## (LATE FILED)

HOUSE AMENDMENT

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 1322

	Amendment No. (for drafter's use only)
	CHAMBER ACTION
	<u>Senate</u> <u>House</u>
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1	Representative(s) Richardson offered the following:
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3	Amendment to Amendment (147581)
4	Remove line(s) 341-669 and insert:
5	Section 8. Communications services offered by governmental
6	entities
7	(1) As used in this section, the term:
8	(a) "Advanced service" means high-speed-Internet-access-
9	service capability in excess of 200 kilobits per second in the
10	upstream or the downstream direction, including any service
11	application provided over the high-speed-access service or any
12	information service as defined in 47 U.S.C. s. 153(20).
13	(b) "Cable service" has the same meaning as in 47 U.S.C.
14	s. 522(6).
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Amendment No. (for drafter's use only) 15 (c) "Communications services" includes any "advanced service," "cable service," or "telecommunications service" and 16 17 shall be construed in the broadest sense. (d) "Enterprise fund" means a separate fund to account for 18 19 the operation of communications services by a local government, 20 established and maintained in accordance with generally accepted 21 accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental 22 Accounting Standards Board. 23 (e) "Governmental entity" means any political subdivision as defined in section 1.01, Florida Statutes, including any 24 25 county, municipality, special district, school district, utility 26 authority or other authority or any instrumentality, agency, 27 unit or department thereof. The term does not include an independent special district created before 1970 which has been 28 granted express legislative authority to provide a 29 30 communications service and which does not sell a communications 31 service outside its district boundaries. (f) "Provide," "providing," "provision," or "provisioning" 32 means offering or supplying a communications service for a fee 33 or other consideration to a person, including any portion of the 34 public or private provider, but does not include service by an 35 36 entity to itself or to any other governmental entity. 37 (g) "Subscriber" means a person who receives a 38 communications service. 39 (h) "Telecommunications services" means the transmission of signs, signals, writing, images, sounds, messages, data, or 40 other information of the user's choosing, by wire, radio, light 41 857685

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waves, or other electromagnetic means, without change in the 42 form or content of the information as sent and received by the 43 user and regardless of the facilities used. 44 45 (2)(a) A governmental entity that proposes to provide a communications service shall hold no less than two public 46 47 hearings, which shall be held not less than 30 days apart. At 48 least 30 days before the first of the two public hearings, the 49 governmental entity must give notice of the hearing in the 50 predominant newspaper of general circulation in the area considered for service. At least 40 days before the first public 51 52 hearing, the governmental entity must electronically provide notice to the Department of Revenue and the Public Service 53 Commission, which shall post the notice on the department's and 54 55 the commission's website to be available to the public. The Department of Revenue shall also send the notice by United 56 57 States Postal Service to the known addresses for all dealers of communications services registered with the department under 58 chapter 202, Florida Statutes, or provide an electronic 59 notification, if the means are available, within 10 days after 60 receiving the notice. The notice must include the time and place 61 62 of the hearings and must state that the purpose of the hearings 63 is to consider whether the governmental entity will provide 64 communications services. The notice must include, at a minimum, 65 the geographic areas proposed to be served by the governmental 66 entity and the services, if any, which the governmental entity 67 believes are not currently being adequately provided. The notice

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Amendment No. (for drafter's use only) 68 must also state that any dealer who wishes to do so may appear 69 and be heard at the public hearings. (b) At a public hearing required by this subsection, a 70 71 governmental entity must, at a minimum, consider: 1. Whether the service that is proposed to be provided is 72 73 currently being offered in the community and, if so, whether the 74 service is generally available throughout the community. 75 2. Whether a similar service is currently being offered in 76 the community and, if so, whether the service is generally available throughout the community. 77 78 3. If the same or similar service is not currently offered, whether any other service provider proposes to offer 79 the same or a similar service and, if so, what assurances that 80 service provider is willing or able to offer regarding the same 81 82 or similar service. 83 4. The capital investment required by the government entity to provide the communications service, the estimated 84 85 realistic cost of operation and maintenance and, using a full cost-accounting method, the estimated realistic revenues and 86 87 expenses of providing the service and the proposed method of 88 financing. 5. The private and public costs and benefits of providing 89 90 the service by a private entity or a governmental entity, 91 including the affect on existing and future jobs, actual 92 economic development prospects, tax-base growth, education, and 93 public health.

