HB 0411 2004

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to community associations; amending s.

718.111, F.S.; providing immunity from liability for certain information provided by associations to prospective purchasers or lienholders under certain circumstances; amending s. 720.303, F.S.; requiring specific notice to be given to association members before certain assessments or rule changes may be considered at a meeting; amending s. 768.1325, F.S.; providing immunity from civil liability for community associations that provide automated defibrillator devices under certain circumstances; prohibiting insurers from requiring associations to purchase medical malpractice coverage as a condition of issuing other coverage; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Paragraph (e) of subsection (12) of section 718.111, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

718.111 The association.--

- (1) CORPORATE ENTITY. --
- (12) OFFICIAL RECORDS.--
- (e) $\underline{1}$ . The association or its authorized agent  $\underline{is}$  shall not be required to provide a prospective purchaser or lienholder with information about the condominium or the association other than information or documents required by this chapter to be made available or disclosed. The association or its authorized agent may shall be entitled to charge a reasonable fee to the

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prospective purchaser, lienholder, or the current unit owner for its time in providing good faith responses to requests for information by or on behalf of a prospective purchaser or lienholder, other than that required by law, if the provided that such fee does shall not exceed \$150 plus the reasonable cost of photocopying and any attorney's fees incurred by the

association in connection with the association's response.

- 2. An association and its authorized agent are not liable for providing such information in good faith pursuant to a written request if the person providing the information includes a written statement in substantially the following form: "The responses herein are made in good faith and to the best of my ability as to their accuracy."
- Section 2. Subsection (2) of section 720.303, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 720.303 Association powers and duties; meetings of board; official records; budgets; financial reporting.--
- of an association occurs whenever a quorum of the board gathers to conduct association business. All meetings of the board must be open to all members except for meetings between the board and its attorney with respect to proposed or pending litigation where the contents of the discussion would otherwise be governed by the attorney-client privilege. Notices of all board meetings must be posted in a conspicuous place in the community at least 48 hours in advance of a meeting, except in an emergency. In the alternative, if notice is not posted in a conspicuous place in the community, notice of each board meeting must be mailed or delivered to each member at least 7 days before the meeting,

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HB 0411 2004 except in an emergency. Notwithstanding this general notice requirement, for communities with more than 100 members, the bylaws may provide for a reasonable alternative to posting or mailing of notice for each board meeting, including publication of notice, provision of a schedule of board meetings, or the conspicuous posting and repeated broadcasting of the notice on a closed-circuit cable television system serving the homeowners' association. However, if broadcast notice is used in lieu of a notice posted physically in the community, the notice must be broadcast at least four times every broadcast hour of each day that a posted notice is otherwise required. When broadcast notice is provided, the notice and agenda must be broadcast in a manner and for a sufficient continuous length of time so as to allow an average reader to observe the notice and read and comprehend the entire content of the notice and the agenda. The bylaws or amended bylaws may provide for giving notice by electronic transmission in a manner authorized by law for meetings of the board of directors, committee meetings requiring notice under this section, and annual and special meetings of the members; however, a member must consent in writing to receiving notice by electronic transmission. An assessment may not be levied at a board meeting unless a written the notice of the meeting is provided to all members at least 14 days before the meeting, which notice includes a statement that assessments will be considered at the meeting and the nature of the assessments. Rules that regulate the use of parcels in the community may not be adopted, amended, or revoked at a board meeting unless a written meeting notice is provided to all members at least 14 days before the meeting, which notice

HB 0411 2004 includes a statement that changes to the rules regarding the use

of parcels will be considered at the meeting. Directors may not

90 vote by proxy or by secret ballot at board meetings, except that

91 secret ballots may be used in the election of officers. This

92 subsection also applies to the meetings of any committee or

other similar body, when a final decision will be made regarding

94 the expenditure of association funds, and to any body vested

95 with the power to approve or disapprove architectural decisions

with respect to a specific parcel of residential property owned

97 by a member of the community.

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Section 3. Present subsection (5) of section 768.1325, Florida Statutes, is renumbered as subsection (6), and a new subsection (5) is added to said section to read:

768.1325 Cardiac Arrest Survival Act; immunity from civil liability.--

(5)(a) A community association organized under chapter 617, chapter 718, chapter 719, chapter 720, chapter 721, or chapter 723 which provides an automated defibrillator device primarily for the use of its members, guests, or invitees is immune from civil liability, pursuant to this section, for any damages that result from the use of such device if the association offers periodic training in the use of such device. The failure of any person who uses the device to take such training does not constitute a basis for liability against the association.

(b) An insurer may not require a community association to purchase medical malpractice liability coverage as a condition of issuing any other coverage carried by the association, and an insurer may not exclude damages resulting from the use of an

HB 0411 2004 automated defibrillator device from coverage under a general 117 liability policy issued to an association. 118 119 Section 4. This act shall take effect July 1, 2004.