A bill to be entitled

An act relating to school-entry health and vision examinations; amending s. 1003.22, F.S.; requiring children who enter public or private schools in the state to present evidence of having received a comprehensive vision examination; providing an exemption; amending ss. 1002.20 and 1002.42, F.S.; conforming provisions; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

2.5

- Section 1. Section 1003.22, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 1003.22 School-entry health <u>and vision</u> examinations; immunization against communicable diseases; exemptions; duties of Department of Health.--
- (1) Each district school board and the governing authority of each private school shall require that each child who is entitled to admittance to kindergarten, or is entitled to any other initial entrance into a public or private school in this state, present a certification of a school-entry health examination and a certification of a school-entry comprehensive vision examination by an optometrist licensed pursuant to chapter 463 or an ophthalmologist licensed pursuant to chapter 458 or chapter 459 performed within 1 year prior to enrollment in school. Each district school board, and the governing authority of each private school, may establish a policy that permits a student up to 30 school days to present a certification of a school-entry health examination and up to 120 days to present a certification of a school-entry comprehensive

31

32

3334

35

36

37

38

39

40

41

42

43

44

45

46

47

48

49

50

51

52

53

54

55

56

57

58

59

vision examination. A homeless child, as defined in s. 1003.01, shall be given a temporary exemption for 30 school days. Any district school board that establishes such a policy shall include provisions in its local school health services plan to assist students in obtaining the health and vision examinations. However, any child shall be exempt from the requirement of a health examination or a vision examination upon written request of the parent of the child stating objections to the examination on religious grounds.

- (2) The State Board of Education, subject to the concurrence of the Department of Health, shall adopt rules to govern medical examinations and immunizations performed under this section.
- (3) The Department of Health may adopt rules necessary to administer and enforce this section. The Department of Health, after consultation with the Department of Education, shall adopt rules governing the immunization of children against, the testing for, and the control of preventable communicable diseases. The rules must include procedures for exempting a child from immunization requirements. Immunizations shall be required for poliomyelitis, diphtheria, rubeola, rubella, pertussis, mumps, tetanus, and other communicable diseases as determined by rules of the Department of Health. The manner and frequency of administration of the immunization or testing shall conform to recognized standards of medical practice. The Department of Health shall supervise and secure the enforcement of the required immunization. Immunizations required by this section shall be available at no cost from the county health departments.

60

61

62

63

64

65

66

67

68

6970

71

72

73

74

75

76

77

78

79

80

81

82

83

84

85

86

87

88

- Each district school board and the governing authority of each private school shall establish and enforce as policy that, prior to admittance to or attendance in a public or private school, grades kindergarten through 12, each child present or have on file with the school a certification of immunization for the prevention of those communicable diseases for which immunization is required by the Department of Health and further shall provide for appropriate screening of its students for scoliosis at the proper age. Such certification shall be made on forms approved and provided by the Department of Health and shall become a part of each student's permanent record, to be transferred when the student transfers, is promoted, or changes schools. The transfer of such immunization certification by Florida public schools shall be accomplished using the Florida Automated System for Transferring Education Records and shall be deemed to meet the requirements of this section.
  - (5) The provisions of this section shall not apply if:
- (a) The parent of the child objects in writing that the administration of immunizing agents conflicts with his or her religious tenets or practices;
- (b) A physician licensed under the provisions of chapter 458 or chapter 459 certifies in writing, on a form approved and provided by the Department of Health, that the child should be permanently exempt from the required immunization for medical reasons stated in writing, based upon valid clinical reasoning or evidence, demonstrating the need for the permanent exemption;
- (c) A physician licensed under the provisions of chapter 458, chapter 459, or chapter 460 certifies in writing, on a form approved and provided by the Department of Health, that the

child has received as many immunizations as are medically indicated at the time and is in the process of completing necessary immunizations;