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94	(c) At one or more of the public hearings under this
95	subsection, the governmental entity must make available to the
96	public a written business plan for the proposed communications
97	service venture containing, at a minimum:
98	1. The projected number of subscribers to be served by the
99	venture.
100	2. The geographic area to be served by the venture.
101	3. The types of communications services to be provided.
102	4. A plan to ensure that revenues exceed operating
103	expenses and payment of principal and interest on debt within $4$
104	years.
105	5. Estimated capital and operational costs and revenues
106	for the first 4 years.
107	6. Projected network modernization and technological
108	upgrade plans, including estimated costs.
109	(d) After making specific findings regarding the factors
110	in paragraphs (b) and (c), the governmental entity may authorize
111	providing a communications service by a majority recorded vote
112	and by resolution, ordinance, or other formal means of adoption.
113	(e) The governing body of a governmental entity may issue
114	one or more bonds to finance the capital costs for facilities to
115	provide a communications service. However:
116	1. A governmental entity may only pledge revenues in
117	support of the issuance of any bond to finance providing a
118	communications service:
119	a. Within the county in which the governmental entity is
120	located;
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Amendment No. (for drafter's use only) cost of the service. Total long-run incremental cost means 147 service-specific volume and nonvolume-sensitive costs. 148 (q) A governmental entity providing a communications 149 150 service must comply with the requirements of section 218.32, Florida Statutes, and shall keep separate and accurate books and 151 152 records, maintained in accordance with generally accepted 153 accounting principles, of a governmental entity's communication 154 service, and they shall be made available for any audits of the 155 books and records conducted under applicable law. To facilitate 156 equitable distribution of indirect costs, a local government 157 shall develop and follow a cost-allocation plan, which is a procedure for allocating direct and indirect costs and which is 158 159 generally developed in accordance with OMB Circular A-87, Cost 160 Principles for State, Local, and Indian Tribal Government, published by the United States Office of Management and Budget. 161 162 (h) The governmental entity shall establish an enterprise 163 fund to account for its operation of communications services. 164 (i) The governmental entity shall adopt separate operating 165 and capital budgets for its communications services. (j) A governmental entity may not use its powers of 166 167 eminent domain under chapter 73, Florida Statutes, solely or 168 primarily for the purpose of providing a communications service. 169 (k) The governmental entity shall conduct an annual review 170 at a formal public meeting to consider the progress the 171 governmental entity is making toward reaching its business plan 172 goals and objectives for providing communication services. At the public meeting the governmental entity shall review the 173

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Amendment No. (for drafter's use only) related revenues, operating expenses, and payment of interest on 174 175 debt. (1) If, after 4 years after the initiation of 176 177 communications services, revenues do not exceed operating expenses and payment of principal and interest on the debt, a 178 governmental entity shall hold a public hearing at which the 179 180 governmental entity must consider the disposition of the system, 181 a plan to limit or cease operations, a partnership with a 182 private entity, or any other means appropriate to ensure that 183 the goals of the business plan required under paragraph (c) are 184 met, including ways of reducing operating expenses or increasing 185 revenues. (3)(a) A governmental entity that provides a cable service 186 187 shall comply with the Cable Communications Policy Act of 1984, 47 U.S.C. 521, et seq., the regulations issued by the Federal 188 Communications Commission under the Cable Communications Policy 189 190 Act of 1984, 47 U.S.C. 521, et seq., and all applicable state and federal rules and regulations, including, but not limited 191 to, section 166.046, Florida Statutes, and those provisions of 192 chapters 202, 212, and 337, Florida Statutes, which apply to a 193 194 provider of the services. (b) A governmental entity that provides a 195 196 telecommunications service or advanced service must comply, if 197 applicable, with chapter 364, Florida Statutes, and rules 198 adopted by the Public Service Commission; chapter 166, Florida 199 Statutes; and all applicable state and federal rules and regulations, including, but not limited to, those provisions of 200

