A bill to be entitled

An act relating to weapons and firearm

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An act relating to weapons and firearms; creating s. 790.222, F.S.; defining the terms "assault weapon" and "large-capacity detachable magazine"; prohibiting the manufacture, importation, possession, purchase, sale, or transfer of an assault weapon or large-capacity detachable magazine; providing certain specified exceptions; providing that a knowing violation of the act is a felony of the second degree; providing penalties; requiring the seizure and forfeiture of assault weapons and magazines held in violation of the act or used in committing a crime; requiring that seized weapons and magazines be destroyed within a certain time period; authorizing specified grace periods during which a person may lawfully transfer an assault weapon or magazine or take certain other actions; granting immunity from prosecution if a person notifies a law enforcement agency that the person will voluntarily surrender an assault weapon or magazine; requiring licensed firearms dealers to post a notice of the provisions of the act and the criminal penalties imposed for a violation of the act; amending s. 775.087, F.S.; increasing the minimum terms of imprisonment imposed for possessing, discharging, or seriously harming another with a semiautomatic firearm and its high-capacity detachable box magazine or with a machine gun; authorizing the court to impose an additional fine against a person whose felony conviction is reclassified under certain specified circumstances because of the person's possession

Page 1 of 13

of a semiautomatic firearm and its high-capacity detachable box magazine or a machine gun; amending s. 790.07, F.S.; providing that it is a second-degree felony to possess a firearm while committing or attempting to commit a felony; providing a first-degree felony penalty for second or subsequent violation; providing effective dates.

WHEREAS, the United States Congress passed, and the President of the United States signed into law, the Federal Assault Weapons Act on September 13, 1994, which prohibited the use and possession of assault weapons, and

WHEREAS, this ban expired on September 13, 2004, as Congress did not renew it, although President George W. Bush agreed to sign the law if passed, and

WHEREAS, as a result of the expiration of the ban, UZI's, AK-47's, and other semiautomatic weapons are now available for purchase and possession in this state, and

WHEREAS, a Miami-Dade police officer was shot with a semiautomatic assault weapon the day before the federal assault weapon ban expired, and

WHEREAS, according to the United States Bureau of Justice Statistics, in 2003, nine states regulated assault weapons, 38 states regulated machine guns, and 40 states regulated short-barreled shotguns, and

WHEREAS, according to the United States Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives, assault weapons are preferred by criminals rather than by law-abiding citizens eight to one,

Page 2 of 13

57 NOW, THEREFORE,

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Effective January 1, 2006, section 790.222, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

790.222 Assault weapons and magazines; restrictions on transfer and possession.--

- (1) DEFINITIONS.--As used in this section, the term:
- (a) "Assault weapon" has the same meaning as provided in chapter 44 (commencing with s. 921) of Title 18 of the United States Code Annotated.
- (b) "Large-capacity detachable magazine" or "magazine" means any ammunition-feeding device the function of which is to deliver one or more ammunition cartridges into the firing chamber, which can be removed from the firearm without the use of any tool and which has the capacity to hold more than 10 rounds of ammunition.
- (2) PROHIBITION. -- Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, effective January 1, 2006, a person may not manufacture, import, possess, purchase, sell, or transfer any assault weapon or large-capacity detachable magazine, except as specifically authorized in subsection (3) or subsection (6).
- (3) EXCEPTIONS TO THE PROHIBITION. -- Subsection (2) does not apply to:
- (a) A person who is employed by a federal, state, county, or municipal law enforcement agency or a correctional agency where the assault weapon or magazine is for use in the

Page 3 of 13

performance of the person's lawful duties;

