Bill No. HB 1005 CS

	Amendment No. (for drafter's use only)
	CHAMBER ACTION
	Senate House
1	Representative(s) Joyner offered the following:
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3	Amendment (with title amendment)
4	Between lines 593 and 594 insert:
5	Section 10. Section 925.11, Florida Statutes, is amended
6	to read:
7	925.11 Postsentencing DNA testing
8	(1) Petition for examination
9	(a) A person who <u>is under a sentence of imprisonment or</u>
10	<u>death</u> has been tried and found guilty of committing a crime and
11	has been sentenced by a court established by the laws of this
12	state may petition <u>the</u> that court to order the examination of
13	physical evidence collected at the time of the investigation of
14	the crime for which he or she has been sentenced that which may
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15 contain DNA (deoxyribonucleic acid) and which would exonerate 16 that person or mitigate the sentence that person received.

17 (b) Except as provided in subparagraph 2., a petition for 18 postsentencing DNA testing may be filed or considered:

1. Within 4 years following the date that the judgment and 19 20 sentence in the case becomes final if no direct appeal is taken, 21 within 4 years following the date that the conviction is affirmed on direct appeal if an appeal is taken, within 4 years 22 23 following the date that collateral counsel is appointed or 24 retained subsequent to the conviction being affirmed on direct 25 appeal in a capital case, or by October 1, 2005, whichever 26 occurs later; or

27 2. At any time if the facts on which the petition is 28 predicated were unknown to the petitioner or the petitioner's 29 attorney and could not have been ascertained by the exercise of 30 due diligence.

31

(2) Method for seeking postsentencing DNA testing .--

32 (a) The petition for postsentencing DNA testing must be
33 made under oath by the sentenced defendant and must include the
34 following:

1. A statement of the facts relied on in support of the petition, including a description of the physical evidence containing DNA to be tested and, if known, the present location or the last known location of the evidence and how it was originally obtained.÷

40 2. A statement that the evidence was not previously tested41 for DNA or a statement that the sentenced defendant is

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42 requesting DNA testing using a new method or technology that is 43 substantially more probative than the prior DNA testing. the 44 results of any previous DNA testing were inconclusive and that 45 subsequent scientific developments in DNA testing techniques 46 would likely produce a definitive result;

47 3. A statement that the sentenced defendant is innocent 48 and how the DNA testing requested by the petition will exonerate 49 the defendant of the crime for which the defendant was sentenced 50 or will mitigate the sentence received by the defendant for that 51 crime. $\dot{\tau}$

52 4. <u>If a trial was conducted</u>, a statement that
53 identification of the defendant <u>was</u> is a genuinely disputed
54 issue in the <u>trial</u>. case, and why it is an issue;

55

5. Any other facts relevant to the petition.; and

56 6. A certificate that a copy of the petition has been57 served on the prosecuting authority.

58 (b) Upon receiving the petition, the clerk of the court59 shall file it and deliver the court file to the assigned judge.

(c) The court shall review the petition and deny it if it is insufficient. If the petition is sufficient, the prosecuting authority shall be ordered to respond to the petition within 30 days. <u>The court shall direct the prosecuting authority to take</u> <u>measures and notify all relevant entities to preserve the</u> <u>specific evidence relating to a petition under subsection (1).</u>

66 67 (d) Upon receiving the response of the prosecuting authority, the court shall review the response and enter an

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order on the merits of the petition or set the petition forhearing.

(e) Counsel may be appointed to assist the sentenced defendant if the petition proceeds to a hearing and if the court determines that the assistance of counsel is necessary and makes the requisite finding of indigency.

74 (f) The court shall make the following findings when 75 ruling on the petition:

76 1. Whether the sentenced defendant has shown that the
77 physical evidence that may contain DNA still exists.÷

78 2. Whether the results of DNA testing of that physical 79 evidence would be admissible at trial and whether there exists 80 reliable proof to establish that the evidence has not been 81 materially altered and would be admissible at a future hearing.÷ 82 and

3. Whether there is a reasonable probability that the sentenced defendant would have been acquitted or would have received a lesser sentence if the DNA evidence had been admitted at trial.

(g) If the court orders DNA testing of the physical evidence, the cost of such testing may be assessed against the sentenced defendant unless he or she is indigent. If the sentenced defendant is indigent, the state shall bear the cost of the DNA testing ordered by the court.

92 (h) Any DNA testing ordered by the court shall be carried
93 out by the Department of Law Enforcement or its designee, as
94 provided in s. 943.3251.