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201	chapters 202, 212, and 337, Florida Statutes, which apply to a
202	provider of the services.
203	(c) A governmental entity may not exercise its power or
204	authority in any area, including zoning or land use regulation,
205	to require any person, including residents of a particular
206	development, to use or subscribe to any communication service of
207	a governmental entity.
208	(d) A governmental entity shall apply its ordinances,
209	rules, and policies, and exercise any authority under state or
210	federal laws, including, but not limited to, those relating to
211	the following subjects and without discrimination as to itself
212	when providing a communications service or to any private
213	provider of communications services:
214	1. Access to public rights-of-way; and
215	2. Permitting, access to, use of, and payment for use of
216	governmental entity-owned poles. The governmental entity is
217	subject to the same terms, conditions, and fees, if any, for
218	access to government-owned poles which the governmental entity
219	applies to a private provider for access.
220	(4)(a) If a governmental entity was providing, as of April
221	1, 2005, advanced services, cable services, or
222	telecommunications services, then it is not required to comply
223	with paragraph (2)(a), paragraph (2)(b), paragraph (2)(c),
224	<pre>paragraph (2)(d), sub-subparagraph (2)(e)1.c., paragraph (2)(f),</pre>
225	paragraph (2)(k), or paragraph (2)(l), in order to continue to
226	provide advanced services, cable services, or telecommunications

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- 2.2.7 services, respectively, but it must comply with and be subject 228 to all other provisions of this section.
- 229 (b) If a governmental entity, as of April 1, 2005, had 230 issued debt pledging revenues from an advanced service, cable service, or telecommunications service, then it is not required 231 232 to comply with paragraph (2)(a), paragraph (2)(b), paragraph 233 (2)(c), paragraph (2)(d), sub-subparagraph (2)(e)1.c., paragraph 234 (2)(f), paragraph (2)(k), or paragraph (2)(l), in order to 235 provide advanced services, cable services, or telecommunications services, respectively, but it must comply with and be subject 236 237 to all other provisions of this section.

(c) If a governmental entity, as of April 1, 2005, has 238 239 purchased equipment specifically for the provisioning of 240 advanced service, cable service, or telecommunication service, and, as of May 6, 2005, has authorized the providing of an 241 242 advanced service, cable service, or telecommunication service, 243 then it is not required to comply with paragraph (2)(a), 244 paragraph (2)(b), paragraph (2)(c), paragraph (2)(d), sub-245 subparagraph (2)(e)1.c., paragraph (2)(f), paragraph (2)(k), or 246 paragraph (2)(1) in order to provide advanced service, cable 247 service, or telecommunication service, respectively, but it must 248 comply with and be subject to all other provisions of this 249 section.

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### 251 This subsection does not relieve a governmental entity from 252 complying with subsection (5).

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Amendment No. (for drafter's use only) 253 (5) Notwithstanding section 542.235, Florida Statutes, or 254 any other law, a governmental entity that provides a 255 communications service is subject to the same prohibitions 256 applicable to private providers under sections 542.18 and 542.19, Florida Statutes, as it relates to providing a 257 communications service. In addition, the exemption from 258 259 complying with paragraph (2)(f), does not confer state action 260 immunity, or any other antitrust immunity or exemption, on any 261 governmental entity providing communications services. 262 (6) To ensure the safe and secure transportation of 263 passengers and freight through an airport facility, as defined in section 159.27(17), Florida Statutes, an airport authority or 264 265 other governmental entity that provides or is proposing to 266 provide communications services only within the boundaries of its airport layout plan, as defined in section 333.01(6), 267 268 Florida Statutes, to subscribers which are integral and 269 essential to the safe and secure transportation of passengers and freight through the airport facility, is exempt from this 270 271 section. An airport authority or other governmental entity that 272 provides or is proposing to provide shared-tenant service under 273 section 364.339, Florida Statutes, but not dial tone enabling 274 subscribers to complete calls outside the airport layout plan, 275 to one or more subscribers within its airport layout plan which 276 are not integral and essential to the safe and secure 277 transportation of passengers and freight through the airport 278 facility is exempt from this section. An airport authority or 279 other governmental entity that provides or is proposing to

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Amendment No. (for drafter's use only) provide communications services to one or more subscribers 280 281 within its airport layout plan which are not integral and 282 essential to the safe and secure transportation of passengers 283 and freight through the airport facility, or to one or more subscribers outside its airport layout plan, is not exempt from 284 285 this section. By way of example and not limitation, the 286 integral, essential subscribers may include airlines and 287 emergency service entities, and the nonintegral, nonessential 288 subscribers may include retail shops, restaurants, hotels, or 289 rental car companies. 290 (7) This section does not alter or affect any provision in the charter, code, or other governing authority of a 291 292 governmental entity.

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