

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES STAFF ANALYSIS

BILL #: HB 843 w/CS Enterprise Zones
SPONSOR(S): Richardson
TIED BILLS: **IDEN./SIM. BILLS:** SB 2750

REFERENCE	ACTION	ANALYST	STAFF DIRECTOR
1) <u>Workforce and Economic Development (Sub)</u>	<u>5 Y, 0 N</u>	<u>Winker</u>	<u>Billmeier</u>
2) <u>Commerce</u>	<u>16 Y, 0 N w/CS</u>	<u>Winker</u>	<u>Billmeier</u>
3) <u>Finance and Tax</u>	_____	_____	_____
4) _____	_____	_____	_____
5) _____	_____	_____	_____

SUMMARY ANALYSIS

The bill amends s. 290.0065, F.S., relating to the state designating an enterprise zone, by deleting an obsolete date of June 2, 2002 and extending the date to December 31, 2004, by which a governing body may apply to the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development (OTTED) to change the boundaries of an existing enterprise zone. The bill revises the population parameters for a county wanting to revise the boundaries of an existing enterprise zone from a county with a population of less than 225,000 to a county having a population of more than 235,000 but less than 260,000. Leon and Collier counties fall within this population range. The bill clarifies that a change to the boundaries of a zone is for the purpose of replacing areas that are not suitable for development. Finally, the bill deletes obsolete U.S. census tract provisions, due to updated census data, relating to an existing enterprise zone in Leon County.

The bill authorizes a county to apply to OTTED to change the boundaries of an existing 75 acre enterprise zone. The new zone must be of the same size, be contiguous to the existing zone, be contiguous to a zoo, and be part of a revitalization area targeted for assistance by the county. This section of the bill only applies to Miami-Dade County.

The bill has no additional negative fiscal impacts and may likely have positive fiscal impacts should revisions to current enterprise zones attract more businesses which may enhance the economic conditions of the communities affected by this bill.

The bill takes effect upon becoming law.

This document does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill sponsor or House of Representatives.

STORAGE NAME: h0843b.com
DATE: March 11, 2004

FULL ANALYSIS

I. SUBSTANTIVE ANALYSIS

A. DOES THE BILL:

- | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|---|-----------------------------|---|
| 1. Reduce government? | Yes <input type="checkbox"/> | No <input type="checkbox"/> | N/A <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| 2. Lower taxes? | Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | No <input type="checkbox"/> | N/A <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 3. Expand individual freedom? | Yes <input type="checkbox"/> | No <input type="checkbox"/> | N/A <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| 4. Increase personal responsibility? | Yes <input type="checkbox"/> | No <input type="checkbox"/> | N/A <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| 5. Empower families? | Yes <input type="checkbox"/> | No <input type="checkbox"/> | N/A <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |

For any principle that received a "no" above, please explain:

B. EFFECT OF PROPOSED CHANGES:

The bill amends subsection (11) of s. 290.0065, F.S., relating to the state designating an enterprise zone, by deleting an obsolete date of July 2, 2003 and extending the date to December 31, 2004, by which a governing body may apply to the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development (OTTED) to change the boundaries of an existing enterprise zone. The bill revises the population parameters for a county wanting to revise the boundaries of an existing enterprise zone from a county with a population of less than 225,000 to a county having a population of more than 235,000 but less than 260,000. Leon and Collier counties fall into this population range. The bill clarifies that a change to the boundaries of a zone is for the purpose of replacing areas that are not suitable for development. Finally, the bill deletes obsolete U. S. census tract provisions, due to updated census data, relating to an existing enterprise zone in Leon County.

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Florida Enterprise Zone Program

In 1980, Florida established one of the first enterprise zone programs in the country to encourage economic growth and investment in distressed areas. An enterprise zone is a specific geographic area targeted for economic revitalization.

The purpose of enterprise zones is to assist local communities, their residents, and the private sector in creating the environment to induce the investment of private resources in business enterprises located in severely distressed areas and to provide jobs for residents in the area.

Under the Enterprise Zone Act of 1994 [ss.290.001-290.016, F.S.], areas of the state meeting specified criteria have been designated as enterprise zones.

According to the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development, since July 1, 1995, the state has designated 47 enterprise zones. State and local incentives are authorized to induce businesses to invest in enterprise zone which, in turn, offers a number of tax advantages to such businesses willing to make such an investment. Based on data from the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic

Development, there are currently 26 rural enterprise zones statewide encompassing 1,208 square miles and 111,574 residents.

State and Local Incentives Available to Businesses in Enterprise Zones

Below are incentives provided to encourage the revitalization of enterprise zones:

- Enterprise zone jobs credit provided in s. 220.181, F.S.
- Enterprise zone property tax credit provided in s. 220.182, F.S.
- Sales tax exemption for building materials used in the rehabilitation of real property in enterprise zones provided in s. 212.08(5)(g), F.S.
- Sales tax exemption for business property used in an enterprise zone provided in 212.08(5)(h), F.S.
- Sales tax exemption for electrical energy used in an enterprise zone provided in s. 212.08(15), F.S.
- Enterprise zone jobs credit against the sales tax provided in s. 212.096, F.S.
- Occupational license tax exemption in s. 205.054, F.S.
- Economic development ad valorem tax exemption in s. 196.1995, F.S.

