HB 0741 2004 A bill to be entitled

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An act relating to identity theft; providing a criminal penalty for identity theft; providing a definition; requiring court records to reflect certain information under certain circumstances; authorizing a person to initiate a law enforcement investigation into certain circumstances of identity theft and use; authorizing a person to petition a court for a determination of innocence in certain circumstances of identity theft and use; providing procedures and requirements for such determinations; requiring consumer credit reporting agencies to provide certain consumers with a statement of their legal rights under certain circumstances; requiring consumer credit reporting agencies to provide certain consumers with free copies of their credit report under certain circumstances; providing an exception; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Every person who willfully obtains personal identifying information of another person and uses that information for any unlawful purpose, including, but not limited to, obtaining or attempting to obtain credit, goods, services, or medical information in the name of the other person without the consent of that person, or who, with the intent to defraud, acquires, transfers, or retains possession of the personal

(1) IDENTITY THEFT; CRIMINAL PENALTY. --

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identifying information of another person, commits identity

Section 1.

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theft, a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083, Florida Statutes.

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- (b) For purposes of this subsection, the term "personal identifying information" means the name, address, telephone number, health insurance identification number, taxpayer identification number, school identification number, state or federal driver's license number or identification number, social security number, place of employment, employee identification number, mother's maiden name, demand deposit account number, savings account number, checking account number, personal identification number or password, alien registration number, government passport number, date of birth, unique biometric data including fingerprint, facial scan identifiers, voice print, retina or iris image, or other unique physical representations, unique electronic data including identification number, address, or routing code, telecommunication identifying information or access device, information contained in a birth or death certificate, or credit card number of an individual person.
- (c) In any case in which a person willfully obtains

 personal identifying information of another person, uses that

 information to commit a crime in addition to a violation of

 paragraph (a), and is convicted of that offense, the court

 records shall reflect that the person whose identity was falsely

 used to commit the crime did not commit the crime.
 - (2) USE OF PERSONAL IDENTIFYING INFORMATION. --
- (a) A person who has learned or reasonably suspects that his or her personal identifying information has been unlawfully used by another, as provided in subsection (1), may initiate a law enforcement investigation by contacting the local law

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enforcement agency that has jurisdiction over his or her actual residence, which agency shall make a police report of the matter, provide the complainant with a copy of that report, and begin an investigation of the facts or, if the suspected crime was committed in a different jurisdiction, refer the matter to the law enforcement agency where the suspected crime was committed for an investigation of the facts.

(b) A person who reasonably believes that he or she is the victim of identity theft may petition a court, or a court on its own motion or upon application of a prosecuting attorney may move, for an expedited judicial determination of such person's factual innocence when the perpetrator of the identity theft was arrested for, cited for, or convicted of a crime under the victim's identity; when a criminal complaint has been filed against the perpetrator in the victim's name; or when the victim's identity has been mistakenly associated with a record of criminal conviction. Any judicial determination of factual innocence made pursuant to this paragraph may be heard and determined upon declarations, affidavits, police reports, or other material, relevant, and reliable information submitted by the parties or ordered to be part of the record by the court. If the court determines that the petition or motion is meritorious and that there is no reasonable cause to believe that the victim committed the offense for which the perpetrator of the identity theft was arrested, cited, convicted, or subject to a criminal complaint in the victim's name, or that the victim's identity has been mistakenly associated with a record of criminal conviction, the court shall find the victim factually innocent

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of that offense. If the victim is found factually innocent, the court shall issue an order certifying this determination.

- (c) After a court has issued a determination of factual innocence pursuant to paragraph (b), the court may order the name and associated personal identifying information contained in court records, files, and indexes accessible by the public to be deleted, sealed, or labeled to show that the data is impersonated and does not reflect the defendant's identity.
- (d) A court that has issued a determination of factual innocence pursuant to paragraph (b) may at any time vacate that determination if the petition, or any information submitted in support of the petition, is found to contain any material misrepresentation or fraud.
- (e) The Florida Supreme Court shall develop a form for use in issuing an order pursuant to paragraph (c).
 - (3) STATEMENT OF RIGHTS OF VICTIMS OF IDENTITY THEFT.--
- (a) In addition to any other rights the consumer may have under this section, every consumer credit reporting agency, after being contacted by telephone, mail, or in person by any consumer who has reason to believe he or she may be a victim of identity theft, shall promptly provide to that consumer a statement, written in a clear and conspicuous manner, describing the legal rights of victims of identity theft under this subsection. For purposes of this subsection, the term "consumer credit reporting agency" means a credit reporting agency regulated under 15 U.S.C. ss. 1681 et seq.
- (b) Every consumer credit reporting agency shall, upon the receipt from a victim of identity theft of a police report prepared pursuant to subsection (2), or a valid investigative

report made by a Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles investigator who is a law enforcement officer regarding the offenses described in subsection (2), provide the victim, free of charge and upon request, with up to 12 copies of his or her file during a consecutive 12-month period, not to exceed one copy per month, following the date of the police report.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, the maximum number of free reports a victim of identity theft is entitled to obtain under this subsection is 12 per year, as provided by this paragraph.

(c) Paragraph (a) does not apply to a consumer credit reporting agency that acts only as a reseller of credit information by assembling and merging information contained in the database of another consumer credit reporting agency or agencies and that does not maintain a permanent database of credit information from which new credit reports are produced.

Section 2. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law.