district in which the student resides $\underline{\text{or}}$ to a lab school as defined in s. 1002.32.
- (b) An eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization shall give priority to qualified students who received a scholarship from an eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization during the previous school year.
- (c) An eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization shall not provide a scholarship to a student who is receiving an opportunity scholarship pursuant to s. 1002.38 or a John M.

 McKay Scholarship pursuant to s. 1002.39. In addition, an eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization shall not provide a scholarship to a student who is receiving a corporate income tax credit scholarship from another eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization.

(d)(e) The amount of a scholarship provided to any child for any single school year by <u>an</u> all eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding <u>organization</u> organizations from eligible contributions shall not exceed the following annual limits:

- 1. Three thousand five hundred dollars for a scholarship awarded to a student enrolled in an eligible <u>private</u> nonpublic school.
- 2. Five hundred dollars for a scholarship awarded to a student enrolled in a Florida public school that is located outside the district in which the student resides or in a lab school as defined in s. 1002.32.
- <u>(e)(d)</u> The amount of an eligible contribution which may be accepted by an eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization is limited to the amount needed to provide scholarships for qualified students which the organization has identified and for which vacancies in eligible <u>private</u> nonpublic schools have been identified.
- (f)(e) An eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization that receives an eligible contribution must obligate spend 100 percent of the eligible contribution to provide scholarships in the same state fiscal year in which the contribution was received. No portion of eligible contributions may be used for administrative expenses. All interest accrued from contributions must be used for scholarships.
- (g) An eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization must maintain separate accounts for scholarship funds and operating funds.

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(h) An eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization may transfer funds to another eligible nonprofit scholarshipfunding organization when additional funds are required to meet scholarship demand. The scholarship-funding organization transferring funds must request approval for the transfer from the Department of Education and provide documentation to support the transfer, including a listing of the scholarships to be funded from the transfer. The Department of Education shall verify the listing of students to receive scholarships from the transfer. No funds may be transferred unless matching eligible scholarship recipients can be identified by the scholarshipfunding organization receiving the transfer. (i) (f) An eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization that receives eligible contributions must provide to the Auditor General and the Department of Education an annual financial and compliance audit of its accounts and records conducted by an independent certified public accountant and in accordance with rules adopted by the Auditor General. The audit must be conducted in compliance with generally accepted auditing standards and must include a report on financial statements presented in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles set forth by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants for not-for-profit organizations and a determination of compliance with the statutory eligibility and expenditure requirements set forth in this section. Audits must

be provided to the Auditor General and the Department of

scholarship-funding organization's fiscal year.

Education within 120 days after completion of the nonprofit

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(j)(g) An eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization shall obtain verification from the private school of a student's continued attendance at the school prior to each scholarship payment. Payment of the scholarship shall be made by the eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization no less frequently than on a quarterly basis. Payment of the scholarship by the eliqible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization shall be by individual warrant or check made payable to the student's parent. If the parent chooses for his or her child to attend an eligible private nonpublic school, the warrant or check must be mailed by the eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization to the private nonpublic school of the parent's choice, and the parent shall restrictively endorse the warrant or check to the private nonpublic school. An eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization shall ensure that, upon receipt of a scholarship warrant or check, the parent to whom the warrant or check is made restrictively endorses the warrant or check to the private nonpublic school of the parent's choice for deposit into the account of the private nonpublic school.

- (k) An eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization must prepare and submit quarterly reports to the Department of Education pursuant to subsection (7). In addition, an eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization must submit in a timely manner any information requested by the Department of Education relating to the scholarship program.
- (1) An eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization must verify the income of all applicants participating in the

273 <u>scholarship program each year with independent income</u> 274 documentation.

- (m) An owner or operator of an eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization must, within 5 days after assuming ownership or decisionmaking authority, file with the Department of Law Enforcement a complete set of fingerprints for state processing for a criminal background check. The costs of fingerprinting and the background check shall not be borne by the state. The results of the criminal background check shall be forwarded to the owner or operator and to the Department of Education.
- (n) A nonprofit scholarship-funding organization whose owner or operator in the last 7 years has filed for personal bankruptcy or corporate bankruptcy in a corporation in which he or she owned more than 20 percent of the corporation shall not be eligible to provide scholarships under this section.
- (o) An owner or operator of an eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization is prohibited from owning or operating an eligible private school that is participating in the scholarship program.
- (p) An eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization shall report to the Department of Education any private school that is not in compliance with the requirements of the scholarship program. The eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization shall not provide additional scholarship funds to a parent for a student to attend the private school until a determination is made by the Commissioner of Education that the

300 school is in compliance with the requirements of the scholarship
301 program.

