By Senator Smith

14-751-04

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A bill to be entitled An act relating to the Parole Commission; amending s. 947.06;, F.S. requiring that, prior to a meeting of the Parole Commission, the victim of the crime be given documents and evidence relating to the granting, denying, or revoking of the inmate's parole; amending s. 947.16, F.S.; requiring that an inmate convicted of kidnapping whose parole release order has been vacated by the court be reinterviewed at 5-year intervals following the vacated release order; amending s. 947.174, F.S.; requiring that an inmate convicted of kidnapping whose presumptive parole release date is more than 5 years after the initial interview be reinterviewed thereafter at 5-year intervals; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Section 947.06, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

947.06 Meeting; when commission may act.--The commission shall meet at regularly scheduled intervals and from time to time as may otherwise be determined by the chair. The making of recommendations to the Governor and Cabinet in matters relating to modifications of acts and decisions of the chair as provided in s. 947.04(1) shall be by a majority vote of the commission. No prisoner shall be placed on parole except as provided in ss. 947.172 and 947.174 by a panel of no fewer than two commissioners appointed by the chair. All

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matters relating to the granting, denying, or revoking of 2 parole shall be decided in a meeting at which the public shall 3 have the right to be present. Prior to the meeting, each victim of the crime committed by the inmate, or the victim's 4 5 next of kin, shall be presented with a copy of all documents, 6 findings, and evidence relating to the granting, denying, or 7 revoking of parole. Victims of the crime committed by the 8 inmate shall be permitted to make an oral statement or submit 9 a written statement regarding their views as to the granting, 10 denying, or revoking of parole. Persons not members or 11 employees of the commission or victims of the crime committed by the inmate may be permitted to participate in deliberations 12 13 concerning the granting and revoking of paroles only upon the prior written approval of the chair of the commission. 14 facilitate the ability of victims and other persons to attend 15 commission meetings, the commission shall meet in various 16 17 counties including, but not limited to, Broward, Dade, Duval, 18 Escambia, Hillsborough, Leon, Orange, and Palm Beach, with the 19 location chosen being as close as possible to the location 20 where the parole-eligible inmate committed the offense for which the parole-eligible inmate was sentenced. 21 22 commission shall adopt rules governing the oral participation of victims and the submission of written statements by 23 24 victims. 25 Section 2. Paragraph (g) of subsection (4) of section 947.16, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 26 27 947.16 Eligibility for parole; initial parole interviews; powers and duties of commission .--28 29 (4) A person who has become eligible for an initial

parole interview and who may, according to the objective

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be placed on parole in accordance with the provisions of this law; except that, in any case of a person convicted of murder, robbery, burglary of a dwelling or burglary of a structure or conveyance in which a human being is present, aggravated assault, aggravated battery, kidnapping, sexual battery or attempted sexual battery, incest or attempted incest, an unnatural and lascivious act or an attempted unnatural and lascivious act, lewd and lascivious behavior, assault or aggravated assault when a sexual act is completed or attempted, battery or aggravated battery when a sexual act is completed or attempted, arson, or any felony involving the use of a firearm or other deadly weapon or the use of intentional violence, at the time of sentencing the judge may enter an order retaining jurisdiction over the offender for review of a commission release order. This jurisdiction of the trial court judge is limited to the first one-third of the maximum sentence imposed. When any person is convicted of two or more felonies and concurrent sentences are imposed, then the jurisdiction of the trial court judge as provided herein applies to the first one-third of the maximum sentence imposed for the highest felony of which the person was convicted. When any person is convicted of two or more felonies and consecutive sentences are imposed, then the jurisdiction of the trial court judge as provided herein applies to one-third of the total consecutive sentences imposed.

(g) The decision of the original sentencing judge or, in her or his absence, the chief judge of the circuit to vacate any parole release order as provided in this section is not appealable. Each inmate whose parole release order has been vacated by the court shall be reinterviewed within 2 31 years after the date of receipt of the vacated release order

and every 2 years thereafter, or earlier by order of the court retaining jurisdiction. However, each inmate whose parole release order has been vacated by the court and who has been:

- 1. Convicted of murder or attempted murder;
- 2. Convicted of sexual battery or attempted sexual battery; or
- 3. Sentenced to a 25-year minimum mandatory sentence previously provided in s. 775.082; or,
 - 4. Convicted of kidnapping,

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> shall be reinterviewed once within 5 years after the date of receipt of the vacated release order and once every 5 years thereafter, if the commission finds that it is not reasonable to expect that parole would be granted during the following years and states the bases for the finding in writing. For any inmate who is within 7 years of his or her tentative release date, the commission may establish a reinterview date prior to the 5-year schedule.

> Section 3. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 947.174, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

> > 947.174 Subsequent interviews.--

(1)

(b) For any inmate convicted of murder, attempted murder, sexual battery, attempted sexual battery, or kidnapping, or who has been sentenced to a 25-year minimum mandatory sentence previously provided in s. 775.082, and whose presumptive parole release date is more than 5 years after the date of the initial interview, a hearing examiner shall schedule an interview for review of the presumptive parole release date. Such interview shall take place once 31 within 5 years after the initial interview and once every 5

years thereafter if the commission finds that it is not reasonable to expect that parole will be granted at a hearing during the following years and states the bases for the finding in writing. For any inmate who is within 7 years of his or her tentative release date, the commission may establish an interview date prior to the 5-year schedule. Section 4. This act shall take effect July 1, 2004. SENATE SUMMARY Provides that, prior to a meeting of the Parole Commission, victims of the crime, or the next of kin, be given documents and evidence relating to the granting, denying, or revoking of parole. Provides that an inmate whose parole release order has been vacated by the court and who has been convicted of kidnapping be reinterviewed at 5-year intervals rather than 2-year intervals after the date of receipt of the vacated release order. Provides that an inmate convicted of kidnapping whose Provides that an inmate convicted of kidnapping whose presumptive parole release date is 5 years after the date of the initial interview be interviewed for review of the presumptive parole release date at 5-year intervals rather than 2-year intervals.