Enterprise Zone Jobs Credit – Corporate Income Tax

Businesses located in an enterprise zone that pay Florida corporate income taxes are authorized to receive a tax credit against their corporate income tax based on the amount of wages paid to new employees who are either residents of an enterprise zone or participants in a welfare transition program. [Section 220.181, F.S.]

Enterprise Zone Property Tax Credit - Corporate Income Tax

New, expanded, or rebuilt businesses located within an enterprise zone are allowed a credit on their Florida corporate income tax based on the amount of property taxes paid. [Section 220.181, F.S.]

Exemption for Building Materials Used in an Enterprise Zone – Sales Tax

A refund is available for sales taxes paid on the purchase of building materials used in the rehabilitation of real property used in an enterprise zone. The amount of the refund is the lesser of 97 percent of the sales taxes paid or \$5,000, or, if 20 percent or more of the business's employees reside in an enterprise zone, the lesser of 97 percent of the sales taxes paid or \$10,000. [Section 212.08(5)(g), F.S.]

Exemption for Business Property Used in an Enterprise Zone – Sales Tax

A refund is available for sales taxes paid on the purchase of business property with a purchase price of \$5,000 or more purchased by and for use in a business located in an enterprise zone. The amount of the refund is the lesser of 97 percent of the sales taxes paid or \$5,000, or, if 20 percent or more of the business's employees reside in an enterprise zone, the lesser of 97 percent of the sales taxes paid or \$10,000. [Section 212.08(5)(h), F.S.]

Exemption for Electrical Energy Used in an Enterprise Zone – Sales Tax

A sales tax exemption is available to qualified businesses located in an enterprise zone on the purchase of electrical energy. The amount of the exemption is equal to 50 percent of the sales taxes otherwise due or 100 percent of the sales taxes otherwise due if 20 percent or more of the business's employees reside in an enterprise zone. This exemption is only available if the municipality in which the business is located has passed an ordinance to exempt the municipal utility taxes on such business. [Sections 212.08(15) and 166.231(8), F.S.]

Enterprise Zone Jobs Credit – Sales Tax

Businesses located within an enterprise zone that collect and pay Florida sales and use tax are allowed a credit against their sales tax due based on the amount of wages paid to new employees who are either residents of an enterprise zone or participants in a welfare transition program. [Section 212.096, F.S.]

Occupational License Tax Exemption

By ordinance, the governing body of a municipality may exempt 50 percent of the occupational license tax for businesses located in an enterprise zone. [Section 205.054, F.S.]

Economic Development Ad Valorem Tax Exemption

Up to 100 percent of the assessed value of improvements to real or tangible property of a new or expanded business located in an enterprise zone may be exempted from property taxes if the voters of a municipality authorize the governing body of the municipality to grant such exemptions. [Section 196.1995, F.S.]

Enterprise Zone Designation Process and Criteria

Section 290.0055, F.S., prescribes the local procedures for the nomination of an enterprise zone. Governing bodies or body of a county and/or a municipality must adopt a resolution which:

1. Finds that an area exists in such a county or municipality, or in both the county and one or more municipalities, which chronically exhibit extreme and unacceptable levels of poverty, unemployment, and economic disinvestment;
2. Determines that the rehabilitation, conservation, or redevelopment of the area is necessary in the interest of the public health, safety, and welfare of the residents of the county or municipality, or the county and one or more municipalities; and
3. Determines that the revitalization of the area can occur only if the private sector can be induced to invest its own resources in productive enterprises that build or rebuild the economic viability of the area.

The governing body or bodies of a nominated area must also create an enterprise zone development agency and create and adopt an enterprise zone strategic plan prior to the submission of an application to the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development.

The enterprise zone development agency created is responsible for assisting with the development and implementation of the enterprise zone strategic plan. The enterprise zone strategic plan is the community's plan for revitalizing the nominated area and contains commitments to enact and maintain local fiscal and regulatory incentives if the nominated area receives an enterprise zone designation.

Section 290.00675, F.S., authorizes the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development to amend the boundaries of an area designated as an enterprise zone in a community having a population of at least 235,000 persons but no less than 245,000 persons as long as the area so designated does not increase the overall size of the enterprise zone by greater than 25 acres and the increased area is contiguous to the existing enterprise zone.

Determination of Poverty, Unemployment, and General Distress

The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development may designate the nominated area as an enterprise zone if the selected area suffers from pervasive poverty, unemployment, and general distress. To determine whether an area suffers from pervasive poverty, census data must show that the poverty rate for each census block within the nominated area is at least 20 percent. The poverty rate must also exceed 30 percent in at least 50 percent of the census geographic block groups within the nominated area.