- (q) An eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization shall not discriminate in the provision of scholarships to a qualified student based on the student's race, color, national origin, sex, or religion.
- (r) An eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization shall allow a qualified student to attend any eligible private school and shall allow a parent to transfer a scholarship during a school year to any other eligible private school of the parent's choice.
- (s) An eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization shall not target scholarships to a particular private school or provide scholarships to children of employees of the nonprofit scholarship-funding organization.
- (t) An eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization may obtain a secured line of credit to fund scholarship payments based on estimated contributions to be received within a 6-month period. These funds may only be used to provide scholarship payments. Interest and fees related to the line of credit shall be paid from the scholarship-funding organization's operating budget and not from contributions or loan proceeds.
 - (5) PARENT OBLIGATIONS OF PARENTS AND STUDENTS.--
- $\underline{(a)}$ As a condition for scholarship payment pursuant to paragraph $(4)\underline{(j)}\underline{(g)}$, if the parent chooses for his or her child to attend an eligible <u>private</u> nonpublic school, the parent must inform the child's school district within 15 days after such decision.

(b) A student is not eligible to receive a corporate income tax credit scholarship if he or she is receiving an opportunity scholarship pursuant to s. 1002.38 or a John M.

McKay Scholarship pursuant to s. 1002.39. A student is not eligible to receive a scholarship from more than one eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization. A student is not eligible to receive a corporate income tax credit scholarship if the family's economic status exceeds 200 percent of the federal poverty level.

- (c) Upon receipt of a scholarship warrant or check from the eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization, the parent to whom the warrant or check is made must restrictively endorse the warrant or check to the private school for deposit into the account of the private school. A private school may not act as attorney in fact for parents of a scholarship student under the authority of a power of attorney executed by such parents or under any other authority allowing endorsement of scholarship warrants on behalf of parents. If a parent refuses to restrictively endorse a warrant to which a private school is entitled, that student's scholarship shall be forfeited immediately.
- (d) Any student participating in the scholarship program must remain in attendance throughout the school year unless excused by the school for illness or other good cause and must comply fully with the school's code of conduct.
- (e) The parent of a student participating in the scholarship program must comply fully with the private school's

parental involvement requirements unless excused by the school for illness or other good cause.

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- (f) The parent of a student participating in the scholarship program must ensure that the student participates in the nationally norm-referenced testing required by this section. Students with disabilities for whom standardized testing is not appropriate are exempt from this requirement.
- (g) A participant in the scholarship program who fails to comply with this subsection forfeits the scholarship.
- (6) ELIGIBLE PRIVATE NONPUBLIC SCHOOL OBLIGATIONS.--An eligible private nonpublic school must:
- (a) Demonstrate fiscal soundness by being in operation for 3 school years or obtain one school year or provide the Department of Education with a statement by a certified public accountant confirming that the nonpublic school desiring to participate is insured and the owner or owners have sufficient capital or credit to operate the school for the upcoming year serving the number of students anticipated with expected revenues from tuition and other sources that may be reasonably expected. In lieu of such a statement, a surety bond or letter of credit for the amount equal to the scholarship funds for any quarter to may be filed with the Department of Education. The surety bond or letter of credit shall serve to secure expenditures of scholarship funds should such funds be found to have been used for unlawful purposes. However, if during the school year a private school exhibits financial difficulty or is otherwise not in compliance with this section, the Commissioner

of Education may impose additional requirements on the private school, which may include additional security bonding.

- (b) Notify the Department of Education of its intent to participate in the scholarship program. The notice must specify the grade levels that the private school has available for students participating in the scholarship program.
- $\frac{(c)(b)}{(b)}$ Comply with the antidiscrimination provisions of 42 U.S.C. s. 2000d.
 - (d)(c) Meet state and local health and safety laws and codes, including, but not limited to, laws pertaining to:
 - 1. Fire safety.
 - 2. Building codes.

