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A bill to be entitled

An act relating to infant eye care; amending s. 383.04, F.S.; requiring certain eye examinations for all infants born in hospitals in the state; revising certain applicability provisions; reenacting s. 383.07, F.S., relating to a penalty; amending ss. 627.6416 and 641.31, F.S.; providing that coverage for children under health insurance policies and health maintenance organization contracts include certain eye examinations for infants and children; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Section 383.04, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

383.04 Prophylactic required for eyes of infants.--Every physician, midwife, or other person in attendance at the birth of a child in the state is required to instill or have instilled into the eyes of the baby within 1 hour after birth an effective prophylactic recommended by the Committee on Infectious Diseases of the American Academy of Pediatrics for the prevention of neonatal ophthalmia. In addition, every baby born in a hospital in the state shall receive, prior to being discharged from the hospital, an eye examination using an ophthalmoscope and dilation of the pupils for detection of pediatric congenital and ocular abnormalities and developmental abnormalities. The provisions relating to the examination using an ophthalmoscope are not subject to the provisions of s. 383.07. This section does not apply to cases where the parents file with the

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physician, midwife, or other person in attendance at the birth of a child written objections on account of religious beliefs contrary to the use of drugs. In such case the physician, midwife, or other person in attendance shall maintain a record that such measures were or were not employed and attach thereto any written objection.

Section 2. Section 383.07, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

383.07 Penalty for violation. -- Any person who fails to comply with the provisions of ss. 383.04-383.06 shall be guilty of a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.083.

Section 3. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 627.6416, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

627.6416 Coverage for child health supervision services .--

- (2) As used in this section, the term "child health supervision services" means physician-delivered or physician-supervised services that include, at a minimum, services delivered at the intervals and scope stated in this section.
- (a) Child health supervision services must include periodic visits which shall include a history, a physical examination, a developmental assessment and anticipatory guidance, and appropriate immunizations and laboratory tests, and eye examinations at birth, at 6 to 8 weeks of age, and at 6 to 9 months of age, using an ophthalmoscope and dilation of the pupils for detection of pediatric congenital and ocular abnormalities and developmental abnormalities. Such services and periodic visits shall be provided in accordance with prevailing medical standards consistent with the Recommendations for

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59 Preventive Pediatric Health Care of the American Academy of 60 Pediatrics.

- Section 4. Paragraph (b) of subsection (30) of section 641.31, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
  - 641.31 Health maintenance contracts.--

64 (30)

- (b) As used in this subsection, the term "child health supervision services" means physician-delivered or physician-supervised services that include, at a minimum, services delivered at the intervals and scope stated in this subsection.
- 1. Child health supervision services must include periodic visits which shall include a history, a physical examination, a developmental assessment and anticipatory guidance, and appropriate immunizations and laboratory tests, and eye examinations at birth, at 6 to 8 weeks of age, and at 6 to 9 months of age, using an ophthalmoscope and dilation of the pupils for detection of pediatric congenital and ocular abnormalities and developmental abnormalities. Such services and periodic visits shall be provided in accordance with prevailing medical standards consistent with the Recommendations for Preventive Pediatric Health Care of the American Academy of Pediatrics.
- 2. Minimum benefits may be limited to one visit payable to one provider for all of the services provided at each visit cited in this subsection.
  - Section 5. This act shall take effect July 1, 2004.