By Senator Fasano

11-650A-05 See HB 351

A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to statutory ways of necessity; amending s. 704.01, F.S.; revising criteria for 3 establishing a statutory way of necessity 4 5 exclusive of common-law right; amending s. 6 704.04, F.S.; removing a limitation on the 7 existence of certain easements; providing for 8 reenactment of certain provisions under certain circumstances; providing for effectiveness; 9 providing an effective date. 10 11 12 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 13 Section 1. Subsection (2) of section 704.01, Florida 14 Statutes, is amended to read: 15 16 704.01 Common-law and statutory easements defined and 17 determined. --(2) STATUTORY WAY OF NECESSITY EXCLUSIVE OF COMMON-LAW 18 RIGHT.--Based on public policy, convenience, and necessity, a 19 statutory way of necessity exclusive of any common-law right 20 21 exists when any land or portion thereof is outside any 22 municipality which is being used or desired to be used for a 23 dwelling or dwellings or for agricultural or for timber raising or cutting or stockraising purposes shall be shut off 2.4 or hemmed in by lands, fencing, or other improvements of other 25 persons so that no practicable route of egress or ingress 26 27 shall be available therefrom to the nearest practicable public 2.8 road or private road in which the landlocked owner has vested 29 easement rights. The owner or tenant thereof, or anyone in their behalf, lawfully may use and maintain an easement for 30 persons, vehicles, stock, franchised cable television service,

2 wastewater, reclaimed water, natural gas, electricity, and telephone service, over, under, through, and upon the lands 3 which lie between the said shut-off or hemmed-in lands and 4 such public road or private road in which the landlocked owner 5 6 has vested easement rights by means of the nearest practical 7 route, considering the use to which said lands are being put; 8 and the use thereof, as aforesaid, shall not constitute a 9 trespass; nor shall the party thus using the same be liable in damages for the use thereof, + provided that such easement 10 shall be used only in an orderly and proper manner. 11 12 Section 2. Effective only if a court determines that 13 subsection (2) of section 704.01, Florida Statutes, as amended by section 1 of this act, is unconstitutional and such 14 determination is upheld on appeal, it is the intent of the 15 Legislature that the provisions of such subsection shall be 16 17 the same as those in existence prior to amendment by this act, 18 and to that end subsection (2) of section 704.01, Florida Statutes, as it existed prior to amendment by section 1 of 19 this act, is reenacted to read: 20 21 704.01 Common-law and statutory easements defined and 2.2 determined . --23 (2) STATUTORY WAY OF NECESSITY EXCLUSIVE OF COMMON-LAW RIGHT .-- Based on public policy, convenience, and necessity, a 2.4 statutory way of necessity exclusive of any common-law right 2.5

and any utility service, including, but not limited to, water,

persons so that no practicable route of egress or ingress

municipality which is being used or desired to be used for a

raising or cutting or stockraising purposes shall be shut off

or hemmed in by lands, fencing, or other improvements of other

<u>dwelling</u> or <u>dwellings</u> or <u>for agricultural</u> or <u>for timber</u>

exists when any land or portion thereof outside any

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shall be available therefrom to the nearest practicable public 2 or private road. The owner or tenant thereof, or anyone in their behalf, lawfully may use and maintain an easement for 3 persons, vehicles, stock, franchised cable television service, 4 and any utility service, including, but not limited to, water, 5 wastewater, reclaimed water, natural gas, electricity, and 7 telephone service, over, under, through, and upon the lands 8 which lie between the said shut-off or hemmed-in lands and such public or private road by means of the nearest practical 9 10 route, considering the use to which said lands are being put; and the use thereof, as aforesaid, shall not constitute a 11 12 trespass; nor shall the party thus using the same be liable in damages for the use thereof; provided that such easement shall 13 be used only in an orderly and proper manner. 14 Section 3. Section 704.04, Florida Statutes, is 15 16 amended to read: 17 704.04 Judicial remedy and compensation to servient 18 owner. -- When the owner or owners of such lands across which a statutory way of necessity under s. 704.01(2) is claimed, 19 exclusive of the common-law right, objects or refuses to 20 21 permit the use of such way under the conditions set forth 22 herein or until she or he receives compensation therefor, 23 either party or the board of county commissioners of such county may file suit in the circuit court of the county 2.4 wherein the land is located in order to determine if the claim 2.5 26 for said easement exists, and the amount of compensation to 27 which said party is entitled for use of such easement. When 2.8 Where said easement is awarded to the owner of the dominant 29 tenement, it shall be in compliance with s. 704.01(2) and shall exist so long as such easement is reasonably necessary 30

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shall determine all questions, including the type, duration, 2 extent, and location of the easement, the amount of compensation, and the attorney's fees and costs to be awarded 3 to either party for unreasonable refusal to comply with the 4 provisions of s. 704.01(2), provided that if either of said 5 parties so requests in her or his original pleadings, the amount of compensation may be determined by a jury trial. The 8 easement shall date from the time the award is paid. Section 4. Effective only if a court determines that 9 section 704.04, Florida Statutes, as amended by section 3 of 10 this act, is unconstitutional and such determination is upheld 11 12 on appeal, it is the intent of the Legislature that the 13 provisions of such section shall be the same as those in existence prior to amendment by this act, and to that end 14 section 704.04, Florida Statutes, as it existed prior to 15 16 amendment by this act, is reenacted to read: 17 704.04 Judicial remedy and compensation to servient 18 owner. -- When the owner or owners of such lands across which a statutory way of necessity under s. 704.01(2) is claimed, 19 exclusive of the common-law right, objects or refuses to 20 21 permit the use of such way under the conditions set forth 22 herein or until she or he receives compensation therefor, 23 either party or the board of county commissioners of such county may file suit in the circuit court of the county 2.4 wherein the land is located in order to determine if the claim 2.5 for said easement exists, and the amount of compensation to 26 27 which said party is entitled for use of such easement. Where 2.8 said easement is awarded to the owner of the dominant tenement, it shall be in compliance with s. 704.01(2) and 29

shall exist so long as such easement is reasonably necessary

shall determine all questions, including the type, duration, extent, and location of the easement, the amount of compensation, and the attorney's fees and costs to be awarded to either party for unreasonable refusal to comply with the provisions of s. 704.01(2) provided that if either of said parties so requests in her or his original pleadings, the amount of compensation may be determined by a jury trial. The easement shall date from the time the award is paid. Section 5. This act shall take effect July 1, 2005.