- (e)(d) Comply with all state laws relating to general regulation of private nonpublic schools, including, but not limited to, laws pertaining to:
 - 1. Annual private school survey required in s. 1002.42(2).
 - 2. Retention of records required in s. 1002.42(3).
- 3. Attendance records and reports required in s. 1003.23(2).
- 4. School-entry health examinations and immunizations required in s. 1003.22.
- 5. Attendance requirements prescribed in ss. 1003.01(13) and 1003.21(1).
- (f) Employ or contract with teachers who hold baccalaureate or higher degrees, have at least 3 years of teaching experience in public or private schools, or have special skills, knowledge, or expertise that qualifies them to provide instruction in subjects taught.

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(g) Annually administer or make provision for students participating in the scholarship program to take one of the nationally norm-referenced tests identified by the Department of Education. Students with disabilities for whom standardized testing is not appropriate are exempt from this requirement. A participating private school must report a student's scores to the parent and to the independent private research organization selected by the Department of Education pursuant to subsection (7). (h) Within 60 days after employment, for any private school owner-operator or private school manager, file with the Department of Law Enforcement a complete set of fingerprints for state processing for a criminal background check. The costs of fingerprinting and the background check shall not be borne by the state. The results of a criminal background check shall be reported to the Department of Education. The owner or operator of the private school shall immediately report to the Department of Education any private school owner-operator or private school manager who has been convicted of a crime that bears upon the individual's fitness to have responsibility for the safety and well-being of children. Employment of such an individual shall cause a private school to be ineligible for participation in the scholarship program. An individual holding a valid Florida teaching certificate who has been fingerprinted pursuant to s. 1012.32 shall not be required to comply with the provisions of this paragraph. (i) Annually comply with the requirements of the

Department of Education to complete a sworn compliance form

certifying compliance with state laws pursuant to subsection (7).

- (j) Notify the Department of Education and the eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization if any participating student is receiving a warrant or check from more than one eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization.
- (k) Comply with all applicable state agency rules relating to private schools.
- (1) Not operate as a home education program as defined in ss. 1002.01 and 1002.41, a correspondence course program, or a private tutoring program as described in s. 1002.43.

The inability of a private school to meet the requirements of this subsection shall constitute a basis for the ineligibility of the private school to participate in the scholarship program as determined by the Department of Education.

- (7) DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION, COMMISSIONER OF EDUCATION,
 AND STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION OBLIGATIONS; RESPONSIBILITIES.--
 - (a) The Department of Education shall:
- 1. Annually submit to the Department of Revenue, by March
 15, a list of eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding
 organizations that meet the requirements of paragraph (2)(c).
- 2. Verify the eligibility of nonprofit scholarship-funding organizations that meet the requirements of paragraph (2)(c).
- 3. Verify the eligibility of private schools that meet the requirements of paragraph (2)(d).
- 464 4. Verify the eligibility of expenditures as provided in subsection (4).

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5. Establish a toll-free hotline that provides parents, private schools, and nonprofit scholarship-funding organizations with information on participation in the scholarship program.

- 6. Establish a process by which individuals may notify the Department of Education of any violation by a private school or nonprofit scholarship-funding organization of state laws relating to scholarship program participation. The department shall conduct an investigation of any written complaint of a violation of this section if the complaint is signed by the complainant and is legally sufficient. A complaint is legally sufficient if it contains ultimate facts that show that a violation of this section or any rule adopted by the State Board of Education or other state agency has occurred. In order to determine legal sufficiency, the Department of Education may require supporting information or documentation from the complainant.
- 7. Require annual completion of a sworn compliance form by participating private schools certifying compliance with state laws and retain such records.
- 8. Identify all nationally norm-referenced tests that are comparable to the norm-referenced test portions of the Florida

 Comprehensive Assessment Test (FCAT).
- 9. Select an independent private research organization to which participating private schools must report the scores of participating students on the nationally norm-referenced tests administered by the private school. The independent private research organization must annually report to the Department of Education on the year-to-year improvements of the participating

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students. The independent private research organization must analyze and report student performance data in a manner that protects the rights of students and parents as mandated in 20 U.S.C. s. 1232g and must not disaggregate data to a level that will disclose the academic level of individuals or of individual schools. To the extent possible, the independent private research organization must accumulate historical performance data on students from the Department of Education and private schools to describe baseline performance and to conduct longitudinal studies. To minimize costs and reduce time required for third-party analysis and evaluation, the Department of Education shall conduct analyses of matched students from public school assessment data and calculate control group learning gains using an agreed upon methodology outlined in the contract with the third-party evaluator. The sharing of student data must be in accordance with the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act requirements and shall be for the sole purpose of conducting the evaluation. All parties must preserve the confidentiality of such information.