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95 (i) The results of the DNA testing ordered by the court 96 shall be provided to the court, the sentenced defendant, and the 97 prosecuting authority. <u>The prosecuting authority shall enter any</u> 98 <u>DNA profile found into the National DNA Index System. If the DNA</u> 99 <u>test results exclude the petitioner, then the petitioner's DNA</u> 100 reference sample must be destroyed.

101

(3) Right to appeal; rehearing. --

(a) An appeal from the court's order on the petition for
postsentencing DNA testing may be taken by any adversely
affected party.

(b) An order denying relief shall include a statement that the sentenced defendant has the right to appeal within 30 days after the order denying relief is entered.

(c) The sentenced defendant may file a motion for rehearing of any order denying relief within 15 days after service of the order denying relief. The time for filing an appeal shall be tolled until an order on the motion for rehearing has been entered.

(d) The clerk of the court shall serve on all parties a copy of any order rendered with a certificate of service, including the date of service.

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(4) Preservation of evidence. --

(a) Governmental entities that may be in possession of any physical evidence in the case, including, but not limited to, any investigating law enforcement agency, the clerk of the court, the prosecuting authority, or the Department of Law Enforcement shall maintain any physical evidence collected at

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122 the time of the crime for which a postsentencing testing of DNA 123 may be requested.

(b) Except for a case in which the death penalty is imposed, the evidence shall be maintained for at least the period of time <u>a person is incarcerated for the crime in</u> <u>connection with which the evidence was collected</u> set forth in subparagraph (1)(b)1. In a case in which the death penalty is imposed, the evidence shall be maintained for 60 days after execution of the sentence.

131 (c) A governmental entity may dispose of the physical 132 evidence before the expiration of the period of time set forth 133 in paragraph (1)(b) if all of the conditions set forth below are 134 met:

135 <u>1. The evidence must be returned to its rightful owner or</u>
 136 <u>is of such a size, bulk, or physical character as to render</u>
 137 <u>retention impracticable</u>.

138 <u>2. The governmental entity takes reasonable measures to</u>
 139 remove and preserve portions of the material evidence sufficient
 140 to permit future DNA testing.

141 <u>3.1.</u> The governmental entity notifies all of the following 142 individuals of its intent to dispose of the evidence: the 143 sentenced defendant, any counsel of record, the prosecuting 144 authority, and the Attorney General.

145 <u>4.2.</u> The notifying entity does not receive, within <u>180</u> 90 146 days after sending the notification, either a copy of a petition 147 for postsentencing DNA testing filed pursuant to this section or 148 a request that the evidence not be destroyed because the

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Amendment No. (for drafter's use only) sentenced defendant will be filing the petition before the time 149 for filing it has expired. 150 5.3. No other provision of law or rule requires that the 151 152 physical evidence be preserved or retained. (5) DNA identification of missing persons.--Each 153 154 governmental entity in possession of any physical evidence in 155 the case of a missing person or unidentified human remains shall 156 be required to submit the DNA profiles obtained from the 157 evidence to the National Missing Persons DNA Database of the 158 Federal Bureau of Investigation. 159 (6) System for reporting petitions.--(a) The Attorney General shall establish a system for 160 reporting and tracking petitions filed in accordance with this 161 162 section. (b) In operating the system established under paragraph 163 (a), the state courts shall provide to the Attorney General any 164 requested assistance in operating such a system and in ensuring 165 166 the accuracy and completeness of information included in that 167 system. (c) Not later than 2 years after the date of enactment of 168 169 this act, the Attorney General shall submit a report to the 170 Legislature that lists each petition filed under this section 171 and the following information about each petition: 172 1. Whether DNA testing was ordered. 173 2. Whether the applicant obtained relief on the basis of 174 DNA test results.

