HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES LOCAL BILL STAFF ANALYSIS

BILL #: HB 403 Southern Manatee Fire & Rescue District

SPONSOR(S): Reagan

TIED BILLS: None. IDEN./SIM. BILLS: None.

REFERENCE	ACTION	ANALYST	STAFF DIRECTOR
1) Local Government & Veterans' Affairs		Smith	Cutchins
2) Finance & Tax	-		
3)		_	
4)			
5)		_	

SUMMARY ANALYSIS

This bill conforms the Southern Manatee Fire and Rescue District's charter to chapter 191, Florida Statutes, relating to impact fees and acknowledges referendum approval of the increase of impact fees on new construction.

The Economic Impact Statement indicates the bill has anticipated increased revenues in future years if the District Board acts to increase current impact fee rates as authorized by general law.

FULL ANALYSIS

I. SUBSTANTIVE ANALYSIS

A. DOES THE BILL:

1.	Reduce government?	Yes[]	No[]	N/A[X]
2.	Lower taxes?	Yes[]	No[X]	N/A[]
3.	Expand individual freedom?	Yes[]	No[]	N/A[X]
4.	Increase personal responsibility?	Yes[]	No[]	N/A[X]
5.	Empower families?	Yes[]	No[]	N/A[X]

For any principle that received a "no" above, please explain:

This bill allows increased impact fees as authorized by chapter 191, F.S., and the referendum held September 10, 2002.

B. EFFECT OF PROPOSED CHANGES:

This bill conforms the Southern Manatee Fire and Rescue District's charter to chapter 191, F.S., relating to impact fees and acknowledges referendum approval of the increase of impact fees on new construction.

Section 191.009, F.S., Taxes; non-ad valorem assessments; impact fees and user charges.--

- (1) AD VALOREM TAXES.--An elected board may levy and assess ad valorem taxes on all taxable property in the district to construct, operate, and maintain district facilities and services, to pay the principal of, and interest on, general obligation bonds of the district, and to provide for any sinking or other funds established in connection with such bonds. An ad valorem tax levied by the board for operating purposes, exclusive of debt service on bonds, may not exceed 3.75 mills unless a higher amount has been previously authorized by law, subject to a referendum as required by the State Constitution and this act. The ballot question on such referendum shall state the currently authorized millage rate and the year of its approval by referendum. The levy of ad valorem taxes pursuant to this section must be approved by referendum called by the board when the proposed levy of ad valorem taxes exceeds the amount authorized by prior special act, general law of local application, or county ordinance approved by referendum. Nothing in this act shall require a referendum on the levy of ad valorem taxes in an amount previously authorized by special act, general law of local application, or county ordinance approved by referendum. Such tax shall be assessed, levied, and collected in the same manner as county taxes. The levy of ad valorem taxes approved by referendum shall be reported within 60 days after the vote to the Department of Community Affairs.
- (2) NON-AD VALOREM ASSESSMENTS.--A district may levy non-ad valorem assessments as defined in s. 197.3632, F.S., to construct, operate, and maintain district facilities and services. The rate of such assessments must be fixed by resolution of the board pursuant to the procedures contained in s. 191.011, F.S. Non-ad valorem assessment rates set by the board may exceed the maximum rates established by special act, county ordinance, the previous year's resolution, or referendum in an amount not to exceed the average annual growth rate in Florida personal income over the previous 5 years. Non-ad valorem assessment rate increases within the personal income threshold are deemed to be within the maximum rate authorized by law at the time of initial imposition. Proposed non-ad valorem assessment increases which exceed the rate set the previous fiscal year or the rate previously set by special act or county ordinance, whichever is more recent, by more than the average annual growth rate in Florida personal income over the last 5 years, or the first-time levy of non-ad valorem assessments in a district, must be approved by referendum of the electors of the district. The referendum on the first-time levy of an assessment shall include a notice of the future non-ad valorem

assessment rate increases permitted by this act without a referendum. Non-ad valorem assessments shall be imposed, collected, and enforced pursuant to s. 191.011, F.S.

