| 1 | HB 0355 2004 A bill to be entitled | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 2 | An act relating to motor vehicle insurance costs; amending | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | s. 627.732, F.S.; defining the terms "biometrics" and | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | "biometric time date technology"; amending s. 627.736, | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5 | F.S.; providing presumptions and revising procedures with | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 6 | respect to billing and payment for treatment of injured | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 7 | persons under personal injury protection benefits; | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 8 | providing an effective date. | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 9 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 10 | Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 11 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 12 | Section 1. Subsections (16) and (17) are added to section | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 13 | 627.732, Florida Statutes, to read: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 14 | 627.732 DefinitionsAs used in ss. 627.730-627.7405, the | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 15 | term: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 16 | (16) "Biometrics" means a computer-based biological | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 17 | imprint. | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 18 | (17) "Biometric time date technology" means technology | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 19 | that uses biometric imprints to document the exact date and time | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 20 | a biological imprint was made or recognized. | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 21 | Section 2. Paragraphs (a), (b), and (e) of subsection (5) | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 22 | of section 627.736, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 23 | 627.736 Required personal injury protection benefits; | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 24 | exclusions; priority; claims | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 25 | (5) CHARGES FOR TREATMENT OF INJURED PERSONS | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 26 | (a) Any physician, hospital, clinic, or other person or | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 27 | institution lawfully rendering treatment to an injured person | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 28 | for a bodily injury covered by personal injury protection | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 29 | insurance may charge the insurer and injured party only a | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 30 | reasonable amount pursuant to this section for the services and | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Ċ | Page 1 of 9 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words <u>underlined</u> are additions. | | | | | | | | | | | |

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2004 31 supplies rendered, and the insurer providing such coverage may pay for such charges directly to such person or institution 32 lawfully rendering such treatment, if the insured receiving such 33 34 treatment or his or her guardian has countersigned the properly completed invoice, bill, or claim form approved by the office 35 upon which such charges are to be paid for as having actually 36 been rendered, to the best knowledge of the insured or his or 37 her guardian. In no event, however, may such a charge be in 38 excess of the amount the person or institution customarily 39 charges for like services or supplies. With respect to a 40 41 determination of whether a charge for a particular service, treatment, or otherwise is reasonable, consideration may be 42 given to evidence of usual and customary charges and payments 43 accepted by the provider involved in the dispute, and 44 reimbursement levels in the community and various federal and 45 state medical fee schedules applicable to automobile and other 46 insurance coverages, and other information relevant to the 47 reasonableness of the reimbursement for the service, treatment, 48 49 or supply. It shall be presumed that the insured received the treatment or services specified in the bill for services if the 50 provider uses biometric time date technology that verifies that 51 the insured was present in the provider's office for the time 52 the billed services were rendered. 53 (b)1. An insurer or insured is not required to pay a claim 54 or charges: 55

56 а. Made by a broker or by a person making a claim on behalf of a broker; 57

b. For any service or treatment that was not lawful at the 58 59 time rendered;

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HB 0355 2004 To any person who knowingly submits a false or 60 c. misleading statement relating to the claim or charges; 61 With respect to a bill or statement that does not 62 d. 63 substantially meet the applicable requirements of paragraph (d); For any treatment or service that is upcoded, or that 64 e. is unbundled when such treatment or services should be bundled, 65 in accordance with paragraph (d). To facilitate prompt payment 66 of lawful services, an insurer may change codes that it 67 determines to have been improperly or incorrectly upcoded or 68 unbundled, and may make payment based on the changed codes, 69 70 without affecting the right of the provider to dispute the change by the insurer, provided that before doing so, the 71 72 insurer must contact the health care provider and discuss the reasons for the insurer's change and the health care provider's 73 reason for the coding, or make a reasonable good faith effort to 74 do so, as documented in the insurer's file. It shall be presumed 75 that the insured received the treatment or services specified in 76 the bill for services if the provider uses biometric time date 77 technology that verifies that the insured was present in the 78 provider's office for the time the billed services were 79 rendered; and 80

f. For medical services or treatment billed by a physician and not provided in a hospital unless such services are rendered by the physician or are incident to his or her professional services and are included on the physician's bill, including documentation verifying that the physician is responsible for the medical services that were rendered and billed.

2. Charges for medically necessary cephalic thermograms, peripheral thermograms, spinal ultrasounds, extremity ultrasounds, video fluoroscopy, and surface electromyography

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90 shall not exceed the maximum reimbursement allowance for such 91 procedures as set forth in the applicable fee schedule or other 92 payment methodology established pursuant to s. 440.13.

93 3. Allowable amounts that may be charged to a personal injury protection insurance insurer and insured for medically 94 necessary nerve conduction testing when done in conjunction with 95 a needle electromyography procedure and both are performed and 96 billed solely by a physician licensed under chapter 458, chapter 97 459, chapter 460, or chapter 461 who is also certified by the 98 American Board of Electrodiagnostic Medicine or by a board 99 100 recognized by the American Board of Medical Specialties or the American Osteopathic Association or who holds diplomate status 101 with the American Chiropractic Neurology Board or its 102 predecessors shall not exceed 200 percent of the allowable 103 amount under the participating physician fee schedule of 104 Medicare Part B for year 2001, for the area in which the 105 treatment was rendered, adjusted annually on August 1 to reflect 106 the prior calendar year's changes in the annual Medical Care 107 Item of the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers in the 108 South Region as determined by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of 109 the United States Department of Labor. 110

4. Allowable amounts that may be charged to a personal injury protection insurance insurer and insured for medically necessary nerve conduction testing that does not meet the requirements of subparagraph 3. shall not exceed the applicable fee schedule or other payment methodology established pursuant to s. 440.13.