- (b) A person who is a member of the armed forces of the United States, the organized reserves, or the Florida National Guard while on official military duty, in authorized training for official military duty, or subject to recall or mobilization and under order to possess an assault weapon or magazine;
- (c) A firearms manufacturer or dealer that is properly licensed under federal and state law to supply assault weapons or magazines to any branch of the armed services of the United States or to a law enforcement agency in this state; or
- (d) A licensed firearms dealer who sells a lawfully possessed assault weapon or magazine to a licensed firearms dealer in another state.
- (4) PENALTIES.--A person who knowingly violates subsection
  (2) commits a felony of the second degree, punishable as
  provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
  - (5) SEIZURE AND FORFEITURE OF ASSAULT WEAPONS. --
- (a) An officer who makes an arrest for a violation of subsection (2) or for any offense involving the use or attempted use of an assault weapon or magazine shall take possession of the assault weapon or magazine and retain it until after disposition of the charge for which the person was arrested.
- (b) If the person arrested is convicted or found guilty, regardless of adjudication, of a violation of subsection (2) or an offense involving the use or attempted use of an assault weapon or magazine, the seized assault weapon or magazine is forfeited to the state, with or without an order of forfeiture, and must be handled as provided in paragraph (e).

Page 4 of 13

(c) If the person arrested is acquitted of the charge of violating subsection (2) or an offense involving the use or attempted use of an assault weapon or magazine, the seized assault weapon or magazine:

- 1. Must be returned to the person upon order of the court if the person demonstrates lawful ownership or possession of the assault weapon or magazine in accordance with state and federal law.
- 2. Is forfeited to the state, with or without an order of forfeiture, and must be handled as provided in paragraph (e), if the person fails to demonstrate to the court lawful ownership or possession of the assault weapon or magazine in accordance with state and federal law within 10 days after acquittal or dismissal of the charges.
- (d) If an assault weapon or magazine is in or comes into the possession of a law enforcement agency through capture, confiscation, surrender, abandonment, or rejection, or is left and not reclaimed, the assault weapon or magazine is forfeited to the state on January 31, 2006, or within 30 days after it comes into the law enforcement agency's possession, whichever occurs later, with or without an order of forfeiture, and must be handled as provided in paragraph (e).
- (e) An assault weapon or magazine that is forfeited to the state must be destroyed within 60 days after the date it is forfeited to the state.
- (6) GRACE PERIODS.--The prohibition on the transfer and possession of an assault weapon or magazine as provided in this section takes effect January 1, 2006, except that:

Page 5 of 13

(a) Any person who had lawful possession of an assault weapon or magazine in this state before January 1, 2006, has until July 1, 2006, to:

- 1. Lawfully transfer the assault weapon or magazine to a person outside this state or to an agency that may lawfully possess an assault weapon or magazine;
- 2. Have the assault weapon or magazine modified to render it permanently inoperable; or
- 3. Take other action to ensure that continued possession of the assault weapon or magazine is not in violation of state or federal law.
- (b) Any person who comes into lawful possession of a lawfully held assault weapon or magazine on or after January 1, 2006, has 60 days after the date of obtaining possession of the assault weapon or magazine to:
- 1. Lawfully transfer the assault weapon or magazine to a person outside this state or to an agency that may lawfully possess an assault weapon or magazine;
- 2. Have the assault weapon or magazine modified to render it permanently inoperable; or
- 3. Take other action to ensure that continued possession of the assault weapon or magazine is not in violation of state or federal law.

As used in this paragraph, the term "lawful possession of a lawfully held assault weapon or magazine" includes an assault weapon or magazine that is obtained through an estate, a gift, a

168 bequeathal, or an inheritance.