- 10. Provide a private school profile on-line for those private schools participating in the scholarship program.
- 11. Notify an eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization of any of the organization's identified students who are receiving an opportunity scholarship pursuant to s. 1002.38 or a John M. McKay Scholarship pursuant to s. 1002.39.
- 12. Notify an eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization of any of the organization's identified students

who are receiving a corporate income tax credit scholarship from another eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization.

- 13. Require quarterly reports by an eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization regarding the number of students participating in the scholarship program, the private schools at which the students are enrolled, and other information deemed necessary by the Department of Education.
- 14. Regularly cross-check the list of participating scholarship students with the public school enrollment lists to avoid duplication.
- (b) The Commissioner of Education is authorized to suspend or prohibit an eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization from participation in the scholarship program and to take other action necessary to ensure compliance with the provisions of this section.
- (c) The State Board of Education shall adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to implement the provisions of this subsection, including rules to determine the eligibility of nonprofit scholarship-funding organizations and to identify qualified students.
 - (8)(7) ADMINISTRATION; RULES. --
- (a) If the credit granted pursuant to this section is not fully used in any one year because of insufficient tax liability on the part of the corporation, the unused amount may be carried forward for a period not to exceed 3 years; however, any taxpayer that seeks to carry forward an unused amount of tax credit must submit an application for allocation of tax credits or carryforward credits as required in paragraph (d) in the year

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that the taxpayer intends to use the carryforward. The total amount of tax credits and carryforward of tax credits granted each state fiscal year under this section is \$88 million. This carryforward applies to all approved contributions made after January 1, 2002. A taxpayer may not convey, assign, or transfer the credit authorized by this section to another entity unless all of the assets of the taxpayer are conveyed, assigned, or transferred in the same transaction.

- (b) An application for a tax credit pursuant to this section shall be submitted to the department on forms established by rule of the department.
- (c) The department and the Department of Education shall develop a cooperative agreement to assist in the administration of this section. The Department of Education shall be responsible for annually submitting, by March 15, to the department a list of eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organizations that meet the requirements of paragraph (2)(d) and for monitoring eligibility of nonprofit scholarship-funding organizations that meet the requirements of paragraph (2)(d), eligibility of nonpublic schools that meet the requirements of paragraph (2)(c), and eligibility of expenditures under this section as provided in subsection (4).
- (d) The department shall adopt rules necessary to administer this section, including rules establishing application forms and procedures and governing the allocation of tax credits and carryforward credits under this section on a first-come, first-served basis.

(e) Subsequent to each scholarship payment, the Department of Financial Services shall randomly review endorsed warrants to confirm compliance with endorsement requirements. The Department of Education shall adopt rules necessary to determine eligibility of nonprofit scholarship-funding organizations as defined in paragraph (2)(d) and according to the provisions of subsection (4) and identify qualified students as defined in paragraph (2)(e).

(9)(8) DEPOSITS OF ELIGIBLE CONTRIBUTIONS.--All eligible contributions received by an eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization shall be deposited in a manner consistent with s. 17.57(2).

Section 2. Subsections (1), (2), and (4), paragraph (f) of subsection (5), and paragraph (f) of subsection (6) of section 1002.39, Florida Statutes, are amended, paragraphs (g) through (j) are added to subsection (3), paragraph (g) is added to subsection (6), subsection (8) is renumbered as subsection (9), and a new subsection (8) is added to said section, to read:

1002.39 The John M. McKay Scholarships for Students with Disabilities Program.—There is established a program that is separate and distinct from the Opportunity Scholarship Program and is named the John M. McKay Scholarships for Students with Disabilities Program, pursuant to this section.

(1) THE JOHN M. MCKAY SCHOLARSHIPS FOR STUDENTS WITH DISABILITIES PROGRAM.—The John M. McKay Scholarships for Students with Disabilities Program is established to provide the option to attend a public school other than the one to which assigned, or to provide a scholarship to a private school of

choice, for students with disabilities for whom an individual education plan has been written in accordance with rules of the State Board of Education. Students with disabilities include K-12 students who are documented as having mental retardation; a mentally handicapped, speech or and language impairment; a impaired, deaf or hard of hearing impairment, including deafness; a visual impairment, including blindness; a, visually impaired, dual sensory impairment; a physical impairment; a serious emotional disturbance, including an emotional handicap; a impaired, physically impaired, emotionally handicapped, specific learning disability, including, but not limited to, dyslexia, dyscalculia, or developmental aphasia; a traumatic brain injury; disabled, hospitalized or homebound, or autism autistic.