5. Effective upon this act becoming a law and before November 1, 2001, allowable amounts that may be charged to a personal injury protection insurance insurer and insured for

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HB 0355 2004 120 magnetic resonance imaging services shall not exceed 200 percent of the allowable amount under Medicare Part B for year 2001, for 121 the area in which the treatment was rendered. Beginning November 122 123 1, 2001, allowable amounts that may be charged to a personal injury protection insurance insurer and insured for magnetic 124 resonance imaging services shall not exceed 175 percent of the 125 allowable amount under the participating physician fee schedule 126 of Medicare Part B for year 2001, for the area in which the 127 treatment was rendered, adjusted annually on August 1 to reflect 128 the prior calendar year's changes in the annual Medical Care 129 130 Item of the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers in the South Region as determined by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of 131 the United States Department of Labor for the 12-month period 132 ending June 30 of that year, except that allowable amounts that 133 may be charged to a personal injury protection insurance insurer 134 and insured for magnetic resonance imaging services provided in 135 facilities accredited by the Accreditation Association for 136 Ambulatory Health Care, the American College of Radiology, or 137 the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Healthcare 138 Organizations shall not exceed 200 percent of the allowable 139 amount under the participating physician fee schedule of 140 Medicare Part B for year 2001, for the area in which the 141 treatment was rendered, adjusted annually on August 1 to reflect 142 the prior calendar year's changes in the annual Medical Care 143 Item of the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers in the 144 South Region as determined by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of 145 the United States Department of Labor for the 12-month period 146 147 ending June 30 of that year. This paragraph does not apply to charges for magnetic resonance imaging services and nerve 148 conduction testing for inpatients and emergency services and 149

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HB 0355 150 care as defined in chapter 395 rendered by facilities licensed 151 under chapter 395.

The Department of Health, in consultation with the 6. 152 appropriate professional licensing boards, shall adopt, by rule, 153 a list of diagnostic tests deemed not to be medically necessary 154 for use in the treatment of persons sustaining bodily injury 155 covered by personal injury protection benefits under this 156 section. The initial list shall be adopted by January 1, 2004, 157 and shall be revised from time to time as determined by the 158 Department of Health, in consultation with the respective 159 160 professional licensing boards. Inclusion of a test on the list of invalid diagnostic tests shall be based on lack of 161 demonstrated medical value and a level of general acceptance by 162 the relevant provider community and shall not be dependent for 163 results entirely upon subjective patient response. 164 Notwithstanding its inclusion on a fee schedule in this 165 subsection, an insurer or insured is not required to pay any 166 charges or reimburse claims for any invalid diagnostic test as 167 determined by the Department of Health. 168

(e)1. At the initial treatment or service provided, each physician, other licensed professional, clinic, or other medical institution providing medical services upon which a claim for personal injury protection benefits is based shall require an insured person, or his or her guardian, to execute a disclosure and acknowledgment form, which reflects at a minimum that:

a. The insured, or his or her guardian, must countersign
the form attesting to the fact that the services set forth
therein were actually rendered;

HB 0355 b. The insured, or his or her guardian, has both the right and affirmative duty to confirm that the services were actually rendered;

c. The insured, or his or her guardian, was not solicited by any person to seek any services from the medical provider;

d. That the physician, other licensed professional, clinic, or other medical institution rendering services for which payment is being claimed explained the services to the insured or his or her guardian; and

e. If the insured notifies the insurer in writing of a billing error, the insured may be entitled to a certain percentage of a reduction in the amounts paid by the insured's motor vehicle insurer; and

191 <u>f. Countersignatures may be done by biometric or</u>
 192 electronic means.

2. The physician, other licensed professional, clinic, or other medical institution rendering services for which payment is being claimed has the affirmative duty to explain the services rendered to the insured, or his or her guardian, so that the insured, or his or her guardian, countersigns the form with informed consent.

3. Countersignature by the insured, or his or her
guardian, is not required for the reading of diagnostic tests or
other services that are of such a nature that they are not
required to be performed in the presence of the insured.

4. The licensed medical professional rendering treatment for which payment is being claimed must sign, by his or her own hand, the form complying with this paragraph.

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- 5. The original completed disclosure and acknowledgment form shall be furnished to the insurer pursuant to paragraph (4)(b) and may not be electronically furnished.
- 6. This disclosure and acknowledgment form is not required for services billed by a provider for emergency services as defined in s. 395.002, for emergency services and care as defined in s. 395.002 rendered in a hospital emergency department, or for transport and treatment rendered by an ambulance provider licensed pursuant to part III of chapter 401.
- 7. The Financial Services Commission shall adopt, by rule, a standard disclosure and acknowledgment form that shall be used to fulfill the requirements of this paragraph, effective 90 days after such form is adopted and becomes final. The commission shall adopt a proposed rule by October 1, 2003. Until the rule is final, the provider may use a form of its own which otherwise complies with the requirements of this paragraph.
- 8. As used in this paragraph, "countersigned" means a second or verifying signature, as on a previously signed document, and is not satisfied by the statement "signature on file" or any similar statement.
- The requirements of this paragraph apply only with 9. 226 respect to the initial treatment or service of the insured by a 227 provider. For subsequent treatments or service, the provider 228 must maintain a patient log signed by the patient, in 229 chronological order by date of service, that is consistent with 230 the services being rendered to the patient as claimed. The 231 requirements of this subparagraph for maintaining a patient log 232 signed by the patient may be met by a hospital that maintains 233 medical records as required by s. 395.3025 and applicable rules 234 and makes such records available to the insurer upon request. 235

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HB 0355 236 Section 3.

Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2004.

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