Page 6 of 13

(7) IMMUNITY FROM PROSECUTION IF AN ASSAULT WEAPON IS VOLUNTARILY SURRENDERED.--

- (a) A person who voluntarily surrenders an unlawfully possessed assault weapon or magazine in accordance with this subsection to a local or state law enforcement agency after giving the agency written notice of the intention to surrender the weapon or magazine and the date and time of the intended surrender is immune from prosecution for unlawful possession of the weapon or magazine.
- (b) The notice must specify the type of assault weapon or magazine to be surrendered and the time, place, and date of the surrender. The date of surrender may not be more than 1 week after the date the notice is given.
- (c) The assault weapon or magazine must be transported and surrendered unloaded and secured in a manner so that it is not readily accessible for use.
- (d) Upon the request of the person surrendering an assault weapon or magazine, the law enforcement agency receiving the weapon or magazine shall issue a receipt for the weapon. In surrendering the weapon or magazine, the person releases any claim of ownership in or title to the weapon or magazine, agrees to the forfeiture of the weapon to the state, and agrees for the weapon or magazine to be destroyed as provided in paragraph (5)(e).
- (e) This subsection does not grant immunity from prosecution for any offense other than unlawful possession of an assault weapon or magazine surrendered in the required manner.

  If, after notice has been given but before the weapon or

Page 7 of 13

197 magazine is surrendered, the person uses or attempts to use the 198 weapon or magazine in committing a crime, the immunity from 199 prosecution for unlawful possession does not apply. 200 NOTICE TO BE POSTED. -- A licensed firearms dealer must 201 conspicuously post at each purchase counter a warning in block 202 letters of not less than 1 inch in height which provides adequate notice of the time periods and criminal penalties 203 204 contained in this section. 205 Section 2. Subsection (3) of section 775.087, Florida 206 Statutes, is amended to read: 207 775.087 Possession or use of weapon; aggravated battery; felony reclassification; minimum sentence. --208 209 Any person who is convicted of a felony or an 210 attempt to commit a felony, regardless of whether the use of a 211 firearm is an element of the felony, and the conviction was for: 212 a. Murder; 213 Sexual battery; b. 214 c. Robbery; 215 d. Burglary; 216 e. Arson; 217 f. Aggravated assault; 218 Aggravated battery; g. Kidnapping; 219 h. 220 i. Escape; Sale, manufacture, delivery, or intent to sell, 221 222 manufacture, or deliver any controlled substance; 223 Aircraft piracy;

Page 8 of 13

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

Aggravated child abuse;

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m. Aggravated abuse of an elderly person or disabled adult;

- n. Unlawful throwing, placing, or discharging of a destructive device or bomb;
- o. Carjacking;
  - p. Home-invasion robbery;
- g. Aggravated stalking; or
- 232 r. Trafficking in cannabis, trafficking in cocaine,
- 233 capital importation of cocaine, trafficking in illegal drugs,
- 234 capital importation of illegal drugs, trafficking in
- 235 phencyclidine, capital importation of phencyclidine, trafficking
- 236 in methagualone, capital importation of methagualone,
- 237 trafficking in amphetamine, capital importation of amphetamine,
- 238 trafficking in flunitrazepam, trafficking in gamma-
- 239 hydroxybutyric acid (GHB), trafficking in 1,4-Butanediol,
- 240 trafficking in Phenethylamines, or other violation of s.
- 241 893.135(1);

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- 243 and during the commission of the offense, the such person
- 244 possessed a semiautomatic firearm and its high-capacity
- 245 detachable box magazine or a machine gun as defined in s.
- 790.001, shall be sentenced to a minimum term of imprisonment of
- 247 20 <del>15</del> years.
- 248 2. Any person who is convicted of a felony or an attempt
- 249 to commit a felony listed in subparagraph (a)1., regardless of
- 250 whether the use of a weapon is an element of the felony, and
- 251 during the course of the commission of the felony the such
- 252 person discharged a semiautomatic firearm and its high-capacity

Page 9 of 13

box magazine or a "machine gun" as defined in s. 790.001 shall be sentenced to a minimum term of imprisonment of 25  $\frac{20}{20}$  years.

