## HOUSE AMENDMENT

Bill No. HB 463 CS

	Amendment No. (for drafter's use only)
	CHAMBER ACTION
	<u>Senate</u> <u>House</u>
	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
1	Representative Simmons offered the following:
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3	Amendment to Amendment (866277)
4	Remove line(s) 97-188 and insert:
4 5	Remove line(s) 97-188 and insert: Section 4. Subsection (1) and paragraphs (e), (g), and (i)
5	Section 4. Subsection (1) and paragraphs (e), (g), and (i)
5 6	Section 4. Subsection (1) and paragraphs (e), (g), and (i) of subsection (2) of section 394.463, Florida Statutes, are
5 6 7	Section 4. Subsection (1) and paragraphs (e), (g), and (i) of subsection (2) of section 394.463, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
5 6 7 8	Section 4. Subsection (1) and paragraphs (e), (g), and (i) of subsection (2) of section 394.463, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 394.463 Involuntary examination (1) CRITERIAA person may be taken to a receiving
5 6 7 8 9	Section 4. Subsection (1) and paragraphs (e), (g), and (i) of subsection (2) of section 394.463, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 394.463 Involuntary examination (1) CRITERIAA person may be taken to a receiving
5 6 7 8 9 10	Section 4. Subsection (1) and paragraphs (e), (g), and (i) of subsection (2) of section 394.463, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 394.463 Involuntary examination (1) CRITERIAA person may be taken to a receiving facility for involuntary examination if there is reason to
5 6 7 8 9 10 11	Section 4. Subsection (1) and paragraphs (e), (g), and (i) of subsection (2) of section 394.463, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 394.463 Involuntary examination (1) CRITERIAA person may be taken to a receiving facility for involuntary examination if there is reason to believe that the person has a mental illness he or she is
5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	<pre>Section 4. Subsection (1) and paragraphs (e), (g), and (i) of subsection (2) of section 394.463, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:</pre>
5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	<pre>Section 4. Subsection (1) and paragraphs (e), (g), and (i) of subsection (2) of section 394.463, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:</pre>
5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	Section 4. Subsection (1) and paragraphs (e), (g), and (i) of subsection (2) of section 394.463, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 394.463 Involuntary examination (1) CRITERIAA person may be taken to a receiving facility for involuntary examination if there is reason to believe that <u>the person has a mental illness</u> <del>he or she is</del> mentally ill and because of his or her mental illness: (a)1. The person has refused voluntary examination after conscientious explanation and disclosure of the purpose of the

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16 2. The person is unable to determine for himself or17 herself whether examination is necessary; and

(b)1. Without care or treatment, the person is likely to suffer from neglect or refuse to care for himself or herself; such neglect or refusal poses a real and present threat of substantial harm to his or her well-being; and it is not apparent that such harm may be avoided through the help of willing family members or friends or the provision of other services; or

25 2. There is a substantial likelihood that without care or 26 treatment the person will cause serious bodily harm to himself 27 or herself or others in the near future, as evidenced by recent 28 behavior.

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(2) INVOLUNTARY EXAMINATION. --

30 The Agency for Health Care Administration shall (e) receive and maintain the copies of ex parte orders, involuntary 31 outpatient placement orders issued pursuant to s. 394.4655, 32 33 involuntary inpatient placement orders issued pursuant to s. 394.467, professional certificates, and law enforcement 34 35 officers' reports. These documents shall be considered part of the clinical record, governed by the provisions of s. 394.4615. 36 37 The agency shall prepare annual reports analyzing the data obtained from these documents, without information identifying 38 39 patients, and shall provide copies of reports to the department, 40 the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of 41 Representatives, and the minority leaders of the Senate and the 42 House of Representatives.

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43 (g) A person for whom an involuntary examination has been 44 initiated who is being evaluated or treated at a hospital for an emergency medical condition specified in s. 395.002 must be 45 examined by a receiving facility within 72 hours. The 72-hour 46 period begins when the patient arrives at the hospital and 47 ceases when the attending physician documents that the patient 48 49 has an emergency medical condition. If the patient is examined at a hospital providing emergency medical services by a 50 51 professional qualified to perform an involuntary examination and is found as a result of that examination not to meet the 52 53 criteria for involuntary outpatient placement pursuant to s. 54 394.4655(1) or involuntary inpatient placement pursuant to s. 55 394.467(1), the patient may be offered voluntary placement, if 56 appropriate, or released directly from the hospital providing 57 emergency medical services. The finding by the professional 58 that the patient has been examined and does not meet the 59 criteria for involuntary inpatient placement or involuntary 60 outpatient placement must be entered into the patient's clinical 61 record. Nothing in this paragraph is intended to prevent a 62 hospital providing emergency medical services from appropriately 63 transferring a patient to another hospital prior to 64 stabilization, provided the requirements of s. 395.1041(3)(c) 65 have been met.

(i) Within the 72-hour examination period or, if the 72
hours ends on a weekend or holiday, no later than the next
working day thereafter, one of the following actions must be
taken, based on the individual needs of the patient:

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Amendment No. (for drafter's use only) 70 1. The patient shall be released, unless he or she is charged with a crime, in which case the patient shall be 71 returned to the custody of a law enforcement officer; 72 73 The patient shall be released, subject to the 2. 74 provisions of subparagraph 1., for voluntary outpatient 75 treatment; 76 3. The patient, unless he or she is charged with a crime, 77 shall be asked to give express and informed consent to placement as a voluntary patient, and, if such consent is given, the 78 79 patient shall be admitted as a voluntary patient; or 80 4. A petition for involuntary placement shall be filed in 81 the circuit appropriate court by the facility administrator when 82 outpatient or inpatient treatment is deemed necessary. When inpatient treatment is deemed necessary; in which case, the 83 least restrictive treatment consistent with the optimum 84 85 improvement of the patient's condition shall be made available. When a petition is to be filed for involuntary outpatient 86 87 placement, it shall be filed by one of the petitioners specified in s. 394.4655(3)(a). A petition for involuntary inpatient 88 placement shall be filed by the facility administrator. 89