(3) USER CHARGES.--

- (a) The board may provide a reasonable schedule of charges for special emergency services, including firefighting occurring in or to structures outside the district, motor vehicles, marine vessels, aircraft, or rail cars, or as a result of the operation of such motor vehicles or marine vessels, to which the district is called to render such emergency service, and may charge a fee for the services rendered in accordance with the schedule.
- (b) The board may provide a reasonable schedule of charges for fighting fires occurring in or at refuse dumps or as a result of an illegal burn, which fire, dump, or burn is not authorized by general or special law, rule, regulation, order, or ordinance and which the district is called upon to fight or extinguish.
- (c) The board may provide a reasonable schedule of charges for responding to or assisting or mitigating emergencies that either threaten or could threaten the health and safety of persons, property, or the environment, to which the district has been called, including a charge for responding to false alarms.
- (d) The board may provide a reasonable schedule of charges for inspecting structures, plans, and equipment to determine compliance with firesafety codes and standards.
- (e) The district shall have a lien upon any real property, motor vehicle, marine vessel, aircraft, or rail car for any charge assessed under this subsection.
- (4) IMPACT FEES.--If the general purpose local government has not adopted an impact fee for fire services which is distributed to the district for construction within its jurisdictional boundaries, and the Legislature has authorized independent special fire control districts to impose impact fees by special act or general law other than this act, the board may establish a schedule of impact fees in compliance with any standards set by general law for new construction to pay for the cost of new facilities and equipment, the need for which is in whole or in part the result of new construction. The impact fees collected by the district under this subsection shall be kept separate from other revenues of the district and must be used exclusively to acquire, purchase, or construct new facilities or portions thereof needed to provide fire protection and emergency services to new construction. As used in this subsection, "new facilities" means land, buildings, and capital equipment, including, but not limited to, fire and emergency vehicles, radiotelemetry equipment, and other firefighting or rescue equipment. The board shall maintain adequate records to ensure that impact fees are expended only for permissible new facilities or equipment. The board may enter into agreements with general purpose local governments to share in the revenues from fire protection impact fees imposed by such governments.

C. SECTION DIRECTORY:

Section 1. Amends section 7 of section 3 of chapter 2000-402, L.O.F., relating to impact fees, acknowledges the approved September 10, 2002 referendum authorizing the district to increase impact fees on new construction: conforms the district's charter to a schedule determined annually by the board in accordance with chapter 191, F.S., as amended; and removes a current special assessment schedule.

Section 2. Provides that the act shall take effect upon becoming law.

II. NOTICE/REFERENDUM AND OTHER REQUIREMENTS

STORAGE NAME PAGE: 3 h0403.lgva.doc January 22, 2004

A. NOTICE PUBLISHED? Yes [X] No []

IF YES, WHEN? November 5, 2003

WHERE? Bradenton Herald, Bradenton, Manatee, Florida

B. REFERENDUM(S) REQUIRED? Yes [] No [X]

IF YES, WHEN?

- C. LOCAL BILL CERTIFICATION FILED? Yes, attached [X] No []
- D. ECONOMIC IMPACT STATEMENT FILED? Yes, attached [X] No []

III. COMMENTS

- A. CONSTITUTIONAL ISSUES: Not Applicable.
- B. RULE-MAKING AUTHORITY: Not Applicable.
- C. DRAFTING ISSUES OR OTHER COMMENTS:

According to the Economic Impact Statement, the bill allows the Board to establish impact fee rates in accordance with growth patterns in the District as provided by general law, without the need to seek legislative amendments to its charter each time new rates are adopted. Depending upon growth patterns, there may be occasions when impact fees are decreased. However, if the District Board chooses to increase its impact fee rates as authorized by chapter 191, F.S., and the referendum held September 10, 2002, new development would pay more in impact fees.

IV. AMENDMENT/COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE CHANGES

Not Applicable.