- 3. Any person who is convicted of a felony or an attempt to commit a felony listed in subparagraph (a)1., regardless of whether the use of a weapon is an element of the felony, and during the course of the commission of the felony the such person discharged a semiautomatic firearm and its high-capacity box magazine or a "machine gun" as defined in s. 790.001 and, as the result of the discharge, death or great bodily harm was inflicted upon any person, the convicted person shall be sentenced to a minimum term of imprisonment of not less than 30 25 years and not more than a term of imprisonment of life in prison.
- (b) Subparagraph (a)1., subparagraph (a)2., or subparagraph (a)3. does not prevent a court from imposing a longer sentence of incarceration as authorized by law in addition to the minimum mandatory sentence, or from imposing a sentence of death <u>under pursuant to</u> other applicable law. Subparagraph (a)1., subparagraph (a)2., or subparagraph (a)3. does not authorize a court to impose a lesser sentence than otherwise required by law.

Notwithstanding s. 948.01, adjudication of guilt or imposition of sentence may shall not be suspended, deferred, or withheld, and the defendant is not eligible for statutory gain-time under s. 944.275 or any form of discretionary early release, other than pardon or executive clemency, or conditional medical release under s. 947.149, prior to serving the minimum sentence.

Page 10 of 13

under pursuant to this section exceed the maximum sentences authorized by s. 775.082, s. 775.084, or the Criminal Punishment Code under chapter 921, then the mandatory minimum sentence must be imposed. If the mandatory minimum terms of imprisonment under pursuant to this section are less than the sentences that could be imposed as authorized by s. 775.082, s. 775.084, or the Criminal Punishment Code under chapter 921, then the sentence imposed by the court must include the mandatory minimum term of imprisonment as required in this section.

- (d) In addition to any other penalty provided by law, the court may require any person whose felony conviction is reclassified under subparagraph (a)1., subparagraph (a)2., or subparagraph (a)3. to pay a fine of up to \$25,000.
- (e)(d) It is the intent of the Legislature that offenders who possess, carry, display, use, threaten to use, or attempt to use a semiautomatic firearm and its high-capacity detachable box magazine or a machine gun as defined in s. 790.001 be punished to the fullest extent of the law, and the minimum terms of imprisonment imposed under pursuant to this subsection shall be imposed for each qualifying felony count for which the person is convicted. The court shall impose any term of imprisonment provided for in this subsection consecutively to any other term of imprisonment imposed for any other felony offense.
  - (f) (e) As used in this subsection, the term:
- 1. "High-capacity detachable box magazine" means any detachable box magazine, for use in a semiautomatic firearm, which is capable of being loaded with more than 20 centerfire

Page 11 of 13

309 cartridges.

- 2. "Semiautomatic firearm" means a firearm which is capable of firing a series of rounds by separate successive depressions of the trigger and which uses the energy of discharge to perform a portion of the operating cycle.
- 314 Section 3. Section 790.07, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 790.07 Persons engaged in criminal offense, having weapons.--
  - (1) Whoever, while committing or attempting to commit any felony or while under indictment, displays, uses, threatens, or attempts to use any weapon or electric weapon or device or carries a concealed weapon commits is guilty of a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
  - (2) Whoever, while committing or attempting to commit any felony, <u>possesses</u>, displays, uses, threatens, or attempts to use any firearm or carries a concealed firearm <u>commits</u> is guilty of a felony of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, and s. 775.084.
  - (3) The following crimes are excluded from application of this section: Antitrust violations, unfair trade practices, restraints of trade, nonsupport of dependents, bigamy, or other similar offenses.
  - (4) Whoever, having previously been convicted of a violation of subsection (1) or subsection (2) and, subsequent to such conviction, <u>possesses</u>, displays, uses, threatens, or attempts to use any weapon, firearm, or electric weapon or

Page 12 of 13

device, carries a concealed weapon, or carries a concealed firearm while committing or attempting to commit any felony or while under indictment commits is guilty of a felony of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. Sentence may shall not be suspended or deferred under the provisions of this subsection.

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Section 4. Except as otherwise provided herein, this act shall take effect July 1, 2005.