If a census block group within a nominated area has no population, it is considered to have a 20-percent poverty rate. Unemployment is evidenced by data indicating that the unemployment rate is equal to or greater than the state's unemployment rate or by evidence indicating severe economic conditions for the area. General distress is evidenced by such factors as a high crime rate, abandoned structures, and deteriorated infrastructure or substantial population decline.

Enterprise Zones and Sales Tax Exemption

An incentive [see above for all incentives] for all designated enterprise zones is a sales tax for building equipment used in an enterprise zone. Currently, businesses located within any enterprise zone are eligible for a sales tax refund if the unit value of the equipment is \$5,000 or more [section 212.08(5)(h)].

According to Enterprise Florida, Inc., small businesses make up the majority of businesses located in all enterprise zones. The sales tax refund as currently structured cannot be assessed by the majority of businesses considering locating to or expanding in an enterprise zone.

Enterprise Zone Program Costs

Based on data from the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development, the impact of the Enterprise Zone Program is summarized in the table below.

YEAR	NEW OR RELOCATED BUSINESSES	JOBS CREATED	NUMBER OF ZONES	STATE INCENTIVES	LOCAL INCENTIVES
2001-2002	1,244	5,630	47	\$6,739,551	\$ 5,847,694
2000-2001	654	6,394	34	\$4,746,396	\$16,202,894
1999-2000	766	5,141	34	\$5,458,835	\$10,135,657
1998-1999	776	5,305	32	\$5,170,899	\$18,839,076
1997-1998	151	3,572	31	\$4,495,218	\$ 8,853,197
1996-1997	434	4,573		\$4,449,941	\$ 6,803,474
1995-1996	128	2,188		\$ 817,422	\$ 4,252,766

Source: Compilation of data from the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development, *Florida Enterprise Zone Program Annual Report October 1, 2001 - September 30, 2002*, pp. 5 and 6, March 1, 2003.

The Florida Enterprise Zone Act of 1994 is scheduled for repeal on December 31, 2005, as provided by s. 37, ch. 94-136, L.O.F.

C. SECTION DIRECTORY:

Section 1: Amends subsection (11) of s. 290.0065, F.S., relating to changing the boundaries of an enterprise zone; deleting an obsolete date and revises the population criteria of a county having an enterprise zone and wanting to amend the zone's boundaries; clarifying that a change to the boundaries of an existing enterprise zone is for the purpose of replacing areas not suitable for development; authorizing a county to apply to OTTED to change the boundaries of an existing 75 acre enterprise zone; and requiring the new zone to be the same size, be contiguous to the existing zone, be contiguous to a zoo, and be part of a revitalization area targeted for assistance by the county.

Section 2: Amends s. 290.00688, F.S., relating to the designation of an enterprise zone in Leon County; deleting obsolete census tracts.

Section 3: The bill takes effect upon becoming law.

II. FISCAL ANALYSIS & ECONOMIC IMPACT STATEMENT

A. FISCAL IMPACT ON STATE GOVERNMENT:

1. Revenues:

None.

2. Expenditures:

None

B. FISCAL IMPACT ON LOCAL GOVERNMENTS:

1. Revenues:

None

2. Expenditures:

None

C. DIRECT ECONOMIC IMPACT ON PRIVATE SECTOR:

Businesses located within a designated enterprise zone will be eligible to claim tax incentives when hiring residents of the zone or making capital investments within the zone

D. FISCAL COMMENTS:

The bill has no additional negative fiscal impacts and may likely have positive fiscal impacts should revisions to current enterprise zones attract more businesses which may enhance the economic conditions of the communities affected by the bill. The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development and the Department of Revenue do not anticipate any additional costs for administering the provisions of this bill.

III. COMMENTS

A. CONSTITUTIONAL ISSUES:

1. Applicability of Municipality/County Mandates Provision:

The bill does not require counties or municipalities to take an action requiring the expenditure of funds, does not reduce the authority that counties or municipalities have to raise revenues in the aggregate, and does not reduce the percentage of state tax shared with counties or municipalities.

2. Other:

None

B. RULE-MAKING AUTHORITY:

None

C. DRAFTING ISSUES OR OTHER COMMENTS:

None.

IV. AMENDMENTS/COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE CHANGES

On March 2, 2004, the Workforce and Economic Development Subcommittee reported favorably HB 843. The subcommittee also recommended an amendment to HB 843 which authorized the application to the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development by a county with an existing enterprise zone to change the boundaries of zone by replacing an area of no more than 75 acres within the zones as of January 1, 2004, with an area of the same number of acres outside the current enterprise zone. The amendment requires that the replacement area of the zone must be contiguous to the existing zone and to a zoo and also must have been targeted by the county for revitalization assistance. This amendment only applies to Miami-Dade County. On March 8, 2004, the Commerce Committee reported favorably HB 843 as a CS and also adopted the amendment recommended by the Workforce and Economic Development Subcommittee.