- (2) SCHOLARSHIP ELIGIBILITY.--The parent of a public school student with a disability who is dissatisfied with the student's progress may request and receive from the state a John M. McKay Scholarship for the child to enroll in and attend a private school in accordance with this section if:
- (a) By assigned school attendance area or by special assignment, the student has spent the prior school year in attendance at a Florida public school. Prior school year in attendance means that the student was enrolled and reported by a school district for funding during the preceding October and February Florida Education Finance Program surveys in kindergarten through grade 12.
- (b) The parent has obtained acceptance for admission of the student to a private school that is eligible for the program

under subsection (4) and has notified the school district of the request for a scholarship at least 60 days prior to the date of the first scholarship payment. The parental notification must be through a communication directly to the district or through the Department of Education to the district in a manner that creates a written or electronic record of the notification and the date of receipt of the notification.

This section does not apply to A student is not eligible to receive a John M. McKay Scholarship if he or she receives an opportunity scholarship or a corporate tax credit scholarship or who is enrolled in a school operating for the purpose of providing educational services to youth in Department of Juvenile Justice commitment program programs. For purposes of continuity of educational choice, the scholarship shall remain in force until the student returns to a public school or graduates from high school. However, at any time, the student's parent may remove the student from the private school and place the student in another private school that is eligible for the program under subsection (4) or in a public school as provided in subsection (3).

- (3) SCHOOL DISTRICT AND DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION OBLIGATIONS.--
- (g) The Department of Education shall establish a tollfree hotline that provides parents and private schools with information on participation in the John M. McKay Scholarships for Students with Disabilities Program.

(h) The Department of Education shall establish a process by which individuals may notify the department of any violation by a private school of state laws relating to program participation. The department shall conduct an investigation of any written complaint of a violation of this section if the complaint is signed by the complainant and is legally sufficient. A complaint is legally sufficient if it contains ultimate facts that show that a violation of this section or any rule adopted by the State Board of Education or other state agency has occurred. In order to determine legal sufficiency, the Department of Education may require supporting information or documentation from the complainant.

- (i) The Department of Education shall require annual completion of a sworn compliance form by participating private schools certifying compliance with state laws and shall retain such records.
- (j) The Department of Education shall regularly crosscheck the list of participating scholarship students with the public school enrollment lists to avoid duplication.
- (4) PRIVATE SCHOOL ELIGIBILITY. -- To be eligible to participate in the John M. McKay Scholarships for Students with Disabilities Program, a private school must be a Florida private school, as defined in s. 1002.01(2), may be sectarian or nonsectarian, and must:
- (a) Demonstrate fiscal soundness by being in operation for 3 school years or obtain 1 school year or provide the Department of Education with a statement by a certified public accountant confirming that the private school desiring to participate is

insured and the owner or owners have sufficient capital or credit to operate the school for the upcoming year serving the number of students anticipated with expected revenues from tuition and other sources that may be reasonably expected. In lieu of such a statement, a surety bond or letter of credit for the amount equal to the scholarship funds for any quarter to may be filed with the Department of Education. The surety bond or letter of credit shall serve to secure expenditures of scholarship funds should such funds be found to have been used for unlawful purposes. However, if during the school year a private school exhibits financial difficulty or is otherwise not in compliance with this section, the Commissioner of Education may impose additional requirements on the private school, which may include additional security bonding.

- (b) Notify the Department of Education of its intent to participate in the program under this section. The notice must specify the grade levels and services that the private school has available for students with disabilities who are participating in the scholarship program.
- (c) Comply with the antidiscrimination provisions of 42 U.S.C. s. 2000d.
- (d) Meet state and local health and safety laws and codes, including, but not limited to, laws pertaining to:
 - 1. Fire safety.

- 2. Building codes.
- (e) Be academically accountable to the parent for meeting the educational needs of the student <u>by providing to the parent</u> a written explanation of the student's progress.

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(f) Employ or contract with teachers who hold baccalaureate or higher degrees, or have at least 3 years of teaching experience in public or private schools, or have special skills, knowledge, or expertise that qualifies them to provide instruction in subjects taught.