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175	3. Whether further proceedings occurred following a
176	granting of relief and the outcome of such proceedings.
177	Section 11. Section 925.12, Florida Statutes, is created
178	to read:
179	925.12 Florida Commission on Innocence
180	(1) As used in this section, the term "exoneration"
181	includes any case in which:
182	(a) The courts of this state or the Board of Executive
183	Clemency have made a postconviction determination of actual
184	innocence;
185	(b) Postconviction DNA testing has led to a conviction
186	being vacated, an indictment being dismissed, or an acquittal
187	upon retrial;
188	(c) A conviction has been reversed and vacated, an
189	indictment dismissed, or a defendant was subsequently acquitted
190	based on new evidence of innocence or other constitutional
191	violation that calls into question the integrity of the judicial
192	process; or
193	(d) Any other postconviction vacation of conviction or
194	dismissal of indictment that the Florida Commission on Innocence
195	feels is appropriate to investigate.
196	(2)(a) The Florida Commission on Innocence is hereby
197	created.
198	(b) The commission shall be composed of 12 members. The
199	Chief Justice of the Supreme Court shall appoint one member, who
200	will be the commission's presiding officer. The presiding
201	officer shall appoint two members of the general public who do
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Amendment No. (for drafter's use only) not have any legal, law enforcement, criminal justice, or 202 forensic science background from a pool of applications 203 submitted by members of the general public. The presiding 204 205 officer shall also appoint two members of the academic community, one specializing in criminal justice and one 206 207 specializing in forensic science. One member shall be appointed 208 by the Florida Public Defenders Association. One member shall be 209 appointed by the Florida Prosecuting Attorneys Association. The 210 Criminal Courts Steering Committee shall appoint one member, who 211 shall have experience in the judiciary or be a certified court 212 mediator or arbitrator. One member shall be appointed by The Florida Bar. One member shall be appointed by the Governor. One 213 214 member shall be appointed by the chair of the Democratic Caucus 215 of the House of Representatives. One member shall be appointed 216 by the chair of the Republican Caucus of the House of 217 Representatives. (c) Each member shall serve a 2-year term. 218 219 (3)(a) The commission shall thoroughly investigate: 1. All postconviction exonerations, including convictions 220 vacated based on a plea to time served, to: 221 222 a. Ascertain what errors or defects, if any, occurred in the investigation, prosecution, defense, or judicial 223 224 administration of the case that led to the wrongful conviction. 225 b. Identify errors and defects in the criminal justice 226 process in the state generally. 227 c. Develop solutions to correct the identified errors and 228 defects.

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229	d. Identify procedures and programs to prevent future
230	wrongful convictions.
231	2. Any colorable allegations that an innocent person has
232	been executed.
233	(b) The commission shall determine meeting frequency,
234	place, and protocol, except that the commission shall not meet
235	less than once per quarter.
236	(c) The commission may enter contracts for research
237	services it considers necessary to complete the investigation of
238	a particular case, including forensic testing and autopsies.
239	(d) The commission may administer oaths and issue
240	subpoenas signed by the presiding officer to compel the
241	production of documents and attendance of witnesses considered
242	necessary to an investigation. A commission subpoena shall be
243	served as provided in s. 48.031. On application of the
244	commission, a circuit court shall compel compliance with a
245	subpoena in the same manner as for circuit court subpoenas.
246	(4)(a) The commission shall compile a detained annual
247	report of its findings and recommendations, including any
248	proposed legislation to implement procedures and programs to
249	prevent future wrongful convictions, and present the report to
250	the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, the chair of the
251	Democratic Caucus of the House of Representatives, and the chair
252	of the Republican Caucus of the House of Representatives.
253	(b) The report shall be available to the public upon
254	request.

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255	(c) The findings and recommendations contained in the
256	report may not be used as evidence in any subsequent civil or
257	criminal proceeding.
258	(d) Not later than the 60th day after the date of receipt
259	of the report required by this subsection, the Chief Justice of
260	the Supreme Court, the chair of the Democratic Caucus of the
261	House of Representatives, and the chair of the Republican Caucus
262	of the House of Representatives, singly or jointly, shall
263	respond to the commission in writing concerning the findings and
264	recommendations in the report.
265	(e) The report and the responses may be used by the
266	commission to request appropriate legislation or court rule as
267	required.
268	(5)(a) The commission shall receive an annual
269	appropriation to cover copying, mailing, and meeting expenses;
270	expert travel expenses and consulting fees; and contractor
271	services for administrative or research needs.
272	(b) Commission members shall donate their time, energy,
273	and expertise. Expenses for per diem and travel by commission
274	members may be reimbursed as provided in s. 112.061.
275	(6) The initial appointments to the commission shall be
276	made no later than 60 days after the effective date of this act.
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279	Remove line 24 and insert:
280	revising a threshold date to conform; amending s. 925.11,
281	F.S.; revising requirements for petitions for examination
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282 of evidence and postconviction DNA testing; requiring entry of DNA profile information into a national DNA index 283 system; revising requirements for retention of DNA 284 285 evidence; providing additional requirements for disposal of physical evidence; providing for DNA identification of 286 287 missing persons; requiring a system for reporting and 288 tracking specified motions; requiring a report; creating 289 s. 925.12, F.S.; creating the Florida Commission on 290 Innocence; defining the term "exoneration"; providing 291 membership; providing terms of office; providing powers 292 and duties; providing for a report and responses; 293 providing for an annual appropriation to cover expenses; 294 providing a deadline for initial appointments; reenacting 295 s.

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