- (d) The Department of Health determines that, according to recognized standards of medical practice, any required immunization is unnecessary or hazardous; or
- (e) An authorized school official issues a temporary exemption, for a period not to exceed 30 school days, to permit a student who transfers into a new county to attend class until his or her records can be obtained. A homeless child, as defined in s. 1003.01, shall be given a temporary exemption for 30 school days. The public school health nurse or authorized private school official is responsible for followup of each such student until proper documentation or immunizations are obtained. An exemption for 30 days may be issued for a student who enters a juvenile justice program to permit the student to attend class until his or her records can be obtained or until the immunizations can be obtained. An authorized juvenile justice official is responsible for followup of each student who enters a juvenile justice program until proper documentation or immunizations are obtained.
- (6)(a) No person licensed by this state as a physician or nurse shall be liable for any injury caused by his or her action or failure to act in the administration of a vaccine or other immunizing agent pursuant to the provisions of this section if the person acts as a reasonably prudent person with similar professional training would have acted under the same or similar circumstances.
- (b) No member of a district school board, or any of its employees, or member of a governing board of a private school,

or any of its employees, shall be liable for any injury caused by the administration of a vaccine to any student who is required to be so immunized or for a failure to diagnose scoliosis pursuant to the provisions of this section.

- (7) The parents of any child admitted to or in attendance at a Florida public or private school, grades kindergarten through 12, are responsible for assuring that the child is in compliance with the provisions of this section.
- (8) Each public school, including public kindergarten, and each private school, including private kindergarten, shall be required to provide to the county health department director or administrator annual reports of compliance with the provisions of this section. Reports shall be completed on forms provided by the Department of Health for each kindergarten, and other grade as specified; and the reports shall include the status of children who were admitted at the beginning of the school year. After consultation with the Department of Education, the Department of Health shall establish by administrative rule the dates for submission of these reports, the grades for which the reports shall be required, and the forms to be used.
- (9) The presence of any of the communicable diseases for which immunization is required by the Department of Health in a Florida public or private school shall permit the county health department director or administrator or the State Health Officer to declare a communicable disease emergency. The declaration of such emergency shall mandate that all students in attendance in the school who are not in compliance with the provisions of this section be identified by the district school board or by the governing authority of the private school; and the school health and immunization records of such children shall be made

available to the county health department director or administrator. Those children identified as not being immunized against the disease for which the emergency has been declared shall be temporarily excluded from school by the district school board, or the governing authority of the private school, until such time as is specified by the county health department director or administrator.

- (10) Each district school board and the governing authority of each private school shall:
- (a) Refuse admittance to any child otherwise entitled to admittance to kindergarten, or any other initial entrance into a Florida public or private school, who is not in compliance with the provisions of subsection (4).
- (b) Temporarily exclude from attendance any student who is not in compliance with the provisions of subsection (4).
- (11) The provisions of this section do not apply to those persons admitted to or attending adult education classes unless the adult students are under 21 years of age.
- Section 2. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section 1002.20, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 1002.20 K-12 student and parent rights.--Parents of public school students must receive accurate and timely information regarding their child's academic progress and must be informed of ways they can help their child to succeed in school. K-12 students and their parents are afforded numerous statutory rights including, but not limited to, the following:
  - (3) HEALTH ISSUES.--

(a) School-entry health <u>and vision</u> examinations.--The parent of any child attending a public or private school shall be exempt from the requirement of a health examination or a

HB 0047 2004 vision examination upon written request stating objections on 180 religious grounds in accordance with the provisions of s. 181 1003.22(1) and (2). 182 Section 3. Subsection (5) of section 1002.42, Florida 183 Statutes, is amended to read: 184 1002.42 Private schools.--185 SCHOOL-ENTRY HEALTH AND VISION EXAMINATIONS. -- The 186 governing authority of each private school shall require 187 students to present a certification of a school-entry health 188 examination and a certification of a school-entry comprehensive 189 190 vision examination in accordance with the provisions of s. 1003.22(1) and (2). 191 192

Section 4. This act shall take effect July 1, 2004.

Page 7 of 7