- (g) Comply with all state laws relating to general regulation of private schools, including, but not limited to, laws pertaining to:
 - 1. Annual private school survey required in s. 1002.42(2).
 - 2. Retention of records required in s. 1002.42(3).
- 3. Attendance records and reports required in s. 1003.23(2).
- 4. School-entry health examinations and immunizations required in s. 1003.22.
- $\underline{\text{5. Attendance requirements prescribed in ss. } 1003.01(13)}$ and 1003.21(1).
- (h) Adhere to the tenets of its published disciplinary procedures prior to the expulsion of a scholarship student.
- (i) Within 60 days after employment, for any private school owner-operator or private school manager, file with the Department of Law Enforcement a complete set of fingerprints for state processing for a criminal background check. The costs of fingerprinting and the background check shall not be borne by the state. The results of a criminal background check shall be reported to the Department of Education. The owner or operator of the private school shall immediately report to the Department of Education any private school owner-operator or private school manager who has been convicted of a crime that bears upon the

individual's fitness to have responsibility for the safety and well-being of children. Employment of such an individual shall cause a private school to be ineligible for participation in the scholarship program. An individual holding a valid Florida teaching certificate who has been fingerprinted pursuant to s.

1012.32 shall not be required to comply with the provisions of this paragraph.

- (j) Annually comply with the requirements of the

 Department of Education to complete a sworn compliance form

 certifying compliance with state laws pursuant to subsection

 (3). The form and timeline for submission of the compliance form shall be specified in rules adopted by the State Board of Education.
- (k) Comply with all applicable state agency rules relating to private schools.
- (1) Not operate as a home education program as defined in ss. 1002.01 and 1002.41 or a private tutoring program as described in s. 1002.43.
- (m) Maintain a physical private school location in this state where a scholarship student regularly attends classes consistent with s. 1003.01(13)(b) or s. 1003.01(13)(c). However, this paragraph does not preclude a private school from offering services through a satellite-based service network that implements portions of the education or training of a John M. McKay Scholarship student as directed by a professional trained in special education. Such a school must meet all requirements relating to private schools and all other requirements in this section and shall:

1. Make no payments to the parent of the child for services, equipment, instruction, or instructional materials.

- 2. Employ and direct payment to qualified specialists who can meet the needs of the child as identified in the educational plan developed for the child.
- 3. Have a physical location for processing services and providing oversight of the child's educational progress.
- 4. Monitor and supervise work done by the parent and the specialists to follow the educational plan developed for the child.
- (n) Require the parent of each scholarship student to personally restrictively endorse the scholarship check to the school. The school may not:
- 1. Act as attorney in fact for parents of a scholarship student under the authority of a power of attorney executed by such parents, or under any other authority, to endorse scholarship warrants on behalf of parents.
- 2. Send or direct John M. McKay Scholarship funds to parents of a scholarship student who is home schooled pursuant to s. 1002.41.
- 3. Accept a John M. McKay Scholarship student until the sworn compliance form has been completed, submitted to, and independently verified by the Department of Education.

The inability of a private school to meet the requirements of this subsection shall constitute a basis for the ineligibility of the private school to participate in the scholarship program as determined by the Department of Education.

(5) OBLIGATION OF PROGRAM PARTICIPANTS. --

- (f) Upon receipt of a scholarship warrant, the parent to whom the warrant is made must restrictively endorse the warrant to the private school for deposit into the account of the private school. A private school may not act as attorney in fact pursuant to paragraph (4)(n).
 - (6) SCHOLARSHIP FUNDING AND PAYMENT. --
- (f) Upon proper documentation reviewed and approved by the Department of Education, the Chief Financial Officer shall make scholarship payments in four equal amounts no later than September 1, November 1, February 1, and April 1 15 of each academic year in which the scholarship is in force. The initial payment shall be made after Department of Education verification of admission acceptance, and subsequent payments shall be made upon verification of continued enrollment and attendance at the private school. Payment must be by individual warrant made payable to the student's parent and mailed by the Department of Education to the private school of the parent's choice, and the parent shall restrictively endorse the warrant to the private school for deposit into the account of the private school.
- (g) Subsequent to each scholarship payment, the Department of Financial Services shall randomly review endorsed warrants to confirm compliance with endorsement requirements.
- (8) COMMISSIONER AUTHORITY.--The Commissioner of Education may suspend or prohibit a private school or a student from participation in the scholarship program and take other action necessary to ensure compliance with the provisions of this section.

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HB 313 2004 CS 827 Section 3. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law.

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